NEW TESTAMENT

DANIEL MACE

Wipf and Stock Publishers

Bible Versions Reproduction Series: Volume #20

THE NEW TESTAMENT In Greek and English and a

NEW VERSION

Daniel Mace

1729 ORIGINAL PUBLISHER, J. ROBERTS, London

1076 pages

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Bible Versions Reproduction Series

The purpose of the **Bible Versions Reproduction Series** is to make rare and out-of-print versions of the Bible readily and inexpensively available to scholars, Bible students, and Bible collectors. These reproductions are being offered especially to members of the International Society of Bible Collectors.

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It would be rare to imagine a more enthusiastic member of the ISBC than my long-time friend Jim Baden. Since joining the Society, he has amassed an extraordinary collection. Visiting his library could be a temptation to violate the tenth commandment were it not for his great generosity and eagerness to share what he has brought together.

It is essential, of course, that the reproduction process pose no threat to the integrity of the volumes being copied—no matter how fragile the precious originals may be. Such a method is now available, and Jim is demonstrating his confidence in the process by being the first to make some of his own prized volumes available.

Among the first publications in this Series is a reproduction of Isaac Leeser's 1904 *The Twenty-four Books of the Holy Scriptures*. Society members will especially enjoy knowing that the particular volume by Leeser was once the personal copy of Arnold Ehlert, the founder and first president of the ISBC. "A gift to A. D. Ehlert from Dr. H. A. Ironside, summer 1947" is handwritten on the flyleaf.

Jim Baden shares the reverence for Scripture that has moved the leaders of our Society to give so freely of their time and energy for the past thirty-five years. He has profound respect and gratitude for the heroes and heroines of Bible translation—from Wycliffe and Tyndale down to the present time—who worked so hard, even sometimes at the risk of life—to make the Bible so readily available to the world today. Like other members of the ISBC, Jim regards the Bible as more than just a great book to be collected. To use his own words, he speaks of the Scriptures as "God's method of communicating with his intelligent creatures . . . to be most carefully read and contemplated to discover its meaning and value for life in the present and future."

What is more helpful in discovering the meaning of Scripture than to have readily at hand a good collection of different versions? Some have even suggested they would rather have a variety of versions than commentaries! As the translators of the 1611 King James Version quote Saint Augustine in their memorable preface, "'Variety of Translations is profitable for the finding out of the sense of the Scriptures.' "'Therefore blessed be they," the preface continues, "and most honoured be their name, that break the ice, and giveth onset upon that which helpeth forward to the saving of souls. Now what can be more available thereto, than to deliver God's book unto God's people in a tongue which they understand?" And speaking of those who have labored to prepare translations other than the King James, the 1611 scholars urge "that we acknowledge them to have been raised up of God, for the building and furnishing of his Church, and that they deserve to be had of us and of posterity in everlasting remembrance."

It is in this spirit and for this purpose that the Bible Versions Reproduction Series has been inaugurated.

William E. Paul, Editor, *Bible Versions and Editions*; Don Heese, Journal Production Manager; Sid Ohlhausen, Membership Secretary; Mark Mage, Editorial Assistant; Jim Baden and this writer have each supplied several hard-to-find versions for this reproduction.*

It is hoped that purchasers of volumes from this series will loan for copying other versions and editions that will become part of this reproduction Series. Those so doing will be rewarded with a free copy of a version of their choice from the Series.

Those interested are urged to contact the Publisher or Sidney Ohlhausen, Membership Secretary of the International Society of Bible Collectors, at: Box 20695, Houston, TX. 77225.

Graham Maxwell (Charter Member #12)

Bill Chamberlain

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Biographical Sketch of Daniel Mace

Daniel Mace, a British Presbyterian minister, published anonymously The New Testament in Greek and English, Containing the Original Text... and a New Version..., in London (1729). Little is known about Mace due to his name being confused with a William Mace, a lecturer on Civil Law at the time. The error is all the more remarkable because of it being perpetuated by such prestigious standard sources as the British Museum Catalogue, Henry Cotton's Editions of the Bible, and The Cambridge History of the Bible; The West from the Reformation to the Present Day, edited by S. L. Greenslade (Cambridge Press, 1963, page 189).

The Greek and English texts in the two-volume set are printed in parallel columns. The Greek portion of Mace's work, among the first to be based on a critical Greek text using then current manuscripts, is usually considered to be quite acceptable, but his English translation is often characterized as quaint and colloquial in nature. Dean Luther Weigle comments on the English portion of Mace's work as follows, "his corrections of the Greek Text were in the direction of sound scholarship; but his English version was too obvious an attempt to copy the 'humor of the age' — the pert colloquial style which was then fashionable."

Examples of Mace's unusual English renderings are Matt. 6:16, "When ye fast, don't put on a dismal air as the Hypocrites do," and Matt. 12:34, "'tis the overflowing of the heart that the mouth dischargeth."

Daniel Mace passed away in 1753.

William E. Paul, Editor
 Bible Editions & Versions



THE

NEW TESTAMENT

In GREEK and ENGLISH.

Containing the

ORIGINAL TEXT

Corrected from the AUTHORITY of the most Authentic Manuscripts:

ANDA

NEW VERSION

Form'd agreeably to the ILLUSTRATIONS of the most Learned Commentators and Critics:

WITH

NOTES and VARIOUS READINGS,

AND

A COPIOUS ALPHABETICAL INDEX

IN TWO VOLUMES.

If the Light that is in Thee be Darkness, how GREAT is that DARKNESS! Matthew,

LONDON:

Printed for J. ROBERTS, near the Oxford-Arms in Warwick-Lane, M.DCC.XXIX.



To the Right Honourable

PETER Lord KING,

Baron of Ockham,

Lord High-Chancellor of Great-Britain.

My LORD,

Lordship for protection: he humbly appeals to your judgment. the Original needs no Patronage, and the Version claims no other than what can be derived from the Original. if they are weigh'd in the Ballance, the English will be found transcendently light: but should the great Author of the Critic on the Apostles Creed condescend to throw some part of his Erudition into the margin, how swift would it tend to an Equilibrium! that exquisite penetration in unravelling the most perplex'd difficulties, that extensive knowledge, and beautiful simplicity of Language, which the World have always admir'd in the noble

writer, would foon fet the facred books in a true English light, and do that Justice to the inspired Oracles, which others, whose Province it is, have studiously declin'd. whatever their motives may be, since nothing can so effectually contribute to the improvement and felicity of mankind, as a clear view of Christianity stript of the disguise in which it has been involved by the Arts of some. and the ignorance of others, the Editor has submitted to the drudgery of this Essay, and humbly hopes his temerity may find fome indulgence from the usefulness of the delign. to enlighten the understanding of men, is to improve their virtue: the Gospel-dispensation is stil'd Light and Life, as if Religion was nothing else but a distinct view of our own happiness: and no less than prefent and eternal felicity is the Legacy of the New Testament. how derogatory then to the dignity of the Testator is their prefumption, who arrogantly claim such advantages, without ever attempting to prove the Will, and which is more deplorable, without any follicitude even to understand it? can infinite wildom propose an infinite reward to indolence and floth? if a Heaven may be purchased at so cheap a rate, it must be the Paradile for Fools. what numbers of fuch luke-warm Enquirers are in your Lordship's eye, who pretend to believe they know not what, yet burn with enthusiastic zeal they know not why? who can scarce assign any other reason for their belief athan that their God-mothers promifed they should believe! so little difference is there between the faith of Constantinople and that of Rome. Christianity can gain but little credit from such implicit Votaries. a blind relignation of their understanding, if fuch may be faid to have understanding, far from being of the nature of Religion, is an explicit abjuration of common sense and reason, which is, or ought to be, the basis of all Religion. .. yet, however melancholy it may appear, it is but too visible, that the greatest part even of Europe are involved in such a state, by what arts the scene of darkness was introduc'd, is not altogether a mystery: after an attempt of several ages to put out the

DEDICATION

the eyes of mankind, it was judged more practicable and equally effectual to blow out the candle, in order to make them obsequiously dance after an ignis fatuus in a traditionary dark lantborn. a spiritual tyranny was foon erected. Kings were no longer reverenc'd as Fathers, but treated like babes; Royalty was transform'd to flavery; free-born people became beafts of burthen; arts and sciences were abolish'd; jargon supply'd the place of reasoning; fancy was faith; dotage, Religion; and bigotry, the four cardinal virtues, a deplorable state, under which this part of the world had still groaned, if the Northern Star had not broke the charm, and dispell'd the Egyptian gloom. no sooner were the sacred records expos'd to popular view, than Religion began to recover formething of her antient luftre; public liberty revived, and science rais'd her head, the happiness of the Nation was then, as it always will be, commenfurate to the understanding of the Nation. by informing the mind the Reformation took place: truth whenever it appears, and it is not truth till it appears, is ever invincible. free inquiry, and dispassionate debate bring it to light; but whenever the fame methods are used to propagate the best Religion, which its enemys have employ'd in favour of the worst, no wonder if it be reduc'd to a stand, or rather lose ground. what an Idea must it raise in the mind of the incredulous, to hear a champion proclaim his challenge from the rollrum. and then find him skulking behind my Lord Chief Juflice for protection! what can he think of fuch a Christian Hero! a conduct so ignominious can only confirm his prejudice, and make him conclude, that what will not bear an enquiry, is not worth any enquiry. the general growth of Infidelity so loudly and so justly com-plain'd of, is not so much to be ascrib'd to the strength or skill, or wit of those who attack, as to the indiscretion and foible of those who are advocates for the faith. to dress up a man in straw, and steal from the blunders of poets, or the mifrepresentation of impostors, imaginary trophys to adorn a mock triumph, will be deem'd

deem'd a preposterous method to gain proselytes. when it is pronounced from high places, " That Truth may " subvert the essence of moral good, or that vice is of not founded upon falsehood; -That they who forged of writings under the name of Christ and his Apostles were no bad men 1-That rational creatures may be " better govern'd by illusion than by reason :- That it is possible for men to disbelieve what actually apes pears to them credible, and may, if they will, beieve propositions that have no meaning;—That it se is agreeable to the character of infinite wisdom not to make things too plain; -That the mind perceives every thing but that occult substratum, itself; -That the mind is a real agent, and perceives it does a 46 thousand things without perceiving any one thing that it does. and -That all these indigested para-"doxes are too true to be made a jeft on." when any System, my Lord, is made to lean on such buttresses. it must inevitably fink. the subject indeed is too serious to be the occasion of mirth: it is a mark of intemperate levity to be so indolent a spectator of mankind, as not to feel any compunction in contemplating the pride of their heart, and the poverty of their understanding. but the appeal is made to your Lordfhip to pronounce, whether any historical evidence of a distant marvellous fact, can be brought into competition with that evidence which demonstrates these maxims to be false? though these Gentlemen are not to be charg'd with any consequences they do not forefee, however justly they flow from the premisses, it behoves them to consider, that the modern doctrine of active power without intelligence, is no other than the old philosophy of Strate Lampfacenus, under a thin difguise. "the Phanomena, that is, our perceptions, cannot be produc'd by passive matter;" nor is it possible they should be produced by a mind so passive as not to perceive how they are produced. this is a difficulty which our learned Apologists have overlook'd, and which they never could have overcome, without retreating to

what, it feems, had intirely escaped their notice, the doctrine of a Trinity; not a Trinity of incomprehenfible names, not deriv'd from the mythology of the Greeks, the Cabala of the Jews, or the philosophy of Zoroastres; but a Trinity of intelligible principles. which flows immediately from the contemplation of human nature, is ingrafted into it, or rather makes up the whole of it. there is no need of bright Oriental parts, or Rabbinical penetration to discern it: the voice of Reason. and the voice of Scripture expressly declare, "that man is compounded of Spirit, Soul, and Body." a doctrine, which far from being a barren speculation, is infinitely comprehensive, and useful: without it, the phanomena are inexplicable: it is the direct proof of the existence of the supreme Being: it illustrates our dependance upon him: and is so absolutely necessary, that without its aid, it will be very difficult to demolish the pernicious fiftem of Scholastic Free-thinkers, Materialism; which, if it should prevail, would effectually fulvert the effences, as they are call a, of moral good and evil: overthrow the diffinction of truth and falsehood: fubstitute Popish absurdity for British sense: and foon exchange our freedom for flavery, by conveying a missionary cloud from Rome to obscure the Throne, instead of that Constellation, which now fills it with Glory.

I am,

May it please your Lordsbip,

Your Lordship's most obedient,

and most devoted bumble Servant,

The EDITOR.

Premonition to the Reader.

OD has given us sufficient capacity to know him, and to learn our duty, and to judge when a Revelation comes from him; which is all the knowledge that is needful to us in our present state. Certainly, such a Revelation demands the regard and attention of a rational Creature, so far as soberly to consider it, and to enquire earefully into the grounds of it, as a matter in which he is nearly concern'd. Christianity requires no farther favour, than a fair and impartial Enquiry into the grounds and dostrines of it; and for Men who live in a Country where it is publickly profess'd, and where they have all the proper and necessary means of Information, not to attend to it at all, or to confider it with such Indifference, as if they thought them felves unconcerned in it, is the bigbest degree of Stupidity and Folly. Let me therefore beseech you, to think of Religion as a matter of great Importance in itself, and of infinite Concern to every one of you; and not to suffer yourselves, either to be diverted by the Business or Pleasures of the World, from regarding it, or deluded by wicked Men into an Opinion that it deserves not your regard. Bishop of London's Pastoral-Letter.

TO KATA

THE

MATOAION

HOLY GOSPEL

AFION ETAFFEAION.

According to MATTHEW.

ΙΒΛΟΣ ΓΕνεσεως Ιησου Χριστου ύιου Δαβιδ. υιου Αβρααμ. Αβρααμεγεννήσε τον Ισαακ, Ισαακ δε εΓεννήσε τον Ιακώβ, Ιακώβ δε εγεννήσε του Ιουδάν και 3 Τους αδελφους αυτου. Ιουδας δε εγεννήσε τον Φαρές και τον Ζαρα εκ της Θαμαρ, Φαρες οε εγεννήσε τον Εσρώμ, Εσ-4 FULL DE EFEVYNOE TOV AFALL Aραμ δε εγεννήσε τον Αμινάδαβ, Αμιναδαβ δε εΓεννησε τον Ναασσων, Ναασσων δε ς εΓΕΥΥΝΌΕ ΤΟΥ Σαλμών· Σαλμων δε εγεννησε τον Βοοζ εκ της Ραχαβ, Βοοζ δε ετεννησε τον Ωβηδεκ της Ρουθ, Ωβηδ 6 de esenunce tou legal. Legσαι δε εγεννήσε τον Δαβιδ τον βασιλεα, Δαβιδ δε δ βασιλευς εγεννήσε του Σολομώντα εκ της του Ουριουη Σολομων δε εγεννήσε τον Ρο-Ροβοαμ δε εγεννησε Boau. τον Αβια. Αβια δε εγεννησε 8 τον Ασα. Ασα δε εγεννήσε τον Ιωσαφατ, Ιωσαφατ δε εγεννήσε τον Ιωραμ, Ιωραμ 9 de efevence Tor Oliav. Olias δε

HE History of the life 1 of Jesus Christ, the son of David, the son of Abraham. Abraham was 2 the father of Isaac, Isaac the father of Jacob, Jacob the father of Judas and bis And Judas the 3 bretbren. father of Phares and Zara by Thamar, and Phares the father of Efrom, Efrom the father of Aram. Aram the 4 father of Aminadah, Aminadab the father of Naasson, Naasson the father of Salmon. Salmon the father of Booz by & Rachab, and Booz the father of Obed by Ruth, and Obed the father of Fesse. And 6 Jesse the father of David the king, and David had Solomon by her that had been the wife of Urias. Solo-7 mon was the father of Roboam, Roboam the father of Abia, Abia the father of Asa. Asa the father of 8 Josaphat, Josaphat the father of Joram, Joram the father of Ozias. Ozias the a B father

δε εγεννήσε τον Ιωαθαμ, Ιωαθαμ δε εγεννησε τον Αχαζ. Axal de efennos Tor Ele-10 KLAV. EČEKLAG DE EFEVVNOE τον Μανασση, Μανασσης δε εγεννήσε τον Αμών, Αμών I I DE ETENNIOS TON IWOLAN. IWσιας δε εγεννήσε τον Ιεχονίαν και τους αδελφους αυτου, επι της μετοικεσιας Βαβυλωνος. 12 META DE THY HETOIKE OLAN BA-Βυλωνος Ιεχονιας ετεννήσε τον Σαλαθιπλ. Σαλαθιπλ δε εΓΕν-13 νησε τον Ζοροβαβελ. Ζοροβαβελ δε εγεννήσε τον Αβιουδ. Αβιουδ δε εγεννησε τον Exiakeiu, Exiakeiu de efev-14 VNOE TOV ALWP DE εΓεννήσε τον Σαδώκ, Σαδώκ δε εγεννησε τον Αχείμ, Αχείμ 15 DE ELENANDE LON EXTONG. EXTουδ δε εγεννήσε τον Ελέα-Lao, Exectap de erevenos Tov Ματθαν, Ματθαν δε εγεννη-16 DE TOY TAKUB. TAKUB DE E-Γεννήσε Τον Ιωσήφ Τον ανδρα Maclas, et ne erevenon IH-ΣΟΥΣ ο λεγομένος Χριστος. 17 πασαι ουν αι Γενεαι απο Αβρααμ έως Δαβιδ, Γενεαι δεκατεσσαρες; και απο Δαβιδέως της μετοικεσιας Βαβυλωνος, γενεαι δεκατεσσα-PEG; KAI ATO THE METOIKE σιας Βαβυλωνος έως Του Χριστου, Γενεαι δεκατεσσαρες.

18 Του δε Χριστου η Γεννησις ουτως ην: μνηστευθεισης Γαρ της μητρος αυτου Μαριας

father of Joatham, Joatham the father of Achaz, A-chaz the father of Ezekias. Ezekias the father of 10 Manasses, Manasses the father of Amon, Amon the father of Josias. Josias the ve father of Jechonias and his brethren, about the time when the Jews were carried away to Babylon. and of- 12 ter their transmigration to Babylon, Jechonias was father of Salatbiel, Salatbiel father of Zorobabel. Zoro-13 babel father of Abiud, Abind father of Eliakim, Eliakim father of Azor. And 14 Azor father of Sadoc, Sadoc father of Achim, Achim father of Eliud. Eliud fa-15 ther of Eleazar, Eleazar father of Matthan, Matthan father of Jacob. Ja-16 cob father of Joseph the bushand of Mary of whom was born Jefus, who is called Christ. So all the gene-17 rations from Abraham to David, are fourteen generations: and from David to the Babylonian transmigration, are fourteen generations: and from the Babylonian transmigration unto Christ, are fourteen generations.

Now the manner of Christ's 18 birth was this: his mother Mary being promised in

τω Ιωσηφ, πριν η σηνελθείν αυτους, ευρεθή εν γαστρι εχουσα εκ πνευματος άγιου. 19 Ιωσηφ δε ο ανηρ αυτης, δικαιος ων, και μη θελων αυτην παςαδειγματισαι, εβουληθη λαθοά απολυσαι αυ-20 THY. TAUTA DE AUTOU EVθυμπθεντος, ιδου, αγγελος κυριου κατ' οναο εφανη'αυτω, λεγων; Ιωσηφ ύιος Δαβιδ, μη φοβηθης παρακαβείν Μαριαμ την Γυναικα σου: Το Γαρεν αυτή Γεννήθεν εκ πνευμά-21 Τος εστιν άγιου. Τεξεται δε ύιον, και καλεσεις το ονομα αυτου Ιπσούν αυτος γαρ σωσει τον λαον άυτου απο των άμαρτιων αυ-22 Των. Τουτο δε όλον Γερσνεν ίνα πληςωθη το ρηθεν ύπο του Κυριου δια του 23 προφητου, λεγοντος, "Ιδου, " ή παρθενος εν γαστρι έξει» " και τεξεται ύιον, και καλε-" συυσι το ονομα αυτ**ου** " Εμμανουπλ," ο εστι μεθερμηνεύομενον, μεθ' ήμων δ Θ 50\$•

24 ΔιεΓερθεις δε ό Ιωσηφ άπο του ύπνου, εποιπσεν ώς προσεταξεν αυτώ ὁ αΓΓελος Κυριου, και παρελαβε την Γυ-25 ναικα άυτου. Και ουκ εΓινωσκεν αυτην, έως ὁυ ετεκε τον ύιον αυτης τον πρωτοτοκον; και εκαλεσε το ονομα αυτου (Η ΣΟΥΝ.

marriage to Joseph, before they came together, the became pregnant by the boly Spirit. but Joseph ber bus- 10 band, being a good-natured man, and unwilling to expose ber to publick soame. be designed to put her away privately, but while he was 20 revolving this in his mind, an angel of the Lord appeared to bim in a dream, saying, Joseph, the off-spring of David, don't make any difficulty of taking Mary for thy wife: for her pregnancy is from the holy Spirit. and 21 she shall be deliver'd of a son, to whom you shall give the name Jesus: for he shall save bis people from their now by these events, 22 sins. that divine prediction of the Prophet had its full accomplishment, when he faid, " Behold, * a virgin shall be 23 " with child, and shall bring " forth a son, and they stall " call his name Emmanuel," that is to fay, God our Saviour.

Then Joseph being awak'd 24 out of sleep, did as the angel of the Lord directed, and took his wife home, but did 25 not cohabit with her as a wife, before she had brought forth her sirst-born son; whom he named JESUS.

Του δε Ιπσου Γεννηθεντος EN BUBASEU THE TOUGALAGE EN ήμεραις Ηρωδου του βασιπεως, ιδου, Ματοι απο ανατολων παρεγενούτο εις Ιερο-2 σολυμα. λεγοντες, Που εσ-TIV O TEXTER BASINEYS TON 1ουδαιων ? ειδομεν ταρ αυ-TOU TOV AGTECA EV TH AVAτολη, και πλθομέν προσκυ-3 νησαι αυτώ ακουσας δε Ηςωδης ο βασιλευς εταραχθη, και πασα Ιεροσολυμα μετ 4 αυτου. και συνατατων παντας τους αρχιέρεις και γραμματεις του λαου, επυνθανετο παρ αυτων, που ο Χρισ-TOG FEYVATAL OF DE ELTOV αυτω. Εν Βηθλεεμ της Ιουδαιας: ουτω γαρ γεγραπται 6 δια του προφητου; " Και " συ Βηθλεεμ, γη Ιουδα, ου-" δαμως ελαχιστη ει εν τοις " ήτεμοσιν Ιουδα: εκ σου " Γαρ εξελευσεται ήγουμενος. " οστις ποιμάνει τον λάον

του του Ισραπλ."
Τοτε Ηρωδης λαθρα καλεσας τους μαγους, πκριβωσε παρ αυτων τον χρονον του β φαινομένου αστερος και πεμψας αυτους εις Βηθλεεμ, είπε, πορευθέντες, ακριβως εξετασατε περί του παιδίου, επαν δε έυρητε, απαγγείλατε μοι, όπως καγω ελθων προσφκυνησω αυτω δι δε ακουφάντες του βασιλεως, επορευθησαν, και ιδου, ό αστης,

When Tesus was born in 1 Bethlebem of Judca, in the reign of king Herod, certain eastern Magi came to Ferufalem, with this enquiry, 2 Where is this king of the Tews who is now born? for we have seen his rising star, and are come to pay bim bomage. when king Herod 3 heard thefe things, be was alarm'd, and all Jerusalem with him. and having af- 4 sembled all the chief priests and scribes of the people, be enquired of them where Christ was to be born. they 5 answered him, in Bethlehem of Judea: for these are the words of the prophet: * " And thou Betblebein in 6 " the land of Juda, art not " the least among the princes " of Juda: for out of thee " shall come a Governor "that shall rule my people " Ifrael."

Then Herod baving pri-7 vately sent for the Magi, enquired of them the exact time when the star appeared. and he sent them to 8 Bethlehem, go, said he, make an exact enquiry about the young child, and when ye have found him, let me know it, that I too may come and pay my adorations to him. in ohe-9 dience to the king, they departed,

ον ειδον εν τη ανατοχή. προηγεν αυτους, έως ελθων εστή επανω ου ην το παι-10 διον. ιδοντες δε τον αστερα, εχαρπσαν χαραν μεταλην ΙΙ σφοδοά. και ελθοντές εις την οικιαν, ειδον το παιδιον μετα Μαριας της μητρος αυ-TOUS KAL TEGOVTES TOOGEκυνησαν αυτω, και ανοιξαντες τους θησαυρους αυτων, προσηνεγκαν αυτω δωρα, χρυσον, και λιβανον, 12 και σμυργάν. και χρημάτισθεντες κατ' οναρ μη ανακαμιγιαι προς Ηρωδήν, δί αλλης όδου ανεχώρησαν εις την χώραν αύτων.

13 Αναχωρησαντών δε αυτων, ιδου, απελος Κυριου φαινεται κατ' οναρ τω Ιωσηφ, λεγων, Εγερθείς παραπαβε το παιδίον και την μπτερα αυτου, και φευτε εις Αιγυπτον, και ισθι εκεί έως αν ειπω σοι, μελλει ταρ Ηρωone Enter TO Taidion TOU 14 απολεσαι αυτο· ο δε εγερθεις παρελαβε το παιδιου και την μητέρα αυτου γυκτος, και ανεχωρήσεν εις Αιγυπτον: Ι 5 και πν εκει έως Της Τελευτης Ηρωδου: ίνα πληρωθη το επθεν ύπο του Κυριου δια του προφητου, λεγοντος, Εξ Αιτυπτου εκαλεσα τον ύιον μου· 16 Τοτε Ηρωδης ιδων ότι ενεπαιχθη ύπο των μαζων, εθυ-

 $\mu \omega \theta n$

parted, and immediately the star which they saw in the east, moved on before them, till it came to the place where the infant was, and then stood still. when they observ'd this 10 of the star, they were extreamly well pleas'd, and en- 11 tring into the house, they saw ; the infant with Mary his mother, and prostrating themselves, they worshipped him: then opening their treasures, they presented bim with gold, and frankincense, and myrrb. but being divinely warn'd in a 12 dream, not to go back to Herod, they returned into their own country another way.

When they were gone, an 13 angel of the Lord appeareth to Joseph in a dream, faying, Arise, take the infant and his mother, flee into Egypt, and don't stir thence till I order you, for Herod will endeavour to bave the child destroy'd. Joseph therefore arose, took the infant 14 and bis mother by night, and fled into Egypt: where be 15 stay'd till the death of Herod: so that what the Lord bad spoken by the prophet, saying, * " Out of E-" gypt have I called my fon," was then fulfill'd.

Then Herod perceiving be 16 was abused by the Magi, was full

μωθη λιαν. και αποστειλας ανείλε παντας τους παιδας TOUG EN BABASELL. KAL EN TAσι τοις όριοις αύτης, απο διετους και κατωτερως κατα τον χρονον όν ηκριβωσε παρα 17 των μαζων. Τοτε επληρω-Οη το ρηθεν υπο Ιερεμιου Του 18 προφητου, λεγοντος, " Φωνη. " εν Ραμα πκουσθη, κλαυθμος " και οδυρμος πολυς, **Ρ**αχηλ. " κλαιούσα τα Τεκνα άυ-" The kal out note Tapa-" κληθηναι, ότι ουκ εισι.

19 - Τελευτησαντος δε του Ηρωδου, ιδου αγγελος Κυριου κατ όναρ φαινεται τω Ιω-20 σηφ εν Αιγυπτω, λεγων, Εγερθεις παραλαβε το παιδιον και την μητερα αυτου, και πορευου εκτην Ισραηλ: Τεθνηκασι ταρ δι ζητουντές την 21 ψυχην του παιδίου. ο δε εγειθεις παρελαβε το παιδιον και την μητερα αυτου, και 22 πλθεν εις γην Ισραπλ. ακουσας δε ότι Αρχελαος βασιλευει επι της Ιουδαιας αντι Ηρωδου του πατρος αυτους εφοβηθη εκει απελθείν, χρηματισθεις δε κατ ονας, ανέχωρήσεν εις τα μέση της Γα-23 λιλαιας: και ελθων κατωκήσεν εις πολίν λεγομένην Ναζαρετ, όπως πληρωθη το εήθεν δια των προφητών, ότι Ναζωραιος κληθησεfull of indignation; and fent a detachment who sere all the children that were in Bethlebem and its territory. being under the age of two years, according to the limited time be bad learned of the Magi. Then was fulfilled that 17 passage of Jeremy the prophet, * " In Rama was a 18 " cry beard, weeping, and " great mourning, Rachel " weeping for her children, " and would not be comfort-" ed, because they are not."

But after the death of He-19 rod, an angel of the Lord appeareth in a dream to Josepb in Egypt, saying, arise, 20 take the young child and his mother, and go into the land of Israel: for they who attempted the life of the infant are dead, then be arose, and 21 took the child and his mother. and came into the land of Israel. but when he heard that 22 Archelaus reigned in Judea, in the room of his father Herod, be was apprehensive of going thither, till baving had a divine warning in a dream, be retired into the district of Galilee: and went to dwell 23 in a town called Nazareth, so that those words of one of the prophets were fulfill'd, + " He shall be called a Na-" zarene."

Ev de Tais muerais exervais παςαγινεται Ιωαννες ο βαπ-TIGTHS. KHOUGGWY EV TH EPH-2 μω της Ιουδαίας, και λέγων: " Μετανοειτο: ηγγικε γαρ ή. " βασιλεια των ουρανων." 3 ουτος γας εστιν ο ρήθεις ύπο Ησαιού του προφητού, λέγοντος, "Φωνη βοωντος εν τη " ερημώ. Ετοιμασατε την " όδον Κυριου, ευθειας ποιει-" τε τας τριβους αυτου." 4 AUTOS DE O IWAVVIS EIXE TO EVευμα άυτου απο τριχων καμπλους και ζωνην δερματινην περι την οσφυν αυτου; ήδε τροφη αυτου ην akcides kai meni appiov.

5 Τοτε εξεπορευετο προς αυτον Ιεροσολυμα, και πασα ή Ιουδαίας και πασα ή περί-6 χωρος του Ιορδανου: και εβαπτιζουτο εν τω Ιορδανη υπ' αυτου, εξομολογουμενοι 7 τας άμαρτιας άυτων, ιδων δε πολλους των Φαρίσαιων και Σαδδουκαιών ερχομένους επι το βαπτισμα αυτου, ειπεν αυτοις, " Γεννηματα " εχιδνων» τις ύπεδειζεν ύμιν " φυρείν απο της μελλουσης 8" octas? Holnoate our kap-

" πον αξιον της μετανοιας:

9" אמו שוו ליצדוד אברבוע בע " έαυτοις, Πατερα εχομεν

" τον Αβρααμ: λεγω γαρ " τιιν ότι δυναται ο Θεος

" εκ των λιθων τουτων ερει-

10 " ραι τεκνα τω Αβρααμ: ηδη

At that time appeared John : the Baptist, preaching in the wilderness of Judea, and say- 2 ing, " Repent ye: for the " kingdom of the Messiah " draws nigh." for it is of 3 John the prophet + Esaias spoke, when he said, " The " voice of one crying in the " wilderness, Prepare ye the " way of the Lord, make his " paths clear." now John 4 wore a coat made of camels bair, with a leathern girdle about bis waist; and bis food was locusts and wild bony.

Then the inhabitants of Fe- 5 rusalem, of all Judea, and the whole country about fordan, came to bim: and bav- 6 ing confess d their fins, they were baptized by him in Jonn dan. but when be faw many 7 of the Pharisees and Saddices come to bis baptism, be faid to them, " Te brood of vi-" pers, who bas warned you " to fly from the wrath to " come? Let your actions " then show yourrepentance: " and don't pretend to say " within your selves, We: " have Abraham sor our " father: for I tell you, that " God is able out of theje " stones to raise up children " unto Abraham: the ax is 10

" δε και ή αξινη προς την ρι-" ζαν των δενδρων κειται: " παν ουν δενδρον μη ποιουν " KAPTOV KANOV, EKKOTTE-" Tais Kai EIS TUD BANNE-11" ται εςω μεν βαπτιζω " ύμας εν ύδατι εις μετα-" νοιαν: ο δε οπισω μου " ερχομενος, ισχυροτερος μου « εστιν» ου ουκ ειμι ίκανος " τα ύποδηματα βαστα-" σαι: αυτος ύμας βαπ-" τισει εν Πνευματι άγιω 12" (και πυρι): ου το πτυον " εν τη χειρι αυτου, και " διακαθαριει την άπωνα " άυτου, και συναξει τον " σιτον εις την αποθηκην " άντου, το δε αχυρον κα-" τακαυσει πυρι ασβεσ-" τω."

13 Τοτε παραγινεται ο Ιπσους απο της Γαλιλαιας επι τον Ιορδανην προς τον Ιωαννην, του βαπτισθηναι ύπ αυτου. 149 δε Ιωαννης διεκωλυεν αυτονο λεγων, Εγω χρειαν εχω ύπο σου βαπτισθηναι, και συ 15 ερχη προς με? αποκριθεις δε ό Ιπσους ειπε προς αυτον, Αφες αρτι, ουτω γαρ πρεπον εστιν ήμιν πληρωσαι πασαν δικαιοσυνην. ΤΟΤΕ αφιησιν 16 αυτον. και βαπτισθεις δ Ιπσους, ανεβη ευθυς άπο του υδατος: και ιδους ανεωχθησαν αυτω οι ουρανοι, και ειδε το Πνευμα του Θεού κατα-17 βαινον ώσει περιστεραν, και EPXQUEVOY ET AUTOY. KAL LOOU

" already laid to the root of " the trees: every tree then " which does not produce " good fruit, will be bewn " down, and cast into the " fire. I indeed baptize you 11 " with water to lead you to " repentance; but he that " cometh after me, is my su-" periour, whose shoes I am " not worthy to carry: he " shall baptize you with the " effusion of the boly Ghost, " in the appearance of fire: " and with the fan in his 12 " band, be will throughly " cleanse bis floor, and ga-" ther the wheat into his

" grainery, but the chaff will

" be burn with unquencha-

" ble fire." Then went Jesus from Ga- 13 lilee to Fordan to be baptized by John. but John opposed 14 bim, I have need, said be, to be baptized by you, and do you come to me? and Jesus re answer'd, Let it be so for the present, for it becomethus to do whatever is right. then John consented. and when 16 Jesus was baptized, he came out of the water: and immediately the heavens seem'd to be parted afunder before bim, and he saw the Spirit of God descending like a 17 dove, and lighting upon him: at the same time a voice was heard from beaven,

Φωνη έκ Των ουρανων, λεγουσα, "'Ουτος εστινό ύιος μου ό " αγαπητος, εν ώ ευδοκησα." Την εσημον ύπο του Πνευμά-

τ Τοτε ο Ιπσους ανηχθη εις τος, πειρασθηναι ύπο του 2 διαβολου: και νηστευσας ήμερας Τεσσαρακοντα και νυκτας τεσσαρακοντα, ύστε-2 COV επεινασε· και προσελθων αυτώ ο πειραζών, ειπεν, " El JIOS EL TOU OEOU, ELTE " ίνα οι λιθοι ουτοι αρτοι " Γενωνται." ο δε αποκριθεις. ELTES PEPPATTALS " OUK ET " αρτώ μονώ ζησεται αν-" θοωπος, αλλ επι παν-" τι ρηματι εκπορευομενώ 5 " δια στοματος Θεου." τοτε παναλαμβανει αυτον ο διαβολος εις την άτιαν πολιν, KALLOTHOLY AUTON ETI TO THE BEUTION TOU LECOU. KAI ZETEL αυτω, Ει ύιος ει του Θεου, βαλε σεαυτον κατω: Γεγραπ-THI TAP, " OTI TOIC ATTEXOIC " αυτου εντελειται περι σου+ " και επι χειρων αρουσι σες " μηποτε προσκοψης προς η " λιθον τον ποδα σου Εφη

8 Παλιν παραλαμβανει αυ-Τον ο διαβολος εις ορος ύψη-NOV NIAY, KAI SEIKVUGIY AUTW πασας τας βασιλειας του κοσμου και την δοξαν αυ- $\tau\omega v:$

αυτω ὁ Ιησους παλιν Γετραπ-

ται, " Ουκ εκπειρασεις Κυ-

" ειον τον Θεον σου·"

faving; ee This is my be-" loved Son, in whom I am " well pleased."

Then was Jesus led up i by the Spirit into the wilderness, to be tempted by the devil: there baving fasted 2 forty days and forty nights. be at length grew bungry. whereupon the tempter came 3 to bim, and said, " If thou " be the Son of God. com-" mand these stones to be-" come bread." but Jesus 4 answered bim, It is written, * " Man shall not live " by bread alone, but by " every thing that God shall " prescribe." then the \$ devil took Jesus with bim to Ferusalem, and baving set bim on the wing of the temple, be said to him, if you 6 are the Son of God, throw your self down: for it is writtent, " be will charge his " angels to take care of you, " and in their hands they ". shall bear thee up, lest you " bruise your foot against a " stone." Jesus replied, it 7 is likewise written, "Thou " shall not tempt the Lord " thy God." |

Again, the devil accompanyed bim up a very bigb mountain, and representing to bim all the kingdoms of the world, and the glory of them:

* Deut. viii. 3. + Pfal. xci. 11. | Deut. vi. 16.

9 των: και λείει αυτώ, ταυτα παντα σοι δωσω, εαν 10 πεσων προσκυνησης μοι. τοτε λείει αυτω ο Ιησους: Τπαίε Σατανα, [είραπται [αρ, "Κυριον τον Θεον" σου προσκυνησεις, και αυτώ τω μονώ λατρευσεις." Τοτε αφιησιν αυτον ο διαβολος, και ίδου αβελοι προσπλθον,

και διηκονουν αυτω. τα Ακουσας δε δ Ιπσους ότι Ιωαννες παρεδοθη, ανεχωρη-12 GEV EIG THY FANINAIAY. KAI καταλιπων την Ναζαρετ, ελθων κατωκήσεν εις Καπερναουμ την παραθαλασσιαν, εν όριοις Ζαβουλών και Νέφ-Ι Α. θαλειμ: ινα πληρωθή το ρηθεν δια Ησαιου του προφητου, 15 λεγοντος, " γη Ζαβουλων και " τη Νεφθαλειμ, όδον θαλασσης, περαν του Ιορ-" δανου, Γαλιλαια των 16 " εθνων: ο παος ο καθημενος " εν σκοτει, ειδε φως μεγα, " και Τοις καθημενοις εν " χωρά και σκιά θανάτους PHIC AVETEINEY AUTOIC." 17 απο τοτε πρέατο ο Ιπσοικ KNOUGGELY, KAL REFELY, "ME-" Tavosite, nitke pap n " βασιλεια των ουρανων."

18 Περιπατων δε παρα την θαλασσαν της Γαλιλαιας, ειδε δυο αδελφους, Σιμωνα τον λεγομενον Πετρον, και Ανall these things, said be, will 9
I give you, if you will prostrate your self and worship
me. Then said Jesus to him, 10
get thee hence Satan: for it
it written, "Thou shalt wor"ship the Lord thy God,
"and him only shalt thou
"serve"." whereupon the 11
devillest him, and immediately angels came and ministred
unto him.

After this, Jesus baving 12 beard that John was confined in prison, retired into Galilee. and leaving Nazareth, he 12 came and dwelt in Capernaum, a maritime town upon the confines of Zabulon and Nepthalim: whereby 14 those words of Esaias the prophet, had their full effect, + " the land of Zabulon, and 15 " the land of Nephthalim, " lying upon the sea, and " about Jordan, Galilee of " the Gentiles: the people 16 " which sat in darkness, saw " a great light: and to those " who sat in the region and " shadow of death, light is " sprung up." from that time 17 Jesus began to preach, " Re-" pent, said be for the kingdom " of the Messiah draws nigh." Now as Jesus was walk- 18

brother, * Deut. vi. 13. + Ifa. ix. 1.

ing by the sea of Galilee, he

faw two brethren, Simon,

called Peter, and Andrew bis

Ανδρεαν τον αδελφον αυτου, βαλλοντας αμφιβληστρον εις την θαλασσαν (ησαν ζαρ 19 άλιεις). και λεγει αυτοις, δευτε οπισω μου, και ποιησω 20 ύμας άλιεις ανθρωπων οι δε ευθεως αφεντες τα δικτυα, ηκολουθησαν αυτω.

21 Και προβας εκειθεν, ειδεν αλλοικ δυο αδελφους, Ιακωβον τον του Ζεβεδαιου, και Ιωαννην τον αδελφον αυτου, εν τω πλοιω μετα Ζεβεδαιου του πατρος αυτων, καταρτιζοντας τα δικτυα αυτων, και εκαλεσεν αυ-22 τους οι δε ευθεως αφεντες το πλοιον και τον πατερα αυτων, ηκολουθησαν αυτω

23 Και περιητεν όλην την Γαλιλαιαν δ Ιπσους, διδασκων εν ταις συναγωγαις αυτων, KAI KMPUTTWY TO EVAFTENION της βασιλειας, και θεραπευων πασαν νοσον και πασαν 24 μαλακιαν εν Τω λαω. και απηλθεν ή ακοη αυτου εις όλην την Συριαν, και προσηνεγκαν αυτώ παντας τους KAKWS EXOVTAS, TOLKINAIS VOT σοις και βασανοις συνεχομενους, και δαιμονίζομενους. και σεληνιαζομενους, και παραλυτικους, και εθεραπευ-25 σεν αυτους. και πκολουθησαν **Σ**υΤω ΟΧΙΛΟΙ *πολλοι* Δ.ΤΟ ΤΙΚ Γαλιλαίας και Δεκαπολεως και Ιεροσολυμων και Ιουδαιας, και περαν του Ιορδανου.

Ιδων

brother, casting their net into the sea: for they were sistermen. and he said to 19 them, follow me, and I will make you sishers of men: so 20 they immediately left their nets, and sollowed him.

Going on from thence, be 21 faw other two brethren, James the son of Zebedee, and John his brother, who were in a bark with Zebedee their father, mending their nets: and Jesus baving called them, they immediately 22 left the bark with their father, and followed him.

Thus went Jesus about all 23 Galilee, teaching in their synagogues, preaching the gofpel of the kingdom, and bealing all forts of diseases and infirmities among the people: fo that his fame was spread 24 over all Syria: and they brought unto bim all sick people that were afflisted with any difeases or pains, demoniacs, lunatics, and paralytics; and be bealed them. and a great multitude of peo- 25 ple followed him from Galilee, from Decapolis, from Jerusalem, from Judea, and from about Jordan.

 Ιδων δε τους οχλους, ανεβη εις το ορος: και καθισαντος αυτου, προσηλθον αυ-2 τω οι μαθηται αυτου. και ανοιξας το στομα αυτου, εδιδασκεν αυτους λετων.

3 Μακαριοι οι πτωχοι τω πνευματι, ότι αυτων εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων.

- 4 Μακαριοι οι πευθουντες, ότι αυτοι παρακληθησογται.
- 5 Μακαριοι οι πραεις, ότι αυτοι κληρονομησουσι την ςην.

6 Μακαριοι οι πεινωντες και διψωντες τημ δικαιοσυνην, ότι αυτοι χορτασθησονται-

7 Μακαριοι οι ελεπμονες, ότι συτοι ελεηθησονται

8 Μακαριοι όι καθαροι τη καρδία, ότι αυτοι τον Θεον οψονται-

 Μακαριοι ὁι ειρηνοποιοι» ότι αυτοι ὑιοι Θεου κληθη-σονται.

10 Μακαριοι όι δεδιω μενοι ένεκεν δικαιοσυνης, ότι αυτων εστιν η βασιλεια των ουρανων.

11 Μακαριοι εστε όταν ονειδισωσιν ύμας και διωξωσι, και ειπωσι παν πονηφον ήπμα καθ ύμων, ψευδομενοι, ένεκεν εμου.

12 Χαιρετε και αγαλλιασθες ότι ο μισθος ύμων πολυς εν Τοις ουτανοις, όντω γαρ εόνοJesus, to avoid this crowd sof people, went to a mountain: and when he was set down, his disciples came to him. and he addressed himself 2 to them in these instructions.

Blessed are they, that 3 are of an humble spirit, for of such is the kingdom

of the Messias.

Blessed are they that 4 mourn: for they skall be comforted.

Blessed are the meek: for 5 they shall inherit the earth.

Bleffed are they who 6 bunger and thirst after righteousness: for they shall be satisfied.

Blessed are the merciful: 7 for they shall obtain mercy.

Bleffed are the pure in 8 heart: for they shall see God.

Blefferl are the pacific: 9 for they shall be the chil-dren of God.

Blessed are they who are 10 persecuted upon the account of righteousness: for their's is the kingdom of heaven.

Bleffed shall you be when the men shall revile and persecute you, and falfely charge you with all manner of evil for your attachment to me.

Rejoice, and be exceeding to glad: for great will be your reward in beaven: for so

they

διωξαν τους προφητάς τους

13 Υμεις εστε το άλας της rns; εαν δε το άλας μωρανθη, εν τινι άλισθησεται? εις ουδεν ισχυειετι ει μη βληθηναι εξω. και καταπατεισθαι ύπο των ανθρωπων. 14 ύμεις εστε το φως του κοσμου, ου δυναται πολις κρυβηναι επανω ορους κειμενη. 15 OUDE KAIOUOI KUXYOV, KAI TIθεασιν αυτον ύπο τον μοδιον. αλλ επι Την λυχνιαν, και LAUTEI TAGI TOIS EV TH OIKIAι 6 ουτω λαμνατω το φως ύμων εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων, οπως ιδωσιν ύμων τα καλα εργα, και δοξασωσι τον πα-TEPA ULLWY TOV EV TOICOUPAVOICE 17 Μη νομισητε ότι ηλθον KATANUGAI TOV VOUOV, N TOUK προφητάς: ουκ ηλθον κάτα-18 λυσαι, αλλα πληρωσαι. αμην λεγω ύμιν, έως αν παρελθη ο ουρανος και ή τη, ιωτα EV, I MIA KEPALA OU MIT TAPEXθη απο του νομου, έως αν 19 παντα Γενηται. ὸς εαν ουν λυση μιαν των εντολων τουτων των ελαχιστων, και διδαξη ουτω τους ανθρωπους,

ελαχιστος κληθησεται εν τη βασιλεια των ουρανων: ος

δ αν ποιπση και διδαξη, ου-

τος μεγας κληθησεται εν Τή

γαρ ύμιν ότι εαν μη περισσευ-

ση ήδικαιοσυνη ύμων πλειον Των Γραμματεων και Φαρι-

20 βασιλεία των συρανών. λεγώ

they perfecuted the prophets who were before you.

Ye are the falt of the earth: 12 but if the falt become insipid, bow shall it recover its favour? it is no longer fit for any thing, but to be cast out and trod under foot. ye are 14 the light of the world. a city that is fituated on an bill, cannot be bid; and 15 when men light a lamp, they do not put it under a bushel: but on the stand, to give light to all the family. even so 16 let your light shine before men, that they may fee your good works, and glorify your father who is in heaven.

Don't think that I am 17 come to abolish the law or the prophets: I am not come to abolish, but to complete them. I affure you, beaven 18 and earth may as cease to be, as that one jot or one tittle of the law should fail of its completion. whoever therefore shall break 19 any commandment, tho' of the least importance, and shall teach men so to do, shall not bave the least admittance into the kingdom of the Messias: but whoever shall do and teach them, be shall be great in the kingdom of the Messias. for I declare to you, that ex- 20 cept your righteousness shall

σαιων, ου μη εισελθητε εις την βασιλειαν των ουρανων-

21 Ηκουσατε ότι ερφεθη τοις αρχαιοκ, "Ου φονευσεις ! "όκ δ αν φονευση, ενοχος 22" εσται τη κρισει "ε ερω δε λερω ύμυ, ότι πας ό οργίζο μενος τω αδελφω αυτου εικη, ενοχος εσται τη κρισει; ος δ αν ειπη τω αδελφω αυτου, ρακα, ενοχος εσται τω συ νεδριω: ός δ αν ειπη, μω ρε, ενοχος εσται εις την γεενναν του πυρος.

23 Βαν ουν προσφερής το δωοον σου επι το θυσιαστηριον. κάκει μνησθης ότι ο αδέλφος 24 TOU EXEL TE KATA TOU: ADEC εκει το δωρον σου εμπροσθεν του θυσιαστηριου,και ύπαςε. πρωτον διαλλαιπθι τω αδέλοω σου, και τοτε ελθων 25 προσφερετο δωρον σου ισθε ευνοων ΤωανΤιδικωσουταχυ, έως ότου ει εν τη όδω μετ αυτου: μπποτε σε παραδω ό αντιδικός τω κρίτη, και δ κριτης σε παραδώ τω ύπηρετη, και εις φυλακην βληθηση. 26 αμπν λειω σοι, ου μπ εξελθης εκειθεν έως αν αποδως τον εσχατον κοδραντην.

27 Ηκουσατε ότι ερρέθη, "ού 28" μοιχευσεις." εςω δε λεςω ύμιν, ότι πας ό βλεπων ςυγαικα προς το επιθυμησαι

exceed that of the Scribes and Pharifees, ye shall not enter into the heavenly kingdom.

Ye have heard that it has 21 been said to the antients, "Thou shalt not kill: and "who soever shall kill; shall "be punish'd by the tribu-" nal," but I say unso you, 22 that who soever is angry with his brother without a cause, shall be punish'd by the tribulual: and who soever shall say to his brother, Raca, shall be punish'd by the San-bedrim: but who soever shall say, thou sool, shall be punish'd by the san-hedrim: but who soever shall say, thou sool, shall be punish'd by the san-

When therefore you bring 23 your gift to the altar, and there remember that your brother has reason to be displeas'd with you: leave your 24 gift before the altar, go, and first of all reconcile yourself to your brother; then come to offer your gift, endeavour.25 to win your adversary, even wbilst you are in the way: lest the adversary deliver you to the judge, and the judge deliver you to the officer, and you be thrown into jayl. I26 assure you, you will not be discharged till you have paid to the very last farthing.

Ye bave heard that it was 27 faid, "Thou shalt not com"mit adultery," but I tell 28 you, that who so ever looks on

αυτης, ηδη εμοιχεύσεν αυτην εν τη καρδια άυτου.

29 Ει δε ὁ οφθαλμος σου ὁ δεξιος σκανδαλίζει σε, εξελε αυτον, και βαλε απο σου, συμφερει γαρ σοι ίνα αποληται έν των μελων σου, και μη όλον το σωμα σου βληθη 30 εκ γεενναν και ει ή δεξια σου χειρ σκανδαλίζει σε, εκκοψον αυτην, και βαλε απο σου, συμφερει γαρ σοι ίνα αποληται έν των μελων σου, και μη όλον το σωμα σου βληθη εις γεενναν.

33 Παλιν πκουσατε ότι ερβεθη τοις αρχαιοις, "Ουκ επι" ορκεσεις, αποδωσεις δε τω,
" Κυριώ τους όρκους σου."
34 ερω δε λερω ύμιν, μη ομοσαι όλως; μητε εν τω, ουρανώ, ότι θρονος εστι του Θεου.
35 μητε εν τη ρη, ότι ύποποδιον εστι των ποδων αυτου, μητε εις Ίεροσολυμα, ότι πολις εστι του μεραλου βασιλεως.
36 μητε εν τη κεφαλη σου οτ μοσης, ότι ου δυνασαι μιαν τρι-

a woman with impure defires is already guilty of approving the fast.

If your right eye insnare 29 you, it is better to pull it out, and to suffer the loss of that single part, than that thy whole body should be cast into Gebenna. and if thy 30 right hand insnare thee, it is better to saw it off, and to suffer the loss of that single part, than that thy whole body should be thrown into Gebenna.

It bath been faid, * who-31 ever shall put away bis wife, let bim give her a bill of divorce. but I say unto you,32 whoever shall put away bis wife, except in the case of adultery, is the occasion of her being an adulteres, and he that shall marry her is an adulterer.

Again, ye have heard that 33 it hath been faid to the antients, † "Thou shalt not "for swear thy self, but shalt "perform unto the Lord "thine oaths." but I say 34 unto you, swear not at all; neither by heaven, for it is God's throne: nor by the earth, 35 for it is his sootstool: nor by Jerusalem, for it is the city of the great King. neither 36 shalt thou swear by thy head, be-

* Deut. xxiv. 1. † Exod. xx. 7. Lev. xix. 12. Deut. xxiii. 23.

Τριχά λευκήν η μελαινών 37 Toingal ESTW DE O NOTOS U- $\mu\omega\nu$, $\nu\alpha\iota$, $\nu\alpha\iota$: ov, ov: τo δε περισσον τουτών εκ του TOTHEOU ESTLY-

38 Ηκουσατε ότι ερρεθη, ' Οφ-" θαλμού αντι οφθαλμου, " και οδοντα αντι οδοντος." 39 ειω δε λειωύμιν, μπ αντιστηναι τω πονερω: αλλ' όστις σε έαπισει επι την δεξιαν σου σιατονα, στρεψον αυτω

40 KAI THY AXXIN KAI TW BE-אסידו סטו אסולחימו, אמו דטי χιτωνά σου λάβειν, άσες

41 αυτω και το ιματιον- και OUTH OF ALLADENOSE HIMLON EVY WHATE HET AUTOU ETI

42 αλλα δυο- τω αιτουντι σε διδου, και τον θελοντα απο σου δανεισασθαι μη αποστραφηκ.

43 ... Ηκουσατε ότι ερέεθη, "Αξ ζαπησεις Τον πλησιον σου, και μισπσεις τον εχθρον 44" σου εςω ο εκθρον εςω δε λεςω υμιν, Αγαπατε τους εχθρους ύμων, EUXOFEITE TOUS KATACWHEVOUS ύμας, καλως ποιείτε τοις μισουσιν ύμας, και προσευχεσθε ύπερ των επερεαζοντων υμας, και διωκοντων 45 ύμας οπως γενησθε δίοι του πατρος ύμων του εν ουρανοις, ότι τον ήλιον άυτου ανατέλλει επι πονηρους και αγαθους, και βρέχει επι δικαιούς και 46 αδικους. εαν γαρ αγαπησητε TOUS

because thou canst not make one bair while or black, but 27 letyour communication beyes, yes: no, no: for wbatever goes beyond this, is evil.

Ye have beard that it hath 28 been said, * " An eye for an " eye; and a tooth for a " tooth." but I say unto 39 you, don't return evil for evil: on the contrary, if any one strike thee on thy right check, turn to bim the other likewise. and if any man 40 will go to law with you, to have your coat, let bim have your cloke too. and if any 41 one will press you to go a mile with bim, go with bim the other two. give to him that 42 asks you, and from bim that would borrow of you turn not away.

You have heard that it 43 bath been said, "you shall " love your neighbour, and " hate your enemy:" but I44 say unto you, Love your enemies, bless them that curse you, do good to them that hate you, and pray for them who traduce you, and persecute you: that ye may be the 45 children of your father who is in heaven, for he caufes his sun to rise on the evil and on the good, and sendetb rain on the just and on the unjust. but if you love only 46 them

* Exod. xxi. 24.

MOBON EXELES ONXI KOL OF εθνικοι το άυτο ποιουσοι? 47 KAL EAV AGTAGNOBE TOUS Aδελφους ύμων μονον. Τι πε-PIGGOV MOIEITE? OUXI KAI OL 48 εθνικοι όυτω ποιουσιί ? εσεσθε ουν ύμεις τελειοι, ώσπερ ο πατηρ ύμων ο ουρανιος τε-RELOC ECTI-

Προσέχετε την δικαιοσυνην ύμων μη ποιειν εμπροσθεν Των ανθρωπων, προς το θεαθηναι αυτοις: ει δε μητε, μισθον ουκ ΕΧΕΤΕ παρα Τω πατρι ύμων τω 2 EY TOIS OUPAVOIS. OTAY OUV TOIης ελεημοσυνήν, μη σαλπισής εμπροσθεν σου, ωσπες δι ύπο-KPITAL TOLOUGIV EV TAIS OUναγαγωγαις και εν ταις ρυμαις, όπως δοξασθωσιν ύπο των ανθρωπων. αμπν, πεζω ύμιν, απεχουσι τον μισθον 3 AUTWY - GOU DE MOLOUYTOS E-ת שדשען און ", יותיטסטעדש, יו aciotepa oou ti moiei ni de-4 " ξια σου- όπως η σου ή ελεημοσυνη εν Τω κρυπτω: και ο πατηρ σου ο βλεπων εν τω κρυπτω, αυτος αποδωσει σοι. 5 Και όταν προσεύχη, ουκ εση ώσπερ δι ύποκριται: ότι φιλουσιν εν ταις συναγωγαις και εν ταις Γωνιαις Των πλατειών εστώτες προσευχεσθαι, όπως αν φανωσι τοις ανθρωποις αμπν, λεγω υμιν, ότι απεχουσι τον μισ-6 θον άυτων. συ δε σταν προσευχή, εισελθε εις το ταμιει-

τους αγαπωντας ύμας, τινα them who love you, what reward can ye bave? do not the heathens themselves do as much? and if ye 17 falute your brethren only. what mighty matter is that? do not even the beathens do the same? be ye therefore 48 perfect, even as your father who is in beaven is perfect.

Take care not to perform 1 any religious act in order to be observed by men: otherwife you will have no reward from your father who is in beaven, therefore, when you give alms, do not make a proclamation of it as the bypocrites do, in their publick afsemblies by sound of trumpet. that they may have the applause of men. for I affure you, they have their reward. but when you give alms, 3 " let not thy left hand know " what thy right band doth:" that your alms may be secret: and your father who sees your secret actions, shall reward you.

And when you pray, be 5 not as the hypocrites are: for they chuse to stand praying in publick places, and at the corners of the streets, to be observed by men. I affure you, they bave their reward. you, when you pray, enter into your elofet, and when

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OV JOU. KAI KALIJAG THV θυραν σου, προσευξαι τω πατρι σου τω εν τω κρυπτω, και ὁ πατηο σου ὁ βλεπων εν τω κρυπτω, αποδωσει σοι.

Προσευχομένοι δε μη βαττολοιπαητε, ώσπερ οι εθνι-KOL: BOKOUGI FOR OTL EV TH πολυλογια αυτών εισακούσ-8 θησονται. μη ουν ομοιωθητε αυτοις: οιδε ταρ ό πατηρ υμων ών Χρειαν ΕΧΕΤΕ, 700-TOU DUAS ALTHORIC AUTOV.

Ουτως ουν προσευχεσθε ύμεις: "Πατηρ ήμων ό εν τοις ουρανοις, άτιασθητω 10" το ονομα σου ελθετω ή " βασιλεια σου Γενηθητω " το θελημα σου, ώς εν ου-

11 " ρανώ, και επι της ρης. τον αρτον ήμων τον επιουσιον

12 6 δος ήμιν σημερον. και ασος πμιν σημερον. και α-σες ημιν τα οφειληματα " ήμων, ως και ήμεις αφιε" μεν Τοις οφειλεταις ήμων.
13" και μη εισενουνου

" πειςασμον, ανλα ευσαι " ημας απο του πονηρου."

14 εαν γαρ αφητε τοις ανθοωποις τα παραπτωματα αυτων, αφησει και ύμαν ό πα-15 τηρ ύμων ο ουρανιος εαν δε

μη αφητε τοις ανθρωποις τα πα: απτωματα αυτων, ουδε ο πατηρ ύμων αφησει τα παραπτωματα ύμων.

16 OTAV DE MOTEUMTE, UN γινεσθε ώσπερ οι ύποκριται, σκυθεωποι. αφανιζουσι γαρ

you have shut the door, pray to your father who is with you in your retirement, and your father who observeth the actions of your retirement shall reward you.

When you pray, be not 7 verbose, as the heathen are: for they think they shall be beard for their loquacicus: s. don't therefore imitate them: 8 for your father knows what you want, before you ask bim.

After this manner do you 9 therefore pray: "Our Fa-" ther who art in beaven. " hallowed be thy name. " thy kingdom come, thy will 10 " be done on earth as it 1s " in beaven, give us this 11 « day our daily bread. and 12 " forgive us our debts, as " we forgive our debters. " and let us not be left un- 12 " der temptation, but de-" liver us from the evil
one." for if ye forgive 14 men their trespasses, your beavenly father will also forgive you. but if ye 15 forgive not men their tref-

When ye fast, don't put 16 on a dismal air, as the bypocrites do, who look dejetted.

passes, neither will your

sather forgive your tres-

passes.

Tat

τα προσωπα άυτων, όπως φανωσι τοις ανθρωποις νηστευοντες. Αμην λεςω ύμιν,
ότι απεχουσι τον μισθον
17 άυτων συ δε νηστευων αλειψαι σου την κεφαλην,
και το προσωπον σου νιψαι:
18 όπως μη φανης τοις ανθρωποις νηστευών, αλλα τω
πατρι σου τω εν τω κρυπτω: και ή πατηρ σου ό
βλεπω» εν τω κρυπτω, αποδωσει σοι.

19 Μη θησαυρίζετε δμιν θησαυρους επι της της, όπου σης και βρωσις αφανίζεις και όπου κλεπται διορυσσουσι 20 και κλεπτουσι: θησαυρίζετε δε ύμιν θησαυρους εν ουρανω, οπου ουτε σης ουτε βρωσις αφανίζει, και όπου κλεπται ου διορυσσουσιν, ουδε 21 κλεπτουσινό όπου γαρ εστιν ό θησαυρος ύμων εκει εσται 22 και ή καρδία ύμων- ό λυχνος του σωματος εστινόοφθαλμος: εαν ουν ο οφθαλμος σου άπλους η, όλου το σωμα 23 σου φωτεινον εσται: εαν δε ο οφθαλμος σου πονηρος η, όλον το σωμά σου σκοτει-VOY EGTAL. EL OUY TO PWG TO EY GOL GROTOS EGTLS TO GRO-24 τος ποσον? ουδεις δυναται δυσι κυριοις δουλευειν: η γαρ TOV EVA MONOELS KAL TOVEτερον αγαπησει; η ένος ανθεξεται, και του έτερου καταφρονησει; ου δυνασθε Θεω δουλευείν και μαμώνα.

ed, that men may take notice of their fasting: I assure you, they have their reward, but 17 whenever you fast, anoint your head, and wash your face: that your fasting may 18 not be observed by men, but by your father, who is with you in your retirement, and your sather who observes what you do in private, shall give you a reward.

Lay not up for your selves 19 treasures upon earth, where moth and rust corrupt, and where thieves break through and steal. but lay up for 20 your selves treasures in beaven, where there is neither moth, nor rust, nor corruption, nor thieves, nor violence to molest you. for where your 21 treasure is, there will your beart be also. the eye is the 22 light of the body: now if your eye be clear, your whole body will be enlightned. but 22 if your eye be bad, your whole body will be dark: if therefore that, which should be light to you, be dark; how great is that darkness? no 24 man can serve two masters: for either he will hate the one, and love the other; or he will be attach'd to the one, and negletiful of the other, ye cannot serve God and Mamon.

25 Δια τουτο λεγω ύμιν, μη μεριμνάτε τη ψυχη ύμων, τι DATITE KAL TI TIMTE; UNDE τω σωματι ύμων, τι ενδυσησθει ουχι ή ψυχη πλειον εστι της τροφης, και το 26 σωμα του ενδυματος ? εμβλεψατε εις τα πετεινα του ουρανου, ότι ου σπειρουσιν, ουδε θεριζουσινο ουδε συνα-**Γουσίν εις αποθηκας**, πατηρ ύμων ο ουρανιος Τρεφεί αυτα, ουχ ύμεις μαλ-27 λου διαφερετε αυτών? Τις δε εξ ύμων μεριμνιον δυναται προσθειναι επι την ήλικιαν αύτου πηχυν ένα?

28 Και περι ενδυματος τι μεριμνατε ? καταμαθετε τα κρινα του αγγου πως αυξανει; ου κοπια, ουδε νηθει. 29 λεγω δε ύμιν ότε ουδε Σολομων εν παση τη δοξη άυτου περιεβαπετο ώς έν τουτων. 30 EL DE TOU XOPTOU TOU AFROUS σημερον οντα, και αυριον εις κλιβανον βαλλομενον, ο Θεος δυτως αμφιεννυσιν, ου πολλω μαλλον ύμας, ολι-3 Ι τοπιστοι ζ μη ουν μεριμνηση-TES REPORTES; TI PATWHERS η τι πιωμεν, η τι περιβα-32 λωμεθα ? παντα γαρ ταυτα τα εθνη επιζητεί; οιδε γαρ ο πατηρ ύμων ο ουρα-VIOS OTI XONCETE TOUTWY &-33 παυτων. Ιπτειτε δε πρω-- τον την βασιλειαν του θεου, KAI THY DIKAIOGUMY AUTOUS

I therefore direct you, 25 not to be sollicitous, with regard to life, what ye shall eat, or what ye shall drink : nor with regard to the body, what clothes ye shall wear: Is not life it self a greater gift than food; and the body a greater gift than rayment? consider the fowls 26 of the air: for they fow not, neither do they reap, nor lay up any stores; yet your beavenly Father feedeth them. Are not ye of much greater value than they? who by 27 all bis follicitude can add one moment to bis age?

And as for rayment, why 28 should that give you pain? consider the lillies of the field how they grow; they toil not, neither do they spin. and yet I tell you, even So- 20 lomon with all his magnificence, was not arrayed like one of these. now if God thus 20 adorns the flower of the field, which thriving to day, is to morrow thrown into the oven. how much more shall be provide for you, if you have any degree of faith? therefore 31 make no such sollicitous enquiries, as what shall we eat? or what shall we drink? or bow shall we be clothed? things which the Gentiles are 32 so thoughtful about, and which your beavenly Father

και ταυτα παντα προστε34 θησεται ύμιν- μη ουν μεριμνησητε εις την αυριον: ή γαρ
αυριον μεριμνησει τα έαυτης,
αρκιτον τη ήμερα ή κακια
αυτης.

1 Mn krivetes iva un kri-2 BATE. EV W PAP KRIMATI KRIνετες κριθησεσθε: και εν ώ μετρώ μετρείτε, μετρήθησε-3 ται ύμιν τι δε βλεπεις το καρφος το εν τω οφθαλιω του αδελφου σους την δε εν τω σω οφθαλμω δοκον 4 OU KATAVOEIC? N TIWE EPEIC TW αδέλοω σου: αφες, εκβαλω το καρφος απο του οφθαλμου σου: και ιδου ή δοκος 5 εν τω οφθαλμώ σου ζ ύποκριτα, εκβαλε πρωτον την δοκον εκ του οφθαλμου σου, και τοτε διαβλεψεις εκβα-LEIV TO KAPPOS EK TOU OFθαλμου του αδέλφου σου.

6 Μη δωτε το άπον τοις κυσι, μηθε βαλητε τους μαργαριτας ύμων εμπροσθεν των
χοιρων, μηποτε καταπατησωσιν αυτους εν τοις ποσιν άυτων, και στραφεντες
ρηξωσιν ύμας.

7 Αιτειτε, και δοθησεται ύμιν ; ζητειτε, και ευρησετε : κρουετε, και ανοιγησεται ὑknows that you want. but first 33 seek the kingdom of God, and that righteousness which leads to it, and all these things shall be superadded. be not therefore sollicitous about the 34 morrow: for the morrow shall be taken up with the cares of the morrow, the trouble of the day is sufficient for one day.

Judge not, that ye be not 1 judged. for according as ye 2 judge others, ye shall be judged yourselves: the measure you mete, shall be measured to you again. why do 3 you observe the mote that is in your brother's eye, and not consider the beam that is in your own eye? with what 4 assurance can you say, brother, let me take that mote out of your eye; when there is such an apparent beam in your own eye? thou bypo- 5 crite, first get rid of the beam in your own eye; and then see bow to remove the mote. out of thy brother's eye.

Give not that which is bo- 6 ly to the dogs, neither cast ye your pearls before swine, lest these trample them under foot, and those turn upon you and tear you.

Ask, and it shall be given y you: seek, and ye shall find: knock, and the door shall be opened.

MV.

8 μιν. πας ταρ ὁ αιτων λαμβανει, και ὁ ζητων ευρισκει, και τω κρουοντι ανοιτησεται. 9 η τις εστιν εξ ύμων ανθρωπος, ὁν εαν αιτηση ὁ ὑιος αυτου αρτον, μη λιθον επι-10 δωσει αυτω. και εαν ιχθυν αιτηση, μη οφιν επιδωσει αυ-11 τω ? ει ουν ύμεις, πονηροι οντες, οιδατε δοματα αταθα διδοναι τοις τεκνοις ύμων, ποσω μαλλον ὁ πατηρ ύμων ὁ εν τοις ουρανοις, δωσει αταθα τοις αιτουσιν αυτον ?

12 Παντα ουν όσα αν θελητε
ίνα ποιωσιν ύμιν όι ανθρωποι, όυτω και ύμεις ποιειτε
αυτοις: όυτος γαρ εστιν ό
νομος και οι προφηται.

13 Εισελθετε δια της στενης πυλης; ότι πλατεια ή
πυλη, και ευρυχωρος ή οδος
ή απαγουσα εις την απωλειαν, και πολλοι εισιν όι εισερ14 χομενοι δί αυτης, ότι στενη
ή πυλη, και τεθλιμμένη ή
όδος ή απαγουσα εις την
ζωην, και ολιγοι εισιν οί
ευςισκουτες αυτην.

15 Προσεχετε δε απο των Ψευδοπροφητων, διτινες ερχονται προς ύμας εν ενδυμασι προβατων, εσωθεν δε εισι 16 λυκοι άρπαγες- απο των καρπων αυτων επιγνωσεσθε αυτους ε μητι συλλεγουσιν απο ακανθων σταφυλην, η 17 απο τριβολων συκα ? όυτω opened. for every one that 8 asks, does receive: be that feeks, does find: and be that knocks at the door, is admitted. is there any of you that 9 would offer his fon a stone when he ask'd for bread? or instead of a fish, would 10 he give him a serpent? if ye 11 then, as wicked as ye are, know how to bestow proper gifts upon your children, how much more shall your beavenly father give good things to them that ask him?

Let your actions be such, 12 with regard to others, as you should think reasonable with regard to yourselves, for this is the substance of the law and the prophets.

Enter ye in at the strait 13 gate; the gate that leadeth to destruction is broad, and the way is open, and they who pass through are numerous. but the gate which 14 leads to life is narrow, and the way is difficult, and sew there be that find it.

Beware of false prophets, 15
who to outward appearance
are sheep, but inwardly they
are ravenous wolves. you 16
will know them by their
fruits: do men gather grapes
of thorns, or sigs of thistles? 17
so every good tree yields
good fruit: but a corrupt
tree

Tav

παν δενδρον αγαθον καρπους καλους ποιει: Το δε σαπρον δενδρον καρπους πο18 νηρους ποιει- ου δυναται δενδρον αγαθον καρπους πονηρους ποιειν- ουδε δενδρον σαπρου 19 καρπους καλους ποιειν- παν δενδρον μη ποιουν καρπον καλον, εκκοπτεται- και εις πυρ 20 βαλλεται- αραγε απο των καρπων αυτων επιγνωσεσθε αυτοις-

21 Ου πας ο λεγων μοι, Κυpie, Kupie, ELGENEUGETAL EIC την βασιλειαν των ουρανων αλλ' ὁ ποιων το θελημα του TATTOS MOU TOU EN OUPANOIS. 22 πολλοι ερουσι μοι εν εκείνη τη ήμερα, Κυριε, Κυριε, ου τω σω ονοματι προεφητευσαμέν, και τω σω ονοματι δαιμονια εξεβαλομέν, και τω σω ονοματι δυναμεις πολλας 23 εποιησαμέν ? και τοτε όμολοιπσω αυτοις, ότι ουδεποτε εγνων ύμας; αποχωρείτε απ εμου οι εργαζομενοι την αγο-24 μιαν. πας ουν όστις ακουει MOU TOUS ADJOUS TOUTOUS, KAI BOISI AUTOUS, OHOIWOW αυτον ανδρι φρονιμώς όστις ωκοδομησε την οικιαν αυτου 25 επι την πετραν: και κατεβη ή βροχη, και ηλθον δι ποταμοι, και επνευσαν δι ανεμοι, και προσεπεσον τη OIKIA EKEIVY, KAI OUK ETTETE: τεθεμελιωτο γαρ επι την 26 πετράν- και πας ο ακουων μου τους λογους τουτους.

KAL

tree yields bad fruit. a good 18
tree cannot produce bad fruit:
neither can a corrupt tree
produce good fruit. every 19
tree that doth not yield good
fruit, is hewn down and cast
into the fire. by their fruits 20
then shall ye know them.

Not every one that says 21 to me, Lord, Lord, shall enter into the kingdom of beaven: but only they who do the will of my Father who is in heaven. many 22 will cry out to me in that day, Lord, Lord, bave we not prophesied in the name? bave we not cast out devils. in thy name? and in thy name have we not wrought many miracles? and then 22 will I make this declaration to them: I never knew you: depart from me ye that have practifed iniquity. therefore, 24 whoever beareth thefe instructions of mine, and puts them in practice, I will compare bim to the prudent man, who built his house upon a rock: the rain descended, 25 the floods came, the winds blew, and beat upon that bouse: but it fell not, for it was founded upon a rock. but every one that beareth 26 these

και μη ποιων αυτους, όμοιωθησεται ανδρι μωρω, όστις ωκοδομησε την οικιαν άυ-27 του επι την αμμον- και κατεβη ή βροχη, και ηλθον οί ποταμοι, και επνευσαν οι ανεμοι, και προσεκοψαν τη στκια εκεινή, και επεσε: και ην ή πτωσις αυτης μεγαλη.

28 Και εΓενετο ότε συνετελεσεν ό Ιπσους τους λογους
τουτους, εξεπλησσοντο οἰ
οχλοι επι τη διδαχη αυτους ώς
εξουσιαν εχων, και ουχ ώς
οἱ Γραμματεις.

Καταβαντι δε αυτω απο του ορους, ηκολουθησαν αυ-2 Τω οχλοι πολλοι. ιδου λεπρος ελθων προσεκυνει αυτώ, λεγων: Κυριε, εαν θελης, δυνασαι με καθαρισαι. 3 KAL EKTELVAS THV XELPA, TYAτο αυτου ο Ιπσους, λειων, Θελω, καθαρισθητι. και ευθεως εκαθαρισθη αυτου ή 4λεπρα· και λεγει αυτώ ο Ιπσους, ορα μπδενι ειπης, αλλα ύπαςες σεαυτον δειξον TW LEGELS KAL TROOTEVERKE TO δωρον ο προσεταξε Μωσης, EIS MARTURION AUTOIS.

5 Εισελθοντι δε αυτώ εις Καπερναουμ, προσπλθεν αυτω έκατονταρχος παρακαλών 6 αυτον, και λεςων, Κυριε, ό παις μου βεβληται εν τη οίκια παραλυτικος, δεινώς βασανίζοthese instructions of mine, and practiseth them not, shall be compared to a sool who built his house upon the sand: the rain descends, 27 the stood rushes on, the winds blow, and beat upon the house: down it falls, and wide are its ruins.

At length Jesus sinished 28 his discourse, and the people were sill d with astonishment at his doctrine. for he 29 taught them, as one having authority, and not as the

scribes.

When Jesus was come 1 down from the mountain, a great multitude followed him. and there came a leper who 2 threw himself at his feet, saying, Lord, if thou wilt, thou canst make me clean. and Jesus held out his hand 3 and touched bim, saying, I will, be thou clean. and immediately be was cured of bis leprofy. and Jesus said 4 to bim, take care not to tell any man, but go thy way, shew thy self to the priest, and offer the gift that Moses commanded, that it may be a testimony against them.

When Josus was entred 5 into Capernaum, a centurion came and addressed bimfelf to bim, saying, Lord, 6 my servant lies sick at bome grievously afflicted with the

palfy,

Kurie, ouk eini ikanoc iva HOU UTO THE OTEFHE SIGEN. θης; αλλα μονον είπε λοιω και ιαθησεται ο παις μου. ο και ταρ ετω ανθρωπός ειμι. ύπο εξουσιαν, εχων μπ' ε-HAUTON OTPATIWTAS: KAL λειω Τουτω: πορευθητί, και πορευεται: και αλλω: έρχου. και ερχεται; και τω δουλω μου: ποιπσον Τουτο, και. 10 HOLLS AKOUTAS DE O INTRUS to bis followers, I profes I EBAUHATE, KAL ELTE TOK AKO**λουθουσιν: αμπν λεγω ύμιν,** ουδε εν τω Ισραπλ τοσαυ-II Thy motive eucov. Defw de you, that many shall come 12 OUCAYWY: OL OE VIOL THE Ba- the kingdom ball be cast inσιλειας εκβληθησουται εις το to the darkness without: 13 405 Two ocontwo Kal Elter faid to the conturion, go Invionto ooi kai iaon o you. and his fervant was παις αυτου εν τη ώρα ε- bealed in that very bour. KELLYI.

14 Και ελθων ο Ιπσους εις. την οικιαν Πετρου, ειδε κην Peter's boufer where seeing πενθεραν αυτου βεβλημετην bis wise's mother lying sick of 15 και πυρεσσουσαν : και ήψα-TO The XLLOG auths, kal and the fever left her: and

& CHKEY

7 Gankoueros Kai refer ay - Rally and Jesus said to 7 TW o Invove, ETW ENGLIN OF bim, I will come and beal 8 ραπευσω αυτου και απο- bim. the centurion answered. 8 KPIBELS O EXATOUTADEOS CON: Lord, I am not worthy the bonour of fuch a visit: do but give the word, and my fervant is fav'd. for I am 9 a. man under authority, baving soldiers under my command: I bid this man, go, and he's gone: another come. and be's bere: and to my fervant, do this, and it is done. when Jesus heard it. 10 be was furprized, and said have not met with such an instance of faith, no not in Ifrael. and I declare unto 1 ? ύμιν, ότι πολλοι απο ανα- from the east and from the Τολων και δυσμων πέουσι, west, and swall sit at table και ανακλιθησούται μετα with Abraham, and Isaac, Abraau kat Ioaak kat Ia- and Jacob in the beavenly κωβ, εν τη βασιλεια των kingdom. but the beirs to 12 σκοτος το εξωτερον; εκει there shall be weeping and εσται ο κλαυθμος και ο βρυς- gnashing of teeth. and Jesus 13 ο Ιπσους τω έκατονταρχω; thy way, what you believed υπαςε, και ως επιστευσας could be done, is effected for

Aster this Jesus went to 14. a fever, be toucked ber band, 15

ACTIKEY AUTHY & TUDETOC: και ητερθή, και δίπκονει αυ-16 τω οψιας δε Γενομενής ποοσηνετκαν αυτω δαιμονίζομενους πολλους: και εξεβαλε τα πνευματα λοιώ, και TAVTAS TOUS KAKWS EXOVTAS 17 εθεραπευσεν: όπως πληρω-θη το κηθεν δια Ήσαιου του προφητου, λετοντος: "αυτος τας ασθενείας πιων ελαβε. ** RAI TAL VOCOUS EBACTACEV." 18 Ιδων δε ο Ιπσους πολλους OXXXVIX TEOL CUTOV. EKENEUσεν απελθείν εις το περαν. 10 και προσελθων έις γραμματευς, ειπεν αυτω: διδασκα-· λε. ακολουθησω σοι όπου 20 εαν απερχη. και λεγει αυ-TW O INTOUS; AL ANWTEKES Φωλεους έχουσι, και τα πε-TELYA TOU OUDAYOU KATAGκηνωσεις: ὁ δε ύιος του ανθρωπου ουκ εχει που την 2 I KEDAININ KNIVII - ETEPOS $\delta \epsilon$ των μαθητών αυτου είπεν αυτω: Κυριε, επιτρεινον μοι ποωτον απελθειν, και θα-22 γιαι Τον πατερα μου ο δε Ιπσους ειπεν αυτώ, ακολουθει μοι, και αφες τους νεκρους θαιγαι τους έαυτων YEKCOUG.

23 Και εμβαντι αυτώ εις το πλοιον, πκολουθησαν αυτώ 24 οι μαθηται αυτου και ιδους σεισμος με τας εγενετο εν τη θαλασσης ώστε το πλοιον καλυπτεσθαι υπο των κυματων:

the arose and gave bim entertainment. in the evening 16 they brought him several demoniacs: and he cast out the spirits with a word, and healed all that were sick: whereby was fulfilled what 17 Esaias the prophet said, * "Himself took our infirmities, and hare our diseations."

Now Jesus perceiving the 18 crowd about him, gave orders to pass over to the other fide of the lake. when a 19 certain scribe came to bim, and said, Master, I will follow you where-ever you go. Jesus replyed, the foxes 20 bave kennels, and the birds of the air have nests; but the son of man bath not where to lay his head. ano-21 ther of bis disciples said to bim, Lord, suffer me first to go and bury my father. but Jesus said to bim, fol-22 low me, and let the dead bury their dead.

When he went aboard the 23 vessel, his disciples sollowed him. and on a sudden so great 24 a storm arose at sea, that the ship was covered with the waves: but he was assess.

προσελθοντες οι μαθηται. αυ-TOU MITTICAL AUTON, REPORTECT Κυριε, σωσον ήμας, απολ-26 Aupera Kai Refer autois, τι δειλοι εστές ολιγοπιστοι ? τοτε ετερθεις επετιμήσε τοις ανεμοίς και τη θαλασση, KAL EFEVETO FARMY HEFARM 27 οι δε ανθρωποι εθαυμασαν, REPORTES, MOTAMOS ESTLY OUT TOG OTI KAI OI AVEHOI KAI ή θαλασσα ύπακουουσιν αυ-TW?

Και ελθοντι αυτώ εις το 28 περαν εις την χωραν τον Γερτεσηνων, ύπηντησαν αυτω δυο δαιμονιζομένοι, εκ των μνημειών εξερχομενοι, χάλε-TOI NIAV, WOTE UN LOXUELY τινα παρελθειν δια της όδου 20 EKELVIK. KAL LÔOU, EKPAEAV λεγοντες; Τι ήμιν και σοι» Ιπσου με του θεου? πλθες ώδε προ καιρου βασανισαι 30 ημας? πυ δε μακραν απ αυτων αγέλη χοιρων πολλων 2 ι βοσκομενη. οι δε δαιμονες πα-PEKALOUN AUTON, LEFONTES: ει εκβαλλεις ήμας, επιτρεψον ήμιν απελθείν εις την αγελην 22 TWV XOLDWY. KAL ELTEV AUτοις, υπαριτε. ά δε εξελθον-TEC ATTINBON EIG THE AFENDY των χοιρων: και ιδου, ώρμησε πασα ή αξελη Των χοιρών κατα του κοημνου εις την θαλασσαν, και α-33 πεθανον εν τοις ύδασινδε βοσκοντες εφυρον: και **ል**πελ~

25 Twy: autox δε εκαθευδε. και sleep. and his disciples came 25 and awaked bim, saying, Lord, save us : we are finking. and be answer'd, wby 26 are you afraid, o incredulous people? then be arose and rebuked the winds and the sea, and there was a great calm. but the cress 27 were all amaz'd; what is this man, said they, that even the winds and the feat obey bim?

> When he was arrived on 28 the other fide, in the country of the Gergesenes, two demoniaes met bim starting out of the tombs with fuch fury, it was not safe for any body to pass that way. and they 29 roar'd out, Jesus, thou in of God, what injury bave we done you? are you come bere to torment us before the time? and there was 20 a considerable herd of swine feeding, at some distance from them. So the devils 21 entreated him, faying, if you force us out, suffer us to retire into the berd of swine. and Jesus bad them go, ac-32 cordingly they came out, and went into the berd of swine: and immediately the berd of swine ran furiously down a precipice into the sea, where they were all drown'd. and 22 they that kept them fled a-Way

απελθοντες εις την πολιν, απητειλαν παντας και τὰ 34 των δαιμονιζομένων και εδους πασα ή πολις εξηλθεν εις συναντησιν τω Ιησους και εδοντες αυτονς παρεκαλεσαν όπως μεταβή απο των όριων αυτών.

Ι Και εμβας εις το πλοιονο διεπεράσες και πλθεν εις την 2 ιδιαν πολιν. דמו ולסטי חססσεφέρον αυτώ παραλυτικού επι κλινής βεβλημένον: και ιδων ο Ιπσους την πιστίν αυτων, είπε τω παραλύτι κω: θαρσει τεκνον, αφεωνται σοι αι άμαρτιαι σου-3 και ιδους Τινές Των Γραμμα-TEWN ELTON EN ECUTOIC: "00-4. τος βλασφημεί και ιδων δ Incour Tar Evolutionic au-דשי בוחבי ועם דו טובור ביי θυμεισθε πονηςα εν ταιςκαρ-5 diais vinus ? Ti rap sotiv EUROTICOTEDOVO ELTELVO ADEWY-Tal σου di auaptiai, 'n ειπειν, εγειρε και περιπατει? δίνα δε ειδήτε ότι εξουσιαν εχει ο ύιος του ανθρωπου επί της της αφιεναι αμαρτιαί. (TOTE REJE! TW TAPARUTIKE) εγερθεις άρου σου την κλινην. 7 KAL WHATE ELC TOP OLKOP GOD. 8 KAI EFEPDEIG ATTINDEN EIG TON OLKOY AUTOUidoptes de ci. οχλοι εθαυμάσαν, και εδοξασαν του θεον, τον δοντα εξουσιαν τοιαυτην τοις ανθεωποις.

way into the town, and told the whole story of what had huppen'd to the devils and their demoniacs. whereupon 34 the city went in a body to neet Jesus, and when they saw him they desir'd him to withdraw out of their country.

Being imbark'd, he pass'd 1 over, and came to bis own town, where they brought 2 a man on a bed, lying sick of the palfy: and Jefus percerving their faith, faid to the paralytic, take courage, my fon, thy fins are forgiven. wbereupon certain of the 3 scribes said within themselves, this man blasphemes. and 4 Tefus perceiving their reflations, said, why do you entertain so bad an opinion? for is it not as easy to say, 5. the fins are forgiven? as to fat, arife, and walk? only 6 it was fit you should know that the fon of man hath power on earth to forgive fins: arise, then, said be, to the paralytic, take up thy bed, and march home. and he arose, and returned to his family, at this the & multitude were amazed, and glorified God, for baving communicated such power to

Kai Tapaswo o Indous & KEIBENS EIDEN ANDOWAOD KADN-LEVOV ETI TO TELWIOV, MAT-BAION REPORTION: KAI REFEL αυτω, ακολουθει μοι και αναστας ηκολουθήσεν αυτω. 10 KAI EFEVETO AUTOU AVAKELUEVOU EV TH OIKIA, KAI IBOUS TONλοι τελωναι και αμαρτωλοι ENGONTES OUNDVEKEINTO TW Ιπσου και τοις μαθηταίς αυει του και ιδοντες δι Φαρισαιοι. ειπον τοις μαθηταίς αὐτου. διατι μετα των τελωνων και αμαρτωλών εσθιεί ο δι-12 δασκαλος ύμων? . σ δε Ιησους ακουσας είπεν αυτοις, ου χρειαν εχουσιν δί ισχυον-Τες ιατρου, αλλ δί κακως 13 EXOVIEC TODEUBEVTER DE MA-BETE TI ECTIV: " ENEON BENW " και ου θυσιαν ." ου ταρ τη θον καλεσαι δικαιους, αλλ αυαρτωλους.

As Jefus left that place, o be faro one Matthew by name, fitting at the custom boufe: and said to him. sollow me. and he rose and followed him: and while 10 Fesus was at table in Matthere's boule; leveral publicans and toofe people bappen'd to some in, who fat down with him and his discitles. which the Pharifees 11 observing, why, said they to his disciples, is your master so familiar with publicans and such longe people? Fe- 12 sus hearing that, said to them, they that are in health don't want a physician, but they that are fick. go then 1: and learn the meaning of that expression, * " I will " have mercy and not fa" erifice:" for I am not
come to call faints, but finners.

Then John's disciples came 14 to him and said, why do the Pharisees, as well as we, observe so many fasts, and your disciples keep none? Jesus answer'd them, can 15 the bride-men mourn, while the bridegroom is with them? the day indeed will come, when the bridegroom shall be taken from them, and then will be the time to sast. new cloth is never patch'd 16 upon

18 Ταυτα αυτου λαλουντος αυτοκ, ιδου, αρχων είς ελθων προσεκυνει αυτώ, λεγων: ή θυγατηρ μου αρτι
ετελευτησεν: αλλα ελθων,
επιθες την χειρα σου επ' αυ19 την, και 'ίπσεται. και εγερθεις ό Ίπσους ηκολουθησεν αυτώ, και οἱ μαθηται
αυτου.

20 Και ιδους τυνη αιμορφοουσα σα δωδεκα ετης προσεκθουσα οπισθενς ήψατο του κρασσπεδου του ίματιου αυτου21 εκεγε γαρ εν έαυτης εαν μονου αψωμαι του ίματιου
22 αυτους σωθησομαι ὁ δε Ιησου επιστραφεις και ιδων αυτηνς είπες θαρσει θυγατεριή πιστις σου σεσωκε σεκαι εσωθη ή γυνη απο της ώρας εκεινης.

23 Και ελθων ο Ιπσους εις Την οικιαν του αρχοντος, και ιδων τους αυλητας, και τον οχλον θορυβουμενον, λε-24 γει αυτοις: αναχωρειτε, ου upon an old garment: for the patch will draw the garment, and rend it still worse.
neither do men put new wine 17
into old skins: if they should,
the bottles will burst, so that
the wine will be lost and the
skins be spoil d: but they
put new wine into new
skins, whereby both are
preserved.

Whilf he thus entertain'd 18 them, the ruler of the synagogue came and made his address to him, saying, my daughter is upon the point of death: but come and lay thy hand upon her, and she shall live. so Jesus arose, 19 together with his disciples, and sollow'd him.

When a woman, who had 20 been troubled with an hamorrhage twelve years, came behind him, and touch'd the hem of his garment. for she 21 said within her self, if I do but touch his garment, I shall he cured: but Jesus turned 22 about, and looking upon her, said, daughter lay aside your sears, thy saith hath cured thee: and the woman was cured from that instant.

When Jesus came to the 23 ruler's house, he found a set of flute-players and a crowd of people making a lament-able cry, and he said so them, 24

with-

γαρ απεθανε Το κορασιον, αλλα καθευδει· και κατεγε25 λων αυτου· οτε δε εξεβληθη ο οχλος, εισελθων εκρατησε της χειρος αυτης: και
26 ηγερθη το κορασιον· και
εξηλθεν ή φημη άυτη εις ολην την γην εκεινην·

27 Και παραγοντι εκειθεν τω Ιπσους πκολουθησαν αυτω δυο τυφλοι κραζοντες, και REPORTES: EXENTOR THAT THE 28 Δαβιδ. ελθοντι δε εις την οικιαν, προσπλθον αυτω δι TUDADIS KALI KETEL ATUTOIS O Ιπσους: πιστευετε ότι δυ-Vapal Touto Toingal? he 29 TOUGIV AUTW: VAI KUPIE TOτε ήψατο των οφθαλιών αυτων, λετων: κατα Τπν πιστιν ύμων ξενηθητω ύμιν-30 και ανεωχθησαν αυτων οι οφθαλμοι: και ενεβριμησατο autoic o Indous, refun: o-31 ρατε μηδεις γινωσκετω- οι δε εξελθοντες διεφημισαν αυτον εν όλη Τη τη εκεινη-

εν ολή τη [η εκεινή32 Αυτων δε εξερχομενων, ιδου, προσηνεγκαν αυτω ανθρωπον κωφον δαιμονίζομε33 νου: και εκβληθεντος του
δαιμονιου, ελαλησεν ό κωφος:
και εθαυμασαν όι οχλοι, λεγοντες, ουδεποτε εφανη όυ34 τως εν τω Ισραηλ. όι δε
Φαρισαοι ελεγον, εν τω αρχοντι των δαιμονιών εκβαν
λει τα δαιμονια.

withdraw, for the maid is not dead, but asleep, and they treated him with contemptuous laughter, but when the 25 company were turn'd out, he went in, and grasping her hand, the maid rose up, the 26 fame whereof was spread over all the country.

As Jesus departed thence, 27 two blind men followed bim, crying out, fon of David, bave mercy on us. and when 28 be was got into the bouse, the blind men advanc'd: and Jesus said to them, do ye think I am able to effect this cure? they answer'd, yes, Lord. then be touched 29 their eyes, saying, according to your faith, be it unto you. and they had their fight: 30 but Jesus gave them a strict charge, saying, take care not to let any man know it; bowever when they were 31 gone, they spread abroad his fame thro all that country.

At their going out, a de-32 moniac was brought in, who was dumb. and when the 33 devil was cast out, the dumb man came to his speech; at which the people were amazed, saying, nothing like this was ever seen in Israel, but the Pharisees said, he 34 casteth out devils by the authority of the prince of the devils.

And

Kai repinger of Instouctas 35 πολεις πασας και τας κωμας διδασκων εν ταις συνατωταις αυτων, και κηρυσ-OWN TO EVALLENION THE BAσιλειάς και θεραπεύων πασαν νοσον και πασαν μα-26 λακιαν. ιδων δε τους οχλους. εσπλαςχνισθη περι αυτων, OTI TIOAN EOKUNHENDI KAL EOρίμμενοι ώσει προβαπα μη 27 EXOVTA TOLKEYA. TOTE RETEL τοις μαθηταις άυτου, ό μεν θερισμος πολυς, οι δε εργα-38 ται ολιτοι. δεηθητε ουν του κυριου Του θερισμούς όπως εκβαλη εργατας εις πον θε-

ρισμον άυτου·

Και προσκαλεσαμενος τους δωδεκα μαθητας άυτου, ε-δωκεν αυτοις εξουσιαν πνευματων ακαθαρτων, ώστε εκβαλλειν αυτα, και θεραπευειν πασαν νοσον και πασαν μαλακιαν·

2 Των δε δωδεκα αποστοκων τα ονοματα εστι ταυτα; πρωτος, Σιμων ό κετομενος Πετρος, και Ανδρεας ό
3 αδεκφος αυτου, Ιακωβος ό
του Ζεβεδαιου, και Ιωαννης
ο αδεκφος αυτου, Φικιππος,
καιΒαρθοκομαιος, Θωμας, και
Ματθαιος ό τεκωνης, Ιακωβος ό του Ακφαιου, και
Αεββαιος ό επικκηθεις Θαό4 δαιος, Σιμων ό Κανανιτης,
και Ιουδας ό Ισκαριωτης, ό
και παραδους αυτον-

And Jesus went about all 25 the towns and villages, teaching in their synagogues. preaching the gospel of the kingdom, and bealing diseases and diforders of every kind. but when he saw how the 36 multitude were fatigued and dispers'd like so many sheep without their Pastors, he was moved with compassion, and faid to bis disciples, the 37 haveft indeed is plentiful, but the labourers are few: entreat therefore the Lord of 28 the harvest, to send forth labourers into his barvell.

Jefus having called his twelve disciples, he gave them power to cast out unclean spirits, and to heal diseases and disorders of cvery kind.

Now the names of the 2 twelve apostles are these; the first is Simon, who is called Peter, then Andrew his brother, James the son 3 of Zebedee, and John his brother, Philip and Bartholomew, Thomas, and Matthew the publican, James the son of Alpheus, and Labbeus, whose sirname was Thaddeus, Simon the zelot, and Judas 4 Istariot, who also betrayed him.

5 TOUTOUS TOUS OWN OFKA Aπεστειλεν ο Ιπσους, παραγ-TEINAS AUTOIS, RETWY: EIS OF COV εθνων μη απελθητε, και εις πολιν Σαμαρείτων μη εί- $\delta \sigma \in \lambda \theta n \tau \epsilon$ - $\pi o \rho \epsilon \nu \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon \delta \epsilon \mu \alpha \lambda \tau$ λον προς τα προβατα τα απολωλοτα οικου Ισραηλ-7 πορευομένοι δε κπρυσσέτε. REFORTER, OTI METIKEN TI BAGIδ λεια των ουρανων- ασθενουντας θεραπεύετε, λεπρούς καθαρίζετε, [VEKPOUC ETEIPETE] ζαιμονια εκβαπλετε: δωρεαν ελαβετε, δωρεαν δοτε.

9 Μη κτησησθε χρυσον, μηδε αργυρον, μπδε χαλκον εις 10 τας ζωνας ύμων: μη πηραν εις όδον, μηδε δυο χιτωνας. μπδε ύποδηματα, μπδε ραβοους: αξιος γαρ ο εργατης της τροφης αυτου εστινεισελθητε, εξετασατε τις EV AUTH ALIOS EGTI: KAKEI HEIVATE EWS AV EEERONTE.

12 Εισερχομένοι δε εις την οικιαν, ασπασασθε αυτην. 13 και εαν μεν η ή οικια αξια, ελθετω ή ειρηνη ύμων επ' αυτην: εαν δε μη η αξια, ή ειςηνη ύμων προς ύμας επισ-14 Traphtw. Kal of Eay un δεξηται ύμας, μηδε ακουση TOUR LOTOUR WHENDY, EEEPXQUEVOL THE OIKIAS H THE HONEWS EKSIVNG, EKTIVÆEATE TOV KOγιοςτον των ποδων ύμων. 15 αμην λεγω υμίν, ανεκτοτερον εσται τη Σοδομών και

.. Jesus made these twelve 9 his missionaries, and gave them these instructions, don't go any where among the Gentiles, nor enter into any city of the Samaritans. but 6 go rather to the lost sheep of the bouse of Israel. and wherever ye go, make this proclamation: the kingdom of heaven is nigh, heal the 8 sick, cleanse the lepers, raise the dead, cast out devils: what ye have received gratis, give gratis.

Provide neither gold nor 9 silver, nor brass in your purses: nor scrip for your 10 journey, neither two coats. nor shoes, nor staves: for the workman deserves bis maintenance. whatever city or 11 town ye enter into, find out some bouse of repute, and there lodge till ye leave that place.

As soon as ye enter into 12 any bouse, salute the family. if the family be worthy, 13 your benediction shall have its effect; but if it be not worthy, it shall only redound to your own advantage. if 14 they should not receive you, nor mind your instructions: when ye depart out of that bouse, or city, shake off the pagan dust from your feet. I declare unto you, the peo- 15 ple of Sodom and Gomorrha

Mall

To-

Γομορρων εν ημερα κρισεως, η τη πολει εκεινη-

16 Ιδου, ειω αποστελλω ψ μας ως προβατα εν μεσω אטκων: γινεσθε ουν φρονιμοι ώς οι οφεις, και ακεραιοι ώς 17 au mepiotepai : mpootexete de απο των ανθοωπων, παρα-ששום בשל בשל בול ששים בול שעיב-Spia Kai EV Tais συναγωγαις άντων μαστίζωσουσιν ύμας. 18 και επι ήγεμονας δε και βασιλεις αχθησεσθε ένεκεν εμου. εις μαρτυριού αυτοις και τοις 19εθνεσιν. όταν δε παράδιδωσιν ύμας, μη μεριμνήσητε πως, η τι λαλησητε: δο-Ondetal Tap Duly EV EKELYN 20 τη ώρα τι λαλήσετε ου Γαρ THEIR EGTE OF NANDUNTER, αλλα το πνευμα του πατρος 21 υμών Το λαλουν εν υμιν. παραδωσει δε αδελφος αδέλ-Φον εις θανατον, και πατηρ ΤΕΚΥΟΥ; Και επαναστησον-TAL TEKYA ETL FOVEIGO KAL 22 θανατωσουσιν αυτους- και εσεσθε μισουμενοι ύπο παντων δια το ονομα μου: ο δε ύπομεινας εις τελος, ουτος σωθησεται.

23 Οταν δε διωκωσιν ύμας εν τη πολει ταυτη, φευγετε εις την αλλην: αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, ου μη τελεσητε shall find less severity in the day of judgment, than that city.

. By your mission you will 16 be expos'd like sheep in the midst of wolves: be then as circumspett as serpents, and as inoffensive as doves: be 17 upon your guard with such men, for they will deliver you up to their tribunals, and scourge you in their synagogues. and ye shall be 18 brought before governors and kings upon my account, to bear testimony of me to them and the rest of the Gentiles. but 19 when they take you into custody, be not sollicisous. bow or what ye shall speak, for at the very instant you shall be inspired what to say. for it is not properly you that 20 speak, but the spirit of your father that speaketh by you. then the brother shall be-21 tray bis brother to death, and the father bis child: and children shall rise up against their parents, and be the instruments of their death. and ye shall be hated by all 22 the world for professing my name: but be that perfeveres unto the end, shall escape.

Then if they persecute you 23 in one city, sly to another: for I assure you, before you have preach'd thro' all the

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τας πολεις του Ισραπλ, έως αν ελθη ο ύιος του ανθρωπου. 24 OUR EST! MACHTING UNED TON διδασκαλον, ουδε δουλος ύ-25 TEP TOV KUPIOV AUTOU- APKEτον τω μαθητη ίνα Γενηται ώς ο διδασκαλος αυτου. και ο δουπος ώς ο κυριος αυτου: ει τον οικοδεσποτην Βεελζεβουβ εκαλεσαν, ποσω μαλλον Τους οικιακους αυ-26 του? μη ουν φοβηθητε αυτους: ουδεν ταρ εστι κεκαλυμμενον, ο ουκ αποκαλυφθησεται; και κρυπτον, ό ου 27 γνωσθησεται. ὁ λεγω ύμιν εν τη σκοτία, ειπατε εν τω φωτι: και ο εις το ους α-KOUETE, KNOUŽATE ETI TWY 28 δωματων. και μη φοβηθητε απο των αποκτενοντων το σωμά, την δε ψυχην μη δυναμενών αποκτείναι: Φο-Επθητε δε μαλλον τον δυναμενον και ψυχην και σωμα 29 apolegai en reenn. Ouxi δυο στρουθια ασσαριου πωλειται? και έν εξ αυτων ου πεσειται επι την συευ 30 του πατρος ύμων ; ύμων δε και αι τριχές της κεφαλης 31 πασαι πριθμημεναι εισι. μπ ουν φοβηθητε: πολλων στρουθιων διαφερετε ύμεις.

32 Πας ουν οστις ομολογησει εν εμοι εμπροσθεν των
ανθρωπων, ομολογησω καγω
εν αυτώ εμπροσθεν του πατρος μου του εν ουρανοις
33 πτις δ΄ αν αρνησηται με

EH-

cities of the Jews, the son of man will come. the disciple 24 is not above his master, nor the servant above bis lord. if the disciple fare as well 25 as bis master, and the servant as bis lord, is not that. sufficient? if they style the master of the bouse Beelzebub, much more will they call bis domestics so. fear 26 them not therefore: for there is nothing bid that shall not be revealed: or secret that shall not be made known, what I 27 tell you in private, declare it in publick: and what is whisper'd in the ear, proclaim from the battlements of the bouse. fear not those 28 who can only kill the body, but cannot burt the foul: rather fear him who is able to destroy both foul and body in * Gebenna. are not two 29 sparrows sold for a farthing? yet not one of them shall lose its life independently of your father, by whom the 30 very hairs of your head are all numbred: lay aside then 31 your fears, ye are of a fuperior rank to those animals.

Whosoever therefore shall 32 own me before men, him will I own likewise before my father who is in heaven. but whosoever shall renounce 33 me before men, him will I

See Chap. xviii. 8, 9.

εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων, артооная антон каты енπροσθέν του πατρος μου του 34 EV OUPAVOIG- UN VOILLONTE OTI πλθου βαλείν ειρπνην επί Την THY: OUK HADON BOTHELY ELOTI-25 νην, αλλα μαχαιραν. ηλθον γαρ διχασαι ανθρώπον κατα του πατρος άυτου. και θυγατερα κατα της υπτρος άυτης, και νυμφην κατα της 26 TEVOEPAS AUTING KAI EXPOSI του ανθρώπου, δι οικιακοι 37 AUTOU. O DIAWY TATEPA TI MATERA UTER EME, OUK ETTI μου αξιος: και ό φιλων ύιον η θυγατερα ύπερ εμε, ουκ 38 6071 μου αξιος- και ος ου καμβανει τον σταυρον αυτους και ακολουθεί οπισω μου, ουκ εστι μου αξιος. 20 0 EURWY THY WUXHY ACUTOUS απολέσει αυτην: και δ απο-REGAL THY WUXTH AUTOU EVE-KEY EMOU, EUCHOEL AUTHY-40 O SEXONEYOS VHASS EUE SE-XΕΤαι: και ο εμε δεχομενος, δεχεται τον αποστειλαντα

χεται: και ό εμε δεχομενος, δεχεται τον αποστειλαντα 4.1 με. ό δεχομενος προφητην εις ονομα προφητου, μισθον προφητου ληψεται: και ό δεχομενος δικαιον εις ονομα δικαιου, μισθον δικαιου ληψεται και ός εαν ποτισή ένα των μικρων τουτων ποτηριον ψυχρου μονον, εις ονομα μαθητου, αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου μη απολεσή τον μισθον άυτου.

also renounce before my father who is in beaven. don't 34 imagine that I am come to bring peace upon the earth: I came not to bring peace, my coming will 35 but war. occasion discord between the fon and bis father, between the daughter and her mother. between the daughter in law and her mother in law: even 36 a man's own domestics shall prove bis foes. be that 37 loveth father or mother more than me, is unworthy of me: he that loveth son or daughter more than me, is unworthy of me. and he that 28 does not take his cross, and so follow after me, is unworthy of me. be that would 29 preserve bis life, shall lose it: and be that exposeth his life for my sake, shall save it.

He that receives you, re-40 ceives me; and be that receives me, receives bim that
fent me. be that receives a 41 prophet in quality of a prophet, shall receive a prophet's reward; and be that receives a just man, as such, shall receive the reward of the just. and whoever shall give 42 only a cup of cold water to the meanest of you, considering him as my disciple, shall most assured; be far from losing his reward.

Kal ETEVETO OTE ETENEGEN ο Ιπσους διατασσων τοις δωδεκα μαθηταις άτιτου, μετεβη εκείθεν, του διδασκείν KAL KNOUGGELV EV TAIS TONE-2 σιν αυτων: ο δε Ιωαννής ακουσας εν τω δεσμωτηριω τα εργα του Χριστου: πεμψας δυο των μαθήτων άυ-3 του, ειπεν αυτώ, συ ει ο ερχομένος, η έτερον προσδο-4 κωμέν? και αποκριθεις δ Inσους, ειπεν αυτοις: πορευθεντες απαργειλατε Ιωαννη ά 5 AKOUETE KAI BRETETE: TUPROI αναβλεπουσι, και χωλοί περιπατουσι, λεπροι καθαριζουται, και κωφοι ακουούσι. VEKPOL EFELPOYTAL, KAL TTWXOL δευαττελίζονται· και μακαριος εστιν ός εαν μη σκανδαriagu er emoi-

7 Τουτων δε πορευομενων, πρέατο ο Ιπσους λεγείν Τοις οχλοις περι Ιωαννου: Τι εξ-MABETE EIG THY EPHLOY BEAσασθαι? καλαμονύπο ανε-🖇 μου σαλευομένου ? Γαλλα Τι εξηλθετε ιδειν? ανθρωπον εν μαλακοις ίματιοις πμφιεσμένον? ιδου, οίτα μαλακα *POCOUNTEG*, EN TOIC OIKOIC 9 των βασιλεων εισιν. αλλα Τι εξηλθετε ιδειν ? προφητην ? ναι, λεςω ύμιν, και περισσο-10 τερού προφητου. ουτός ταρ εστι περι ου γεγραπται: " ιδου, εγω αποστελλω τον " a:--

When Jesus had made an T end of giving his twelve difciples their instructions, be departed thence to go and preach to the Jews in their cities : in the mean time 2 John having heard in his confinement of the actions of Christ, he fent two of his disciples to ask him, art thou 2 be that was to come, or must we expett another? Jesus answered them, go and 4 relate to John, what you bear and what you fee: the 5 blind recover their sight, the lame walk, the lepers are cleansed, the deaf bear, the dead are raised, and the poor have the gospel preached to them. and bappy is be who 6 does not stumble at my appearance.

As they departed, Jesus 7 faid to the people, speaking of John, what did ye go to see in the desert? a reed sbaken with the wind? what 8 did ye go to see? a man dress'd in rich apparel? wby, they that are fo array'd belong to the court: or did 9 you go to see a prophet? yes, and be assured, one superiour to a prophet. for it is he 10 that is meant in that passage, " behold, I fend my mef-" fenger before thy face, " who shall prepare thy way " before

" αττελον μου προ προσω-" που σου, ός κατασκευασει " την όδον σου εμπροσ-II " DEN GOU." ALMY RETW U-MLY OUR ETHTEPTAL EN TENNT Τοις τυναικών μείζων Ιωαννου του Βαπτιστου: ο δε μι-KOOTEDOS EN TIL BAGINEIA TWY ουράνων, μειζων αυτου εσ-32 τιν- απο δε των ήμερων Ιωαννου Του Βαπτιστου έως αρτις ή βασιλεια των ουparwy Biatetai, Kai Biao-13 ται αρπαζουσιν αυτην. παν-TEC TEEP OF TROOPHTEEL KEEL O νομος έως Ιωαννου προεφητευ-14 σαν· και ει θελετε δεξασθαι. αυτος εστιν Ηλιας ο μελλων 15 ερχεσθαι ό εχων ωτα α-16 KOUEIN, AKOUETW. TIVE OF O-"HOLWOW THY FEVERY TRUTHY? όμοια εστι παιδίοις εν ατορα καθημενοις, και προσφωνουσι τοις έταιροις άυτων, 17 και λεγουσιν, " πυλπσαμεν " ύμιν, και ουκ ωρχησασ- ε θε, εθρηνησάμεν ύμιν, και 18 " συκ εκοψασθε." πλθε γαρ Ιωαννης μητε εσθιών, μητε πινων, και λεγουσι, δαιμο-19 νίου εχει· ηλθέν ο διος του Βανθρωπου εσθιων, και πινων, και λεγουσιν, ιδου ανθρωπος Φάτος και οινοποτής, Τέλω-**Ψνων Φίλος και αμαρτωλων:** " και εδικαίωθη ή σοφια " απο των τεκνων αυτης."

" before thee." I declare 11 unto you, among the whole race of prophets, there never appear'd a greater than John the Baptist: (notwithstanding, be that is least in the kingdom of the Messiab is greater than he.) 12 for ever fince the appearance of John the Baptist the gospel kingdom is as it were invaded, and people of the most violent passions enter into it with zeal. * for 13 all the prophets and the law were your guides, till the coming of John. and if ye will 14 believe me, be is the Elias that was to come. be that 15 bath ears to hear, let him bear. but to what shall I 16 compare this generation? they are like children sitting in the markets, and calling out to their fellows, " if we play 17 " a merry tune, you are " not for dancing; if we ce act a mournful part, " you are not in the bu-"mour." so John came 18 with fasting and abstinence, and they say, he is mad. the son of man does not ab-19 stain from eating and drinking, and they cry there's a glutton, and a fot, a friend of publicans and sinners: "but wisdom is justified by ber children."

TOTE

Then

^{*} John i. 17. Heb. i. 1.

Τοτε πρέατο ονειδιζειν τας πολεις εν άις εΓενονΤο άι πλεισται δυναμείς αυτου. 21 ότι ου μετενοπσαν. δυαι σοι Χοςαζιν, ουαι σοι Βηθσαι- $\delta \alpha_1$ oti ei ev Tudw kai Σ_i δωνι ετενοντο αι δυναμεις αι **Γενομεναι εν ύμιν, παλαι αν** εν σακκώ και σποδω με-22 τενοησαν. Ήλην λειω ύμιν, TUCW KAI SIGWI AVEKTOTE-POY EGTAL EN MUEPA KRIGEWS. 23 η υμιν. και συ Καπερνασυμ. ή έως του ουρανου ύψωθεισα, έως άδου καταβιβασθηση: ότι ει εν Σοδομοις EFEVOYTO À OUVALLEIS À FEVO-MEYAL EV GOL, EMELVAY AV ME-24 x ci The shuepay. Then heτω ύμιν, ότι τη Σοδομων AVEKTOTEPOV EGTAL EV HUEPA KOLOEWS TO OOL

25 Εν εκεινώ τω καιρώ αποκριθεις ο Ιπσους, ειπεν, "Εξο"μολογουμαι σοι, πατερ,
"Κυριε του ουρανου και
"της γης, ότι απεκρυψας
ταυτα απο σοφων και
συνετων, και απεκαλυψας
αυτα νηπιοις ναι ό πατηρ, ότι όυτως εγενετο ευ27" δοκια εμπροσθεν σου παντα μοι παρεδοθη ύπο του
"πατρος μου: και ουδεις
επιγινωσκει τον ύιον, ει

7a-

Then be began to upbraid 20 the towns where most of Bis miracles were wrought, for their not being converts. wo 21 unto thee. Chorazin, 4 wo unto thee, Bethfaida: for if the miracles which were done among you, bad been done in Tyre and Siden, they would have repented long ago in fackcloth and after. I declare unto you, Tyre and 22 Siden shall be treated with less severity at the day of judgment than you. and thou, 22 Capernaum, which art exalted to heaven, shalt be brought to destruction t for if the miracles which have been done in thee, had been done in Sodom, it would have subsisted even to this day. I tell you likewise, that in 24 the day of judgment, Sodom shall be treated with less feverity than you.

At the same time figus, 25 continuing his discourses, faid,

"I thank thee, O father,
"I for having revealed winto
"babes what thou hat hid
"from the wise and prudent.
"even so it is, sather, for 26
"fuch has been thy will.
"my father has instructed 27
"me in every thing; and
"no one knoweth the son,
"except the sather; nor
"does any one know the
"father,

" πατερά τις επιγινώσκει»
" ει μπ ο ύιος, και ώ εαν
" βουληται ο ύιος αποκα" λυψαι"

28 Δευτε προς με παντες δι κοπιωντες και πεφορτισμενοι, 29 καιω άναπαυσω ύμας αρατε τον ζυγον μου εφ ύμας και μαθετε απ' εμους ότι πραος ειμι, και ταπεινος τη καρδία: και έυρησετε αναπαυσιν ταις ψυχαις ύμων. 30 δ γαρ ζυγος μου χρηστος και το φορτιον μου εναφορον εστιν.

1. En ekeina ta katom ettoρευθη ο Ιπσους τοις σαββασι δια των σποριμωνς ά δε μα-Ontal autou exelvacay, kal MOZAVTO TINNELY OTAXUAS. 2 και εσθιείν. όι δε φαρισαιοι .ιδοντες, ειπον αυτω, ιδου, οι μαθηται σου ποιουσιν ο ουκ ECECTI TOLLIV EN GABBATW. 30 DE ELTEN AUTOIC, OUR AVETνωτε τι εποιπσε Δαβιδ, ότε ETELVACEV KAL OL HET AUTOU. ATOX ELONABED ELS TOD OLKOD TOU GEOU, KAI TOUK APTOUK της προβεσεως εφαιεν, ους OUK EZON THE QUITE PATELY, OU-SE TOIC HET AUTOU, EL HIN E TOIS ESPEUTI MOVOIS? n OUK · ανεγνωτε εν τω νομω, ότι τοις σαββασιν οἱ ἱερεις εν το ίερω το σαββατον βεβπλουσι, και αναι-6 Τιοι εισι? λεγω δε ύμιν ότι του ίερου μειζον εστιν wor.

" father, except the son, and he to whom the son is pleased to reveal him."

Believe in me, all ye that 28 labour under oppression, and I will give you relief. take 29 my yoke upon you, and learn to be meek like me, and of an humble temper: and ye shall enjoy tranquillity of mind. for my yoke is easy, 30 and my burden is light.

At that time as Jesus passd 1 through the corn on the fabbath day, bis disciples being bungry, pluck'd the ears of corn, and fell to eating. the 2 Pharisees seeing that, said to bim, see, your disciples are doing what is unlawful to do on the sabbath-day. be answer'd them, * have 3 ye not read what David and the rest of the company did when they were hungry, how A be entred into the bouse of God, and did eat the shewbread, which it was not lawful either for bim or bis company to eat, but only for the priests? or have ye not observed in the law, what a work the priests made in the temple on the sabbath-day, without being blamed? now 6 I tell you, that the work

* 1 Sam, xxi. 6.

7 ώδε ει δε εγνωκειτε τι εστιν, " επεον θεπω και ου " θυσιαν," ουκ αν κατεδικασατε τους αναιτιους.
8 Κυριος γαρ εστι του σαββατου ο ύιος του ανθρωπου.

9 Kai μεταβας εκείθεν, πλθεν εις την συναςωτην αυ-10 των. και ιδους ανθρωπος ην Την Χειρα εχων ξηραν: και επηρωτησαν αυτον. λεγοντες, ει εξεστι τοις σαββασι θεραπευείν? ίνα κατη-ΙΙ ΓΟΣΠΟωσιν αυτου. ο δε ειπεν αυτοις, τις εσται εξ ύμων α:θεωπος, ος έξει προβατον έν, και εαν εμπεση τουτο τοις σαββασιν εις βοθυνον, CUXI KPATNOLI AUTO KAL EFE-12 εει? ποσω ουν διαφερει ανποοβατου? ώστε θρωπος εξιστι, τοις σαββασι καλως 13 TOLEN? TOTE REFEL TW ONθρωπω: εκτεινού την χειρα σου ; και εξετείνε, και αποκατεσταθη ύτιης, ώς ή αλ-

λη.

14 Οι δε Φαρισαιοι συμβουλιον ελαβον κατ' αυτου εξελθοντες, όπως αυτον απολε15 σωσιν. ό δε Ιπσους γνους
ανεχωρησεν εκειθεν, και ηκολουθησαν αυτώ οχλοι πολλοι, και εθεραπευσεν αυτους
16 παντας. και επετιμησεν αυτον
τοις, ίνα μη φανερον αυτον
ποιη-

now in band, is of greater confequence than that of the temple. if ye had known the mean-7 ing of that expression, " I " will have mercy and not " facrifice," * ye would not have condemned the guiltless. for the sabbath is subservient 8 to men.

At his departure thence, 9 be went into their synagogue. where they brought a man 10 with a withered hand: and asked bim this insnaring question, is it lawful to beal on the fabbath-day? and be 11 answer'd, which of you all that should have one of his sheep sall into a pit on the sabbath-day, would not bestir bimself, and lift it out? is not a man of much greater 12 consequence than a sheep? bow lawful then is it to do good offices on the sabbathday? Then saith he to the 13 man, stretch out thy band: and be stretched it out : and it was made as found as the other.

Upon this the Pharifees 14 went out of the synagogue, and form'd a conspiracy against his life. but Jesus per-15 ceiving their design, withdrew himself thence, accompany'd by great multitudes, and he healed all their sick, charging them not to disco. 16

🗗 Hof. yi. 6.

17 ποιησωσιν. όπως πληρωθη το όπθεν δια Ησαιού του 18 προφητου, λεγοντος; " ιδου " ο παις μου, ον ήρετισα, ο " מן מאחדוסג µou, פוג מע פע-" δοκησεν ή ψυχη μου " θησω το πνευμα μου επ' " αυτου, και κρισιν τοις 19 " εθνεσιν απαγγελει ουκ « ερισει, ουδε κραυτασει, ου-" δε ακουσει Τις εν Ταις " πλατειαις την φωνην αυ-20" του καλαμον συντετριμ-" μενον ου κατεαξει, και " λινον Τυφομενον ου σβεσει, ες έως αν εκβάλη εις νικος 21 " THE KCIOTE KALLET TW OVO-" ματι αυτου εθνη ελπιουσι."

δαιμονίζομενος, Τυφλος και κωφος: και εθεραπευσεν αυτόν, ώστε τον τυφλον και κωφον και λαλειν και βλε-23 πειν. και εξισταντο παντες οι οχλοι, και ελεγον, "Μπτι" όυτος εστιν ό ύιος Δαβιό?" 24 μι δε Φαρισαιοι ακουσαντες, ειπον, όυτος ουκ εκβαλλει τα δαιμονια, ει μη εν τω Βεελζε-

Βουλ αρχοντι των δαιμο-

22 Τοτε προσηνεχθη αυτω

νιων.
25 Ειδως δε ο Ιπσους Τας ενθυμπσεις αυτων, ειπεν αυτοις, πασα βασιλεια μερισθεισα καθ έαυτης, ερημουται, και πασα πολις η οικια μερισθεισα καθ έαυτης, ου σταθη26 σεται. και ει ο σατανας τον

ver bim. fo that what was 17
faid by * Efaias the prophet,
was fulfill'd; " behold, my 18
" fervant whom I have

"chosen, my beloved in

" wohom my foul is well pleased: I will put my

" spirit upon bim, and be

" shall shew justice to the nations. he shall not strive, 19

" nor cry, neither shall any

" man bear his voice in the freets. a bruised reed 20

" shall be not break, and

" smoaking flax shall he not

"quench, till be bath made interiors. and in 21

" bis name shall the Gen-

" tiles truft."

Then they brought to him 22 a demoniac, who was both blind and dumb: and he cured bim so effectually, that he recovered both his speech and his sight; which made 23 the people cry out with amazement, "Is not this the "son of David?" but the 24. Pharifees upon hearing this said, he exorcizes devils, by virtue only of Beelzehub the prince of the devils.

Jesus perceiving what they 25 surmized, said to them, any kingdom once divided against itself will soon be desolate: nor can any city or house divided against itself, long subsists. if satan expels satan, 26

bε

σα-

σαταναν εκβαλλει, εφ εαυ τον εμερισθη, πως συν στα θησεται ή βασιλεια αυτου? 27 και ει εγω εν Βεελζεβουλ εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, οι υιοι υμων εν τινι εκβαλλουσι? δια τουτο αυτοι υμων εσον 28 ται κριται ει δε εγω εν πνευ-

28 ται κριται ει δε εςω εν πνευματι Θεου εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, αρα εφθασεν εφ' ύμας

29 ή βασιλεια του Θεου ή πως δυναται τις εισελθειν εις την οικιαν του ισχυρου, και τα σκευη αυτου διαρπασαι, εαν μπηρωτον δηση τον ισχυρού, και τοτε την οικιαν αυτου διαρπασει?

30 "Ο μη ων μετ' εμους κατ'
εμου εστι: κάι ο μη συναςων μετ' εμους σκορπι31" ζει." δια τουτο λεςω ύμινς πασα άμαρτια και
βλασφημια αφεθησεται τοις
ανθρωποις; ή δε του πνευματος βλασφημια ουκ αφεθησε32 ται τοις ανθρωποις, και ός αν
ειπη λοςον κατα του ύιου του
ανθρωπου, αφεθησεται αυτω
ός δ' αν ειπη κατα του πνευματος του άγιου, ουκ αφεθησεται αυτω ουτε εν τω νυν-

33 Η ποιπσατε το δενδρον καλον, και τον καρπον αυτου καλον; η ποιπσατε το δενδρον σαπρον, και τον καρπον αυτου σαπρον: εκ γαρ του καρπου το δενδρον γινωσκε-34 ται γεννηματα εχιόνων, πως δι-

αιωνι, ουτε εν τω μελλοντι.

be is divided against bimfelf: bow then shall his kingdom last? and if I by Beelze-27 bub exercize devils, by whom do your children exorcize them? wherefore even they shall be your judges. but if 28 I exorcize devils by the spirit of God, then the kingdom of God is set up among you. besides, bow could any one 29 enter into the house of a man of might to rob him of his goods, except be first master the strong man? and then indeed be might plunder bis bouse.

" He that is not for me, 30 " is against me: and be " that is not allive for me, " is a Deferter." subere- 21 fore I declare to you, all manner of sin and blasphemy shall be forgiven men; but blaspheming the boly Spirit. shall not be forgiven them. 32 and if any one speaks against the son of man, it may be forgiven him: but if any one speaks against the boly spirit, it shall not be forgiven bim, neither in this age, nor in that to come.

Either allow the tree to 33 be good, and its fruit good; or else say the tree is corrupt, and its fruit corrrupt: for a tree is distinguished by its fruit. O degenerate race, 34 bow can ye, wicked as ye

δυνασθε αγαθα καλειν, πογηροι οντες? εκ. γαρ "του
"περισσευματος της καρδιας
35 "το στομα καλει" ο αγαθος ανθρωπος εκ του αγαθου
θησαυρου εκβακλει τα αγαθα:
και ο πονηρος ανθρωπος εκ
του πονηρου θησαυρου εκβακ36 κει πονηρα: κεγω δε ύμιν στι
παν ρημα αργον, ο εαν κακησωσιν οι ανθεωποι, απο-

δωσουσι περι αυτου λογον 37 εν ήμερα κρισεως. εκ γαρ των λογων σου κατα- δικασθηση.

38 Τοτε απεκριθησαν τινες των Γραμματεων και Φαρισαιων, περοντες, διδασκαπε, θεπομεν απο σου σημειον ιδείν. 39 ο δε αποκριθείς, είπεν αυτοίς.

Γενεα πονηρα και μοιχαλις σημειον επίζητες, και σημειον
ου δοθησεται αυτη, ει μη το
σημειον Ιωνα του προφητου:
40 ώσπερ γαρ ην Ιωνας εν τη

κοιλια του κητους τρεις ήμερας και τρεις νυκτας: ουτως εσται ο ύιος του ανθρωπου εν τη καρδία της της τρεις ή-

41 μερας και Τρεις νυκτας ανόρες Νινευιται αναστησονται εν τη κρισει μετα της
γενεας ταυτης, και κατακρινουσιν αυτην: ότι μετενοησαν εις το κηρυγμα Ιωνα;
και ιδου, πλειον Ιωνα ώδε.

42 βασιλισσα νοτου εξερθησεται εν τη κρισει μετα της τενεας ταυτης, και κατα-

are, utter any thing that is good? for "tis the over-" flowing of the heart that " the mouth dischargeth." a good man out of the good 25 treasure produces good things: and an evil man, out of the evil treasure, produces evil things, but I declare unto 26 you, that men shall give an account at the day of judgment, of every scandalous expression they utter. for by 37 thy words thou shalt be justified, and by thy words thou shalt be condemned.

Then certain of the Scribes 38 and of the Pharisees said, master, we should be glad you would shew us some miracle. but he answered them, 39 this wicked degenerate race demand a miracle; but no cther miracle shall they have except that of the prophet Jonas. for as Jonas was 40 three days and three nights in the whale's belly: so shall the fon of man be three days and three nights in the heart of the earth. the men of 41 Nineveb shall rife in judgment against this generation, and shall condemn it, because they were converted at the preaching of Jonas, and now there is one superiour to fonas berc. the queen of the 42 fouth shall rife up at the day of judgement against this go-

keivei 2 neration.

KDIVEL AUTHY: OTI MABEY EK TWY TEPATWY THE THE AROUS AL την σοφιαν Σολομωντος: και ιδου πλειον Σολομωντος wit.

43 OTAY DE TO AKABASTOY πνευμα εξελθη απο του ανθρωπου, διερχεται δί ανυδρων τοπων, ζητουν αναπαυσιν. 44 KOL OUX EUDIOKEL- TOTE DE-TELS ETIGTPEWW EK TON OF κον μου, όθεν εξηλθον; και ελθου, ευρισκει σχολαζοντα. σεσαρωμένον, και κεκοσμή-45 HEYOV. TOTE TOPEUETAI, KAI παραλαμβανει μεθ έαυτου έπτα έτερα πνευματα πονπροτερα έαυτου, και εισελ-BOYTA KATOIKEI EKEL I KALFI-VETAL TA EOXATA TOU AV θρωπου εκεινου χειρονά Των TOWTWY- OUTWS ECTAL KAL Τη Γενεα Ταυτή Τη πονήρα.

ETI DE QUTOU NANDUNTOS τοις οχλοις, ιδου, ή μπτηρ και οι αδελφοι αυτου έιστηκεισαν εξω, ζητουντες αυτω

47 NANDAI. EITE DE TIS AUTWS ιδου, ή μητης σου και δι αοελφοι σου έξω έστηκασι.

48 ζητουντες σοι λαλησαι. ο δε αποκρίθεις, είπε τω είποντι αυτω: τις εστιν ή μητηρ μου, και τινες εισιν οι αδελ-

49 pol mou? Kal EKTELVACTHY χειρα άυτου επι τους μαθητας άυτου, είπεν, ιδου ή μπτηρ μου, και οι αδελφοι 50 HOU- COTK FOR AV HOLHON

neration, and fhall condemn it: for fbe came from the remote parts of the earth to bear the wisdom of Solomon. and now a greater than Solomon is here.

- When an unclean fpirst is 43 gone out of a man, be roams about the deserts, seeking rest, and findeth none. I will re-44 turn then, says be, into my boufe, which I have quitted & and when he is come, he findeth it empty, fwept, and wirnished. then he goes and 45 takes seven other spirits besides himself, but more mifchievous than himself, and they all enter in and lodge: there: so that the last state of that man is worfe than: the first. just so shall it likewife fare with this wicked generation.

Now while he was talking 46 to the people, bis mother and bis brothers stood without. defiring to speak with bim. then some body said to him, 47 your mother and your brothers are without, and desire to speak with you. but Je-48 sus answered the man that told bim, who is my mother? and who are my brothers? and bolding out bis band 49 towards bis disciples, see there, faid be, my mother, and my brothers. for wbo- 50 svever shall do the will of my father,

το θελημα του πατρος μου του εν ουρανοις, αυτος μου αδελφος, και αδέλφη, και

MITTIP ECTIV-

1 Εν δε τη ήμερα εκεινή εξελθων ο Ιπσους απο της οικιας, εκαθητο παρα την θαλασ-2 σαν. και συνηχθησαν προς αυτον οχλοι πολλοι, ώστε αυτον εις το πλοιον εμβαντα καθησθαι: και πας ο οχλος επι τον αιγιαλον είστηκει.

3 Kan exarmory autoic frorλα εν παραβολαις, λεγων, ιδου, εξηλθεν ο σπειρών του Ασπειρείν· και εν τω σπειρείν αυτον, ά μεν επέσε παρα την όδον: και πλθε τα πε-TELYA, KAL KATEPATEY AUTA-5 αλλα δε επεσεν επι τα πε-Τρωδη, όπου ουκ ειχε [ην πολλην: και ευθεως εξάνετειλε, δια το μη εχειν βα-6 BOG MY : MAJOU DE AVATELAAVτος εκαυματισθη, και δία το μη εχειν ρίζαν, εξηρανθη. 7 ADDA DE ETIETEN ETTI TAG Aκανθας, και ανεβπσαν αι ακανθαι, και απεπνίξαν αυαλλα δε επεσεν επι Την την την καλην. και εδιδου καρπον, ο μεν έκατον. ο δε έξηκοντα, ο δε τρια-O KOVTA. O EXWY WTA AKOUELY. akouetw.

10 Και προσελθοντες α μαθηται, είπον αυτώ: διατι εν παραβολαις λαλεις αυ-11 τοις? ο δε αποκριθείς, είπεν father, who is in heaven, he is my brother, and fister, and mother.

The same day went Jesus a out of the bouse, and sat by the sea-side. and there was 2 so great a croud of people got about him, that he was oblig'd to go into a bark, where he sat, while the people all stood on the shore.

Then he talk'd to them 3 much in parables, and said, a sower went out to sow. and in sowing, part of the 4 grain fell in the bigh-way, and the fowls light and peck'd them up: another part fell 5 upon stony places, where it bad not much earth: and it soon sprung up, because the soil was shallow: so that as 6 the sun arose it was scorched, and for want of root, withered away. another 7 part fell among thorns: and the thorns grew up and choked it. but another part fal- & ling upon good soil, became fruitful, fome grains yielding an bundred, some sixty, and some thirty. be that bath 9 ears to bear, let him bear.

And the disciples came, and 10 said to him, why do you speak to them in parables? to whom he answered, he-11

cause

αυτοις: ότι ύμιν δεδοται γνωναι τα μυστήρια της βα-GINELACTWY OUPAYWYS EKELYOIS 12 δε ου δεδοταί ο όστις τας εχει δοθησεται αυτώ, και περισσευθησεται; οστις δε OUK EXELS KAI O EXELS APON-13 σεται απ' αυτου. δια τουτο εν παραβολαις αυτοις NANWS OTI BRETONTES OU BRE-ZOUGIS KZI ZKOUOVTECOUK Z-14 κουουσινό ουδε συνιουσι. και αναπληρουται αυτοις ή προφητεια Ησαιου, ή λειουσα, " axon akoudete, kal ou " μη συνητε: και βλεπον-" τες βλεψετές και ου μπ " ιδητε· επαχυνθη γαρ ή " καρδία του λαου τουτου, " και τοις ωσι βαρεως π-" κουσαν, και τους οφθαλ-" μους άυτων εκαμμυσαν, " μηποτειδωσι τοις οφθαλες μοις, και τοις ωσιν ακου-" σωσι, και τη καρδία συ-" νωσι, και επιστρεψωσι, " Kal ιασωμαι αυτους. 16 ύμων δε μακαριοι οι οφθαλμοι, ότι βλεπουσι: και τα 17 ωτα ύμων, ότι ακουει. αμην ζαρ λεγω ύμιν, ότι πολλοι προφηται και δικαιοι επεθυμησαν ιδειν ά βλεπετε. και ουκ ειδον: και ακουσαι a akouste, kal ouk nkou-GAS.

cause you are allowed to know. the mysteries of the gospeldispensation, but to them it is not allowed. for to bim 12 that uses what he has, shall be given, and be shall bave abundantly: but from bim that uses it not, shall be taken away, even what be hath. therefore speak I to 13 them in parables: because they over-look what they fee : and are inattentive to what. they bear, neither will they comprehend. and in them is 14 fulfilled that prophecy of Esaias, * " by bearing ye shall " bear, and shall not under-" stand: and seeing ye shall " see, and shall not perceive. " for the heart of this peo-15 " ple is waxed gross, and " their ears are dull of bear-" ing, and their eyes they " bave closed; lest at any " time they should see with " their eyes, and hear with " their ears, and under-" ftand with their beart, " and should be converted, " and I should beal them." but happy are you that your 16 eyes bave sight; and that your ears have their hearing. for I declare unto you, that 17 many prophets and just men bave desired to see what ye see, and bave not seen it: and to bear what ye bear. and bave not beard it.

Υμεις

* Ifa. vi. 9.

Hear

18 THER OUT AROUGATE THY παραβολην του σπειροντος. 19 παντος ακουούτος του λογού της βασιλείας, και μη συνι-εντος, ερχεται ο πουπρος, και άσπαζει το εσπαρμένον εν τη καρδία αυτου: ουτος έστιν ο παρα την όδου σπαρεις. 20 ο δε επι τα πετρωδη σπα-PEIC. OUTOR EGTIN O TON NO-**Γου ακουων, και ευθυς μετα** χαρας λαμβανων αυτον: 21 OUK EXEL DE DILAV EN ÉAUTW, αλλα προσκαιρος έστι: revouseurs de briveres n diwinou δια Τον λογον, ευθυς σκαν-22 BANILETAI. 6 DE EIG TAG ακανθας σπαρεις, δυτος εστιν ό τον λογον ακουων: και ή μεριμνα του αιωνός τουτου, και ή απατη του πλουτου *סטומדיורבו* דסי אסרסי, אמו מ-23 KAPTICK TIVETAL. O DE ETIL THY THE THE KARNE OTTACEIS, OU-TOC ECTIV & TON ADTON EKOUων και συνιων: ός όη καρ-TOPOPEL, KAL TOLEL, O LLEV 5κατον, ο δε έξηκοντα, ο δε TPIAKOVTA.

24 Αλλην παραβολην παρεθηκεν αυτοις, λεγων. ώμοιωθη η βασιλεια των ουρανων ανθρωπω σπειροντι καλου σπερμα εν τω αγρω άυ25 του. εν δε τω καθευδείν τους
ανθρωπους, ηλθεν αυτου ο
εχθρος.

Hear then the meaning of 18 this parable of the fower. when any one heareth the 10 doctrine of the gospel, and considers it not, then comes the wicked one, and catches away what was fown in his heart: be is the person meant by the bigh-way, where some of the seed was sown: but the stony ground, where 20 other seed fell, denotes the man that beareth the word, and at first receives it with pleasure: but having no 21 root in him he has only an occasional faitb: for as soon as any oppression or persecution arises upon account of the gospel, he presently relapses. be that is meant by 22 the thorny ground, where cther feed fell, is one that beareth the word: which by eares of this life, and the deceitful love of riches, is soon stifled, and becomes unfruitful: but the ground that 23 received the grain, represents those, who bear the word, and consider it, who all become fruitful, some in one degree, and some in another.

Another parable be pro-24 pos'd to them in these words. the state of the gospel in this world may be compar'd to a man who sowed good grain in his sield: but while the 25 people slept, his enemy came and

εχθρος και εσπείρε ζίζανια AVA METOV TOU OITOU, KAL 26 ammilien ore de elemation σεν δ χορτος, και καρπον εποιπσε, τοτε εφανή και τα 27 ζιζανια. προσελθοντες δε ά δουλοι του οικοδεσποτου, ειπου αυτώ, Κυριε, συχι καλου σπερμα εσπειρας εν Τω σω αγρω? ποθεν ουν εχει τα 28 Lilana? o de con autois. εχθρος ανθρωπος τουτο εποιησεν τοι δε δουλοι ειπον συσ τω, θελεις συν απελθοντες 29 συλλεξωμεν αυτα ? ο θε εφη, ου, μηποτε συλλεγοντες τα Cicavia, expicuonte aua au-SOTOIS TON GITON. ADETE GUYαυξανεσθαι αμφοτερα μεχρι TOU BEPLOTHOU: KAL EY TW KALρώ του θερισμού ερω τοις θερισταις: συλλεξατε πρωτον τα ζιζανια, και δησατε αυτα εις δεσμας, προς το κατακαυσαι αυτα: τον δε SITOV SUVATATETE EIG THY αποθηκην μου-

31 Αλλην παραβολην παρεθηκέν αυτοις; λεγων, όμοια εστιν ή βασιλεία των ουρανων κοκκώ σιναπεως, όν λαβων ανθρώπος εσπείρεν εν 32 τω αγρώ άυτου. ό μικροτερον μεν εστι παντών των σπερματών, όταν δε αυξήθη, μείζον των λαχανών εστί και γινεται δενδρον, ώστε ελθείν τα πετείνα του ουρανου, και κατασκηνούν εν τοις κλαδοίς αυτου.

and fowed tures among the. wheat, and went bis way. but when the blade was 26 forume up, and bore grain, the tares appeared too. fo the 27 servants of the yeoman came and faid, Sir, did not you fow your field with good grain: bow comes it then to bave tares? 'tis some ene-28 my, said be, bas done this. the fervants replied, shall we go then and pull them up? no, said be, lest in pulling up 29 the tares, you should root up the wheat with them. 30 let both grow together till the barvest: and in the time of barvest I will thus direct the reapers, first of all gather the tares, and bind them in bundles to burn them: then lodge the wheat in my barn.

He propos'd another pa-31 rable to them, which was this; the gospel-state is like a grain of mustard-seed which a man took to sow in his field. 'tis one in-32 deed of the smallest grains: but when it is grown, it is the largest of the pulse kind, and becomes a tree: so that the birds of the air come and lodge in its branches.

33 Αλλην παραβολην ελαλησεν αυτοις: ομοία εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανών ζυμη, ήν λαβουσά τυνη ενε-Κρυψέν εις αλευρού σατα τοια, έως ου εζυμωθη όλον.

34. Ταυτα παντα ελαλησεν δ Ιησους εν παραβολακ τοκ οχλοις, και χωρις παραβολης 35 OUK ENANEL AUTOIS. πληρωθη το ρηθεν δια του προφητου, λεγοντος, " ανοιξω " εν παραβολαις το στομα " μου , ερευξομαι κεκρυμ-" μενα απο καταβολης κοσ-

" μου∙" 36 Τοτε αφεις τους οχλους, πλθεν εις Την οικιαν ο Ιησους. και προσηλθον αυτώ οι μαθηται αυτου, λεγοντες, φρασον ήμιν την παραβολην των 37 ζιζανιών του αγρου. αποκριθεις, ειπεν αυτοις: ο σπειρών Το κάλον σπερμά, εστίν δ ύιος του ανθρωπου. 38 ο δε αγρος εστιν ο κοσμος: το δε καλον σπερμα, ουτοι εισιν οι ύιοι της βασιλειας: τα δε ζιζανια, εισιν οι ύιοι 39 του πονπρου: ο δε εχθρος ο σπειρας αυτας εστιν ο διαβολος: ο δε θεμσμος, συν-ΤΕλΕΙΆ ΤΟυ αιωνός ΕσΤίν: οι δε θερισται, αγγελοι εισιν-40 ώσπερ ουν συλλεγεται τα ζιζανία, και πυρι καιεται, ουτως εσται εν τη συντε-REIA TOU ALWYS TOUTOU. ò vios tou av-4፤ *ጳፕባ*ሪፐ<u>ነ</u>入፤ θρωπου

Another of his parables 33 was this; the gospel-state is like unto leaven, which a woman took and mixt with three measures of meal, till the whole was leavened.

All these things spake 7e-34 sus to the multitude in parables, and did not discourse to them without some parable. so that this saying of the pro-35 phet was fulfilled, " I will " talk in parables, I will " utter what has been kept " secret from the foundation " of the world."

Then Jesus leaving the 36 multitude, went into the bouse: and bis disciples coming to bim, said, explain to us the parable of the tares of the field. be answered them, 37 be that soweth the good seed, is the son of man: the field 38 is the world: the good seed are the children of the kingdom: but the tares are the children of the wicked one: the enemy that sowed them is 39 the devil: the barvest is the conclusion of the age: and the reapers are the angels. as then the tares are gathered 40 and burnt in the fire; so shall it be at the conclusion of the age. the fon of man shall 41 send sorth his angels, and they shall gather out of his kingdom all that make others offend,

θρωπου τους αγγελους αυτους και συλλεξουσιν εκ της βασοιλείας αυτου παντα τα σκανδαλας και τους ποιουν-

42 Τας Την ανομιαν ; και βαλουσιν αυτους εις την καμινον του πυρος : εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ βρυγμος των

43 οδοντων τοτε οι δικαιοι εκλαμψουσιν ως ο ήλιος, εν τη βασιλεια του πατρος αυτων. ο εχων ωτα ακουειν, ακουετω.

44 Παλίν όμοια εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων θησαυρω κεκρυμμενώ εν τω αγρώ, όν ευρων ανθρωπος εκρυψες και απο της χαρας αυτου ύπαγεις και παντα όσα εχει, πωλεις και αγοραζει τον αγρον 45 εκεινον

Παλιν όμοια εστιν ή βασι
λεια των ουρανων ανθρωπω

46 εμπορω, ζητουντι καλους

μαργαριτας: ός ευρων ένα

πολυτιμον μαργαριτην, απελθων πεπρακε παντα όσα

47 είχες και προρασεν αυτονΠαλιν όμοια εστιν ή βασιλεία των ουρανών σαρηνή
βληθείση είς την θαλασσαν,
48 και εκ παντος ρενούς συναραρουση: ήνς ότε επληρωθης αναβιβασαντες επί τον
αιριαλούς και καθισαντες
συνελεξαν τα καλα είς αρ49 ρείας τα δε σαπρα εξώ εβαλούς όυτως εσταί εν τη
συντελεία του αιώνος: εξελευσούται δι αρρελοίς και

fend, and those who do iniquity; and shall cast them 42 into a surnace of sire: there shall be wailing and gnashing of teeth. then shall the just 43 shine out like the sun, in the kingdom of their sather. he that hath ears to hear, let him hear.

Again, the kingdom of bea-44 ven is like a treasure bid in a field: a man finds this trea-sure and buries it again, then goes in great joy, sells all that be bath, and purchases that field.

Again, the heavenly king-45 dom is like a merchant-man, who is in quest of curious pearls: and meeting with one 46 of great value, presently sells all that he has to make the purchase.

Again, the gospel-kingdom 47 is like a net that is cast into the sea, and draws all sorts of fish: when it 48 is full, they drag it to shore, then sit down, and pick out the good to lay by, but throw the bad away. so it shall be at the end 49 of the world: the angels shall come forth, and after they have separated H 2 the

αφοριουσι τούς πονηρους εκ 50 μεσου των δικαιων, και βαπουσιν αυτους εις την καμινον του πυρος: εκει εσται
δ κπαυθμος και δ βρυγμος των
οδοντων.

51 Λεγει αυτοις ὁ Ιπσους, συνηκατε ταυτα παντα? κεγουσιν αυτω, ναι Κυριε. 52 ὁ δε ειπεν αυτοις, δια τουτο πας γραμματευς μαθητευθεις εις την βασιλειαν των ουρανων, ὁμοιος εστιν ανθρωπω οικοδεσποτη, όστις εκβαλλει εκ του θησαυρου αυτου καινα και παλαια.

53 Kai eseveto, ôti etensoev ο Ιπσους τας παραβολας 54 ταυτας, μετηρεν εκείθεν, και ελθων εις την πατριδα άυτου. εδιδασκεν αυτους εν τη συναγωγη αυτων: ώστε εκπληττεσθαι αυτους, και λεγειν, ποθεν τουτω ή σοφια άυτη, και άι δυναμεις? 55 OUX OUTOS ECTIV O TOU TEKτονος ύιος? ουχι ή μητηρ αυτου λεγεται Μαριαμ, και οι αδελφοι αυτου Ιακωβος, και Ιωσης, και Σιμων, και 36 Ιουδας ? και αι αδεπφαι αυτου ουχι πασαι προς π μας εισι? ποθεν ουν τουτω 57 TAUTA TAYTA? KAL ECKAY δαλιζοντο εν αυτω. ὁ δε Ιη-GOUS ELTTEN AUTOIS. OUR EGTI προφητης ατιμος, ει μη εν τη πατριδί άυτου, και εν τη 58 OIKIA AUTOU- KAI OUK ETTOINGEY εκει δυναμεις πολλας, δια την απιστιαν αυτων.

the wicked from the just, 50 they shall cast the wicked into the furnace of fire: there shall be wailing and gnashing of teeth.

Then Jesus said to them, 5% have ye understood all this? they reply'd, yes, Lord. then 5% said he to them, thus every teacher who is instructed in the doctrine of the gospel, is like the master of a family, who taketh out of his treasure things new and old.

When Jesus bad finished 53 these parables, be departed thence, and when he was come 54 into bis native country, be taught them in their synagogue, in such a manner that they cry'd out with astonishment, bow came this man by all this wisdom, and extraordinary power? is not this the 55 carpenter's son? is not Mary bis mother ? and James, and Joses, and Simon, and Judas, are they not his brothers? and his sisters, don't 56 they live just by us? how came be then by all this? and they were scandaliz'd at 57 bim. but Jesus said to them, a prophet is not without bonour, except in his own country and in his own family. and be did not many miracles 58 there, because of their incredutity.

EV EKELVW TW KATIOW MEOU-GEN HOWORK O'TETOADXING THE 2 ακοπν Ιπσου . και είπε τοις παισιν άυτου: ουτος εστιν Ιωαννικό Βαπτιστικ, αυ-TOS TIEDOTI ATO TWY YEKOWY και δια τουτο αι δυναμεις 3 ενερρουσιν εν αυτώ. δ γαρ Ηρωδης κρατησας τον Ιωαννην, εδησεν αυτον, και εθετο εν φυλακη, δια Ηρωδιαδα Την Γυναικα Φιλέππου 4 του αδέλφου άντου ελειε ταρ αυτω ο Ιωαννης, ουκ SECEPTI FOI EXELV AUTHV. KAI θελων αυτον αποκτειναι, εφοβηθη τον οχλον, ότι ώς 6 TROOPTTY AUTON EIXON. TEVEσιων δε αγομενων του Ηρωδου, ωρχησατο ή θυρατηρ της Ηρωδιαδος εν τω μεσω, και 7 πρεσε τω Ηρωδή οθεν μεθ όρκου ώμολος πσεν αυτη δου-8 vai o eau aithoetai n de. προβιβασθεισα ύπο της μη-Τρος άυτης: δος μοι, φησιν, ώδε επιπινακι την κεφαλην 9 Ιωαννου του Βαπτιστου- και επυπηθη ο βασιπευς, δια δε TOUS OPKOUS, KAI TOUS OUVA-VAKELHEVOUS, EKENEUTE BOBNVAL. 10 Kai TEMWAS απεκεφαλισε Τον Ιωαννην εν τη φυλακη. ΙΙ και ηνεχθη η κεφαλη αυτου επι πινακι, και εδοθη Τω κορασιω, και πυεγκε τη 12 μητρι αυτης. και 77poσελθοντες οι μαθηται αυ-Του, ηραν Το σωμα, και εθαψαν αυτο, και ελθοντες

At that time Herod the tetrarch beard of the fame of Jesus, and said to bis 2 servants, this is John the baptist, be is rifen from the dead, and consequently is invested with miraculous power. for Herod baving secur'd 3 Fobn, bound him, and put bim in prison to please Herodias, bis brother Philip's wife. for John bad faid to 4. bim, it is not lawful for thee to have ber. he would 5 bave put bim to death, but for fear of the people, who reckoned bim a prophet. but 6 when Herod's birth-day was kept, the daughter of Herodias danced in publick, and made such an impression upon Herod, that he promised 7 ber upon oath, to give whatever she should ask; who 8 being before instructed by ber mother, pray, said she, order John Baptist's bead to be brought bere in a charger. and the king relented: ne- 9 vertbeless out of regard to the oath, and to those who sat with him at table, he commanded it to be brought to ber. and pursuant to order, John 10 was bebeaded in the prison, whence his head was brought 11 in a charger, and given to . the young lady, who carried it to ber mother. upon which, 12 bis disciples came to take away

CONTEC ATTITETY TO IT

way the body, and having buried it, they went to tell Jesus what had happened.

13 Και ακουσας ο Ιπσους, ανεχωρησεν εκειθεν εν πλοιώ εις ερημον τοπον κατ ιδιανκαι ακουσαντες οι οχλοι, ηκολουθησαν αυτώ πεζη 14 απο των πολεων και εξελθων ο Ιπσους, ειδε πολυν οχλον: και εσπλαγχνισθη επ αυτους, και εθεραπευσε τους αρόωστους αυτων.

15 Οψιας δε Γενομένης, προσηλθον αυτώ α μαθηται αυ-TOU, REPORTES, EPHING ECTIVο τοπος, και ή ώρα ηδη παοπλθεν : απολυσον τους οχλους, ίνα απελθοντες εις τας κωμας, αγορασωσιν έαυτοις 16 βρωματα: ὁ δε Ιπσους ει-TEY AUTOK, OU XPEIAY EXOUσιν απελθείν, δότε αυτοις 17 ύμεις φατείν- οι δε λεγουσιν αυτω, ουκ εχομεν ώδε ει μη TENTE APTOUS KAL DUO IXPUAS-18 ο δε ειπε, φερετε μοι αυτους 19 wde Kai Keneuras Tous oxλους ανακλιθηναι επι τους χορτους, λαβων τους πεντε αρτους και τους δυο ιχθυας, αναβλεψας εις τον ουραγον, ευλογησε; και κλασας, εδω-KE TOIC MADITAIC TOUC ADτους, οι δε μαθηται τοις 20 οχλοις: και εφαγον παντές, και εχορτασθησαν: και ηραν ΤΟ ΤΕΡΙσσεύον Των κλασμάWhen Jesus heard that, 13 be embark'd, to retire privately to a desert place: of which the people being inform'd, they followed him on foot out of the cities. as Je-14 sus landed, he saw a great multitude, and was touch'd with compassion towards them, and healed their sick.

At evening bis disciples 15 came to bim, saying, this is a desert place, and dinnertime is now past; send the multitude away, that they may go to buy themselves provisions in the villages. but Jesus said to them, that's 16 needless, let them eat what you have. we have nothing 17 bere, said they, but five loaves, and two fishes. bring 18 them bither, said he. then 19 giving orders for the company to sit down on the grass, he took the five loaves, and the two fishes, and looking up to heaven, be gave thanks; then breaking the loavesinto pieces, be gave them to bis disciples, and the disciples to the company: who all of them eat, 20 and were filled: and they carried away twelve baskets full of fragments that were lest.

TWV.

των, δωδεκα κοφινους πλη-21 DEIG ON DE EOPLOYTES MORN ανδρες ώσει πεντακισχιλιοι, χωρις τυναικών και παιδιών. 22 Και ευθεως πνατκασεν ο Indove Tous uaditas emβπναι εις το πλοιον. και TOORTELY AUTOVELS TO TEPAYS έως ού απολυση τους οχλους. 22 και απολύσας Τους οχλούς. ανεβη εις το ορος κατ' ιδιαν προσευξασθαι, ονιας δε ΓΕ-24 VOLLEYMS, MOVOS MY EKEL TO SE TROIDY non LEGOY THE BAλασαπς ην, βασανίζουενον ύπο των κυματων, πν γαρ 25 EVAYTIOS O AVEHOS. TETAPTI δε φυλακη της νυκτος απηλθε προς αυτους ο Ιπσους, περιπατων επι της θαλασ-26 one kal loovtes autov of μαθηται επιτην θαλασσαν περιπατουντα εταραχθησαν, λεγοντες, ότι φαντασμα εστι; και απο του φοβου ε-27 κράξαν. ευθεως δε ελαλπσεν αυτοις όΙησους, λεγων, θαρσειτες εγω ειμι, μη φοβεισθε. 28 αποκριθεις δε αυτω ο Πε-Tros elte, Kurie, el ou el, KELEUTOV HE TIPOS TE ELBELV 20 επι τα υδατα ο δε ειπεν. ελθε, και καταβας απο του πλοιου ο Πετρος, περιεπατησεν επι τα υδατα, ελθειν 30 προς τον Ιπσουν- Βλεπων δε τον ανεμον ισχυρον, εφοβηθη. και αρξαμενος καταποντίζεσθαι, εκράξε, λεγων, 31 Κυριε, σωσον με ευθεως δε ο Ιπσουκ

left, now they that had 21 eaten, were about five thoufand men, beside women and children.

Presently after Jesus ob- 22 liged bis disciples to embark. and cross over to the other side before bim. whist be dismiss d the people. and 22 when he had dismiss a them. be retired by bimself to a mountain to pray: where be stay'd all alone till the latter part of the evening. by this time the vessel24 was balf sea over, violently toss d with the waves. for the wind was contrary. at the dawn of day, Je-25 fus came to them walking on the sea. the disciples seeing 26 him walking on the sea, cry'd out in a fright, an apparition; and they scream'd for fear. but Jesus immediately 2.7 call'd to them, take courage, said be, it is I, don't be afraid. Peter answered, 28 Lord, said be, if it be you, bid me come upon the water to you. Jesus said, come. 20 and Peter getting out of the ship, walk'd on the water to go to Jesus. but finding the 20 wind boisterous, he was afraid: and beginning to fink, cried out, Lord, save me. immediately Jesus stretched 31 out his hand, and caught him, diffident man, said be, wby

Ιποους εκτεινας την κειρας επελαβετο αυτους και λεγει αυτώς, ολιγοπιστές εις τι 32 εδιστασας? και εμβαντών αυτών εις το πλοιούς εκο-33 πασεν ο ανεμός οι δε εν τώ πλοιώς ελθοντές προσεκύνη σαν άυτώ, λεγοντές, αληθως Θεού ύιος ει

34 Και διαπερασαντες, πλθον εις την γην Γεννησαρετ35 και επιγνοντες αυτον οί ανδρες του τοπου εκείνους απεστεεικάν εις όλην την περιχώρον εκείνην, και προσηνεγκαν αυτω παντας τους
36 κακως εχοντας, και παρεκαλουν αυτον ίνα μονον άψωνται του κρασπεδου του ίματιου αυτου: και όσοι ήψαντος διεσωθησαν-

Τοτε προσερχονται τω Ιπσου δι απο Ιεροσολυμων Γραμματείς και Φαρισαίοι, 2 λετοντες, διατι οι μαθηται σου παραβαινουσι την παραδοσιν Των πρεσβυτερων ? ου ταρ νιπτονται τας χειρας άυτων, όταν αρτον εσθιω-3 σιν. ὁ δε αποκριθεις, ειπεν αυτοις, διατι και ύμεις πα-PABAINETE THIN ENTOXIN TOU Θεου, δια την παραδοσιν 4 VILLOY ? O FAP BEOC EVETEIλατο, λέιων, " τιμα τον " жатера кантпи иптера; εί και, ο κακολογων πατερα " n untera, bavato texeu-5 " τατω." D'HEIG DE LETETE, OK AN ELAN TW WATER, N TH

were you in suspence?
and when they were come into 32
the ship, the wind ceased.
then they that were in the 33
ship, came and worshipped
bim, saying, of a truth thou
art the son of God.

When they were over, they 34 came into the territory of Gennesaret. where being 35 known by the people of that place, they sent about all that country, and presented to him all that were diseased, praying him to let them only 36 touch the hem of his garment: and as many as touch'dit were made perfetily whole.

Then the Scribes and Pha- 1 rifees, who were of Jerusalem, came to bim and faid, wby do your disciples violate 2 the tradition of our anceftors, in not washing their bands when they eat bread? but he answered them, why 3 do you violate the law of God to follow your tradition? for this is a commandment of A. God, * " bonour thy father " and mother; and, the " that curses father or mo-" ther, let him he punish'd " with death." but your 5 dostrine is this, if any man declares to bis father or mother, that whatever be bas to give

* Exod.xx.12. + xxi. 17.

un-

μπτρι: Δωρον, ο εαν εξ εμου ωφεληθης; και ου μη
τιμηση τον πατερα άυτου,
6 η την μητερα άυτου και
πκυρωσατε την εντολην του
Θεου δια την παραδοσιν ύμων.
7 ύποκριται, καλως προεφητευσε περι ύμων Ησαιας, λεςων,
8 " εςςιζει μοι ο λαος όυτος,
" τοις χειλεσι με τιμα: ή δε
" καρδια αυτων πορρω απε9 " χει απ' εμου ματην δε
" σεβονται με, διδασκοντες
" διδασκαλιας, ενταλματα
" ανθρωπων."

12 Τοτε προσελθοντες οι μαθηπαι αυτου, ειπον αυτω, οιδας, ότι οι Φαρισαιοι ακουσαντες τον λογον, εσκανδα13 λισθησαν? ο δε αποκριθεις, ειπε, πασα φυτεια, ήν ουκ εφυτευσεν ο πατηρ μου ο 14 ουρανιος, εκριζωθησεται αφετε αυτους: οδηγοι εισι τυφλοι τυφλων. Τυφλος δε τυφλον εαν όδηγη, αμφοτεροι εις βοθυνον πεσουνται 15 αποκριθεις δε ο Πετρος, ειπεν αυτω, Φρασον ήμιν την παραβο

give for their relief is dedicated to the temple; be is not oblig'd to regard bis father or bis mother. thus bave 6 ye disannull'd the commandment of God by your tradition. the prophecy of E- 7 saias exactly suits such bypocrites as you; * " this peo- 8 " ple, says be, draw nigh to " me, they bonour me with "their lips: while their " bearts are far from me. " but in vain they worship 9 " me, teaching for dostrines " the institutions of men."

Then he called the mul-10 titude and said to them, hear and understand, that II which entereth by the mouth is not what desiles a man: but what desiles the man is that which is discharged by the mouth.

Thercupon his disciples 12 drawing nigh, said, did you observe, how the Pharisees were scandalized at your discourse? but he answer-13 ed, every plantation which my heavenly sather hath not planted shall he rooted up, let them alone: they are 14 blind leaders of the blind. now if the blind lead the blind, both shall fall into the ditch. then Peter said 15 to him, tell us the meaning of

ι 6 ραβολην ταυτην. ὁ δε Ιησους ειπεν, ακμην και ύμεις 17 AGUVETOL EGTE? OUTW VOLITE. ότι παν το εισπορευομένον EIC TO OTOMA, EIC THY KONLAY χωρει, και εις ασεδρωνα εκ-18 βαλλεται? τα δε εκπορευο-MEVA EK TOU GTOMATOS, EK της καρδιας εξερχεται, κάκεινα κοινοι τον ανθρωπον. 19 εκ γαρ της καρδίας εξερχονται διαλοτισμοι πονηροι, φονοι, μοιχειαι, ποργειαι, κλοπαι, ψευδομαρτυριαι, βλασφη-20 μιαι. Ταυτα εστι τα κοινουντα τον ανθρωπον: το δε ανιπτοις χερσι φαγειν, ου κοινοι τον ανθοωπον. 21 Και εξελθων εκειθεν ό Ιησους, ανεχωρησεν εις τα με-22 ρη Τυρου και Σιδωνος. και ιδου, τυνη Χαναναια απο των όριων εκεινων εξελθουσα, εκραυγασεν, αυτώ λεrouσα, ελεπσου με Kupie, ύιε Δαβιδ, ή θυγατηρ μου 23 κακως δαιμονίζεται ο δε ουκ απεκριθη αυτη λογον, και προσελθοντες οι μαθηται αυτου, πρωτων αυτον, λετοντες; απολυσον αυτην, 24 ότι κραζει οπισθεν ήμων. ὁ δε αποκριθείς, είπεν, ουκ α πεσταλην ει μη εις τα προβατα τα απολωλοτα οικου 25Ισραπλ. ή δε ελθουσα προσ-EKUPMOEV α UT ω , λ EFOU $\sigma\alpha$: 26 Κυριε, βοηθει μοι. ο δε αποκριθεις, ειπεν, συκ εστι

καλον λαβείν του αςτού

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of that expression. and Te-18 sus said, are ye also yet without understanding? do 17 not we wet conceive, that whatever enters at the mouth. passes to the belly, and is discharged downwards? but 18 what proceeds out of the mouth, is deriv'd from the beart, and that defiles the man. out of the heart pro-19 ceed evil designs, murders, adulteries, fornications, thesis, false testimony, slanders. these are the things which 20 defile a man: but to ca! without washing one's hands, that does not defile a man.

Then Jefus went thence, 21 and retir'd towards the district of Tyre and Sidon. and there came a woman of 22 Canaan from those quarters. and cried out to him, have mercy on me, O Lord, thou fon of David; my daughter is grievously tormented by a demon. but Jesus not mak-23 ing ber any answer, bis disciples came and entreated him to grant ber request; for, said they, she is very importunate with us. but 24 be answered, my commission was only to the lost sheep of the bouse of Israel. how-25 ever she advanced, and throwing ber self at his feet, cried, O Lord, affift me. but be auswered, it is not 26 juf.

των τεκνων, και βαλειν τοις 17 κυναριοις. ή δε είπε, ναι Κυριε, και γαρ τα κυναρια εσθιει απο των ψιχιων των πιπτοντων απο της τραπεζης των κυριων άυτων-

18 τοτε αποκριθεις ὁ Ιπσους, ειπεν αυτη, ω γυναι, μεγαλη
σου ἡ πίστις: γενηθητώ σοι
ώς θελεις, και ιαθη ἡ θυγατηρ
αυτης απο της ώρας εκεινης.

29 Και μεταβας εκειθεν ο Ιπσους, πλθε παρα την θαλασσαν της Γαλιλαίας: και αναβας εις το ορος, εκαθητο

30 εκει· και προσπλθον αυτώ οχλοι πολλοι» εχοντες μεθ έαυτων χωλους, τυφλους, κωφους, κυλλους, και έτερους πολλους: και ερριψαν αυτους παρα τους ποδας του Ιπσου» και εθεραπευσεν αυτους:

31 ώστε τους οχλους θαυμασαι, βλεποντας κωφους λαλουντας, κυλλους ύςιεις, χωλους περιπατουντας, και τυφλους βλεποντας: και εδοξασαν τον θεον Ισ-

*ςαη*λ.

32 Ο δε Ιπσους προσκαλεσαμενος τους μαθητας αυτου,
ειπε, Σπλαγχνιζομαι επι
τον οχλον, ότι πόη ήμερας
τρεις προσμενουσι μοι, και
ουκ εχουσι τι φαγωσι, και
απολυσαι αυτους νηστεις ου
θελω, μηποτε εκλυθωσιν εν
τω οι μαθηται αυτου, πο-

just to take the childrens bread, and throw it to puppies. 'lis true, Lord, said 27 she: yet even puppies eat of the crumbs which fall from their master's table. then 28 fesus answered her, O woman, great is thy faith: as you desire, he it done. and her daughter was healed from that very hour.

Jesus baving left that 20 place, drew nigh to the sea of Galilee, and went up a mountain, where he sat down. there a great crowd 30 of people came to bim, bringing with them the lame. blind, dumb, maimed, and many others, and laid them down at Jesus seet, and be bealed them: insomuch that 31 the people wondred when they perceived the dumb to speak, the mained to be beal'd, the lame to walk, and the blind to see: and they glorified the God of Ifrael.

Then Jesus called his dif-32 ciples, and said to them, I am concern'd for this people; they have attended me now three days, without eating: I will not fend them away sasting, lest they faint by the way, but his disciples said to him, how can we 33 get bread enough in the de-

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θεν

BEY THEY EY EDTILLE ACTOL TOσουτοι, ώστε χορτασαι οχ-34 NOV TO GOUTON? KAI RETEL αυτοις ο Ιπσους, ποσους ACTOUS EXETE? OL DE ELMOV. έπτα, και ολιτα ιχθυδία-35 KAI EKENEUGE TOIC OXNOIC AVA-אל אפספוע באו דחט נחט אמו אמר אמר βων τους έπτα αςτους και τους ιχθυας, ευχαριστησας, EKNAGES KAI EBWKE TOIS HAθηταις άυτου: οι δε μαθη-37 ται τω οχλω. και εφατον παντες, και εχορτασθησάν: και πραν το περισσεύον των κλασματων, έπτα σπυριδας 38 Annoeig. Oi de eodiontes nσαν τετρακισχιλίοι ανδρες, χωρις γυναικών και παιδιών. 39 και απολυσας τους οχλους. ενεβη εις το πλοιον, και πλθεν εις τα όρια Ματαδαν-Και προσελθοντες οι Φαρισαιοι και Σαδδουκαιοι, πειραζουτες επηρωτησαν αυτον THILLION EK TOU OUSANOU ETIL-2 δειξαι αυτοις ό δε αποκοι-BEIG, EITTEN AUTOIG; (OWIAG FEVOLUEVIK REFETE, EUDICE : TUP-3 ράζει γαρ ο συρανος, και πρωι, σημερον χειμών: πυρέαζει γαρ στυγνάζων ο ουτανος· υποκριται» το μεν προσωπον του ουρανου Γιvwokete diakçiveiv. Ta de onμεια των καιςων ου δυνασθε?) γενεα πονπρα και μοιχαλις onuelov exelentel; kal onμειον ου δοθησηται αυτη,

fert to fatisfy such a multitude? Jesus asked, bow 34. many loaves bave ye? ibey reply'd, seven, and a few small fish. and be bid the pec- 35 ple fit down on the ground. then taking the seven loaves, 36 and the fish, be gave thanks. and distributed them, by pieces, to bis disciples, and the disciples to the multitude. so that they all eat, and 37 were satiated: the superfluous fragments they carried off, amounting to seven baskets full: though the guests 38 were to the number of four thousand men, beside women and children. then dismif-39 fing the multitude, he embark'd, and came to the coast of Magada.

Then the Pharisees and the 1 Sadducess came, with a captious design, and desired bim to show them some miracle in the sky. but he an- 2 fwered them, in the evening you soretel sair weather: when the sky is of a bright red. and in the morning, 3 a foul day: when the sky is of a dusky red. bypocrites, can ye judge of the appearance of the sky, and yet not discern the signs of these times? a wicked A degenerate race demand a miracle; but no miracle [ball

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ει μη το σημειον Ιωνατου προφητου· και καταλιπων αυτους, απηλθε-

Και ελθοντες οι μαθηται 5 αυτου εις το περαν, επέλα-6 θουτο αρτους λαβειν. Ιπσους ειπεν αυτοις, ÒOATE KAL TROOTEXETE ATTO THE LUμης των Φαρισαιων και Σαδγ δουκαιων οι δε διελογίζον-TO EV ÉAUTOIC, RESOUTES OTI 8 αρτους ουκ ελαβομεν. δε ο Ιπσους, ειπεν αυτοις, TI DIANOPILEOBE EN ÉAUTOICS OXITOTIOTOL, OTL APTOUR OUK 9 EXABETE? OUTW POEITE, OUT δε μνημονευετε τους πεντε αρτους των πεντακισχιλιών, και ποσους κοφινους ελαβε-10 τε? ουδε τους έπτα αρτους των τετρακισχιλιων, και ποσας σπυριδας ελα-11 BETE? THUS OU VOEITES OTI ου περι αρτου είπον ύμινς προσεχείν απο της ζυμης των Φαρισαιών και Σαδ-12 δουκαιων? ΤΟΤΕ συνηκαν **προσεχείν** ÒΤι ΟUK ELTE απο της ζυμης του αρτου, αλλ απο της διδαχης των Σαδδου-Φαρισαιων και KALWY.

13 Ελθων δε ό Ιπσους εις τα μερη Καισαρειας της Φιλιππου, πρωτα τους μαθητας άυτου, λεςων, τινα με λεςουσιν δι ανθρωποι ειναι? 14τον ύιον του ανθρωπου εί δι shall they have beside that of the prophet Jonas. and so leaving them, he went away.

Now at their departure to 5 go to the other side, his disciples bad forgot to take bread. and Jesus said to them, have 6 a care of the leaven of the *Pharisees, and of the Sadupon which they 7 faid to one another, this comes from our not taking any bread. which Jesus perceiving, be faid, distrustful men, why do ye trouble your beads about forgetting the bread? wbere's your under- o standing? don't you remember the five loaves among five thousand and how many baskets ye took away? nor the 10 seven loaves among the four thousand, and bow many baskets ye carried away? wby, can't you perceive, that II in cautioning you to beware of the leaven of the Pharifees, and of the Sadducees, I did not speak of bread? then they 12 perceived, be did not caution them against the leaven of bread, but against the * Pharisaick and Sadducean doc-Arine.

As Jesus was going to the 13 district of Cesarea Philippi, he asked his disciples, what do people say of me? that I am a common man? they 14 replied, some think you are John

* See Mark viii. 17.

δε ειπον, οι μεν, Ιωαννην τον Βαπτιστην: αλλοι δες Ηλιαν: έτεροι δε, Ιερεμιαν, 15η ένα των προφητών. λεγει AUTOKS DUSIS DE TIVA HE DE-16 FETE ELVAL ? ATTOKOLBEIC DE ZI-HOW METPOR, ELTE, OU EL O Χοιστος ο ύιος του Θεου του 17 ζωντος. και αποκριθεις δ Ιπσούς, είπεν αυτω, μακαριος ει Σιμων βαρ Ιωνα, ότι σαρέ και άιμα ουκ απεκαλυψε σοι, αλλ. ο πατηρ 18 mous o En Tois ouravois. Ka-וש של סטו אבן ש, סדו סט נו TIETPOG KALETI TAUTH TH πετρα οικοδομησω μου την -εκκλησιαν, και πυλαι άδου OU KATIOXUGOUGIV AUTIS. 19 KM BWOW OOL TAC KASIC THE βασιλειας των ουρανων: και ל במי לחסיול בדו דוול ניול, εσται δεδεμένον εν τοις ουρανοις: και ό εαν λυσης επι THE THE ESTAL REAULEYOU EV TOIS OUPARVOIS.

20 Τοτε διεστειλατο τοις μαθηταις άυτου, ίνα μηδενι ειπωσιν, ότι αυτος εστιν ό 21 Χριστος απο τοτε ηρέατο ό Ιπσους δεικυειν τοις μαθηταις άυτου, ότι δει αυτον απελθειν εις Ιεροσολυμα, και πολλα παθειν απο των πρεσβυτερων και αρχιερεων, και Γραμματεων, και αποκτανθηναι, και τη τριτη ήμερα 22 εγερθηναι. και προσλαβομενος

John the Baptist, some Elias. and others Ferenias, or one of the prophets. but what, 15 said be, do you take me to be ? Simon Peter made an- 16 fwer, thou art Christ the fon of the living God. to subom 17 Jesus reply'd, blessed art thou Simon, son of Jona: for !tis not man that bath revealed this unto thee, but my father who is in heaven. and I tell thee like-18 wife. that thou art Peter, and upon this rock I will bereafter build my * church : and + death shall not prevail against it. and I will give 19 you the keys of the gospelkingdom: and whatforver thou shalt bind on earth, shall be bound in beaven: and whatsoever thou shalt loofe on earth, shall be loofed in beaven.

Then he charged his dif-20 ciples not to tell any man that he was the Christ. from that time began Jesus 21 to let his disciples know that he should go to Jerusalem, there suffer many indignities from the senators, chief priests, and scribes, he put to death, and he raised again the third day. then Peter tak-22 ing him aside, hegan to expostulate

* Eph. ii. 20. Ye are built upon the foundation of the Apollos, &c. Rev. xxi. 14. + Jobxxxviii. 17. Ifa, xxxviii. 10. Wild, xxi. 13. Rev. i. 18.

μενος αυτον ο Πετροκ, πρέατο επιτιμαν αυτώ, λεγων. Ιλεως σοι Κυριε: ου μπεσται σοι
23 τουτο. ο δε στραφεις, είπε τω Πετρώ, ύπαγε οπισω μου σατανα, σκανδαλον μου ει: ότι ου φρονεις τα του Θεου, αλλα τα τον ανθρωπων.

Τοτε ο Ιπσους ειπε τοις uabritan autous el Tic Geλει οπισω μου ελθείν, απαρεπσασθω έαυτον, και αράτω τον σταυζον αυτου, και 25 ακολουθείτω μοι ός γαρ αν θελη την ψυχην άυτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτην: ός δαν απολέση την ψυχην άυτου ένεκεν εμους έυρησει αυ-26 Thu. TI FAD WOENSITAL AVθρωπος, εαν τον κοσμον όλον κεροπση, την δε ψυχην άυτου ζημιωθη? η τι δωσει ανθρωπος ανταλλαζμα της 27 ψυχης άυτου? μελλει ταρ ό ύιος Του ανθοωπου ερχεσθαι εν τη δοξη του πατρος άυ-TOU, META TWY AFTERWY ουτου: και τοτε αποδωσει έκαστω, κατα την πραξ-28 ο αυτου αμην λεγω ύμιν, εισι τινες των ώδε έστω-

μενού εν τη βασιλεία αυτού.

Και μεθ ήμερας έξ παραλαμβανει ο Ιπσούς του Πετιον, και Ιακώβου, και Ιωαυνηύ του αθελφού αυτού:

τεις οιτίνες ου μη τευσών-

ται θανατου, έως αν ιδωσι

τον είον του ανθρωπου ερχο-

postulate with him, saying, God forbid, Sir, this should ever happen to you. but he 23 frown'd upon Peter, and said, out of my sight pernicious obstacle to my designs; your views are all worldly, regardless of what is divine.

Then addressing himself to 24 his disciples, if any man, said be, would follow me, let bim renounce bimself, take up bis. cross, and so follow me. for 25 whofoever will fave himself. shall be a loofer: and whosoever shall suffer loss for my sake, shall be a gainer. what advantage is it to 426 man to gain the whole world at the price of bis. life? or what would not a man pay down to preserve bis life? for the son 27 of man shall come in the glory of his father, with his angels; and then shall be make retribution to every man according to bis works. I declare unto you, some 28 are here present, who shall not die, till they have seen the son of man enter into bis kingdom.

After six days, Jesus took 1. Peter, James, and John bis brother, in private to the top of a high mountain.

KALI AVADEDEL AUTOUS EIS ODOS 2 DATILON KAT IGIAN- KALUEτεμορφωθη εμπροσθεν αυτων. KAT ENAUVE TO TOOKWTON αυτου ώς ο πλιος: τα δε LHATIA AUTOU ETEVETO LEUKA 3 κές Το Φως. και ιδου, ωφθησαν αυτοις Μωσης και Ηλιας, μετ' αυτου συλλα-4. ACUPTES. ATTOKOIDELS DE O TIE-TOOS, ELTE TW INGOU: KUPIE, καλον εστιν ήμας ώδε ειναι: EL OENEIGO TROINT WILLY WOE TOEIG οκηνας, σοι μιαν, και Μωση μιαν, και μιαν Ηλια. 5 ετι αυτου λαλουντος δου, νεφελη φωτεινη επεσκιασεν αυτους: και ιδου, φωνη εκ της νεφελης, λεγουσα, " όυτος εστιν ό ύιος μου " ὁ αγαπητος, εν ὡ ευδοκπσα: 6 " autou akouete" kai akouσαντες οι μαθηται, επεσον Επι προσωπον άυτων, KZL 7 εφοβηθησαν σφοδρα. προσελθων ο Ιπσους, ήψατο AUTWY, KAI ELTEY, EFEPONTE, KAI ¾ μη φοβεισθε επαραντες δε τους οφθαλμους άυτων, ουδενα ειδον, ει μη τον Ιησουν μονον-Και καταβαινοντων αυ-TWY APRO TOU OPOUCS EVETESλατο αυτοκ ο Ιπσους, λετων» μπδενι ειπητε το όραμα, έως ου ο ύιος του ανθρωπου εκ νεκρων αναστη-ΙΟκαι επηρωτησαν αυτονοί μα-ONTAL AUTOUS REPORTESS TI OUR οι Γραμματεις λεγουσιν, ότι I I HALERY DELEADELY TEWTON? O DE

and was transfigured before 2 them; bis face did shine as the sun, and his raiment was white as the light, and pre- 2 sently they saw Moses and Elias conversing with bim. then Peter address'd him- 4 self to Jesus, Lord, said be, it is good for us to stay bere: if you please, let us make three tabernacles here: one for you, one for Moses, and one for Elias. while he 5 was speaking, a bright cloud furrounded them: and fuddenly a voice broke out of the cloud, saying, " this is my " beloved son, in whom I " am well pleased; bear ye " bim." and when the 6 disciples beard it, they fell on their face, and were in a terrible fright. but Jesus 7 came and touched them, and said, arise, be not afraid. and when they had lift & up their eyes, they saw Jesus all alone.

As they went down the 3 mountain, Jesus gave them this charge, don't speak of the vision, said be, to any body, till the son of man be risen again from the dead: but his disciples asked him, 10 why then do the Scribes say, that Elias must first come? Jesus answered, 'tis 11

Ιπσους αποκοιθείς, είπεν αυτοις, Ηλιας μεν ερχεται πρωτού, και αποκαταστή-12 σει παντα. λειω δε ύμινς ότι Ηλιας πόη ηλθες και ουκ επεγνωσαν αυτον, αλλ' εποιησαν αυτω όσα ηθελησαν- δυτω και δ ύιος του ανθρωπου μελλει πασχειν 13 υπ' αυτων- τοτε συνηκαν οι μαθηται, ότι περι Ιωαννου TOU BANTIOTOU EINEY AUTOIC Και ελθοντων αυτών ποος τον οχλον, προσπλθεν αυτω ανθρωπος, γονυπετων αυτω, 15 KAI ASTWY, KUPIE, EXENTON μου τον ύιονς ότι σεληνιαζεται, και κακως πασχει: πολ-RAKIS FAP TITTEL EIG TO TUPS και πολλακις εις το ύδωρ. 16 και προσηνετκά αυτον τοις

μαθηταις σου, και ουκ ηδυνηθησαν αυτον θεραπευσαι-17 αποκριθεις δε ο Ιπσους, ειπεν, ω γενεα απιστος και διεστραμμένη, έως ποτε εσομαι

μεθ ύμων : έως ποτε ανέξομαι ύμων ; φερετε μοι αυτον 18 ώδε και επετιμησεν αυτώ

ο Ιπσους, και εξηλθεν απ' αυτου το δαιμονιον, και εθεεαπευθη ο παις απο της ώ-

19 FAS EKELVIGO TOTE TROOTENθοντες δε μαθηται τω Ιπσου κατ ιδιαν, ειπον, διατι ήμεις ουκ πουνηθημέν εκβαλειν

20 αυτο ? ο δε Ιπσους ειπεν αντοις, δια την απιστιαν υμων: αμην γαρ λεγω ύμινο SAV SKATE TIGTIV SIS KOKKOV

true. Elias was to tome first and set all things right. but 12 I tell you, that Elias is already come, the' they knew bim not, but treated bim in an arbitrary manner; with fuch usage as the son of man sball likewise suffer at their bands. then the disciples 13 perceiv'd, that what he faid was meant of John the Baptist.

And when they were come 14 to the multitude, a man came kneeling to bim, and cry'd, Lord, have mercy 15 on my fon, for he is grievoufly afflitted with the epilepsy; be often falls into the fire, and frequently into the water. I presented bim to 16 your disciples, but they could not cure bîm. upon which 17 Jesus answered, incredulous and perverse generation, bow long shall I be with you? how long shall I suffer you? bring him bitber to me. and 18 Tefus rebuked the demon, and he departed out of him: forthat the child was cured from that very bour. then 19 came the disciples to Jesus in private, and said, why could not we cast bim out? because of your incredulity, 20 said Jesus: sor I tell you truly, if ye bad ever so little saith, ye might say to this mountain, remove bence

σιναπεως, ερείτε τω ορεί του τω, μεταβηθί εκτεύθεν εκεί, και ουδεν και μεταβησεται; και ουδεν 21 αδυνατησεί υμίν. (τουτο δε το Γενοκ ουκ εκπορεύεται, εί μη εν προσεύχη και νηστεία.)

22 Αναστρεφομενων δε αυτων εν τη Γανιλαια, ειπεν αυτοις ο Ιπσουκ, μελλεί ο ύιος του ανθρωπου παραδιδοσθαι 23 εις χειρας ανθρωπων: και αποκτενουσιν αυτον, και τη τριτη ήμερα εγερθησεται και

ελυπηθησαν σφοδοα-

24 Ελθοντων δε αυτιών εις Καπερναουμ, προσηλθον ά τα διδραχμα λαμβανουτες Τω Πετρω, και ειπου, ο δίδασκαλός ύμων ου τελει τα 25 διδραχμα? RETEL, Val. Kal - ότε εισπλθεν είς την οικιάν, προεφθασεν αυτον ο Ιπσους, λεγων, Τι σοι δοκει, Σιμων ? οι βασιλεις της της απο Τινών λαμβανουσι τέλη, η κηνσον ζαποτων υιων άυτων, 26π απο των αλλοτριών? λε-Γει αυτώ ο Πετρος, απο των αλλοτριων. Εφη αυτω ό Ιησους, αραγε ελευθέροι εισιν οι 27 μιοι. Ινα δε μπ σκανδαλισωμεν αυτους, πορευθεις εις την θαχασσαν βαλε αγκισ-Τρου, και του αναβαντα πρωτον ιχθυν αρον, και ανοιξας το στομα αυτου, ευρησεις στατηρα, εκεινού λαβων, δος αυτοις αντι εμου και σου.

to yonder place, and it should remove; and nothing would be too difficult for you. how-21 ever, such a distemper is not to be removed but by prayer and fasting.

Some time after, while 22 they were in Galilee, Jesus faid to them, the son of man will be betrayed into the hands of men: they will 23 kill him, but the third day he shall be raised again, at which they were exceeding sorry.

And when they were come 24. to Capernaum, they that received tribute for the temple came to Peter, and faid, does not your master pay tribute? he said, yes. and 25 when he was come into the bouse, Jesus prevented bim, saying, what think you Simon? of whom do the kings of the earth take custom or tribute? of their own children, or of others? Peter 26 faid, of others. Jefus answered, then are the children free. however, left we should 27 give offence, go you to the sea, throw in a book, and take the first fish that strikes: then open its jaws, and you will find a piece of money: that take, and give it to them for me and thee.

Εν εκείνη Τη ώρα προσηλθον οι μαθηται τω Ιπσου, λεγοντες, τις αρα μειζων εσ-TIV EV TH BAGINEIA TWY OU-2 ρανών? και προσκαλεσαμενος ο Ιπσους παιδιον, εστησεν αυτό εν μεσώ αυτών, 3 και ειπεν, αμπν λεγω ύμιν, εαν μη στραφητές και Γενησθε ώς τα παιδία, ου μη EIGENANTE EIG THY BAGINEIAY **Α Των ουρανων· όστις ουν τα**πεινωση έαυτον ώς το παιδιον τουτο, όυτος εστιν ό μειζων εν τη βασιλεια των ς ουρανων· και ός εαν δεξηται παιδίον Τοιουτον ένεπι τω ονοματι μου, εμε δεχε-Tal.

Ο: δαν σκανδαριση ένα TWY MIKPWY TOUTWY, TWY TI-OTEUOYTWY EK EHE, OUHDEDER αυτώ, ίνα κρεμασθή μυλος OVIKOS ETTI TOV TPAXNAOV AUτου, και καταποντισθη εν τω πελατει της θαλασσης. η ουαι τω κοσμώ απο των σκανδαλων, αναγκη γαρ εστιν 9.θειν τα σκανδαλα, πλην ουαι τω ανθοωπω εκεινω δι ου το σκανδαλου ερχεται. δε ή χειο σου, πους σου σκανδαλίζει σε, εκκοψού αυτας και βαλε ATO GOU: KANOY GOL EGτιν εισελθείν εις την ζωην XWAON N KURLON, N OUO XEIρας η δυο ποδας τα βληθηγαι εις το πυρ το

At the same time came x the disciples to Jesus, saying, who is to be the greatest in the kingdom of the Melliah? and Jesus called a child to 2 bim, fet bim in the midst of them, and faid, I declare 2 to you, except ye lay aside your ambition, and become as children, ve shall not enter into the kingdom of the Messias. be therefore who 4 shall become as void of ambition as this child, be shall be greatest in the kingdom of the Messiah. and whoever s shall receive one that is like: fuch a child, in my name, receiveth me.

But whoever shall occasion 6 such an bumble believer to fall off from the faith, it were better for bim that a mill-stone were bang'd about bis neck, and that be were plung'd to the bottom of the sea. wo unto the world, because of such scandals: tho it cannot be, but that such occasions of relapsing should happen: yet wo to that man by whom the scandal cometh. wherefore if thy hand or thy & foot occasions thee to relapse, lop them off, and cast them away: it is better for thee to enter into life balt or maimed, rather than having two bands or two feet, to K 2 be

9 αιωνιον και ει ο οφθαλμος σου σκανδαλίζει σε εξελε αυτον, και βαλε απο σου: καλου σοι εστι μονοφθαλμου εις την ζωην εισελθείνη η δυο οφθαλμους εχοντα Βληθηναι EIS THY TEENVAY TOU HUDOS-10 οράτε μη καταφρονήσητε ένος Των μικρων Τουτων: λειω rao ύμιν, ότι & αγγελοι αυτων εν ουρανοις δια παντος βλεπουσι το προσωπον του πατρος μους του εν ουρα-ΙΙ νοις. πλθε ταρ ο υιος του ανθοωπου σωσαι το απολω-**አ**ስር•

Τι ύμιν δοκει, εαν Γενηται Τινι ανθρωπώ έκατον προβατα, και πλανηθή έν εξ αυτων, ουχι αφεις τα εννενηκονταεννεα, επι τα ορη πορευθεις,
3 ζητει το πλανωμενου? και
εαν Γενηται έυρειν αυτο, αμην
λεγω ύμιν, ότι χαιρει επ αυτώ
μαλλον, η επι τοις εννενηκονταεννεα, τοις μη πεπλανημα εμπροσθεν του πατρος
ύμων, του εν ουςανοις, ίνα
αποληται είς των μικρών του-

35 Εαν δε άμαρτηση εκ σε δ αδελφος σου, ύπατε, και ελεγξον αυτον μεταξύ σου και αυτου μονου: εαν σου ακουση,

be cast into everlasting fire. and if thine eye occasions 9 thee to relapse, pluck it out, and cast it from thee: it is better for thee to enter into life with one eye, rather than baving two to be cast into bell-fire. take care not 10 to destise one of such an bumble disposition: for I tell you, that in beaven their angels are continually attending the presence of my father who is in beaven: from whence the son of man 11 is come, in order to save those that were lost.

If a man bas an hundred 12
Sheep, and one of them should
go astray, do you think be
would not leave the ninety
and nine in the mountains,
and go in scarch for that
which was gone astray?
and if he happen to find it, 13
you may be sure be is more
affected with that one, than
with the ninety and nine
which went not astray. in 14
like manner your heavenly father would not that any serson
of such humility should be lost.

Now in case such a bro-15
ther do you an injury, go
and expostulate with him in
private: if he repents, thou
hast

* Gchenna is derived from the Hebrew Gi himem. Jer. vii. 31. They have built the high places of Tophet, which is in the valley of the Son of Hinnom, to burn their fons and their daughters in the fire. the Jews made use of the expression to signify Hell. Mat. v. 29, 30. Ila. xxxiii.

KOUOTH EKEPOTHOZI TOU AGEN-16 Φον σου. εαν δε μη ακουση παραλαβε μετα σου ετι ένα η δυο, ίνα επι στοματος δυο μαρτυρών η τρίων σταθη 17 παν όπμα. εαν δε παρακου-ON AUTWY, EITE THEKKANOIA, EAV DE KAL THE EKKANOLAS TAρακουση, εστω σοι ώσπερ ο εθνικος και ο Τελωνης. 18 αμην λεςω ύμιν, "όσα εαν " סוושודב בחו דוול דוול, בסדמו " δεδεμενα εν τω ουρανω, " και όσα εαν λυσητε επι " της γης, εσται λελυμενα " εν Τω ουρανω."

19 Παλίν λεγω ύμιν, ότι εαν δυο ύμων συμφωνησωστιν επι της γης περι παντος πραγματος ου εαν αιτησωνται, γενησεται αυτοις παρα του πατρος μου, του εν 20 ουρανοις ου γαρ εισι δυο η τρεις συνηγμενοι εις το εμον ονομα, εκει ειμι εν μεσω αυτων-

21 Τοτε προσελθων αυτω ο Πετρος, ειπε, Κυριε, ποσακις αμαρτησει εις εμε ο αδέλφος μου, και αφησώ αυτώ? 22 έως έπτακις? λεγει αυτώ ο Πησους: ου λεγώ σοι, έως έπτακις: αλλ. έως έβδομηκοντακις έπτα.

23 Δια τουτο ώμοιωθη ή βασιλεια των ουςανων ανθρωπω βασιλει, ος ηθελησε συναραι λογον μετα των δουλων αυ-24 του. αρξαμενου δε αυτου συναρειν, προσηνεχθη αυτω

bast saved thy brother. but 16 if be will not bear thee, then take with thee one or two more, that the remonstrances of two or three persons may have its effect. if he 17 does not relent, tell it to the church: but if he is not moved by the church, show bim no more regard than you would to a pagan or a publican. I declare unto you. 18 " whatever things ye disallow " on earth, are disallowed by " beaven: and whatever " ye authorize on earth, are " authoriz'd by heaven."

I assure you, that if two 19 of you shall live in agreement together, whatever they ask shall be granted to them by my heavenly sather. for 20 where two or three are assembled in my name, there am I in the midst of them.

Then Peter advancing to 21 bim, faid, Lord, if my brother injures me, bow many injuries must I forgive bim? must I forgive bim feven? Jesus answered, I tell thee 22 not only seven: but seventy times seven.

In this respect the gospel-23 kingdom may be represented by that of a temporal prince, who had a mind to call his servants to account. when 24 he had begun to reckon, one

WUUS

EIG ODEINETHG MUDIWY TANACY-25 TWY UN EXOVIOS DE AUTOU ATTOGOUNAL EXENSUATED AUTOD ό κυριος αυτου πραθηναι, και Την Γυναικα αυτου, και τα TEKYA, KAL HAYTA OGA ELXES 26 και αποδοθηναι. πεσων ουν ο δουλος προσεκυνει αυτως λετων, Κυριε, μακροθυμπσον ET EUOIS KAI TAVTA OOLATO-27 δωσω. σπλατχνισθεις δε δ KUPLOS TOU BOUTAOU EKELYOUS AT πελυσεν αυτον, και το δα-28 νειον αφηκέν αυτω. εξελθων δε ο δουπος εκεινος, έυρεν ένα του συνδουλων άυτου, ός ωφειλεν άυτω έκατον δηναcia: Kai Kratho'ac autov επνίζες λεζωνς αποδος μοις 29 ELTI ODEINEK. TEOWY OUY O συνδούλος αυτού εις τους ποδας αυτους παρεκαλει αυτούς λειων, μακροθυμησον επ' τμοι, και παντα αποδωσω 20 001. O DE OUK HUELEY: ANN απελθων, εβαλεν αυτον εις συλακήνι έως ου αποδω το 31 OPERADUCYON. LOOVTES de ou συνδουλοι αυτου τα τενομενα, ελυπηθησαν σφοδρα: και ελθοντες, διεσαφησαν τω κυριώ αυτων παντα τα Γενο-32 μενα. ΤΟΤΕ προσκαλεσαμενος αυτον ο κυριος αυτου, RETEL AUTHO, BOURE TOYMOES TAGAY THY ODSIANY EKELYNY αφήκα σοι, επει παρεκάλε-33 TAC HE: OUK ESEL KAL SE ελεπσαι Τον συνδουλον σου, we kal efw of nathoa?

was brought to him indebted the sum of ten thousand talents. but being insolvent, 25 bis lord gave orders that be. with his wife, and children, and all that be had, should be fold for payment. the 26 fervant therefore fell prostrate before bim, and cry'd out, Lord, allow me but time and I will pay the subole. upon which the lord of that 27 vassal, touch'd with compassion, gave bim bis liberty, and discharged bim of the debt, but this very fervant 28 presently after met with one of his fellow-scrvants, who owed bim an bundred pence: and violently seizing bim, said, pay me the debt. and 20 bis fellow-servant fell at bis feet, and embraced him, faying, allow me time, and I will pay thee all. which he 30 would not allow: but immediately threw him into prison, till be should pay the debt. his fellow-servants 31 upon seeing this were very much concern'd, and went to acquaint their master with what had pass'd. then his 32 lord order d bim to be call'd, and said to bim, O thou wicked slave, I forgave thee all thy debt, upon your request: should not you then 33 bave bad the like compassion for thy fellow servant as I bad

34 και οργισθεις ο κυριος αυτου παρεδωκεν αυτον τοις βασανισταις, έως ου αποδω παν το οφειλομενον αυτω. 35 ουτω και ο πατηρ μου ο επουρανιος ποιησει ύμιν, εαν μη αφητε έκαστος τω αδελφω άυτου απο των καρδιων ύμων τα παραπτωματα αυτων.

Και εγενετο ότε ετελεσεν
 ό Ιπσους τους λογους του τους, μετπρεν από της Γαλιλαιας, και πλθεν εις τα όρια της 1ουδαιας, περαν του
 2 Ιορδανου: και πκολουθησαν αυτώ οχλοι πολλοι: και εθεραπευσεν αυτους εκει

Και προσπλθον άυτω οι Φαρισαιοι, πειραζοντες αυ-TOV, KAL ASTOVTEG, EL ELEGTIV ανθρωπω απολυσαι την τυναικα άυτου κατα πασαν. 4 aitian? o de attokoibeico ELTIEN AUTOICS OUR ANETHOTE. ότι ο ποιποιας απ αρχης, αρσεν και θηλυ εποιησεν αυ-5 TOUS? KAL ELTTEY, " EVEKEY " TOUTOU KATAZEIWEI AV-· · θρωπος τον πατερα και " την μητερα, και προσκολ-" ληθησεται τη γυναικι " ἀυτου , και εσονται δι 6 " δυσεις σαρκα μιαν". ώστε ουκετι εισι δύος αλλα σαρξ μια. ο ουν ο Θεος συνεζευξεν. ανθρωπος μη χωριζετω. κε*τουσιν αυτω, τι ουν Μωσης* ενετειλατο δουναι βιβλιον αποστασιου, και απολυσαι 8 αυτην? λεγει αυτοις, ότι

Μωσης

bad for thee? So that his 34. lord in great dipleasure der livered him to the jayler till he should pay the whole debt. in the same manner will my 35 heavenly father likewise treat you, if ye do not sincerely forgive every one the trespassion of his brother.

When Jesus had finished it these discourses, he departed from Galilee, and came into the confines of Judea, on the other side Jordan: where multitudes of people 2 followed him, and he healed their sick.

The Pharifees likewife 2 came to him, and maliciously propos'd this question, may a man lawfully put away bis wife at discretion? and 4 be answered them, have ye not read, that when the creator, at the beginning, made male and female, be 5 said, " for this cause shall " a man leave father and " mother, and be attach'd " to his wife: and they two " shall be one flesh?" fo 6 that they are not now two. but one. what therefore God bath joined together, let not man put afunder. wby then, faid they, did 7 Moses permit to give a writ of divorce to repudiate the wife? be answer'd them, \$ 'twas because of your perverse

Μωσης προς την σκληροκαρδιαν ύμων επετρεγισεν ύμιν απολυσαι τας γυναικας ύμων: απ' αρχης δε ου γεγονεν ουτω. 9 λειω δε ύμινο ότι ός αν απο-אטסיו דחי דעימואמ מעדטעי μη επι πορνεία, και ταμπση αλλην, μοιχαται: και ο απολελυμενην γαμπσας, μοι-10 χαται. λεγούσιν αυτώ ὁι μαθηται αυτου: ει ουτως εστιν ή αιτια του ανθρωπου META THE TUVALKOES OU OUM-11 φερει γαμησαι. ο δε ειπεν άυτοις, ου παντές χωρουσι Τον λογον τουτον, αλλ οις 12 δεδοται. εισι ταρ ευνουχοι. CITIVES EK KOINIAS UNTOOS EFEVνηθησαν ουτω: και εισιν EUVOUXOI, OITIVES EUVOUXIOONσαν ύπο των ανθρωπων: KAL ELOIV EUVOUXOL, OLTIVES ευνουχισαν ξαυτους δια την βασιλειαν των ουρανων. ο δυναμενος χωρειν XW-DEITW.

Τοτε προσηνεχθη αυτώ παιδια, ίνα τας χειρας επίθη αυτοις, και προσευζηται: όι δε μαθηται επετιμησαν 14 αυτοις ό δε Ιπσους ειπεν, αφετε τα παιδια, και μη κωλυετε αυτα ελθειν προς με: των γαρ τοιουτών εστιν ή 15 βασιλεια των ουρανών. και επίθεις αυτοις τας χειρας, επορευθη εκειθεν.

verse temper that Moses suffered you to repudiate your wives: but from the beginning this was not in practice. and I tell you, that who- o ever shall put away his wife. except it be for adultery, and shall marry another, he committeth adultery: and whofo marrieth ber that is put away, causetb ber to commit adultery. thereupon bis dif- 10 ciples faid, if the case between man and wife be such, it is best not to marry. but 11 be reply'd, 'tis not every man can live single, but only fuch as have the gift of continency. as there are 12 some eunuchs, who were fuch from their very birth: and others who were made such by men: so there are some who have made themselves eunuchs for the sake of religion. be that can bear the state of celibacy, let bim bear it.

Then they brought chil-13 dren to him in order to have his blessing: and the disciples rebuked them. but fe-14 sus said, let the children alone, and don't hinder them from coming to me: for of such does the gospel-kingdom consist. and he laid his 15 hands upon them, and departed thence.

Im-

16 Και ιδου, εις προσελθων, ειπεν αυτω, διδασκαλε αταθε, τι αταθον ποιπσω, ίνα I TEXW LWMV ALWVIOU? O DE ELπεν αυτώ, Τι με λεγεις αγαθου? ουδεις αγαθος, ει με είς, O GEOC. EL DE BENEIL ELGENBELV εις την ζωπν, τηρησον τας 18 EVTORAS RETEL AUTWO TOLas? o de inoous eine, To, ες ου φονευσεις, ου μοιχευ-" σεις, ου κλεψεις, ου ψευ-19" δομαρτυρησεις, τιμα τον " πατερα σου, και την μη-" τερα, (και, αγαπησεις τον " πλησιου σου ως σεαυτου.") 20 λεγει αυτω ο νεανισκος, παντα ταυτα εφυλαξαμην εκ νεοτητος μου, τι ετι ύστε-21 Γω? εφη αυτω ό Ιησους, ει θελεις Τελειος ειναι, ύπατε, πωλησον σου τα ύπαρκοντα. και δος πτωχοις: και έξεις θεσαυρον εν ουρανω. και δευ-2200, ακολουθεί μοι ακουσας δε ο νεανισκος τον λογον, απηλθε λυπουμένος: πν γαρ 23 εχων κτηματα πολλα. δ δε Ιπσους είπε τοις μαθηταις αυτου, αμην λειω ύμιν, ότι δυσκολως πλουσιος εισελευσεται εις την βασιλειάν των 24 ουρανων- παλιν δε λειω ύμιν, ευκοπωτερον εστι καμηλον δια Τουπηματος ραφιδος GIENDELY, IN MADUOTON EIC THY βασιλειαν του Θεου εισελ-25 θειν- ακουσαντες δε δι μαεπται αυτου, εξεπλησσοντο

Immediately one came near 16 bim, saying, good master, what good Shall I do, to obtain eternal life? and be said to bim, 17 wby do you stile me good? there is but one that is good, that is God. but if you would enter into life, keep the commandments. be reply'd, which ? 18 Jesus said, "thou shalt do no "murder, thou shalt not com-" mit adultery, thou shalt "not steal, thou shalt not " bear false witness, bonour 19 " thy father and thy mother: " and, thou shalt love thy " neighbour as thyself." the 20 young man answer'd, all these things have I practis'd from my youth: what is it that is further required ? Jesus said, 21 if thou wilt be perfect, go sell your estate, give the value to the poor, and you shall have treasure in heaven: then come and follow me. but when the 22 young man beard that, bewent away dejetted: for be bad great possessions. then said 7e-23 sus to bis disciples, I declare unto you, it will be difficult for a rich man to enter into the gaspel kingdom. I tell 24 you again, it is easter for a cable to go through the eye of a needle, than for a rich man to enter into the divine kingdom. when his dif- 25 ciples beard this, they were

σφοδρα, λεγοντες, τις αρα 26 δυναται σωθπναι ? εμβλεψεις δε ὁ Ιπσους, ειπεν αυτοις, παρα ανθρωποις τουτο αδυνατον εστι, παρα δε Θεω παντα δυνατα εστι.

27 Τοτε αποκρίθεις ο Πετρος. ELTEV AUTW. LOOU, HUELC AONκαμεν παντα, και ηκολουθησαμεν σοι, τι αρα εσται ή-28 LLV ? O de Ingous elten auτοις, αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ύμεις δι ακοπουθησαντες μοι εν τη παλιγγένεσια, όταν καθιση ό ύιος του ανθρωπου επι θρονου δοξης άυτου, καθισεσθε και υμεις επι δωδεκα θρονους, κρινοντες τας δωδε-29 κα φυλας του Ισραπλ. και πας ός αφηκεν οικίαν, η αδελφους, η αδελφας, η πατερα, n patera, n juvaika, n tekνα, η αγρους, ένεκεν του ονοματος μους εκατονταπλασιονα λπινεται, και ζοην αι-30 ωνίον κληρονομησεί. πολλοί δε εσονται πρωτοι, εσχατοι ι KALEOKATOL, TOWTOL.

και εσκατοι, πρωτοι.
Των ουρανων ανθρωπω οικοδεσποτη, όστις εξηλθεν άμα
πρωι μισθωσασθαι εργατας
εις τον αμπελωνα άυτου.
2 συμφωνησας δε μετα των εργατων εκ δηναριου την ήμεραν, απεστειλεν αυτους εις τον
3 αμπελωνα άυτου. και εξελθων περι την τριτην ώραν,
ειδεν αλλους έστωτας εν τη
4 αγορα αργους. κάκεινοις ειπεν,

υπα-

exceedingly amazed, saying, who then can be saved? but 26 Jesus looking at them, said, however impracticable this is to men, all things are possible to God.

Then said Peter, but we, 27 who have left every thing to follow thee; what advantage shall we get by it? Jesus 28 reply'd. I declare unto you. that in the new age, when the son of man shall sit in the throne of his glory, ye that have followed me shall likewise sit upon twelve thrones, judging the twelve tribes of Israel. and every 20 one that abandons his family, his brothers, or sisters, or father, or mother, or wife, or children, or lands for my sake, shall receive in that age an bundred times the value, and shall inherit hereafter everlasting life. but ma- 30 ny that are first shall be last; and the last shall be first.

For the kingdom of the I Messiah is like a family, the master whereof went out early in the morning to hire labourers for his vineyard. ha- 2 ving agreed with them for a penny a day, he sent them to his vineyard. he went 3 out about the third hour, and saw others standing idle in the market-place, and said to them, go ye like- 4 wise

UTTATETE KAI UHEISEIS TON AILπελώνα, και ο εαν η δικαιον, 5 δωσω ύμιν: οι δε απηλθον. παλινεξελθων περι έκτην και έννατην ώραν, εποιησεν ώσαυ-6 τως. περι δε την ένδεκατην ώραν εξελθων, έυρεν αλλους Eστωτας αργους, και λεγει αυ-Τοις, Τι ώδε έστηκατε όλην 7 την ήμεραν αργοι ? λεγουσιν αυτω, ότι ουδεις ήμας εμισθωσατο. λεγει αυτοις, ύπαγε-ΤΕ Και ύμεις εις Τον αμπελωνα, και ο έαν η δικαιον, πηψεσθε. 8 OWIAG DE LENOMERNO, VELET O KA-CLOS TOU QUITENWUOS TW ETI-Τροπω άυτου, καλεσον τους εργατας, και απρόος αυτοις τον μισθον, αρξαμένος απο των εσχατων, έως των πρω-9 Των. και ελθοντες οι περι την ένδεκατην ώραν, ελαβον ανα 10 δηναριον- ελθοντες δε οι πρω-Τοις ενομισαν ότι πλειονα ληψονται, και ελαβον και ΙΙ αυτοι ανα δηναριον- λαβοντες δε εγογγυζον κατα του οι-12 κοδέσποτους REFOUTES, OTI ουτοι οι ισχατοι μιαν ώραν εποιπσαν, και ισους ήμιν αυτους εποιησας, τοις βαστα. σασι το βαρος της ήμερας, και 13 τον καυσωνα. ο δε αποκρι-CEIC, ELTEVEVI AUTION, ETAIDE, ουκ αδικω σε, ουκι δηναριου 14 συνεφωνήσας μοι ? αρον Τό σον, και ύπαςε, θελω δε του-Τω τω εσχατω δουναι ώς και יוס מינו או סייג בצנסדו עום אסוח-GAL O BETWEEN TOIC EMOIS ? no οΦθαλ-

wife to my vineyard, and I will give you what is. reasonable: accordingly they went thither. about the fixth 5 and ninth bour be went out again, and gave the like directions. at last, about the 6 eleventh bour be went out, and found others standing idle. and said to them, why do you stand idling thus all day long? they answer'dhim, be- 7 cause we are not bired; go work then faid be, in my vineyard, and I will give you what's reasonable. so when e- 8 ven was come, the master of the vineyard said to his steward, call the labourers, and give them their bire, beginning from the last to the first. they then that were bired a- 9 bout the eleventh bour, came and received every man bis penny. last of all they came 10 who were bired first, expecting to bave received more, but they had only a penny a man, 11 who upon the receipt of it fell a murmuring against the master, and cry'd, these last bave 12 work'd but an bour, and you put them upon the level with us, who have born the whole fatigue and beat of the day. but he answered one of them, 13 friend, I do thee no wrong: did not you agree for a penny a day? take your due, and be 14. gone: I will give the last the

26 οφθαλμος σου πονηρος εστιν, ότι εγω αγαθος ειμι ? ουτως εσονται οι εσχατοι, πρωτοι, και οι πρωτοι, εσχατοι: πολλοι γαρ εισι κλητοι, ολιγοι δε εκλεκτοι.

17 Και αναβαινων ο Ιποους εις Ιεροσολυμα, παρελαβε τους δωδεκα μαθπτας κατ ιδιαν εν τη όδω, και ειπεν 18 αυτοις, ιδου, αναβαινομεν εις Ιεροσολυμα, και ο ύιος του ανθρωπου παραδοθησεται τοις αρχιερευσι και Γραμματευσι, και κατακρινουσιν 19 αυτον θανατω, και παραδωσουσιν αυτον τοις εθνεσιν εις το εμπαιζαι, και μαστιμωσαι, και σταυρωσαι: και τη

τριτη ήμερα αναστησεται. Τοτε προσηλθεν αυτω ή μπτηρ των ύιων Ζεβεδαίου, μετα των ύιων άυτης, προσκυνουσα, και αιτουσα τι 21 παρ αυτου ο δε ειπεν αυ-THE TI BENEIC? RETEL AUTOS είπε ίνα καθισωσιν ουτοι οι δυο ύιοι μους έις εκ δεξιων σους και είς εξευωνυμωνς εν 22 τη βασιλεια σου-ATTOKOL-BELG DE O INDOUS, ELTEY, OUK οιδατε τι αιτεισθε: δυνασθε TIELY TO TOTTIPLOYS O EFW HEXλω πινειν, (και το βαπτισμα ό εςω βαπτίζομαι, βαπτίσ- $\theta nvai$)? Rejousiv aut φ , 23 δυναμεθα. και λεγει αυτοις. το μεν ποτηριον μου πιεσθε, και το βαπτισμα δ ειω

Ban-

fame I give you. can't I do 13
what I will with my own?
because I am bountiful, are
you invidious? thus the last 16
shall be first, and the first
last: for though many are invited, few have precedence.
As Jesus was on the way 17

As Jesus was on the way 17 to Jerusalem, he took the twelve disciples in private, and said to them, we are 18 now gaing to Jerusalem, where the son of man will be betrayed to the chief priests, and to the Scribes, who will condemn him to die, and deliver him up 19 to the Gentiles, to be insulted, scourged, and crucified: but the third day he shall rise again.

Then ibe mother of Zebe-20 dee's children, with her two fons, came and threw berjelf at bis feet, defiring a favour of him. and be 21 said to ber, what would you bave? grant, faid floc, when you are upon the throne, that these my two sons may fit, the one on thy right band, and the other on the lest. but Jesus answered 22 them, se know not what we ask. can ye bear to drink of the cup that I shall drink of, and to be baptized with the baptism that I am baptized with? they faid to bim, we can. be replied, 23

BATTICOUAL, BATTIO ON DEO DE: το δε καθισαι εκ δεξιων UNI KAL EK EUWYUMWY MOUS ουκ εστιν εμον δουναι αλλ ήτοιμασται ύπο του 24 πατρος μου- και ακουσαντες οι δεκα, ηγανακτησαν περι 25 των δυο αδέλφων ο δε Ιήσους προσκαλεσαμένος αυτοικ, ειπεν, οιδατε ότι οι αρχώντες των εθνών κατακύ-PLEUDUOLY AUTWYS KAL OL HETAλοι κατεξουσιαζουσιν αυτων-26 ουχ όυτως δε εσται εν ύμιν: ANN OS EAN BENTI EN UPUN HEγας γενεσθαι, εστω ύμων 27 ôlakovos kai os eav bean εν ύμιν ειναι πρωτος, εστω 28 υμων δουλος ώσπερ ο ύιος ουκ ήλθε του ανθεωπου διακονήθηναι, αλλα διαδουναι την KSINGAL, KAL τυσχην άυτου λυτρον αντι 7707076034

29 Και εκπορευομενών αυτών απο Ιεριχώ, πκολουθησεν αυ30 τω οχλος πολυς και ιδου, δυο τυφλοι καθημενοι παρα την όδον, ακουσαντες ότι Ιησους παραγει, εκραξαν, λεγοντες, " ελεπσον ήμας Κυ31 " ριε, ύιος Δαβιδ." ό δε οχλος επετιμησεν αυτοις, ίνα σιών πησωσιν: όι δε μειζον εκραζον, λεγοντες, ελεπσον ήμας 32 Κυριε, ύιος Δαβιδ. και στας ό Ιησους εφωνησεν αυτους, και

ELTES

ve hall indeed drink of my cup, and be baptized with the baptism that I am baptized with: but to fit on my right band, and on my left, I cannot grant to any but those whom my father has destin'd thereto. upon hear-24 ing this, the other ten disciples were moved with indignation against the two brothers. but Jesus calling 25 them to him, said, ye know that the princes of the Gentiles exercise arbitrary dominion over them, and they that are great exercife their authority. but it must not be so a-26 mong you: on the contrary, whoever would rife among you, let bim be your minister. and whoever would be chief 27 among you, let him be your servant. as the son of man 28 came not to be ministred unto. but to minister, and to give bis life a ransom for all.

At their departure from 29 fericho, a great multitude followed him. and there were 30 two blind men fitting by the way-side, who hearing that fessies was passing by, cried out, "have meray on us, O"Lord, thou son of David." and the people reprimanded 31 them, to make them hold their tongue: but they bawl'd out the more, have mercy on us, O Lord, thou son of David.

ειπε, τι θελετε ποιησω ύμιν ?
33 λεγουσιν αυτώ, Κυριε, ίνα ανοιχθωσιν ήμων οι οφθαλμοι34 σπλαγχνισθεις δε ο Ιησους, ήψατο των οφθαλμων αυτών: και ευθεως ανεβλεψαν αυτων οι οφθαλμοι, και ηκοκουθησαν αυτώ-

Και ότε ηγισαν εις Ιεροσολυμα, και πλθον εις Βηθφαιπ προς Το ορος Των ελαι-WY, TOTE O INDOUG ATTECTEINE 2 δυο μαθητας, λειων αυτοις, TOPEUBITE ELL THY KWUNY THY απεναντι ύμων, και ευθεως έυρησετε ονον δεδεμενην, και TWAOY HET AUTH: AUGAY-3 TEG ATATETE HOL. KAL EAV TIC VILLY ELAM TIS EPEITES OTI o Kudios autwo xpeiau exei, ευθεως δε αποστελει αυτους. 4 τουτο δε όλον γεγονεν, ίνα πληρωθη το ρηθεν δια του 5 TOOPITOU, REPORTES, " πατε τη θυγατρι Σιων, " ιδου, ὁ βασιλευς σου ερχεει ται σοι πραυς, και επι-" βεβηκως επι ονογ, " πωλον ύιον ύποζυτιου." 6 πορευθεντες δε οι μαθηται» και ποιησαντες καθως προσε-7 ταξεν αυτοις ο Ιπσους, πρα-FOY THE OVOY KAL TOV TWAOYS και επεθηκαν επανώ αυτών Τα έματια άυτων, και επε-8 καθισεν επανω αυτων-TABOTOS OXAOS εστρωσαν εαυτων

David. then Jesus stood 32 still, and calling them, said, what would ye have me do for you? they said to him, 33 grantLord that we may have sight. Jesus then having com-34 passion on them, touched their eyes: and immediately they had their sight, and they sollowed him.

When they drew nigh to 1 Ferusalem, and were come to Bepthphage, to the mount of Olives, Jesus dispatched two disciples, saying, go to 2 yonder village, and you will immediately find an ass tied, and a colt with her: loofe them, and bring them to me. if any man oppose you, say, 3 the Lord wants them; and then be will send them. this was done, that it might be fulfilled which was spoken by the prophet, saying, " * tell ye the daughter of " Sion, behold, thy king " cometh unto thee, meek, " and fitting on an ass, even " a colt, the fole of an ass." and the disciples went, and 6 baving done as Jesus commanded them, they brought the ass with the colt, threw their clothes on them, and mounted bim thereon: bundance of people spread their garments upon the ground; ethers lop'd down branches

4 Zech. ix. 9.

έαυτων τα ίματια εν τη όδω: ANNO DE EKOTTON KNADOUR απο των δενδρων, και εσ-9 Τρωννυον εν Τη όδω: όι δε OXNOL OL TROCKTONTES KAL OL akonoutourtes, expatous neτοντες, " Ωσαννα τω υιω " Δαβιδ: ευλογημενος ο " ερχομένος εν ονομάτι Κυ-" ριου, Ωσαννα εν Τοις ύψι-10" στοις" και εισελθοντος αυτου εκ Ιεροσολυμα, εσεισθη πασα ή πολις, λειουσα, ΙΙ τις εστιν όντος? ά δε οχλοι ελεγον, όστος εστιν Ιπσους ο προφητης, ο απο Ναζαρετ της Γαλιλαιας.

12 Και εισπλθεν ο Ιπσους εις το ιερον (του Θεου), και εξεβαλε παντας τους πω-λουντας και αγοραζοντας εν τω ιερω, και τας τραπεζας των κολλυβιστων κατεστρεψε, και τας καθεδρας των πωλουντων τας περιστερας. 13 και λεγει αυτοις, γεγραπται, ό οικος μου, οικος προσευ- κπς κληθησεται, ύμεις δε αυτον εποιησατε σπη- λαιον ληστων.

14 Και προσηλθον αυτώ τυφλοι και χωλοι εν τώ ιερώ,
15 και εθεραπευσεν αυτους, ιδοντες δε οι αρχιερεις και οι Γραμματεις τα θαυμασια ά εποιησε, και τους παιδας
κραζοντας εν τώ ιέρω, και
λεγοντας, " Ωσαννα τώ υιώ
16" Δαβιδ; ηγανακτησαν, και

ELTOY

branches from the trees, and
frewed them in the way:
while the crowd that were 9
marching before, and behind,
cried out, "Hosanna to the
"fon of David: blessed is
"he that cometh in the name
"of the Lord, Hosanna,
"Hosanna." and when he to
was come into Jerusalem, all
the city was in an uproar,
saying, who is this? and the
the crowd said, "tis Jesus
the prophet of Nazareth in
Galilee.

Then Jesus entered into 12
the temple of God, drove out
all those that sold and bought
in the temple, overthrew
the tables of the money-changers, and the stalls of those
that sold doves, and said 13
to them, it is written,
"my bouse shall be the
bouse of prayer, but ye
bove made it a den of
thieves."

Then the blind and the lame 14 came to bim in the temple, and be healed them: but 15 when the chief priests and Scribes saw the wonders that he did, and the young people crying in the temple, "Hosanna to the son of Dawid;" they were full of indigna-

* Jer. vii. 11.

ειπου αυτώ, ακουεις τι ουτοι περουσιν? ο δε Ιπσοικ περει αυτοις, ναι, ουδεποτε ανερνωτε, " ότι εκ στοματος νη " πιων και θηπαζοντων κα-17" τηρτισω αινου?" και καταπιπων αυτους, εξηπθεν εξω της ποπεως εις Βηθανιαν, και πυπισθη εκει.

18 Πρωιας δε επαναζων εις 19 την πολίν, επεινάσε. KAL ιδων συκην μιαν επι της όδοιμ πλθεν επ' αυτην, και ουδεν έυρεν εν αυτή ει μη φυλλα μονον, και λεγει αυτη, μη-KETI EK GOU KAPTOS TEVNTAL εκ τον αιωνα. και εξηρανθη 20 παςαχρημα ή συκη. και ιδοντες οι μαθηται, εθαυμασαν, λεγοντες, πως παραχοημα εξηρανθη ή συκη? 21 αποκριθείς δε ο Ιπσούς, είπεν αυτοις, αμπν λεγω ύμιν, εαν εχητε πιστιν, και μη διακριθητε, ου μονον το της συκης ποιησετε, αλλα κάν τω ορει τουτω ειπητε: αρθητι, και βληθητι εις την θαλασσαν. 22 γενησεται. KAL παντα OGA AV ALTHONTE EV TH προσευχή, πιστευοντές, λη-₩ ደወፀድ∙

23 Και ελθοντι αυτώ εις το ίερον, προσπλθον αυτώ διδασκοντι δι αρχιερεις και δι
πρεσβυτεροι του λαου, λεγοντες, εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιεις? και τις σοι εδιοκε

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dignation. and faid to him, 16
do you bear what they say?
yes, said Jesus; have ye
never read; * " out of the
" mouth of babes and suck" lings I will make a con" fort of praise?" then 17
leaving them, he went out
of the city to Bethany, where
he stay'd that night.

In the morning as he re- 18 turned into the city, he was a bungry. when seeing a 19 fig-tree by the way, be came to it, and finding nothing thereon, but bare leaves, faid to it, may you never more bear fruit. and presently the fig-tree withered away. up- 20 on which the disciples said to one another, much sur priz'd, how came the fig-tree to wither away so suddenly? Je-21 fus answered them, I declare to you, if ye have a full assurance of fouth, ye small not only be able to do this to a fig-tree, but if ye should even say to this mountain, be thou removed, and cast into the sea; it should be done. and whatever ye shall 22 ask in prayer, with faith, ye Shall receive.

When he was come into the 23 temple, the chief priests and the magistrates came to him as he was teaching, and said, by what authority dost thou these things? and who gave

* Pfal. viii. 2]

21 THY ECOUDIAY TAUTHY? A ποκριθεις δε ό Ιπσους, ειπεν αυτοις, ερωτησω ύμας κατω λογονένα, ον εαν ειπητε μοι, κάτω ύμιν ερω εν ποια εξου-25 σια ταυτα ποιω. το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου ποθεν ην ? εξ ουρανου, η εξανθρωπων ? οι δε διελογίζοντο παρ εαυτοις. REFORTECS EAVELTIWHER, EE.OUρανου, ερει ήμιν, διατι ουν 26 OUK ETIGTEUGATE AUTW. EAV δε ειπωμεν, εξ ανθρώρων, φοβουμεθα τον οχλον, παντές **Γ**αρ εκουσί τον Ιωαννην ως 27 προφητην. και αποκριθεν-TES TW INGOU, ELTON, OUK OF dauev: non autois kai au-Τος, ουδε εγώ λεγω ύμιν εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιω. 28 Τι δε υμιν δοκει? ανθρω-TOS EIXE TEKNOE GUO, KOL TOOσελθων τω πρωτω, ειπε, τεκνον, υπαςε, σημερον εργαζου 29 εν τω αμπελωνι μου. ό δε

αποκριθεις, ειπεν, ου θενω: ύστερον δε μεταμεληθεις, α-30 πηλθε. και προσελθων τω ετερώ, ειπεν ώσαυτως ο δε αποκριθείς, είπεν, ετω κυρίε ! 31 KAL OUK ATTINDE TIS EK TWY δυο εποιπσε το θελημα του πατρος? λεγουσιν αυτώ, ο πρωτος. λεγει αυτοις ο Inσους, αμπν λεγω ύμιν, ότι οι Τελωναι και αι πορναι προαγουσιν ύμας εις την βασι-32 RELAY TOU GEOU. MAGE TAP προς ύμας Ιωαννής εν όδω δι-

thee this authority & and Fe- 24 fus answered them, let me ask you one question, if he answer me that, I shall likewise satisfy you by what authority I do these things. the baptism 25 of John, whence was it? was it a divine or a human Institution? and they reasoned thus with themselves, if we say, it was divine; be will say then roby did ye not believe bim? but if we say, if was merely 26 buman, we are obnomious to the people; for all hold John as a prophet. To they made 27 answer, we cannot tell. and Jefus said, neither shall I tell you, by wball anthority I do these things.

But what do you think of 28 this? a man had two fons, and coming to the first, be said, son, go, work to-day in my vineyard. I won't, said 29 be: but afterward be chang'd bis mind, and went. then be 30 came to the other, and bid bim do the same. and he answered, yes, sir ; but went not. which of the two obey'd 31 bis father? they said, the first. Jesus reply'd, I declare to you, that the publicans and licentious people enter into the gospel kingdom before you. for John instructed you in the 22 way of righteousness, and re believed him not : but the pub-

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καιοσυνης, και ουκ επιστευσατε αυτώ, οι δε τελωναι και αι πορναι επιστευσαν αυτώ, ύμεις δε ιδοντες ου μετεμεληθητε ύστερον, του πιστευσαι αυτω-

Αλλην παραβολην ακου-TATE: AND DENTOS TIS NY DIKOδεσποτης, όστις εφυτευσεν αμπελωνα, και φραζμον αυτω περιεθηκε, και ωρυξεν εν αυτω λπιον και ωκοδομήσε πυργον, και εξεδοτο αυτον **Γεωργοις, και απεδημησεν**. 24 OTE DE MITIGEN O KALPOR TWY KADTOV ATESTEINE δουλους αυτου προς rewarous, rabein tous kap-25 HOUS AUTON KAI NABONTES οι γεωργοι τους δουλους αυτου, ου μεν εδειραν, ου δε απεκτειναν, ον δε ελιθοβολησαν. 36 παλιν απεστείλεν αλλους δουλους πλειονας των πρω-Των, και εποιπσαν αυτοις 27 ώσαντως ύστερον δε α-TESTEINE TOOK AUTOUS TON υίον άυτου, λειων, εντρα-38 πησονται τον ύλον μου. οι DE TEMPTOL LOOVTER TON DIONS ELπον εν ξαυτοις, ουτος εστιν ο κληρονομος, δευτε, αποκτει-YWHEY AUTOY, KAI KATAOXWμεν την κληρονομίαν αυτου. 20 και λαβοντες αυτον, εξεβαλον εξω του αμπελωνος, και 40 απεκτειναν. όταν ουν ελθη ο κυριος Του αμπελωνος, Τι TOINTEL TOIS FEWPFOLS EKELVOLS?

publicans and the licentious believed him. and the you faw that, you did not yet repent, so as to believe him.

Hear another parable: a 33 certain landlord planted a vineyard, hedged it round, set up a wine-press in it, and built a tower, then lett it out to tenants, and went into a foreign country. and when 24 the fruit-season came on, be fent his fervants to the tenants, to receive the fruits of it. but they seiz'd bis ser-25 vants, beat some, killed one, and stoned another, then 36 be sent a greater number of servants, than at first: who met with the same treatment. but last of all, be sent bis 37 son, saying, they will reverence my son. but when the 28 tenants faw the fon, they faid among themselves, this is the heir, come, let us kill bim, and then seize on bis inberitance. so seizing upon 39 bim, they turn'd bim out of the vineyard, and slew him. when the master therefore of 40 the vincyard comes, what will be do to those tenants? they answered, he will 4 f give those wretches no quarter, and will let out his vineyard to such as shall du-

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41 λεγουσιν αυτώ, κακους κακως απολεσει αυτους, και τον αμπελωνα εκδοσεται αλλοις γεωργοις, οι τινες αποδωσουσιν αυτώ τους καρπους εν τοις καιροις αυτών.

42 AFEL AUTOK O INTOUS, OU-DETIOTE AVERYWITE EN TAIS PAφαις, " λίθον ον απεδοκιματαν οι οικοδομουντες, ουτος " εΓενηθη εις κεφαλην Γωνιας» " παρα κυριου εγενετο άυτης " και εστι θαυμαστη εν οφ-43 " θαλμοις ήμων?" δια τουτο λεγω ύμιν, ότι αρθησεται αφ' ύμων ή βασιλεια του Θεους και δοθησεται εθυει ποιουντι τους καρπους αυ-AATHS KOLO TEOWY ETT TOY λιθον τούτον, συνθλασθησε-דמני בס סי ל מי הבסיף אוגμησει αυτον.

45 Και ακουσαντες δι αρχιερεις και δι Φαρισαιοι τας παραβολας αυτου, εγνωσαν 46 ότι περι αυτων λεγει και ζητουντες αυτον κρατησαις εφοβηθησαντους οχλουςς επειδη ώς προφητην αυτον ειχονο

δη ώς προφητην αυτον ειχον.

Και αποκριθεις ο Ιπσους, παλιν ειπεν αυτοις εν παρα
βολαις, λεςων, ώμοιωθη ή βασιλεια των ουρανων ανθρωπω βασιλει, οστις εποιησε

γαμους τω ύιω άυτου και απεστειλε τους δουλους άυτου καλεσαι τους κεκλημένους εις τους γαμούς, και

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ly account for the profits thereof.

Jesus reply'd, did ye ne-47 ver read in the scriptures. " that very stone which the · builders rejected, is become the principal stone " of the angle, this the " Lord effected, and it is " marvellous in our eyes." wherefore I declare to you, 43 the gospel dispensation shall be taken from you, and given to a nation that shall make a proper use thereof. and whose- 44 ever shall stumble at this stone. shall be broken; but on whomfoever it shall fall, he shall be entirely crushed.

When the chief priests and 45
Pharisees had beard his parables, they perceived that he
meant them. and they endea-46
voured to seize him, but were
afraid of the multitude, because
they took him for a prophet.

And Jesus continued to speak to them in parables, and said, the kingdom of the Messah is such, as when a certain king made a wedding-feast for his son, he sent out his servants to call those that were invited to the wedding: but they would not come.

M 2 then

* Pfil. cxviii. 22.

4 סעג אלפיגטע באלפוע. אמאנע מא πεστειλεν αλλους δουλους. LETWYS ELTITE TOIS KEKLINUET νοις, ιδου, το αριστον μου πτοιμασα, οι ταυροι μου και τα σιτιστα τεθυμένα, και TANTA ETOLUAL DEUTE EK TOUK 5 rayous or de apennoavies απηλθου, ο μεν εις τον ιδιον arrows o de eig The Euthopiaen 6 EUTOU. OF DE LOISTON KOATT σαγτες τους δουλους αυτους 7 DBOWAY, KALAMEKTELVAV. Aκουσας δε δ βασιλευς εκεινοι εωριόθη, και πεμιμάς τα στρατευματα άυτου, απώ-LEGE TOUS DOVELS EKELVOUS, KAL Την πολιν αυτών ενεπρήσει ΤΟΤΕ ΧΕΓΕΙ ΤΟΙς δουλοις άυ-TOWN O HEV FORHOG ETOCHOG ECTEV, OI DE KEKAMHENOI OUK 9 ησαν αξιοι- πορευεσθε ουν επι τας διεξοδους των όδων, και όσους αν έυρητες καιλε-TO TATE EK TOUK PAHOUK. KAL εξελθοντες οι δουλοι εκεινοι εις τας άδους, συνηγαγον παντας δείους έυρους πουπρους τε και αγαθους, και επληστιθη ο γαμος ανακειμενών. σενθων δε ο βαστλευς θεασασθαι Τους ανακειμένους. ειδεν εκει ανθρωπον ουκ ενδε-12 δυμενον ενδυμα Γαμου. και AFFEL AUTY, ETAILE, TWG ELT σπλθες ώδε μη εχων ενδυμα 13 γαμου ? ο δε εφιμώθη τοτε έιπεν ο βασιλευς τοις διακονοις, δησαντες αυτου ποδας KAL XELCAS, APATE AUTOV,

then be fent out other fer- 4 vants, saying, tell these who are invited, I bave prepared my dinner: my oxen and my fatlings are killed. and every thing is ready: come to the entertainment. but instead of showing any re- 5 gard, they went their ways, one to bis farm, another to bis traffick. otbers seiz'd bis ser- 6 vants, outrageously abused them, and flew thom. when 7 the king was informed of this, be was greatly incensed, and baving order'd bis forces to march, he put those murderers to death, and laid their city in ashes. then he said to 8 bis servants, the feast is ready, but they who were invited were very unworthy. go 9 therefore into the high streets, and as many as ye find, invite to the marriage: accordingly 10 they went about the streets, and assembled all they met indifferently, both good and bad: so that the ball was furnished with guests. but upon the 11 king's coming in to fee the guests, he observed one there without a wedding garment: and be said to bin, friend, 12 how came you in hither, without a wedding garment? and be was speechless. then said 13 the king to the servants, bind bim band and foot, take bim away, and turn bim out in

και εκβαλετε εις το σκοτος το εξωτερον: εκει εσται ο κλαυθμος και ο βρυγμος των 14 οδοντων πολλοι γαρ εισι κλητοι, ολιγοι δε εκλεκτοι.

KANTOL, OALFOL DE EKREKTOL-15 ΤΟΤΕ ΠΟΡΕυθέντες οι Φαρισαιοι, συμβουλιον ελαβον όπως αυτον πατιδευσωσιν εν ι 6 λογω και αποστελλουσιν αυτώ τους μαθητας άυτων μετα των Ηρωδιανων, λετοντες ; διδασκαλε, οιδαμεν ότι αληθης ει, και την όδον του Θεου εν απηθεια διδασκεις, και ου μελει σοι περι ουδενος: ου γαρ βλεπεις εις προσωπον 17 αυθρωπων- ειπε ουν πίων, Τι σοι δοκει? εξεστι δουναι κην-΄ 18 σον Καισαρι, η ου ₹ γνους δε ο Ιπσους Την πονηριαν αυ-TWP, EITE, TI HE TEIPALETE 19 υποκριται ? επιδειξατε μοι το νομισμα του κηνσού. οι δε προσηνεγκαν αυτώ δηνα-20 plov. Kal Kefel autoic, Tivos ή εικων άυτη και ή επιτραφη? 21 λεγουσιν αυτω, Καισαρος. TOTE REFEI AUTOIC, AMODOTE ουν τα Καισαρος, Κάισα-PI: KAI TA TOU ĐEOÙS TW 22 Θεω. και ακουσαντές εθαυμασαν, και αφέντες αυτον,

23 Ευ εκεινή τη ήμερα προσηλθου αυτώ Σαδδουκαιοι, οι λεγουτες μη ειναι αναστασιν, 24 - αι επηρωτησαν αυτου, λεγουτες,

απηλθου.

the dark: there shalt he weeping and gnashing of teeth.
thus many are called, but few 14
are converted.

Upon this the Pharifees 15 withdrew, and confulted bow they might in nare bim in his discourse. they dispatched 16 therefore some of their disciples, together with the Herodians, who thus address a themselves to bim; maker. we know that you are sincere, and faithfully teach the divine law without fear or flattery: for you have no regard to the outward quality of men. tell us therefore, what 17 is your opinion? is it lawful to pay tribute to Cefar, or no? but Jesus perceiving their ma- 18 lice, said, why, hypocrites, would you insnare me? shew 19 me the tribute money, and they brought him a penny. and he 20 faid unto them, whose image and infeription is this? they 21 answer'd, Cesar's. then said be to them, render therefore unto Cefar, the things which are Cesar's: and unto God, the things that are God's. on 22 hearing this, they were filled with admiration, and so leaving him, they went their way.

About that time the Sad-23 ducees, who fay there is no future life, came and propos'd this question, master, 24 said,

route. Sidagkane, Mwone ειπεν, εαν τις αποθανη μη εχιού Τεκνάς επιζαμβρεύσει ο αδέλφος αυτου την συναικα AUTOUS KAL AVAGTHOEL GRED-2 κ μα Τω αδέλοω άυτου πσαν δε παρ ήμιν έπτα αδέλφοι, και ο πρωτος γαμπσας ετέλευ-THOE, KAI WH EXWY OTTEPHA, αφηκε την ζυναικα άυτου τω 26 αδελφω άντου - όμοιως και ο δευτερος, και ο τριτος, έως 27 των έπτα. ύστερον δε παν-28 TWV ATERAVE KAL n TUVN. TH OUV AVACTAGEL, TIVOS των έπτα εσται γυνη ? παντες ταρ εσχού αυτην-29 amokpiblic de o Indouc, el-TEV AUTOKO TRAVAGUE, UN ειδότες τας γραφας, μπδε 30 THY SUVALUE TOU GEOU. rap th avastasel oute **Γ**αμουσιν, ουτε εκταμιζονται, AND ON ATTENDE TOU GEOU EN 2 I OUPANO ELOI- TEPI DE TIC αναστασεως των νεκρων ουκ ανεγνωτε το ρηθεν ύμιν ύπο 22 TOU GEOU, REPOYTOS, " EFW " ειμι ο Θεος Αβρααμ, και ο " Θεος Ισαακ, και ο Θεος Ια-" κωβ?" ουκ εστιν ό Θεος, Θεος νεκρων, αλλα ζωντων. 33 και ακουσαντες οι οχλοιεξεπλησσοντο επι τη διδαχη 34 αυτου. α δε Φαρισαιοι α-ROUGRYTES OTL EPIHWEE TOUS Σαδ-

faid they, by the law of Moses, in case a man die without children, his brother is oblig'd to marry bis wife, in order to perpetuate bis brother's name. now there hap- 25 pen'd among us seven brothers, the first married but died without issue, leaving bis wife to bis brother: Same bappen'd to the second, and the third, and fo on to the seventh. last of all the 27 woman died too: now if 28 there be another life after this, whose wife shall she be of the seven? for they all married ber. Jesus answered 29 them, you are mistaken, for want of a true notion of the scriptures, and of the divine power. for in the other life 30 after this, there will be no fuch thing as marriage; but they will be as the angels of God in beaven. now as to 31 the state of life after death, bave ye not read that expression of God bimself, " I am the God of Abra-32 " bam, and the God of I-" saac, and the God of Ja-" cob?" God is not a benefattor to the dead, but to the living, when the people heard 33 this, they were aftonished at bis

Σαδδουκαιους , συνπχθησαν επι το αυτο-

35 Και επηρωτησεν έις εξ αυτων νομικος, πειραίων αυ-36 τον, και λεγων, διδασκαλε, ποια εντολη μεγαλη εν τω 27 νομω? ὁ δε Ιπσους ειπεν αυτω, " αγαπησεις Κυριου " Τον Θεον σου εν όλη Τη " καρδία σου, και εν όλη " τη ψυχη σου, και εν όλη 38" าก อิเฉขอเฉ ฮอบ" ฉับาท בסדו מסשדח גמו עבן מאח בע-30 Τολη- δευτερα δε όμοια αυ-THE " A CATHOEIC TON TAN-" σιον σου ώς σεαυτον." 40 EV TAUTAIS TAIS BUGIN EVτολαις όλος ο νομος και οι προφηται κρεμανται-

41 Συνηγμενων δε των Φαρισαιων, επηρωτησεν αυτους
42 ο Ιπσους, λεγων, τι ύμιν δοκει περι του Χριστου ? τινος υίος εστι ? λεγουσιν αυτω,
43 του Δαβιδ. λεγει αυτοις, πως ουν Δαβιδ εν πνευματι Κυριον αυτον καλει, λεγων,
44 " ειπεν ο Κυριος τω Κυριω μου, καθου εκ δεξίων μου, " εως αν θω τους εχθρους σου ύποποδιον των πο45 " δων σου?" ει ουν Δαβιδ καλει αυτον Κυριον, πως
46 ύιος αυτου εστι? και ουδεις εδυνατο αυτω αποκριθηναι λογον, ουδε ετολμησε

his doctrine. but the Phani-34 fees hearing that he had dumb-founded the Sadducees, they met together in council:

In the mean time one of 25 them, a Doctor of the law, to try bim, started this queftion, master, which is the 36 most important commandment of the law? Jesus said to 37 bim, " thou shalt love the " Lord thy God with all " thy beart, and with all " thy foul, and with all the " mind." this is the first 38 and most important precept, and the second has an affi-30 nity with it, " thou shalt " love thy neighbour as thy " self." these two precepts 40 comprehend the substance of all the law and the prophets.

While the Pharifees were 41 still assembled, Jefus asked them, what think ye of 42 Christ? whose son is he to be? they answered, David's. bow comes it then, said be, 43 that David by inspiration calls him Lord, in these words, " * the Lord faid 44 " unto my Lord, sit thou " on my right hand, till I " make thine enemies thy " footstool?" why then does 45. David call bim Lord, if He be David's son? but not a 46 man was able to answer bim a word, and from that time there

TIC AT EXELUTE THE THEPAS

Ι Τοτε ο Ιπσους ελαλησε TOIS OXTHOIS KAI TOIS HABITAIS 2. άυτου, λειων, επι της Μωσεως καθεδρας εκαθισαν δι Τραμματεις και οι Φαρισαιοι. 3 παντα ουν όσα αν ειπωσιν ULLY THOSING THOSITE KAL TOIT EITE, KATA DE TA EDIA AU-TOU JUN MOLEITES REPOUTLY AP, 4 KOL OU TOLOUGI. DEGLEUOUGI ταρ φορτια βαρεα και δυσβαστακτα, και επιτιθεασίν επι τους ωμούς των ανθοώσων, τω δε δακτυλω άυτων ου θελουσι κινησαί αυτα. 5 παντα δε τα εργα αυτων ποιουσι προς το θεαθηναι τοις ανθρωποις, πλατυνουσι δε τα φυλακτηρια άυτων, και μεγαλυνουσι τα κρασπεδα των ίματιων άυτων - Φι-AOUGI TE THY MOWTOKALGIAN EN TOIS DEITIVOIS, KAI TAS πρωτοκαθεδριας εν ταις συνα-7 - Γωζαίς, και Τους ασπασμούς εν ταις αγοραις, και καλεισθαι ύπο των ανθρωπων, έαββι,

ραββι.

Τμεις δε μη κληθητε ραββι, εις γαρ εστιν ύμων ο διδασκαλος, παντες δε ύμεις, ασ δελφοι εστε. και πατερα μη καλεσητε ύμων επι της γης, εις γαρ εστιν ο πατηρ ύτος κληθητε καθηγηται, εις γαρ ύμων εστιν ο καθηγητης, 11ο Χριστος. ο δε μειζων ύμων

there was no body fo hardy as to ask him any more questions.

Then Jesus addressing bim- 1 self to the people, and to his disciples, said, the Scribes 2 and the Pharisees sit in Mofes's chair. therefore what- 3 ever moral precepts they bid you observe, those abserve and practise : but don't follow their example: for they preach one thing, and prattife another. for they load men with 4 intolerable impositions, and will not take the least pains to ease them of the burthen: they do nothing but out of of- 5 tentation, their phylaeterys are broader, and the fringes of their garments are larger than those of others: they 6 affect the uppermost place at feasts, the principal chair in the synagogues, to be saluted in publick places, and to have men address to them with the title of Doctor Doctor.

But don't you assume that 8 title, for you have but one dostor, who is the Christ; as for you, you are all brethren alike. don't stile any one a-9 mong you, Father upon earth; for he alone is your father, who is in heaven. neither to take the title of masters, for you have but one master, who

εσται

12 εσται ύμων διακονός. οστις δε ύψωσει έαυτον, ταπεινώθησεται, και όστις ταπεινώσει έαυτον, ύψωθησεται-

Ουαί ύμιν, Γραμματεις και Φαρισαίοι υποκριται; κατεσθιετε τας οικιας των XTOWY, KAL TOODAGEL HAκρα προσευχομένοι, δια του-Το ληψεσθε περισσοτερού κρι-14 μα. ουαι δε ύμιν, Γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι υποκριτάι. OTI KASIETE THE BAGINSIAN των ουρανων εμπροσθεν των ανθοωπων, ύμεις γαρ ουκ בוסבריצים לב , סטלב דסטל בוσερχομένους αφιέτε εισελθείν. 15 ουαιύμιν, Γραμματεικαι Φαεισαιοι υποκριται, ότι περιατετε την θαλασσαν και την ξηραυς ποιησαι ένα προσηλυτου, και όταν Γενηται, ποιείτε αυτον ύιον Γεεννής δι-16 πλοτερον ύμων ουαι ύμιν, όδητοι τυφλοι, όι λεγοντες, ος αν ομοσή εν τω ναω, ουδέν εστιν, ός δ αν ομοση εν τω χρυσώ του ναους οφειλει. 17 μωροι και Τυφλοι, Τις Γαρ μειζων εστινό δ χρυσος, η δ : 20ς ο άτιαζων τον xcυσον? 18 και, ος εαν ομοση εν τω θυσιαστηριώς ουδεν εστινός δαν ομοση εν τω δωςω τω ι η επανώ αυτους οφείλει - μωροί και τυφλοι, τι ταρ μειζον, το σωρού, η το θυσιαστηριού το ατιαζον

is the Messias, be that is greatest among you shall be your servant. for whosower 12 exalts himself, shall be abased; and he that humbles himself, shall be exalted.

Wo unto you, Scribes and 13 Pharifees, hypocrites, who prey upon the estates of widows, under the pretext. of making long prayers; therefore ye shall be punish'd' with the greater severity. wo unto you, Scribes and 14 Pharifees, bypocrites, who shut up the kingdom of bea-: ven against men: for ye not only refuse to go in your selves, but hinder those that would. wd unto you, Scribes and 15 Pharisees, bypotrites, who ransack sea and land to make one proselyte; and when he is gain'd, ye make bim deserve * Gebenna much more than your selves. wo unto 16 you, ye blind guides, who say, if any man swear by the temple be is under no obligation: but if he fwear by the gold of the temple, he is bound by his oath. ye blind 17 fools, which is most sacred, the treasure of the temple. or the temple that makes the treasure sacred? again, if 18 any one fwear by the altar, be is under no engagement: but if be fivear by the gift

* See Ch. xviii. 9.

tbereby.

ve blind fools 19

20 aftalor to dwpor? o our or that is upon it, he is bound μοσας εν τω θυσιαστηριώς OHNUEL EN AUTWO KAL EN HAGE 21 TOIS ETAYW AUTOU- KALO 6: MOGAS EN TW NAWS ONUEL EN autwo kal EV TW KATOL-22 KOUVTI AUTOV- KAI O OLOODK EV TW OUDAVW , OURUSE EV. TW BROYW TOU GEOUS KAL EV τω καθημενώ επανω αυτου. 23 ουαι ύμιν, Γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι υποκριται, ύποδεκατουτε το ήδυοσμον και το ανηθον, και KULLIYOV, KAL AONKATE TAβαρύτερα του πομού, την κοι-OUS KAL TOY EXSOUS KAL THY πιστιν: ταυτα εδει ποιησαι». 24 Kaksiva un apievai. obnfoi τυφλοι, α διυλιζοντες τον KWYWWA, THY OF * KAUNDOY **3**5 καταπίνοντες. סטמנ טעני Γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι ύποκειται, ότι καθαρίζετε το εξωθεν του ποτηριου και της παρογιδος, εσωθεν δε Γεμουσιν εξαρπαγης και ακρασιας. 26 Φαρισαίε Τυφλέ, καθαρισον MOWTON TO ENTOR TOU MOTHριου και της παροψιδος, ίνα FEMTAL KAL TO EKTOS AUTWY 27 καθαρον ουαι ύμιν Γραμμα-Τεις και Φαρισαιοι υποκριται. ότι παρομοιαζετε τάφοις κε-KOVICHEVOICS OFFINES εξωθεν μεν φαινονται ώραιοι, εσω-BEN DE LEMONDIN OOLEMN NEκρων, και πασης ακαθαςσιας. 28 ουτω και ύμεις εξωθεν μεν φαινεσθε τοις ανθρωποις δικαιοι,

which is most sacred, the gift, or the altar that makes the gift sacred? whoever 20 fivears by the altar, fivears not only by the altar, but by every thing upon it. whoever fivears by the temple, swears by it, and by bim that dwelleth therein. be that fwears by beaven. fwears by the throne of God. and by him that sitteth thereon. wo unto you, Scribes and 23 Pharifees, hypocrites, who pay tithe of mint, anise, and cummin, but neglect those more important matters of the law, justice, mercy, and fidelity: these were the things ye ought to have practis'd, without neglecting however the other matters, ve blind 24 guides, who strain your liquor for a gnat, and swallow a beetle. wo unto you, Scribes 25 and Pharifees, bypocrites; for ye clean the outside of the cup, and of the plate, but within they are full of ratine thou blind 26 and impurity. Pharifee, cleanse first the inside of the cup and plate, that the outside may be likewise clean. wo unto you, Scribes 27 and Pharifees, bypocrites; for ye are like whited sepulchres, which to outward appearance are fine. but within ECT W-

εσωθεν δε μεστοι εστε ύπο-29 KRITEWS KAI AVOILLAS OVAL ύμιν Γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι ὑποκριται, ότι οικοδομείτε τους ταφούς προφητών, και κοσμείτε τα 30 μνημεία των δικαιων. RETER EL MILEY EV TAIS MUE-FAIR TWY TATEPWY MILWY, OUK AN THEY KOLVWYOL AUTWY EV τω άματι των προφητών. 3 Ι ώστε μαρτυρείτε εαυτοίς. ότι ψιοι εστε των φονευσαν-32 των τους προφητάς και ύμεις πληρισσατε το μετρον 33 των πατερων ύμων. οφεις. ξεννηματα εχιδύων πως φυτητε από της κρισεώς της 34 TEEVYTIC & SIA TOUTO, ISOUS εςω αποστελλω προς ύμας προφητας, και σοφούς, και Γραμματείς, και εξ αυτων αποκτενείτε και σταυρώσε-TES KAL EE AUTWY HAUTIFW-GETE EV TAIS GUVATENTAIS Uμων, και διωξετε απο πο-35 NEWS EIS TONLY. όπως ελθη εφ ύμας παν άιμα δικαιον, εκχυνομένον επι της της, απο του αιματος Αβελ του δικαιου, έως του αιματος Ζαxaplou viou Bapaxious ov eφονευσατε μεταξυ του ναου 36 και του θυσιαστηριου: μπν λεςω ύμιν, ότι ήξει ταυτα παντα επι την Γενεαν ταυ-**ア**カソ:

in are full of dead mens bones. and all fort of filth. just so 28 ye put on an air of probity in the fight of men, but within are full of bypocrify and iniquity. we unto you, Scribes 20 and Pharisees, bypocrites ; because we build the tombs of the prophets, and garnish the sepulchres of the just, and say, 20 if we had liv'd in the time of our forefathers, we would not have been accessory with them in shedding the blood of the prophets. whereby you 21 yourselves own that ye are indeed the children of those who killed the prophets, children 32 that can't fail to fill up the measure of your fathers iniquities. ye serpents, ye 33 brood of vipers, bow can ye escape the punishment of Gebenna? wherefore I shall 34 send you prophets, and wife men, and Scribes; you will kill some, and crucify others, many will ye scourge in your synagogues, and persecute them from city to city. So that you 35 may be charg'd with all the innocent blood shed upon earth, from the blood of Abel the just, unto the blood of Zacharias . the son of Barachias, whom ye slew between the temple and the altar. I declare 36 unto you, all these things shall befall this generation. N 2 Ò

14.5

Is-

37 Ιερουσαλημ, Ιερουσαλημ, ή αποκτείνουσα τους προφητας, και λιθοβολουσα τους απεσταλμενους προς άυτην, ποσακις ηθελησα επισυναγαΓειν τα τεκνα σου, όν τροπον επισυναγεί ορνίς τα νοσσία έαυτης ύπο τας πτερυγας, και 38 ουκ ηθελησατε ? ίδου, αφιεται ύμιν ό οικος ύμων ερη39 μος. λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ου μη με ιδητε απ αρτι, έως αν ειπητε, " ευλογημενος ό ερχο" μενος εν ονοματι Κυρίου"

1 Και εξελθων ο Ιπσους επορευετο απο του ίερου, και προσηλθον ο μαθηται αυτου επιδειξαι αυτω τας οικοδομάς 2 Του ίερου, ο δε Ιπσους ειπεν αυτοις, βλεπετε παντα ταυτα; αμήν λεγω ύμιν, ου μη αφεθη ώδε λιθος επι λιθον, ος ου κάταλυθησεται.

Καθημένου δε αυτου επι
του ορους των ελαιων, προσηλθον αυτω δι μαθηται
κατ ιδιαν, λεγοντες, ειπε ήμιν, ποτε ταυτα εσται, και
τι το σημειον της σης παρουσιας, και της συντελειας
του αιωνος?

4 Και αποκριθεις ο Ιπσους, ειπεν αυτοις, βλεπετε μπτις 5 ύμας πλανηση, πολλοι γαρ ελευσονται επίτω ονοματι μους λεγοντες, εγω είμι ο Χριστος, και πολλους πλανησουσί μελλησετε δε ακουείν πολεμους, και ακοας πολεμών, όρατε μη θροεισθες

O Jerusalem, Jerusalem, 37
who killest the prophets, and
stonest them that are sent
unto thee, how often would
I have gathered thy children
together, even as a hen gathereth her chickens under her
wings, but ye would not!
know, that your habitation 38
shall be soon turned into a
desert for I tell you, after a 39
while, ye shall not see mc
again, till ye shall cry out,
"Blessed is be that cometh
in the name of the Lord."

As Jesus was going from the temple, bis disciples came and desired him to take a view of the buildings. Jesus said to them, observe this vast structure, I tell you for certain, there shall not be any part of it left standing, but it shall be all thrown into ruins.

And when he was upon 3 the mount of Olives, the disciples came to him in private, and said, tell us when shall these things be? and what shall be the sign of thy coming, and of the end of this age?

Jesus unswered them, take a care not to be deceived by any one: for many shall come 5 in my name, saving, I am the Christ: and shall deceive many, ye shall bear 6 likewise of wars, and rumours of wars: take care not

θροεισθε: δει γαρ ταυτα γενεσθαι, απλ ουπω εστι το 7 τελος εγερθησεται γαρ'εθνος, επι εθνος, και βασιλεία επι BAGINSIAN, KAI EGOVTAI NIMOL και λοιμοι, και σείσμοι κάτα 8 τοπους παντα δε ταυτα 9 αρχη ωδινων τοτε παραδωσούσιν ύμας εις θλιψίνο KAL ATTOKTEVOUDIY UHAS, KAL εσεσθε μισουμένοι ύπο παντων των εθνων, διας το 10 ονομα μου. και τοτε σκανδαλισθησονται πολλοι, και αλληλους παραδωσουσίο και 11 μισησουσιν αλληλους: και πολλοι ψευδοπροφηται εγερθησούται, και πλανησουσι 12 πολλους και δια το πληθυ:θηναι την ανομιανό ψυγησηται ή αγαπη των πολ-13 Nov. O de Umoueivas eis Te-14 λος, ουτος σωθησεται. κηρυχθησεται τουτο το ευαγγελίου της βασιλείας εν όλη TH OLKOULEVITY EIG PLOTOTION TOGE TOIS EBYEOIS KON TOTE ηξει το τελος.

15 Όταν ουν ιδητε το βδελυγμα της ερημωσεως, το ρηθεν δια Δανιηλ του προφητου, έστως εν τοπω άριω,
16 (ο αναρινωσκων νοειτω.) τοτε δι εν τη Ιουδαια φευγετω17 σαν επι τα ορη. ό επι του
δωματος, μη καταβαινετω
αραι τα εκ της οιχια; άυτου18 και ό εν τω αρρω, μη επιστρεψατω οπισω αραι το i19 ματιον άυτου. ουαι δε ταις

not to be disturb'd: for these things must happen, but the end of the Tewish age is not yet: for nation shall rife against nation, and kingdom against kingdom: -and there finall be famines, and peftilences, and earthquakes in divers places. yet all this is but the 8 beginning of sorrow. then shall 9 they deliver you up to tonments, and to death; and we hall be bated by all vations upon my account. then shall 10 many relapse, and shall purfue one another with mutual treachery and hatred. many 11 false prophets shall rise Tand shall deceive many. and as 12 iniquity becomes more flagrant, the zeal of mony will grow cool. but be that feel 13 persevere unto the end; ofhall be preserved. and this post 14 pel of the kingdom shall he preached in all the world, to testify to all nations, that ... the end will then come: ... When ye therefore shall fee 15 the abomination of defolation, mention'd by Daniel the prophet, stand about the boly place, (let him that readeth, consider it well) let those 16 who are then in Judea, flee into the mountains, be 17 that is on the battlements. let bim not venture to go in to take any thing out of his if any man be in 18

εν Γαστρι εχουσαικ, και ταις δηλαζουσαις εν εκειναις ταις 20 ήμεραις προσευχεσθε δε ίναι μη Γενηται ή φυγη ύμων χει-21 μωνος, μηθε σαββατώ: εσται Γαρ τοτε θλιψις μεγαλικ, εία ου Γεγονεν απ΄ αρχης κοσμους έως του νύνς ευδ΄ συ 22 μη Γενηται και ει μη εκολοβωθησαν αι ήμεραι εκειναις δια δε τους εκλεκτούς κολοβωθησωνται αι ήμεραι εκει-

23: Tote ear the view earns ιδους ώδε ο Χριστος, η ώδες 24 pm miotevonte. Erennon-THE PER WEUDEXPLOTOL KAL TOUGOTOCONTAL, KAL ONGOU-THE OTHER HETANA KAL TEDA-TAS WOTE TRAVMERS EL DU-BATON KAI TOUK EKNEKTOUK-25 ιδους προειρηκα ύμιν 26 อบร ผสพธาร พุ่นหา เชื่องร ยา Τη ερημώ εστι: μη εξελθητε, LOOLS EN TOK TEMELOKS MET TIO-27 TEVENTE- WORED FED TO ACT TPANN EEPXETAL AND AVATO-AMY, KAL PALVETAL EWS DUT-BUY, OUTHE ECTALKAL TOTAL ρουσια του ύκου του ανθρω-28 TOU DOOD TOP EAN IT TO THE BE EKEL GUYAXONGOVTAL OL ATTOI-

the field, let bim not return back to take his coat. un- 19 bappy will they be that are with child, and they that give suck in those days. be 20 sure to pray that your flight be not in the winter, nor on the fabbath-day: for the 21 desolation will be so dreadful, the like was never feen fince the beginning of the world. no, nor ever shall be again for unless the time 22 was to be short, very few could escape, but for the sake of the converts the time shall be foort.

Then if any shall cry, the 23 Messiab is bere, or be is there: give no credit to it. for there shall arise salse 24 Messiabs, and false prophets, and shall shew such astonishing miracles and prodigies, as to deceive, if that can de it, the very converts themselves. remember, I bave 25 forewarn'd you. wherefore, 26 if they shall fay to you, now be is in the defert, do not fir: or now, be is in the secret chambers, believe them not, for as the 27 lightning darts from the east in an instant to the west: fuch shall the advent of the son of man be. for where-28 ever the carcase is, there will the eagles be affembled.

29 Eulewe de neta Tor for-WEN TWO THEPLOD EKELDWYS : o fi-NICE OKOTIO BIO ETAL TO GENTINA OU DOGEL TO DEFTOC CHITTIC KALL OF MOTERS TE αι δυναμεις των ουρανών σα-

20 NEUROONTAL KAL TOTE DA-VHOETAL TO OTHELOV TOU VIOU TOU ANDOWNOU EN TW OUDANW: KAL TOTE KOWOYTEL HAGAL EL φυλαι της της, και σικονται Τον νίου Του ανθρωπου ερχο-HEVOY ETTL TWY NEDENAM TOW OUPAVOU. HETA SUVAHENC KAL 31 gogue MONNIG Kal amoute-

ASI TOUS ATTENOUS AUTOU HETA

TEXATITOS POUNS HETAXING KELL ETIGUNAZOUGI TOUG EKREKTOUG

CUTOU EK TWY TEGO ARWY AVE-HOV, AT AKOWY OUDZYWY EWC 32 AKPWY AUTWY- ATO OF THE συκης μαθετε την παραβολην: όταν ηδη ό κλαδος αυ-THE FEVRTAL ATTANAS KAL τα φυλλα εκφυή, γινωσκετε

33 OT I ETTUS TO DEPOS: ουτω KAL UNICKS OTAN LOTTE TAYTA TAUTA, SIVWOKETE OTI ESTUC

34 εστιν επι θυραις αμπι κερω יעושע סט עח אמספאלא א ן פעבמד αυτη, εως αν παντα ταυτα

35 revntai. o oupavos kai n Γη παρελευσονται, οι δε λογοι μου ου μη παρελθώσι.

36 Theor de The huspar exerne KAI THE WOORE OUTER DITEY, OUTE οι αγγελοι των συραπών, ει 37 μπ δ πατηρ μονος ωσπερ δε αι ήμεραι του Νωε, όυτως

Immediately after the tri-29 bulation of those days, the sion shall be darkned, and the moon shall not give ber light, and the stars shall fall σουνται απο του ουραγουκαι from beaven, and the powers of the beavens shall be shakes. then shall that sign, the son 30 of man in the clouds of bear ven, appear: and all the tribes of the land shall mourn. and they shall see the son of man coming in the clouds of beaven, with power and great glory. and be shall send his 3.1 messengers, who with the shrill sound of a trumpet. shall gather together his selett from the four winds. from one end of the beaver to the other. this may be 22 illustrated by a comparison taken from a fig-tree: when the branches become tender, and push out their leaves. ye know that summer is nigh: in like manner, when 32 ye shall see all these things bapten, know that be is come to your very doors. I de-24 clare unto you, the present generation shall not cease, till all these things are passed. heaven and earth may fail, 35 but my words shall never fail.

As to the day and bour, 36 that no one knows, not even the angels of heaven, but the father only. as the days 37 of Noe were, so shall also

tbe

ETTAL KAL 'N MAPOUTIAL TOU 28 υίου του ανθρωπου. ωσπέρ ταρ μσαν εν ταις ημεραις ταις προ του κατακλυσμου τρω-POVTEC KAL TIVOVTEG, PALLOUPTEG KALI EKTALLCOVTES, AXPL TO THE LEDAS ELOTABE NWE ELS THY 39 κιβωτού και ουκ εγνωσάν έως ηλθεν ο κατακλυσμος. KAL need anautas; ouτως εσται και η παρουσία του ύιου του ανθρωπου. 40 τοτε δυο εσονται εν τω αγρώς ό εις παςαλαμβανεται, και 41 ο εις αφιεται- δυο αληθουσαι εν τω μυλωνι, μια πα-42 ραπαμβανεται, και μια α-Φιεται. Γρηγορειτε ουν, ότι OUR DIDATE HOLA WPA O KUPLOS 43 UNION EPICET AL. BELLIO DE TI-PWOKETE, OTI EL HOEL O OIKOδεσποτής ποια φυλάκη ο KAETTING EPXETAL, EPPHTOPHT SEV AV , KAI OUK AV ELAGE διορυγηναί την οικιαν αυτου. 44 dia Touto Kai Uneis Tiveote E-. τοιμοις ότι η ώρα συ δοκείτες ο ύιος του ανθρωπου ερ-XET at 45 Τις αραεστιν δ πίστος δουλος και φρονιμος, όν κατεστησεν ο κυριος αυτού επι της θεραπειας άυτου, του διδοναι αύτοις την τροφην εν καιρω: 46 μακαριος ο δουλος εκεινος, ον είθων ο κυριος αυτου ευρησει 47 ποιουντα ουτως αμπν λεγω ύμαν ότι επιπασι τοκ ύπαρχουσιν άυτου καταστησεί 48 autor Ear de elan o kakos

the advent of the son of man be. for as at the time that 38 usber d in the deluge, they were eating and drinking, marrying themselves and their children, till the day that Noe entred into the ark, baving no thoughts of the 39 flood till it came, and fwept them all away; so shall also the advent of the fon of man be. of two persons, who shall 40 be then in the field, one shall be taken, and the other left. two women shall be grinding 41 at the mill, the one shall be taken, and the other left. watch therefore, for ye know 42 not at what hour your Lord shall come. but this you con-43 ceive, that if a man knew at what hour of the night the thief would come, be would fet a watch, and not suffer his house to be broke open. therefore be ye also 44 prepar'd: for the son of man may come at an bour you least expect.

If then there be a servant, 45 appointed by his master to take care of his family, who saithfully and prudently distributes their allowance according to the establishment: happy is the servant, who 46 shall be found so employed, at his master's return. I tell you, 47 he shall make him steward of all his estate. but if he 48

ด้วบ-

δουλος εκείνος εν τη καρδία αυτου, χρονίζει ο κυρίος μου 49 ελθείν και αρέπται τυπτείν τους συνδουλους αυτου, εσθίη δε και πίνη μετα των μεθυον-50 των: ήξει ο κυρίος του δουλου εκείνος εν ήμερα ή ου προσδοκα, και εν ώρα ή ου προσδοκα, και εν ώρα ή ου τον, και το μερός αυτου μετα των ύποκριτων θησεί, εκεί εσται ο κλαυθμός και ο βρυγμος των οδοντων.

Τοτε ομοιωθησεται ή Βασιλεία Των συρανών δεκα παιθενοις, άιτινες λαβουσαι τας λαμπαδας αυτων, εξηλθον εις απαντησιν του νυμ-2 φιου. πεντε δε πσαν εξ αυτων φοονιμοι, και πέντε μω-3 και· άιτινες μωκαι λαβουσαι τας λαμπαδας άυτων, ουκ ελαβον μεθ' έαυτων ελαιa ον αι δε φρονιμοι ελαβον ε-RAIDY EV TOIC AFFEIRIC AUTWYS μετα των λαμπαδων άυτων. 5 χρονίζοντος δε του νυμφιους ενυσταξαν πασαί, και εκα-6 θευδον- μεσης δε νυκτος κραυζη Γεγονέν, ιδου, ο νυμφιος ερχεται» εξερχεσθε εις 7 ATTANTHOUN AUTOU. TOTE nrskθησαν πασαι άι παρθενοι SKILVAL KAL EKOGUNO'AV TAG

8 λαμπαδας άυτων άι δε μιοραι ταις φρονιμοίς είπον, δοτε ήμιν εκ του ελαίου ύμων, οτι άι λαμπαδες ήμων σβεν-

9 νυνται- απεκειθησαν δε αι Φερικαρι- λεγουσαι , μηποτε be dishonest, and says to himfelf, my Lord delays coming,
and shall pretend to assault 49
his fellow-servants, and spend
his time with sots: the master 50
of that servant will come in:
a day when he least expects
it, and at an hour he is not
aware of; and shall turn 54
him out of the family, and give
him the reward due to such
behaviour: there shall he
weeping and gnashing of teeth.

The kingdom of the Mef- , siah will then be such, as when ten virgins took their lamps, and went out to meet the bridegroom. five of them 2 were wife, and five were foolish. they that were foolish took their lamps, and took no oil with them: but the wife took oil in their vessels with their lamps. while the bridegroom tarried, they were drowfy and flept. and at midnight there was a sudden cry, see the bridegroom comes, go and meet bim. then the virgins all arose, and trimmed their lamps. and the foolish said to the wife, give us of your oil, for our lamps are going out. but the wife o answered, for fear there should not be enough for us and you, go rather to those that sell, and buy for your

ου μη αρκεση ήμιν και ύμινς πορέσεσθε μαλλον προς τους TWYOUTAS, KAI ALOPAGATE TOE CENTAIS CHECKOLEVEN DE αυτων ατορασαι, πλθεν ό VULLDIOKS KALI AL ETOLHOL EL-OTTABON MET AUTOU EIG TOUG γαμούς, και εκλεισθη ή θυρα. Ιπύστερον δε ερχονται και αι λοιπαι παρθένοις λεγουσαις 12 KUPLES KUPLES AVOLEOV THEVδε αποκριθεις είπεν» αμην λε-13 Γω υμιν, ουκ οιδα ύμας. τρη-POPELTE OUN OTI OUR OLDATE την ήμεραν ουδε την ώραν. 14 Ωσπερ γαρ ανθρωπος αποδημών εκαλέσε τους ιδίους δουλους, και παρεδωκεν αυ-Σ 5 Τοις Τα ύπαρχουτα άυτου και ώ μεν εδωκε πεντε ταλαντα, ώ δε δυο, ώ δε έν, έκαστω κατα την ιδιαν δυναμιν, και απε-16 δημησεν ευθεως. πορευθεις δε ό τα πεντε ταλαντα λαβων, ειργασατό εν αυτοις, και εποιπσεν αλλα πεντε τα-17λαντα. ώσαυτως και ό τα δυο, εκερδησε και αυτος αλλα 18 δυο. ο δε το έν λαβων, απελθων ωρυξεν εν τη τη, και απε-

κρυψε το αργυρίον του κυρίου

λυν ερχεται ο κυριος των δου-

λων εκείνων, και συναίρει

λαβων, προσηνεγκεν αλλα

Τέντε Ταλάντα, λέγων, κυ-

19 άυτου. μετα δε χρονον πο-

20 μετ' αυτων λογον. και προσελθων ο τα πεντε ταλαντα felves. and while they were 10 gone to buy, the bridegroom came, and they that were ready, entred with him into the ball, and the door was shut. afterwards came the 11 other virgins likewise, and cry'd, Lord, Lord, pray 12 let us in. but he answered, I assure you, I know you not. watch therefore, for 13 ye know neither the day nor the bour.

So it was when a man was 14 going to travel into a foreign country, be called his fervants, and delivered to them his stock: to one be gave 15 five talents, to another two, and to another one, to every man according to his respective ability, and then fet out on his journey. now be 16 that had received five talents, immediately employed them in trade, and gain'd five talents more. So be that 17 bad received two, gained likewise other two. but he 18 that had received one, went to dig a bole in the ground, and hid bis lord's money. after a long time the lord of 19 those servants came, and reckoned with them. ac-20 cordingly be that had received five talents, came and brought other five talents,

ριε, πεντε ταλαντα μοι παρεδωκας, ιδε, αλλα πεντε ταλαντα εκερδησα επ' αυ-21 Τοις εφη δε συτω ο κυριος αυτου, ευ, δουλε αγαθε και πιστε, επι ολιζα ης πιστος, επι πολλων σε καταστησω, ELGENOS ELS THY XXXXV TOU KU-22 ριου σου- προσελθων δε και ό τα δυο ταλαντα λαβων, ειπε, κυριε, δυο τακαντα μοι παρεδωκας, ιδε, αλλα δυο ταλαντα εκερδησα επ' αυ-23 Τοις εφη αυτω ο κυριος αυτου, ευ, δουλε αγαθε και πιστέ, επι ολιγα ης πιστος, επι πολλων σε καταστήσω, εισελθε εις την χαραν του 24 κυριου σου. προσελθων δε και ό το έν ταλαντον είληφως, είπε, κυρίε, εγνών σε ότι σκληρος ει ανθρώπος, θεριζων όπου ουκ εσπειράς, και συναγων όθεν ου διεσκορπι-25 σας, και φοβηθεις, απελθων εκρυψα το ταλαντον σου εν 26 Th in, ide, exerc TO GOV aποκριθεις δε ο κυριος αυτου, ειπεν αυτω, πονηρε δουλε και οκνηρες ηδεις ότι θεριζω οπου ουκ εσπειρα, και συνα-27 τω οθεν ου διεσκορπισα. εδει ουν σε βαλειν το αργυριον μου τοις τραπεζιταις, και ελθων ετω εκομισαμήν αν το εμον

faying, Lord, you delivered to me five talents: besides those, there's five talents more, which I have gain'd. bis lord faid to bim, well 21 done, thou art an bonest faithful servant; thou hast been faithful in a small trust, I will give thee a much larger trust; go in and partake of thy master's diversions. he 22 also that had received two talents, came and said, Lord, you delivered to me two talents: bere are two other talents which I have gain'd besides them. bis lord said to 22 bim, well done, good and faithful servant; thou hast been saithful in a small trust, I will give thee a much larger trust: go in and partake of your master's joy. then came 24. he who had received the one talent, and faid, Lord, I knew that you were a hard man, reaping where you have not fown, and gathering where you have not scattered: fear 25 made me bide the talent under ground: but there you bave what is your own. his 26 lord answered and said unto bim, thou vile flothful wretch, you knew that I reap where I lowed not, and gather where I have not scatter'd: should not you then have lodg-27 ed my money at the banker's, and fo at my return I should have

28 συν τοκώ αρατε ουν απ' αυτου το ταλαντον, και δοτε τώ εχοντι τα δεκα τα29 λαντα τώ γαρ εχοντι παντι δοθησεται, και περισσευθησεται, απο δε του μη εχοντος, και ό έχει, αρθησε30 ται απ' αυτου και τον αχρειον δουλον εκβαλλετε εις το σκοτος το εξωτερον, εκει εσται ό κλαυθμος και ό βρυγμος των οδοντων.

μος των οδοντων-Οταν δε ελθη ό ύιος του ανθρωπου εν τη δοξη άυτους . και παντες οι άγιοι αγγελοι . μετ' αυτου, τοτε καθισει επι 32 θρονου δοξης άυτου. συναχθησεται εμπροσθεν αυτου παντα τα εθνη, και αφοριει αυτους απ' αλληλωνς ώσπερ ο ποιμπν αφορίζει τα προβατα απο των εριφων. 33 και στησει τα μεν προβατα εκ δεξιων άυτου, τα δε ερι-34 φια εξ ευωνυμών. ΤΟΤΕ ερει ο βασιλευς τοις εκ δεξιων άυτου, δευτε οι εύλογημενοι του πατρος μου, κληρουομησατε την ητοιμασμένην ύμιν βασιλειαν απο καταβολης κοσ-35 μου. επεινασα ταρ, και εδωκατε μοι φαγείν, εδιψησα, KAL ETIOTIOATE HE, EEVOS 11unv, kat ouvilafete 36 γυμνος, και περιεβαλέτε με, ποθενποα, και επεσκεψασθε με, εν φυλακή ημην, και ηλ-37 BETE TOPOS HE. TOTE ATTOKOLθησονται αυτώ οι δικαιοι, REFORTES, KUPIE, TOTE OF EIGO- bave received my own with interest. here, take the ta-28 lent from him, and give it to him that has the ten. for he 29 that makes use of what he has, shall have more; but if he makes no improvement thereof, it shall be taken from him. take then that worth-30 less fellow, turn him out in the dark, there shall be weeting and gnashing of teeth.

When the son of man shall 21 come in his majesty, accompanied with all his holy angels, be shall sit upon the throne of bis glory. then all nations 22 shall be affembled before him, and be shall separate them one from another, as a shepberd separates his sheep from the goats. and be shall set 33 the sheep on his right hand, but the goats on the left. the king shall say to those on 24 bis right band, come, ye blefsed of my father, inherit the kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world. for I was prest with 35 bunger, and ye gave me meat: I was thirsty, and ye gave me drink: I was a stranger, and ye took me in: naked, 26 and ye clothed me: I was sick, and ye took care of mc: I was in prison, and ye visited me. then will the righte- 37 ous answer bim, saying, Lord, when did we see thee in bunger,

μεν πεινωντα, και εθρεινάμεν? η διψωντα, και επο-28 TIGAMEN ? MOTE DE GE ELDO-HEN EEVOY, KAI GUNTATOHEN? η τυμνον, και περιεβαλομεν? 39 ποτε δε σε ειδομέν ασθένη, η εν φυλακή, και ηλθομέν προς 40 σε ? και αποκριθεις ο βασι-REUS, EPEL AUTOIS ALINY RETW υμιν εφ όσον εποιησατε ένι τουτων των αδελφών μου των ελαχιστων, εμοι εποιη-41 JATE TOTE EPEL KALTOK EK ευωνυμων, πορευεσθε απ' εμου οι κατηραμένοι, είς το πυρ το αιωνιού. Το πτοιμασμένον τω διαβολώ και τοις απελοις αυ-42 TOU- ETELVAGA FAP, KAL OUK εδωκατε μοι φαιείν, εδιψησα 43 KAI OUK EMOTIGATE HE ELVOS πμην, και ου συνηγαγετε με, γυμνος, και ου περιεβαλετε με, ασθενής και εν φυλάκη, και ουκ επεσκεψασθε με. 44 τοτε αποκριθησονται και αυ-TOI, REPOYTES, KUPIE, TOTE OF ειδομεν πεινωντα, η διψωντα, η ξενον, η τυμνον, η ασθενη, η εν φυλακη, και ου 45 διηκονησαμέν σοι ? ΤΟΤΕ αποκριθησεται αυτοις, λεγων, αμην λεςω ύμινς εφ. όσον ουκ ETOINGATE EN TOUTWY TWY Eπαχίστων, ουδε εμοι εποιη-46 σατε. και απελευσοντα ου-Τοι εις κολασισ αιωνιον, οι δε δικαιοι εις ζωπν αιωνιον.

Και εγένετο, ότε ετέλεσεν έ Ινσους παντας τους λογους

TOU-

bunger, and fed thee? or thirsty, and gave thee drink? when did we see thee a stran-38 ger, and took thee in? or naked, and clothed thee? or 39 when did we see thee fick, or in prison, and visited thee? and the king will reply, I 40 declare unto you, your baving done this for one of the least of these my brethren, is the same thing as doing it for me. then will be fay 41 to those on the left, depart from me ye cursed, into everlasting fire, prepared for the devil and bis angels. for I42 was prest with bunger, and ye gave me no meat: I was thirsty, and ye gave me no drink: I was a stranger, 42 and ye took me not in: naked, and ye clothed me not : sick, and in prison, and ye visited me not. then will they an-44 fwer, Lord, when did we see thee in bunger, or athirst, or a stranger, or naked, or sick, or in prison, and did not minister unto thee? to this be will reply, 45 I declare unto you, your not doing this for one of the leaft of these, is the same thing as not doing it for me. and 46 these shall go away into everlasting punishment: but the righteous into life eternal.

Now when Jesus had si- 1 nished these discourses, he

[aid

τουτους, είπε τοις μαθηταίς 2 αυτου, οιδατε ότι μετα δυο ημερας το πασχα γίνεται, και ό υίος του ανθρωπου παραδιδοται εις το σταυρωθηναι.

Τοτε συνηχθησαν οι αρχιερεις, και οι Γραμματεις, και οι πρεσβυτεροι του λαου εις την αυλην του αρχιερεως του λεγομενου Καιασα, και

4 Του λεγομενου Καιαφα, και συνεβουλευσαντο ίνα τον Inσουν δολώ κρατησωσι και 5 αποκτεινωσιν ελεγον δει μη εντη έορτηι ίνα μη θορυβος

TEVITAL EV TW NAW. Του δε Ιπσου Γενομένου εν Βηθανία εν οικία Σιμώνος του λεπρου, προσηλθεν αυτώ τυνη αλαβαστοον μυρου εχουσα βαρυτιμού, και κατέχεεν επι την κεφαλην αυτου ανα-8 κειμενου. ιδοντες δε * οι μαθηται αυτου, ητανακτησαν, λεγοντες, εις τι ή απωλεια άυτη? ηδυνατο γαρ τουτο πραθηναι πολλου, και δο-10 Onvai Tois ATWXOIS. THOUS OF ο Ιπσους, είπεν αυτοίς, τι κοπους παρέχετε τη συναικι? εργον γαρ καλον ειργασατο εις I I EME. TANTOTE TAP TOUG TOWχους εχετε μεθ' έαυτων, ε-LE DE OU HAVTOTE EXETE-

said to his disciples, ye know 2 that in two days the seast of the passover will begin, and the sou of man be delivered up to be crucified.

About this time the chief 3 priests, and the elders of the people, assembled in the palace of the high priest, whose name was Caiaphas, and 4 consulted how to seize Jesus by surprize, and take away his life. but they said, this 5 must not be done on the feast-day, for fear the people rise.

Now when Jesus was in 6 Betbany, in the bouse of Simon who had been a leper, there came to him a woman with an alabaster-box of very precious ointment, and poured it on his bead, while he was at table. one of his difciples seeing this, with indignation said, to what purpose is this waste? for this 9 could have been sold for a great price, which might bave been given to the poor. Jesus perceiving this, said to 10 them, why do you trouble the woman? for what she has done is out of regard to me. ye have the poor always with I t you, + but me ve have not al_

+ This confutes the doctrine of transubflantiation. See Dr. Whitby

on the place.

^{*} Οι μαθηται feems here to be put for δις των μαθητων, as δι ληστοι for δις των ληστων, Chap.xxvii. 44. and επεκαθισαν επαγω αυτων for επαγω ευος εξ αυτων, Chap.xxi.7. and τεθνηκαςι for τεθνηκε, Chap. ii. 20. and τοις ανθρωποις for τω ανθρωπω, Chap. ix. 8.

12 βαλουσα γαρ άυτη το μυρον τουτο επι του σωματος μου, προς το ενταφιασαι με εποι13 ησεν. αμην λεγω ύμιν, όπου εαν κηρυχθη το ευαγγελιον τουτο εν όλω τω κοσμω, λαληθησεται και ό εποιησεν άυτη, εις μνημοσυνον αυτης.

το Τοτε πορευθεις έις των δωδεκα, ο λεγομενος Ιουδας Ισκαριωτης, προς τους αρ
το χιερεις, ειπε, τι θελετε μοι δουναι, κάγω ύμιν παραδώσω αυτον? οι δε εστησαν αυτώ το τοτε εξητει ευκαιριαν ίνα αυτον τον παραδω.

Τη δε πρωτη των αζυμων προσηλθον οι μαθηται τω Ιησου, λεγοντες αυτω, που θελεις έτοιμασωμεν σοι φα-18 γειν το πασχα? ο δε ειπεν, υπαγετε εις την πολιν προς τον δεινα, και ειπατε αυτω, ο διδασκαλος λεγει, ο καιρος μου εγγυς εστι, προς σε ποιω το πασκα μετα των μαθη-19 των μου. και εποιησαν οι μαθηται ως συνεταξεν αυτοις ο Ιησους, και ήτοιμασαν το πασχα.

20 Οψιας δε Γενομεντις ανεκει-21 Το μετα των διοδεκα. και εσθιοντων αυτων, ειπεν, αμην περω ύμιν, ότι έις εξύ-

MOON

always. for ‡ ber pouring 12 this eintment on my body, is preparative to my burial. I 13 declare unto you, in whatever quarter of the world, this part of the gospel-bissory shall be related, what this woman has now done shall be there mentioned to her praise.

Then one of the twelve, 14
Judas Iscariot by name, went
to the chief priests, and 15
said, what will ye give me,
and I will deliver him to
you? and they promised him
thirty pieces of silver. from 16
which time he watched a
favourable opportunity to deliver him.

Now the first day of the 17 seast of unleavened bread, the disciples came to Jesus, and said, where would you have us make the preparations for the paschal-supper? and 18 he said, go into the city to such a man, and say to him, the master sends you word that his time is at hand, and he designs to keep the passover now at your bouse with his disciples, the disciples then 19 did as Jesus appointed, and made ready the passover.

The even being now come, 20 be fat down with the twelve. and as they were eating, he 21 faid, 'tis indeed true that

one

22 μων παραδωσεί με- και λυπουμενοι σφοδρα, πρέαντο AFFEIN AUTW EKAOTOS AUTWY. 23 MATE ETW EIMI , KUDIE ? O DE αποκρίθεις, ειπεν, ο εμβανιας μετ εμου εν τω τουβλιω την χείρα, ουτος με παραδωσει. 24 ά μεν ύιος του ανθρωπου ύπάζει, κάθως Γεγραπτάι περι αυτου, ουαι δε τω ανθοωπω εκεινω. δι ου ο ύιος του ανθρωπου παραδιδοται, καλον THE AUTION, ELOUK ELEVENOTI O AV-25 θρωπος εκείνος αποκρίθεις δε Ιουδας, ο παραδιδους άυ-Τον είπε μητί εγω είμι paββι? λεγει αυτώ, συ ει-Tac.

26 Εσθιοντων δε αυτών, λαβων ο Ιπσους τον αρτον, και ευχαριστησας, εκλασε, και εδιδου τοις μαθηταις, και ειπε, λαβετε, φαγετε, τουτο εστι το σωμα μουκαι one of this company shall betray me. at which they 22 were exceedingly concern'd, and began every one of them to ask. Lord, is it I? 1022 this be answered, he that has bis band in the dish with mine. be it is that will betray me. the son of man 24 is going to die, pursuant to the scripture: but wo to that man by whom the fon of man is betrayed: it bad been better for that man, if he had never been born. then Judas, 25 he who was to betray him, said, master, is it I? Fesus replied, yes.

While they were yet eat-26 ing, Jefus took bread, and having given thanks, he brake it, and gave it to the disciples, saying, take, eat; this represents my body.

and

*St. Augustin says, " our Lord made no difficulty of saying, this is my body,
" when be only exhibited the Sign of his body." acti, (is) in Epist. contra the scripture stile is equivalent to the verb fignifics or represents. Gen.xl. 12. the three branches are, or signify, Adamantum. three days. ver. 18. the three baskets are three days. Ezek. XXXvii. 11. thefe bones are (i. e. represent) the whole house of Israel. Dan. ii. 38. thou art this head of gold. i. e. you, O King, are represented by the head of gold. vii. 17. the four great beasts are, or represent, four kings that shall arise. ver. 24, the ten horns are ten kings. viii. 21. the rough goat is the king of Grecia, and the great born is the first king. Matt. xiii. 38. the field is the world. Gal. iv. 24. St. Paul speaking of Sara and of Agar says, they are the two covenants. So in Luke xxii. 20. and 1 Cor. xi. 25. Τουτο το ποτηριον ή καινη διαθηκη εστιν εν τφ εμφ άιματι, this rup is the new covenant by my blood-26. As often as ye eat tov aptor touter this bread, was to notypion touto awate, and drink this cup-where the Popish argument is stronger for their having drank the very cup, than it is for their having eat the very body of Jefus Christ: because rours is of the same gender with Tornston, and in the same sentence; whereas in that 27 και λαβων το ποτηριον, και ευχαριστησας, εδωκεν αυτοις, λεςων, πιετε εξ αυτου 28 παντες, τουτο γαρ εστι το αίμα μου, το της καινης διαθηκης, το περι πολλών εκχυνομένον εις αφέσιν άμαρ29 τιών. λεγώ δε ύμιν, ότι ου μη πιω απ' αρτι εκ τουτου του γεννηματος της αμπέλου, έως της ήμερας εκείνης, όταν αυτο πινώ μεθ' ύμων καινον εν τη βασιλεία του πατρος μου.

μου·
30 Και ύμνησαντες, εξηλθον εις το ορος των ελαιών· το31 Τε λεγει αυτοις ὁ Ιπσους, παντες ύμεις σκανδαλισθησεσθε εν εμοι εν τη νυκτι ταυτη, γεγραπται γαρ, "πα" ταξώ τον ποιμένα, και " διασκορπισθησεται τα " προβατα της ποιμένης"
32 μετα δε το εγερθηναι με, προαξω ύμας εις την Γαλιλαιαν.

AUTWO EL KAL TAYTES OKAY-

and he took the cup, and 27 baving given thanks, he gave it to them, saying, drink ye all of it: for this repre-28 sents my blood, the blood of the new covenant which is shed for mankind for the remission of sins, but this I29 tell you, I shall not drink any more wine with you from this time forth to the day, when I shall drink with you, of the spiritual wine, in my father's kingdom.

And when they had sung 30 an hymn, they went to the mount of Olives. then said 31 fesus to them, I shall be the occasion of your revolting all from me this night: for it is written, "I will smite the "shepherd, and the sheep of "the slock shall be scattered." but after I am nisen again, I 32 will go before you into Galilee. Peter thereupon said, 33 tho all the rest should abandon

expression of the Evangeliss, Mat. xxvi.26. Mark xiv.23. Luke xxii.19. Touto sets to suma mou, this is my body, touto, this, which is of the neuter gender, cannot be relative to apros bread, which is of the masculine gender; and therefore the Roman Catholicks, when they render the words by, this bread is my body, are guilty of an intolerable solecism, in desiance of grammar, as well as common sense. Touto, agreeably to the nature of this pronoun, refers to something proceeding. So John viii.40. ye seek to kill a man, who has told you the truth, this (touto) did not Abraham. Where the correlative to touto is to sustain another was, Abraham did not seek to kill. So touto here refers to enacte, edenes. Luke xxii. 19. thic breaking; this giving, is a symbol or retresentation of the breaking my body for you, as St. Paul; of the giving my body for you, as St. Luke; of giving my life a ransom for you, as St. Matthew, chap. xx. 28. The stile is the same here, as was us'd Exod. xii. 11. ye shall eat it in haste, it is the Lord's Passover.

* Holder is frequently used for All. Thus St. Chrysostom and Theophy-

148. 6. Mat. xx. 18.

δαλισθησονται εν σοι, εςω ουδεποτε σκανδαλισθησομαι. 34 εφη αυτώ ο Ιησους, αμην λεςω σοι, ότι εν ταυτή τή νυκτι, πριν αλεκτορα φωνησαι. 35 τρις απαρνησή με, λεςει αυτώ ο Πετρος, καν δεή με συν σοι αποθανειν, ου μη σε

απαρνησωμαι. όμοιως δε και

παντες δι μαθηται ειπον36 Τοτε ερχεται μετ αυτων δ
Ιπσους εις χωριον λεγομενον
Γεθσημανι, και λεγει τοις μαθηταις άυτου, καθισατε αυτου, έως αν απελθων προσ37 ευξομαι εκει- και παραλαβων τον Πετρον και τους δυο
υίους Ζεβεδαιου, πρέατο λυ38 πεισθαι και αδημονειν- τοτε
λεγει αυτοις, " περιλυπος
" εστιν ή ψυχη μου έως θα" νατου:" μεινατε ώδες και

properte met' emou-

39 Και προελθων μικρον, επεσεν επι προσωπον αυ-Του, προσευχομένος, και λετων, "πατερ μου, ει δυνα-" τον εστι, παρελθετω απ " εμου το ποτηριον τουτο: ες πυτων ουχ ώς είω θευτών 40" αλλ' ως συ" και ερχεται προς τους μαθητας, και έυρισκει αυτους καθευδοντας, και λεγει τω Πετρω, ουτως. ουκ ισχυσατε μιαν ώραν γρη-41 γορησαι μετ εμου? ρειτε, και προσευχεσθε, ίνα μη εισελθητε εις πειρασμον: Το μεν πνευμα προθυμον, ή

42 de Gart agbeung. Marlin ek

SEU-

don you, I never will. Je-34 fus replied, I tell you for certain, that this night before the time of cock-crowing, thou shalt abjure me thrice. but Peter said, though it 35 should cost me my life, I never will disown you. and so said all the disciples.

After this, Jesus went with 36 them to a place called Gethsemani, and said to the disciples, stay here, while I go there and pray. but he took 37 with him Peter, and the two sons of Zebedee, and hegan to be in a very great agony of grief. and he said 38 to them, "my soul is exceeding sorrowful, even unto death:" stay here and watch by me.

Then advancing a little 39 further, be fell prostrate in prayer, and said, "O my " father, if it be possible, " let this cup pass from me: " nevertheless not mine, but " thy will be done." then 40 returning to the disciples, and finding them asleep, he said to Peter, what, could ye not watch by me one hour? watch and pray that ye may 41 not sink under the trial: the mind indeed is vigorous, but the flesh is weak. again, 42 he went away the second time, and prayed thus, "O cc my

* See the Note on Mark xiii. 35,

δευτερου απελθων προσπυξατο, λεγων, "πατερ μου, ει " ου δυναται τουτο το πο-" τηριον παρελθειν απ' εμου, · εαν μη αυτο πιω, γενηθη-12 " τω το θελημα σου" ελθων έυρεν αυτους παλιν καθευδοντας, πσαν ταρ αυτων 44 οι οφθαλμοι βεβαρημενοι- και αφεις αυτους, απελθων παλιν. προσπυξατο εκ τριτου, 45 TOV AUTOV LOFOV ELTIWYτε ερχεται προς τους μαθητας άυτου, και λεγει αυτοις, καθευδετε το λοιπούς και αναπαυεσθε? ιδου, ητικεν ή ώρα, και ο ύιος του ανθρωπου παραδιδοται εις χειρας αμαρτω-46 λων. εγειρεσθε, αγωμεν, ιδου, ης ικεν ο παραδιδους με.

KAI ETI AUTOU NANOUVTOG ιδου, Ιουδας έις των δωδεκα πλθες και μετ' αυτου οχλος πολυς μετα μαχαιρων και ξυλων, απο των αρχιερεων και 48 πρεσβυτερων του λαου. ό δε παραδιδους αυτον, εδωκεν αυτοις σημειον, λεγων, ον αν φιλησω, αυτος εστί, κρα-49 Τησατε αυτον· και ευθεως προσελθων τω Ιπσου, ειπε, χαιρε, ραββι, και κατεφιλη-50 σεν αυτον· ο δε Ιπσους ειπεν αυτω, εταιρε, εφ ο παρει ? ΤΟΤΕ προσελθονΤες επεβαλον τας χειρας επι τον Ιπσουν, και εκρατησαν αυ-TOV.

51 Και ιδου, έις των μετα Ιπσου, εκτεινας την χειρα-

" my father, if I cannot " avoid drinking this cup, " thy will be done." then 43 returning, be sound them asleep again: for their eyes were beauy. then he left AA them once more, and went to prayers the third time. using the same words. and 45 at his return, he said to his disciples, is this a time to sleep and take your rest? the bour draws nigh, and the son of man is betrayed into the bands of the gentiles. rise, let us be gone, there 46 be is, the traytor is just upon us.

And before be bad done 47 speaking, Judas one of the twelve appear'd, with a numerous retinue, arm'd with fwords and staves, being sent by the chief priests and elders of the people. now 48 he that was to betray him, gave them this signal, the person I shall kiss, is the very man, be sure to secure bim. and immediately advancing 49 to Jesus, be said, master, I falute you, and kiffed bim. Jesus said to him, friend, what 50 are you come about? when the others advancing, seized upon Jesus, and secur'd bim. At which, one of 7c-51

fus's company laying bis band P 2 upon απεσπασε την μαχαιραν αυτου, και παταξας τον δουλον του αρχιερεως, αφειλεν αυτου ότιον τοτε λεγει αυτώ ο Ιπσους, αποστρεψον σου την μαχαιραν εις τον τοπον αυτης, παντες γαρ οι λαβοντες μαχαιραν, εν μαχαιρα δυναμαι αρτι παρακαλεσαι τον πατερα μου, και παραστησι μοι πλειους η δωδεκα 54 λεγεωνας αγγελων λ πως ουν πληρωθωσιν αι γραφαι, ότι

όντω δει Γενεσθαί ?
55 Εν εκεινή τη ώρα ειπεν ό Ιπσους τοις οχλοις, ώς επι λήστην εξηλθετε μετα μα-χαιρών και ξυλών συλλαβείν με, καθ ήμεραν προς ύμας εκαθεζομην διδασκών εν τώ ιερώ, και ουκ εκρατησατε με 56 τουτο δε όλον Γεγονεν, ίνα πληρώθωσιν άι Γραφαί των πρωφητών. Τοτε όι μαθηται παντες, αφεντες αυτον,

57 Οι δε κρατησαντες του Inσουν: απηταγον προς Καιαφαν τον αρχιερεα: όπου οι
Γραμματεις και οι πρεσβυτε58 ροι συνηχθησαν- ό δε Πετρος
πκολουθεί αυτω απο μακροθεν: έως της αυλης του αρχιερεως, και εισελθων εσω: εκαθητο μετα των ύπηρετων: ι-

EQUIOV-

δειν το τελος.
59 Οι δε αςχιερεις και οι πρεσβυτεροι και το συνεδριον όλον εζηupon bis fword, drew it, and striking at a servant of the bigb priest's, took off bis ear. but fesus said to him, put up 52 your sword in its place: for all that take to the sword, shall perish by the sword, do you 53 think my father, if I should now desire it of him, would not instantly send me more than twelve legions of angels? but how then shall the 54 scriptures be sulfilled, which say, that thus it must bappen?

At the same time Jesus 55 said to the company, you come to apprehend me with swords and clubs, as if in pursuit of a robber; I was every day with you teaching in the temple, and ye did not then seize upon me. but all this was to 56 he done, in pursuance of what the prophets had predicted then all the disciples abandon'd him, and sled.

And they that bad appre-57 bended Jesus, led bim away to Caiapbas the bigh priest, where the Scribes and the senators were assembled. but 58 Peter followed him at a distance to the high priest's palace, and going in, he sat with the officers to see the event.

Now the chief priests, 59
the senators and the whole
coun-

ELITTOUN WEUDOHAPTUPIAN KAτα του Ιπσου, όπως αυτον 60 θανατωσωσι. και ουκ έυρον, και πολλων ψευδομαστύρων προσελθουτων, ουκ έυρον, ύστερον δε προσελθοντες δυο 61 ψευδομαρτυρές, είπον, ουτος εφη, " δυναμαι καταλυσαι " ΤΟΥ ΥΧΟΥ ΤΟυ ΘΕΟυ, KAI " δια τριων ήμερων οικοδομπ-62 " סמו מטדטי." **גמו מימסד**מנ O APXIEDEUS, ELTEN AUTW, OUT δεν αποκρινή, τι ουτοι σου. 63 καταμαρτυρουσιν ε ο δε Ιησους εσιωπα· και αποκρι-. θεις ο αρχιερευς, είπεν αυτώς EEOPKICW OF KATA TOU GEOU του ζωντος, ίνα ήμιν ειπης ει συ ει ο Χριστος, ο υιος του 64 € cou. LETEL AUTW O INTOUS συ ειπας, πλην λεγω ύμινς απ' αρτι οψεσθε τον ίκου του ανθρωπου καθημενον εκ δεξιων της δυναμεως, και ερχομενον επι Των νεφελων Του ουρανου. 65 τοτε ο αρχιερευς διεροπέε τα ίματια άυτου, λειων, ότι εβλασφημήσες τι ετι χρειαν εχομέν μαρτυρών ? ιδέ, νυν πκουσατε την βλασφημιαν 66 αυτους τι ύμιν δοκει ζ οι δε αποκριθεντες, ειπους ενοχος 67 GANATOU EOTI. TOTE EVERTUE. σαν εις Το προσωπον αυ-TOU , KAI EKOLAQIGAV AU-68 TOV, OF SEPPATIONS ASTON τες, προφητευσον ήμιν Χριστε, τις εστιν όπαισας σε ? 69 Ο δε Πετρος εξω εκαθητο

εν τη αυλη, και προσπλθεν

council, endeavour'd to get false evidence against Fesus. that he might he condemn'd to die. but they found none: 60 and though many false witnesses came, it was not found sufficient. at last there came two false witnesses, who charg d him with saying, " I 61 " am able to destroy the tem-" ple of God, and to build it " in three days." and the 62 high priest arose, and said to him, bave you nothing in anfwer to that charge they bring against you? but Jesus made 62 no reply. and the bigh priest said to bim, I conjure thee by the living God, to tell us, are you the Christ the son of God? Fefus reply'd, I am : moreover 64 I declare to you within a while ye shall see the son of man sitting on the right hand of God, and coming on the clouds of beaven. then the bigh priest 65 rent bis clothes, saying, be bas spoke blasphemy; what further need have we of witnesses? you yourselves bave now beard bis blasphemy. what is your opinion? they 66. reply'd, be deserves to die. then they spit in his face, some 67. beat bim on the bead, others slapt bim on the cheeks, cry-68 ing now Christ divine, who 't is that struck you? In the mean time Peter 69 was sitting without in the

αυτω μια παιδισκη, λειουσα, και συ πσθα μετα Ιπσου του 70 Γαλιλαιου. ο δε πρνησατο εμπροσθεν αυτων παντων RETWYS OUK OIDE TI RETEIC. 71 EEEABOUTA DE AUTOU EIS TOU πυλωνα, ειδεν αυτον αλλη, KAI RETEL TOIS EKELS KAI OUTOS ην μετα Ιπσου του Ναζω-72 ραίου· και παλιν ηρνησατο μεθ' όρκου, ότι ουκ οιδα τον 72 ανθρωπον. μετα μικρον δε προσελθοντες οι έστωτες, ειπον τω Πετρω, αληθως και συ εξαυτων ει, και γαρ ή λα-74 λια σου δηλον σε ποιει- Toτε πρέατο καταθεματιζειν, και ομνυείνο ότι συκ οιδα τον ανθρώπον : και ευθεως αλεκ-75 Τωρ εφωνήσε. και εμνήσθη ο Πετρος του ρπματος του Ιησου, ειρηκότος αυτώ, " ότι " τριν αλεκτορα φωνησαι, " Τρις απαρνηση με." εξελθων εξω, εκλαυσε πικρως.

1 Πρωιας δε Γενομενης, συμβουλιον ελαβον παντες οι αρχιερεις και οι πρεσβυτεροι του λαου κατα του Ιησου, ώστε 2 θανατωσαι αυτον. και δησαντες αυτον, απηγαγον, και παρεδωκαν αυτον Ποντιώ Πιλατώ τω ήγεμονι-

Τοτε ιδων Ιουδας ο παραδιδους αυτον, ότι κατεκριθη, μεταμεληθεις, απεστρεψε τα τριακοντα αργυρία τοις αρ-

court: and a servant maid came to bim, and faid, you likewise was one of Jesus the Galilean's comrades. but be 70 denied it before them all, faying, I know nothing of the matter. and when he was 7.1 going out at the porch, another maid saw him, and said to those that were by, this fellow was also with Jesus of Nazareth. but be denied it 72 again, and swore I don't know the man. soon after 73 they that flood by coming up, said to Peter, certainly you are one of them, for thy speech bewrays thee. then he fell to 74 solemn imprecations, and fwore, " I don't know the " man." and immediately the cock crew: when Peter 75 remembred what Jesus bad said to bim, " before the " cock crow, thou shalt deny " me thrice." and be went out, and wept bitterly.

As foon as it was day, all the chief priests and senators of the people consulted measures against Jesus how they might put him to death. and 2 when they had bound him, they led him away, and delivered him to Pontius Pilate the governor of Judea.

At the same time, Judas 3 who had betrayed him, finding that he was condemned, repented, and carried hack

XLEDEUOL KAL TOLL TREOBUTE 4 ροις, λειων, ημαρτον, παραδους άιμα αθωον, όι δε ειπους τι προς ήμας ? συ οψει-5 και όιψας τα αργυρία εν τω VAW, AVEXWONDES KAL ATTEN-6 θων, απητέατο, οι δε αρ-XIEDEIS RABONTES TA ADTUDIAS ELTON OUR EEETTI BANEW AUT τα εις τον κορβαναν, επει τι-7 μη άιματος εστι. συμβουλιου δε λαβοντες, ηγορασαν EE AUTWO TOV APPON TOU KEPAμεως εις ταφην τοις ξενοις. 8 διο εκληθη δ αγρος εκεινος, ατρος άιματος, έως της σημεο ρου- τοτε επληρωθη το ρήθεν δια Ιερεμιου του προφητους λεγοντες, " και ελαβον τα TPIAKOVTA APPUPIAS Τιμην Του ΤΕΤιμημενου, ον " ετιμησαντο απω ύιων Ισ-10 ραπλ, και εδωκαν αυτα εις τον αγρον του κεραμεως. " καθα συνεταξε μοι κυ-« ptoc."

11 Ο δε Ιπσους εστη εμπροσθεν του ήγεμονος, και επηρωτησεν αυτον ο ήγεμων, λεγων, συ ει ο βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων? ο δε Ιπσους εφη 12 αυτώ, συ λεγεις και εντώ κατηγορεισθαι αυτον ύπο των αρχιερεων και των πρεσβυτε-13 ριων, ουδεν απεκρινατο. τοτε λεγει αυτώ ο Πιλατος, ουκ

the thirty pieces of filver to the chief priests and senators, saying, I have sinned in be- 4 traying the blood of the innocent: and they said, what is it to us? you must look to that. then throwing down 5 the pieces of filver in the temple, be departed, and went and banged bimself. but 6 the chief priests took the silver pieces, and said, it is not lawful to put them into the treasury, because it is the price of blood. and baving 7 consulted together, they laid out the money in buying the potter's field, to serve for a burying place for strangers. for this reason the field is cal- 8 led the field of blood to this day, then was fulfilled what 9 Jeremy the prophet said, " and they took the thirty " pieces of filver, the price " at which he was valued, by " the children of Israel, and 10 " gave them for the potter's " field, as she Lord ap-" pointed me."

When Jesus appear'd he-II
fore the governor, the governor asked him, art thou the
king of the Jews? and Jesus
answer'd yes. but when he 12
was accused by the chief
priests and elders, he return'd
no answer. whereupon Pi-I3
late said to him, don't you
bear how many things they

lay

a-

ακουεις ποσα σου καταμαρή 14 Τυρουσι? και ουκ απεκριθη αυτώ προς ουδε έν ρημα, ώστε θαυμαζειν τον περιονα λιαν-

15 Κατα δε έορτην ειωθει ὁ ή Γεμων απολυειν ένα τω οχλω 16 δεσμιον , όν ηθελον . ειχον δε τοτε δεσμιον επισημον λεγο-17 μενον Βαραββαν . συνηγμενων ουν αυτων, ειπεν αυτοις ὁ Πιλατος, τινα θελετε απολυσω ύμιν ? Βαραββαν η Ιησουν τον λεγομενον Χριστον ? 18 ηδει γαρ ότι δια φθονον παρεδωκαν αυτον.

19 Καθημένου δε αυτου επι του βηματος, απέστειλε προς AUTON I TUNN AUTOU, AETOUσα, μηδεν σοι και τω δικαιω εκεινώ, πολλα γαρ επαθον σημερον κατ οναρ δι αυτον. 20 on de apxiepeix kai on moeorbu-TEPOL ETTELTAY TOUS OXLOUS, IVA αιτησωνται τον Βαραββαν, τον δε Ιπσουν απολεσωσιν. 2 Ι αποκριθεις δε δ ήγεμων ειπεν - αυτοις, τινα θελετε απο των δυο απολυσω ύμιν ? δι δε 22 ειπον. Βαραββαν- λειτι αυ-TOIC O THATOS, TI OUV TOINσω Ιπσουν, τον λεγομενον Χριστον ? λεγουσιν αυτώ 23 παντες, σταυρώθητω- ο δε ήγεμων εφη, τι γαρ κακου εποιπσεν ε οι δε περισσως εκράζον, λεγοντές, σταυρωlay to your charge? but he 14 made no answer to any thing he said, so that the governor was very much surprized.

Now it was customary at 15 that feast for the governor to release a prisoner, such as the people should nominate. there happen'd to be then in 16 eustody a notorious criminal, nam'd Barabbas. therefore 17 when they were assembled, Pilate said to them, who would you have releas'd? Barabbas, or Jesus, who is called Christ? for he was 18 lensible that they had delivered him up out of meer envy.

Whilst he was sitting on 19 the tribunal, his wife sent this message to him, pray, bave nothing to do with that just man: for to-day I have suffered very much on bis account in a dream. but the 2d chief priests and senators persuaded the people to demand Barabbas, and put to death Jefus. the governor 21 therefore baving asked, which of the two would you have me release? they said, Barabbas. Pilate replied, what 22 shall I do then with Jesus, who is called Christ? they all cried out, let bim be crucified. the governor said, 23 wby, what mischief has be done? but they cried out the

4 θητω ιδων δε ο Πιλατος ο τι ουδεν ωφελει, αλλα μαλλον θορύβος εινεται, λαβων υδωρ, απενιψατο τας χειρας απεναντι του οχλου, λεγων, αθωος ειμι απο του αιματος του δικαιου τουτου, υμεις ο γεσθε και αποκριθεις πας ο λαος, ειπε, "το αιμα αυτου " εφ πμας, και επι τα τεκνα " πων"

16 TOTE ATTENUOUS AUTOIC TON Βαραββαν, τον δε Ιπσουν φραγελλωσας, παρεδωκενίνα 27 σταυρωθη τοτε οι στρατιωται του ήγεμονος, παραλα-BOYTES TOU INGOUNCES TO TOAK τωριον, συνηγαγον επ' αυτον 18 όλην την σπειράν- και εκδυσαντες άυτον, περιεθηκαν αυ-19 τω χλαμυδα κοκκινήν και πλεξαντες στεφανον εξ α-KAYBWY ETEBNKAY ETT THY KE-ΦΆλπν αυτους και καλαμον εν τη δετια αυτου. και γονυπετησαντες εμπροσθεν αυτου, EVETAILON AUTHS REPORTESS XAIDE O BAGINEUS TWO IOU-30 baiws Kai Eustudantes Eis αυτον, ελαβού του καλαμού, και ετυπτον εις την κεφαλην 81 αυτου· και ότε εγεπαίξαν αυτω, εξεδυσαν αυτον την χλαμυδα, και ενεδυσαν αυτον τα ίματια αυτου, και απηταγον αυτον εις το σταυcwoal-

32 Εξερχομενοι δε ευρον ανθρωπον Κυρηναίον, ονοματι more, let bim be crucified. Pilate perceiving he was so 24 far from prevailing, that they were more tumultuous, be took water, and washed his hands before all the people, saying, I am innocent of the blood of this just person: you are answerable for it: at this all the people cry'd 25 out, "bis blood be on us; and on our children."

Then be released to them 26 Barabbas: but be order'd Jesus to be scourged, and delivered up to be crucified. after this the foldiers of the 27 governor took Jesus into the common hall, and gathered all the foot-guards about him. and baving stripp'd bim, they 28 put on bim a scarlet robe. then pleating a crown of 29 thorns, they set it on his head, and a reed in his right band: and they bowed the knee before bim, in mockery, saying, bail king of the Jews. and they spit upon him, and 30 took the reed, and smote him on the head. and after they 3 E bad thus infulted him, they took the robe off, and put bis own raiment on bim, and led him away to crucify bim.

As they were going along, 32 they met a man of Cyrene,

Σιμωνα, τουτού ηγγαρευσαν iva aen tor staucor autou-33 KAL ENBOYTES ELS TOTTON NETOMEνον Γολιοθα, ός εστι λειο-34 μενος κρανιού τοπος, εδωκαν αυτω πιειν οξος μετα χολης μεμιζμένον, και ζευσαμένος, 35 OUK nOENE TIELY OT AUDWOAY τες δε αυτον, διεμερισαντο τα ιματια αυτου, βαλοντες 36 κληρου. και καθημενοι ετη-37 POUV QUTOV EKEL. KAL ETEONκαν επανω της κεφαλής αυτου την αιτιαν αυτου Γεγραμ-MENNY, OTTOS ESTÍN IH-ΣΟΥΣ Ο ΒΑΣΊΔΕΥΣ ΤΩΝ ΙΟΥΔΑΙΩΝ-

Τοτε σταυρουνται συν αυτω δυο λησται, είς εκ δεξιων, και έις εξ ευωνυμων. 39 οι δε παραπορευομένοι εβλασφημούν αυτον, κινούντες τας 40 KEPANAG AUTWY, KAI NEFOY-TEGO O KATANUWY TOV YAOVO και εν τρισιν ήμεραις οικοδομωνς σωσον σεαυτούς ει ύιος ει του Θεου, καταβηθί απο 41 του σταυρού... ομοιως δε και οι αρχιερεις, εμπαιζοντες μετα των Γραμματέων και πρέσ-42 βυτερων ελεγον αλλους εσωσεν, έαυτον ου δυναται σωσαι, ει βασιλευς Ισραπλ εστι, καταβατω νυν απο του σταυρου, και πιστευσομεν 43 autio. Tetollev energy Deovs ρυσασθω νυν αυτον, ει θελει αυτον: ειπε γαρ. ότι Θεου

Simon by name: and compelled bim to carry the cross. when they were come to a33 place called Golgotha, a word which signifies a skull, they 34 gave him a mixture of wine and gall: but when he had tafted it, be refused to drink. after they bad crucified bim, 35 they shared his clothes among them by casting losts: and 26 they took their post to watch bim there. and they fet an 37 Inscription over bis bead, denoting the reason of his execution, THÍS IS JESUS THE KING OF THE 7 EWS.

At the same time, two 38 robbers were crucified with bim: one on bis right band, the other on his left. the 20 passengers all the while reviling bim, shook their heads at him, and cry'd, you that 40 could destroy the temple, and rebuild it in three days, now fave thy self: if thou art the son of God, come down from the cross. the chief priests, 41 with the scribes and senators, derided bim in like manner. he. saved others, said they, 42 but cannot save bimself: if he be the king of Israel, let bim now come down from the cross, and we will believe bim. be relied upon God;43 if he he fuch a favourite, let God then deliver him: for

be

4 ειμι ύιος- το δ' αυτο και όι λησται * όι συσταυρωθεντες αυτω- ονειδίζον αυτον-

15 Απο δε έκτης ώρας σκοτος έζενετο επι πασαν την ζήν, 46 εως ώρας εννατης. περί δε την εννατην ώραν ανεβοησεν ο Ιπσους φωνή μεγαλή, λε-Γων, Ηλι, Ηλι, λαμα σãβαχθανι; τουτ' εστι, "Θεε " μου, ίνατι με εγκατελι-47 " πες?" Τινές δε των εκει έστωτων ακουσαντές, έλε του, ότι Ηλιαν φωνει όυτος. 48 και ευθεώς δραμων έις εξ αυτων, και λαβων σποργον πλησας τε οξους, και περιθεις καλαμώς εποτίζεν αυ-An TOV. OI DE NOITTOI ENSTOY, a-**Φες, ιδωμεν ει ερχεται Ηλιας** το σωσων αυτον ό δε Ιπσους παλιν κραξας φωνή μεγαλή, αφτικέ το πνευμά.

51 Και ιδου, το καταπετασμα του ναου εσχισθη εις δυο απο ανωθεν έως κατω· και ή γη εσεισθη, και άι πετραι 52 εσχισθησαν, και πολλα σωματατων κεκοιμημένων άγιων 53 ηγερθη· και εξελθοντές εκ των μνημειων μετα την εγερανισθησαν του, εισηλθον εις την άγιαν πολιν, και ενεφανισθησαν 54 πολλοις· ὁ δε έκατονταρχος και

be us'd to say be was the son of God. one of the rob-44 bers too, who were crucified with him, treated him with the same reproach.

Now from the fixth bour 45 to the ninth; the whole land was covered with darkness. and about the ninth hour Jusus 46 cried out with a loud voice. ELI, ELI, LAMA SA-BACHTHANI? that is to say, * " my God! my God! " why bast thou; for saken " me?" fome of the stand-47 ers by, when they heard that, said, be calls upon Elias, im-48 mediately one of them ran to fetch a spunge, which they steep'd in vinegar, and fastning it to the end of a stick, they presented it to bim, to drink: while the rest cry'd, 49 now let us see whether Elias will come to fave bim. but Jesus cried out again with 50 a loud voice, and then expir'd.

Immediately the vail of the 51 temple was rent in two, from the top to the bottom; the earth trembled, the rocks fplit, the graves opened, and 52 the bodies of many faints who slept arose, and came out 53 of the graves after his refurrection, and went into the holy city, and appeared to many. now the centu-54 rion, and they that were Q 2 with

* See Note, ch. xxvi. 8.

^{*} Pfal. xxii. 1.

και δι μετ' αυτου, τηρουντες τον Ιπσουν, ιδοντες τον σεισμον και τα ζενομενα, εφοβηθησαν σφοδρα, λεζοντες, αληθως Θεου ύιος ην δυτος.

55 Ησαν δε εκει γυναικες πολλαι απο μακροθεν θεωρουσαι,
αιτινες πκολουθησαν τω Ιησου απο της Γαλιλαιας, δια56 κονουσαι αυτω εν αις ην
Μαρια ή Μαςδαληνη, και Μαρια ή του Ιακωβου και Ιωση
μητηρ, και ή μητηρ των ύμων
Ζεβεδαιου.

57 Οψιας δε Γενομενής, πλθεν ανθρωπος πλουσιος απο Αριμαθαιας, τουνομα Ιωσηφ, ός και αυτος εμαθητεύσε τω 58 Ιπσου. ουτος προσελθων τω Ιμλατω, ητησατό το σωμά του Ιπσου. τοτε ο Πιλατος εκελευσεν αποδοθηναι το σω-59 μα και λαβων το σωμα δ · Ιωσηφ, ενετυλίζεν αυτο σιν-60 δονι καθαρά, και εθηκέν αυτο εν Τω καινώ άυτου μνημειώ, ο ελατομησεν εν τη πετρα, και προσκυλισας λιθον μεταν τη θυρα του μνημειους απηλθεν. 6 ι πο δε εκει Μαρια ή Μαςδαληνη, και ή αλλη Μαρια, καθημεναι απενάντι του ταφου-

62 Τη διεπαυριού, ήτις εστι μετα την παρασκευην συνηχθησαν οι αρχιερείς και οι Φαρι-63 σαιοι προς Γίιλατού, λερουτες, κυριε, εμυποθημέν ότι εκείνοι ο πλανος είπεν ετ. Σων,

" µ!TX

with him, to guard Jesus, having observed the earthquake, and all that had happened, were under great apprehensions, and said, certainly this was the son of God.

And several women were 55 there who look don' at a distance, and had sollowed Jesus from Galilee, to assist him with their service. a-56 mong whom was Mary Magdalene, and Mary the mother of James and of Joses, and the mother of Zebedee's children.

In the evening a rich man 57 of Arimathea, named 70seph, who himself was Fefus's disciple, went to Pi-58 late, and begged the body of Jesus: which Pilate ordered to be delivered to bim. Joseph 59 then baving taken the body, wrapped it in a clean linen cloth, and laid it in a monu- 60 ment which be bad lately caufed to be bewn out in the rock: and baving rolled a large sone to the door of the fepulcbre, be went away. the mean time Mary Magdalene, and the other Mary were fitting over against the sepulcbre.

Now the next day after 62 the preparation of the fabbath, the chief priests and Pharifees went together to Pilate, saying, sir, we re-63 member that this impostor. "μετα τρεις πμερας εγειρο 64" μαι." κελευσον ουν ασσφαλισθηναι τον ταφον ε ως της τριτης πμερας, μη ποτε ελθοντες οι μαθηται αυτου κλεψωσιν αυτον, και ειπωσι τω λαω, "η ερθη απο των "νεκρων," και εσται ή εσχατη πλανη χειρων της προσός τος, εχετε κουστωδιαν, ύπαρετε, ασφαλισασθε ως οι 66 δατε. Θι δε πορευθεντες, ησφαλισαντο τον ταφον, σφραγισαντες τον λιβον, μετα της κουστωδιας.

Οψε δε σαββατων τη επιφωσκουση εις μιαν σαββατων, πλθε Μαρια ή Μαςδαληνη, και ή αλλη Μαρια, θεωρησαι τον ταφον. και ιδου, σεισμος εγένετο μεγας, αςτελος ταρ κυριου καταβας εξ ουράνου, προσελθών απεκυλισε τον λιθον απο της θυρας, και εκαθητο επανω 3 αυτου ην δε ή ιδεα αυτου ώς αστραπη, και το ενδυμα 4 AUTOU NEUKOV WEEL XIWY- Aπο δε του Φοβου αυτου εσεισθησαν οι τηρουντές, και έγε-5 YOUTO WOEL VEKCOL. ATTOKOLBEK SE O AFFEROS, EITE TAIS TUναιξι, μη φοβεισθε ύμεις, οιδα γαρ ότι Ιπσουν τον εσταυρω-6 LEVOY ETTELTE OUR ECTIV WOE: ηγερθη γαρ, καθως είπε: δευτε.

roben be was alive, faid. " after three days I will " rife again." pray therefore 64 order a quara to be posted at the sepulchre till the third day, for fear bis distiples should some and steal him away, and then tell the people, " be is rifen from the " dead:" for this last impesture would be of worse consequence than the first. to 65 whom Pilate replied, you bave a guard, go then, and make it as secure as you can. accordingly they went, and 66 baving claps a feal upon the stone, they posted a guard to fecure the fepulchre.

The fabbath being over, , and the first day of the week beginning to dawn, Mary Magdalene, and the other Mary, came to fee the fepulchre. now there had ? been a great earthquake; for an angel of the lord descending from beaven, was come, and bad rolled away the stone from the door, and was fitting upon it. bis aspect was like lightning, and his raiment white as snow, for fear of whom the keepers sbook, and were almost struck dead. but the angel spoke to the woman, and faid, don't be frighted, I know you are seeking Jesus, who was crucified. he is not here:

IOSTE

be

ιδετε του τοπου όπου εκειτο ό 7 κυρίος και ταχύ πορευθείσαι, ειπατε τοις μαθηταις αυτου, ότι ητερθη απο των שבאףנטעי אמן ולסטי חףסמובו ט-HAS EIG THY FARIRAIANS EKEL αυτον οινεσθει ιδους ειπον. บ์นเม-

Και εξελθουσαι ταχυ απο του μνημειου μετα Φοβου και χαρας μεταλης, εδραμον απαργειλαι τοις μαθηταις αυο του ώς δε επορευοντο απας-**Γείλαι Τοις μαθηταις αυτου»** και ιδους ο Ιπσους απηντησεν autais, retwy, xaipete. ai de προσελθουσαι, εκρατησαν αυτου τους ποδας, και προσεκυ-IOVNOUV AUTW. TOTE REFEL AUταις ο Ιπσους, μη φοβεισθε, υ-MATETE AMATTEINATE TOIC AGENφοις μου ίνα απελθωσίν εις την FARIRAIAV, KAKEL HE OWOVTAL

11 Ποςευομένων δε αυτών, ιδου, τινες της κουστωδίας ελθοντες εις την πολιν. απης-Γειλαν Τοις αρχιερευσιν άπαν-

12 Τα Τα Γενομένα. και συναχθεντες μετά των πρεσβυτερων, συμβουλιον τε λαβοντες, αργυρια ίκανα εδωκαν 13 τοις στρατιωταις, λεγοντές,

" ειπατε, ότι οι μαθηται αυτου νυκτος ελθοντες,

" εκλεψαν αυτον ήμων κοι-

14" μωμενων- και εαν ακουσ-" θη τουτο επι του ήγεμονος,

ημεις πεισομέν αυτον, και " υμας αμεριμύους ποιπσο-

be is rifen according to bis word: come, see the place where the Lord was laid. then go immediately to tell 7 bis disciples that he is risen from the dead; and that. he goes before you into Galilee, there hall we see it is bim; 'tis I that fay it.

And they instantly lest the S sepulchre, with fear and joy, and ran to carry his disciples this good news. as they were 9 making the way to bis disciples, Jesus bimself met them, and said, I salute you. and they came, and embraced his feet, and worshipped bim. then said Jesus to them, be 10 not afraid: go bid my brethren repair to Galilee, and there shall they see me.

Now wohen they were gone, II some of the guards went into the city, and informed the chief priests of all that had bappened. and when they 12 were affembled with the fenators, and had confulted together, they gave a large sum of money to the soldiers, thus instructing them; do you say 13 " bis disciples came by night, " and stole bim away while " we slept. if this come to 14 " the governor's ears, we " will appease bim, and se-

" cure

15" μεν-" οι δε λαβοντες τα αργυρια, εποιπσαν ώς εδι~ δαχθησαν και διεφημισθη ο λογος σύτος παρα Ιουδαιοις μεχρι της σημερον-

36 Οι δε ένδεκα μαθηται επορευθησαν εις την Γαλιλαιαν εις το ορος ου εταξατο αυτοις 17 ο Ιπσούς και ιδοντες αυτον προσεκυνησαν αυτώ, οι δε ε-18 δίστασαν και προσελθών δ Ιπσους, ελαλπσεν αυτοις, λετων, εδοθη μοι πασα εξου-19 ola ev oupavo kal etil The Toρευθέντες μαθητεύσατε παντα τα εθνη, βαπτιζοντες αυτους εις το ονομα του πατρος KAL TOU VIOU KAL TOU ATIOU 20 πνευματος διδασκοντες αυ-TOUS THOSELY TAYTA OF EVE-Τειλαμην ύμιν και ιδους ερω μεθ ύμων ειμι πασας τας ή-

μερας, έως της συντελειας

TOU KLWYOC.

"cure you." fo they took 15 the money, and did as they were directed: and this report is still current among the fews at this day.

In the mean time the ele- 16 ven disciples went into Galilees to a mountain where Jesus bad appointed them. and when they fato him, 17 they worshipped bim s but fome doubted. and Jesus came, 18 and faid to them, all power bas been given me in beaven and in earth. go and in- 10 struct all nations, baptizing them in the name of the father, and of the son, and of the boly ghost: teaching 20 them to observe every thing which I have enjoin'd you: and be assured I shall be always with you to the end of the world.



TO KATA

THE

M A P K O N HOLY GOSPEL

ATION ETATIEATON.

Α ΡΧΗ του ευαγγελιου Ιπσου Χριστου, ύιου Του Θεου·

Ως γεγραπται εν τιψ προ-φπτη» "Ιόπι» εγω αποστελ-NO TON AFTENON HOW TOO " TOOTWAOU GOUS OF KATAG-" κευασει την όδον σου εμ-77000 DEV GOV. Dwn Bo-" WALDE EN LU EDUTION ELOI-" μασατε την όδον κυριους EUBLIAG MOLLITE TAG TOLBOUG 4 " autou- efeneto lwanne Βαπτιζων εν τη ερημώ, και κηρυσσων βαπτισμα μεταυριας εις αφεσιν άμαρτιων. 5 KAI ECETTOPEUETO TIPOS AUTOV πασα ή Ιουδαία χωρα, και οι Ιεροσολυμιται, και εβαπτιζοντο παντες εν τω Ιορδανα ποταμωύπ αυτους εξουσιορουμενοι τας αμαρτι**ας 🐠** 6 των ην δε Ιωαννης ενδεδομε-YOU TPIXAL KAMITLOUS KAN LED νην δερματινην περι την οσουν αυτου, και εσθιων ακριδικ 7 και μελι αγριον- και εκπρυσσε» REJUIN EPXETAL O LOXUPOTEPOS μου οπισω μου, ου ουκ ειμι ίκανος, κυψας λυσαι τον ὶμαντα

According to MARK.

HE beginning of the gospel of Jefus Christ the fon of God.

It is written in the pro- ? phet, " behold, I fend my " messenger before thy face, " who shall prepare thy " way before thee. The voice " of one crying in the wil-" derness, prepare ye the way of the Lord, make " bis paths straight." cordingly. John baptized in the defart, and preached the baptism of repentance, for the remission of sins. all Judea, and the inhabitants of Jerusalem, went out to meet bim, and baving confest d their sins, he haptized them, in the river fordan. John was clothed with 6 remets bair, with a leathern trale about his waist: and bis food was locusts and wild boney. among other things 7 be faid, there comes one after me, who is superiour to me. I am not worthy to stoop down and untie bis Thoes.

ίμαντα των ύποδηματων αυ
8 του εςω μεν εβαπτισα ύμας εν ύδατι, αυτος δε βαπτισει ύμας εν Πνευματι άςιω.

9 Και εγενετο εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις, ηλθεν Ιπσους, απο Ναζαρετ της Γαλιλαιας, και εβαπτισθη ύπο Ιωαννου εις 10 του Ιορδανην, και ευθειος

εραπτισοπ υπο 1ωαννου εις
10 τον Ιορδανην· και ευθεως
αναβαινων απο του υδατος,
ειδε σχιζομενους τους ουρανους, και το πνευμα ώσει
περιστεραν καταβαινον επ

11 αυτον- και φωνη εξενετο εκ των ουρανων, " συ ει ο ύιος " μου ο αξαπητος, εν ώ ευ-12 " δοκησα-" και ευθεως το

πνευμα αυτον εκβαλλει εις 13 την ερημον. και ην εν τη

ερημώ ήμερας Τεσσαρακουτα, πειραζομενος ύπο του Σατανα: και ην μετα των θηριων,

να: και ην μετα των θηριων. και οι αργελοι διπκονουν αυτω-

14 Μετά δε το παραδοθηναι
τον Ιωαννην, ηλθεν ο Ιησους
εις την Γαλιλαίαν, κηρυσσων το ευαγγελίον της βα-

" Θέου : μετανοςιτε, και πισ" τευετε εν τω ευαγγελιώ"

16 Περιπατων δε παρα την θαλασσαν της Γαλιλαιας, ειδε Σιμωνα και Ανδρεαν του αδελφον αυτου, βαλλοντας αμφιβληστρον εν τη θαλαστοη : (ησαν γαρ αλιεις) και

7 ση : (ησαν γαρ αλιεις) ·και ειπεν αυτοις ο Ιησους, δευτε οπισω μου, και ποιησω ύμας

Γενεσθαι

shoes. I indeed have hap 8 tized you with water, hist he shall haptize you with the effusion of the holy Ghost.

At that time Jesus came 9 from Nazareth of Galilee, and was baptized by John in Jordan. and as soon as 10 be was got out of the water. be saw the beavens open, and the spirit lighting upon bim, like a dove. when this voice II from beaven was beard. " thou art my beloved fon, " in whom I am well plea-" sed." presently after the 12 spirit convey'd him into the desart. where he continued 13 forty days, being tempted by Satan: and when he was among the wild beasts, angels ministred unto bim.

But after John was put 14 in prison, Jesus came into Galilee, spreading the good news of the kingdom of the Messiah. "the time, said 15 be, is accomplished, and the kingdom of God is at hand: repent ye, and be- lieve the gospel."

Now as he walked by the 16 fea of Galilee, he faw Simon, and Andrew his brother, casting their net into the sea: (for they were sishers) and 17 fesus said to them, follow me, and I will make you

18 **τενεσθαι άλιεις αν**θρωπων- και ευθεως αφεντες τα δικτυα άυ-19 των ηκολουθησαν αυτω- και προβας εκείθεν ολίγου, είδεν Ιακωβον τον του Ζεβεδαιου, και Ιωαννην τον αδελφον αυ-TOUS KAI AUTOUS EN TW TROIW καταρτίζοντας τα δικτυα. 20 KAL EUBEWS EKANEGEY AUTOUS: και αφεντες τον πατερα άυτων Ζεβεδαιον εν τω πλοιω μετα των μισθωτων, απηλθον οπισω αυτου. 21 Και εισπορευονται εις Καπερναουμ, και ευθεως τοις σαββασιν εισελθων εις την 22 συναςως πν , εδιδασκε και εξέπλησσοντο επι τη διδαχη αυτου: ην γαρ διδασκων αυ-Τους ως εξουσιαν εχων, και 23 ουχ ώς α Γραμματεις. και ην εν τη συναζωτη αυτών ανθοωπος εν πνευματι ακα-24 θαρτω, και ανεκράξε, λειων, εα, Τι ήμιν και σοι Ιπσου Ναζαρηνε? ηλθες απολεσαι ήμας ? οιδα σε τις εις ο άπιος

25 TOU Θεου. και επετιμήσεν

26 και σπαραξαν αυτον το πνευ-

27 εξ αυτου. και εθαμβηθησαν

αυτω ο Ιπσους, λεγων, φιμω-

Onti, kai etende et autou.

μα το ακαθαρτού και κρα-

ξαν φωνη μεγαλή, εξηλθεν

παντει, ώστε συζητειν προς

ECCUTOUS REPORTES, TI ECTI

TOUTO? TIG h Sidaxn h Kalvn

άυτη, ότι κατ' εξουσιαν και

τοις πυευμασι τοις ακαθαρ-

Τοις επιτασσει, και υπακου-

fishers of men. immediately 18 they quitted their nets, and followed him. when he had 19 gone a little further, he saw James the son of Zebedee, and John his brother, in the hark mending their nets. whereupon he called them: 20 and they left their father Zebedee in the ship with the people he had hired, and went after him.

As soon as they were come 21 to Capernaum, he entred into the synagogue, and it being the fabbath, instructed them, and they were afto-22 nished at his manner of preaching: for he spoke with an air of authority, and not as the Scribes. now 23 there was in their synagogue a demoniack, who cried out, ab, what have we to do 24 with thee, Jesus of Nazareth? art thou come to forment us? I know thee who thou art, the holy one of God. and Jefus threatned 25 bim, be mute, said be, and come out. and soben the un- 26 clean spirit had thrown him into convulfions, with a loud cry, be came out of him. at 27 which they were all so amazed, that they ask'd one another, what's the meaning of all this? what new dostrine is bere? for he commands with autho28 ουσιν αυτω? εξηλθε δε ή ακοπ αυτου ευθυς εις όλπν την περιχώρου της Γαλι-Agrac.

29 Kai Eudswe ek The ouvarwfre ekendontees madon eig την οικιαν Σιμωνος, και Ανόρου, μετα Ιακωβου και Ιω-30 αννου. ή δε πενθερα Σιμωνος κατεκειτο πυρεσσουσα, και ευθέως λεγουσιν αυτώ περι 31 αυτης. και προσελθων ητει-PEN AUTHN, KOATHOACTHE XELT POS AUTIK, KAL ADTIKEV AUTIN ο πυρετος ευθεως, και διηκο-VEL AUTOIC.

32 Ow las de sevoluents, ête eδυ ο ήλιος, εφερον προς αυ-Τον παντας Τους κακως εχοντας, και τους δαιμονίζο-33 μενους και ή πολις όλη επισυνημένη ην προς την θυραν. 34 και εθεραπεύσε πολλούς κα-KWS EXOVERS TOLKINALS VOGOLS και δαιμονια πολλα εξεβαλε, και ουκ ηφιε λαλειν τα δαιμονια, ότι ηδεισαν αυτον-

35 Και πρωι εννυχον λιαν αvactas eEnabe, kai annabev εις ερημον τοπον, κάκει προσ-36 πυχετο. και κατεδιωξαν αυτον ὁ Σιμων και ό: μετ' αυ-37 TOU- KAI EUDOVTES AUTOVO NEγουσιναυτώ, ότι παντές ζη-38 τουσι σε και λεγει αυτοις ATWHEN EIG TAG EXOMENAG KWμοπολεις, ίνα κάκει κηρυξω, εις τουτο γαρ εξελπλυθα.

authority even the unclean spirits, and they obey bim. upon this his fame immedi-28 ately spread abroad over all the region of Galilee.

As foon as they were come 20 out of the synagogue, they went with James and John into the bouse of Simon and Andrew, where Simon's 30 wife's mother lay fick of a fever, who presently acquainted Jesus with it. and 31 be came, and taking ber by the band, lift her up; upon which the fever immediately left her, and she served them at table.

In the evening, when the 32 fun was fet, they brought to bim many difeased, and several demoniacks. the whole 33 town being affembled before the door. and he healed 34 many that were variously. affetted with diseases, and cast out many demons, not allowing them to fay that they knew bim.

On the morrow rising up, 35 while it was yet dark, be went out, and retired into. a folitary place, where be prayed. Simon, and the rest 36 of his company, followed after bim. and when they bad 37 found him, they faid, the people are seeking for you. and be said unto them, let 38 us go into the neighbouring
R 2 vil-

Kal

39 και τη κπροσσων εν ταις συναζωζαις αυτων, εις όλην την Γαλιλαίαν και τα δαιμονία εκβαλλών.

40 Και ερχεται προς αυτον λεπρος, παρακαλών αυτον, και γονυπετών αυτον, και λεγών αυτώ, "εαν θέλης, δυνασαι

41 "με καθαρισαι" ό δε Ιπσους σπλα χνισθεις, εκτεινας την χειρα, ήψατο αυτου, και λεγει αυτω, Θελω, καθαρισ-

42 θητι. και ειποντος αυτου, ευθεως απηλθεν απ αυτου ή

43 λεπρα, και εκαθαρισθη. και εμβριμησαμενος αυτώ, ευ-

τους ετερακέν αυτον και κει είπης, ορα μπθενι μπθεν είπης, αλλ. ύπαζε, σεαυτον δείξον τω ίερει, και προσενεγκε περι του καθαρισμού σου ά προσεταξε Μωσης, εις μαρ-

45 τυριον αυτοις ο δε εξελθων πρέατο κηρύσσειν πολλα και διαφημίζειν τον λογον, ώστε μπκετι αυτον δυνασθαι φανερως εις πολιν εισελθειν, αλλ εξω εν ερημοις τοποις ην, και πρχοντο προς αυτον πανταχοθεν.

 Και παλιν εισπλθεν εις
 Καπερναουμ δι ήμερων, και πκουσθη ότι εις οικον εστι και συνηχθησαν πολλοις ώστε villages, that I may preach there likewise, for that was the design of my coming. and he preached in their sy-39 nagogues throughout all Galilee, and cast out demons.

And there came a leper 40 to bim, who fell on his knees, and thus address d him, " if you will, you can beal " me." Jesus then mov'd A. with compassion, beld out bis band, and touching him, said. I will, be thou bealed. and while he was speaking, 42 the leprofy left him in an instant, and he was cur'd. immediately Jesus sent bim 42 away, feverely charging him, bave a care, said he, how 44 you take the least notice of this to any man: but go, Thow your felf to the priest, and offer for your cure what Moses commanded, that this may ferve as a testimony against them. but as soon as 45 he was gone, he began freely to talk of it, and blazed it about every where, fo that Jesus could not go publickly into the city any more, but stay'd in the out parts, which were not much frequented, where people came to bim from every quarter.

Some time after be returned 1 to Capernaum; upon the rumour that he was there, so 2 great a company assembled,

that

UNKETI XWOELV WHOE TO TOOK την θυραν, και ελάλει αυ-3 TOIC TOY LOCOV. KALL EPKOYTAL προς αυτον, παραλυτικον φεροντες, αιρομένον ύπο τέσ-4 σαρων- και μη δυναμενοι προσεςτισαι αυτω δια τον οχλου, απεστεγασαν την στετην όπου ην, και εξορύξαντες χαλωσι τον κραββατον, εφ' ώ ο παραλυτικός κα-5 TEKELTO. LOWN DE O INGOLG THY TIGTLY AUTWY RETEL TW παραλυτικώ, ΤΕΚΝΟΝ, αΦΕών-6 ται οι αμαρτιαι σου. DE TIVES TWY FORHUATEWY Eκει καθημένοι, και διαλογίζομενοι εν ταις καρδιαις άυτων. 7 τι ουτος ουτω λαλει βλασφημιας ? Τις δυναται αφιεναι άμαρτιας, ει μη έις δ Θεος ? 8 και ευθεως επιγνους ο Ιπσους τω πνευματι άυτου, ότι δυτως αυτοι διαλογίζονται εν EAUTOICS ELTEV AUTOICS ταυτα διαλογίζεσθε εν ταις 9 καρδιαις ύμων? Τι εστινευ-KOTWTEPOV, ELTELY TW TAPAλυτικώ, αφεωνται σοι αι αμαρτιαι, η είπειν, εγειραι, και αρον σου τον κραββατον, και 10 RESITATEL? IVA DE ELÔNTE Ó-TI E E OU O I AV EKEL O VIOC TOU AVθεωπου αφιεναι επι της της àμαρτιας, (λεγει τω παραλυ-ΙΙ Τικώ,) σοι λεγω, εγειραι, και αρού του κραββατού σου, και 12 UTATE EIG TON OIKON OOU. ηγερθη ευθεως, και αρας του κραβ-

that there was no room for them in the boult, nor even about the door : and be preached the word unto them, then they 2 came and prefented to bim a paralytic, who had four men to carry bim. wbo find- 4 ing it impossible to come nich Him because of the press, uncovered the roof where He was: and when they had broken it up, they let down the cradle wherein the paralytic lay. Jesus perceiving 5 their faith, faid to the fick of the palfy, son, thy fins are forgiven. but there were 6 certain of the Scribes fitting there, who were distatisfied in their own minds, and faid to themselves, why doth this 7 man speak such blasphemies? who can forgive sins but God? and immediately Jesus per- 8 ceiving by bis spirit, that they made these secret reflections, said, wby do you entertain such suggestions? is it not as easy to say to the 9 paralytic, thy fins are forgiven: as to fay, arife, and take up your bed and walk? bowever, to let you fee that 10 the fon of man has power on. earth to forgive fins, rife, said be, to the fick of the palfy, 'tis I command you, II take up thy bed, and go to your bome. instantly be 12 arofe

κραββατον, εξπλθεν εναντιον παντων, ώστε εξιστασθαι παντας, και δοξαζειν τον Θεον, λεγοντας, ότι ουδεποτε ουτως ειδομεν.

12 Και εξηλθε παλιν παρα την θαλασσαν, και πας ο οχλος πρχετο προς αυτου, και ΙΛΕδίδασκεν αυτους. και παραγων ειδε Δευιν τον του Αλ-Φαιου καθημένον επι το Τε-AWYLOV, KAL ZETEL AUTW. Aκολουθει μοι- και αναστας 15 ηκολουθησεν αυτώ- και ειενετο εν τω κατακεισθαι αυ-TOV EV TH OIKIA AUTOU, KAI πολλοι τελωναι και άμαρτωλοι συνανεκείντο τω Ιπσου, και τοις μαθηταις αυτου, ησαν γαρ πολλοι, και ηκολου-16θησαν αυτω- και οι Γραμματεις και δι Φαρισαιοι ιδοντες αυτον εσθιοντα μετα των ΤΕλωνών και άμαρτωλων, EXECOV TOIC MACENTAIC AUTOU, Τι ΌΤΙ μετα Των Τελωνων και άμαρτωλών εσθιει και πινει ? 17 και ακουσας ο Ιπσους, λεγει αυτοις, ου χρειαν εχουσιν οι ισχυοντες ιατρους αλλ' οι κακως εχουτες: OUK πλθου καλεσαι δικαιους, αλλα άμαρτωλους.

18 Και πσαν οι μαθηται Ιωαννου και οι των Φαρισαιων νηστευοντες, και ερχονται και λεγουσιν αυτω, διατι οι μαθηται Ιωαννου και οι των Φαρισαιων νηστευουσιν, οι

δE

arose, took up the bed, and went out in the presence of them all; insomuch that they were all amazed, and glorified God, saying, we never saw any thing like this.

Another time as he was 13 by the sea-side, the people came all crowding to bim, and be instructed them. as 14 be passed along, be saw Levi the son of Alpheus, sitting at the custom-bouse, and said to bim, follow me. accordingly be arose and followed bim. at length as Jesus sat at table 15 in Levi's bouse, several publicans and loose people sat down likewife in company with Jesus, and his disciples: for a good number of them bad followed him, when 16 the Scribes and Pharifees saw him eating with such a crew, they ask'd his disciples, what's the meaning that be is so familiar with people of such a wretched character? Jesus bearing this, said to 17 them, they that are in health, have no need of a phylician, but they that are fick: I did not come to call the righteous, but finners.

It was customary for the 18 Pharisees, and the disciples of John, to fast; they came therefore and ask'd him, why do John's disciples, and the Pharisees fast so frequently,

and

δε σοι μαθηται ου νηστευ-19 OUT ? KAL ELTEV AUTOK O Iησους, μη δυνανται οι ύιοι του νυμφωνος, εν ώ ο νυμ-DIOK HET AUTWY EGTIS YNG-TEUEIN ? OFON XPONON MED ÉQUτων εχουσι τον νυμφιον, ου 20 δυνανται νηστευείν. ελευσονται δε ήμεραι όταν απαρθη απ' αυτων ο νυμφιος, και TOTE VNOTEUGOUGLY EV EKELYN 2 Ι τη ήμερα. ουδεις επιβλημα ρακους αγναφού επιρραπτεί επιίματιω παλαιώ, ει δε μης αιρεί το πληρωμά αυτου το KALYOV TOU TAXXALOUS KAL XELT 22 POV TXITHA FIVETAI. KAI OUδεις βαλλει οινον νεον εις ασκους παλαιους, ει δε μη, ρησ-TELO DIVOS O VEOS TOUS ACKOUS KAL O GIVOS EKXELTAL, KAL OK ασκοι απολουνται, αλλα οι-YOU YEAV EIG ACKOUG KALYOUS BATTEON.

23 Και εγενετο παραπορευεσθαι αυτον εν τοις σαββασι δια των σποριμών, και πρξαντο δι μαθηται αυτου όδον TOLEN TINNOYTES TOUS OTA-24 χυας. και οι Φαρισαιοι ελεγου αυτώ, ιδε, τι ποιουσιν τοις σαββασιν ο ουκεξεστι? 25 KAL AUTOS EXEFEU AUTOIS, OUδεποτε ανεγωτε τι εποιησε Δαβιδ, ότε χρειαν εσχε, και ETELVACEY AUTOC KAL OL HET' 26 AUTOU? TWEELOTA BEY ELE TOY οικον του Θεού επι Αβιαθαρ Του αρχιερεως, και Τους αρτους της προθεσεως εφαιεν,

and not your disciples? Je-19 fus answered, can the bridemen fast, while the bridegroom is with them? as long as they have the bridegroom with them, they cannot fast, but the time will come, when 20 the bridegroom shall be taken away from them, and then shall they fast, indeed no 21 man ever sews a piece of new cloth on an old garment: because the new piece that is vatch'd on, draws the old, and rends it still worse. so 22 no man pours new wine into old skins, for that would burst them, and then both would be lost: but new wine must be put into new skins.

Another time, as be was 22 going through the corn-fields on the sabbath-day, his disciples as they pass'd along began to pluck the ears of corn. upon which the Pharisees 24 faid to bim, pray observe how they trespass on the sabbath-day. but be replied, 25 have re never read robat David, and the rest of the company did, when they were press'd with bunger? bow 26 he went into the house of God in the days of Abiathar, who was afterwards high-priest,

ους ουκ εξεστι φαγειν ει μπ τοις ίερευσι, και εδωκε και 27 τοις συν αυτώ ουσι ε και ελεγεν αυτοις, " το σαββα-" τον δια τον ανθρωπον εγε-" νετο, ουκ ο ανθρωπος δια 28 " το σαββατον." ώστε κυριος εστιν ο ψίος του ανθρωπου και του σαββατου.

KAI EIGHABE TALLY EIG THY קטאמןשןחטי אמו חץ צאצו מץθρωπος εξηραμμένην εχών την 2 χειρα. και παρετηρούν αυτον ει τοις σαββασι θεραπευσει αυτον, ίνα κατηγορήσω-3 GIV AUTOU. KAI RETELTW AVθρωπω τω εξηραμμενην εχου-TI THY XEIPA, ETEIPE EIG TO LE-4 GOV. KAI KETEL AUTOIS, ETEGTI τοις σαββάσιν αγαθοποιησαι» η κακοποιησαι? Ψυ-XTIV GWGAIS TI ATTOKTELVAL? 5 οι δε εσιώπων και περιβλεψαμένος συτους μετ' ορ-THE GUNNUMOUNEROC ETT TH πωρωσει της καρδίας αυτων, λεγει τω ανθρωπω, εκτεινον THY XEIDA GOU, KAI EEETELVE, KAI ATOKATEOTABN N XEID 6 autou- Kai EEEABOUTES OI Φαρισαιοι, ευθεως μετα των Ηρωδιανων συμβουλιον εποιουν κατ' αυτου, όπως αυτου απολεσωσι.

and did eat the shew-bread, giving some of it likewise to the company, though the law allow'd no body to eat of it but the priests. adding this 27 observation, "the sabbath was made for man, and "not man for the sabbath." therefore the son of man has 28 a power of dispensing with the law of the sabbath.

Another time be entred into the synagogue, when a man was there who had a withered band. the Phari- 2 fees watched Jefus, to fee if he would beal him on the sabbath-day, that so they might accuse bim. he said 3 then to the man who had the withered band, rife and stand there in the midst. and be 4 ask'd them, is it allowed to do good, or to do mischief on the sabbath-days? to save life, or to kill? but they were very filent. then be 5 looking with indignation at those about him, being concern'd at their disingenuous perverse temper, be said to the man, stretch out your band, which he did, and his band become found. upon this 6 the Pharisees withdrew, and immediately enter'd into a conspiracy with the Herodians to take away bis life.

Και ο Ιπσους ανεχωρησε μετα των μαθητων άυτου ποος την θαλασσαν, και πολυ πληθος απο της Γαλιλαιας πκολουθησεν αυτώ, και S απο της Ιουδαίας, και απο Ιεροσολυμων, και απο της Ιδουμαιας, και περαν του Ιορδανου, και οι περι Τυρον και Σιδωνα, πληθος πολυ, ακουσαντειόσα εποιει, πλθον O TEGS AUTON KAL ELTE TOIS μαθηταις άυτου, ίνα πλοιαριον προσκαρτερή αυτώ, δια τον οχλον, ίνα μη θλιβωσιν το αυτον. πολλους γαρ εθεραπευσενς ώστε επιπιπτειν αυτω, ίνα αυτου άψωνται, ό-1 I OOL ELXOV HAOTIFAG. Kai Ta πυευματα τα ακαθαςτα, δταν αυτον εθεωρει, προσεπιπτεν αυτώ, και εκράζε, λεγοντας "συ ει ὁ ὑιος Του 12 "Θεου." και πολλα επετιμα αυτοκ, ίνα μη αυτον φανερον ποιησωσι.

13 Και αναβαίνει εις το ορος, και προσκαλειται όυς ηθελεν αυτος, και απηλθον προς αυτή τον. και εποίησε δωδεκα, ίνα ωσι μετ' αυτου, και ίνα αποστελλή αυτους κηρυσσείν, τας νοσούς, και εκβαλλείν τα 16 δαίμονια. και επεθήκε τω 17 Σίμωνι ονομα Πετρον, και Ιακωβον τον του Ζεβεδαίου, και Ιωαννήν τον αδελφον του Ιακωβου, και επεθήκεν αυτακωβου, και επεθήκεν αυτάκωβου, και επεθήκεν αυτ

TOIS

But Fesus retired with his 7 disciples towards the sea: where a great multitude followed bim from Galilee, from Judea, from Jerusalem, 8 and from Idumea, and the territory about fordan, a considerable number of the inhabitants about Tyre and Sidon baving beard of bis great actions, came likewife wherefore , Q to meet bim. to avoid the inconveniences of the crowd, he order'd bis disciples to get a small vessel ready to attend bim. for 10 having healed abundance of people, all that were afflitted with any grievous distemper pressed upon bim to touch him. and when the II impure spirits saw bim, they threw themselves at bis feet, crying out, " thou art the " son of God." but he strict-12 ly charged them, not to make bim known.

At length he went up a 13 mountain, and having appointed a select company to attend him, they came to him. then he chose twelve of 14 them to he near his person, and asterwards to he gospelmissionaries. with full power 15 to heal diseases, and disposses demons. these were Simon, 16 whom he sirnam'd Peter, James the son of Zehedee, 17 and John the brother of Sames,

τοις ονοματα Βοανεργες, ό 18 εστιν, ὑιοι βροντης και Ανδρεαν, και Φιλιππον, και Βαρθολομαιον, και Ματθαιον, και Θωμαν, και Θαδδαιον, και Σιμώνα τον Κανανιτην, ός και παρεδωκεν αυτον, και ερ-

χονται εις οικον·
20 Και συνερχεται παλιν οχλος, ώστε μη δυνασθαι αυ21 τους μητε αρτον φαγειν· και
ακουσαντες οι παρ' αυτου,
εξηλθον κρατησαι αυτον, ελεγον γαρ, ότι εξεστη·

Και οι Γραμματεις α απο Ιεροσολυμών καταβαντες, ε-REFOR OTI BEENLEBOUR EXEL KAI, OTI EV TW APXOVTI TWY δαιμωνιών εκβαλλει τα δαι-23 μονια. και προσκαλεσαμε-VOLAUTOIK, EY MAÇABOLAK Eλετεν αυτοις, πως δυναται σατανας σαταναν εκβαλ-24 NEU? KAI EAV BAOTHEIA EO' EAUTHY MECHOTING OU SUVATAL σταθηναι ή βασιλεία εκείνη. 25 Kal Eav Olkia Eq' Eauthy HEρισθη, ου δυναται σταθηναι 26 noikia ekelyn. Kal el o o ata-YAS AVECTH ED EAUTON KAL μεμερισται, ου δυναται στα-27 myal anna tenocexel δεις δυναται τα σκευη του ισχυρου, εισελθων εις την οικιαν

James, (whom he had named Boanerges, that is to fay, fons of thunder.) Andrew, 18 Philip, Bartholomew, Matthew, Thomas, James the fon of Alpheus, Thaddeus, Simon the Canaanite, and 19 Judas Iscariot, who hetrayed him.

After this they went into 20 an house, and the crowd press'd again upon them, so as to hinder them from taking their meal. when his rela-21 tions heard of this, they went to his relief, for it was said, he * fainted away.

Some Scribes, who were ?? come from Terufalem, faid, be is confederate with Beelzebub, the prince of the demons enables bim to disposses demons. but 2.2 calling them to bim, be faid by way of similitude, bow can salan disposses salan? if a kingdom be divided a-21 gainst it self, that kingdem cannot last. if a family be 25 divided against it self, it is impossible for it to subsist. so if satan rise up in opposi-26 tion to his own interest, his power cannot subsist, but must entirely cease. no one can 27 enter into a strong man's bouse, and plunder his goods, unless the man be first se-

* In the Version of the LXX. Gen. xiv. 26. uz: steery ty diavera laung, and faceb fainted away.

αυτου διαρπασαι, εαν μη πρωτον τον ισχυρον δηση, και τοτε την οικιαν αυτου δι28 αρπασει αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι παντα αφεθησεται τα άμαρτηματα τοις ύιοις των ανθρωπων, και βλασφημιαι όσας
29 αν βλασφημησωσιν ός δ΄ αν βλασφημηση εις το Πνευμα το άγιον, ουκ εχει αφεσιν εις τον αιωνα, αλλ' ενοχος εστιν 30 αιωνιου κρισεως ότι ελεγον, πνευμα ακαθαρτον εχει-

31 Ερχονται συν οι αδελφοι και ή μητηρ αυτου, και εξω εστωτές απέστειλαν ποος 12 AUTON, OWNOUNTER AUTON KAL εκαθητο οχλος περι αυτονο ειπον δε αυτώ, ιδου, ή μητηρ σου και οι αδελφοι σου, και άι αδελφαι σου εξω ζητουσι σε. 23 και απεκριθη αυτοις, λεγων, Τις εστιν ή μπτηρ μου η οι 34 αδέλφοι μου? και βλεψαμενος τους κυκλω τους περι αυτον καθημένους, λεγεί, ιδου ή μητηρ μους και όι αδέλ-35 φοι μου ο ός γαρ αν ποιηση το θελημα του Θεου, ουτος αδελφος μου, και αδελφη μου,

και μητηρ εστι
| Και παλιν ηρξατο διδασκειν παρα την θαλασσαν, και
συνηχθη προς αυτον οχλος
πολυς, ώστε αυτον εμβαντα
εις το πλοιον, καθησθαι εν τη
θαλασση, και πας ο οχλος
προς την θαλασσαν επι της
| ης ην. και εδιδασκεν αυτους
εν παςαβολαις πολλα, και

cur'd. I declare unto you, 28 all the sins which men may commit, and whatsoever blasphemies they may utter, may be forgiven them. but he that shall blaspheme 29 against the holy Ghost, shall never be pardoned, but shall be obnoxious to eternal punishment. this was in an-30 swer to their saying, he was influenc'd by an impure spirit.

In the mean time his bro-21 thers and his mother came there, and not being able to get within bearing, for the 32 crowd about bim, they fent bim word to come to them. and when they told him, your mother and brothers and fifters are here without enquiring for you, He answer'd, who 22 is my mother? who are my brothers? and casting bis 24 eyes round the company, there, faid be, are my mother and my brothers. for he that does 35 the will of God, he is my brother and fifter and mo-

He began again to teach to the fea-side: but there was so great a crowd gathered about him, that he was obliged to go into a ship, where he sat down, and stayed on board while the people stood on the shore, then he ad-2 dressed himself to them in

ENERGY AUTOIC EV TO BIBAXO 3 αυτου- ακουετε, ιδου, εξηλθεν ο σπειρών του σπειραι. 4 KOLL EFEVETO EV TW OTTELDELY. O LEVETEGE TAÇA TIV OOON KAL ηλθε τα πετεινα και κατεφα-5 TEV AUTO AND DE EMEGEN Eπι το πετρωδες, όπου ουκ ειχε την πολλην, και ευθεως εξανετειλε, δια το μη εχειν 6 Balloc me muon de avateiλαντος εκαυματισθη, και δια το μη εχειν οιζαν, εξηρανθη-7 και αλλο επίσεν εις τας ακανθας, και ανεβησαν άι ακανθαι, και συνεπνίξαν αυτο, και καρπου ουκ εδωκε. και αλλο επέσεν εκ την την την καλην, και εδίδου καςπου αναβαινοντα και αυξανοντα, και εφερεν, έν Τριακοντα, και έν εξηκοντας και έν έκατον. O KAL ENETEY, O EXWY WTA A-KOUELYS AKOUSTW.

10 ΟΤΕ δε εΓΕΝΕΤΟ ΚΑΤαμονας, πρωτησαν αυτον οι περι αυτον συν τοις δωδεκα την πατι ραβολην. και ελεΓεν αυτοις, ύμιν δεδοται Γνωναι το μυστηριον της βασιλειας του Θεσυ, εκεινοις δε τοις εξω εν παραβολαις τα παντα Γινειας μη ιδωσι, και ακουοντες ακουωσι, και μη συνιωσι, μηποτε επιστρεψωσι, και αφεθή αυτοις τα άμαρτηματι τα τοις, ουκ οιδατε

many parables, and thus began bis instructions. your attention to what I fay. a fower went out to fow: as be sowed, some of the seed happened to fall by the way-fide, which the birds light upon, and devoured. some fell on stony ground, where it had not much earth, and it foon frrang up, for want of a sufficient depth of earth. but when the sun was up, it was scorched, and for want of root, withered away. fome fell among thorns, and the thorns grew up, and choaked it, fo that it yielded no fruit. but part of it fell on good ground, which sprang up, and grew so sruitful, that some grains produced thirty, others fixty, and some an bundred. be that bath o ears to bear, said be, let him hear.

And when he was in pri-10 vate, the twelve, and some of his disciples asked him the meaning of the parable. he 11 answered, you are admitted into the secret of the gospel-dispensation: but to unbelievers every thing is couch'd in parables; because, the they see, 12 they will not perceive, and the they hear they will not understand: as if they were asraid of parting with their vices, in order to be pardoned. but 13

οιδατε την παραβοκην ταυτην ? και πως πασας τας 14 παραβολας γνωσεσθε? ο σπειρων, Τον λογον σπειρει. I S OUT OF OF ELOTY OF TRAPAS THY Oδον, όπου σπειρεται ο λοτος, και όταν ακουσωσιν, ευθεως EPXETAL O GATAVAS, KAL ALPEL TOV LOFOV TOV ESTACHENOV EN 16 ταις καρδίαις αυτών. και ουτοι εισιν όμοιως οι επι τα πετρωδη σπειρομένοι, οι ό-Ταν ακουσωσι Τον λοτον: Ευθεως μετα χαρας λαμβανου-17 GIV AUTOV. KALOUK EXOUGI PI-**L**αν εκ έαυτοις, αλλα προσκαιροι είσιν, είτα Γενομένης θλιψεως η διωγμού δια τον λογον, ευθεως σκανδαλίζον-18 ται- και δι εις τας ακανθας σπειρομενοι, ουτοι εισιν α τον 19 ADTOV AKOUDYTEG KALL AL LET ειμναι του αιωνός τουτου, και ή απατη του πλουτους και αι περι τα λοιπα επιθυ-**עומו בוסאסףבעם שיאים סטואים: דסטסו דסט אסרסט, אמו מאמף-**20 πος γινεται. και ουτοι εισιν לו באו דחי עודן אור אמבאחע σπαρεντες, διτινές ακουσυσι τον λοιου, και παραδεχονται και καρποφορουσιν έν τριακουτα, και έν έξπκοντα, KAL EY EKATOY.

21 Και ελεγεν αυτοκ, μητι ο λυχνος ερχεται, ίνα ύπο τον μοδιον τεθη, η ύπο την κλινην? ουκ ίνα επι την λυχ-22 γιαν επιτεθη? ου γαρ εστι

if, faid be, you don't comprebend this easy parable. bow can ye understand any of the rest? the sower is sa be that foweth the word, they TE who receiv'd feed by the wayside, are those in whom the word is sown, who no sooner bave beard it, but fatan comes and takes away the word that was fown in their bearts. in like manner, they 16 who receive feed on flonyground, are such as upon bearing the word, do immediately receive it with joy. but baving no root at the bot- 17 tom, they are only occasional professors, for if they meet with any trouble or persecution upon account of the word. immediately they revolt. as 18 for those, who receive seed as among thorns: they are fuch as bear the word. but.19 the cares of this life, the deceitful love of riches, and a crowd of different passions, stifle the word, and it becomes unfruitful. they who 20 receive feed as on good ground, are such as bear the word and entertain it, and bring forth fruit, some in one degree, and some in another.

Again he said, is a lamp 21 ever brought to be put under a bushel, or under a bed? or to be set on a stand? for 22 there is nothing conceal d but what

Τι Κρυπτον, ο εαν μη φανερωθή, ουδε εγενετο αποκρυφον, αλλίνα εις φανερον ελ-23 θη. ειτις εχει ωτα ακουειν. ακουετω.

24 Και ελεγεν αυτοις, βλεπετε τι ακουετε, εν ώ μετρώ μετρειτε, μετρηθησεται ύμιν, και προστηθησεται ύμιν τοις 25 ακουουσιν- ός γαρ αν εχη, δοθησεται αυτώ, και ός ουκ εχει, και ό εχει, αρθησεται αυτώ.

26 Και ελεγεν, ουτως εστιν ή βασιλεια του Θεου, ως εαν ανθρωπος βαλή τον σπορον 27 επι της γης, και καθευδή, και εγειρηται νυκτα και ήμεραν, και ο σπορος βλαστανή και μηκυνηται ώς ουκ οιδεν αυτος 28 αυτοματη γαρ ή γη καρποφορει, πρωτον χορτον, ειτα σταχυν, ειτα πληρη σιτον 29 εν τω σταχυι, όταν δε παραδώ ο καρπος, ευθεως αποστελλει το δρεπανον, ότι παρεστηκεν ο θερισμος.

30 Και ελεγε, τινι ομοιωσωμεν την βασιλειαν του Θεου?
η εν ποια παραβολή παρα31 βαλωμεν αυτην? ώς κοκκώ
σιναπεως, ός όταν σπαρη
επι της γκ, μικροτερος παντων των σπερματων εστι
32 των επι της γης, και όταν
σπαρή, αναβαινεί, και γινεται παντων των λαχανων
μειζων, και ποιει κλαδους με-

what shall be made manifest: nor was any thing kept secret, but in order to be divulged. if any man have 23 ears to bear, let him hear.

And consider, said be, 24 how you bear; for in proportion as you weigh what is communicated to you, new light shall be given: for be 25 that makes use of what be has shall have more, but he that does not, shall be stript of what be has.

Again, he said, the state 26 of the gospel is like that of the grain, which a man sows in his land: however he 27 takes his repose by night, or is employ'd by day, the grain shoots up and grows without his inspection. sor the earth 28 spontaneously produces, first the blade, then the ear, after that the grain of corn in the ear. but as soon as the 29 fruit is ripe, the sickle is applied, because the harvest is come.

Again be said, to what 30 shall we compare the state of the gospel? or by what parable shall we represent it? it is like a grain of mustard-31 seed, which when sown in the earth, is less than any other grain that is sown there, but after it is sown, 32 it grows up, and becometh larger than other plants of

ra-

Γαλους, ώστε δυνασθαι ύπο την σκιαν αυτου τα πετεινα του ουράνου κατάσκηνουν.

33 Και τοιαυταις παραβο-RAIL TORRAIS ERAREI AUTOIS τον λογον, καθως πδυναντο 34 ακουείν χωρις δε παραβολης OUK ENANEI AUTOIG KAT IDIAN δε τοις μαθηταις άυτου επε-

λυε παντα. Kai kefel autoic en ekeinn τη ήμερα, οψιας Γενομένης, 36 DIENOWHEN ELS TO TEPAN KAL αφεντες τον οχλον, παραπαμβανουσιν αυτον ώς πν εν τω πλοιώ, και αλλα δε 37 πλοιαρία ην μετ αυτου. και Γινεται λαιλαψ ανεμου μεγαλη, τα δε κυματα επεβαλλεν εις το πλοιον, ώστε αυτο 38 ηδη Γεμιζεσθαι- και ην αυτος επι τη πρυμνη επι το προσκεφαλαιον καθευδων, και διεγειρουσιν αυτον, και λετουσιν αυτω, διδασκαλε, ου μελει σοι ότι απολλυμεθα? 39 και διεγερθεις επετιμησε τω ανεμω, και ειπε τη θαλασση, σιωπα, πεφιμώσο- και εκοπασεν ο ανεμος, και εγενετο 40 Γαληνή μεγαλη. KAL ELTEV αυτοις, τι δειλοι εστε όυτω?

πως ουκ έχετε πιστιν ? και 41 εφοβηθησαν φοβον μεγαν, και ελεγον προς αλληλους, Τις αρα ουτος εστιν, ότι και ό ανεμος και ή θαλασσα ύπακουουσιν αυτώ?

the pulse kind, and shooteth out its branches fo bigh, that the fowls of the air may lodge under its shadow.

Thus he instructed them 22 by fuch a variety of parables as were adapted to their capacity. bis stile in publick 24 was figurative, but be explain'd every thing to his

disciples in private.

The same day in the even- 25 ing, be said to them, let us cross over to the other side of the lake. when they had 36 dismis'd the people, the bark be was in, set sail, in company with other small barks. at length a violent storm en-37 fued, and the waves beat into the ship, that it began to fill, whilft Jesus was at the 28 stern, asleep on a pillow: upon which they awak'd him. crying out, master, bave yoù so little concern to let us fink? then be rose, and rebuked 20 the wind, bush, said be, and be still. immediately the wind subsides, and a settled calm ensued. why, said be, are 40 ye so frighted? are ye still so void of faith? and they AT were exceedingly afraid, and said to one another, who can this be, that even the wind and the sea obey bim?

Kai modor eit to mepar the θαλασσης, εις Την χωραν 2 των Γαδασηνων και εξεπθον-TI AUTW EK TOU TADIOUS EU-- OEWS ATTIVTHOED AUTWER TWY μυπμειών ανθρώπος εν πνευ-3 ματι ακαθαρτώ, ός την κα-TOKNOW EIXEVEV TOK WYNUZσι, και ουτε άλυσεσιν ουδεις **Δ. εδυνατο αυτον δησαι: δια το** αυτον πολλακις πεδαις και άπυσεσι δεδεσθαι, και διεσπασθαι ύπ αυτου τας άλυσεις, και τας πεδας συντε-Τριφθαι, και ουδεκ αυτον ισ-5 XUE δαμασαι· και διαπαν-TOC VUKTOC KAI HUEPAC EV TOIC OPEGI KALI EV TOLG HYNHAGIV NY KPALWY, KAI KATAKOTTWY E-6 αυτον λιθοις ιδων δε τον Ιπσουν απο μακροθεν, εδραμε, 7 και προσεκυνησεν αυτώ και κραξας φωνή μεγαλή, είπε, " TI EMOL KAL GOL, INGOU DIE " του Θεου του ύψιστου? " ορκιζω σε τον Θεον, μη με **" βασανισης"** εκετε γαρ αυτώ, " εξελθε το πνευμα " το ακαθαρτον εκ του αν-9 " θρωπου." και επηρωτα AUTOV, TI GOI OVOHA ? KAI λεγει αυτώ, λεγεων ονομα μοι, 10 ότι πολλοι εσμέν και πα-PEKANEL AUTON TONNAS IVA μη αυτους αποστειλη εξω της II XWPAC. THE DE EKEL TOOK TWO ρει αγέλη χοιρων μεγάλη βοσ-12 κομενων- και παρεκαλεσαν αυτον παντες δι δαιμονες, λεγοντες, " πεμιψον ήμας εις

They arrived then to the I other fide of the sea, in the country of the Gadarenes. and as soon as Jesus was 2 come out of the ship, he met a demoniack, who came from among the tombs, where he baunted, no man being able 3 to confine bim, no not with chains: for baving been often bound with fetters and chains, he had wrench'd his chains, and broke his fetters, so that no body could tame bim. night and day he was 5 in the mountains, bosvling among the tombs, and backing bis flesh with flints. but 6 when he saw Jesus afar off, be ran and prostrated bimself before bim. and crying with a loud voice, said, "what injury " have I done you, Jesus, " thou son of the most bigh " God? I adjure thee by God, " not to torment me." (for \$ Jesus bad said to bim, " come " out of the man, thou im-" pure spirit?") and Jesus 9 asked him, what is thy name? my name is legion, answered be: for we are many, and 10 be was very importunate with Jesus not to drive them away from that country. now there was a great herd 11 of swine feeding upon the mountain; and all the de-12 mons intreated bim, saying, " send us to the swine, that

" τους χοιρους, ένα εις αυ-. 13" TOUS ELOENOWHEY." KALEπετρεψεν αυτοις ευθεως ο Ιησούς και εξελθοντα τα πνευματα τα ακαθαστα, εισηλθον εις τους χοιρους, και ώρμησεν ή αγελη κατα του κεπμυου εις την θαλασσαν, ησαν δε ώς δισχιλιοι, και επ-14 προύτο εν τη θαλασση δι DE BOGKOYTES TOUS XOIPOUS, EQUION, KAL ATTITETADY EIG THY HONLY KAL EK TOUS AFFOUS. και εξηλθουιδείν τι εστί το 15 ΤΕΤΟΣΟΚΑ ΚΑΙ ΕΡΧΟΝΤΑΙ ΉΡΟς Τον Ιπσουν, και θεωρουσι τον δαιμονιζομενον καθημενον και ιματισμένους και σωφρονούν-TA, TOV ECKTIKOTA TOV DEι 6 γεωνά, και εφοβηθησαν. και διητησαντο αυτοις οι ιδοντες. πως εγενετο τω δαιμονίζομε-17 16, KAI TECHTWY XOLCWY- KAI ηςξαντο παρακαλείν αυτον απελθειν απο των όριων αυ-1 S Των και εμβαινοντος αυτου εις Το πλοιους παρεκαλει αυτον ο δαιμονισθεις ίνα η μετ' 19 autou. Kal ouk apriker allτον, αλλα λεγει αυτώ, ύ-TATE ELS TOY OLKOY GOY TOOS τους σους, και αναγγείλου αυτοις όσα σοι ο κυρίος πε-26 TOINKE, KAI MAINGE GE. KAI απηλθες και πρέατο κηρυσσειν εν Τη Δεκαπολει, οσα εποιησεν αυτω ο Ιησους, και παντες εθαυμαζον.

21 Και διαπετασαντος του Inσου εν τω πλοιώ παλιν εις

" we may enter into them." Jesus immediately gave them 13 leave. and the impure spirits quitting the possessed, entred into the fwine, and the whole herd, which were about two thousand, ran down a precipice into the fea, and were there stifled. then 14 they that fed the swine fled, and told the news to town and country. and they went out to see what had been done. when they were come to Je- 15 sus, and saw bim that bad been possessed with the legion of demons, sitting in bis clothes, and in his right mind, they were afraid. and when 16 the eve-witnesses had related what had pals'd with respect to the demoniack, and to the swine: they intreated him 17 to withdraw from their ter ritories. as he was embark-18 ing, the late demoniack desired, that he might be with Jesus. bowever, Jesus re- 19 fused bim, and said, go borne to thy friends, and tell them what great things the Lord bath done for thee, and bow be hath had compassion on thee. and be departed, and 20 published in Decapolis, what Jesus had done for him: and all were filled with admiration.

When Jesus had repassed 21 in the vessel to the other side,

Το περαν, συνηχθη οχλος πολυς επ' αυτον, και ην παρα 22 την θαλασσαν και ιδου, ερχεται έις των αρχισυναςωζων, ονοματι Ιαειρος, και ιδων αυτον, πιπτει προς τους 23 ποδάς αυτου, και παρεκαλει αυτον πολλα, λεςων, " ότι " το θυγατριον μου εσχα-" τως εχει, ίνα ελθων επι-" θης αυτή τας χειρας, ό-" πως σωθή και ζησεται." 24 και απηλθε μετ' αυτου, και ηκολουθει αυτω οχλος πολυς, και συνεθλιβον αυτον-

25 Και τυνη Τις ουσα εν ρυσει 26 άιματος ετη δωδεκα, και πολλα παθουσα ύπο πολλων ιατρων, και δαπανησασα τα παρ έαυτης παντα, και μηδεν ωφεληθεισα, αλλα μαλλον εις το χειρον ελθουσα, 27 ακουσασα περι του Ιησου, ελθουσα εν τω οχλω οπισθενι ήψατο του ίματιου αυτου. 28 ελεγε γαρ, ότι κάν των ιματιων αυτου άψομαι, σωθη-29 σομαι και ευθεως εξηρανθη ή πητη του άιματος αυτης, και εγνω τω σωματι ότι ια-30 ται απο της μαστιγος- και ευθεως ο Ιπσους επιτυούς εν έαυτω την εξ άυτου δυναμιν εξελθουσαν, επιστραφεις εν τω οχλω, ελεγε, τις μου ή-31 ψατο των ιματιών? ελειου αυτώ οι μαθηται αυτου, βλεπεις τον οχλον συν-BALBOVTA OES KAL NETEKS TIK

LOU

a crowd of people gathered about bim, while he was nigh the sea. when one of 22 the rulers of the synagogue, fairus by name, came, and as soon as he saw him, fell at his feet, and earnest-23 ly intreated him, saying, " my " little daughter is at the " last extremity, pray come " and lay thy bands on her, " that she may be healed, " and live." fo Jefus went 24 with him, attended by a great crowd, that press'd about bim.

Now there was a woman, 25 who had been affected with an hemorrhage twelve years: baving suffered much from 26 several physicians, she had spent all ber fortune, and instead of being any thing the better, she rather grew worse. but having heard of 27 Jesus, she came behind him in the crowd, and touched bis garment. for said she, 28 if I do but touch his clothes, I shall be cured. and im-29 mediately the source of her disorder was dried up: and she sensibly perceived she was bealed of that indisposition. Jesus conscious of the 30 influence be had exerted, immediately turned towards the crowd, and said, who touched my clothes? his disci-31 ples reflied, you see the multitude

32 μου ήψατο? και περιεβλεπετο ιδειν την τουτο ποιη33 σασαν η δε γυνη φοβηθεισα και τρεμουσα, ειδυια ό γεγονεν επ΄ αυτη, ηλθε και προσεπεσεν αυτώ, και ειπεν αυτώ
34 πασαν την αληθειαν ό δε
ειπεν αυτη, θυγατερ, ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε, ύπαγε εις
ειρηνην, και ισθι ύγιης απο
της μαστιγος σου.

35 Ετι αυτού λαλούντος, ερχονται απο του αρχισυναιωτου, λετοντες, " ότι ή θυτα-" της σου απεθανε, τι ετι " σκυλλεις τον διδασκα-36" NOV?" o de Instouc euθεως ακουσας τον λογον λάλουμενον, λεγει Τω αρχισυνατωςω, " μη φοβου, μονον 37" TIOTEUS" KAI OUK APNκεν ουδενα αυτω συνακολουθησαι, ει μη Πετρον, και Ιακωβον, και Ιωαννην Τον 38 αδελφον Ιακωβου. και ευχουται έις του οικου του αςχισυνατωτου, και θεωρει θοευβου, κλαιοντας και αλα-39 λαζοντας πολλα. και εισελθων λεγει αυτοις, τι θοευβεισθε και κλαιετε? Το παιδιου ουκ απεθανεν, αλλα 40 καθευδει. και κατεγελών αυ-Του, ο δε, εκβαλίου παντας, παραλαμβανει τον πατερα του παιδιού, και την μπτερα, και τους μετ αυ-TOUS KAI SIGHOSSUSTAS OHOU

titude press about you, and do you ask, who touched you? however, he looked about to 32 see who it was. then the 33 woman, conscious of what had been effected in her, came trembling with fear, and falling down before him, confess d the whole truth, and he said to her, daughter, 34 thy saith hath saved thee; go in peace, entirely freed from your indisposition.

Before he had done speak- 35 ing, messengers came from the ruler of the synagogue's house, who said, "your " daughter is dead, why do es you give the master any u further trouble?" Je-36 fus, upon bearing that, immediately said to the ruler of the synagogue, " be not a-" fraid, only believe." and 37 be suffered no man to follow bim, except Peter, and James, and John the brother of James: being come 38 to the bouse of the ruler of the synagogue, and seeing a tumultuous crowd of people weeping and bowling, at 39 bis going in be said to them; subat's the meaning of this uproar, what do you weep for? the damfel is not dead? but asleep, upon which they 40 fell a laughing: bowever, baving turned them all out, and taking with him the faπν το παιδιον ανεκειμενον4 εκαι κρατησας της χειρος του παιδιου, λεγει αυτη, Ταλιθα κουμι, ο εστι μεθερμενευομενον, το κορασιον σοι λεγω
42 εγειραι· και ευθεως ανεστη το κορασιον, και περιεπατει, ην γαρ ετων δωδεκα, και εξεστησαν εκστασει μεγαλη.
43 και διεστειλατο αυτοις πολλα, ίνα μηδεις γω τουτο, και ειπε δοθηναι αυτη φαγειν-

Kai eknaden ekeiden kai πλθεν εις την πατριδα άυτου, και ακολουθουσιν αυτώ οι μα-2 θηται αυτου- και Γενομένου σαββατου, πρέατο εν τη συναγωγη διδασκείν, και πολ-LOI AKOUOVTES EEETAHOOOVTOS λεγοντες, ποθεν τουτώ ταυτα? και τις ή σοφια ήδοθεισα αυτώ, και δυναμεις τοιαυται δια των χειρων g αυτου Γινονται? ουκ ουτος εστιν ο τεκτων ο ύιος Μαριας, αδελφος δε Ιακωβου, και Ιωση, και Ιουόα, και Σιμωνος? και ουκ εισιν αι αδελφαι αυτου ώδε προς ήμας ? και εσκανδαλιζοντο εν .4 αυτίφ. ελεγε δε αυτοις ο Inσους, ότι ουκ εστι προφητής ατιμος, ει μη εν τη πατριδί AUTOUS KAL EN TOIS OUTTENEOL, 5 Kal EV Th Olkia autou- Kal ουκ πουνατο εκει ουδεμιαν ου-

ναμιν

ther and the mother of the damsel and those that had accompany'd bim, be entred in where the damfel was lying. then taking ber band, 41 be faid to ber, Talitha cumi, that is to fay, damfel, arife, 'tis I command you. imme- 42 diately the damfel arose, and walked, for she was twelve years of age: and they were struck with astonishment. but 43 be strictly charged them not to mention it to any one, and order'd something should be given ber to eat.

Jesus leaving that place, 1 went into his own country, attended by his disciples. when 2 the sabbath was come, he preach'd in the synagogue, to the great astonishment of many, who upon bearing his discourse, said, how came he by all this? what strange endowment of knowledge is this, that he should work fuch miracles? is not be the 3 carpenter, the fon of Mary, the brother of James and Foses, of Juda and Simon? are not these his sisters, who are bere with us? and the; were scandalized at bim. but Jesus said to him, a 4 prophet is never despis'd, except in bis own country, among bis own kindred, and in bis own family: so that excepting the cure of a few fick

ναμιν ποπσαι» ει μη ολιγοις αρρωστοις επιθεις τας χειρας. 6 εθεραπευσε και εθαυμαζε δια την απιστιαν αυτων και περιηγε τας κωμας κυκλώ» διδασκων.

Και προσκαλειται τους δωδεκα, και πρέατο αυτους ATOUTENASIN ONO ONO. KALEDIδου αυτοις εξουσιαν των πνευ-S ματων των ακαθαρτων· και παρητιείλεν αυτοις ίνα μηδεν αιςωσίν εις όδον, ει μη ραβδου μουου, μη πηραν, μη αρ-TOYS UN EIG THY CHYNY XAXο κον : αλλ' υποδεδεμενους σανδαλια, και μη ενδυσησθε δυο 10 XITWIAG. KAL EXETEN AUTOIGO ύπου ταν εισελθητε εις οικιαν» EKSI MEVETE EWS AV EEEDONTE Eι ι κειθεν. και όσοι αν μη δεξωνται ύμας, μηδε ακουσωσιν ύμων, εκπορευομένοι εκειθένς εκτιναξατε τον χουν τον ύποκατω των ποδων ύμων εις μαςτυρίου αυτοίς (αμην λετω υμίν, ανεκτοτέρον εσται Σοδομοις η Γομορροίς εν ήμερα KPI OSWS, n Tn TONSI EKELYN.) 12 και εξελθοντες εκπουσσον ίνα 13 μετανοπσωσι. και δαιμονια πολλα εξεβαλλον, και ηλειφον ελαιώ πολλους αρέωστους, και εθεραπευον.

 14 Και πκουσεν ὁ βασιλευς Ηρωδης, φανερον γαρ εγενετο το ονομα αυτου και ελεγεν, ότι Ιωαννης ὁ βαπτιζων εκ fick by the imposition of bunds, he would not work any miracle there, they were fo marvellously incredulous. So that He went all about to teach in the neighbouring villages.

Now having called the 7 twelve, he fent them out be two and two, giving them power to exorcize spirits: be order'd them to take no- \$ thing for their journey, but a fingle staff, no scrip, no bread, nor money in their purse : to have but one pair 9 of shoes, and but one coat. whatever house you enter 10 into, said be, there abide, till you leave the place. wherever they shall refuse to 11 entertain you, or to bear you, at your departure shake off the dust of your feet, as a testimonial against them. I assure you, the people of Sodom and Gomorrha [ball be treated with less severity in the day of judgment, than that city. then they depart-12 ed, and call'd upon all to repent. they disposses'd a13. great number of demons. many, that were fick, they anointed with oil, and refor'd their bealth.

In the mean time king 14. Herod heard of Jesus, whose name was now celebrated, and be said, John the Bap-

νεκρων ηγερθή, και δια τουτο ενεργουσίν αι δυναμεις εν αυ-15 τω. αλλοι δε ελειον, ότι Ηλιας εστιν- αλλοι δε ελεγον ότι προφητής εστινό ώς έις 16των προφητων ακουσας δε ό Ηρωδης, ειπεν, ότι όν εςω απεκεφαλισα Ιωαννην, όυτος ECTIV , AUTOC MEEDON EK VE-17 κρων αυτος γαρ ο Ηρωδης. αποστείλας εκρατήσε τον Ιωavvnus kal ednoev autov ev τη φυλακη δια Ηρωδιαδα Την τυναικά Φιλιππου του αδελφου άυτου, ότι αυτην ε-18 γαμπσεν ελέγε γαρό Ιωαννής Τω Ηρωδή, "ότι ουκ εξέστι " σοι εχειν την γυναικα του α-19 " δελφου σου." ή δε Ηςωδιας EVELXEY QUTWO KAL MENEY QU-Τον αποκτειναι, και ουκ που-20 ματο: ὁ γαρ Ηρωδης εφοβειτο Τον Ιωαννην, ειδως αυτου ανδρα δικαιον και άγιον, και συ-VETIPEL AUTONS KAL AKOUTAS AUTOU, TOXXA ETTOLLI, KAL n-2 I DEWS AUTOU TIKOUE. KAI TEVOμενης ήμερας ευκαιρου, ότε Ηροδης τοις Γενεσιοις άυτου δειπνον εποιει τοις μεγιστασιν άυτου, και τοις χιλιαρχοις, και τοις πρωτοις της Γαλι-22 λαιας, και εισελθουσης της θυγατρος αυτης της Ηρωδιαδος, και ορχησαμενής, και αρεσασης τω Ηρωδη και τοις συνανακειμένοις, είπεν ο βασιλευςτω κορασιω, "αιτησου " με ο εανθελπι, και δωσω

tist is risen from the dead. no wonder then that he works miracles. others faid, 'tis 15 Elias. others, 'tis a prophet, or one equal to a prophet. but Herod, from what 16 be had beard, said, 'tis John himself, whom I caused to be behended, who is risen from the dead. for 17 Herod bad given orders to seize John, and had confin'd bim in prison, to gratify Herodias, bis brother Philip's wife, whom he had married; upon which John 18 told bim, " it is not lawful " for you to have your bro-"ther's wife." which He-19
rodias resented, and sorm'd a design against bis life, but could not execute it; because 20 Herod bad a respect for John, knowing him to be a very bonest good man, and therefore protetted bim; baving reform'd many things upon his remonstrances, which he us'd to receive very graciously. however, a favour-21 able opportunity bappen'd for ber, upon Herod's making an entertainment the birth-night, for all the great officers of the court, and army, and persons of the sirst distinction in Galilee. for Herodias 22 made her appearance there, and danc'd with such an engaging air in the eye of Herock

23 " σοι" και ωμοσεν αυτη, ότι ό εαν με αιτησης, " δωσω " σοι, έως ήμισους της βα-אל הואבומג עוסט." ה לב בלבאד δουσα, είπε τη μητρι άυτης. Τι αιτησομαι? ή δε ειπε, την κεφαλην Ιωαννου του βαπ-25 TIGTOU. ะเต**ะก**ชื่อน**ต**ต KÆL ευθεως μετα σπουδης ποος του βασιλεα, πτησατο λετ τουσα, θελω ίνα μοι δως εξ AUTHS ETI TIVAKI THE KEDAT λην Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου. 26 και περιλυπος γενομένος ο βα-JUNEUS, SIA TOUS OPKOUS KAIL TOUS GUVAVAKELHEVOUS OUK 118E-27 λησεν αυτην αθετησαι. ευθεως αποστειλας ο βασιλεικ σπεκουλατωρα, TAKEN EVERONNAL THU KEPANNY 28 autou. o de amendou ame-KEPARITEN AUTON EN TO OURA-Kn. Kal nverke Tny kepanny CUTOU ETITIVAKI, KAL EGWKEV αυτην τω κορασιω, και το κορασιον εδωκεν αυτην τη 29 μπτρι άυτης. και ακουσαντες οι μαθηται αυτου, ηλθον, και πραν το πτωμα αυτου: και εθηκαν αυτο εν τω μνη-METO.

30 Και συναγονται δι αποστολοι προς τον Ιπσουν, και απης ειλαν αυτώ παντα, και έσα εποιήσαν, και όσα εδιδα ξαν.

rod, as well as of all the company, that the king thus addrest bimself to the young lady, " ask of me whatever " you please, and it shall " be granted." nay, be ra-23 tified bis promise with an oath, " I will give you what-" ever you require, said be. " tho' it be even the half of " my kingdom." then she 24 withdrew, and said to her mother, what shall I ask? the head of John the Baptist, said she, upon which she in-25 stantly fled to the king, and said, I defire to bave John the Baptist's head brought hither immediately in a charger, at this the king was exceeding- 26 ly concern'd; however, in regard to bis oath, and to those who were at table with him, he would not refuse her: but immediately dispatch'd27 the proper officer with orders to bring the head of John the Baptist. accordingly be went, 28 and beheaded bim in the prison, and bringing the head in a charger, be presented it to the young lady, who gave it to ber mother: of which John's 29 disciples being inform'd, they came to fetch bis corps, which they laid in a sepulchre.

Now the apostles met to-30 gether in a body before Jesus, and gave him a full account, both of what they had done,

and

21 datav. Kai einen autoks SEUTE VILLER AUTOL KAT' ISLAV εις έρημον Τοπου, και αναπατύξοθε ολιγον, ησαν ταρ δι ερχομένοι και οι ύπαγοντές πολλοι, και ουδε φαγειν πυ-32 KAIPOUV- KAI ATTINDOV EICEρημον τοπον, τω πλοιω κατ' 33 ιδίαν και ειδον αυτους ύπα-**ΓΟΥΤΆς ΚΑΙ ΕΠΕΓ**νώσαν αυτους πολλοι, και πεζη απο πασών των πολεων συνεδραμον EKEL, KAI TOOMADON AUTOUS, και συνηλθον προς αυτον. 34και εξελθων ειδεν ο Ιπσους πολυν οχλον, και εσπλαγχνισθη επ' αυτοις, ότι ησαν ώς προβατα μη εχουτα ποιμένα, και πρέατο διδασκειν αυτους πολ. 35λα. και ηδη ώρας πολλης FEVOLENICS TOOGENOONTES QUτω οι μαθηται αυτου, λεγουσιν, ότι ερημος εστιν ότοπος, 36και ηθη ώρα πολλη- απολυσον αυτους, ίνα απελθοντες εις τους κυκλώ αγρους και κωμας, αγορασωσιν ξαυτοις αρ-TOUS, TI TOP PATWOIN OUK E-37 χουσιν. ό δε αποκριθείς, ειπεν αυτοις, δοτε αυτοις ύμεις φαζείν. Και λεγουσίν αυτώ, απελθοντες αγορασωμεν διακοσιων δηναριων αρτους, και δωσωμέν αυτοις 38 martin? o de refer autors ποσους αρτους εχετε? ύπα-TETE KAI IDETE. KAI TYOYTEG, REFOUTED TENTED KAL BUO IX-

and what they had taught. then Jesus said to them, come, 31 let us retire privately to some place of solitude, to repose your selves a while, for such a crowd of people were continually coming and going, that they had not even time to eat. fo they privately fet 32 fail for the defart (of Bethsaida.) but the people saw 33 them embark, and many perceiving where they were bound, they ran thither a foot from all parts: and arrived at the place, before the passengers, were come. fo 34 that when Jesus landed, be found there a numerous assembly: which rais'd his compassion, because they were like so many sheep straggling without a pastor. whereupon be gave them various instructions: but as the day 35 was far advanc'd, bis disciples came to bim, and said, this is a defart place, and it. is now late. difmiss the com- 36 pany, that they may go to the neighbouring farms and villages to buy provisions, for they have nothing to cat. Jesus replied, do you your 37 felves give them something to cat. Shall we go then, faid they, to purchase bread, to the value of two bundred denarii, for them to eat? go fee, faid he, bow many 38 loaves

39 θυας και επετάξεν αυτοις ανακλιναι παντας συμποσια συμποσια επι τω χλωρω 40 XOPTW. KAI AYETTEGOV TOAσιαι πρασιαι ανα έκατον 41 KAL AVA TEVTHKOVTA- KAL λαβων τους πεντε αρτους και τους δυο ιχθυας, αναβλεινας εις τον ουρανους EUNOTHOE, KAI KATEKNAGE τους αρτους, και εδιδου τοις μαθηταις άυτου ίνα παραθωσιν αυτοις, και τους δυο 42 ιχθυας εμερισε πασι-ECATOV TAYTES, KAL EXOPTAG-43 θησαν. και πραν κλασμα-TOU OWSEKA KODIVOUS TAMBEISS 44 και απο των ιχθυων. και ησαν δι φαγοντές τους αρτους πεντακισχιλιοι ανδρες.

45 Και ευθεως πναγκασε τους μαθητας αυτου εμβηναι εις το πλοιον, και προαγείν εις το περαν προς Βηθσαιδαν, έως αυτος απολυση τον οχλον-46 και αποταξαμένος αυτοις, απηλθεν εις το ορος προσευξασθαι.

47 Και οψιας Γενομένης, ην το πλοιον εν μεσώ της θαλασσης, και αυτος μόνος επι της 48 γης και ειδέν αυτους βασανίζους εν τω ελαυνείν, ην γαρ ο ανεμος εναντίος αυτοις και περι τεταρτην φυλακην της

loaves you have: and having examin'd, they told bim, five, and two fishes. then he or 39 der'd the people to fit down in distinct companies upon the green grass. and they sat 40 down in several divisions, some consisting of an bundred, and some of fifty. Jefus AT then having taken the five loaves and the two fishes, look'd up to beaven and gave thanks; then breaking the loaves, be gave them to his disciples to distribute among the people; for whom he likewise divided the two fishes. so that they all eat 42 a sufficient share, though the 42 fragments of bread they took up, with what remain'd of the fishes, amounted to twelve baskets full; the company 44 that were entertain'd being about five thousand men.

Soon after Fesus obliged 45 his disciples to embark for Bethfaida, on the opposite shore, while he was dismissing the people. and when 46 they had taken their leave, be retired to a mountain to pray.

It was now late in the 47 evening, and the bark in full sea, when Jesus, who was ashore all alone, per-48 ceived his disciples had much ado to hear up against the wind, which was contrary;

U about

THE DUKTOS EDXETAL TOOS AU-TOUS, TEPITATON ETI THE $\theta \alpha$ πασσης, και ηθέλε παρέλ-40 θειν αυτους· οι δε ιδοντες αυτον περιπατουντα επι της θαλασσης, εδοξαν φαντασ-TOMA ELVAL, KAL AVEKÇAEAV. HAY TECTAP AUTOV ELOOV, KAL ETA-. .ραχθήσαν και ευθεως ελαλησε μετ' αυτων, και λεγει αυτοις, θαρσείτε, ερω είμι, κι μη φοβεισθε και ανεβη προς AUTOUS EIS TO TROIDYS KALLET κοπασεν ὁ ανεμος, και λιαν εκ περισσου εν έαυτοις εξισταν-52 Το, και εθαυμάζου, ου γαρ **JUNKALY ETIL TOIS APTOIS: TIV Γ**αρ ή καρδία αυτών πεπωρώ-

53 Και διαπερασαντες πλθον επι την Γην Γεννησαρετ, και ς **προσωρμισθησαν**θοντων αυτων εκ του πλοιου, 55 ευθεως επιγνοντες αυτον, περιδραμοντες όλην την περιχωρον εκεινην, πρέαντο επι τοις κραββατοις τους κακως εχοντας περιφερείν, όπου η-56 KOUOP OTI EKEL EGTI. KAL OTTOD αν εισεπορεύετο εις κωμάς, η πολεις, η αγρους, εν ταις αγοραις ετιθουν τους ασθε-VOUVTAG KAI TAPEKALOUV AU-Τον, ίνα κάν του κρασπεδου του ίματιου αυτου άψωνται, και όσοι αν ήπτοντο αυτους εσωζουτο.

Και συναγονται προς αυτον ο Φαρισαιοι, και τινες των Γραμματεων, ελθοντες

about the fourth watch of the night, he came up, and would have pass'd by them. when they saw him walking 49 upon the fea, they thought it was an apparition, for 50 they all faw bim, and were greatly terrified. but at the instant Jesus spoke to them, and said, take courage, it is I, don't be afraid. and as 51 soon as he was got aboard, the wind ceased; which still encreas'd their astonishment and admiration: for they 52 were so stupid, they did not comprehend the miracle of the loaves.

Being got to the other side 53 of the lake, they came to the country of Gennasereth, where they landed. no sooner were 54 they ashore, but the people, who presently perceiv'd it was Jesus, came stocking 55 from all quarters, carrying their sick on their beds to the places where they beard be was: and to whatever 56 cities, towns, or villages be went, they expos'd the fick in the publick streets, entreating him, they might but touch the border of his garment; for as many as did so, were recover'd.

The Pharisees, and cer- stain Scribes from Jerusalem, came in a body to Jesus;

2 απο Ιεροσολυμων. KAL Lδοντες τινας των μαθητων AUTOU KOLVAIC XEOFI, TOUT εστιν ανιπτοις, εσθιοντας αρ-3 Τους, (εμεμψαντο.) όι ταρ Φαρισαιοι και παντες οι Ιουδαιοι, εαν μη πυγμη νιψωνται τας χειρας, ουκ εσθιουσι, κρατουντες την παραδοσιν 4. Των πρεσβυτερων, και απο αγορας, εαν μη βαπτιζωνται, ουκ εσθιουσι. και αλλα πολλα εστιν ά παρελαβον κρατείν, βαπτισμούς ποτη-CIWY, KAI EETTWY KAI XAXς κιων, και κλινων. επειτα επερωτωσιν αυτον ά Φαρισαιοι και οι Γραμματεις, διατι οι μαθηται σου ου περιπατουσι κατα την παραδοσιντων πρεσβυτερων, αλλα ανιπτοις χερσιν εσθιουσι τον 6 αρτου? ὁ δε αποκριθεις, ειπεν αυτοις, ότι καλως προεφητευσεν Ησαιας περι υμων των υποκριτων, ώς Γεγραπται, " ουτος ο λαος τοις " χειλεσι με Τιμα, ή δε καρ-" δια αυτων πορρω απεχει " απ' εμου- ματην δε σε-" βονται με, διδασκοντες " διδασκαλιας, ενταλματα " ανθρωπων." αφεντες γαρ την εντολην του Θεου, κοατειτε την παραδοσιν των ανθρωπων, βαπτισμού ξεστων και ποτηριών, και αλλα παρομοια Τοιαυτα πολλα ποι-EITE.

when observing that some of 2 bis disciples were eating with profane bands, that is, without baving wash'd them, they found fault. for the Pha- 2 risees, and the Jews in general, in pursuance of their antient traditions, never eat till they have wash'd their. bands up to their elbows. nay, when they have been 4 at any publick place, they never eat till they have washed. they observe besides feveral traditions, such as the washing of cups, pots, brass vessels, and beds. the 5 Pharisees, and Scribes therefore ask'd fesus, wby don't your disciples observe the tradition of the antients? why do they take their meals without washing their hands? Jesus answered, to such by- 6 pocrites as you may well be applied those words of the prophet * Esaias, "this peo-" ple honour me with their " lips, but their heart is " far from me, in vain do 🙎 " they worship me, teaching " for doctrines the institu-"tions of men." for laying & aside what is of divine atpointment, you stick to their buman traditions, about the washing of pots, and cups, and many other the like practices.

 $K\alpha \iota$

You

Kai enerey autoig kanws ABETEITE THY EYTONHY TOU Θεου, ίνα την παραδοσιν ύ-10 μων τηρησητε. Μωσης ταρ ειπε, " Τιμα Τον πατερα " σου και την μητερα σου," και, ο κακολογων πατερα η μητερα, θανατώ τελευτατώ. II DUEIC DE NETETE, EAU ELTIN AUθρωπος τω πατρι η τη μητρι κορβάν, ο εστι, δωρον, 12 δεαν εξεμου, ωφεληθης και ουκετι αφιετε αυτον ουδεν ποιπσαι τω πατρι αυτου, η 13 Th untre autous akupountes TOV LOFON TOU GEOU TH TA-. ραδοσει ύμων, ή παρεδωκατε, και παρομοια τοιαυτα πολλα TOISITE.

14 Και προσκαλεσαμενος παντα του σχλον, ελεγεν αυτοις, ακουετε μου παντες, και συ15 νιετε: ουδεν εστιν εξωθεν του ανθρωπου εισπορευομενον εις αυτον, ο δυναται αυτον κοινωσαι, αλλα τα εκπορευομένα απ' αυτου, εκεινα εστι τα κοινουντα τον ανθρωπον.
16 ει τις εχει ωτα ακουειν, ακουτετω.

17 Και ότε εισηλθεν εις οικον απο του οχλου, επηρωτων αυτον όι μαθηται αυτου περι 18 της παραβολης, και λεγει αυτοις, όυτω και ύμεις ασυνετοι εστε ? ου νοειτε ότι παν

You are in the right, said o be, to abolish the laws of God, to make way for such traditions. Moses said, " bo- 10 " nour thy father and thy " mother ;" and, if any one speak contemptibly of bis father, or his mother, let bim be put to death. but 11 your dostrine is this, if any one shall tell bis father or bis mother, that what he could bestow for their relief. is corban, that is, to be given to the temple; you discharge 12 bim from the obligation of doing any thing for his father or bis mother. by fuch tra-13 ditions, and fuch a number of practices, as you have settled, the word of God is Aries of all its authority.

Then Jesus having called 14 all the people to him, said, attend every one of you, and understand. there is nothing 15 from without, that entring into a man can defile him: but that which originally proceeds from the man, is what desiles him, he that hath 16 cars to hear, let him hear.

When he withdrew from 17 the people into the house, his disciples ask'd him the meaning of that maxim. and he 18 said, are you likewise so void of understanding? don't you perceive

το εξωθεν εισπορευομένον εις τον ανθρωπον, ου δυναται 19 αυτον κοινωσαι ? ότι ουκ εισπορευεται αυτου εις την KAPDIAY, AND EIG THY KOINIαν, και εις του αφεδρωνα εκπορευεται, καθαρίζου παυτα 20 τα βρωματα. ελεγε δε ότι το εκ του ανθρωπου εκπορευ-OLEYOY EKELYO KOLYOL TOY AY-21 θρωπον. εσωθεν ταρ εκ της καρδιας των ανθρωπων όι δια-NOTIONOL OF KAKOL EKTOPEUOV ται, μοιχειαι, πορνειαι, φο-22 νοι, κλοπαι, πλεονεξιαι, πονηριαι, δολος, ασελιτια, οφθαλμος πονηρος, βλασφημια, 23 υπερηφανία, αφροσύνη. παντα ταυτα τα πονηρα εσωθεν EKTOPEUSTAIS KAI KOLVOL TOV ανθεωπον.

24 Και εκείθεν αναστας απηλθενεις τα μεθορια Τυρου και Σιδωνος, και εισελθων εις την οικιαν, ουδενα ηθελε γνωναι, και ουκ ηδυνηθη λάθειν. 25 ακουσασα γαρ γυνη περι αυ-Tous his eixe To Buratpion auτης πνευμα ακαθαρτον, ελθουσα προσεπεσε προς τους 26 ποδας αυτους ην δε ή τυνη έλληνις, Συροφοινισσα τω γενει, και πρωτα αυτον ίνα το δαιμονιον εκβαλλη εκ της 27 θυτατρος άυτης. ό δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτη, αφες πρωτου χοστασθηναι τα τεκνα, ου γαρ καλου εστι λαβειν του **Άρτον Των Τεκνών, και βα-**

perceive that what paffes from without into a man cannot defile bim? because that 10 does not enter into bis beart. but into the belly, whence it is discharg'd, the purest part of the food being left for nutrition. but, said be, that 20 which proceeds from a man, is what defiles him: for from 21 within, from the heart of man proceed wicked designs. adulteries, fornications, murders; thefts, avarice, malice, 22 fraud, impudence, envy, scandal, pride, vanity. these vices come from within, and are what defile the man.

Jesus leaving that place, 24 went towards the frontiers of Tyre and Sidon; and entring into a bouse, desired to let nobody know it; but be could not be conceal d. for a 25 woman, whose child was possess'd with an impure spirit, having beard of him, found him out, and throwing berself at his feet, entreated 26 bim to force the demon out of her daughter; now the woman was a Greek, a Syrophenician by nation. Jesus 27 therefore said to her, let the children first he satisfy'd; for it would not be decent to take the children's bread, and throw

28 λειν τοις κυναριοις η δε απεκριθη, και λεγει αυτώ, ναι κυριε, και γαρ τα κυναρια ύποκατω της τραπεζης εσθιει απο των ψιχιων των 29 παιδιων και ειπεν αυτη, δια τουτον τον λογον, ύπαγε, εξεληλυθε το δαιμονιον εκ της 30 θυγατρος σου και απελθουσα εις τον οικον άυτης, έυρε το δαιμονιον εξεληλυθος, και την θυγατερα βεβλημενην επι της κλινης.

31 Και παλιν εξελθων εκ των όριων Τυρου και Σιδωνος, ηλθε προς την θαλασσαν της Γαλιλαίας, ανα μεσον των 32 όριων Δεκαπολέως και φέρουσιν αυτώ κωφον μογιλαλον, και παρακαλουσίν αυτον ίνα επίθη αυτώ την 33 χειρα· και απολαβομενος **Δ**υτον απο του οχλου κατ' ιδιαν, εβαπε τους δακτυπους αυτόυ εις τα ωτα αυτου, και πτυσας ήψατο της Γλωσσης 34 αυτου. και αναβλεψας εις τον ουρανου, εστεναξε, και λεγι αυτώς Εφφαθας ο εστις 35 διανοιχθητι. και ευθεως διπνοιχθησαν αυτου αι ακοαι. και ελυθη ο δεσμος της Γλωσσης αυτους και ελαλει ορ-36 θως. και διεστειλατο αυτοις ίνα μηδενι ειπωσιν όσον δε αυτος αυτοις διεστελλετο. μαλλου περισσοτέρου εκπρυσ-37 σου και ύπερπερισσως εξεπλησσοντο, λετοντές, καthrow it to puppys. She an-28 swer'd, true, Lord, yet puppys eat of the crumbs, which children drop under the table. then said Jesus to her, for this 29 expression, go thy way, the demon has left your daughter. accordingly she went home, 30 where she found that the demon was indeed gone out of her daughter, and she was lying on the bed.

Jesus then quitting the con-31 fines of Tyre and Sidon, and passing to the confines of Decapolis, came back to the sea of Gallilee. and they presented 32 to bim a deaf man, that had an impediment in bis speech, desiring be would lay his bands upon bim. Jesus ta-33 king him aside from the crowd, spit upon bis fingers, and applied them to the cars and to the tongue of the deaf man. then 34 looking up to beaven, with a figh, be faid, Ephphata, that is, he open: and his Ears 35 were instantly opened, bis tongue was loofen'd, and be spoke freely. and Fesus charg'd 36 them not to mention it to any one; but the more he enjoin'd them, the more they publish'd it. for they were 37 transported with admiration, and said, all bis actions are beneficent! be gives bearing

λως παντα πεποιηκές και τους κωφους ποιει ακουείν, και τους αλαλους λαλείν.

Ev ekeivais Tais nuepais παμπολλου οχλου οντος, και μη εχοντων Τι φαγωσι, προσ-KANEGAUEVOS O INGGUS TOUS μαθητας άυτου, λεΓει αυ-2 TOICS ETTATEXVICOUAL ETITOY οχλον, ότι ηδη ήμεραι τρεις, דרססעביסטטו עטו, אמן סטא ב-3 XOUGI TI PATWOI. KAI EAV απολυσω άυτους νηστεις εις οικου άυτων, εκλυθησονται εν τη όδω, τινες ταρ αυτων 4 μακροθεν ήκασι. και απεκριθησαν αυτω ο μαθηται αυτους ποθεν τουτους δυνησεται τις ώδε χορτασαι αρτων 5 επ' ερημιας? και επηρωτα αυ-TOUS, MOTOUS EXETE APTOUS? 6 οι δε ειπον, έπτα· και παρηςτείλε Τω οχλω αναπεσείν επί της της, και παβων τους έπτα αρτους, ευχαριστησας EKNAGE, KAI EDIDOU TOIC HAθηταις άυτου, ίνα παραθωσι, και παρεθηκαν τω οχλω. 7 και ειχου ιχθυδία ολίζα, και Ταυτα ευλογησας, είπε πα-S ςαθειναι και αυτα. εφαγον δε, και εχοςτασθησαν, και πραν περισσευματα κλασμα-9 των έπτα σπυριδας ησαν δε οι φαγοντες, ώς τετρακισχιλιοι: και απελυσεν αυ-

10 Και ευθεως εμβας εις το πλοιον μετα των μαθητων

άυ-

TOUK-

to the deaf, and speech to the dumb.

At that time, as the com- I pany were very numerous, and bad nothing to eat, Jesus called bis disciples, and faid, I am concern'd for 2 this people, they have been with me now three days without baving bad any thing to eat. if I fend them bome ? fasting, they will faint by the way: for some of them are come very far. bis difciples answer'd, bow is it possible here in the desart to furnish bread enough for all this company? he ask'd g them, bow many loaves bave ye? seven, said they. then 6 be order'd the people to fit down on the ground: and taking the seven loaves, be gave thanks, then broke them and gave them to his disciples to distribute among the people, which they accordingly did. and there being 7 a few small fishes, he gave thanks, and order'd them to be distributed. so they all & eat and were satisfied, the broken meat that was left amounting to seven baskets.

now they that had eaten were 9 four thousand: and then be dismissed them.

Soon after be and his dif-10 ciples embark'd, and arrived

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αυτου, πλθεν εις τα μερη
11 Δαλμανουθα- και εξηλθον δι
Φαρισαιοι, και πρξαντο συζητειν αυτώ, ζητουντες παρ'
αυτου σημειον απο του ου12 ρανου, πειραζοντες αυτον και
αναστεναξας τω πνευματι
αυτου, λεγει, τι η γενεα αυτη σημειον επίζητει ? αμην
λεγω ύμιν, ει δοθησεται τη
13 γενεα ταυτή σημειον και αφεις αυτους, εμβας παλιν εις
το πλοιον, απηλθεν εις το
περαν-

14 Και επελαθούτο λαβείν αρτους, και ει μη ένα αρ-Τον ουκ ειχον μεθ' έαυτων εν 15 ΤΟ πλοιω. και διεστελλετο αυτοις, λεγων, ορατε, βλεπετε απο της ζυμης των Φαρισαιων και της ζυμης Ηρω-16δου και διελογίζοντο προς αλληλους, λεγοντες, οτι αρ-I'T TOUS OUK EXOMEY. KAL TYOUS O Ιπσους, λεγει αυτοις, τι δια-TOPICEOUS OTI APTOUS OUK EXE-ΤΕ ? Ουπω νοειτε, ουδε συ**νιετε ? ετι πεπωρωμενην ε**χετε 18 την καρδίαν ύμων ? οφθαλ-HOUS EXOVES OU BRETETE? KAL WTA EXOVTES OUR AROUTE? #9 και ου μνημονευετε ? ότε ΤΟυς πεντε αρτους εκλασα εις TOUS REVTAKIOXINIOUS TOσους κοφινούς πληρείς κλασματων πρατε ? λεγουσιν αυ-20 τω, δωδεκα. ότι δε τους ETTA EIG TOUG TETPAKIOXIλιους, ποσων σπυριδων πληρωματα κλασματων πρατε?

in the district of Dalmanutha. there the Pharisees be-IX ing come, they began to dispute with him, and to try him, desir'd he would work some miracle in the sky. but I2 fesus fetching a deep sigh, said, why does this generation require a sign? I assure you, they shall have none. then leaving them he I3went aboard again, and pass'd to the other side.

Now the disciples had forgot 14 to take bread, and had but onc loaf aboard with them. as he 15 was then directing them diligently to beware of the leaven of the Pharifees, and of the leaven of Herod, they 16 faid to one another, this is because we did not take bread: which Jesus perceiving, said, 17 wby do you trouble your heads about your baving no bread? are you 'yet so void of sense, and understanding? are your minds so blinded? bave you 18 eyes, and yet don't fee? bave you ears, and yet not bear? bave you lost your memory too? when I divided the 19 five loaves among five thoufand people, bow many bafkets full of fragments did you take away? they answer'd, twelve. and when I divi-20 ded the seven loaves among four thousand, how many baskets

21 οι δε ειπον, έπτα. και ελεγεν αυτοις, πως ουπω συνιετε ?

22 Και ερχεται εις Βηθσαιδαν, και φερουσιν αυτω Τυφλον, και παρακαλουσιν αυτον ίνα αυτου άψηται. 23 και επιλαβομένος της χειρος του τυφλου, εξηγαγεν αυτον εξω της κωμής, και πτυσας εις τα ομματα αυτου, επιθεις τας χειρας αυτω, επηρω-24 TA AUTOV SI TI BASTEL KAI αναβλεψας, ελέχε, βλεπω τους ανθρωπους, ότι ώς δεν-25 δρα όνω, περιπατουντας ειτα παλιν επεθηκε τας χειρας επι τους οφθαλμους αυτου, και εποιπσεν αυτον αναβλειναι. και αποκατεσταθη, και ενεβλεψε τηλαυζως άπαντας. 26 KAI ATEGTEINEY AUTOV EIG TOV οικον αυτου, περων, μπόε εις την κωμην εισελθης, μηδε ELTITIS TIVI EV TH KWILTI-

27 Και εξηλθεν ο Ιησους και οι μαθηται αυτου εις τας κωμας Καισαρειας της Φιλιππου. και εν τη οδώ επηρωτα τους μαθητας αυτου, λεγων αυτοις, τινα με λε-28 γουσιν οι ανθρωποι ειναι ? οι δε απεκριθησαν, Ιωαννην τον Βαπτιστην; και αλλοι, Ηλιαν; αλλοι δε, ένα των 29 προφητων. και αυτος λεγει αυτοις, ύμεις δε τινα με λεγετε ειναι ? Αποκριθεις δε ο Ιιετρος, λεγει αυτώ, συ ει ο Χριστος:

kets full of fragments did you carry away? they answered, seven. don't you yet, said be, 21 comprehend my meaning?

Afterwards Jesus went to 22 Bethsaida, where they presented to him a blind man. whom they entreated Jesus to touch. then taking the blind 23 man by the hand, he led him. out of town, when applying bis spittle to the man's eyes, and laying bis bands upon bim, be ask'd if he saw any thing. so looking up, he said, 24 I see men ; for by their walking I distinguish them from trees. then he put his hands 25 upon bis eyes, and made bim look again. and bis fight was so well recovered, be could see distinctly. so he sent 26 bim bome, with a charge not to go into the town, nor mention it to any body belonging to that place.

From thence Jesus went 27 attended with his disciples to the villages of Cesarea Philippi. and ask'd them by the way, who do they say I am? they answer-28 ed, some say you are John the Baptist; others, E-lias; and others, one of the prophets. but who, said 29 he, do you take me to be? Peter answered, you

30 Χριστος ε και επετιμπσεν αυτοις ίνα μπόενι λεγωσι περι αυτου

g τ Και πρέατο διδασκειν αυτους, ότι δει τον ύιον του ανθρωπου πολλα παθείν, και αποδοκιμασθηναι απο των πρεσβυτερων, και αρχιερεων, και Γραμματεών, και αποκτανθήναι, και μετα τρεις ή-32 MEPAG AVAGTHVAL. KAL TADρησια τον λογον ελαλει, και προσλαβομένος αυτον ο Πετρος, πρέατο επιτιμάν αυτω. 330 δε επιστραφείς, και ιδων τους μαθητας άυτου, επετιμησε τω Πετρω, λειων, υπαιε οπισω μου, σατανα, **ότι** ου φρονεις τα του Θεου, αλλα τα των ανθρωπων.

34 Και προσκαλεσαμένος τον οχλον συν Τοις μαθηταις άυ-**TOUS** EITEN AUTOICS OFTIC $\theta \in$ λει οπισω μου ελθειν, απαρνησασθω έαυτον, και αρατω Τον σταυρον άυτους και α-35 κολουθειτω μοι- ός γαρ αν θελη την ψυχην άυτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτην ; ός δαν απολεση την ψυχην άυ-TOU EVEKEY EMOU KAL TOU EUAT-36 FERLOUS GWEEL QUTTY TI TOP ωφελησει ανθρωπον, εαν κερδηση Τον κοσμον όλον, και ζημιώθη την ψυχην αυτου? 37 η Τι δωσει ανθρωπος ανταλ**λεγμα της ψυχης άυτου?** 38 ος γαρ αν επαισχυνθη με και TOUR EMOUT DOFOUR EN TH FENEA

TAUTH

are the Messiah: upon which 33 he gave them a severe charge, not to say that of him to any man.

At length he began to in-31 form them, that the fon of man should suffer many indignities, be rejected by the chief priests, Scribes, and senators, be even put to death, and after three days should rife again. and this be said in 32 such an undisquised manner, that Peter took bim afide, and pretented to reprimand bim. but Jesus return'd, and 22 looking upon bis disciples, be gave Peter this rebuke, be gone, thou adversary, your views are all worldly, regardless of what is divine.

Then addressing bimself to 24 the people, and his disciples, be said, be that desires to be under my conduct, let bim renounce bimself, and sollow me, for be that would fave 25 his life, shall lose it; and he that would lose his life out of love to me and the gospel, be shall save it. what advan-26 tage is it for a man to gain the whole world with the loss of his life? cr what 37 would not a man bestow to preserve bimself? wboso-38 ever therefore shall be a-Sham'd of me, and of my dostrine in this degenerate and corrupted age, of bim likewi/e

ταυτή τη μοιχαλιδί και άμαρτωλώ, και ό ύιος του ανθρωπου επαισχυνθησεται αυτον, όταν ελθή εν τή δοξή του πατρος άυτου μετα των απελων των απων.

Και ελεγεν αυτοις, αμπν λεγω ύμιν, ότι εισι τινες των ωδε έστηκοτων, όιτινες ου μη γευσωνται θανατου, έως αν ιδωσι την βασιλειαν του Θεου εληλυθυιαν εν δυναμει-

Και μεθ' ήμερας έξ παραλαμβανει ο Ιπσους τον Πετρου, και τον Ιακωβον, και τον Ιωαννην, και αναφερει αυτους εις ορος ύψηλον κατ ισίαν μονους ; και μετεμορφώ-3 θη εμπροσθεν αυτών και τα LUATIA AUTOU EFEVOYTO OTIXβούτα, λευκά λιαν ώς χιών, δια γναφευς επι της γης ου 4 δυναται λευκαναι. και ωφθη αυτοις Ηλιας συν Μωσει, και πσαν συλλαλουντές τω Ιπς σου· και αποκριθεις ο I Iε-Τρος, λεγει τω Ιπσου, ραββι, καλον εστιν ήμας ώδε ειναι: και ποιησωμέν σκηνάς τρειζ, σοι μιαν, και Μωσει μιαν, και Ηλια μιαν· ου ταρ ηδει τι λαλησει, ησαν γαρ εκφοβοι. 7 και εγένετο νεφέλη επισκιάζουσα αυτοις και πλθε φωνη εκ της νεφέλης, λεγουσα, " ουτος εστιν ο ύιας μου ο " αξαπητος, αυτόυ ακουε-" τε" και εξαπινα περιβλεψαμενοι, ουκετι ουδενα ειδον. αλλα τον Ιπσουν μονον μεθ

EQUTWY.

likewise shall the son of man be asham'd, when he shall come with the glory of his father, accompanied with holy angels.

I declare unto you, said in the, that some of you here present shall not die, till they see the kingdom of the Messiah usher'd in with power.

Six days after Jesus took & Peter, James and John, and accompanied them up a bigh mountain in private; and was transfigured in their presence. bis raiment was of 3 an exceeding bright whiteness, like that of snow, and such as no fuller upon earth could imitate. Moses and 4. Elias likewise appear'd, and were in conference with Jesus. then Peter thus ad- 5 dress'd bimself to Jesus, master, it is proper for us to be here: let us make therefore three tabernacles, one for you, one for Moses, and one for Elias. for be knew not 6 what be said, they were all so frightned. then a cloud furrounded them, and a voice from the cloud, said, " this is my " beloved son, hear bim."? and instantly looking round \$ about, they did not see any other person but Jesus with

9 εαυτων καταβαινοντων δε αυτων απο του ορους, διεστειλατο αυτοις ίνα μπδενι διηποωνται ά ειδον, ει μπ όταν ο ύιος του ανθρωπου εκ
10 νεκρων αναστη: και τον λογον εκρατπσαν προς έαυτους, συζητουντες "τι εστι το, εκ νεκρων αναστηναι"

11 Και επηρωτων αυτον, λεγοντες, ότι λεγουσιν όι Γραμματεις, ότι Ηλιαν δει ελθειν
12 πρωτον ? ό δε αποκριθεις, ειπεν αυτοις, Ηλιας μεν ελθων πρωτον, αποκαθιστα
παντα, και πως γεγραπται
επι τον ύιον του ανθρωπου,
ίνα πολλα παθη, και εξου13 δενωθη αλλα λεγω ύμιν,
ότι και Ηλιας ελπλυθε, και
εποίπσαν αυτώ όσα ηθελησαν, καθως γεγραπται επ
αυτον-

14 Και ελθων προς τους μαθητας, ειδεν οχλον πολυν περι αυτους, και Γραμματεις 15 ουζητουντας αυτοις. ευθεως πας ο οχλος ιδών αυτον εξεθαμβηθη, και προστρεχοντές ησπαζοντο αυτον. 16 και επηρωτησε τους Γραμ-MATEIC, TI OULTTEITE TOOK 17 αυτους? και αποκριθεις είς εκ του οχλου, ειπε, διδασκαλες πνεςκα Τον ύιον μου προς σε, εχοντα πνευμα αλαλον. 18 και όπου αν αυτον καταλαβη, ρησσει αυτον, και αφρι-LELD

them. as they were going 9 down the mountain, he order'd them not to tell any body what they had feen, till the fon of man was raised from the dead: an expression 10 which they dwelt upon, asking one another the meaning of "till he was raised from the dead."

At length they flarted this II question, why do the Scribes fay, that Elias must first come? it is true, said he, 12 that Elias must come beforeband to establish every thing, and that it was predicted of him, as well as of the son of man, that he should suffer very much, and he treated with contempt. but I tell 13 you, that Elias is already come, as it was sorted; and they have treated him at their discretion.

When he was come to the 14 other disciples, he found a great crowd about them, and the Pharisees disputing with them. as soon as they saw 15 him, they were over-joyed, and ran to salute him. then 16 he ask'd the Scribes, what were you debating with them? and one of the crowd 17 answer'd, master, I have brought to you my son, who is possessed with a dumb spirit, which no sooner comes 18 on him, but it throws him down;

LEL KAL TOLCEL TOUS OFOUTAS autous kai Empainetai: kai ειπον τοις μαθηταις σου ίνα αυτο εκβαλωσι, και ουκ ισ-19 χυσαν. ό δε αποκριθεις αυ-TWO REFEIS W TEVER ATTIOTOG. έως ποτε προς ύμας εσομαι? έως ποτε ανεξομαι ύμων? CO DEPETE AUTOV TOOS ME. KAL πυετκαν αυτον προς αυτον και ιδων αυτον, ευθεως το πνευμα εσπαράξεν αυτον, KAL TEOWY ETT THE THE EKU-21 λιετο αφρίζων- και επηρωτησε τον πατερα αυτους ποσος χρονος εστιν, ώς του-TO FEFOVEY AUTW? O DE ELTES 22 παιδιοθέν και πολλακις αυ-Τον και εις πυρ εβαλε και εις υδατα, ίνα απολεση αυτον ; αλλ' ειτι δυνασαι, βοηθησον ήμιν, σπλαγχνισθεις εφ' ή-23 μας. ὁ δε Ιπσους ειπεν αυτω, το, ει δυνασαι πιστευσαι, παντα δυνατα τω 24 πιστευοντι και ευθεως κραξαι ο πατηρ του παιδίου, μετα δακρυων ΈλεΓε, πιστευω Κυριες βοηθει μου τη απισ-25 Τια ιδων δε ο Ιπσους ότι ETTIOUTTEENEL ONLOGS ETTETIANT σε τω πνευματι τω ακαθαρ-Τω, λεγων αυτώ, το πνευμα Το αλαλον και κωφον, ε[ω σοι επιτασσω, εξελθε εξ αυ-Του, και μπκετι εισελθης εις 26 αυτον. και κραξαν, και πολλα σπαραξαν αυτον, εξηλθε, και εγένετο ώσει νέκρος, ώστε πολλους λεγείν ότι απεθανέν-

down : then the child foams, gnashes his teeth, and grows meager. then said Tesus; in 19 credulous people, bow long (ball I be with you? must I be always affifting you? bring bim before me. so be was 20 brought to bim, and as foon as be saw bim, the spirit threw him into convulfions. and be fell upon the ground, where he wallowed foaming. fesus then asked the father, 21 bow long is it since this befel him? from his infancy. faid the father. it has fre-22 quently thrown him into the fire, and into the water, to the bazard of his life; if therefore you can do any thing, have compassion on us, and belp us. Jesus said 23 to bim, provided you can believe, there is nothing but what may be effected for those that believe. imme-24 diately the child's father cryed out with tears, I do believe, oh supply the defect of my faith. Jesus observing 25 the people came crowding to bim, rebuked the evil fpirit, saying, thou dumb and deaf spirit come out of the child, never to enter more, it is I command it. and 26 the spirit came out of him, baving made bim roar, and thrown him into such agonies, that he became like one that

27 ο δε Ιπσους κρατησας άυτον της χειρος, ηγειρεν αυτον, και 28 ανεστη. και εισελθοντα αυτον είς οικον, οι μαθηται αυτου επηρωτων αυτον κατ ιδιαν, ότι ήμεις ουκ πουνηθη-29 μεν εκβαλειν αυτο? και είπεν αυτοις, τουτο το γενος εν ουδενι δυναται εξελθειν, ει μη εν προσευχή και νηστεία.

30 Και εκειθεν εξελθοντες παρεπορευοντο δια της Γαλιλαιας: και ουκ ηθελεν ίνα τις
31 γω. εδιδασκε γαρ τους μαθητας άυτου, και ελεγεν αυτοις, " ότι ό ύιος του αν" θρωπου παραδιδοται εις
" χειρας ανθρωπων, και α" ποκτενουσιν αυτον, και
" αποκτανθεις, τη τριτη ή32 " μερα αναστησεται." ά
δε ηγοουν το ρημα, και εφοβουντο αυτον επερωτησαι.

33 Και πλθεν εις Καπερναουμ, και εν τη οικια Γενομενος, επηρωτα αυτους, τι εν τη οδώ προς εαυτους διελογι34 ζεσθε ? οι δε εσιωπων, προς αλληλους γαρ διελεχθησαν εν 35 τη όδω, τις μειζων και καθισας εφωνησε τους δωδεκα, και λεγει αυτοις, ειτις θελει πρωτος ειναι, εσται παντων εσχατος, και παν36 των διακονος και λαβων παιδίον, εστησεν αυτο εν μεσώ αυτων: και εναγκαλι-

σαμένος

that was dead, and many were of opinion be actually was so. but Jesus taking him 27 by the hand, raised him up, and he was perfectly recovered. now when Jesus was re-28 tired to his own house, his disciples asked him in private, why could not we cast this spirit out? Jesus answered, 29 such a miracle is not effected but by prayer and sasting.

Having left that place, they 30 went a private way through Galilee: for he was willing to be conceald. in the mean 31 time he gave his disciples this intimation, "the son of man is going to be delivered up into the hands of men, who will put him to death, and three days after he is put to

" death he shall rise again." but they did not comprehend 32 the meaning, and were ashamed to ask him about it.

At length, he arrived at 33 Capernaum, where being in his own house, he asked his disciples, what were you disputing about by the way? at which they were silent, 34 for upon the road they had disputed about precedency, then sitting down, he ad-35 dress'd himself to the twelve, saying, he that would be the sirst, must be the last of all, and the servant of all, then 36 taking a little child, he set him

σαμενος αυτο, ειπεν αυτοις, 37 ος εαν έν των τοιουτων παιδιων δεξηται επι τω ονοματι μου, εμε δεχεται εκαι ος εαν εμε δεξηται, ουκ εμε δεχεται, αλλα τον αποστειλαντα με·

38 Απεκριθη δε αυτω δ Ιωαννης, λειων, διδασκαλε, ειδο-HEY TIVA TW OVOHATI GOV EKβαλλοντα δαιμονία, ός ουκ ακολουθει ήμιν, και εκωλυσαμεν αυτον, ότι ουκ ακολου-39 θει ήμιν. ο δε Ιπσους ειπε. μη κωλυετε αυτον: ουδεις τας εστιν ός ποιπσει δυναμιν επι τω ονοματι μου, και δυνησεται ταχυ κακολοιπσαι 40 ME. OS FAP OUK EOT! KAO' U-41 μων, ύπερ ύμων εστιν. ός τας αν ποτιση ύμας ποτηριον υδατος εν τω ονοματι μου, OTI XPIGTOU EGTE, QUENV NEτω ύμιν, ου μη απολεση τον 42 μισθου αυτου· και ός αν σκανδαλιση ένα των μικρων TWY THOTEUOUTWY ELS ENES KAλου εστιν αυτω μαλλονς ει περικειται λίθος μυλικός περι Τον Τραχηλον αυτου, και βεβληται εις την θαλασσαν. 43 και εαν σκανδαλιζη σε ή χειρ σου, αποκοψον αυτην, καλον σοι εστι κυλλον εις την ζωην εισελθείν η τας δυο χειρας εχοντα απελθειν EIC THY TEEYVAY, EIC TO TUP 44 το ασβεστον: οπου ό σκωληξ

bim down before them; and embracing him in his arms, he faid to them, whoever 37 receives such a child as this upon my account, receives me; and he that receiveth me, does not so properly receive me, as the commands of him that sent me.

Upon this occasion John 28 address'd bimself to Jesus, saying, master, we saw a man casting out demons in your name, tho' be did not belong to us, for which reafon we opposed bim. but Je-20 fus said, do not oppose bim: for no man can speak evil of me, at the same time he works a miracle by virtue of my name. such a one is not a- 40 gainst us, but for us. and 41 whoever he be that shall give you a cup of water, as being the disciples of Christ, I asfure you, be shall not lose his reward. but if any one shall 42 cause the meanest of those, who believe in me, to transgress, it bad been better for bim that a milstone were hanged about bis neck, and he were thrown into the sea. if even thy band should make 43 thee transgress, saw it off, and cast it away, it is better for thee to enter into life maimed, than to have both bands and go into Gebenna, the unextinguishable fire: where 44 tbeir

ANE AUTWO OU TEASUTAS KAL 45 το πυρ ου σβεννυται. και εαν ο πους σου σκανδαλιζη σε, αποκοψον αυτού, καλον εστι σοι εισελθειν εις την ζωην χωλον, η τους δυο ποδας εχοντα βληθηναι εις την τεενναν, εις το πυρ το ασβεά-46 του: όπου ό σκωληξ αυ-TWY OU TENEUTA, KAI TO TUP 47 ου σβεννυται και εαν δ οφθαλμος σου σκανδαλίζη σε, εκβαλε αυτον; καλον σοι εστι μονοφθαλμον εισελ-BELD EIG THU BAGINELAU TOU · Θεου, η δυο οφθαλμους εχοντα βληθηναι εις την Γεενναν 48 του πυρος: όπου ό σκωληξ AUTWO OU TENEUTA, KAI TO 49 πυρου σβεννυται. πας ταρ πυει άλισθησεται, και πασα 50 θυσια άλι άλισθησεται. καλον το άλας, εαν δε το άλας αναλον Γενηταις Εν τινι αυτο APTUGETE? EXETE EN ÉAUTOIS άλας, και ειρηνευετε εν αλ-λπλοις•

1 Κακειθεν αναστας ερχεται εις τα όρια της Ιουδαιας, δια του περαν του Ιορδανου: και συμπορευονται παλιν οχλοι προς αυτον, και ώς ειωθει, 2 παλιν εδιδασκεν αυτους και προσελθοντες όι Φαρισαιοι, επηρωτησαν αυτον, ει εξεστιν ανδρι γυναικα απολυσαι, 3 πειραζοντες αυτον ό δε αποκριθεις, ειπεν αυτοις, τι ύμιν ενετειλατο Μωσης ?

their worm does not die, and the fire is not extinguished. and if thy foot make thee 45 transgress, saw it off, it is better for you to enter into life, the lame, than to have both feet, and be thrown into Gebenna, the unextinguishable fire: where their worm 16 does not die, and the fire is not extinguished. and if your 47 eye make you transgress, pull it out; it is better for you to enter into the kingdom of God, with but one eye, than to bave two, and be thrown into the Gebenna of fire: where the worm does not die. 48 and the fire is not extinguished. such a one shall be con-49 sumed by fire, but the offering that is salted shall be preserv'd from corruption. falt 50 is good, but if the salt become insipid, bow shall it recover its savour? don't lose your seasoning, nor your peaceable behaviour to one another.

Jesus departed from thence, and went towards the consines of Judea, thro' the country beyond Jordan: where the people resorting to him again, he renewed his instructions to them as usual, then the Phazises came and propos'd to him this insnaring question, is it lawful for a man to repudiate his wife? to which he answered, what direction did

Mojes

4 οι δε ειπον, Μωσης επετρεψε βιβλιον αποστασιου γρα5 ψαι, και απολυσαι και
αποκριθεις ο Ιπσους, ειπεν
αυτοις, προς την σκληροκαρδιαν ύμων εγραψεν ύμιν

6 την εντολην ταυτην· απο δε αρχης κτισεως, αρσεν και θηλυ εποιησεν αυτους ο Θεος·

7 " ενεκεν τουτου καταλειψει " ανθρωπος τον πατερα άυ" του και την μητερα, και " ποοσκολληθησεται ποος

προσκολληθησεταί προς
 την Γυναικα άυτου και
 εσονται οι δυο εις σαρκα
 μιαν, ώστε ουκετι εισι δυο,

9 αλλα μια σαρξ. ὁ ουν ὁ Θεος συνεζευξεν, ανθρωπος μπ χωριζετω.

Και εν τη οικιά παλιν όι μαθηται αυτου περι του αυτου επηρωτησάν αυτον και λεγει αυτοις, ός εάν απολυ-

ση την Γυναικα αυτου, και Γαμηση αλλην, μοιχαται

12 επ΄ αυτην: και εαν τυνη απολυσή του ανδρα άυτης, και ταμηθή αλλώ, μοιχαται

13 Και προσεφερον αυτώ παιδια, ίνα άψηται αυτών ι
δι δε μαθηται επετιμών τοις
14 προσφερουσιν ιδών δε δ
1ησους ηγανακτησε, και ειπεν αυτοις, αφετε τα παιδια ερχεσθαι προς με, και
μη κωλυετε αυτα: των γαρ
Τοιουτών εστιν ή βασιλεια
15 του Θεου αμην λεγώ ύμιν, δς εαν μη δεξηται την

βα-

Moses give you? Moses, 4 said they, allowed a bill of divorce, and so to dismiss ber. but Jesus answered them, 5 it was out of regard to your untrastable temper, that Moses gave you this permission. for in the beginning of the 6. world God formed them male and female. "wherefore, 7 " leave bis father and mo-" ther, and cleave to bis " wife, and they two shall " be one flesh?" consequent- 8 ly they are no longer two, but one person, let no man there- q fore separate what God has designed to be one.

When they were in the 10 house, the disciples asked him again concerning this matter, and he said to them, who - 11 ever repudiates his wife and marries another, commits adultery against her: and if 12 a woman quits her husband and is married to another, she committeth adultery.

Then they brought young 13 children to him, that he might lay his hands upon them: but his disciples rebuked those that presented them. which fe-14 sus observing was much displeas'd with them, and said, suffer little children to come unto me, do not hinder them: for of such is the kingdom of God. I declare unto you, he 15

βασιλειαν του Θεου ως παιδιον, ου μη εισελθη εις αυ-16 την. και εναγκαλισαμενος αυτα, τιθεις τας χειρας επ' αυτα, ευλογει αυτα-

17 Και εκπορευομένου αυτου εις όδου, προσδραμων έις, και **ΓΟνυπετησας αυτον, επηςω**τα αυτον, διδασκαλε αςαθε, τι ποιησω ίνα ζωην αιωνιον 18 κληρονομησω? ο δε Ιπσους ELTEY AUTION TI HE RETELL AT γαθου? ουδεις αγαθος, ει μπ 19 εις, ο Θεος τας εντολας οιδας, " μη μοιχευσης, μη **«** φουευσης, μη κλεψης, μη ψευδομαρτυς πσης, μη α-**«ποστερησης, τιμα τ**ον « πατερα σου και την μη-20 " Τερα." ο δε αποκριθεις. ειπεν αυτω, διδασκαλέ, ταυτα παντα εφυλαξαμήν εκ 21 νεστητος μου ό δε Ιπσους εμβλεψας αυτώ, ηγαπησεν αυτον, και ειπεν αυτω, έν σοι ύστερει, ύπαςε, όσα εχεις πωλησον, και δος τοις πτωχοις, και εξεις θησαυρου εν ουρανω: και δευςο, ακολουθει μοι, αρας τον σταυ-22 ρον ο δε στυγνάσας επι τω λοιω, απηλθε λυπουμενος, ην γαρ εχων κτηματά πολλά. 23 και περιβλεψαμεύος ο Ιπσους, κιτει τοις μαθηταις άυτου, πως δυσκολως οι τα χρηματα εχοντες εις την βασιλειαν TừU

that shall pretend to be admitted into the kingdom of God, and has not the temper of a little child, shall not enter therein. then he embraced 16 them, and laying his hand upon them, he gave them his blessing. When he was set out up-17

on his journey, there met him one who kneeling down before him, said, good master, what must I do to inherit eternal life? Jesus said to 18 bim, why do you call me good? there is but one, who is good, that is God. you 19 know the commandments, " do not commit adultery, " do not kill, do not steal, " do not bear false witness, " defraud not, bonour your " father, and mother." to 20 which be answered, master, faid be, all these precepts bave I observed from my south. then Jesus looking 21 upon bim with a savourable eye, faid, there is one thing still to be done; go, sell all your estate, and give it to the poor, and you shall bave treasure in beaven; then come, take up the cross, and follow me. but he was 22 troubled at this answer, and went away very forrowful, for he had a great estate.

then Jesus looking round a-23 bout, faid to bis disciples, bow difficult

24 TOU GEOU EIGENEUGOVTAI. OI δε μαθηται εθαμβουντο επι TOIS DOTOIS AUTOU. O DE Inσους παλιν αποκριθεις, λεγει αυτοις, τεκνά, πως δυσκολον εστι τους πεποιθοτας επι τοις χρημασιν, εις την βασιλείαν του Θεου είσελ-25 BELV ? EUKOTEUTECOV EGTI KAμηλου δια της τευμαλιας της έσφιδος εισελθείν, η πλουσιον εις την βασιλειαν του Θεου 26 εισελθειν. οι δε περισσως εξεπλησσούτο, λεγούτες προς έαυτους, και τις δυναται 27 ownvai? EUBREWAS DE AUτοις ο Ιπσους, λέγει, παρα ανθεωποις αδυνατον, αλλ' ου παρα τω Θεω: παντα γαρ δυνατα εστι παρα τω Θεω.

28 Και πρέατο ό Πετρος λεγειν αυτών ιδουν ήμεις αφηκαμέν παντα, και ηκολου-29 θησαμεν σοι αποκριθεις δε ο Ιπσους, είπεν, αμην λεγώ ύμινη ουδείς εστιν ός αφηκέν σικιαν» η αδελφους» η αδελφαί, η πατέρα, η μητέρα, η τυναικά, η τέκνα, η ατρους, EVIKEY EURY KAL TOU EURTENIOUS 30 εαν μη γαβη εκατονταπλασιούα νυν εν Τφ καιρώ Τουτως οικίας, και αδελφους: και αδελφας, και μητερας, και τεκνα, και άγρους, μετα διωτμων, και εν τω αιωνι τω ερχομένω ζωήν αιωνίον. 31 πολλοι δε εσοντάι πρωτοι,

difficult a thing is it for those who have riches to enter into the gospel kingdom! at this 24. expression the disciples were much surpriz'd. but Jesus reassum'd the discourse, and said, bow difficult a thing is it for those, who place their trust in riches, to enter into the divine kingdom? it is 25 easier for a cable to pass thro the eye of a needle, than for fuch a rich man to enter into the divine kingdom. at this 26 they were more amazed than before, and said to one another, how then can such a man be saved? but Jesus 27 casting his eye upon them, said, what is impossible to men, is not so to God; for to God all Ibings are possible.

Then Peter thus address d 28 himself to Jesus, you see we have left every thing to follow you. Jesus answered 29 bim, I declare unto you, there is not a man who has for saken his house, or brethren, or fisters, or father, or mother. or wife, or children, or lands. out of love to me and to the gospel, but shall receive at 30 present in this age, what will be a bundred times better to bim, than bouses, and bretbren, and fisters, and mothers, and children, and lands, the' with persecution: and in the age to come eternal life.but 3 \$

Ya they

εσχατοι» και όι εσχατοι πρωτοι-

22 Ησαν δε εν τη όδω αναβαινοντες εις Ιεροσολυμα, και ην προαγων αυτους ο Ιπσους, και εθαμβουντο, και ακολουθουντες εφοβουντο και παραλαβων παλιν τους δωδεκα, πρέατο αυτοις λετείν τα μέλ-22λοντα αυτώ συμβαινειν. ότι ιδους αναβαινομέν εις Ιέροσολυμα, και ο ύιος του ανθοωπου παραδοθησεται τοις αρχιερευσι, και τοις Γραμμα-TEUGI, KAI KATAKPIVOUGIV AUτον θανατω, και παραδω-'24σουσιν αυτον τοις εθνεσι. και εμπαιξουσιν αυτώ, και μασ-Τιζωσουσιν αυτον, και εμπτυσουσιν αυτώ, και απο-KTEVOUGIV AUTOV: KAI TH τριτη ήμερα αναστησεται.

Και προσπορευονται αυτω Ιακωβος και Ιωαννης, δι ύιοι Ζεβεδαιου, λεγοντες, διδασκαλε, θελομεν ίνα ο εαν 36αιτησωμένο ποιησης ήμινο δ SE ELTEV AUTOICS TI BENETS 37ποιησαι με ύμιν? οι δε ειπον αυτω, δος ήμιν ίνα εις εκ δεξιων σου και έις εξ ευωνυμων σου καθισωμέν εν τη 38δοξη σου. ό δε Ιησους ειπεν AUTOIC, OUK OIDATE TI AITEIOθε. δυνασθε πιειν το ποτηριον ο. εςω πινω, και το βαπτισμα δ εγω βαπτιζομαι, 39βαπτισθηναι? οι δε ειπον αυτω, δυναμεθα. ὁ δε Ιησους

they that are first shall be last, and the last shall be first.

When they were on the 22 road to Jerusalem, Jesus led the way, and they followed behind full of apprebension and fear. then Fefus calling the twelve apostles to bim again, acquainted them with what should befal bim. now, faid be, we are 23 going to Jerusalem, where the son of man will be delivered up to the chief priests, and to the Scribes, who will condemn bim to die, and deliver bim to the Gentiles. they will 34 treat him with ignoming, subjest bim to the lash, spit upon bim, and at last put him to death. but on the third day he will rife again.

Then James and John, the 25 fons of Zebedee, came to bim, and said, we defire you would grant us what we request. what, said be, would you 36 bave me do for you? they 37 replied, when you are in your glory, grant that we may fit, the one on your right hand, and the other on your left. but Jesus said to 38 them, you know not what you ask. can you drink the cup, that I must drink, and be baptized with the baptism with which I must be baptized? and they faid, we can but 39

LAEV

ELTEV QUTOKS TO HEV TOTANOV ό εγω πινω, πιεσθε, και το Βάπτισμα ο εςω βαπτιζομαι, 403 απτισθησεσθε: Το δε καθισαι εκ δεξιων μου, και εξ ευονυμών μου, συκ εστιν εμον δουναι, αλλ δις πτοιμασται-41 και ακουσαντες οι δεκα, πρξαντο ατανακτειν περι Ια-42 κωβου και Ιωαννου. ο δε Ι-TOOK TOOKANEGAHEVOS AU-TOUS REFEL AUTOIS OIDATE ύτι οι δοκουντες αρχείν των εθνων, κατακυριευουσιν αυ-TWY KAI OF HETAROL AUTWYS κατεξουσιαζουσιναυτων ουχ 43 ουτω δε εσται εν ύμινο αλλ' ός εαν θελη Γενεσθαι μεγας εν ύμιν, εσται διακονος 44 ύμων: και ός αν θελη ύμων γενεσθαι πρωτος, εσται παν-45 των δουλος και ταρ ο ύιος του ανθρωπου ουκ πλθε διακονηθηναι, αλλα διακονησαι, και δουναι Την ψυχην άυτου λυ Γρον αντι πολ- $\lambda \omega \nu$

46 Και ερχονται εις Γεριχω, και εκπορευομενου αυτου απο Γεριχω, και των μαθητων αυτου, και οχλου ίκανου, υιος Τιμαιου Βαρτιμαιος ό τυφλος εκαθητο παρα την όδον 47 προσαιτων και ακουσας ότι Γισους ό Ναζωραιος εστιν, ηρξατο κραζειν, και λεγειν, ό υιος Δαβιό Ιησου, ελεησον

Jesus replied, you shall in-deed drink of the cup, that I must drink of, and he hap-tized with the haptism, with which I must be bactized: but to fit on my right hand, 40 or on my left, is not in my power to grant, except to those for whom it was defigned. but the other ten, when they 41 beard this, were fill d with indignation against James and John. So that Jesus 42 called them to him, and said, you know that the rulers of the Gentiles domineer over them, and their great ones treat them in an imperious manner; but it shall not be 43 fo among young you: on the contrary, whoever would be great among you, be must be your servant; and whoever 44 would be the chief, he must be the slave of all the rest. for 45 the son of man himself is not come to receive the fervices of men, but to do them service, and to lay down bis life a ransom for many.

At length they came to Je-46 richo, and as he was leaving Jericho, accompanied by his disciples, and a great number of people, a blind man called Bartimeus sat begging in the high-way. when he heard 47 that it was Jesus of Nazareth, he cried out, and said, Jesus, son of David, have pity

48 HE. KELL EXET HAD AUTO TOXλοι ίνα σιωπηση, ο δε πολλω μαλλον εκραίζενο ύτε <math>Δα-49 βιδ, ελεπσον με και στας ο Ιπσους, ειπεν αυτον σωνηθηναι: και φωνούσι τον τυφλον, λεγοντες αυτώ, θαρ-50 $\sigma \epsilon i$, etelpe, $\phi \omega \nu \epsilon i$ $\sigma \epsilon i$ $\delta \epsilon$ αποβαλων το ίματιον άυτου, αναστας πλθε ποος Τον Ιπσουν. 51 και αποκριθεις, λεγει αυτώ ο Ιπσους, Τι θελεις ποιπσω σοι? ό δε τυφλος ειπεν αυτω. 52 ραββουνι, ίνα αναβλεψω. ο δε Ιπσους ειπεν αυτω, ύπαςε, TI TIOTIS GOU GEGWKE GE KAL ευθεως ανεβλεινες και πκολουθει τω Ιπσου εν τη όδω.

Kai ote efficouoin eic Ieρουσαλημ, εις Βηθφαγη και Βηθανιαν προς το ορος των ελαιων, αποστελλει δυο των 2 μαθητων άυτου, και λεγει αυτόις, ύπαγετε εις την κωμην την κατεναντι ύμων, και ευθεως εισπορευομένοι εις αυτην, ευρησετε πωλον δεδεμευου, εφ' όν συδεις ανθρωπων KEKAθIKE, λυσαντες αυτον α-3 γαγετε. και εαν τις ύμιν ειπη. TI TOISITE TOUTO ? SITATE, ότι ο κυριος αυτου χρειαν εχει, και ευθεως αυτον αποστελει 4 ώδε απηλθον δε, και έυρον Τον πωλον δεδεμενον προς την θυραν εξω επι του αμφοδου.

pity on me. but many of the 48 company rebuk'd him, in order to silence bin. which he cry'd out with more earnestness, son of David have pity on me. Jesus there-49 fore stood still, and ordered bim to be called; fo they called to the blind man, and faid, take courage, rife, be calls you. upon which he 50 threw off bis loofe coat, and went to Jesus; who there-51 upon spoke to him, and faid, what would you have me do for you? the blind man replied, Lord, I defire to have my sight. and Jesus said to 52 bim, go your way, your faith bas cur'd you, and immediately be bad fight, and followed Jesus in the road.

As they came near to 7 - 1 rusalem, about Bethphage and Bethany, by the mount of Olives, Jesus sent two of bis disciples, and said to them: 2 go to yonder village that faces you, and upon your entrance into it, you will find a colt tied, that never was yet backed; loose bim, and bring bim to me. if any one should 3 ask you, wby you do fo? tell bim, the Lord has occafion for it, and immediately be will fend it bitber. ac- 4 cordingly they went, and finding the colt tied before a door, where two ways met, they

και λυουσιν αυτον. KAL TI-VEC TWY EKEL EGTHKOTWY EXELOY CUTOIC. TI TOISITE AUDVITEC. 6 του πωλου ? οι δε ειπου αυτοις καθως ενετειλατο ο Ιησους, και αφηκάν αυτους. 7 και ητατού του πωλού προς του Ιπσουν, και επεβαλον αυτω τα ίματια άυτων, και S εκαθισεν επ' αυτω· πολλοι δε τα ίματια άυτων εστρωσαν εις την όδους αλλοι δε στοιβαζας εκοπτου εκ των δενδρων, και εστρωννυον εκ 9 την όδου. και οι προατοντες και οι ακολουθουντες εκράζον, λεγοντεί, Ωσαννα, ευλογημένος ο ερχομένος εν ονομάτι ΙΟ Κυριου- ευλογημενη ή ερχομενη βασιλεια του πατρος ήμων Δαβιδ, Ωσαννα εν τοις ύ-WITTOIS.

11 Και εισπλθεν εις Τεροσολυμα ο Ιπσους. και εις το ιερον
και περιβλεψαμενος παντα,
οψιας πόπ ουσης της ώρας,
εξηλθεν εις Βηθανιαν μετάτων
δωδεκα.

12 Και τη επαυριον έξειδον-Των αυτων απο Βηθανιας, ε-13 πεινασε, και ιδων συκην απο μακροθεν, εχουσαν φυλλα, ηλθεν ει αρα έυρησει τι εν αυτη, και ελθων επ' αυτην, ουδεν έυρεν ει μη φυλλα, 14 ου γαρ ην καιρος συκων, και αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτη, "μη-"κετι εκ σου εις τον αιωνα

untied it. upon which some 5 people there said to them, what do you mean by untying the colt? and they answer- 6 ed as Jesus bad directed, so they let them go. then they 7 brought the colt to Jesus, and throwing their garments upon it be mounted thereon, many 8 spread their clothes in the way, others lopt down the branches of trees to strew them in the road. the crowd o that march'd before and bebind crying out, Hosanna, blessed be be that comes in the name of the Lord; bleffed 10 be the kingdom of our father David, which is now come. Hosanna in the highest beavens.

Jesus baving made bis en-II trance into Jerusalem, went into the temple, and after be bad survey'd the whole, it being then late, he departed with the twelve to Bethany.

On the morrow when they 12 bad left Bethany, he was press'd with hunger. and ob-13 serving at a distance a figtree full of leaves, he went up to it to see if he could find any sruit upon it. but when he came to it, he found it had nothing but leaves, (for it was not the season for that sort of sig.) thereupon Jesus 14

" μπδεις καρπον φαγοι." και ηκουον οι μαθηται αυτου.

15 Kai epxovtai eig Ispooodu-. μα, και εισελθων ο Ιπσους εις το ίερον, πρέατο εκβαπλειν ΤΟυς πωλουντας και αγορα-Κοντας εν τω ίερω, και τας Τραπεζαςτων κολλυβιστων και τας καθεδρας των πωλουντων τας περιστερας, 16 KATEOTDEWE- KAI OUK HOLEY ίνα τις διενεγκη σκευος δια 17 Tou ispou Kai Edicaoke DE-רשי מעדסול, סע רברףמאדמו, פר סדו ס סוגסל אטטי סוגסל אסטי סוגסל אסטי " σευχης κληθησεται πασι " TOIC EQUEOID ?" ULLEIS DE Eποιπσατε αυτον σπηλαιον 18 ληστων. και ηκουσαν δι Γραμματεις και δι αρχιερεις. KALLETITOUN TIWE AUTON ATTOλεσουσιν, εφοβουντο ταρ αυ-TOP OTI TAK O OXNOK EEKπλησσετο επι τη διδαχη αυ-19 του. και ότε οψε εγενετο. εξεπορευετο εξω της πολεως.

20 Και πρωι παραπορευομενοι, ειδον την συκην εξηραμ21 μενην εκ ρίζων· και αναμνησθεις ὁ Πετρος, λεγει αυτω,
ραββι. ιδε, ή συκη ήν κατη22 ρασω, εξηρανται· και αποκριθεις ὁ Ιησους, λεγει αυτοις,
23 εχετε πιστιν Θεου· αμην
λεγω ύμιν, ότι ός αν ειπη τω
ορει τουτω, αρθητι, και βληθητι εις την θαλασσαν, και

faid to the fig-tree, "no one fhall ever eat any fruit of yours." and his disciples took notice of it.

Being arrived at Jerusa- 15 lem. Fesus went into the temple, and began to turn out those that bought and sold there; be overthrew the table of Money-changers, and the stalls of those that sold doves. nor would be suffer 16 any baggage to be carried thro' the temple. at the same 17 time be explained bimself to them in these words, is it not written, " my bouse shall " be called a bouse of prayer " to all nations?" but ye bave made it a barbour for thieves. the Scribes and Pha-18 rifees upon bearing this confulted together how to destroy him; but they stood in awe of bim, because all the people were strangely affested with his dostrine. but at 19 night Jesus withdrew from the city.

In the morning as they 20 were coming back, they faw the fig-tree withered away to the very roots. Peter re-21 membring the tree, faid, master, see the fig-tree, which you cursed, is quite withered, but Jesus replied, and said 22 to them, rely upon God. for 23 I assuredly tell you, that whoever shall say to this mountain,

μη διακριθη εν Τη καρδία άυτου, αλλα πιστευση ότι ά RETEL, FIVETAL, EGTAL AUTW 24 ο εαν είπη. δια τουτο λετω ύμιν παντα όσα αν προσευ-XOLLEVOL ALTELODES THATEUETE ότι λαμβανετε, και εσται 25 ύμιν και όταν στηκητε TOOTEUXOUS VOIS A DIETE EITI E-XETE KATA TIVOS IVA KAI O πατηρ ύμων ὁ εν τοις ουρανοις αφη ύμιν τα παραπτω-26 ματα ύμων ει δε ύμεις ουκ αφιετε, ουδε ο πατηρύμων O EN TOIS OURAVOIS ADNOEL TA παραπτωματα ύμων.

27 Και ερχονται παλιν εις Ιεροσολυμα, και εν τω ίερω περιπατούντος αυτού, ερχονται προς αυτον δι αρχιερεις, και δι Γραμματεις, και 28 οι πρεσβυτεροι. και λεγουσιν αυτω, εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιεις? και Τις σοι την εξουσιαν ταυτην εδωκεν 29 ίνα ταυτα ποιης? ο δε Ιησους αποκριθείς, είπεν αυτοίς, επερωτησω ύμας κάζω ένα λογον, και αποκριθητε μοι, και ερω ύμιν εν ποια εξουσια 30 ταυτα ποιω. το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου εξ ουρανου πν, η εξ ανθρωπων? αποκριθητε μοι. 31 και ελογιζοντο προς έαυτους, RETOUTES, EAVELTIQUEN, EE OU-FAVOU, EPEL, DIATE DUV OUK E- tain, be removed, and cast into the sea, having no doubt in his mind, but believing what he fays shall be effected, what he pronounces shall actually be accomplished. therefore whenever you pray, 24 be fully persuaded of obtaining your request, and I assure you it shall be granted, whatever it be. only when you 25 are dispos'd to prayer, if you bave any cause of complaint against any one, forgive bim, that your beavenly father may forgive you your offences. but if you do not forgive o- 26 thers, neither will your heavenly father forgive you.

Then they entred again in- 27 to ferusalem: and as be was walking in the temple, the chief priests, the Scribes. and rulers of the Jews came about bim, and asked bim, 28 by what authority do you behave thus? and who gave. you that authority? Jesus 29 replied to them, if you will answer one question, that I shall propose to you, then I will tell you by what authority I all thus, the baptism 30 of John, was it of divine, or of buman institution? answer me that. upon this 31 they reasoned thus with themselves; if we should say, it was divine, he will urge, why then did you not believe bin ?

ειπωμεν, εξ ανθρωπων, εφο-Βουντο τον λαον, άπαντες ραρ ειχού του Ιωαννήν, ότε 22 OUT WE TROOPHTHE HY. TOKPIGENTES, REPOUTE TW IN-

σους ουκ ειδαμέν και ο Ιπσους αποκριβείς, λεγεί αυτοίς, OUDE ETW LETW ULLIV EY TOLA

εξουσια ταυτα ποιω.

Και πεξατο αυτοις εν παραβολαις λεγείν. αμπελωνα εφυτευσεν ανθρωπος, και περιεθηκε φραγμον, και ωρυξεν ύποληνιον, και ωκοδομήσε πυρ. γον, και εξεδοτο αυτον γεωρ-2 τοις, και απεδημησε και α-TECTEINE TOOK TOUK TEWPFOUK τω καιςω δουλον, ίνα παςα των γεωργων λαβη απο του 3 καρπου του αμπελωνος. δε λαβοντες αυτον, εδειραν, **4 και απεστείλαν κενον·** παλιν απεστείλε προς αυ-Τους αλλον δουλον, κάκεινον λιθοβολησαντές εκέφαλαιωσαν, και απεστειλαν πτιμωμένον. και παλιν αλ-NOV ATTECTED LE KAKELVOV A**πεκτεινάν, και πολλους αλ**λους, τους μεν δεροντες, 6 TOUC DE AMOKTELVOUTEC ETI ουν ένα ύιον εχων αςαπητον αυτου, απεστείλε και αυ-Τον προς αυτους εσχατον, λειων, οτι εντραπησονται 7 τον υιον μου - εκεινοι δε οι γεωργοι ειπον προς εαυτους, στι ουτος εστιν ο κληρονομος, δευτες αποκτεινομέν αυτονς

22 MIGTEUGATE AUTW? AND bim? if we should say, it ?? was a human institution, we run a risk from the people. (for they all believed John was a true prophet.) they 33 therefore gave Jesus this anfwer, we cannot tell. neither do I, said Jesus, evquaint you by what authority I all thus.

> Then Jesus address'd bim- 1 self to them in this parabolical manner. a certain person planted a vineyard, made a fence about it, clear'd the way for a wine-press, built a tower, and committed it to the care of vine-dressers, while he was travelling abroad. at the time of vin- 2 tage be sent bis servant to the vine-dressers to receive the profits of bis vineyard. but they seized on him, and beat bim, and fent bim bome empty. after this he sent 4 another servant to them, bim they assaulted with stones and cudgels, and sent bim back with contempt. then he fent 5 another, whom they killed: and of several more, some they beat, some they killed. at last, baving one only son, whom he loved, he sent him to them; surely, said be, they will reverence my son. but these busbandmen said to one another, this is the beir, come, let us kill him, and

και ήμων εσται ή κληρονομια. και παβοντες αυτον. απεκτειναν, και εξεβαλον 9 εξω του αμπελωνος. Τι ουν ποιπσει ὁ κυριος του αμπελιω-VOS ? ENEUGETAL KAL ATTONEGEL τους γεωργούς, και δωσεί τον 10 αμπελωνα αλλοις. ουδε την **Γοαφηύ ταυτηύ αυςγυώτε:** " λιθον όν απεδοκιμάσαν όι " οικοδομουντες, όυτος εξε-" νηθη εις κεφαλην Γωνιας. 11 ' παςα κυριου εγενετο άυτη.
'' και εστι θαυμαστη εν οφ-12" θαλμοις ήμων ?" και εζητουν αυτον κρατησαι, και εφοβηθησαν τον οχλον, ες-νωσαν γαρ ότι προς αυτους την παραβολην είπες και α-Φεντες αυτον απηλθον.

13 Και αποστελλουσι προς αυτον τινας των Φαρισαιών και των Ηρωδιανών, ίνα αυ14 τον αρευσωσι λορφο οι δε ελθοντες λερουσιν αυτώ, διδασκαλε, οιδαμεν ότι αλπθης ει, και ου μελει σοι περι ουδενος, ου γαρ βλεπεις εις προσωπον ανθρωπών, αλλ επ αληθείας την όδον του Θεου διδασκεις εξεστι κηνσον Καισαρι δουναι, η ου?
15 δωμεν, η μη δωμεν? ό δε είδως αυτών την ύποκρισιν, είπεν αυτοις, τι με πειραζετε? φερετε μοι δηναριον, ίνα

the inheritance will be our own. so they seized upon 8 bim, and dragg'd bim out of the vineyard, and killed bim. now what will the master of 9 the vineyard do? on his return, said they, he will destroy those vine-dressers, and give his vineyard to others. bave you not read, said be, 10 this passage of scripture, " the to stone which the builders " rejected, is become the prin-" cipal stone of the angle. " it is the Lord, that has 11 " done this, and it is mar-" vellous in our eyes." then 12 they contrived how they might seize bim, for they perceived, that he applied the parable to them; but for fear of the people they left him, and went away.

Then they fent some of the 13 Pharisees, and of the Herodians to insnare bim in bis discourse. when they were 14 come, they faid to him, master, we know that you are sincere, that you are not influenced by any one, for you bave no regard to the person of men: but teach us the way of God according to truth, now should we pay tribute to Čefar, or no? shall we pay, or shall we not pay? but be, perceiving 15 their hypocrify, faid to them, why do you lay snares for

CHAP, XII.

1616ω οι δε πνεγκαν και λετει αυτοις, τινος ή εικων άυτη και ή επιγραφη? οι δε ει-17 που αυτώ, Καισαρος και αποκριθεις ο Ιπσους ειπεν αυτοις, αποδοτε τα Καισαρος, Καισαρι, και τα του Θεου, TW DEW. KAI EPAULAGAVET αυτω.

18 Και ερχονται Σαδδουκαιοι προς αυτον, όιτινες λετουσιν άναστασιν μη ειναι, και επηρωτησαν αυτον, λεγοντες, 19 διδασκαλε. Μωσης εΓραψεν ήμιν, ότι εαν τινος αδελφος αποθανη, και καταλιπη τυναικα, και Τεκνα μη αφη, ίνα λαβη ο αδελφος αυτου THY TUVALKA AUTOU, KAL EEAναστηση σπερμα τω αδελφω 20 άυτου έπτα αδέλφοι πσαν. και ο πρωτος ελαβε γυναικα, και αποθυπσκων ουκ αφηκε 21 σπερμα. και ο δευτερος ελαβεν αυτην, και απεθανε, και ουδε αυτος αφηκε σπερμα, 22 και ο Τριτος ώσαυτως και ελαβον αυτην οι έπτα, και ουκ αφηκάν σπέρμα, εσχάτη 23 παντων απεθανε και ή τυνη- εν Τη ουν αναστασι. όταν αναστωσει, τινος αυτών εσται **Γυνη? οι γαρέπτα εσχοναυτην** 24 Γυναικα. και αποκριθεις ο Ιησους, ειπεν αυτοις, ου δια τουτο πλανασθες μη ειδοτες τας **Γραφας, μπόε την δυναμιν** 25 TOU ΘΕΟυ ? ΟΤΑΥ ΓΑΡ EK VEκρων αναστωσιν, ουτε Γαμουσιν

me? let me see a penny, and 16 when they brought it, he asked them, whose image and inscription is this? they said, Cefar's. to which Jefus re- 17 ply'd, render to Cesar what belongs to Cefar, and to God what belongs to God. and they were surprized at the answer.

Then the Saducecs, who 18 deny the resurrection, came and asked bim, saying, master, 19 Moses bas left it us in writing, that if a man dies, and leaves bis wife without any children, his brother should marry bis widow, in order to perpetuate his name. now 20 there were seven brothers: the first married a wife and died, leaving her without any children. the second married 21 ber, and he died too without leaving her any children: the third did the same. so that 22 all the seven married ber, but left no children. last of all she died. at the time 23 therefore of the refurrestion, when they shall rife, whose wife shall she be of the seven? for they all married ber. Je-24 fus answered them, don't you see you are in a mistake, by being unacquainted with the scriptures, as well as with the power of God? for when 25 they shall rife from the dead. they neither will marry, nor be

μουσιν , ουτε γαμισκονται, αλλ' εισιν ώς αγγελοι οι 26 εν τοις ουρανοις. περι δε των νεκρων, ότι εγειρονται, ουκ ανεγνωτε εν τη βιβλώ Μωσεως, επι της βατου ώς ειπεν αυτώ ο Θεος, λεγων, ερω ο Θεος Αβρααμ, και ο Θεος Ισαακ, και ο Θεος 7' Ιακωβ?'' ουκ εστιν ο Θεος νεκρων, αλλα Θεος ζωντων, ύμεις ουν πολυ πλανασθε.

28 Και προσελθων εις των Γραμματεων, ακουσας αυτων συζητουντων, ειδως ότι καλως αυτοις απεκριθης επηρωτησεν αυτον, ποια εστι 20 πρωτη πασων εντολη? ο δε Ιπσους απεκριθη αυτω, ότι πρωτη παντων εντολη, " α-" κουε 1σοαπλ, κυριος δ " Θεος ήμων, κυριος έις εστι-30" και αξαπησεις κυριον Τον " Θεον σου εξ όλης της καρ-" διας σου, και εξ όλης της " ψυχης σου, και εξ όλης " της διανοιας σου, και εξ " όλης της ισχυος σου, άυτη 31" πεωτη εντολη." δευτερα όμοια αυτη, αταπησεις Τον πλησιον σου ώς σεαυτον, μειζων τουτων αλ-AN EVTOAN OUK EGTI. KAL EL-32 πεν αυτφ ο Γραμματευς, καπως, διδασκαπε, επ' απηθειας ειπας, ότι έις εστι Θεος, και ουκ εστιν αλλος πλην

AUTOU.

be given in marriage, but be immortal like the angels in beaven. and as for the dead, 26 that they will actually rife, bave you not read in the book of Moses those words, which God pronounc'd out of the bush to him, "I am the "God of Abraham, the God of "Jacob?" he is not the 27 God of the dead, but the God of the living: and therefore you greatly mistake the meaning.

One of the Scribes, that 28 bad beard their dispute, observing the propriety of his answers, propos'd this question to him, which is the principal commandment of all? Jesus answer'd bim, the first 20 of all the commandments is thus deliver'd, " hear, o " Ifrael, the lord our God " is the only lord. you shall 30 " therefore love the lord your "God with all your beart, " with all your foul, to the " utmost of your understand-" ing, and all your facul-" ties." this is the first commandment. and the fe-31 cond, which has an affinity to it, is this: " you shall love " your neighbour as yourfelf." there is no other commandment greater than these. the 32 Scribe replied, what you have faid, master, is very true, there

33 αυτου· και το αγαπαν αυτον εξ όλης της καρδίας, και εξ όλης της συνεσεως, και εξ όλης της ισχυος, και το αγαπαν τον πλησιον ως έαυτον, πλειον εστι παντων των όλοκαυτωμάτων και των θυσιων. 34 και ο Ιησους ιδων αυτον ότι νουνεχως απεκριθη, ειπεν αυτώ, ου μακραν ει απο της βασιλειας του Θεου· και ουδεις ουκετι ετολμα αυτον επερωτησαι.

35 Και αποκριθεις δ Ιπσους ελεγε, διδασκων εν τω ίερω, πως λετουσιν οι Γραμματεις. ότι ο Χοιστος ύιος εστι Δα-36 βιδ? αυτος γαρ Δαβιδειπεν εν Τω πνευματι Τω αγιώ, λεγει " ο κυριος τω κυριω μου, κα-" θου εκ δεξιων μου, έως αν " θω τους εχθρους σου ύπο-" ποδίον των ποδων σου-27 αυτος συν Δαβιδ λεγει αυτον κύριον, και ποθεν ύιος αυτου EGTI? KALO TONUS OXNOS N-38 KOUEN AUTOU MOEWS KAL ENEγεν αυτοις εν τη διδαχη άυτου, βλεπετε απο των Γραμματεων, των θελοντων εν στολαις περιπατείν, και ασπασμούς εν ταις αγοραίς. 39 και πρωτοκαθεδριας εν ταις συναγωγαις, και πρωτοκλι-40 GLACEV TOIC SELTIVOICS OF KAτεσθιοντές τας οικίας των χηρων, και προφασει μακρα

there is one God, and no other but be. and to love him 33 with all the heart, with all the understanding, with all the soul, with all its faculties, and to love one's neighbour as one's self is more acceptable than all the offerings and sacrifices in the world. Jesus observing he answer'd 34 so discrectly, said to him, you are not far from the kingdom of God. and no man after that was so hardy as to ask him any question.

As Fesus was teaching in 35 the temple, he address'd himself to them, saying, why do the Scribes maintain that Christ is the son of David? for David bimself, who was 26 inspired by the boly spirit, bas this expression, " the " Lord faid to my Lord, " fit thou at my right hand " till I make thy enemies " thy fooi-stool." now since 37 David bimfelf calls bim Lord, bow can be be David's fon? and the common people heard bim with pleasure. in the 38 sequel of the discourse, be faid to them, beware of the Scribes, who affect to walk about in their long robes, to be saluted in publick places, and to have the first seals 39 in their synagogues, and at their seasts: who yet devour 40 widows estates under the

προσευχομενοι, όυτοι ληψονται περισσοτερον κειμα-

Και καθισας ό Ιπσους κατεναντι του γαζοφυλακιου, εθεωρει πως ο οχλος βαλλει χαλκον εις το Γαζοφυλακιον, και πολλοι πλουσιοι εβαλ-42 λου πολλα. και ελθουσα μα χηρα πτωχη εβαλε λεπτα δυο, ο εστι κοδραντης. 42 και προσκαλεσαμένος τους μαθητας άυτου, είπεν αυτοις, αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι π χηρα άυτη ή πτωχη πλειον παντων βεβληκε των βαλον-44 Των εις Γαζοφυλακιον. παν-TEC TOP EK TOU TEPLOTEUOYTOG αυτοις εβαλον, άυτη δε εκ Της ύστερησεως άυτης παντα όσα ειχεν εβαλεν, όλον τον βιον άυτης.

Και εκπορευομένου αυτου EK TOU LEPOUS RETEL AUTW EIG εκ των μαθητων αυτου, διδασκαλε, ιδε ποταποι λιθοι, 2 και ποταπαι οικοδομαι· και ο Ιπσους αποκριθείς, είπεν αυτω, βλεπεις ταυτας τας μεγαλας οικοδομας ? ου μη α-Φεθη λιθος επι λιθω, ός ου μη 3 καταλυθη. και καθημενου αυΤου εις Το ορος Των ελαιων κατεναντι του ίερου, επηρωτων αυτον κατ ιδιαν Πετρος, και Ιακωβος, και Ιωαννης, 4 και Ανδρεας, είπε ήμιν ποτε ταυτα εσται, και τι το ση-

μειον όταν μελλη παντα ταυ-

 $\tau \alpha$

flow of making long prayers, fuch shall receive greater condemnation.

At length, as Jesus was 41 sitting over-against the treafury, be observed the peoples throwing money into the chest: when many of the rich gave large sums. and there came A2 a certain poor widow, who threw in two mites, to the value of a sarthing. upon 43 which he call'd to his difeiples, and said to them. I declare unto you, that this poor widow bas given more than any of those, who have given to the treasury. for 44 all the rest contributed out of their superfluous substance; but the bas contributed what she wanted for ber bare sublistence.

As Jesus was going out of I the temple, one of his difciples said to bim, see, master, what stone-work, and buildings are bere. but Jesus an- 2 swer'd bim, you see this magnificent structure, which shall not be left till it be all demolished, one stone after another. and when he was sitting upon the mount of Olives over-against the temple, Peter, James, John, and Andrew said to him in private, tell us, when shall this 4 bappen? and what will be the sign that this is going to be accomplished?

5 TA GUYTENEIOBAI? & DE Inσους αποκριθεις αυτοις πρξα-TO REFELD, BRETTETE UTTIS U-6 μας πλανηση. πολλοι γαρ ελευσονται επι τω ονοματι μου, λεγοντες, ότι εγω ειμι, και πολλους πλανησουσιν. 7 OTAY DE AKOUOTITE TOLSHOUS και ακοας πολεμων, μη θροεισθε, δει γαρ γενεσθαι, 8 AND OUTW TO TENOS EFERθησεται γαρ εθνος επι εθνος, και βασιλεία επι βασιλείαν, και εσονται σεισμοι κατα Τοπους, και εσονται λιμοι ο και ταραχαι. αρχη ωδινων TAUTA: BRETETE DE DUEIS Éαυτους, παραδωσουσι ταρ υμας εις συνεδρια, και εις συναγωγας, δαρησεσθε, και επι ήγεμονων και βασιλεων σταθησεσθε ένεκεν ε-MOU, ELC MAPTUPLOY AUTOICE 10 και εις παντα τα εθνη δει πρωτον κηρυχθηναι το ευας-11 Γελιον όταν δε αγωσιν ύμας παραδιδοντες, μη προμεριμ-VATETI NANDONTE, UNDE UE-· λετατε: αλλ ο εαν δοθη ύ-HLY EV EKELVY TH WOOD, TOUTO λαλειτε, ου γαρ εστε ύμεις οι λαλουντες, αλλα το πνευμα 12 Το άγιον. παραδωσει δε αδελφος αδελφον εις θανατον, και πατηρ τεκνου, και επαναστησονται Τεκνα επι τονεις, 13 και θανατωσουσιν αυτους. και εσεσθε μισουμένοι ύπο παντων δια το ονομα μου, ό δε

complished? Jesus answer'd 5 by laying, take care not to let any one impose upon you.; for 6 many shall come in my name. and say, I am the Messiab; and deceive many, but when 7 ve shall hear the talk of wars, and the noise of wars, be not alarm'd; for that must havpen; but the end is not yet. for nation shall rife against 8 nation, and kingdom against kingdom: there shall be earthquakes in divers places, famines and commotions. these o are the beginning of forrows. then look to your selves: for they will deliver you up to the tribunals, and scourge you in the synagogues: you will be brought before governours, and princes upon my account, to be my witnesses against them. but the 10 gospel must first be published among all nations. now when 11 they shall lead you to deliver you up, be not follicitous about your defence, don't premeditate upon it; but what shall be suggested to you at the very occasion, that deliver: for it is not you that will plead, but the boly spirit. then the brother shall betray 12 bis brother to death, and the father his son: children shall prosecute their parents, and be the instruments to take away their lives; you will be 12 tbe

ύπομεινας εις τελός, ουτός σωθησεται

14 QTay de idnte to Boenuyμα της ερημωσεως (το δηθεν. ύπο Δανιπλ του προφητου) έστος όπου ου δει, ό ανατι-YEAR KEY YOUTUS TOTE OLEY TH Ιουδαια Φευγετωσαν εις τα 15 oon o de emi Tou dispartos. μη καταβατω εις την οικιαν. μηδε εισελθετω αραι Τι εκ Της 16 οικιας άυτου- και δ εις τον ALDON WY, HIN ETHOTPEWATW EIG TO OTHOWS OPEN TO HA-17 TION AUTOU. OUAL DE TAIS EN ΓασΤΡΙ ΕΧΟυσαίς» Και Ταίς OMALOUGAIS EN EKELVAIS TAIS 18 ήμεραις. προσευχεσθε δε ίνα μη τενηται ή φυτη ύμων χει-19 μωνος εσονται γαρ αι ήμεpai ekeivai baiwis, ola ou fe-TOVE TOLAUTH AT APXIN KTIσεως ής εκτισεν ο Θεος, έως TOU YUY, KAL OU HIT TEYTTAL. 30 και ει μπ κυριος εκολοβωσε τας ήμερας, ουκ αν εσωθη πασα σαρξ, αλλα δια τους EKNEKTOUS OUS EŽENSĚATO. Eκολοβωσε τας ημερας.

21 Και τοτε εάν τις ύμιν ειπη,
ιδου, ωδε ο Χριστος, η, ιδου
22 εκει, μη πιστευετε- εγερθησονται γαρ ψευδοχριστοι και
ψευδοπροφηται, και δωσουσι σημεια και τερατα, προς
το αποπλανάν, ει δυγατον,

the object of universal hatred upon my account; but he that shall persevere unto the end, shall be saved.

Now when you shall fee the- + I abomination of desolation, mentioned by the prophet Daniel. establish d'subere it ought not to be (let the reader observe) then let those, who are in Judea, flee to the mountains: be that is upon the battlements 15 let bim not descend into the bouse, nor enter therein to take any thing away: let not bim that is in the field 16 return back to fetch bis gar. ment. unbappy the women 17 who are pregnant, and those who nur le children at such a time. pray that your flight 18. be not in the winter. for the ig distress of that time will be such as never happen'd since the beginning of the world, which God created, to this present, nor ever shall be. so that if the Lord should 20 suffer it to last, no man could escape: but he will not suffer the time to last long. out of regard to bis elect.

Then if any one shall say 25 to you, Christ is here, or, he is there, don't believe it, for false Christs, and false 22 prophets shall rise, and shall shew signs and prodigies, so as to seduce, if it were possible, even the very elect.

23 και τους εκλεκτους. ύμεις δε βλεπετε, ιδου, προειςηκα ύμιν παντα.

24. ARR EV EKELVAIS TAIS THEραις, μετα την θλιψιν εκείνην, ο ήλιος σκοτισθησεται, και ή σεληνη ου δωσει το Φεργος 25 AUTHS KAI OL ACTEDES TOU ουράνου εσονται εκπιπτοντές, και αι δυναμεις αι εν τοις ου-26 ρανοις σαλευθησονται. TOTE OWONTAL TON VION TOU ανθρωπου ερχομενον εν νεφελαις μετα δυναμεως πολλης, 27 και δοξης· και τοτε αποστελει τους αςτελους άυτους και επισυναξεί τους εκλεκτους. AUTOU EK TWY TEGGADWY AVEμων, απ ακρου της έως ακρου

ουρανου: 28 Απο δε της συκης μαθετε την παραβολην, όταν αυτης ηδη ο κλαδος άπαλος τενηται, και εκφυή τα φυλλα, TIVE OKETE OTI EFFUS TO DEPOS. 29 εστιν- ουτω και ύμεις, όταν ταυτα ιδητε Γινομενα, Γινω-סאבדב סדו בדדעה בסדו צחו טם-30 ραις- αμπν λεγω ύμιν, ότι ου μη παρελθη ή γενεα άυτη, μέχρις ου παντα ταυτα Γε-31 mrai. o ouravos kai n'in παρελευσονται, οι δε λογοι 32 μου ου μη παρελθωσι. περι DE THE THEPAC EKELVIIC, IT THE ώρας ουδεις οιδεν, ουδε όι αςγελοι δι εν ουρανώ, ουδε δ ύιος 33 ει μη ο πατηρ. βλεπετε, apputiveits kai proofuxeobe,

OUK

be you therefore upon your 23 guard: remember I have forewarned you against all events.

Now after the time of that 24 distress, the sun shall be dark, and the moon shall give no light: the stars of begven 25 shall fall, and the powers that are in beaven shall be shaken, then shall they see 26 the son of man coming in the clouds with power and great glory, then will be 27 send his angels, and gather his elect from the four winds, from the remotest part of the earth, to the remotest part of heaven.

Consider this similitude ta-28 ken from a fig-tree: when its branch is yet tender, and pushes out its leaves, you know that summer is near: so when you shall see these 29 things bappen, know that he is nigh, even at your doors. L declare unto you, this ge- 30 neration shall not be extinct, till all these things be transatted. beaven and earth 31 shall fail, but my words shall never fail. as to the day and 32 bour, that no one knows, neither the angels in heaven, nor even the son; but the sather only. be circumspect, 33 be vigilant, and devout: becaufe

ουκ οιδατε γαρ ποτε ο καιρος 34 εστιν· ως ανθρωπος αποδημος αφεις την οικιαν άυτου, και δους τοις δουλοις άυτου την εξουσιαν, και έκαστω το εργον άυτου, και τω θυφωρώ ενετείλατο ίνα γρηγορη. 35 γρηγορείτε ουν, ουκ οιδατε γαρ ποτε ο κυρίος της οικιας ερχεται, ουτε, η μεσονυκτισυ, η αλεκτοροφωνίας, η 36 πρωι, μη ελθών εξαίφνης, 37 ευρη ύμας καθευδοντας· ά δε ύμιν λεγω, πασι λεγω, γρηγορείτε·

Ην δε το πασχακαι τα αζυμα μετα δυο ήμερας και εζητουν δι αρχιερεις και δι Γραμματείς, πως αυτον εν δολω κρατησαντές αποκτει-2 VIJOIN ENGOV DE, HIN EN TH έοςτη, μηποτε θορυβος εστάι 3 TOU NAOU- KAL OUTOS AUτου εν Βηθανια, εν τη οικια Σιμώνος του λεπρους κατα-KELMENOU AUTOU, nate runn eχουσα αλαβαστρον μυρου. ναρδου πιστικής πολυτελους, και συντριψάσα το αλαβαστεον, κατεκεεν αυτου Α κατα της κεφαλης· ησαν δε Τινές αγανακτουντές προς έ-AUTOUS, KAI REFORTES, EIS TI ή απωλεια άυτη του μυρου ב ובן סעבע ? חלטעמדס במף דסטדס. το μυρον πραθηναι επανώ τριακοσιων δπναριων, και δο-OFFICE TOIL TOWNOIS KALEYET

BRUWENTO

cause you are uncertain when that time will be. when a 24 man travels into foreign parts. be leaves his goods in charge to his servants, he appoints to every one his task, and orders the porter to be vigilant, watch ye therefore (for 25 you don't know when the master of the bouse will return; whether at evening, ... or at midnight, or at the cock-crowing, or in the morning) for fear by bis sudden 36 return be should surprize you fleeping. what I fay to you, 37 I jay to all, be vigilant.

Within two days was the & feast of the passover, and of unleavened bread, and the chief priests, with the Scribes. contriv'd bow they might seize Jesus by surprize, and put bim to death. but they 2 objected, it could not be during the festival; for fear of a popular insurrection: now 3 being at Bethany, in the bouse of Simon the leper, while he was at table; there came a woman with a viol full of the perfume of spikenard, which was very costly; and she opened the viol, and poured it upon his head. but some bad 4. a secret indignation, and said, wby must the persume be so wasted? for we could have 5 fold it for above two bundred denarys, and given them to the A 2 2 #007 3

6 BRILLWYTO AUTH. O DE INCOUR ELTEY, APETE AUTTIV. TI AU-TH KONOUS MADEXETE? KARLOY SOFON EIDPAGATO EN EMOL- TANτστε γαρ τους πτωχούς έχετε μεθ' έαυτων, και όταν θελητε, δυνασθε αυτους ευ ποιπ-GAI, SHE OF OU TANTOTE EXETE. 8 o eakey auth, naoinge, apoeλαβε μυρίσαι μου το σωμα ο εις τον ενταφιασμόν- αμπν KETW UHLY, OTTOU AV KMOUX-On TO EVATIFICATION TOUTO EK ONOV TOV KOO HOV, KAL O ETOINσεν άυτη, λαληθησεται εις LYTHUOTUVOY AUTHS.

το Και ο Ιουδας ο Ισκαριωτης, εις των δωδεκα, απηλ-BE MOOK TOUR APXIEDEIGN IVA τι παραδω αυτον αυτοις. οι δε AKOUTAYTES EXAPHOAY, KAL επηγειλαντο αυτώ αργυριον Bouvan, Kan elnter Twe evκαιρως αυτον παραδω.

12 Καιτη πρωτη ημερα των alvuor, ote to hadxa Eθυον, λεγούσιν άυτω οι μαθήται αυτου, που θελεικ α-Ϋελθοντες ετοιμασωμεν ενα 12 φαγκ το πασχα? και αποστελλει δυο των μαθητων AUTOU, KAI THE AUTOICS U-TRETE EIG THE TONIV, KAI απαντησειώμιν ανθρωπος κεραμιον ύδατος βασταζων, χ Δκολουθησατε αυτώ· και όpoor : and they inveighed against ber. but Jesus said, let ber alone, why do you disquiet ber? it is commendable, what she bas done out of respect to me. the poor 7 you have always with you, and you may relieve them whenever you please : but me you will not always bave. she has done what she could: she has persum'd my body previously to my burial. I 9 declare unto you, in whatever quarter of the world this part of the gospel-history shall be related, this action of hers shall be mention'd to ber praise.

Then Judas Iscariot, one 10 of the twelve, went to the chief priests, in order to betray bim to them. they 11 were glad to bear bim, and promis'd to give him money. upon which he contriv'd the most favourable occasion to betray bim.

On the first day of un-12 leavened bread, when the paschal lamb is kill'd, bis disciples said to bim, where would you bave us go and prepare for your eating the paschal lamb? upon which 13 be dispatch'd two of his disciples, and said to them: go into the city, and you will meet a man carrying a pitcher of water; follow bim. and 14 wherever

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που εαν εισελθη, ειπατε τω οικοδεσποτη, ότι ο διδασκαλος λεγει, "που εστι το κα"ταλυμα όπου το πασχα "μετα των μαθητων μου
15 "φαγω?" και αυτος ύμιν
δειξει ανωγεον μεγα εστρωμενον, ετοιμον, εκει έτοιμασα16 τε, ήμιν και εξηλθον οι μαθηται αυτου, και ηλθον εις
την πολιν, και έυρον καθως
ειπεν αυτοις, και ητοιμασαν
το πασχα-

17 Και οψιας Γενομενης ερχε-18 Tal META TWY OWOEKA-AYAKEILLEYWY AUTWY, KAI EGθιοντιών είπεν ό Ιπσους, α-עחט תבוש טווי סדו בול פל טμων παραδωσει με, ο εσθιων 19 MET' EMOU- à DE MOEAVTO DUπεισθαι, και λεγειν αυτώ είς 20 καθ είς, μη τι ειω? ο δε αποκριθείς, είπεν αυτοίς, είς εκ των δωδεκα, ο εμβαπτομένος 2 Ι μετ' εμου εις το τρυβλιον. ο μεν ύιος του ανθρωπου ύπαγει, καθως γεγραπται περι αυτου, ουαι δε τω ανθρωπώ εκεινώ δι ου ο ύιος του ανθρωπου παραδιδοται, καλου ην αυτω, ει ουκ εξενηθη ο ανθρωπος ε-KELVOC.

22 Και εσθιοντων αυτων, λαβων ο Ιπσους αρτον, ευλογπσας εκλασε, και εδωκεν αυτοις, και ειπε, λαβετε, τουτο εστι το σωμα μου.

Kal

wherever he enters, say to
the master of the house:
"thus saith our master;
"where is the chamben,
"where I shall eat the passover with my disciples?"
and he will shew you a large as
upper room ready furnished;
there make preparation for
us. his disciples therefore 16
went away, and being come
into the city, they found every thing, as he had told
them; and they prepared
the paschal lamb.

There be came in the even-zer ing with the twelve. and 18 as they fat eating, Jefus faid, verily I say unto you, one of you that is eating with me, will betray me. and 10 they were seized with sorrow, all successively asking bim, is it I? but be an-20 fwered them, saying, it is one of the twelve, be that eats of the same mess with me. the son of man is gor 21 ing indeed, according to what is written of bim: but wo to that man, by whom the son of man is betrayed: it would be better for that man, if he had never been born.

When they had been eat-22 ing, Jefus took bread, and having given thanks, he brake it, and gave it to them, and faid, take it, this * reprefents

* See note on Mat. xxvi. 26.

23 και λαβών Το ποτήριους ευχαριστήσας εδώκεν αυτοις,
και επίον εξ αυτου παντες.
24 και είπεν αυτοιςς τουτο εστί
το άιμα μου το της καινής
διαθηκής, το περι πολλών εκ25 χυνομένου αμήν λεγώ ύμιν,
οτι ουκετί ου μη πίω εκ του
γενημάτος της αμπέλου, έως
της πμέρας εκείνης, όταν αυτο πίνω καινόν εν τη βασιλεία του Θεου

26 Και ύμνησαντες εξηλθον εις 27 TO OPOS TWY EXALWY. KALL XEγει αυτοις ὁ Ιπσους, ότι παντες σκανδαλισθησεσθε εν εμοι בא דח שטאדו דמטדח סדו דבγραπται, "παταξω τον ποιμενα, και διασκορπισ-" θησεται τα προβατα." 28 αλλα μετα το εγερθηναι μες προαξω ύμας εις Την Γαλι-29 haiav o de Tietpos em auτω, και ει παντες σκανδαλισθησονται, αλλ ουκ εγω. 30 και λεγει αυτώ ο Ιπσους, αμπν λειω σοι, ότι συ σημε-PON'EN TH NUKTI TAUTHS TOLV η δις άλεκτορα φωνησαι, τρις 3 ε απαρνήση με ο δε εκ πε-, ρισσου ελεγε μαλλον, εαν με δεη συναποθανείν σοις ου μη σε απαρνησομαι. ώσαυτως SE KAL MANTES ENEFON.

32 Κάι ερχονται εις χωριον όυ το ονομα Γεθσημανη, και λετει τοις μαθηταις άυτου, καθισατε fents my body. and be took 23 the cup, and when he had given thanks, he gave it to them, and they all drank of it. and he said to them, this 24 represents the effusion of my blood (the sanction of the new covenant) for mankind. but 25 this I tell you, I will never more drink of this fruit of the vine, from this time forth to that day, when I shall drink with you of the spiritual wine in the kingdom of God.

Then, baving sung an 26 bymn, they went out towards the mount of Olives. and Jesus said to them, this 27 night you will all be staggered upon my account: for it is written, * " I will smite " the shepherd, and the " sheep shall be scattered." but after I am rifen, I will 28 go before you into Galilee. upon which Peter said to 29 bim, tho' all should stagger, yet I will not. Jesus said 30 to bim, verily I tell thee, to-day, even this night, before the cock crow twice, you will renounce me thricy. but he urg'd it with more 21 vebemence, tho' I should die with you, I will not renounce you. and all the rest affirm'd the fame.

At length they came to a 32 place call d Gethsemane, and he said to his disciples, stay

* Zech ziii, 7.

θισατε ώδε έως προσευζωμαι33 και παραλαμβανει τον Πετου, και τον Ιακωβον, και
Ιωαννην μεθ έαντου, και ηρξατο εκθαμβεισθαι και αδη34 μονειν. και λεγει αυτοις, περιλυπος εστιν ή ψυχη μου έως
θανατου, μεινατε ώδε, και
35 γρηγορειτε. και προσελθων
μικρον, επεσεν επι της γης,

και προσπυχετο, ίνα ει δυνατον εστι, παρελθή απ
36 αυτου ή ωρα, και ελεγεν,
αββα ο πατηρ, παντα δυνατα σοι, παρενεγκε το ποτυριον απ εμου τουτο, αλλ
ου τι εγω θελω, αλλα τι συ-

37 Και ερχεται, και ευρισκει αυτους καθευδοντας, και λεγει τω Πετρω, Σιμων, καθευδεις? ουκισχυσας μιαν ώ-

38 καν Γρηγορησαι? Γρηγορειτε και προσευχεσθε, ίνα μη εισελθητε εις πειρασμον. Το μεν πνευμα προθυμον, ή δε σαςξασθενης.

39 Και παλιν απελθων προσπυξατο, τον αυτον λογον 40 ειπων· και ύποστρεψας έυρεν αυτους παλιν καθευδοντας. πσαν γαρ δι οφθαλμοι αυτων βεβαρπμενοι, και ουκ ποξεισαν τι αυτω αποκριθωσι-41 και ερχεται το τριτον, και

λεΓει αυτοις, καθευδετε λοιπον και αναπαυεσθε. απεχει, πλθεν ή ώςα, ιδου, παραδιδοται ό ύιος του ανθρωπου εις τας χειρας των άμαρ-12 τωλων. εΓειρεσθε, αΓωμεν,

here. whilft I shall be as prayer. but he took with 33 bim Peter, James, and Jobn. then be began to be in a great consternation and anguish of mind. and be said to them my foul is exceeding forrowful, 34 even unto death: tarry yehere, and watch. then ad-35 vancing a little further, be fell on the ground, and prayed, that this anxiety might pass from bim. saying, fa-36 ther, all things are possible to thee, take away this cup from me: nevertheless, nos my will, but thine he done.

Then he return'd, and 37 having found them steeping, he said to Peter, Simon, are you asleep? could you not watch one hour? watch and 38 pray, that you may not yield to temptation: the mind indeed is vigorous, but the body is weak.

Again be retired, and 39 prayed, uttering the same words. then be return'd and 40 found them still sleeping, for their eyes were beavy, and they did not know how to give an answer. after that he came a 41 third time, and said to them, sleep on now and take your rest. 'tis done, the time is come, and the son of man is to be betrayed into the hands of sinners. rise, let us be going: 42

ιδου, ο παραδιδους με, ηςς-

43 Και ευθεως, ετι αυτου λαλουντος, παραξινεται Ιουδας Ισκαριωτης, έις των δω-SEKA, KAN HET AUTON OXNOS πολυς μετα μαχαιρών και ξυλων, παρα των αρχιερεων. και των Γραμματεών, και ΑΛΤων πρεσβυτερων δεδωκει δε ο παραδιδούς αυτον, συσσημον αυτοις, λεγων, όν αν ΦΙΝΛΟΨ. Αυτος Εστι, κρα-THEATE AUTON KAL ATATA-45 ΓΕΤΕ ασφαλως και ελθων, ευθεως προσελθων αυτώ, λετει, ραββι, ραββι, και κα-AGTEDIANGEN QUTON. OF DE ETTEβαλου επ' αυτου τας χειρας άυτων, και εκρατησαν αυ-ATTON EK DE TICTWY TIADEO-Τηκοτων σπασαμένος μαχαιραν, επαισε τον δου-NOV TOU APXIEPEWS, KAI APEI-48 NEV AUTOU TO WTION. KAL Aποκριθεις ὁ Ιπσους, ειπεν αυτοις, ώς επι ληστην εξηλθετε μετα μαχαιρών και ξυλών 49 συλλαβειν με? καθ' ήμεραν ημην προς ύμας εν τω ίερω διδασκων, και συκ εκρατησατε με, απλ ίνα πληρωθωσιν αι 50 PPADAL KAL ADEVTES AUTON TANTES EQUION.

51 Και είς τις νεανισκος πκοπουθησεν αυτώ, περιβεβλημενος σινδονα επι γυμνου, και κρατουσιν αυτον οι νεανισκοι-52 ο δε καταλιπων την σινδονα, see, the traitor is just upon us.

All of a sudden, while he 12 was yet speaking, appear'd Judas, one of the twelve, attended by a great number of people with swords and clubs, who were fent by the chief priests, the Scribes, and rulers. now be that betray-44 ed bim, had given them this signal, you will see me salute one with a kiss, that's be: seize bim, and don't let bim escape, then advancing, he 45 went directly up to bim, faxing, master, master, and kissed bim. and they violently laid 46 bandson bim and secured bim. but one of those that stood by, 47 drew his sword against a servant of the high priest, and struck off his ear. but 48 Jesus addressing bimself to them, said, why do you come with swords and clubs against me, as if you were to apprehend some robber? 149 was daily among you, teaching in the temple, and you did not then seize upon me. but the scriptures are thereby accomplished. then all bis 50 disciples abandon'd bim and fled.

But a certain youth, that 51 was stript to his inmost vest, followed him, and was seized by the soldiers, but he 52

τυμνος εφυτεν απ' αυτων.

53 Και απηταγού του Ιπσούν προς του αρχιερεα, και συν ερχονται αυτώ παυτες οι αρχιερεις, και οι πρεσβυτεροι, 54 και οι Γραμματεις, και ο Πετρος απο μακροθεύ πκολουθησεύ αυτώ έως εσω εις την αυλην του αρχιερεως, και ην συγκαθημενος μετα των υπηρετωύ, και θερμαινομενος προς το φως.

35 OI GE APXIEPEIS KAI ONOV TO συνεδριον εξητουν κατα του Ιπσου μαρτυριαν, εις το θανατωσαι αυτον, και ουχέυ-56 ρισκον πολλοι γαρ εψευδομαςτυρούν κατ' αυτού, και ισαι αι μαρτυριαι ουκ ησαν. 57 KALTIVES AVACTANTES EWEVδομαρτυρουν κατ' αυτου, λε-58 γουτές, ότι ήμεις πκουσαμέν αυτου λετοντος, " ότι ειω " καταλυσω τον ναον του-" Τον Τον ΧειροποιηΤον, και " δια τριων ήμερων αλλον " αχειροποιητον οικοδομη-59" σω και ουδε όυτως ιση 60 ην ή μαρτυρια αυτων και αναστας ο αρχιερευς εις το μεσον, επηρωτησε τον Ιπσουν, λεγων, ουκ αποκρινή ουδεν ? TI OUTOL GOU KATAHAPTUPOU-

6; σιν? ό δε εσιώπα, και ουδεν απεκρινατο- παλιν ό αρκιερευς επηρώτα αυτον, και λεγει αυτώ, συ ει ο Χριστος slipt from bis vest, and sed away naked.

Jesus they led away to 53 the high priest's, where all the chief priests, the rulers and Scribes, were assembled. Peter followed at a distance, 54 even into the palace of the high priest: where he sat down among the servants to warm himself at the fire.

Now the chief priests, 53 and the whole council endeavour'd to get evidence against Jesus, to condemn bim to die; but they found none. there were indeed several, 56 who depos'd what was false against him: besides, what they deposed was insufficient. at last there appear'd some, an who gave in salse evidence against bim, saying, we 58 beard bim say, " I will ce pull down this temple that " is made with bands, and " within three days I will " build another made with-" out bands." but neither 59 did this evidence appear sufficient. then the bigh priest 60 rising up in the midst of the assembly, ask'd Jesus, saying, bave you nothing to plead for your self? what say you to the evidence they give against you? but 7e-61 lus remain'd filent, and gave ВЬ 210

62 ο ύιος του ευλογητου? ο δε Ιπσους ειπεν, ερω ειμι-KAL οινεσθε τον ύιον του ανθρωπου καθημένον εκ δεξιων Της δυναμεως, και ερχομένον με-Τα Των νεφελών Του ουρανου. 620 δε αρχιερευς διαρρήξας τους XITWIAS AUTOU, RETEL, TI ETI **6**Αχρειαν εχομέν μα οπυρών? ηκουσάτε της βλάσφημιας Τι ύμιν φαινεται? όι δε παν-TEG KATEKPIVAY AUTOV ELVAL E-65 νοχον θανατου- και πεξαντο TIVES ELATUELY AUTWO KAL TEρικαλυπτειν το προσωπον αυτου, και κολαφείζειν αυτον, KAL REFELD AUTWO TROOPTEUσον. και οι ύπηρεται ραπισμασιν αυτον εβαλλον.

66 Και οντος του Πετρου εν Τη αυλη κατω, ερχεται μια των παιδισκων του αρχιε-67 μως. και ιδουσα τον Πε-Τρον θερμαινομένου, εμβλεψασα αυτώ, λεγεί, και συ μετα του Ναζαρηνου Ιησου 68 πσθα ο δε πρνησατο, λετων, ουκοιδα, ουδε επισταμαι Τι συ λεγεις. και εξηλθεν εξω εις το προσυλιον, και 69 ALEKTWP 'EOWYNOE. παιδισκη ιδουσα αυτον παλιν, πρέατο λεγείν τοις παρεστηκοσιν, ότι όυτος εξ αυ-70των εστίν. O DE TALLY MCνείτο- και μετα μικρον πα-ALV OL TAPECTWIES EXEROY TW

no answer, then the bigh priest asked bim again, and faid to him, art thou the Christ. the son of the most High? and Tesus answered, I AM. 62 and we shall see the son of man fitting on the right band of power, and coming in the clouds of heaven. then the 62 bigh priest rent bis robes, and faid to the council, what occasion is there for any more witnesses? you have beard 64. the blasphemy, what is your opinion? and they all tronounc'd, that he deserved to die. then some began to still 65 on bim, others cover'd his face and struck bim on the bead, crying out, divine, who it is. and the domestics flapt bim on the cheeks.

In the mean time Peter 66 was in the entry of the hall, where one of the maids belonging to the high priest came: and seeing Peter 67 warming himself, she looked earnestly upon bim, and said, you too was with Jefus the Nazarene. but he denied 68 it, saying, I don't know bim, neither am I acquainted with any fuch you mention. and be went out into the porch, when the cock crowd. the 69 maid saw him a second time, and said to the standers-by, this is one of them: but he 70 denied it again. a little time

TIE-

Πετρω, αληθως εξ αυτων ει, και γαρ Γαλιλαιος ει, και ή 7 ι λαλια σου όμοιαζει· ό δε ηρξατο αναθεματίζειν και ουνυειν, ότι ουκ οιδα τον αν-72 θρωπον τουτον όν λεγετε· και εκ δευτερου αλεκτωρ εφωνησε, και ανεμνησθη ό Πετρος του ρηματος όυ ειπεν αυτω ό Ιησους, "ότι πριν αλεκτορα φωνησαι δις, απαρνηση με τρις," και επιβαλων, εκλαιε·

ι Και ευθεως επι το πρωι συμβουλιον ποιησαντες όι αρχιερεις μετα των πρεσβυτερων και Γραμματεων, και ολον το συνεδριον, δησαντες τον Ιπσουν απενεγκαν, και 2 παρεδωκαν τω Πιλατώ. και επηρωτησεν αυτον ο Πιλατος, συ ει ο βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων ? ο δε αποκριθεις, 3 ELTTEN AUTWO OU REFEIG. κατηγορούν αυτου οι αρχιε-4 ρεις πολλα· ο δε Πιλατος παλιν επηρωτήσεν αυτονί λεγων, ουκ αποκρινή ουδεν? ιδε ποσα σου καταμαρτυρουσιν. ο δε Ιπσους συκετι ουδεν απεκριθη, ώστε θαυμαζείν τον Πιλατον.

6 Κατα δε έορτην απελυεν αυτοις ένα δεσμιον, όνπερ η7 τουντο, ην δε ό λεγομενος Βαραββας μετα των συστασιαστων δεδεμενος, όιτινες εν τη στασε: φονον πεποιηκει-

σav.

after, they that stood by, still urg'd Peter, saying, you are certainly one of his disciples, for your speech shows you to be a Galilean. but he fell 71 a cursing, and swore, I don't know the man you mention, and the cock crow-72 ed for the second time. then Peter cailing to mind that expression of Jesus, "be-" fore the cock crow twice, "thou shalt deny me thrice," he cover'd his head and wept.

Early in the morning the 1 chief priests, the rulers, and Scribes, even the whole council, after having deliberated together, caus'd Jesus to be bound, then led him away and deliver'd bim to Pilate. Pilate therefore ask'd him, 2 art thou the king of the Tews? and be made anfwer, yes. the chief priests 3 continuing to accuse bim with much clamour, Pilate spake 4 to bim again, and said, will you make no defence for your self? don't you bear what they urge against you? but 5 Jesus still made no answer; so that Pilate was much amaz'd.

Now during the feast, it 6 was customary to release a prisoner, to be nominated by the people. Barabbas lay 7 then confin'd with other seditious, who had committed Bb 2 mur-

8 σαν: και αναβοησας δοχλος, ποξατο αιτεισθαι, κα-9 θως αει εποιει αυτοις. ὁ δε Πιλατος απεκριθη αυτοις. RETWY, PERETE ATTORUOW Uμιν τον βασιλεα των Ιου-10 δαιων ? εΓινωσκε Γαρ ότι δια φθονον παραδεδωκεισαν αυ-ΤΙ Τον οι αρχίερεις. οι δε αρχιε-PEIS AVECTELGAY TOV OXXOV, IVA μαλλου του Βαραββαν απο-12 λυση αυτοις ο δε Πιλατος αποκριθείς, παλίν είπεν αυ-Τοις, Τι ουν θελετε ποιπαω ον λετετε βασιλεα των Ιου-Ι 3 δαιων ? οι δε παλινεκοαξαν. 14 σταυρωσον αυτον. ο δε III-NATOS ENEFEY AUTOIS, TI FAD KAKOV EMOINGEN ? OL GE MERIGσοτερως εκραξαύ, σταυρω-15 σον αυτον. ο δε Πιλατος βουλομένος τω οχλω το ίκανον ποιπσαι, απελυσεν αυτοις τον Βαραββαν, και παρεδωκε τον Ιπσουν, Φρατελλωσας, ίνα σταυρωθη.

16 Οι δε στρατιωται απηγαγον αυτον εσω της αυλης, ο
εστι πραιτωριον, και συγκα17 λουσινόλην την σπειραν, και
ενδυουσιν αυτον πορφυραν,
και περιτιθεασιν αυτω πλεξαντες ακανθινον στεφανον18 και ηρξαντο ασπαζεσθαι αυτον, " χαιρε ο βασιλευς των
19" Ιουδαιων και ετυπτον
αυτου την κεφαλην καλαμω,

murder in an insurrection. the populace therefore fell a S roaring, and defired him to do as was always practis'd. but Pilate answered them, o faying, do you chuse to have Fesus releas'd, the king of the fews? for be perceiv- 10 ed plainly, it was out of malice, that the chief priests bad profecuted bim. but the chief priests incited the people to demand, that he would rather release Barabbas. Pi- 12 late still urg'd them again, and faid, what then would you have me do with bim, that you sile king of the Jews? and they cried out 13 again, crucify bim. Pilate 14 replied, why, what barm bas be done? but they cried out more suriously, crucify bim. Pilate therefore wil- 15 ling to bumour the people, released to them Barabbas, and baving caused Jesus to be scourg'd, he deliver'd bim to be crucified.

Then the foldiers took Je-16 fus away into the hall, call'd Pretorium; and fummon'd their whole company together, and they put on him a purple 17 cloth, and fet a wreath of thorns upon his head for a crown; then they began to 18 falute him, faying, "Hail king "of the Jews!" and they 19 struck him on the head with

και ενεπτυον αυτώ, και τιθεντες τα γονατα, προσεκυνουν αυτώ.

20 Και ότε ενεπαίζαν αυτω. εξεδυσαν αυτον την πορφυcaus και ενεδυσαν αυτον τα ίματια τα ιδια, και εξαγουσιν αυτον, ίνα σταυωσω-2 Ι σιν αυτον. και αγγαρευουσι παρατοντα τινα Σιμωνα Κυοπναιον, ερχομένον απ' αγρους τον πατερα Αλεξανδρου και Ρουφου, ίνα αρη τον σταυρον 22 αυτου. και φερουσιν αυτον επι Γολγοθα τοπον, ο εστι μεθερμπιευομένου, κρανίου το-23 πος. και εδιδουν αυτω πιειν εσμυρνισμενον οινον, ο δε ουκ 24 ελαβε· και σταυρωσαντες αυτον, διεμεριζονται τα ίματια αυτου, βαλλοντες κλη-25 pov et auta, ticti app. nv δε ώρα τριτη, και εσταυρω-26 GAV AUTOV. KAI THE TIFFA-ON THE ALTIAC AUTOU ETILET Γεαμμενή, Ο ΒΑΣΙΛΕΤΣ 27 ΤΩΝ ΙΟΤΔΑΙΩΝ. και συν αυτώ σταυρουσι δυο ληστας, ένα εκ δεξιών, και ένα 28 εξ ευωνυμων αυτου. επληςωθη ή γραφη ή λε **Γουσα, " και μετα ανομων** 29" ελογισθη.") και οι παραποεευομενοι εβλασφημουν αυτον, κινουντές τας κεφαλάς άυτων, και λεγοντες, ουαι, ο καταλυων τον ναον, και εν

a cane, spit upon him, and bowing their knees, made a show of reverence.

Their mockery ended, they 20 stript him of his purple, and put bis own cloatbs on bim: then led bim away to be crucified. one Simon of Cy-21 rene, the father of Alexander and Rufus, as he pass'd by in his return out of the country, was compelled to carry the cross. so they 22 brought bim to a place called Golgotha, that is, the place of a skull. there they 23 offered him myrrhed wine to drink, but be did not take it. after they bad crucified 24 bim, they shared his garments, by casting lots for them: to determine what each of them should take, now it was the 25 third bour of the day, when they crucified bim, and the 26 inscription of the charge against bim was thus express'd, THE KING OF THE JEWS, at the same time 27 they crucified two robbers, one on his right hand, the other on bis left. so that 28 this passage of scripture was fulfill'd, " " and be was num-" bred with the transgres-" fors." besides the people 29 that pass'd by, shook their beads, and impiously said: ab, you that can destroy the tem30 Τρισιν ήμεραις οικοδομων, σωσον σεαυτον, και καταβα
31 απο του σταυρου: ομοιως και οι αρχιερεις εμπαιζοντες προς αλληλους μετα των
32 Γραμματεων, ελεγον, αλλους εσωσεν, έαυτόν ου δυναται σωσαι: ο Χριστος ο βασιλευς του Ισραηλ καταβατω νυν απο του σταυρου, ίνα ιδωμεν και πιστευσωμεν και οι συνεσταυρωμενοι αυτω ωνειδειζον αυτον.

33 Γενομενης δε ώρας έκτης, σκοτος εγενετο εφ' όλην την 34 mm Ews what Envarme Kal τη ώρα τη εννατη εβοησεν ο Ιπσους φωνη μεγαλη, λεγων, Ελωι, Ελωι, λαμα σαβαχθανί? ὁ εστι μεθερμπνευ-OLLEVOYS & GEOS LIOUS & GEOS HOU, EIG TI HE EFKATENITES? 35και Τίνες Των παρεστηκότων ακουσαντες, ελείον, ιδου, 36Ηλιαν φωνει. δραμων δε έις, και γεμισας σπογγον οξους, περιθεις τε καλαμώ, εποτι-· LEV QUITON, REFWY, QUETE, Iδωμέν ει ερχεται Ηλιας καθε-37 λειν αυτον ό δε Ιπσους αφεις φωνην μεγαληνς εξεπνευ-Œ.

38 Και το καταπετασμα του ναου εσχισθη εις δυο, απο 39 ανωθεν έως κατω· ιδων δε ό κεντυριων ό παι εστηκως εξε-

VAUTIAS

temple, and rebuild it in three days, save your self, 30 and come down from the cross. in like manner the 31 chief priests and the Scribes in derision said to one another: he pretended to save others, himself he cannot save. let the Messiah, the king of 32 Israel, descend now from the cross: let us see that, and we will believe on him. and they that were crucisied with him, threw their reproaches at him.

Now from the fixth hour 33 the whole land was cover'd with darkness until the ninth bour. and at the ninth hour 34 Jesus cry'd out with a loud voice, saying, ELOI, ELOI, LAMA ŠABACHTANI, that is, MY GOD, MY GOD, WHY HAST THOU FORSAKEN ME? some 35 there present upon bearing that, said: observe, be calls upon Elias. then one of the 36 foldiers ran and dipp'd a spunge in vinegar, which he fustned to a stick, and offered bim to drink. now let us, said they, see whether Elias will come to take bim down. then Jesus cry'd with 37 a loud voice, and expired.

Immediately the veil of 38 the temple was rent in two, from the top to the bottom. and the Centurion who stood 39

OUCE-

ναντιας αυτου, ότι όυτω κραξας εξεπνευσεν, ειπεν, αληθως ό ανθρωπος όυτος ύιος 40 ην Θεου· ησαν δε και Γυναικες απο μακροθεν θεωρουσαι, εν αις ην και Μαρια ή Μαρδαληνη, και Μαρια ή του Ιακωβου του μικρου, και Ιωση
4 ι μητης, και Σαλωμη· αὶ και
ότε ην εν τη Γαλιλαια, ηκολουθουν αυτω, και όιηκονουν αυτω, και αλλαι πολλαι ἀι συναναβασ αι αυτω εις
Ιεροσολυμα.

42 Και πόπ οψιας Γενομενής. επει ην παρασκευή, δ εστι 12 προσαββατον πλθεν Ιωσηφ ο απο Αριμαθαιας, ευσχημων βουλευτης, ός και αυτος ην προσδεχομένος την βασιλειαν του Θεου, τολμπσας εισηλθε προς Πιλατον, και ητησατο το σωμα του Ιη-11 σου ο δε Πιλατος εθαυμασεν ει πόπ τεθνηκές και προσ-KARETALLEVOS TOV KEVTURIWYA, ETHOUTHOEN AUTON EL TANAL 45 a Telave. Kai prous a To Tou κεντυριώνος, εδωρησατο το 46 σωμα τω Ιωσηφ. και ατορασας σινδονα, και καθελων αυτον, ενειλησε τη σινδονι, KAI KATEONKEY AUTOY EY HYMμειω ο πν λελατομπμενον εκ **πετρας, και προσεκύλισε λι-** . שט באו דיוש טיסבע דיט עניד בים

over-against bim, observing that he expired with so great a cry, said, certainly this man was the son of God. there were likewise several 40 women, who were spectators at a distance: among whom was Mary Magdalene, and Mary the mother of James the minor, and of Joses and Salome: who had attended 41 Jesus, and supply'd him with necessaries when he was in Galilee: besides many other women, who came up with him to Jerusalem.

Now, as foon as the even-42 ing was come; because it was then the preparation. that is, the day before the sabbath, one Joseph of Ari-43 mathea, an bonourable senator, who was himself in expettation of the kingdom of God, ventur'd to come and wait upon Pilate, and begged the body of Jesus. Pilate 44. surprized that he should bo dead so soon, sent for the Centurion, and ask'd him, if he had been dead any time. . and being satisfied of 45 it, be granted the body to Joseph; who taking down 46 the body, wrapped it in a fine linnen cloth, which he bad bought, and laid it in a sepulchre, which was heur out of a rock, and roll'd a slone for a door to the sepulcbre:

47 μείου - η δε Μαρια ή Μαρδα-Χηνη και Μαρια Ιωση εθεωρουν που τιθεται-

Καιδιατενομένου του σαβ-Βατου, Μαρια ή Μαςδαληνη και Μαρια ή του Ιακώβου και Σαλωμη ηγορασαν αρωματα, ίνα ελθουσαι αλεινω-2 σιν αυτον. και λιαν πρωι της μιας σαββατων ερχονται ETIL TO JUMILEIONS AVAITEINAN-2 TOS TOU NALOU- KAL ENEROY προς έαυτας, Τις αποκυλισει THE TOY REBOY EK THE QUEAR 4 του μνεμειου? και αναβλεψασαι θεωρουσιν ότι αποκεκυλισται ο λιθος, πν γαρ με-5 Γας σφοδρα. και εισελθου-GAL ELS TO HUMHELOUS ELDOV VEανισκον καθημένον εν Τοις δεξιοίς περιβεβλημενού στολπν λευκπν, και εξεθαμβηθη-6 σαν ο δε λεγει αυταις, μπ εκθαμβεισθε, Ιπσουν ζητειτε τον Ναζαρηνον τον εσταυρωμενον, ηγερθη, ουκ εστιν ωδε, ιδε, ο τοπος οπου εθη-7 καν αυτον. αλλ υπαγετε, ειπατε τοις μαθηταις αυτου, και τω Πετρω, ότι προαγει ύμας εις Την Γαλιλαιαν εκει αυτον όψεσθες καθως ειπεν **\$** ύμιν- και εξελθουσαι εφυγον AND TOU HYMHELOU. EIXE DE αυτας τρομος και εκστασις, και ουδενι ουδεν ειπον, εφο-BOUNTO FORP.

Αναστας

pulchre: and Mary Mag-47 dalene, and Mary the mother of Joses, took notice where he was laid.

When the sabbath was i past, Mary Magdalene, Mary the mother of James, and Salome, after having bought aromatic drugs to embalm bim, went to the 1 sepulcbre very early in the morning, the first day of the week, at fun-rifing, and 3 they faid to one another, who will remove the stone from the mouth of the segulchre for us? (for it was very 4 great.) but when they were near in view, they perceiv'd that the stone was roll'd away, upon their entring into 5 the sepulchre, they saw a young man fitting towards the right, cloathed in a long white garment: at which they were frighted. but he 6 faid to them, don't be frightned: you look for Jefus the Nazarene: be is risen, be is not here: see the place where he lay. go, tell Pe- 7 ter and the rest of his disciples, that he is gone before you into Galilee: there you will see bim, as be foretold you. at this they started out, & and fled from the sepulchre in a violent consternation, without fpeaking a word to any by the way: they were so frighted. Now

Αναστας δε πρωι πρωτή σαββατου, εφανή πρωτον Μαρια τη Ματδακηνής αφ ής εκβεβληκει έπτα δαιμονία. 10 EKELYD RODEUBELOG GAMETELAE TOIS HET AUTOU TEVOLEVOIS ει πενθουσι και κλαιουσι. κά-KELVOIS AKOUTANTEC OTI COS και εθεαθη υπ' αυτης, गामाठ-12 THORY WET & OF TRUTH OF OU EL OUTWY TEPUTATOUTH εφανερώθη εν έτερα μορφή. 13 TODEUDHENOIC EIC APPON KO KELVOL GETTENBOYTES MATTERNAV TOIC ROLFOR, OURE EXCLUSIVE -14 TIOTEUGAY UGTEPOY, AVA-KEILIEVOIC AUTOIC TOIC ENGEKA εφανερώθη, και ωνειδισε την απιστιαν αυτων, και σκλη-POKAPOIAY OTI TOIC BEAGAME-YOIC AUTON ETHTEPHENON OUK ETILETEUG ALV.

15 Και ειπεν αυτοις, πορευθεντες εις τον κοσμον απαντα, κηρυξατε το ευαγ16 [ελιον παση τη κτισει. ο
πιστευσας και βαπτισθεις,
σωθησεται, ο δε απιστησας,
17 κατακριθησεται. σημεια δε
τοις πιστευσασι ταυτα παρακολουθησει, εν τω ονοματι μου δαιμονια εκβαλουσι,
Γλωσσαις λαλησουσι και18 ναις. οφεις αρουσι, καν θανασιμον τι πιωσιν, ου μη αυ-

Now Jefus being risen ear- q ly on the first day of the week, be appear'd first to Mary Magdalene, whom he bad disposses d of seven demons. immediately for coent to to those who frequented Jefus, and were then bemoaning themselves in tears, and acquainted them with it. but 11 though they beard that he reas alive, and had appeared to her, they did not believe. after that, be appeared un-12 der another form to two of them, as they were taking a walk into the country. and 12 they went and acquainted the rest: but neither did they believe them. afterwards 11 be appear'd to the eleven. as they were all fitting at table, and be reproved them for their incredulity and obstinacy in not giving credit to those, who had seen him after bis refurrection.

Then he said to them, go 15 ye up all parts of the world, and preach the gospel to all mankind. he that believeth, 16 and is baptized, shall he saved; but he that dishelieves, shall he condemned. they that believe shall he en-17 dued with these miraculous gifts: in my name they shall cast out demons: they shall speak new languages: they 18 shall handle serpents, and if

TOUC

τους βλαψει, επι αρρωστους χειρας επίθησούσι, και κάλως έξουσιν-

19 Ο μεν ουν Κυριος μετα το
γαλησαι αυτοις, ανεχηφθη
εις τον συρανον, και εκαθισεν
20 εκ δεξιών του Θεου. εκεινοι
δε εξελθοντες εκηρυξαν παν.
ταχους του κυριου συνεργουντος, και τον λογον βεβαιουντος δια των επακογουθουντων σημειών.

for, it shall do them no burt: they shall lay hands on the sick, and the sick shall recover.

Now after the Lord had 19 convers'd with them, he was affund up to beaven, where he fat on the right hand of God. as for the disciples, 20 they went and preached the gospel in all parts; the Lord co-operating with them, and confirming their dostrine by the miracles that accompany'd it.



TO RATA

THE

A O T K A N HOL

HOLY GOSPEL

ATION ETATIEATON.

According to LUKE

Τιείδηπερ πολλοι επιχειρησαν αναταξασδαι διηγησιν περι των
πεπληροφοσημενών εν ημιν
πρασματών, καθώς παρεδοσαν ήμιν οι απ άρχης αυτοπται και υπηρεται γενο3 μενοι του λογου: εδοξε καμοι
παρηκολούθηκοτι ανώθεν πασιν ακτίβως, καθεξης σοι
γραψαι, κρατιστε Θεοφίλε,
4 ίνα επιγύως περι ών κατηχηθης λογων την ασφαλειαρ-

HEREAS several i bave undertaken to draw up a narrative of those transactions, which pass'd among us, according as they were delivered to us by persons; who were all along eye-witnesses, and had a share in the transactions themselves: I have a likewise thought proper, most excellent Theophilus, to write to you a particular account. having made a very diligent inquiry into the whole matter. that you may have a distinct view of those things about which you have been inform'd. In the time of Herod, the

ΕΓΕΥΕΤΟ ΕΥ ΤΑΙΚ ἡμεραις Η
ΕΦΟ ΤΟυ βασιλεως Της Ιου
δαιας, ίερευς Τις ονοματι Ζα
και ή γυνη αυτου εκ των θυ
γατερων Ααρων, και το ονο
μα αυτης Ελισαβετ, ησαν

δε δικαίοι αμφοτεροι ενωπιον

του Θεου, πορευομενοι εν πα
σαις ταις εντολαις και δικαι
ωμασι του κυριου αμεμπτοι.

και ουκ ην αυτοις Τεκνον,

καθοτι ή Ελισαβετ ην στει-

ca.

5

king of Judea, there was a certain priest, named Za-charias, of the family of Abia, whose wife, named Elizabeth, was of the race of Aaron: they were both of them sincerely pious, observing all the commandments and ordinances of the Lord, with unspotted reputation, they had no children, because TElizabeth was steril, and CC 2

ρα, και αμφοτεροι προβεβη-KOTEC EV TAIC MIEDAIC AUTWY 8 TWY NOWY EFEVETO DE EN TW LEDATEUELY AUTON EN TH TAKEL THE ECTIMEDIAL AUTOU EVANTI O TOU GEOUS KATA TO EGO, THE ispateias, exaxe tou fuma-GALS ELGENDENT EIC TON VACON 10 TOU KUPIOU. KAI TAY TO TANθος του λαου την προσευχομε" νου εξω Τη ώρα του θυμιαμα-\$1 TOG. WOOD DE OUTW AFFEROG KUPLOUS EOTENS EK DEELEN TOU θυσιαστήριου του θυμιαμα-12 Toc- Kai ETapaxon Zaxaριας ιδων, και φοβος επεπε-13σεν επ' αυτον είπε δε προς αυτον ο αγγελός, με φοβου Ζαχαρια, δίστι εισηκουσθη ח לפחסוג סמני אמו ח דעיו סטני Εκισαβετ τεννησει ύιον σοις KAL KALETLIC TO OVOLIA AUTOU 14 Ιωαννην· και έσται χαρα שטו גמו מןמאאנמטונה גמו מטאי ROLETT THE FERNOEL AUTOU XA-15pnoovtal. Eotal fap mefat EVENTION TOU KUDIOUS KAI OL' FOR KAI TIKEPA OU JUN AIM, KAI πνευματος άγιου πλησθησε-Ται ετι εκ κοιλιας μπτρος αυκαι πολλους των ύιων I TOPATA ETITTELY ELETI KUPION 17τον Θεον αυτών- και αυτος PROELEUGETAL ENWHION AUTOU еч живинаті кан бичаны Нλιου: επιστρεψαι καρδιαςπα-Τερων επι Τεκνα, και απειθεις εν φρονησει δικακον, έ-Τομιασαι κυριώ λαον κατέσ-KEDA OLLEVOV.

they were both advanced in years: . now Zachary was to & officiate in divine service, in the order of bis family, and 9 according to the custom of distributing the parts, it fell to bis lot to burn incense in the fanctuary, and all the con- 10 gregation of the people stood praying without, at the time of offering incense, when there 11 appear die bim anangel of the Lord standing on the right fide of the incense-altar. Za-12 charias startled at the fight and was feized with fear. but the angel said to Zochari- 12 as, don't be afraid, Zacharias. for your prayer is beard: and your wife Elizabeth shall bear you a son, whom you shall name John: be shall 14 be your joy and transport. and numbers shall rejoice at bis birth. be shall appear 15 as a divine messenger. be shall drink neither wine, nor any other ftrong liquor: be shall be filled with the boly spirit, even from bis infancy: be shall convert many of the 16 children of Israel to the Lord their God. and be shall 17 march before bim, in the spirit and power of Elias, to reconcile parents and children together, and the unruly to the practice of justice, that the people may be duly difpos'd to receive the Lord.

Kai eine Zaxadias noos TOV ATTENOVS KATA TE TVO σομάι τουτο ? ειω τάρ ειμι πρεσβυτης, και ή τυνη μου προβεβηκυια εν Ταις ήμεραις TO AUTHS KAL ATTOKOLOGIC O AT TEXOS, ELTEV AVTO, ETO EILL Γαβοιπλό παρεστηκως ενω-THON TOU DEOUS KAL ATTENTAS λην λάλησαι πρός σες και ευαιτελισασθαι σοι ταυτα. 20 και ιδους εσή σιωπωνς και μη δυναμένος λαλησα: αχρι ής ήμερας γενηται ταυτα, ανθ' WY OUK ETILOTEUOAS TOIS NO-FOIC MOUS DITIYES TRANSMONT σονται εις τον καιρον άυτων.

21 Και ην ό καος προσδοκων TOV ZAXADIANS KAI EDAUMALON EV TW XPOVICEIN AUTON EN TW 22 ναω. εξελθων δε ουκ ηδυνα-TO NANDAL AUTOIS, KAL Eπεγνωσαν ότι οπτασιαν έω-PAKEY EV TW VAW. KAI AUTOS ην διανευων αυτοις, και διε-23 HEVE KWOOG KAL EFEVETO W επλησθησαν αι ήμεραι της REITOUPFIAG AUTOU, ATTABEN εις τον οικον αυτου.

24 Μετα δε ταυτας τας ήμερας συνελαβεν Ελισαβετ ή τυνη αυτου, και περιεκρυβεν εαυτην μηνας πεντές λεγου-25 σα, ότι όντω μοι πεποίηκεν ο κυριος εν ήμεραις αίς επειδεν αφελειν Το ονειδος μου εν ανθρωποις:

But Zacharias said to the 18 angel, by what fign hall I know this? for I am old, and my wife is of a great age, the angel replied; I10 am Gabriel, who attend in the presence of God, and an fent to communicate to you this agreeable message. you 20 shall now become dumb and not recover your speech, till the very day when thefe things shall bappen; because you distrusted my words. which in due time shall have their effect.

In the mean time the peo-21 ple were waiting for Zacharias, and wonder'd at bis tarrying so long in the temple. but when he came out 22 be could not speak to them: and they perceived that be bad seen a vision in the temple; for be intimated it to them by figns, and continued dumb. and the time of bis 23 officiating being ended, be departed to bis own bouse.

Some time after, Elizabeth 24 bis wife was pregnant, and went into retirement for five months. it is the Lord, said 25 she, who has thus favour'd me, at the time when he took care to remove the reproach I was under among meni

26 Ex DE TW LIMIT TW EKTWAσεστάλη ο αιτέλος Γαβριήλ THE TOU DEOU EIG THONLY THE Γαλιλαιας, ή ονομα Ναζα-στευμενήν ανδρι ώ ονομα Ιω σπος εξοικου Δαβιδς και το ονομά της παρθενου. Μαριαμ. 28 και εισελθων ο αγγελος προς authy eines " xaide kexaε ριτωμενή ο κύριος μετα שין עם עם מיצוקון בעל ביי בטיס ביין עם 29" ναιξιν" ή δε ιδούσα διεταράλθη επι το λοιω αυτου, KAL DENOPILETO TOTATOS EIN 300 actaquos outos. Kai Elπεν ο αγγελος αυτη, " μη 🥗 φοβου Μαριαμ, ευρες γαρ 31 ×αριν παρα τω Θεώ. και ιδούς συλληψη εν γαστρις ** אמו דברח טוסט, אמו אמזוε ε ε σεις το ονομα αυτου IH-32 ΣΟΥΝ: ουτος εσται μεκαι ύιος ύψιστου κοιηθησεται, και δωσει αυ-THE KUPLOK & GEOK TON BOO-" νον Δαβιδ του πατρος 33" αυτου- και βασολευσει ET ETT TOV OIKOV LAKUB EIG · Τους αιωνας, και της βα-" OINEIAS AUTOU OUK EOTAL " TEXOS. 34 Ειπε δε Μαριαμ προς τον

34 Ειπε δε Μαριαμ προς τον αργελου, πως εσται τουτο, 35 επει ανδρά ου ρινωσκω? και αποκρίθεις ο αργελος είπεν αυτή, "πνευμα άριον επίλευσεται επί σε, και δυναμις "ύψιστου επισκιασει σοι, έδιο και το ρεννωμένον άριον, "κλη-

In the fixth month the 26 angel Gabriel was sent from God to a city of Galiles. named Nazareth, to a vir-27 gin contracted to a man: whose name was Joseph, of the bouse of David. and the virgin's name was Mary. the angel, upon his arrival, 28 said to ber, " Hail, favo-" rite of beaven, the Lord " is with thee: thou bap-" piest of thy sex." Mary 20 was furpriz'd at the voice. of such an appearance; and wonder'd what the meaning of this salutation should be. but the angel said to ber, 30 " Mary, be not afraid: is for you are the object of " divine favour: you shall 31 " be now pregnant, and be " delivered of a son, whom " you shall name JESUS. " he shall be great, he shall 32 " be the son of the most " bigb: the Lord God shall se give bim the throne of his " father David: he shall 33 " reign over the house of " Jacob, and of his kingdom " there shall be no end." Then said Mary to the 34 angel, what shall this be without any intercourse with man? the angel answered 35 ber, " the boly spirit shall " descend upon thee, and

the power of the most

" bigb shall over-shadow

" thee:

36 " KANONOSTAL VLOC DEOU- KAL " ιδου, Ελισαβετ ή συγγε-אין און סטי אמו מעדה סטיבו-" ληφυία ύιον εκ τηρα άυ-THE KAL OUTOS MIN EKTOS ες εστιν αυτή τη καλουμεγή 97 " στειρα. ότι ουκ αδυνα-" τησει παρα τω Θεω παν 38" ρημα· είπε δε Μαρίαμ. ι" δου ή δουλη κυριου. Γενοι-" το μοι κατά το ρημα " σου" και απηλθεν απ' auths o afteros.

39 Ανασπασα δε Μαριαμ εν ταις ήμεραις ταυταις, επορευθη εις Την ορεινην μετα σπουδης, εις πολίν Ιουδα. 40 KAI ELOTABEN ELS TON OLKON ZAχαριού, και ποπασατο την 41 Exicaßer- Kai efeveto we n-

κουσεν η Ελίσαβετ Τον ασπασμον της Μαριας, εσκιρτησε το βρεφος εν τη κοιλια αυτής, και επλησθη πνευματος άγιου ή Ελισαβετ.

42 και ανεφωνήσε φώνη μεγαλή, KALL ELTENS EUNOPHIENT OU EN γυναίξι, και ευλογήμενος δ καρπος της κοιλίας σου-

" Και ποθεν μοι τουτο, " ίνα ελθη ή μητπρ του κυ-

44 " ρίου μου προς με? ιδου " γαρ, ώς εγενετο ή φωνη " του ασπασμου σου εις τα

ωτα μου, εσκιρτησεν εν

" αγαχλιασει το βρεφος εν 45 °° ти когла нов каг на-" καρια ή πιστευσασα, ότι

" εστάι

"thee: wherefore thy boly ss offspring shall be called the " son of God. even your 36 " cousin Elizabeth, as old es as she is, is become prege nant with a fon: she, who ss was stiled barren, is now se in her fixth month; for 37 ce nothing is impossible to " God." then faid Mary, 38 " behold the servant of the " Lord, be it unto me ac-

secording to thy word," upon which the angel dif-

appeared.

Soon after this, Mary de-39 parted, and made an expeditious journey to a city of Juda, in the mountains: where entring into the bouse 40 of Zacharias, she saluted Elizabeth. no sooner bad 41 Elizabeth beard the salutation of Mary, but the babe leap'd within ber : and 12 Elizabeth divinely inspired, broke out into this acclamation.

" Blessed mother of the 43 " most blessed offspring!

" what an bonour is this,

" that I should be visited " by the mother of our Lord!

" no sooner did the sound of 44

" your salutation strike mine " ear, than the babe leap d

within me for joy. blef-45

4 ECTES TEXEIDOK TOK AS " ARAMHEYOIC AUTH KUPION,"

16 Kai eite Manau. " ueja: ALVE IN WURTH HOU TON KU-" ριου, και ηγαλλιασε το " πνευμα μου επι τω Θεω אצ" דש משדווף וויט: מדו בדב "

Brever et ton tateron
an tok dourage atto tou vur ha
kapiouse he tasat at le-" YEAR OTI ETOLITOE HOL HE-50" FIOTTO OVORA AUTOU KAL
TO EXECC AUTOU ES FEREAC FEVERY TOIS POBOULEHOIS AND TOVE ENGINE KOATOS EV " βραχιονι άυτου, διεσκορ-πισεν υπερπφανους διανοια 52 καρδίας αυτων καθείλε δυνάστας απο θρονών και 53" DYWGE TATEURUS- TEL-" νωντας ενεπλησεν αξαθων " KAL TROVTOUTTAG ELATEG 54" TEINE KEVOUR. AVTENABE-" το Ισραπλ παιδος αυτους 55" μνησθηναι ελεους, καθως Ελαλησε προς τους πατε-" ρας ήμων, τω Αβρααμ, και " ты отвориять автов ек TOV ALWAY.

56 Eueine de Mariau qui au-THE WOEL MINNEY THES KAL ÛTE÷

" fed is she that has be-" lieved; for what she has " beard from the Lord, " shall be accomplished."

Then Mary Said, " my 46 " foul doth magnify the Lord,

" and my frit bath re-47 " joiced in God my saviour s

" for be bath regarded the 48

" low estate of his servant: se and future ages shall pro-

" claim me blessed. the al-49

" mighty bath distinguish'd " me by the greatest marks

" of favour: bis name be " for ever reverent d. bis 50

" mercy is on them that fear him, from genera-

"tion to generation, be 51

" bath displayed the strength " of bis arm, and bas con-

" founded the proud by the

" devices of their hearts, 44 be bas: cast down princes 52

" from their thrones, and

" exalted those of low de-" gree, the needy be bas 53

" furnished with plentiful " enjoyments, and the rich

" be bas reduced to poverty.

" be bas taken Israel bis 54

" servant into bis protection, " in pursuance of the mercy,

" which be promised to our 55

" forefathers, to Abraham, " and to bis posterity for

" ever."

Now Mary stay'd about 56 three months with Elizabeth,

ύπεστρεψεν εις τον οικον αυ-

57 Τη δε Ελισαβετ επλησθη O XPOVOS TOU TEKELY AUTHY, 58 אמו ברביטיחסבט טוסט אמו חאסטσαν οι περιοικοι και οι συγγε-VEIS AUTHS, OTI EMERANUVE KUPIOS TO ENEOS AUTOU MET' AUTHS KAL GUVEXALDOV AU-59 TM. KAI EFEVETO, EV TM οςδοη ημερα πλθον περιτεμείν το παιδιον, και εκαλουν αυ-Το επι τω ονοματι του πα-60 TOOK AUTOUS ZAXAPIAN. KAL αποκριθεισα ή μητηρ αυτου, ELTEVO OUXLO ANNA KINDNOE-6 ι ται Ιωαννής. και είπου προς authy, ot i oudeic eath ey th συγγενεία σους ος καλείται 62 τω ονοματι τουτώ. Ενενευον δε τω πατρι αυτου, το τι αν θελοι καλεισθαι αυτον-63 και αιτησας πινακιδιούς ε-**Γ**ραψε, λεΓων, " Ιωαννης εστι " Το ονομα αυτου" και εθαυ-64 μασαν παντες. ανεωχθη δε το στομα αυτου παραχρη» μα, και ή γωσσα αυτου:

65 Και εγενετο επι παντας φοβος τους περιοικουντας αυτους, και εν όλη τη ορεινη της Ιουδαίας διελαλείτο παν66 τα τα όπυστα ταυτα, και

KAI ENANEI EUNOFWY TOV ΘΕΟΥ-

66 τα τα βηματα ταυτα, και εθεντο παντες οι ακουσαντες εν τη καρδια άυτων, λεροντες, τι αρα το παιδιον τουτο εσται ? και χειρ Κυριου ην μετ' αυτου.

and then return d to ber own bouse.

When Elizabeth had gone 57 her full time, she was delivered of a son. her neigh-58 bours and her relations having heard how the Lord had heap'd bis favours upon ber. they congratulated with her: and on the eighth day were 59 present at the circumcision of the child. but upon their proposing to call bim by bis father's name, Zacharias: bis mother objected to it, and 60 said, no, he shall be called John. they answered her, 61 there is not any of your family of that name. they 62 therefore ask'd his father to signify bow he would have bim call'd. then he made 63 signs for a writing-book, and writ these words, " bis " name is fobn:" at which they were all surprized. im-64 mediately be bad the use of bis speech: and be uttered bimself in praises to God.

All the neighbourhood were 65 ftruck with reverence, and the rumour of these events ran thro all the mountains of Judea, and made an impres-66 sion upon all that beard of them. what a child will this be? said they, for the divine influence does attend him.

D d Then

Και Ζαχαριας ο πάτηρ αυτου επλησθη πνευματος άζιου, και προεφητεύσε λεγωνευλοιπτος Κύριος ο Θεος " דמט וסףמחא, סדו באבסגב-" ΨαΤο, και εποιησε λυ-" τρωσιν τω λαω άντου: 69 " και ηγειρε κερας σωτηριας " ήμιν, εν τω οικω Δαβιδ 70" του παιδος αυτου, καθως " ελαλησε δια στοματος " των άριων των απ' αιωνος 71 " אף אינים מעדים מעדים של אינים ες ριαν εξ εχθρων ήμων, και εκ χειρος παντων των μι-72 " σουντων ήμας: ποιησαι " ελεος μετα των πατερων « ημων, και μνησθηναι δια-73 " θηκης άγιας άυτου ορκον · ον ωμοσε προς Αβρααμ " τον πατερα ήμων, του 74 6ουναι ήμιν, αφοβως εκ 😘 χειρος των εχθρων ήμων " ρυσθεντας, λατρευείν αυ-75 " τω, εν οσιοτητι και δι-" καιοσυνη ενωπιον αυτους « πασας τας ήμερας (της 76 " ζωπς) ήμων και συ παι-" δίου, προφητης ύψιστου " κληθηση: προπορευση γαρ * προ προσωπου Κυριου, " έτοιμασαι όδους αυτου, 77 " του δουναι γνωσιν σωτη-" ριας τω λάω αυτου, εν " αφεσει άμαςτιων αυτων, 78 " δια σπλαγχνα ελεους Θεου " ήμων, εν δις επεσκεψατο " ήμας, αγατολη εξ ύψους, 79 " επιφαναι τοις εν σκοτει « каі окіа вачатой кавт-

Then Zacharias bis father, 67 inspired by the holy spirit, vented bis divine entbusiasm in these words. " blessed be 68 " the Lord, the God of If-" rael, for be hash regarded " and wrought a deliverance " for bis people: be bath 69 " rais'd up a powerful sae viour for us, in the fami-" ly of his servant David, " according to the antient 70 e promise be made by the " mouth of the holy prophets, " to deliver us from our 71 " enemies, and from the " tower of all that bate us: " to flow regard to our fore- 72 " fathers, in performing his " boly covenant, the oath 73 " which he made to our fa-" ther Abraham, to grant " us this favour, that we 74 " should be delivered from "the power of our enemies, " and serve bim with secu-" rity, in the fincere practice 75 " of boliness and justice, all " our days. and you, dear 76 " babe, you shall be the pro-" phet of the mast high: for " you shall go before the Lord, in order to prepare " bis way, by acquainting 77 " bis people bow they may " be saved by the remission " of their fins, through the 78 " tender mercy of our God, " by which the rising sun has " visited us from on high, 1079

" μενοις, του κάτευθυναι " τους ποδας ήμων εις όδον " εισηνης."

50 Το δε παιδιού πυξαύε και εκραταιούτο πνευματι: και πν εν ταις ερπμοις έως ήμερας αναδείξεως αυτού προς τον Ισραπλ.

ΕΓΕΥΕΤΟ δε ΕΝ Ταις ήμεραις εκειναις, εξηλθε δογμα πάρα Καισαρος Αυγουστου, απο- Γραφεσθαι πασαν Την οικου μενην. αυτη ή απογραφη πρωτη εγενετο ήγεμονευοντος
 της Συρίας Κυσηνίου: και

3 της Συρίας Κυρηνίου: και επορευοντο παντές απογραφεσθαι, έκαστος εις την ιδιαν 4 πολίν: ανέβη δε και Ιώσηφ

απο της Γαλιλαιας, εκ πολεως Ναζαρετ, εις την Ιουδαιαν, εις πολιν Δαβιδ, ήτις καλειται, Βηθλεεμ, (δια το ειναι αυτον εξ οικου και πα-

5 Τριας Δαβιδ.) απογραψασθαι συν Μαριαμ Τη μεμνηστευμενη αυτώ τυναικι. ουση

6 εγκυφ εγενετο δε εν τω ειναι αυτους εκει, επλησθησαν αι

τ ήμεραι του τεκειν αυτην· και
ετεκε τον ύιον άυτης τον
πρωτοτοκον› και εσπαρήανωσεν αυτον› και ανεκλίνεν
αυτον εν τη φατνη› διοτι
ουκ ην αυτοις τοπος εν τω

καταλυματι·

Και ποιμένες πόαν εν Τή χωρά τη αυτή αγραυλούν Τες και φυλασσούτες φυλακας " enlighten those, who are in darkness, and in the

" shadow of death, and to direct our steps into the

" ways of peace."

Now the child continued to 80 grow, and greatly improved in sense; and was in the defarts till the time, when he was to be manifested to Israel.

At that time, Cefar Au 1 gustus published an edict, to make a register of the Roman empire. (this register was made before Quirinus was prefect of Syria.) all went 3 to be registred, every one to bis native city. so Joseph departed from Nazareth in Galilee, and went into Judea to the city of David. called Bethlehem, because be was of the bouse and linage of David, in order to be registred with Mary, bis espoused wife, who was then big with child. now while 6 they were there, the time came for her to be delivered. and being brought to bed of 7 ber first born, she swashed bim, and laid bim in a manger, because there was no room for them in the inn

In that country there were & shepherds lying in the open fields, taking their turns to

Dd 2 watch

KAL THE VUKTOCETE THY TOLLS 9 υπν άυτων και ιδού, ας-Γελος Κυριου επεστη αυτοις. και δοξα Κυριου περιελαμινέν αυτους, και εφοβηθησαν φο-10 BOY METALY- KALLENTEN AUTOIS ο αγγελος, μη φοβεισθε, ιδου γαρ, ευαγγελιζομαι ύμιν χαραν μεταλην. ήτις εσται παντι ΙΙ Τω λαω. ότι ετεχθη ύμιν σημερον σωτηρ, ος εστι Χριστος Κυριος, εν πολει Δαβιδ: 12 και τουτο ύμιν το σημειον, ένρησετε βρεφος εσπαργανω-MEVOV. KELLEVOV EV TH DATν'n.

13 Και εξαιφνής εγένετο συν

14και λεγοντων, " δοξα εν υ-

τω αγγελω πληθος στρατιας ουρανισυ, αινουντων τον Θεον,

Ψιστοις Θεώ, και επι της ειρηνη» εν ανθρωποις ευδο-κια." 15 Και εγενετο, ώς απηλθον απ. αυτων εις τον ουρανον οι αιτελοι, και οι ανθρωποι οι ποιμένες ειπον προς αλληλους, διελθωμεν δη έως Βηθλεεμ, και ιδωμέν το ρημά τουτο το **Γεγονός**, ο ο Κυριός εγνωρίσεν 16 πμιν. και πλθον σπευσαν-TEG, KAL AVEUROV THY TE MAριαμ και τον Ιωσηφ, και το BREGOG KELLEVOV EV TH GATYN. 17 LOOVTES DE DISTUURITAN MEPL του ρηματος του λαληθεντος αυτοί περι του παιδίου 18 τουτου. και παντες οι α-

watch the flock in the night; when all of a sudden an 9 angel of the Lord appeard to them, and a beavenly light shone about them, at which they were greatly affrighted. but the angel faid 10 to them, be not afraid, I am only come to bring you great news, which will be matter of joy to you and to the whole world. for the 11 Lord Messiah your saviour is this day born, in the city of David: and by this fign 12 Shall you know him; you will find the babe fwathed, lying in a manger.

All of a sudden an army 13 of celestial beings join'd the angel, singing praises to God, and saying, "glory to God 14 in the heavens, and to men on earth felicity in the

" divine favour." As foon as the angels re- 15 tired back to beaven, the Shepherds said to one another. let us go to Bethlehem, to fee the fast, of which the Lord inform'd us. accord- 16 ingly they hasted thither, and found Mary and Joseph with the babe lying in the manger. when they had 17 scen bim, they divulged what the angel had told them concerning this child. and all so that heard of it, were furprized at what the shepκουσαντες εθαυμασαν περι των λαλπθεντων ύπο των 19 ποιμενων προκ αυτους ή δε Μαριαμ παντα συνετηρει τα ρηματα ταυτα, συμβαλλου² 20 σα εν τη καρδία άυτης και ύπεστρεψαν οι ποιμενες, δοξαζοντες και αινουντες τον Θεον επι πασιν δις ηκουσαν και ειδον, καθως ελαληθη προς αυτους.

2.1 Και ότε επλποθησαν ήμεραι οκτω του περιτεμειν αυτον, και εκληθη το σνομα
αυτου Ιποιους, το κληθεν ύπο
του αγγελου προ του συλληφθηναι αυτον εν τη κοιλια-

22 Και ότε επλησθησαν αί

ήμεραι Του καθαρισμού αυ-Των κατα τον νομον Μωσεως, ανηγαγον αυτον εις Ιεροσολυμα, παραστησαι τω κυριώ, 23 καθως γεγραπται εν νομώ κυριου, " ότι παν αρσεν διανοιγον μητραν, άγιον τω 24" κυριώ κληθησεται" και του δουναι θυσιαν, κατα το ειρημενον εν νομώ κυριου, ζευ-

γος Τρυγονων, η δυο νεοσσους

περιστερων.

25 Και ιδου, πν ανθρωπος εν Ιερουσαλημ, ώ ονομα Συμεων, και ο ανθρωπος όυτος δικαιος και ευλαβης, προσδεχομενος παρακλησίν του Ισραπλ, και πνευμα άτιον πν 26 επ' αυτον. και πν αυτώ κεχρηματισμενον ύπο του πνευματος berds related. but Mary 19 confidered these things very attentively, and weigh'd every ry circumstance in her mind, while the shepherds return'd, 20 glorifying and praising God, sor having heard and seen every thing exactly as the angel inform'd them.

The eighth day, when the 21 child was to be circumcifed, being come, he was named fefus, the name, which the angel had given before his conception.

At length the time ap-22
pointed by the law of Moses
for the purification of women
being accomplished, they carried the infant to Jerusalem
to present him to the Lord,
according as his law directs 23
"every first horn male-child
"shall be consecrated to the
"Lord." and to offer the 24
sacrifice prescribed by the
law, which was a pair of
turtle-doves, or two young
pidgeons.

At that time there dwelt 25 at Jerusalem one Simeon, an honest, religious man, one who expected the appearance of the Messiah, and was enduced with the spirit of prophecy, to him it was re-26 vealed by the holy spirit, that

* Exod. xiii, 2, 11, 12, 13.

ματος του άτιου, μη ιδειν θανατον πριν η ιδη τον Χρισ-27TON KUPLOU. KAL HABEN EN TW TYEUMATI EIG TO LEDOY, KAL EY TW ELGAPATELY TOUS FOVERS TO παιδιον Ιπσουν, του ποιπσαι αυτους κατα το ειθισμένον 28 TOU VOMOU TED AUTOU- KAI αυτος εδέξατο αυτο εις τας αγκαλας άυτου, και ευλογη-29 σε Του Θεου, και ειπε, " νυν " απολυείς τον δουλον σου, " δεσποτα, κατα το ρημα פסיי בי בובחייוי סדו בוססי " οι οφθακμοι μου το σω-31" τηριον σου, ο ήτοιμασας " κατα προσωπον παντων 32 " Των λαων, φως εις απο-" καλυψιν εθνων, και δοξαν 33" λαου σου Ισραπλ." και ην Ιωσηφ και ή μητηρ αυτου BAUMA CONTES ETTI TOIS NANOU-34 μενοις περι αυτου. και ευλο-**Γησεν αυτους Συμεων, και** ειπε προς Μαριαμ Την μητερα αυτούς " ιδου όυτος κειται " εις πτωσιν και αναστασιν " πολλων εν τω Ισραπλ, και « εις σημειον αντιλεγομενον. 35" KAI GOU DE AUTHE THY YU-" κην διεκευσεται ρομφαια: **όπως αν αποκαλυφθωσιν** « εκ πολλων καρδίων διαλο-" Γισμοι·"

36 Και ην Αννα προφητις, θυγατηρ Φανουπλ, εκ φυλης Ασηρ, αυτη προβεβηκυια εν ήμερακ πολλαίς, ζησασα ετη μετα ανδρος έπτα απο

he should not die till he had seen the Messiah of the Lord. by 27 the divine direction be came into the temple, just as the parents of Jesus were bringing in the child to perform what the law required in his behalf. then he took him up 28 in his arms, and returned thanks to God in these words, " now, Lord, thou wilt 29 " grant thy fervant a bappy " death, according to thy " promise. for mine eyes 30 " bave bebeld the saviour, " whom thou hast provided 31 " for all mankind, a light to " lighten the Gentiles, and 22 " the glory of thy people If"rael." Joseph and the 23 mother of Jesus were surprized to bear such things pronounc'd concerning him. then Simeon gave them his 24 benedittion, and said to Mary bis mother, " the child you " now see, shall occasion ma-" ny in Israel to fall and rife " again; be will be the Ob-" jett of calumny, which 35 " like a dart will pierce even " thro' your own foul, that " thereby the fincerity of ma-" ny may be revealed." There was likewise one An-36 na a prophetess, the daughter of Phanuel, of the tribe of Afer; she was of a great age,

and had liv'd in a married

state but seven years ever since

27 της παρθενίας άυτης. και άντη χήρα ώς ετων οςδοηκοντατεσσαρων, ή ουκ αφισ-TATO ATO TOU LEPOUS VHOTELαις και δεπσεσι λατρευουσά 38 νυκτα και ήμεραν- και άυτη αυτη τη ώρα επιστασα, ανθωμολογείτο τω κυρίω, και ελαλει περι αυτου πασι τοις προσδεχομένοις λυτρωσίν εν 30 Ιερουσαλημ. και ως ετέλεσαν άπαντα τα κατα τον νομον κυριου, ύπεστρεναν EIG THY FAXIXAIAY, EIG THY 40 πολιν άυτων Ναζαρετ. το δε παιδιον πυξανε, και εκρα-Ταιουτο πνευματι, πληρουμενον σοφιας, και χαρις Θεου חש ביד מעדם.

41 Και επορευοντο οι γονεις AUTOU KAT ETOS EIS ISOOUGAλημ τη έρρτη του πασχα. 42 Kai OTE EFEVETO ETWY OWOEκα αναβαντων αυτων εις Ιεροσολυμα, κατα το εθος 43 της έορτης, και τελειωσαντων τας ήμερας, εν τω ύποστρεφείν αυτους, υπεμείνεν Ιπσους ο παις εν Ιερουσαλημ, και ουκ εγνω Ιωσηφ και ή μη-44 THP AUTOU VOLITANTES DE αυτον εν τη συνοδια ειναι, πλθον ήμερας όδου, και ανέζη-TOUY AUTON EN TOIS OUFFENEOR \$5 KALEY TOLK TVOOTOK. KAL HIT έυροντες, αυτον ύπεστρεψαν EK ISPOUTANTH, ENTOUVTES

she was a virgin: being then 27 a widow of about four core and four years old: she was assiduously in the temple, night and day religiously employ'd in fastings and prayers: and 28 bappening to come in just at the same time, she likewise express'd ber thanks to the lord, and spoke of Jesus to all thole, who expetted deliverance in Jerusalem. and 39 when they had performed every thing required by the divine law, they returned into Galilee, to Nazareth their city, and the child grew in 40 stature and in all the improvements of the mind; be was stor'd with wisdom, and was the object of divine favour.

Now bis parents went every 41 year to Ferusalem at the paschal feast. when Jesus there-42 fore was twelve years old they went thither, as was customary at the time of that festival. when that was ex-43 pired, they returned, but the young Jesus staid bebind in Jerusalem, without being miss'd either by Joseph or bis Mother. so that they went a 44 whole day's journey, imagining be was somewhere among the company, and then they look d for him among their relations and acquaintance; but not finding bim, 45 tbey

AGAUTOV. KAL ETEVETOS HEB n-MEDIC TPEIC EUPON AUTON EN TO ξεκω καθεζομένον εν μέσω Των διδασκαλων, και ακουοντα AUTWY, KAL ETEPWTWYTA AU-47 τους- εξισταντο δε παντες OF AKOUDYTES AUTOUS ETT Th συνέσει και ταις αποκρισεσιν 48 autou- Kai idontes autous ETETTATHOAV, KAI TOOK AU-TOP TO MITTING AUTOU EITES TEKνον, τι εποιησας ήμιν όυτως ? ιδου, ο πατηρ σου κάζω ο-49 BUYWHEYOL ELTTOUHEY OF- KAL ειπε προς αυτους, τι ότι εζη-TEITE LE? OUR HOEITE OTI EV Τοις του πατρος μου δει ει-KO VALUE? KAL AUTOLOU GUYNκαν το όπμα ό ελαλησεν αυ-Take-

51 Και κατεβη μετ' αυτων, και πλθεν εις Ναζαρετ, και πν υποτασσομενος αυτοις και ή μπτηρ αυτου διετηρει παντα τα ρηματα ταυτα εν 52 τη καρδια άυτης και ησους προεκοπτε σοφια και ήλικια, και χαριτι παρα Θεω και ανθρωποις.

Εν ετει δε πεντεκαιδεκατω Της ητεμονιας Τιβεριου Καισαρος, ητεμονευοντος Ποντιου Πιλατου της Ιουδαιας, και τετραρχουντος της Γαλιλαιας Ηρωδου, Φιλιππου δε του αδελφου αυτου τετραρχουντος της Ιτουραιας και Τραχωνιτιδος χωρας, και Λυ-

they turn'd back to Jerusalem to enquire for bim there. three days after they found 46 bim in the temple, sitting near the doctors, attending to them and asking them questions. and all that beard him were 47 astonish'd at his understandine and answers. when 70-48 sepb and bis mother saw bim, great was their surprize: and bis mother said to bim, fon, why did you leave us thus? your father and I have been looking for you with great concern. Jesus replied, 49 wby were ye so sollicitous about me? don't you know that'tis my business to be in my father's bouse? but they 50 did not comprehend the meaning of that expression.

However Jesus went down 51 with them to Nazareth, and was subject to them: and his mother kept all these things in her heart. in the mean time 52 Jesus increased in wisdom and stature, and in savour with

God and man.

In the fifteenth year of the 1 emperor Tiberius, when Pontius Pilate was governor of Judea; Herod tetrarch of Gallilee: Philip his brother tetrarch of Iturea and Trachonitis: and Lyfanias the

σανιου της Αβιληνης τετραρ-2 Χουντος, επ' αρχιερεων Αννα και Καιαφα, εγενετο όπμα Θεου επι Ιωαννην Τον Του Ζαχαριου ύιον, εν Τη ερημω-2 και ηλθεν εις πασαν την περιχωρον Του Ιορδανου, κπρυσσων βαπτισμα μετανοιας εις 4 αφεσινάμαοτιων, ώς ΓεΓραπται εν βιβλω λογων Ησαιου Του προφητού, λεγούτος, " φωνη βοωντος εντη ερημω, " ετοιμασατε την όδον κυ-" ριου, ευθειας ποιειτε τας " τειβους αυτου-" φαρατέ πληςωθησεται, " και παν ορος και βουνος " ταπεινωθησεται, και εσ-" ται τα σκολια εις ευθειαν, " και αι τραχειαι εις όδους " λειας, και οψεται πασα " σαςξ το σωτηριον του " DEOU" EXETEN OUN TOIC EKπουευομένοις οχλοίς βαπτίσθηναι υπ΄ αυτου, τεννηματα εχιδύωνς Τις ύπεδειξεν ύμιν φυτείν απο Της μελλουσης ορτης ? ποιησατε συν καρπους αξιους της μετανοιας. μη αρξησθε λεγείν εν έαυτοις, " πατερα εχομέν τον Αβρα-" αμ," λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι δυναται ο Θεος εκ των λιθων Τουτών εγειραί Τεκνα Τω Α-9 βρααμ. πόπ δε και ή αξινη προς την ρίζαν των δενδρων κειται- παν ουν δενδρον μη ποιουν καρπον καλον, εκκοπ-

tetrarch of Abilene: under 2 the pontificate of Annas and Caiaphas, JOHN, the fon of Zacharias, received his divine commission in the wilderness. in pursuance of 2 which, he went into all the country about fordan, exborting all to repent and be baptized, in order to obtain the remission of their sins. as it is written in the book A of the prophecies of Efaias *. " the voice of one crying in " the desart, prepare ye the " way of the Lord, make " bis paths clear. every g " valley shall be filled, and " every mountain and bill " shall be level'd: she crook-" ed shall be made strait, " and the rough ways shall " be made smooth, and all 6 " men shall behold the di-" vine saviour." be said 7 therefore to the people that crowded to be baptized by bim, ye broad of vipers, wbo has prompted you to flee from approaching wrath? Let your \$ actions therefore show your repentance, and don't pretend to say within yourselves, " we have Abraham for our " father:" for I tell you that God is able of these stones to raise up children to Abraham. the ax is already laid to the g root of the trees: every tree. Εe then.

TETAL

* 16.xl.3.

τεται, και εις πυρ βαλλεται.

10 Και επηρωτών αυτον οι OXADI, REPORTES, TI OUR TOI-I I HOOMEN? ATTOKCIBEIG DE NEFEL αυτοις, ο εχων ουο χιτωνας. μεταδοτω τω μη εχοντι, και ο εχων βρωματα ομοιώς ποι-12 EITW. MILON DE KAI TENWYAI βαπτισθηναι, και ειπον προς αυτον. διδασκαλε, τι ποιη-I A GOMEN ? O DE ELTE TOPOS OUτους, μπδεν πλεον παρα το διατεταγμένον ύμιν πρασσε-14 TE. EMPROTON DE AUTON KAI στρατευομένοι, λεγοντές, και ημεις τι ποιησομεν ? και είπε προς αυτους, μηδενα διασεισητε, μηδε συκοφαντησητε, και αρκεισθε τοις οψωνιοις ນໍ່ແພນ•

15 Προσδοκωντος δε του λαου, και διαλογιζομενων παντων εν ταις καςδιαις άυτων περι του Ιωαννου, μπποτε 16 αυτος ειπ ο Χριστος, απεκρινατο ο Ιωαννης, απασι λε-**Γων, εΓω μεν ύδατι βαπτιζ**ω ύμας, ερχετάι δε ο ισχυροτερος μου, ου ουκ ειμι ίκανος λυσαι τον ίμαντα των ύποδηματων αυτου: αυτος ύμας βαπτισει εν πνευματι άςιω, 17 אמן שטףו- טע דם שדטטע בעדון χειρι αυτου, και διακαθαριει την άλωνα άυτου, και συναξει τον σιτον εις την αποθηκην αυτου, το δε αχυρον

κατακαυσει πυρι ασβεστω.

then, which does not produce good fruit, shall be hewn down, and cast into the fire.

Upon which the people 10 asked bim, what then shall we do? be answered them 11 let bim that bath two coats give one to him that hath none; and let him that has plenty of provisions act in like manner. the Publicans 12 likewise came to be baptized, and said to him, master, bow are we to act? exact, 13 faid be, no more than what the law requires. the foi- 14 diers too made the same demand, bow are we to aft? be answer'd them, injure no man either by violence or by fraud, and be content with your pay.

As the people were in suf- 15 pence, every man imagining in bis own mind that John might be the Messiah; be 16 address d himself to them all, saying, I indeed baptize you with water; but there is one coming, who is superiour to me, whose shoes I am unworthy to untie: he shall baptize you with the boly spirit, under the appearance of fire. and with the far 17 in bis hand be will thoroughly cleanse his floor, and will lay up the wheat in his grainery: but the chaff he will burn with inextinguish18 πολλα μεν ουν και έτερα παρακαλων ευπητελιζετο τον λα-19 ον ο δε Ηρωδης ο τετραρχης, ελεγχομένος ύπ' αυτου περι Ηρωδιαδος της γυναικός Φιλιππου του αδέλφου αυτου»

και περι παντων ών εποιησε 20 πονηρων ο Ηςωδης, προσεθηκε και τουτο επι πασι, και κατεκλεισε τον Ιωαννην εν τη

φυλακη.

21 ΕΓΕΥΕΤΟ δε ΕΥ Τῷ βαπτισθηναι ἀπαντα τον λαον, και Ιπσου βαπτισθεντος, και προσευχομενου, ανεώχθηναι τον 22 ουρανον, και καταβηναι το πνευμα το άΓιον σωματικώ ειδει, ώσει περιστεραν, επ αυτον, και φωνην εξ ουρανου Γενεσθαι, λεγουσαν, συ ει ο υιος μου ο αγαπητος, εν σοι

ηυδοκησα· Και αυτος ην ο Ιησους ώσει ετων τριακοντα αρχομενος, ων ώς ενομίζετο ύιος Ιωσηφ, 24 του Ηλι, του Ματθατ, του Λευι, Του Μελχι, Του Ιαγνα, 25 του Ιωσηφ, του Ματταθιου, του Αμως, του Ναουμ, του 26 Εσλι, του Ναςται, του Μααθ, του Ματταθιου, του Σεμει, του Ιωσηφ, του Ιου-27 δα, του Ιωαννα, του Ρησα, του Ζοροβαβελ, του Σαλα-28 θιηλ, του Νηρι, του Μελχι, του Αδδί, του Κωσαμ, του 29 Ελμωδαμ, του Ης, του Ιωση, του Ελιέζερ, του Ιωρειμ, able fire. many other things 18 be delivered to the people in his exhortations. but having 19 reproved Herod the tetrarch upon account of Herodias, the wife of his brother Philip, and for all the mischiefs that Herod had done; to com-20 pleat all the rest, Herod confin d John in prison.

When all the people were 21 baptizing, Jesus was like-wise baptized, and whilst he was praying, the clouds opened, and the holy spirit de-22 scended upon him in a corporeal form like a dove. and a voice came from heaven, which said, thou art my beloved son, in thee I am well pleased.

Jesus was then about thir- 23 ty years of age, being, as was supposed, the son of Joseph, son of Heli, son of 24 Matthat, son of Levi, son of Melchi, son of Janna, son of Joseph, son of Matta-25 thias, son of Amos, son of Naum, fon of Esti, son of Nagge, son of Maath, son 26 of Mattathias, son of Semi, son of Joseph, son of Juda, son of Joanna, son of Rhesa, 27 son of Zorobabel, son ef Salathiel, fon of Neri, fon 28 of Melchi, son of Addi, son of Cosam, son of Elmodam, fon of Er, son of Jose, son of 29 E e 2 Elie20του Ματθατ, του Δευι, του Συμεων, του Ιουδα, του Ιωσηφ, του Ιωνάν, του Ελιά-2 I KELLS, TOU MENEA, TOU MAUVAY, του Ματταθα, του Ναθαν, 22 του Δαβιδ, του Ιεσσαι, του Ωβηδ. του Bool, του Σαλ-33μων, του Ναασσων, του Αμιναδαβ, του Αταμ, του Εσρωμ, του Φαρες, του Ι-34 ουδα, του Ιακωβ, του Ισαακ, του Αβρααμ, του Θα-35ρα, του Ναχώρ, του Σαρουχ, του Ραγαυ, του Φαλεκ, του Εβερ, του Σαλα; 36 του Καιναν, του Αρφαξαδ, του Σημ, του Νωε, του 37 Λαμέχ, του Μαθουσαλα, του Ενωχ, του Ιαςεδ, του 38 Μαλελεπλ, Του Καιναν, Του Ever, Tou $\Sigma n\theta$, Tou $A \partial \alpha \mu$, TOU GEOU.

1 Ιπσους δε πνευματος άτου πληρης ύπεστρεψεν απο του Ιορδανου, και ηςετο εν τφ 2 πνευματι εις την ερημον ήμερας τεσσαρακοντα πειραζομενος ύπο του διαβολου, και ουκ εφαςεν ουδεν εν ταις ήμερακ εκειναις, και συντελεσθεισων αυτων, ύστερον επεινασων αυτων, ύστερον επεινασως, ει ύιος ει του Θεου, ειπε τω λιθω τουτω ίνα ςενηται 4 αρτος και απεκριθη Ιπσους προς αυτο; λεςων, γεςραπται

Eliezer, son of Jorim, son of Matthat, fon of Levi, fon of Simeon, son of Juda, 30 son of Joseph, son of Jonan, son of Eliakim, son of Melea, 31 son of Menan, son of Mattatha, son of Nathan, son of David, son of Jesse, son of 32 Obed, son of Booz, son of Salmon, son of Naasson, son 23 of Aminadab, fon of Aram, fon of Efrom, jon of Phares, son of Juda, son of Jacob, 34 fon of Isaac, fon of Abraham, son of Thara, son of Nachor. fon of Saruch, son of Ragau, 25 son of Phalec, jon of Heber, fon of Sala, fon of Cainan, 36 Son of Arpbaxad, son of Sem, fon of Noe, son of Lamech, fon of Mathufala, fon of 37 Enoch, fon of Jared, son of Malelcel, fon of Cainan, fon 38 of Enos, fon of Seth, son of Adam, the fon of God.

Now Jesus being full of the 1 boly spirit, return'd from Jordan, and was led by the spirit into the defart, being forty days tempted by the devil, without eating any thing all that while: but that time expired, be at last was seiz'd with hunger. then 3 the devil said to bim; if you are the son of God, command this stone to become bread. but Jesus answered 4 bim, it is written*, " man " Ball

* Deut. viii. 3.

דמו, " סדו סטוג בה מסדש עם-" νω ζησεται ο ανθρωπος, " αλλ' επι παντι βηματι 5 " Θεου" και αναγαγων αυτον ο διαβολος, εις ορος υντηλον, εδειξεν αυτω πασας τας βασιλειας της οικουμένης εν δ στιγμή χρονου: και ειπεν αυτω ο διαβολος, σοι δωσω Την εξουσιαν Ταυτην απασαν, και την δοξαν αυτων, ύτι εμοι παραδεδοται, και ώ εαν θελω, διδωμι αυτην. 7 συ ουν εαν προσκυνησης ενωπιου μου, εσται σου παντα-8 και αποκριθεις αυτώ, ειπεν ο Indous, respontation "Troot-" κυνησεις κυριον τον Θεον " σου, και αυτώ μονώ λα-9 " דףפטספוני" אמו חדמופי מטτον εις Ιερουσάλημ, και εσ-Τησεν αυτον επι το πτερυγιον TOU IECOU, KAI ELTEV AUTW, EL ο ύιος ει του Θεου, βαλε σε-LO QUTON ENTEUBEN KATWS TE-דףמחדמו דמף, " סדו דסוג מך-" Γελοις αυτου εντελειται περι σους του διαφυλαξαι 11" σε, και ότι επι χειρων α-" τουσι σες μηποτε προσκο-" ψης προς λιθον τον ποδα 12 " σου" και αποκριθεις, ειπεν αυτω ο Ιπσους, ότι ειρη-דמו, " סטא באתבובמסבוכ אט-13" ριον τον Θεον σου." συντελεσας παντα πειρασμον ο διαβολος, απεστη απ' αυτου αχρι καιρου.

" shall not live by bread a-" lone, but by every thing " that God appoints." then g the devil took bim to the top of a bigh mountain, and in an instant represented to bim all the kingdoms of the world. all this power, faid be, will 6 I give thee, and the glory of them: for they are at my disposal, and where I please, I bestow them. if therefore 7 you will worship me, they shall be all your own. but Jesus answered him, avant, satan, for it is written,* " thou shalt worship the " Lord thy God, and him " only shalt thou serve." next, the devil brought bim 9 to ferusalem, and setting bim on the battlements of the temple, said to bim, if you be the son of God, throw your self down from this beight, for it is written, + 10 " be shall charge bis angels " to watch for your prefer-" vation: and they shall 11 " bear you up in their hands, " for fear your foot should " bit against a stone." but 12 Jesus replied, it is said, | ce thou shalt not tempt the " Lord thy God." and 12 when the whole temptation was ended, the devil left bim for a time.

Και † Pial. xci. 11. Jesus Deut.vi. 16.

14 Kai vates toewey o Indoug εν τη δυναμεί του πνευματος εις την Γαλιλαιαν, και φημη EENADE KARO DATIC THE TEPIXW-I 5 POU TEPL AUTOU-KALL AUTOS soloanker er Tak Ourafwrak αυτων δοξαζομενος ύπο παν-16TWY KAI MABEY EIG THE NAζαρετ, ου πν τεθραμμενος. KAI ELOTADE KATA TO ELWHOS αυτω, εν τη ήμερα των σαβ-BATWY, EK THY GUNACUCTHY 17 KAL AYEST'N AYATVWYAL. KAL επεδοθη αυτω βιβλιον Ησαιου Του προφητου, και αναπτύ-EACTO BIBALOVS EUDE TON TO-" HO KUPLOW ET EUE, OU EVE-" KEN EXPLOSE HES EVERTENT " σασθαι πτωχοις απεσ-" TANKE MES LAGRADAL TOUG • очтетришеной тих кар-1946 διαν, κπρυξαι αιχμανω-" τοκ αφεσιν, και τυφλοις " αναβλεψιν, αποστειλαι " TEOPATUO HEVOUS EN AGEOEIS. " κηρυξαι ενιαυτον κυριου 20" δεκτον" και πτυξας το .βιβλιον, αποδούς τω ύπηρε− τη εκαθισε, και παντων εν τη συναζωτη δι οφθαλμοι η-21 GAR ATENICOPTER AUTW- 110-ECTO DE REFEIR TROC CENTOUS, ότι σημερού πεπληρωται ή , γραφη άυτη εν τοις ωσιν ύμων.

22 Και παντες εμαρτυρουν αυτω, και εθαυμάζον επι τοις

Felus return'd by the in- 14 fluence of the spirit into Galilee, where his fame quickly spread over all the country: for be preach'd in their 19-15 nagogues with universal applause. being come to Na-16 zareth, where he had been brought up; according to bis custom, be went into the synagogue on the sabbath-day, and standing up to read, they 17 delivered to bim the book of the prophet Esaias, and upon opening the book, that passage occurr'd, where it is written,* " the spirit of the 18 " Lord is upon me, because " be bath anointed me to " preach the gospel to the " poor, be bath sent me to " beal the broken bearted. " to preach deliverance to 10 " the captives, and reco-" very of fight to the blind, " to set at liberty them that " are bruised to proclaim " the favourable year of the "Lord." then he closed 20 the book, and returning it to the minister, he fat down: and as the eyes of the whole synagogue were fix'd with attention upon bim, be under-21 took to show them, how the passage they bad beard, was actually then accomplished.

They all applauded bim, 22 and were surprized, that

ROPOIS THE XAPITOS, TOIS EKπορευσμένοις εκ Του στοματος מעדטי, אמו באברסי, סעא סער 23 TOS EOTIV O VIOS IWOMP ? KAI ειπε προς αυτους, παντώς ερειτε μοι την παραβολην таитии, " гатре, веражей-" σον σεαυτον, όσα πκου-" σαμεν Γενομενα εν Τη Κα-" πεοναουμ, ποιπσον και ώδε 24" εν τη πατριδι σου." πε δε, αμπν λεγω ύμιν, ότι ουδεις προφητής δεκτος εστιν 25 εν τη πατριδι άυτου· επ' αληθείας δε λεγω ύμιν, πολλαι χήραι ησαν εν Ταις ήμεραις HALOU EY TW I TOPATAL OTE EKλεισθη ο ουράνος επι ετη Τριά και μηνας έξ, ώς εγενετο λιμος μεγας επι πασαν την την. 26 και προς ουδεμιαν αυτών επεμφθη Ηλιας ει μη εις Σαρεπτα της Σιδωνος, προς τυ-27 ναικά χηράν. και πολλοι λεπροι ησαν επι Ελισσαιου του προφητού εν τω Ισραπλο και ουδεις αυτων εκαθαρισθη, 28ει μη Νεεμαν ο Συρος και επλησθησαν παντες θυμου εν τη συναγωγη, ακουοντες ταυ-29 τα. και ανασταυτες εξεβαλον αυτονεξω της πολεως, και ηγαγον αυτον έως της οφευος του ορους, εφ ου ή πολις αυτων ωκοδομητο, εις το κα-30 τακεπμνισαι αυτον- αυτος δε διελθων δια μεσου αυτων, ETTOPEVETO.

31 Και κατηλθέν εις Καπερναουμ πολιντης Γαλιλαιας,

Ka:

what he faid, was delivered with so much grace. but they objected, is not this the son of Joseph? upon which 23 be said, no doubt you will urge me with this proverby " physician beal thy self. " what we have heard you " perform'd in Capernaum, " do likewise bere in your " own country." but in 24. truth, added be, no prophet was ever well received in bis own country. I affure 25 you, though there were many widows in Israel, when the beaven had furnished no rain for three years and a half. and a great famine spread through all the land: yet to 26 none of them was Elias fent, except to one widow in Sarepla, a city of Siden. and 27 there were many lepers in the time of Elisha the prophet: yet none of them obtain'd a cure, except Naaman the Syrian. upon bearing this, 28 the whole synagogue were incenfed against bim. and 29 breaking up the affembly, they drove him out of the. city, to the precipice of the hill, upon which it was built, in order to throw him headlong down, but he pass'd 30 thro' the midst of them and went away.

At length he went to Ca-31 pernaum, a city of Galilee,

και τη διδασκων αυτους εν 32 τοκ σαββασι. KOZI EŽEπλησσοντο επι τη διδαχη מעדסט, סדו בא בצַסטסומ אין ס 33 horoc autou. Kal EV Th ouναζωζη την αυθρωπος εχων πνευμά δαιμονιου ακαθαρτου. και ανεκραξε φωνή μεγαλή, 34 refer, ea, Ti nuiv kai ooi Inou Nalaphye? nabec aπολεσαι ήμας? οιδα σε τις 35 EL O ATLOS TOU GEOU- KALEπετιμησεν αυτω ο Ιησους. λειων, φιμωθητι, και εξελθε εξ αυτου. και ρίψαν αυτον Το δαιμονιον εις το μεσον, εξηλθεν απ' αυτου, μηδεν 36 Braway autov. Kai ELEVETO θαμβος επι παντας, και συνελαλουν ποος αλχηλους, λε-**ΓΟντ**ες, Τις ο λογος ουτος, ότι εν εξουσια και δυναμει επι-Τασσει τοις ακαθαρτοις πνευ-37 μασι, και εξερχονται ? και ELEMODEUETO TIXOS TECH CUTOU εις παντα τοπον της περιχωρου-

38 Αναστας δε εκ της συναrwing, Elonaben Elg Thu Olkian Σιμωνος, ή πευθερα δε του Σιμωνος πν συνεχομενη πυρετω μεγαλω, και πρωτησαν 39 αυτον περι αυτης. και ε-TIOTAS ETAYW AUTHS, ETETIμπσε τω πυρετώ, και αφηκέν αυτην. παραχρημα δε αναστασα διπκονει αυτοις.

and taught them on the fabbath-days. and they were 32 astonished at his doctrine, for be spoke with authority. now there was in the syna-33 gogue a man possess'd with the spirit of an impure demon, who roar'd out in these words, let us alone; 34 what business have you with us, Jesus of Nazareth ! are you come to destroy us? I know who you are; the faint of God. but Jesus rebuk'd 35 bim, saying, be dumb, and come out of him. upon which the demon threw him down in the midst of the assembly. and came out, without doing bim any barm. and 36 they were all amazed, and said to one another, what's the meaning of this? with authority and power he commands the impura spirits, and they come out! and his 37 fame spread through all the neighbouring country.

When Jejus came out of 38 the synagogue, he went to Simon's boule, whose mother-in-law was seized with a violent fever, and they defired bim to relieve ber. so approaching near her, he 20 order'd the fever to leave ber, and it left ber. upon which she immediately arose, and svaited upon them at

table.

40 Δυνοντος δε του πλιους παντες όσοι ειχον ασθενουντας νοσοις ποικιλαις, πραρον αυτους προς αυτόν, ο δε ένι εκαστω αυτων τας χειρας επιθεις, εθεραπευσεν αυτους.
41 εξηρχετο δε και δαιμονια απο πολλων, κραζοντα και λεροντα, ότι συ ει ό Χριστος

ό ύιος του Θεου· και επιτιμών ουκ εια αυτα, λαλειν, ότι ηδεισαν τον Χριστον αυτον ειναι-

42 Γενομενης δε ήμερας εξελθων επορευθη εις ερημού τοπον, και οι οχλοι εζητουν αυτον, και πλθον έως αυτου και κατειχον αυτον του μη

43 πορευεσθαι απ' αυτων ό δε ειπε προς αυτους, ότι και ταις ετεραις πολεσιν ευαγγελισασθαι με δει την βασιλείαν του Θεου, ότι εις του-

44 Το απεσταλμαι- και πν κηρυσσων εν ταις συναγωγαις της Γαλιλαιας-

Ε Ε Ε ΣΕ ΣΕ ΣΕ ΤΟ ΤΟ ΣΟΝΟΥ Επικεισθαι αυτώ του ακουειν τον λορον του Θεου, και αυτός πυ λιμένην εστως παρά την λιμένην Ε εννησάρετ και ειδε δυο πλοια εστωτα παρά την λιμνην: οι δε άλιεις αποβάντες απ΄ αυτών, απεπλυνάν

3 τα δίκτυα· εμβας δε εις εν των πλοιων ο πν του Σιμωνος, πρωτποεν αυτον απο της γης επαναγαγείν ολίγονκαι καθισας εδίδασκεν εκ του πλοιου τους οχλους. As soon as the sun was 40 set, all sorts of diseased persons were brought before him
by their friends, and he healed them all, by laying his
hands upon them. many were 41
disposses d of the demons,
who cried aloud, you are the
Messiah, the son of God. but
he rebuked them, and would
not suffer them to declare,
that they knew him to be the
Messiah:

When it was day, he re-42 tired into a defart place, where the people searching for him, found him out, and as they earnestly press'd him not to leave them, he said 43 to them, I must likewise proclaim the kingdom of God in other cities; for to that end am I sent. according-44 by he went preaching in the synagogues through all Galilee.

One day, as the people to press daster him to hear his divine preaching, he came near the lake of Gennesereth; where he saw two vessels 2 lying near shore: but the sishermen were gone that of them, and were washing their nets. he went there- 3 fore aboard one of the vessels, which was Simon's, and desired him to hear away a little from land, then he sat down, and preached F f

4 WE SE ET AUGUTO NANWY LITE προς τον Σιμώνα, επαναγαγε εκ το βαθος, και χαλασατε τα δικτυα ύμων εις αγραν. ς και αποκριθεις ο Σιμων, ειπεν αυτω, επιστατα, δι όλης THE VUKTOS KOTICATAVTES, OUδεν ελαβομεν, επι δε τω όπματι σου χαλασω το δίκτυον. 6 KAL TOUTO TOINGAVTES, OUνεκλεισαν ιχθυων πληθος πο-AU. διεροηγυτο δε το δικ-7 TUON AUTWY. KAI KATEVEUσαν Τοις μετοχοις Τοις εν τω έτερω πλοιω, του ελθοντας συλλαβεσθαι αυτοκο KAI NABOY KAI ETANGAT AU-Φοτερά τα πλοιά, ώστε βυ-8 θιζεσθαι αυτα. Ιδων δε Σιμων Πετρος, προσεπεσε τοις γονασι του Ιπσου, λεγων, εξελθε απ' εμους ότι ανηρ 9 αμαρτωλος ειμι. Κυριε: θαμ-BOS TOP TEPLETKEN AUTON KAL παντας τους συν αυτώ, επι τη αιρα των ιχθυων ή συ-10 γελαβον. ομοιως δε και Ιακωβον και Ιωαννηνο ύιους Ζεβεδαιου, οι πσαν κοινωνοι τω Σιμώνι και είπε προς Τον Σιμωνα-ο Ιπσους: μη φοβους απο του νυν ανθρωπους εση 11 ζωτρων. και καταγαγοντές דמ את סומ באון דחץ רחץ, מφεντες απαντα, ηκολούθη-GAN AUTO.

12 Και εγενετο εν τω ειναι αυτον εν μια των πολεων, και ιδου ανηρ πληρης λεπρας, και ιδων τον Ιησουν, πεσων επι

Ato-

to the people from the ship. baving finished his sermon, 4 be faid to Simon, row into deep water, and throw out your nets for a draught. master, said Simon, we have 5 toil a all the night, without any prize: however, fince you give the word, I will throw the net. which being 6 done, they enclosed such a multitude of fish, the net began to break: so they made 7 a signal to their partners in the other ship to come and belp them. accordingly they came, and loaded both the boats so with fish that they began to fink. at fight of 8 this, Simon Peter fell on bis knees before Fesus, and said, Lord, withdraw from such a sinful man as I: for 9 be, and all the company were frightned at the draught of fish they had taken: was fames too, and John. the sons of Zebedee, both partners with Simon. but Jesus said to Simon, be not afraid; for the future you shall fish for men. then I i having brought their boats to shore, they left every thing, and followed bim.

As he was going to one of 12 the cities in that country, a man cover'd all over with leprofy happen'd to meet Jesus,

מרססשאסט בלבחלח מעדים , retwy, Kupie, Ean Beane, Su-12 vagai με καθαρίσαι. και EKTELYAS THY XELPA, HWATO αυτου, είπων, θελώ, καθαρισθητι· και ευθεως ή λεπρα ι 4 απηλθεν απ' αυτου. και αυτος παρηγείλεν αυτώ μηδενι ειπειν, αλλα απελθων δείξον σεαυτον τω ίερει. και προσενετκε περι του καθαρισμου σου, καθως προσεταξε Μωσης, είς μαρτυρίον αυ-15 TOICE SIMPXETO DE MANDON O λογος περι αυτους και συνηρ-ΧΟΥΤΟ ΟΧΙΛΟΙ ΠΟΙΙΛΟΙ ΑΚΟυείνο και θεςαπευεσθαι ύπ' αύτου απο των ασθενειών αυτών. 16 αυτός δε πν υποχωρών εν TAIL EPHHOIS, KAI TPOOTEUXO-MENOC.

Kat efevero ev matwy nμερων και αυτος ην διδασκων, και πσαν καθημενοι Φαρισαιοι και νομοδιδασκαλοι, οι ησαν εληλυθοτες εκ πασης κωμης της Γαλιλαιας, και Ιουδαιάς, και Ιερουσαλπμ, και δυναμις κυριου την εις Το 18 ιασθαι αυτούς. και ιδού, andres perontes ett kalvns avθρωπον ός ην παραλελυμένος, KAI ELITTOUN AUTON ELGENETκειν, και θειναι ενωπιον αυ-19 TOU. KAI UN EUPOVTES TOLAS εισενεγκωσιν αυτον, δια τον οχλον, αναβαντες επι το δωμα, δια των κεραμων καθηκαν αυτον συν τω κλινιδίω

Felus, and profirating bimself before bim, thus address d bim, Lord, if you will, you can cure me. then 13 Fefus stretch'd out his band. and touched him, faying, I will; be ibou cured. and immediately the leprosy disappeard: and he charg d14 bim not to tell any man: but go, faid be, present your self to the priest, and offer what the law requires for your purification that it may be an evidence to them. in 15 the mean time Bis fame spread so much the more, and a vust multitude flock'd to bear him, and to be cured of their diseases, so that he 16 retired into places of solitude, for the convenience of prayer.

At another time, as be 17 was teaching, it happened that some Pharisees, and doctors of the law were fitting by, who came from the several towns of Galilee and Judea, and from Jerusalem: when the power of the Lord appeared in their relief. for 18 instance, they brought a man in his bed lying fick of the palfy: and try'd to bring bim directly into his presence. but when they found it im-19 practicable to bring bim in through the crowd, they went up the gallery to the leads, and let him down

 $\mathbf{F} \mathbf{f} \mathbf{2}$ through

εις το μεσον εμπροσθέν του 20 Ιπσου- και ιδων Την πιστιν αυτων, ειπεν αυτφ, ανθρωπε. αφεωνται σοι αι αμαρτιαι 21 σου και πρέαντο διαλος:ζεσθαι δι Γραμματεις και δι Φαρισαιοι λεγοντές, τις έστιν ουτος ος λαλει βλασφημιας? Τις δυναται αφιεναι άμαρτιας ει μη μονος ο Θεος ? 22 επιγους δε ο Ιπσους Τους διαλογισμούς αυτών, αποκριθείς ELTE TOOK AUTOUS, TI DIANOri LEOBE EN TAIS KAPPIAIS VILWY? 23 TI ECTIV EUKOTOTEPOV, ELTELVS αφεωνται σοι αι αμαρτιαι σου, η ειπείν, εγειραί και πε-24 ριπατεί? ινα δε ειδητε ότι έξουσιαν εχει ο ύιος του ανθρωπου επι της της αφιεναι άμαρτιας, είπε τω παράλελυμένώ. σοι λείω, εξειραί, και αρας το κλινιδίου σου, 2 5 TOPEUOU EIG TOY OIKON TOU- KAI παραχρημα αναστας ενωπιον αυτων, αρας εφ ώκατε-KELTO, ATTINDEN ELL TON OLKON άυτου, δοξαζων τον Θεου. 26 και εκστασις ελαβεν άπαντας, και εδοξαζον τον Θεον, και επλησθησαν φοβου, λεγοντες, ότι ειδομεν παραδοξα onuecov.

27 Και μετα ταυτα εξηλθε, και εθεασατο τελωνην όνοματι Λευιν, καθημένον επι το Τελωνιον, και είπεν αυτώ, 28 ακολουθει μοι και καταλιπών άπαντα, αναστας ηκολου-

through the ceiling in his bed among the company, where Jesus was, who perceiving 20 their faith, said to him, O! man, your sins are forgiven you. upon which the Scribes 21 and Pharifees objected among themselves, saying, what a man is this to blaspheme thus? who can forgive fins but God alone?" but Jesus 22 perceiving their reflexions. said to them, what do you mean by fuch insinuations? which is eafier, to fay, your 23 fins are forgiven you, or to say, rise up, and walk? but that ye may know, that 24 the son of man bath power to forgive fins, rife, faid be, to the paralytick, 'tis I command you, take up your bed, and go bome. imme-25 diately be started up before them all, took up the bed, where he lay, and went bome, glorifying God. this they were all seized with astonishmeni, and gave thanks to God, crying out with great reverence, what a wonderful instance of power bave we seen this day!

After this Jesus lest the 27 place, and seeing a publican named Levi, sitting at the custom-house, he said to him, follow me. immedi-28 ately he rose up, lest all his affairs, and became his dis-

cifle.

20 Onder autw. Kat Enother doχην μεταλην ο Δευις αυτω εν τη οικια άυτου, και ην οχλος ΤΕΛωνων πολυς, και αλλών οι πσαν μετ' αυτων κατα-30 KELHEVOL- KAL EFOFTULOV OL Γραμματεις αυτών και οι Φαρισαιοί προς τους μαθητας αυτου, λειοντες, διατι μετα Τελωνων και αμαρτωλων εσ-31 BLETE KAL TIVETE? KAL ATOκριθεις ό Ιπσους, ειπε πρός αυ-דים לי סט אףנומי פאסטסניי לי ט-[IMIVOVTES IMTOOU, AND OI KA-32 KWG EXOVTEG OUK ENTRUBA καλεσαι δικαιους, αλλα ά-

33 Οι δε ειπον προς αυτον, διατι α μαθηται Ιωαννου υποτευουσι πυκνα, και δεησεις ποιουνται, όμοιως και δι των Φαρισαιων, δι δε σοι εσ-34 θιουσι και πινουσιν? ό δε ειπε προς αυτους, μη δυνασθε τους ύιους του νυμφωνος, εν ώ δ νυμφιος μετ' αυτων εστι, 35 ποιησαι νηστευειν? ελευσονται δε ήμεραι και όταν απαρθη απ' αυτων ο νυμφιος, τοτε νηστευσουσιν εν εκειναις

μαρτωλους εις μετανοιαν.

36 ΕλεΓε δε και παραβολην προς αυτους, ότι ουδεις επιβλημα ίματιου καινου επιβαλλει επι ίματιον παλαιονς ει δε μηγες και το καινον σχιξεις και τω παλαιω ου συμφωνει (επιβλημα) το απο του 37 καινου και ουδεις βαλλει οι-

Ταις ήμεραις.

ciple. Levi baving prepa-20 red a bandsom entertainment in his own bouse for him, a great number of publicans. and others, were likewise at table. but the Scribes and 30 Pharisees of that place reproach'd bis disciples, and said, suby do ye eat and drink with publicans and scandalous people? but Je-31 sus replied, they that are in bealth don't want a physician: but they that are fick. I came not to call faints, 32 but sinners to repentance.

Then they ask'd bim, bow 33 comes it that John's disciples, and likewise those of the Pharisees, are frequently fasting and praying, while yours are employed in eating and drinking? to which 34 be answered, would you have the bridemen fast, while the bridegroom is with them? bowever, the time will come, 35 when the bridegroom shall be taken away from them, and then they will have occasions enow of fasting.

Besides, he applied this 36 similitude to them: no man, said he, puts a piece of new cloth upon an old coat: if he does, the new will strain the old, and they will by no means suit one another, nor 37 will any one put new wine

νον νεον εις ασκούς παλαιους, ει δε μηςε, ρηξει ο νεος οινος τους ασκους, και αυτος εκχυθησεται, και οι ασκοι απ38 πολουνται. αλλα οινον νεον εις ασκους καινους βλητεον, και αμφοτεροι συντηρουνται. 39 και ουδεις πιων παλαιον, ευθεως θελει νεον, λεςει ςαρ, " ο παλαιος χρηστοτερος εστιμ³²

cc Tiv. Εγενετο δε εν σαββατω δευτεροπρωτω διαπορευεσθαι αυτον δια των σποριμών, και ετιλλον οι μαθηται αυ-TOU TOUS OTAXUAS, KAL NO-PLOYS YWXOVTES TAIS XEPOI-2 Τινεί δε των Φαρισαίων είπον CUTOIS TI TOIRITE O OUR EEEDτι ποιείν εν τοις σαββασι? 3 και αποκριθεις προς αυτους ειπεν ο Ιπσους, ουδε τουτο ανείνωτε ο εποιπσε Δαβιδ, ONOTE EXELUACEN AUTOS, KAL 4 out autou ovtes? we el-OTTABLY ELL TOV OLKOY TOU GEOUS και τους αρτους της προθεσεως ελαβε, και εφαγε, και εδωκε, και τοκ μετ' αυτου, ους συκ εξεστι φατειν ει μπ 5 μονους τους ίερεις ? και ελε-**Γεν αυτοις, ότι κυριος εστιν ό** ύιος του ανθρωπου και του σαββατου.

into old skins: if they do, the new wine will burst the skins, and wine and skins be all lost. but new wine must 38 be put into new skins, and both will be preserved. so 39 no-body that has been drinking old wine, will immediately call for new: for 'tis bis maxim, "the old is "best."

On * the second-prime sab- T bath, as fesus was passing through the corn-fields, his disciples bappen'd to pluck the ears, and rubbing out the corn with their hands began to eat. upon which 2 some of the Pharisees said to them, why do you do what is not allowed to be done on the sabbath-day? but Je- 3 sus replied, bave you never read what David did, when be and bis company were presid with bunger? bow be went into the court of the tabernacle, took and eat the shew-bread, and distributed it likewise to the company, which the law allowed the priests only to eat? the fon of man, said be, 5 may dispense even with the Sabbath.

E-

On

^{*} The first day of the paschal-feast falling on a sabbath, was the sirstprime sabbath; the day of Pentecost so falling was the second-prime sabbath.

Eseveto de kazi en etendo σαββατω εισελθειν αυτον εις την συναζωτην, και διδασ-KEIV, KAI NV EKEL ABUPWHOGS KAI n XEID AUTOU n DELIA m 7 ξηρα. παρετηρουν δε (αυτον) οι Γραμματεις και οι Φαρισαιοι ει εν τω σαββατω θεραπευσει, ίνα ευρωσι κατη-8 ropian autou- autoc de noei TOUG διαλογισμούς αυτών, και ειπε τω ανθρωπω τω ξηραν ε-XOVTI THY XEIPAS EFEIPAL, KAL στηθι εις το μεσον. ό δε α-O VACTAL ECTIV ELTEV OUV O Ιπσους προς αυτους, επερωτησω ύμας τις εξεστι τοις σαββασιν αγαθοποιησαι, η κακοποιησαι? Ψυχην σωσαι, 10 η απολεσαι ? και πεοιβλε-WALEVOX HAVTAS AUTOUS ELπε τω ανθρωπω, εκτεινον την χειρα σου ο δε εποιπσεν ουτω, και αποκατεσταθη ή 11 χειρ αυτου ώς ή αλλη. αυτοι δε επλησθησαν ανοιας. και διελαλουν προς αλληλους. τι αν ποιησειαν τω Ιησου-

12 ΕΓΕΝΕΤΟ δε εν Ταις ημεραις Ταυταις, εξπλθεν εις το ορος προσευξασθαι και ην διανυκτερευων εν τη προσευχή Του 13 Θεου- και ότε εΓενετο ήμερα, πορσεφωνήσε τους μαθητάς άυτου, και εκλεξαμένος απ αυτων δωδεκα, όυς και αποστολους

On another sabbath-day 6 it happen'd, that he went into the synagogue to preach. where a man was present, who had the palfy in his right hand. now the Scribes 7 and Pharifees were upon the watch to see if he would work a cure upon the sabbath-day, and so bave matter of accusation against him. but as be knew their thoughts. 8 be said to the man, whose band was paralytic, rife up. and stand there in the middle. and be arose, and stood before him. then said Jesus to 9 them, I will ask you one question, which is the most allowable on the sabbath-day, to do good, or to neglett it? to save a man's life, or to let him perish? then casting in bis eyes round the company, be said to the man stretch out your band. and be did so: and that hand was as found as the other. where-12 upon they fell into a rage. and consulted together, what measures to take against Jefus.

About that time, Jesus re-12 tired to a mountain to pray, and spent the whole night in an oratory. when it was 13 day, he called his disciples: and of them he chose twelve, whom he stiled missionarys:

14ποστολους ωνομασε, Σιμωνα, όν και ωνομασε Πετρον, και Ανδρεαν του αδελφον αυτου, Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην, Φιλιππον και Βαρθολομαιον, 15 Ματθαιον και Θωμαν, Ιακώβον του Αλφαιου, και Σιμωνα τον καλουμενον Ζε-

16 λωτην, Ιουδαν Ιακωβου, και Ιουδαν Ισκαριωτην, ός και εγενετο προδοτης.

17 Και καταβας μετ' αυτωνς εστη επι τοπου πεδινους και οχλος μαθητων αυτους και πληθος πολυ σου λαου απο πασης της Ιουδαιας και Ιερουσαλημες και Σιδωνος, οι ηλθον ακουσαι αυτους και ιαθηναι απο των νοσων αυ-18 των και οι οχλουμενοι ύπο πνευματων ακαθαρτωνς και 19 εθεραπευοντος και πας ο οχλος εξητει απτεσθαι αυτους ότι δυναμις παρ' αυτου εξηρχετος και ιατο παντας.

20 Και αυτος επαρας τους οφθαλμους άυτου εις τους μαθητας άυτου, ελεγε, μαχαριοι δι πτωχοι, ότι ύμετερα εστιν ή βασιλεια του Θεου. 21 μακαριοι δι πεινωντες νυν, ότι χορτασθησεσθε- μακαριοι δι κλαιοντες νυν, ότε γελασετε. 22 μακαριοι εστε όταν μισησωσιν ύμας δι ανθρωποι, και όταν αφορισωσιν ύμας, και ονειδισωσι, και εκβαλωσι το Simon, (to whom he gave 14 the name of Peter) and Andrew his brother, James and John, Philip and Bartholomew, Matthew and 15 Thomas, James the son of Alpheus, and Simon surnamed the Zelot, Jude the 16 brother of James, and Judas Iscariot, who provid the traitor.

At length be came down 17 the bill with them, and stayed with the rest of his disciples in the plain, where a great multitude of people from all Judea, from Jerusalem, and the maritime country of Tyre and Sidon, came to bear bim, and to bave their diseases cured. many that were tormented 18 by evil spirits came likewise, and were cured. so that all 19 the people strove to touch bim: for a divine virtue flowed from bim, which bealed them all.

Then directing bimfelf to 20 bis disciples, be said, blessed are ye, that are poor: sor the divine kingdom is yours. blessed are ye that bunger 21 now: for ye shall be satisfied. blessed are ye that weep now: for ye shall find matter of mirth. blessed 22 are you, when men shall bate you, discard you, reproach you, and treat you

ονουα ύμων ώς ποπηρονς ένεκα του ύιου του ανθρωπου23 χαρητε εν εκεινή τη ήμερα και
σκιρτησατες ιδου γαρ ό μισθος ύμων πολυς εν τω ουρανώς
κατα ταυτα γαρ εποιούν τοις
προφηταις οι πατερες αυ-

24 Πλην ουαι ύμιν τοις πλουσοιοις, ότι απέχετε την πα25 ρακλησιν ύμων ουαι ύμιν δι εμπεπλησμένοι, ότι πείνασετε ουαι ύμιν δι Γελωντες νυν, ότι πενθησετε και κλαυ26 σετε ουαι όταν καλως ύμας ειπωσι οι ανθρωποι, κατα ταυτα γαρ εποιούν τοις ψευδοπροφηταις οι πατέρες αυτων.

27 AAA' UMU AEFW TOK AKOUουσιν, αγαπατε τους εκθρους UMWYS KANWS TOISITE TOIS HI-28 σουσιν ύμας. Ευλογείτε τους καταρωμένους ύμιν, προσευ-**ΣΕσθε ύπε**ρ Των επηρ**ε**αζοντων 29 ύμας τω τυπτοντι σε επι Την σιαγονά, παρέχε και την αλλην, και από του αισον-TOC GOU TO LUATIONS KAL TON 30 χιτωνα μη κωλυσης. TAVTI δε τω αιτουντι σε, διδου, και απο του αιροντος τα σα, 31 μη απαιτει. και καθως θελετε ίνα ποιωσιν ύμιν όι ανθρωποι, και ύμεις ποιειτε αυ-32 τοις όμοιως. και ει αταπατε τους αγαπωντας ύμας, ποια DHIN XAPIS EGTI ? KAI FAP OL

as infamous, for your astachment to the fon of man. then you may triumph with 23 joy; fecure of being greatly, rewarded in heaven: for fuch was the treatment the prophets received from their forefathers.

But we unto you that 24 are rich: for you have received your consolation. we 25 unto you that are full: for you shall be in want. we unto you that indulge in prefent pleasure: for mourning and sorrow shall attend you. we unto you when the gene-26 rality of men shall applaud you: for so did their sore-stathers behave to the salse prophets.

But as for you, who bear 27 me, love your enemies: do good to those, who bate you: bless those, who curse you: 28 and pray for those, who maliciously abuse you. if any 29 one strike you on one cheek, present to him the other likewife: or if any one seize your cloak, furrender your coat alfo. give to all that 30 ask: and if a man takes away your goods, don't demand them again. behave 21 to others in the same manner, as you desire they would behave to you. for if you 32 only love those, who love you, where's the obligation?

άμαρτωλοι τους αταπώντας 33 αυτους αταπωσι. KAL EAY αταθοποιητε τους αταθοποιουντας ύμας? ποια ύμιν καbu Ecti? Kai pap oi auap-24 Τωλοι Το αυτο ποιουσι-EAV SAVEIL TE TAP WY EXTIζετε απολαβειν, ποια ύμιν χαρις έστι? και γαρ οι άμαρτωλοι αμαρτωλοις δανειζουσιν, ίνα απολαβωσι τα ισα. 35 πλην αγαπατε τους εχθρους ύμων, και αταθοποιείτε, και δανείζετε μηδεν απελπίζοντες και εσται ό μισθος ύμων ποπυς, και εσεσθε ύιοι του ύ-Ψιστου» ότι αυτος χρηστος ECTIVETITOUS AXAPICTOUS KAL 36 πονηρούς - Γίνεσθε ουν οίκτιομονες, καθως και ό πατηρ ύ-37 HWY OIKTIPHWY EOTI- HIT KOIνετες και ου μη κριθητές μη KATASIKALETE, KAI OU UN KAταδικασθητε, απολυετε και 38 απολυθησεσθει διδοτες και δοθησεται ύμιν, μετρον καλου, πεπιεσμένον και σελαλευμενον και υπερεκχυνομενον δωσουσιν εις Τον κολπον ύμων, τω γαρ αυτω μετρω ώ METPEITES AVTIMETONOMOTETAL

ύμυ.
39 Ειπε δε παραβολην αυτοις,
μητι δυναται τυφλος τυφλον
όδητειν ? ουχι αμφοτεροι εις
βοθυνον πεσουνται ?

40 Ουκ εστι μαθητης ύπερ τον διδασκαλον άυτου: κατηρτισμένος δε πας εσται ώς ο διδασκαλος αυτου

the very beathen return love for love. if you return one 33 kind office by another where's the obligation? the heathen themselves do as much. if 34 you lend with the expectation of gaining by it, where's the obligation? for the heathen lend to one another, for the prospect of an equivalent. but as for you, love your 35 enemies, do good, and lend without expecting any advantage from it: so shall your reward, be great, in acting like the children of the most bigh: for he is kind to the most ungrateful wretches. be ye therefore 36 merciful, as your father is merciful. don't judge others, 37 and you shall not be judged: condemn not, and you shall not be condemned : forgive, and you shall be forgiven. give and you shall receive: 38 they shall pour into your lap good measure, well pressed, beap'd up, and running over. for in the measure you deal with others, you shall be dealt with your felves.

And by way of compari-39 fon be faid to them, can the blind lead the blind without tumbling both into the ditch?

The disciple is not above 40 bis master: but every one that is perfect shall be as his master.

41 Τι δε βλεπεις το καρφος το εν τω οφθαλμώ του αδελφου σου, την δε δοκον την εν τω

ιδιώ οφθαλμώ ου κατανοεις?
42 η πως δυνασαι λεγειν τώ αδελφώ σου, αδελφε, αφες εκβαλω το καρφος το εν τώ
οφθαλμώ σου, αυτος την εν
τώ οφθαλμώ σου δοκον ου
βλεπων? υποκριτα, εκβαλε
πρωτον την δοκον εκ του οφθαλμου σου, και τοτε διαβλεψεις εκβαλειν το καρφος
το εν τώ οφθαλμώ του αδελφου σου.

43 Ου Γαρ εστι δενδρον καλον, ποιουν καρπον σαπρον, ουδε δενδρον σαπρον, ποιουν καρ-

44 πον καλον εκαστον γαρ δενδρον εκ του ιδιου καρπου γινωσκεται, ου γαρ εξ ακανθων συλλεγουσι σύκα, ουδε εκ βατου τρυγωσι σταφυλην.

45 ο αγαθος ανθρωπος εκ του αγαθου θησαυρου της καρδίας
αυτου προφερει το αγαθον»
και ο πονηρος ανθρωπος εκ του
πονηρου θησαυρου της καρδίας αυτου προφερει το πονηρον εκ γαρ του περισσευματος της καρδίας λαλει το
στομα αυτου-

46 Τι δε με καλειτε, Κυριε, Κυριε, και ου ποιειτε α λε47 [ω? πας ο ερχομενος προς με, και ακουων μου των λοΓων, και ποιων αυτους, ύποδειξω ύμιν τινι εστιν όμοιος.
48 όμοιος εστιν ανθρωπώ οικοδομουντι οικιαν, ός εσκανε και

EBOZ-

How comes it, that you 41 can see the mote in your brother's eye, and not see the beam that is in your own eye? or bow can you say 42 to your brother, brother, let me take out the mote, that is in your eye, when you your self don't discern the beam that is in your own eye? hypocrite, first remove the beam out of your own eye, and then you will see clearly to take the mote out of your brother's eye.

Certainly a good tree does 43 not produce bad fruit: nor does a bad tree produce good fruit. for every tree is known 44 by its fruit: it is not on thorns that men gather figs; nor do they gather grafes on a bramble bush. a good man 45 out of the good treasure of his heart produces what is good: and an evil man out of the evil treasure of his heart produces what is evil: for 'tis from the abundance of the heart, that the mouth speaketh.

Why do you call me Lord, 46
Lord, and do not observe
what I say? I will show 47
you, who that man is like,
who comes to me, and practises what I prescribe. he is 48
like a man who in building
a house, digg'd deep, and
Gg 2 laid

εβαθυνε, και εθηκε θεμελιού επι την πετραν, πλημμυράς δε Γενομενης, προσερρήτεν ο ποταμος τη οικία εκεινή, και ουκ ισχυσε σαλευσαι αυτην, τεθεμελιωτο γαρ επι την πε-49 τραν ο δε ακουσας και μη ποιησας, όμοιος εστιν ανθρωπω οικοδομησαντι οικιαν επι την γην χωρις θεμελιού, ή προσερρήτεν ο ποταμός, και ευθεως επεσε, και εγενετό το ρήγμα της οικιας εκεινής με-γα.

Επει δε επληρώσε παντα τα ρηματα αυτου εις τας ακοας του λαου, εισπλθεν εις 2 Καπερναουμ. εκατονταρχου DE TIVOS DOUNOS KAKUS EXWY. πμέλλε Τελευταν, ός ην αυτώ 3 εντιμος ακουσας δε περι του Ιπσου, απεστείλε προς αυτον πρεσβυτερούς των Ιουδαιων, ερωτων αυτον, όπως ελθων διασωση τον δουλον 4 άυτου οι δε παραγενομενοι προς Του Ιπσουν, παρεκαλουν αυτον σπουδαιως, λετοντες, ότι αξιος εστιν ώ παρεξη τουτο. αγαπά γαρ το εθνος ήμων, και την συναζωγην αυτος ωκοδομησεν ήμινο δε Ιπσους επορευετο συν αυ-Τοις πόπ δε αυτού ου μακραν απεχούτος από της οικίας, επεμιψε προς αυτον δέκατον-Ταρχος φιλους, λέγων αυτώ, « Κυριε, μη σκυλλου, ου « Γαρ ειμι ίκανος ίνα ύπο
« Την στεσην μου εισο θης την στεγην μου εισελθής.

laid the foundation on a rock: an inundation came, the current beat impetuous-by-upon that house, but could not shake it: for it was founded upon a rock. but 49 be that does not prablise what be bears, is like a man who built his house upon the loose earth without any foundation: the current beat impetuously against it: in the instant down it fell, and great were its ruins.

When he had finished this I discourse to the populous audience. he entred into Capernaum, where a certain 2 centurion bad a servant whom be greatly valued, lying fick and ready to die. this centurion baving beard 3 of Jesus's same, sent several elders of the Jews to intreat bim to come, and recover his servant. accord- 4 ingly they came to Jesus and earnestly pressed bim, saying, be very well deserves you should do bim this favour; for he loves our nation, and bath built us a synagogue at his own charge. then Jesus went with him, and when he was advanced near the bouse, the centurion sent some of his friends " Lord, to bim, saying, "don't give yourself the trouble of coming, I don't

" อิเอ อบอิะ ะแลบรอง ที่ถึงเออล " אףסי שב באלפודי מאאם בואד " norw, kai iabnoetai o 3 " maic mov. Kai fap erw av-" θρωπος ειμι ύπο εξουσιαν " τασσομενος, εχών υπ' ε-" μαυτον στρατιώτας, και λειω τουτω, πορευθητι, " και πορευεται, και αλλω, " EPXOU, KAI EPXETAB KAI " Τω δουλω μου, ποιησον 9 " TOUTO, KEL TOLL!" &κουσας δε ταυτα ο Ιπόσος, εθαυμασεν αυτον, και στρα-Φεις, τω ακολουθουντι αυτω οχλω είπες λεγω ύμινο συδε εν τω Ισραπλ Τοσαυτην πισ-10 Τιν έυρον- και ύποσ Τρεψαν-TEG OF TEMPOSENTES EIG TON OIKON. έυρον τον ασθενουντα δουλον υςιαινοντα.

11 Και εγενετο εν τη εξης, επορευετο εις πολιν καλουμενην Ναιν, και συνεπορευοντο
αυτώ οι μαθηται αυτου ίκα12 νοι, και οχλος πολυς ώς δε
ηγισε τη πυλη της πολεως,
και ιδου, εξεκομίζετο τεθνηκως, ύιος μονογενης τη μετρι
αυτου, και αυτη χηρα, και
οχλος της πολεως ίκανος ην
13 συν αυτη και ιδων αυτην
ο Κυριος, εσπλαγχνισθη επ
αυτη, και ειπεν αυτη, μη

" deferve you should bonour 46 my boufs with your pre-" sence. nor did I think 7 " myself worthy to attend " you : speak but the word. " and my servant shall be " cured. for though I am 8 " subject to authority, I " bave soldiers under me: " I bid one go, and be goes: " I bid another come, and " be comes: I bid my fere vant do this, and he " does it." when Jesus, heard 9 this, he admired the man, and turning about, he faid to the people, that followed bim, I assure you, I bave not met with such an instance of faith even among the Jews themselves. and they that 10 were sent, being return'd to the bouse, they found the servant, who had been fick, in good bealth.

The day following, be 11
went into a city called Nain,
accompanied by many of bis
disciples, and a great crowd
of people. as he drew near 12
the gate of the city, there
was a dead man just then
carrying out to be buried,
who was his mother's only
son, and she a widow: and
many people of the town
came with her, when the 13
Lord saw her, he was moved with compassion for her,
and said to her, don't weep.

14 κλαιε· και προσελθων ήψατο της σορου, οι δε βασταζοντες εστησαν» και ειπε,
νεανισκε, σοι λεγω» εγερθητι·
15 και ανεκαθισεν ο νεκρος, και
ηρέατο λαλειν, και εδωκεν
16 αυτον τη μετρι άυτου· ελαβε δε φοβος άπαντας, και εδοξάζον τον Θεον, λεγοντες,
ότι προφητης μεγας εγηγερται
εν ήμιν, και ότι επεσκεψατο
17 ο Θεος τον λαον άυτου· και
εξηλθεν ο λογος όυτος εν όλη
τη Ιουδαια περι αυτου, και
εν παση τη περιχωρω·

18 Και απηγειλαν Ιωαννη οι μαθηται αυτου περι παντων 19 τουτων. και προσκαλεσαμενος δυο τινας των μαθητων άυτου ὁ Ιωαννης, επεμιψε προς τον Ιπσουν, λεγων, συ ει ο ερχομενος, η αλλον προσ-20 δοκωμεν? παραγενομενοι δε προς αυτον οι ανδρες, ειπον, Ιωαννης ο βαπτιστης απεσταλκεν ήμας προς σε, λεγων, συ ει ο ερχομένος, η αλλον 21 προσδοκωμεν? εν αυτη δε Τη ώρα εθεραπεύσε πολλούς απο νοσών και μαστιζών και πνευματών πονηρών, και Τυφλοις πολλοις εχαρισατο 22 το βλεπείν και αποκριθείς ο Indous, EITEV AUTOIS, HOPEUθεντες απαργειλατε Ιωαννη ά ειδετε και ηκουσατε, ότι τυφλοι αναβλεπουσι, χωλοι περιπατουσι, λεπροι καθαfiζονται , κωφοι ακουουσι ,

then advancing, he touch'd 14 the bier, and the bearers standing still, he said, young man, arife, I cammand you. and the deceased 15 fat up, and began to speak. and fesus delivered bim to his mother. all that were 16 present were seized with dread, and glorified God, saying, a great propbet is risen up among us, and God has vifited his people. and 17 bis fame spread over all Judea and the neighbouring countrys.

John was soon inform'd 18 of these transactions by his disciples, and sent two of 19 them to Jesus, with this question, are you the Messtab, or must we yet wait for some other? according-20 ly they came to Jesus, and faid, John the Baptist sent us to enquire, if you are be that was to come, or must we look for another? at 21 that very time, he cured several of their diseases and distempers, dispossessing evil spirits, and restoring sight to many that were blind. then he gave them this an-22 swer, go, and tell John what you have seen, and beard: that the blind see, the lame walk, the lepers are bealed, the deaf bear, the dead are raised, the gosνεκροι εγειρο**νταί, πτωχοι ευαγ-**23 γελιζονται και μακαριος εστιν ός εαν μπ σκανδαλισθή εν εμοι•

24 AMENDOVTWY DE TWY ATTEλων Ιωαννου, πρέατο λεγειν προς τους οχολούς περι Ιωαν-VOUS TI FEENNAUBATTE EK TIN ερημον θεασασθαι ? καλαμον 25 ύπο ανεμου σαλευομενον ? αλ-AA TI EEENMAUBATE IBEIN ? ανθρωπον εν μαλακοις ίμα-TIOIS THOSE THEYOU? 1000, OL εν ίματισμω ενδοξω και τρυφη ύπαρχοντες, εν τοις βά-26 σιλειοις εισιν. αλλα Τι εξελη-RUBACTE LÓELY? MPOQUITHY? ναι λεγω ύμιν, και περισσο-27 Τερον προφητου- όυτος εστι περι ου Γεγραπται, " ιδου, ε-" τω αποστελλω τον αγγε-" λον μου προ προσωπου σου, δι κατασκευασει την " οδον σου εμπροσθεν σου." 28 λεγω γαρ ύμιν, μειζων εν γεννητοις τυναικών προφητής Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου ουδεις εστιν, ο δε μικροτερος εν τη βασιλεία του Θεου, μείζων 29 αυτου εστι. και πας ο λαος ακουσας και οι τελωναι εδικαιωσαν τον Θεον, βαπτισθεντες το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου. 30 οι δε Φαρισαιοι και οι νομικοι THE BOUNDY TOU DEOU HOETHσαν εις έαυτους, μη βαπτισθεντες ύπ' αυτου.

pel is proclaim'd to the poor.

and bleffed is he, who does23

not make me the occasion of

bis fall.

When the messengers of 24 John were departed, he address'd bimself to the people, and said with relation to John. what did you go to see in the desart? a reed shaken with the wind? or 25 did you go to see a man richly apparelled? for magnificent dress and splendid living, you must look into the courts of princes. wbat26 then did you go to see? a prophet? yes, I say it, and more than a prophet. he27 it is, of whom it is written, " behold, I send my " messenger before you, who " shall prepare the way for you." I declare unto you, 28 among the whole race of mankind, there is not a prophet, who is superiour to John the Baptist: yet be that is most inferiour in the kingdom of the Messiah, is greater than be. all the people, even 29 the publicans, upon bearing him, gave glory to God, by receiving the baptism of John; but the Pharisees and 20 the doctors of the law rejected the divine offers made to them, refusing to be baptized by John.

21 Tin our duciwow your ar-BOWTOUS THE PEVEAS TAUTHE? 22 KON TIVI ELOUV OLLOLOL ? OLLOW-OL ELOI TRAIDIOIC TOIC EN ALτορα καθημενοις, και προσφωνουσιν αλληλοις, και λεrougiy, muxnoausy villy, kal συκ ωρχησασθει εθρηνησαμεν 22 VILLY KAL OUK EKNAUGATE Eλπλυθε γαρ Ιωαννής ὁ βαπτιστης μητε αρτον εσθιων, MATE OLVEY TIVEY, KELL REFETE, 24 δαιμονίου εχεί εληλυθέν δ ύιος του ανθρωπου εσθιων και πινων, και λεγετε, ιδου, ανθρωπος φατος και οινοπο-Της, Τελωνων φιλος και α-35 μαρτωλων. " και εδικαιωθη η σοφια απο Των τεκνων " αυτης παντων.".

26 Ηρωτα δε τις αυτον των Φαρισαιων, ίνα φαι η μετ' αυτου, και εισελθων εις την οικιαν του Φαρισαίου, ανε-37 κλιθη και ιδου, τυνη εν τη πολει, ήτις ην άμαρτωλος, επίτνουσα ότι ανακειται εν τη σικιά του Φαρισαίου, κομισασα αλαβαστρον μυρου. 38 και στασα οπισω παρα τους ποδας αυτου, κλαιουσα, πρέατο βρεχειν τους ποδας αυτου τοις δακρυσι, και ταις θριξι της KEDALTIC αυτης εξεμασσε, και κατε--φιλει τους ποδας αυτου. 39 και πλειφε τφ μυρφ. ιδων δε ο Φαρισαος ο καλεσας αυτους

To event therefore hall I 21 compare the men of this generation? who are they like? they are like children 22 playing together in the freet. who crys we have play'd to you on the flute, but you bave not danced: we have fung mouraful dittys, but you have not lamented. for 33 John the Baptist, when he came; abstain'd from bread and wine ; yet you say, he is possess'd with a demon. the fon of man appears in-34 different to any kind of meat or drink: yet you fay, be is a glutton and a tipler, a friend of publicans and loose people. but wisdom is 35 " justified by all ber diffe-" rent followers."

Jesus being invited to din-26 ner at a certain Pharisee's bouse, be went home with bim, and sat down to table. when a woman of that city, 37 one that had led a loofe life, knowing that Jesus was at table in the Pharifee's house, came in with a vial of odoriferous liquor, and stood be-28 hind at his feet weeping, bath d them with her tears, wiped them with her bair, kissed bis feet, and poured the perfume upon them. which the Pharifee, who 39 had invited him, observing, be thus argued with himself,

ειπεν εν έαυτω, λείων, δυτος, ει πν προφητης, είνωσκεν αν τις και ποταπη ή τυνη ήτις άπτεται αυτου, ότι άμας-40 τωλος εστι· και αποκριθεις ό Ιησους είπε προς αυτον, Σιμων, εχω σοι τι είπειν, ό δε φησι, διδασκαλε, είπε·

41 Δυο χρεωφείλεται πσαν Saveloth Tivi, o els woeine δηναρια πεντακοσια, ο δε έ-A2 TEPOS TEVTTIKOVTA. UM Eχοντων δε αυτων αποδουναι. αμφοτεροις εχαρισατο. OUN AUTWYS (EITES) TABLON AU-43 Τον αγαπησει ? αποκριθεις δε ό Σιμων, ειπεν, ύπολαμβανω ότι ώ το πλειον εχαρισατο. δ δε ειπεν αυτω, 44 ορθως εκρινας. και στραφείς προς την τυναικάς τω Σιμονι εφη, βλεπεις ταυτην την τυ-VAIKA ? ELOTABON GOU ELS THY οικιαν, ύδωρ επι τους ποδας μου ουκ εδωκας, άντη δε τοις δακρυσιν εβρεξε μου τους ποδας, και ταις θριξι άντης εξε-45 μαξε φιλημα μοι ουκ εδω-Kas, auth des ap his eightθεν, ου διελιπε καταφιλουσα 46 μου τους ποδας. ελαιώ την κεφαλην μου ουκ πλειψας. άυτη δε μυρω ηλειψε μου τους 47 ποδας. ου χαριν, λεγω σοι, αφεωνται οι αμαρτιαι αυτης άι πολλαι, ότι ήγαπησε πολυ, ώ δε ολιγον αφιεται, οif this man were a prophet, he could not but know that the woman, who is so busy with him, is a person of a loose character. in answer, 40 to his doubts, Jesus said, Simon, I have something to say to you. master, said be, lets hear it.

A certain creditor had two 41 debtors, the one owed five bundred denarys, and the other fifty, having not where-42 withal to pay it, he freely discharged them both of the debt. tell me now, which of the two will love him most? I think, said Simon, 43 be that bad the greatest debt remitted to bim. you are in the right, said Jesus. and turning to the woman, 44 be said to Simon, do you observe this woman? though I am a guest in your bouse, you never offer'd me any water for my feet: but she bas bath'd my feet with tears, and wiped them with the bair of her head. you ar did not salute me, but this woman, since she came in, has been continually kiffing my feet. you did not be-46 flow any oil upon my head; but she has poured her rich persume upon my feet. where-47 fore, I tell you, ber fins, which are numerous, are forgiven; and that is the Hh

48 λιγον αγαπα· ειπε δε αυτη·
αφεωνται σου αι αμαρτιαι·
49 και πρέαντο δι συνανακειμενοι
λεγειν εν έαυτοις, τις δυτος
εστιν δς και αμαρτιας αφιη50 σιν ? ειπε δε προς την γυναικα, ή πιστις σου σεσωκε
σε- πορευου εις ειρηνην·

Και εγένετο εν τω καθέξης, και αυτος διωδευε κατα πολιν και κωμην, κηρυσσων KAI EUATTENICOMEYOS THY BAOIλειαν του Θεου, και οι δωδεκα 2 OUV AUTW- KAI TUVAIKEK TIνες αι πσαν τεθεραπευμεναι απο πνευματων πονηρων, και ασθενειων, Μαρια ή καλουμενη Μαιδαληνη, αφ' ής 3 δαιμονια έπτα εξεκηλυθει, και Ιωαννα τυνη Χουζα επιτροπου Ηρωδου, και Σουσαινα, KAI ÉTEPAI TOXXAIS ÁITIVES διπκονουν αυτώ απο των ύπαρχοντων αυταις-

Α Συνιοντος δε οχλου πολλου, και των κατα πολιν επιπορευομενων προς αυτον,
5 ειπε δια παραβολης εξηλθεν
ο σπειρων του σπειραι τον
σπορον άυτου, και εν τω
σπειρειν αυτον, ο μεν επεσε
παρα την όδον, και κατεπατηθη, και τα πετεινα του
6 ουρανου κατεφαγεν αυτο και
έτερον επεσεν επι την πετραν,
και φυεν εξηρανθη, δια το μη

reason of all this love: but
bis love is less, to whom
less is forgiven. then he said 48
to her, your sins are sorgiven.
but they who sat at table 49
with him, began to ask one
another, who is this, that
pretends even to forgive sins?
but he said to the woman, 50
your faith bath saved you:
go in peace.

After this Jesus went a- 1
bout, preaching to every city
and village, proclaiming the
reign of the Messias, attended
by his twelve apostles, and se- 2
veral women, who had been
delivered from evil spirits and
cured of their diseases: particularly Mary Magdalene,
who had been disposses of
seven demons: Joanna the 3
wife of Chuza Herod's highsteward: Susanna, and several others, who assisted him
with their fortunes.

A vast number of people 4 being assembled, and crowding to bim from all quarters, be thus address'd bimself to them by way of parable. a 5 bushandman went out to sow bis corn: and as be was sowing, some fell upon the beaten road, which was crush'd under soot, or devoured by the birds. some 6 fell upon very stony ground, which no sooner sprung up,

but

7 EXELV IKLLADA KAL ETEPOVEπεσεν εν μεσω των ακανθων και συμφυεισαι αι ακανθαι 8 απεπνίξαν αυτο. και έτερον και φυεν εποιήσε καρπον έκα-ΤΟΥΤα πλασιονα. λειων, εφωνα, ο εχων ωτα akoueiv. akouetw-

Επηρωτων δε αυτον όι μαθηται αυτου, τις ειη ή παρα-10 βολη αυτη- ο δε ειπενο ύμιν δεδοται γνωναι τα μυστηρια της βασιλειας του SEOUS TOIS DE ROITOIS EN TRAραβολαις, ίνα βλεποντες μπ BRETWOIS KAL AKOUOVTES UN ΙΙ συνιωσιν- εστι δε άυτη ή παςαβολη, ο σπορος, εσ-12 TIT O ROTOS TOU DEOU. OL DE παρα την όδον, εισιν οι ακουοντες, ειτα ερχεται ο διαβο-7.05, KAI AIPEI TON AOTON ATTO της καρδιας αυτων, ίνα μη 13 πιστευσαντες σωθωσιν οι δε επιτης πετρας, οι όταν ακουσωσι, μετα χαρας δεχονται τον λοτον, και ουτοι ρίζαν ουκ εχουσιν, οι προς KAISOU TIOTEUOUOIS KAI EY καιρω πειρασμου αφισταν-14 ται. Το δε εις τας ακανθας πεσον, δυτοι εισιν οι ακουσαντες, και ύπο μεριμνων και πλουτου και πδονων του βιου TOPEVOLEVOL OULTVIE OVTAL KAL

but it wither'd away, for want of moisture: some fell ? among thorns; but the thorns over-grew it, and starv'd but some of the corn & fell into good foil, and grew up, yielding a bundred grains for one. then raising his voice be concluded with these words, be that bath ears to hear, let him hear.

But bis disciples baving g askd bim the meaning of this parable; he answered, 10 the secret circumstances of the divine dispensation may be clearly revealed to you, but to others only in parables, so that they don't observe what they see, nor comprebend what they bear. now it the meaning of the parable is this: the feed fown fignifies the word of God. by 12 the beaten road is meant, they who only bear: the word. by the lurking wiles of the devil, being binder'd from taking root in their hearts. lest they should believe and be saved. by the stony ground 13 is understood such persons as receive indeed the dostrines they bear, with joy: but for want of resolution, believe only occasionally, and defert when the trial comes. the ground over-run with 14 thorns denotes such as have embraced the dostrine, but Hh 2

are

1 φου τελεσφορουσι. το δε εν
τη καλη τη, δυτοι εισιν διτινες εν καρδία καλη και αταθη, ακουσαντες τον λογον.
κατεχουσι, και καρποφορουσιν εν ψπομονη.

16 Ουδεις δε λυχνον άψας, καλυπτει αυτον σκευει, η ύποκατω κλινης τιθησιν, αλλ. επι λυχνιας επιτιθησιν, ίνα δι εισπορευομενοι βλεπωσι το 17 φως, ου γαρ εστι κρυπτον ο ου φανερον γενησεται, ουδε αποκρυφον ό ου γνωσθησεται, 18 και εις φανερον ελθη. βλεπετε ουν πως ακουετε, ός γαρ αν εχη, δοθησεται αυτώ, και ός αν μη εχη, και ό δοκει εχειν, αρθησεται απ' αυτου.

19 Παρεγενοντο δε προς αυτον π΄ μπτηρ και δι αδελφοι αυτου, και ουκ πόυναντο σύντυχειν αυτώ δια τον οχλον.
20 και απηγελη αυτώ, λεγοντων, π΄ μπτηρ σου και δι αδελφοι σου έστηκασιν εξώ,
21 ιδειν σε θελοντες. δ δε αποκριθεκ, ειπε προς αυτους, μητηρ μου και αδελφοι μου, δυτοι εισιν δι τον λογον του
Θεου ακουοντες, και ποιουντες.
22 Και εγενετο εν μια των πμέρων, και αυτος ενεβη εις

are so immerst in the business, enjoyments, and pleafures of life, as not to improve it to any real advantage. but by the good ground 15 is meant such persons as have received the doctrine with simplicity and sincerity, abide by it, and practife it with perseverance.

Now, no one lights a lamp 16 to bide it under a vessel, or under a bed: but sets it on a stand, to give light to all the company. whatever is 17 now obscure, shall hereaster be made clear; whatever is now conceal'd, shall then be publickly known. improve 18 therefore what you hear: for he that improves what be has, shall have more; but he that does not, shall lose even that, which he thinks he possesses.

One day the mother of 19 Jesus, and his brethren came to speak with him, but could not get near by reason of the crowd. So some of the com-20 pany said to him, your mother and brethren are waiting without, desiring to see you. but he answered them, 21 my mother and brethren are these, who attend to the word of God, and practise it.

* The same day Jesus went 22 on board a vessel with his disciples,

* Mark vi. 35.

πλοιού, και δι μαθηται αυ-דסט, אמו בוחב חססק מעדסעג, διελθωμεν εις το περαν της 2 3 ALLUMS: Kal avnxOnoav. The οντων δε αυτων αφυπνωσε. και κατεβη λαιλαψ ανεμου ELC THIN LLUMNS KAL GUNETAM-24 רסטידם, אמו באושלטיבטסי הרסσελθοντες δε διηγειραν αυτον. λεγοντες, επιστατα επιστατα, απολλυμεθα. ό δε εγερθεις επετιμήσε τω ανέμω και τω κλυζωνι του ύδατος, και επαυσαντο: και εΓενετο Γα-25 Anun. EITE DE AUTOIC, TOU בסדוץ ה חופדוג טששע ל ספβηθεντες δε εθαυμασαν, λεγοντες προς αλληλους, τις αρα GUTOS EGTIN, OTI KALTOIS AVEμοκ επιτασσει, και τω ύ-Datis Kal UTAKOUOUGIV AUτω?

26 Kai katetheugaveig thy χωραν των Γαδαρηνων, ήτις εστιν αντιπερα της Γαλι-27 λαιας. εξελθοντι δε αυτω באו דחט שחדעת טאחודים, מחן מחדו באוד באודים τω ανηρ τις εκ της πολεως, ός ειχε δαιμονία εκ χρονων ikaywy, kai ination ouk eyeδιδυσκετο, και εν οικια ουκ εμενεν, αλλ' εν Τοις μνημα-28 σιν. ιδων δε Τον Ιησουν, και ανακραξας, προσεπεσεν αυτω, και φωνή μεγαλή είπε, τι εμοι και σοι, Ιπσου ύιε του Θεου του ύψιστου ? δεομαι σ ov.

distiples, and said to them, let us pass over to the other fide of the lake: and fo they put off to fea. while they 22 were rowing, Jesus fell afleep: when there blew fuch a ftorm of wind upon the lake, as fill'd the boat with water, and endanger'd their lives. then they came to 24 -wake him, crying, mafter, master, we are finking, then be rose up, and rebuked the wind, and the waves : and both subside to a calm. but 25 to bis disciples be said, where is your faith? while they, seiz'd with sear and admiration, said to one another. who can this man be, that be commands even the winds. and the waves, and they obey?

Then they arrived at the 26 country of the Gadarenes, which lies opposite to Galilee. when he was landed, there 27 met him a man, who belong'd to the city Gadara, and had been for a long time possessed by demons. he did not wear any cloaths, nor dwell in any house, but among the tombs. upon see-28 ing fesus, he set up a great cry, sell down before him, and roar'd out, what business have you with me, Jefus

^{*} Mat. viii. 28. Gergescens. Gergesa and Gadara were neighbouring towns on the eastern coast of the sea of Galilec.

29 σου, μη με βασανισης. πα-PATTELLE TOP TW TVENHATI TW ακαθαρτω εξελθειν απο του ανθρωπου, πολλοις γαρ χρονοις συνηρπακει αυτον: και εδεσμειτο άλυσεσι και πε-· δαις φυλασσομενος, και διαςοποσων τα δεσμα, πλαυνετο ύπο του δαιμονος εις τας ερη-30 μους. επηρωτήσε δε αυτον ο Ιπσους, λεγων, Τι σοι εσ-TIV OVOLA ? O DE SITES REFEWYS ότι δαιμονια πολλα εισπλ-31 θεν εις άυτον και παρεκαλει αυτον ίνα μη επιταξη αυτοις εις την αβυσσον α-32 πελθειν. ην δε εκει αγελη χοιρων ίκανων βοσκομενών εν τω ορει, και παρεκαλουν αυ-TOV IVA ETITPENT AUTOIS EIS EKELVOUS ELGENBELVS KAL ETTEεξελθοντα 33 TREWEY AUTOIGδε τα δαιμονία απο του ανθρωπου, εισηλθεν εις τους χοιρούς: και ώρμησεν ή αγελη κατα του κρημνού εις την 34λιμνην, και απεπνιζη. ιδον-TEC DE OL BOOKOVTEC TO PEPENTμενον, εφυρον, και απηρει-NAV. EIG THY TONIV, KAI EIG 35 Τους αγρους εξηλθον δε ιδειν το Γεγονος, και πλθον προς τον Ιπσουν, και έυρον κα**θ**ημενον τον ανθρωπον αφ' ου τα δαιμονια εξελπλυθεις ιματισμένον και σωφρονουντα, παρα τους ποδας του 36 Ιησου: και εφοβηθησαν αzinggenav de autois kai ol ιδοντες, πως εσωθη ο δαι-

בונטען-

fus son of the most bigh God? I befeech you torment me not. for be had commanded the 29 impure spirit to quit the man, he had so long possessed: who, tho' bound in chains, and fastned with fetters, broke thro' all restraints; and was burry'd by the demon into the defarts. upon Jesus's saying 30 to him, what is your name? be answer'd, legion, (for many demons were enter'd into bim.) and they entreated bim 31 not to condemn them to the abyss. but there being a nu- 22 merous berd of swine seeding on the mountain, they defired be would permit them to enter into the swine, which be granted. accordingly the 23 demons quitted the man, and enter'd into the swine: immediately the herd ran headlong down a precipice into the lake, and were drowned. the keepers seeing this, ran 24 about and spread it, both in town, and country, whence 35 numbers went to fee the fact: being come to fefus, they found the man, who had been difpossess d of the demons, sitting at Jesus's feet, cloathed, and in bis right senses: at which they were much furpriz'd, being inform'd by 36 those that were present, by what means the demoniac had

37 μονισθεις. και πρωτησαν αυτου άπαν το πληθος της περιχωρού των Γαδαρηνώνς απελθειν απ' αυτων, ότι φοβω μεταλώ συνειχούτο: αυτος δε εμβας εις το πλοιου 28 UTECTOEWEV. EGEETO DE QUτου ο ανηρ αφ' ου εξεληλυθει τα δαιμονίας είναι συν αυτω, απελυσε δε αυτον ό Ιη-39 σους, λεγων, ύποστρεφε εις τον οικον σου, και διητου όσα εποιησε σοι ό Θεος- και απηλθε, καθ' όλην την πολιν κηρυσσων όσα εποιησεν αυτω ο Ιησους.

40 ΕΓενετο δε εν τω υποστρεψαι τον Ιπσουν, απεδεξατο αυτον ο οχλος, πσαν Γαρ παντες προσδοκωντες αυτον-

41 Και ιδου, πλθεν ανπρ ώ ονομα Ιαειρος, και αυτος αρχων της συναγωγης ύπηρχε, και πεσων παρα τους ποδας του Ιπσου, παρεκαλει αυτον εισελθειν εις τον οικον 42 άυτου: ότι θυγατηρ μονογενης ην αυτω ώς ετων δωδε-

ς ενης την αυτώ ως ετων δωδεκα, και άυτη απεθνησκενεν δε τω ύπας ειν αυτον, δι

43 οχλοι συνεπνιζον αυτον και ζυνη ουσα εν ρυσει αματος απο ετων δωδεκα, ήτις ιατροις προσαναλωσασα όλον τον βιον, ουκ ισχυσεν ύπ ουδενος

44 θεραπευθηναι· προσελθουσα οπισθεν· ήψατο του κρασπεδου του ίματιου αυτου: και παραχρημα εστη ή ρυσις του

been cured. then the Gada-27. renes of the adjacent varts unanimously desired bim to leave their country: for they were greatly allarm'd. fo be embark'd to cross over the lake. now the man, who had 28 been disposses d, begg'd to take bim with bim. but Tesus dismissed bim, saying, go 39 bome, and relate, what great things God bath done for you. whereupon he departed, and published through all the city, what a wonderful deliverance Jesus bad wrought for him.

Jesus upon his return was 40 received by a great number of people, who expected

bim.

Some time after, a person 41 nam'd Jairus, a ruler of the synagogue, came to Fefus, and upon bis knees defired bim to come to his bouse: for be bad an only 12 daughter, about twelve years of age, who lay a dying, as be was on the way, the crowd press'd after bim, and a-43 mong the rest a woman, who had been troubled with an hemorrhage twelve years, baving consum'd ber whole fortune upon physicians, who could none of them cure ber: she getting behind him, touch- 44 ed the border of his garment: and immediately ber indisposition

45. Του άιματος αυτής και EITEN O INGOUS TIS O AWAμενος μου? αρνουμενων δε παντων, ειπεν ο Πετρος, και DI LET' AUTOU, ETIGTATA, DI OXADI GUVEXOUGI GE KAI Aποθλιβουσι, και λεγεις, " Τις 46 6 άναμενος μου ?" Ιπσους ειπεν, ήψατο μου Τις: εγω γαρ εγνων δυναμιν 47 εξελθουσαν απ' εμου. ιδουsa de ni rum ori ouk exales τρεμουσα ηλθε, και προσπε-**5**0υσα αυτω, δι ήν αιτιαν ήψατο αυτου, απηγείλευ αυτω ενωπιον παντος του λαου, και ως ιαθη παραχρη-AS MA- O DE LITTEN AUTH BAPσει θυγατερ, ή πιστις σου GEOWKE GES TOPEUOU EIG EI-יעוועווס.

49 Ετι αυτου λαλουντος, ερχεται τις παρα του αρχισυνατωγού, λεγών αυτώ, ότι Τεθνικεν ή θυγατηρ σου, μη 50 OKUNNE TOV DIBAOKANOV. δε Ιπσους ακουσας, απεκριθη αυτώ, λεγων, μη φοβου: μονον πιστευες και σωθηελθων δε εις την οι-SI GETAL. κιαν, ουκ αφηκέν εισεπθείν ουδενα, ει μη Πετρον και Ιωαννην και Ιακωβον, και τον πατερα της παιδος και 52 TMV $\mu \text{MTEPA} \cdot \epsilon \text{KT-ALOV}$ $\delta \epsilon$ παντες και εκοπτοντο αυτην-O DE ELTE, UT KABLETE: OUK

fision was removed. upon 45 which fefus faid, who was it that touch'd me? they being all at a loss, what to answer, at length Peter, and the others with him, said. matter, the crowd are squeezing and pressing about you, and yet you cry, " wbo " touch'd me?" but Je- 46 fus said, somebody bas touched me: for I know what influence my power bas bad. then the woman finding she An could not conceal herself, came trembling, and kneeling down before bim, confess'd before all the people, why she had touch'd him, and how the was instantly cured. but be 48 faid to ber, daughter, don't be under any concern: your faith bas sav'd you, go in peace.

While he was speaking, 49 Somebody came from the ruler of the fynagogue's house, who faid to bim, your daughter is dead; 'tis in vain to importune the master any farther. but when Jesus heard that, be faid to fairus, be not afraid: only believe, and she shall recover. being come 5 to the bouse, he suffer'd nobody to go into the room with bim, except Peter, John and James, and the young woman's father and mother. the c2 company there were all in tears lamenting for ber: but

απεθανεν, αλλα καθευδει53 και κατεγελων αυτους ειδο54 τες ότι απεθανεν αυτος δε
εκβαλων εξω παντας, και
κρατησας της χειρος αυτης,
εφωνησε, λεγων, ή παις ε55 γειρου και επέστρεψε το
πνευμα αυτης, και ανέστη
παραχρημα, και διεταξεν
56 αυτη δοθηναι φαγειν και
εξεστησαν οι γονεις αυτης, ό
δε παρηγειλεν αυτοις μηδενι
ειπειντο γεγονος.

Συγκαλεσαμένος δε Τους δωδεκα, εδωκεν αυτοκ δυναμιν και εξουσιαν επι παντα τα δαιμονία, και θεραπευείν. και απεστείλεν αυτους κηρυσσείν την βασίλειαν Του Θεου, και ιασθαι 3 τους ασθενουντας. και ειπε προς άυτους, μπδεν αιρετε εις την όδους μητε ραβδους, μητε πηραν, μητε αρτον, μητε αρτυριού, μητε ανα δυο 4 XITWVAS EXELV- KAL EISTV AV οικιαν εισελθητε, εκει μενετε. 5 και εκειθεν εξερχεσθε και οσοι αν μη δεξωνται ύμας, εξερχομένοι απο της πολέως EKELVIK, KAL TOY KOYLOFTOY Aπο των ποδων υμων αποτιναξατε, εκ μαρτυριον επ' αυ-6 τους. εξερχομενοί δε διπρχον-TO KATA TAG XWUAGS EVATγελιζομενοι και θεραπευοντες TAVTAXOU:

be said don't weep; she is not dead, but asleep. upon 53 which, they knowing she was really dead, treated him with derision. but Jesus oblig'd 54 them to withdraw; then grasping her hand, he said, my child, arise. immediate-55 ly she came to life, and rose up: and he order'd, that something should be given her to eat. and her parents were 56 seized with astonishment: but he charg'd them not to let the fast be known to any one.

After this he affembled the twelve apostles, and gave them authority over all sorts of demons, and the power of curing all diseases: then sent 2 them to proclaim the reign of the Messiah, and to heal the fick. and he faid to them 3 make no provision for your journey: take neither staff, nor sack, nor bread, nor money; and but one coat for each. when you are lodg'd in any house, there stay, till you leave the place. if any 5 refuse to entertain you, when you leave that city, shake off the dust from your feet, as a fign of their being abandon'd. accordingly they 6 departed, and travell'd thro the towns, preaching the gospel, and performing cures every where.

7 Ηκουσε δε Ηρωδης ὁ τετραρχης τα Γινομενα ὑπ αυτου παντα, και διηπορει,
δια το λεγεσθαι ὑπο τινων,
ότι Ιωαννης εγηγερται εκ νε8 κρων. ὑπο τινων δε, ότι Ηλιας εφανη, αλλων δε, ότι
προφητης είς των αρχαιων
9 ανεστη. και είπεν Ηρωδης,
Ιωαννην εγω απεκεφαλισα,
τις δε εστιν όυτος, περι όυ
εγω ακουω τοιαυτα ? και εζητει ιδειν αυτον.

10 Και ύποστρεψαντες οι αποοτολοι διητησαντο αυτώ
οσα εποιησαν, και παραλαβων αυτους, ύπεχωρησε κατ
ιδιαν εις τοπον ερημον πολεως
11 κάλουμενης Βηθσαιδα οι δε
οχλοι γνοντες, ηκολουθησαν
αυτώ, και δεξαμένος αυτους,
ελαλεί αυτοις περι της βασιλειας του Θεου, και τους
χρειαν εχοντας θεραπειας ια-

12 Η δε ήμερα πρέατο κλινεινη προσελθοντες δε δι διοδεκα ειπον αυτώ, απολυσον τον οχλον, ίνα απελθοντες εις τας κυκλώ κωμας και τους αγρους, καταλυσωσι, και έυρωσιν επισιτισμον, ότι ώδε 3 εν ερπμώ τοπώ εσμεν ειπε δε προς αυτους, δοτε αυτοις ύμεις φαγειν, οι δε ειπον, ουκ εισιν ήμιν πλειον η πεντε αςτοι και δυο ιχθυες, ει μητι

Now Herod the tetrarch 7 was informed of all his transactions: and was perplexed at the relation of some, that John was risen from the dead: whilst others said, Elias appeared: and others, 8 that one of the old prophets was come to life again. but 9 Herod said, John was beheaded by my order, who then can this be, who, they say, performs such strange things? and he desired to have a sight of Jesus.

The Apostles, upon their 10 return to Jesus, acquainted him with what they had done, and taking them with him, he retired into a desart place over-against the city of Bethsaida: where the peo-11 ple, who were informed of it, followed him: which he did not discountenance, but explained to them the reign of the Messiah, and relieved those, who wanted to be cured.

As the day began to de-12 eline, the twelve came to him, and faid, difmifs the multitude, that they may go to the nearest towns and villages for lodging and provifions: for here we are in a defart place, and he said 13 to them, do you yourselves give them something to cat, they replied, we can surnish only sive loaves and two fishes,

πορευθεντες ήμεις αγορασωμεν εις παντα τον λαον τουι 4 τον βρωματα: πσαν ταρ ώσει ανόρες πεντακισχιλιοι. ειπε δε προς τους μαθητας άυτου, κατακλινατε αυτους 15 κλισιας αυα πευτηκούτα. και εποιησαν δυτω, και ανεκλι-16 ναν άπαντας. λαβων δε τους πεντε αρτους, και τους δυο ιχθυας, αναβλεψας εις τον ουρανον, ευλογησεν αυτους, και κατεκλασε, και εδιδου τοις μαθηταις παρατιθεναι 17 Τω οχλώ και εφαγού και εχορτασθησαν παντες, και πρθη το περισσευσαν αυτοις κλασματών, κοφινοι δωδεκα. 18 Και εξενετο εν Τφ ειναι αυ-Τον προσευχομένου καταμονας, συνησαν αυτω δι μαθηται, και επηρωτησεν αυ-TOUGH ASTEND TING HE RETOUT 19 σιν οι οκλοι ειναι ? οι δε αποκριθεντες, ειπου, Ιωαννην τον βαπτιστην, αλλοι δει Ηλιαν, αλλοι δε, ότι προφητης τις των αρχαιών ανέσ-20 τη. ειπε δε αυτοις, ύμεις δε Τινα με λεγετε ειναι? αποκριθεις δε ό Πετρος, ειπε, τον ό δε επι-2 Ι Χριστον του Θεου. Τιμησας αυτοις, παρηγειλε 22 μπδενι ειπειν ΤουΤο, ειπων, ότι δει τον ύιον του ανθρωπου πολλα παθείν, και αποδοκίμασθηναι απο των πρεσβυ-Τερων και αρχιερεών Γραμματεών, και αποκτανθηναι, και τη Τριτη ήμερα εξεςθημαι• ΕλεΓε

unless we go and buy provisions for all this people: for 14 they were about five thou. sand. but Jesus said to bis disciples, make them sit down by fifties in a company. ac-12 cordingly they ranged them. and made them all fit down. then he took the five loaves 16 and the two fishes, and looking up to beaven, be ask'd bleffing: then divided them. and gave them to his disciples to be distributed among the people: and tho' they all eat 17 sufficiently, there was a surplusage of twelve baskets full of fragments carried away.

One day having retired 18 alone to prayer, be came to bis disciples, and ask'd them, saying, whom do the people judge me to be? they answered, 19 some say you are John the Baptist: others, Elias: and others, that you are one of the old prophets appearing again. but who, said he, do 20 you think I am? Peter answered, you are the Messiah of God. bowever, Jefus 21 strictly charged them not to say so much to any body; adding, the fon of man must 22 fuffer many indignities: be rejetted by the rulers, the chief triefts, and Scribes: be put to death: and the third day be raised again.

23 Ελεγε δε προς παντας, ει τις θέλει οπίσω μου ελθείνο απαρνησασθω έαυτον, και αράτω τον σταυρον αυτου καθ' ήμεραν, και ακολουθειτω 24 μοι· ός γαρ αν θελη την ψυχην άυτου σωσαι, απολέσει αυτην, οι δ'αν απολεση την ωυχην άυτου ένεκεν εμου, δυ-25 τος σωσει αυτην. Τι γαρ ωφελειται ανθρωπος κερδήσας τον κοσμον όλον, έαυτον δε 26 απολεσάς, η ζημιωθείς ? ός γαρ αν επαισχυνθη με και TOUS ELLOUS LOTOUS, TOUTON O υίος του ανθρωπου επαισχυν-Anostal, STAV ENON EV TH δοξη άυτου, και του πατρος, 27 και των άγιων αγγελων. λεγω δε ύμιν αληθώς, εισι τινες των ώδε έστωτων, όι ου μη τευσονται θανατου, έως αν ιδωσι την βασιλειαν του DEOU.

Εγενετο δε μετα τους λο-FOUS TOUTOUS WOEL THEFAL OKτω, και παραλαβων τον Πετρον, και Ιωαννην, και Ιακωβον: ανεβη εις το όρος προ-29 σευξασθαι. και εγενετο εν τω προσευχεσθαι αυτον το ειδος του προσωπου αυτου έτερον, και ο ίματισμος αυ-TOU REUKOS EEAGTPATTWV. 30 και ιδου, ανδρες δυο συνελαλουν αυτώ, οιτινές πσαν Μω-3 I one kai Haiaes of oppertee ev δοξη, ελιγου την εξοδου αυ-Του, πν εμέλλε πληρούν εν 32 Ισρουσαλημιο ό δε Πετρος και

Then be said to the whole 22 company, if any one will be my follower, let bim renounce bimself, take up his cross daily, and sollow me. for 24 whoever would fave bis life, shall lose it: and be that would lose bis life, out of love to me, shall save it. what advantage is it for a 25 man to have gain'd the whole world, if he bimself runs into utter loss and ruin? for whoever shall be ashamed 26 of me, and of my dostrine, of him shall the son of man be ashamed, when he shall come in his own glory, and in the glory of his father, and of the holy angels. 127 declare unto you, there are some here present, who shall not die, till they see the Messiab reign.

About eight days after this 28 discourse, he took with him Peter, John, and James, and went up a mountain to pray. as he was praying, the ap- 29 pearance of his countenance was quite chang'd, and his raiment was of a splendid white: two persons of a glo- 30 rious form were feen talking with him; they were Moses, and Elias, who discours'd 31 about the exit, he was to make at Jerusalem; while 32 Peter, and the others with bim, were overwhelm'd with fleep:

οι συν αυτώ πσαν βεβαρημενοι ύπνως διατρηγορησαντες SE ELDOV THY BOEAU AUTOUS KAL Τους δυο ανδρας τους συνε-22 OTWTAC AUTW KAI EFEVETO εν τω διαχωρίζεσθαι αυτους an' autou, einer o Tietpos προς του Ιπσουν, επιστατα, κάλον εστιν ήμας ώδε ειναι. KAL TOING WHEN OKTIVAS TOEIS μιαν σοι, και Μωσει μιαν, και μιαν Ηλια, μη ειδως ό 34 RETEL TAUTA DE AUTOU RE-TONTOGO EFENETO NEDENTIS KAL ETECKIAGEN AUTOUS, EDOBY-Oncar de er tw exervous eloen-35 BEIN EIGTHN NEGENHY. KALI OW-WI EFEVETO EK THE VEDERING, RE-**Γουσας " όυτος εστιν ό ύιος** " μου ὁ αΓαπητος, αυτου 36" AKOUETE." KALEY TW FEνεσθαι την φωνην, έυρεθη δ Ιπσους μονος, και αυτοι εσι-**Γησαν,** και ουδενι απηγειλαν EN EKELVAIS TAIS MUEDAIS OUDEN ών έωρακασιν.

37 Εγενετο δε εν τη έξης ήμερα, κατελθοντων αυτων απο του ορους, συνηντησεν αυτω 38 οχλος πολυς. και ιδου, ανηρ απο του οχλου ανεβοησε, λεγων, διδασκαλε, δεομαι σου, επιβλεψον επι τον υίον μου, ότι μονογενης εστι μοι-39 και ιδου, πνευμα λαμβανει αυτον, και εξαιφνης κραζει, και σπαρασσει αυτον μετα αφρου, και μογις αποχωρει απ' αυτου, συντριβον αυ-

sleep: but when they wak'd, they observed his glory, and the two persons present with bim, who were just depart-33 ing from bim, when Peter said to Jesus, master, it is best for us to stay bere: let us build three apartments, one for you, one for Moses, and one for Elias: not knowing well what he faid. while he was speaking, there 34, came a cloud and over-shadowed them, who were feixed with fear, at their vanishing in the cloud, from whence 35 a voice issued out, saying. " this is my beloved fon, " obey him." and before 36 the sound was gone, Jesus was left alone: this they kept secret, and for some time did not acquaint any one in the least with what they bad seen.

The next day, when they 37 were come down from the mountain, a multitude of people happen'd to meet him: when one of the company 38 cry'd out, master, I beseech you, cast your eyes upon my son, for he is my only child: he is frequently seized by a 39 spirit, which makes him immediately roar, then throws him into convulsions with foaming, and never leaves him, but with difficulty and bruises.

40 τον. και εδεηθην των μαθητων σους ίνα εκβαλωσιν αυ-AI Το, και ουκ πουνηθησαν. απακριθεις δε ὁ Ιπσους, ειπεν, ώ τενεα απιστος και διεσ-Τράμμενη, έως ποτε εσομαι προς ύμας, και ανεξομαι ύμων ? προσαγαγε ώδε τον 42 ύιον σου ετι δε προσερχομενου αυτου, ερρήξεν αυτον Το δαιμονιούς και συνέσπαραξέν: επετιμησε δε ό Ιησους Τω πνευματι τω ακαβαρτως και ιασατο του παιδα, και απεδωκεν αυτον τω πατρι 43 αυτου- εξεπλησσοντο δε παντές επι τη μεγαλειστητι του Θεου. παντων δε θαυμαζοντων επι πασιν οις εποιησεν ο Ιησους, ειπε προς 44 τους μαθητας αυτου, θεσθε ύμεις εις τα ωτα ύμων τους λογους τουτους, ο γαρ ύιος του ανθρωπου μελλει παραδιδοσθαι εις χειρας ανθρωπων-45 οι δε ηγνοουν το έπμα τουτο. και πν παρακεκαλυμμένον απ' αυτων ίνα μη αισθωνται αυτο, και εφοβουντο ερωτησαι αυτον περι του ρηματος TOUTOU.

46 Εισηλθε δε διαλογισμος εν αυτοις, το, τις αν ειη μει47 ζων αυτων ο δε Ιησους ιδων τον διαλογισμον της καςδιας αυτων, επιλαβομενος παιδιου, εστησεν αυτοις, ός εαν δεξηται τουτο το παιδιον επι τω ονουατι μου, εμε δε-

XETAL

bruises. I desired your dis-40 ciples to cast out this spirit; but they were not able. then 41 said Fesus, O incredulous, and perverse generation, how long shall I be with you, and suffer you? bring bither your son. as the child was ad-43 vancing, the demon threw bim down, into convulsions: but Jesus rebuked the impure spirit, cured the child, and delivered bim to his father. and all the people were a-43 stonished at such an instance of divine power: and as they were admiring subatever Fesus did, be said to bis difciples, give attention to what 44. I now fay, namely, that the son of man is to be delivered into the bands of men. but 45 they did not comprehend that expression: it was as a riddle, which they could not understand, and they were asraid to desire bim to explain the meaning of that expression.

At length they enter'd in-46 to a debate, which of them should be the greatest. but 47 fesus perceiving what they thought, took a child and set him before him: then said to them, whoever receives 48 such a child in my name, receives me: and ke that receives

χεται, και ός εαν εμε δεξηται, δεχεται τον αποστειλαντα με, ό γαρ μικροτερος εν πασιν ύμιν ύπαρχων, όυτος εσται μεγας.

49 Αποκρίθεις δε ο Ιωαννης, είπεν, επιστατα, είδομεν τινα επι τω ονοματι σου εκβαλλουτα τα δαιμονία, και εκωλυσαμεν αυτον, ότι ουκ 50 ακολουθει μεθ ήμων. και ειπε προς αυτον ο Ιπσους, μη κωλυετε, ός γαο ουκ εστι καθ ήμων, ύπες ήμων εστιν-

ήμων, ύπερ ήμων εστιν-51 Εγενετο δε εν τω συμπληοουσθαι τας ήμερας της αναλπψεως αυτού, και αυτος το προσωπον αυτου εστηριξε του πορευεσθαι εις Ιερουσα-52 Any. Kal anesteiney affeλους προ προσωπου άυτου, και πορευθεντες εισηλθον εις κωμην Σαμαρειτων, ώστε έ-53 TOLURGAL AUTO- KAL OUK Eοξάντο αυτον, ότι το προσωπον αυτου ην πορευομένον 54εις Ιερουσαλημο ιδοντες δε ά μαθηται αυτου Ιακωβος και Ιωαννης, ειπον, Κυριε, θελεις ειπωμεν πυρ καταβηναι απο του ουρανους και αναλωσαι αυτους, ώς και Ηλιας 53εποιησε? στραφεις δε επε-THUNGEN AUTOIS KAL ELTEVA ουκ οιδατε όιου πνευματος εσ-56 τε ύμεις ο γαρ ύιος του ανθρωπου ουκ πλθε ψυχας ανθρωπων απολεσαι, αλλα σωσαι- και επορευθησαν εις έτεςαν κωμην.

ceives me, receives him that fent me. for he that is least among you all, he shall be greatest.

Then said John to Jesus, 49 master, we saw one casting out demons in your name, and we opposed it, because be does not follow you with us. but Jesus said to him, don't 50 oppose it: for he that is not against us, is for us.

Now the time of his assump- 51 tion drawing nigh, he was fix'd in his resolution to go to Jerusalem: and be sent mes- 52 sengers before, who went to a town of the Samaritans. to prepare a lodging for bim. but they would not entertain 53 bim, because be appear'd to them, as if he was going to Jerusalem. bis disciples sa James and John observing this, faid, Lord, shall we command fire to descend from heaven, as Elias did, in order to consume them? but 55 Fesus turn'd, and rebuked them, saying, you don't know by what spirit you are moved. for the son of man is 56 not come to destroy men's lives, but to fave them. and they went to another village.

57 Εγενετο δε πορευομένων αυτων, εν τη οδω ειπε τις προς αυτον, ακολουθησω σοι ότης που αν απερχη, Κυριεκαι ειπεν αυτω ό Ιησους, αι αλωπεκες φωλεους εχουσι, και τα πετεινα του ουρανου κατασκηνωσεις, ό δε ύιος του ανθρωπου ουκ εχει που την κεφαλην κλινη.

59 Ειπε δε προς έτερον, ακολουθει μοι, ο δε ειπε, Κυριε, επιτρεψον μοι απελθοντι
πρωτον θαψαι τον πατερα
60μου ειπε δε αυτώ ο Ιπσους,
αφες τους νεκρους θαψαι τους
έαυτων νεκρους, συ δε απελθων διαγγελλε την βασιλειαν
61του Θεου ειπε δε και έτερος,
ακολουθησώ σοι, Κυριε, πρώτον δε επιτρεψον μοι αποταξασθαι τοις εις τον οικον
μου

62 Ειπε δε προς αυτον ο Inσους, ουδεις επιβαλων την
χειρα άυτου επ' αροτρον, και
βλεπων εις τα οπισω, ευθετος εστιν εις την βασιλειαν
του Θεου.

Μετα δε ταυτα ανεδειξεν
 δ Κυριος και έτερους έβδομηκοντα, και απεστειλεν αυτους ανα δυο προ προσωπου
αυτου, εις πασαν πολιν και
τοπον ου εμελλεν αυτος ερχεσ θαι- ελεγεν ουν προς αυτους,
δ μεν θερισμος πολυς, δι δε
εργαται ολιγοι: δεπθητε ουν
του κυριου του θερισμου, δπως εκβαλη εργατας εις τον
θε-

At another time, as they 57 were walking in the road, a man faid to him, I will be your follower, wherever you go. Jesus answered him, 58 foxes have their kennels, and hirds of the air their nests, but the son of man hath not where to lay his head.

Then he said to another, 59 follow me: but he replied, Lord, let me stay sirft, till I bury my father. Jesus 60 said to him, let the dead bury their dead; but do you go and preach the kingdom of God. another likewise 61 said, I will be your follower; but let me sirst go home, and settle the affairs of my family.

Jesus answered bim, who-62 ever puts bis hand to the plough, and looks back, is not fit to be employed in the kingdom of God.

After this the Lord nominated seventy disciples more, and sent them before by two and two, into all the cities, and towns, where he himself designed to go. and he 2 said to them, the harvest indeed is great, but the labourers are sew: intreat therefore the Lord of the harvest to send forth labourers

θερισμον άυτου. ύπατετε ι-3 δου, ερω αποστελλω ύμας λ ως αρνάς εν μεσω λυκων μη BAGTALETE BANAUTIONS UN πηραν, μηδε ύποδηματα, και μηδενα κατα την όδου ασπα-5 onote eis no d'an oikian εισερχησθε, πρωτον λεγετε, 6 εις πνη τω οικώ τουτώ. και EARN TI EKEL O VIOS ELPTINGS ETTA-שמחמטסנדמו בה מטדסט ה בוprom villes, et de unes, et ú-7 mag avakauwei. er autn de TH OIKIA HEVETE, EODIOVTES KAL πινούτες τα παρ αυτών, αξιος γαρ ο εργατης του μισθου αυτου εστι. μη μετα-BAIDETE EL OIKIAS EIS OIKIAD-8 אמו בוכ חי ל מי הסתוע בוסבףχησθες και δεχωνται ύμας, εσθιετε τα παρατιθεμενα ύ-9 MIN. KAL BEPAREUETE TOUS EN auth aobeveil, kai refete αυτοις, ητικέν εφ ύμας ή 10 βασιλεία του Θέου. εις ήν δ' αν πολιν εισερχησθε, και μη δεχωνται ύμας, εξελθον-Τες εις τας πλατειας αυτης, וו בוחמדני " אמו דטי אטיוסדטי " τον κολληθεντα ήμιν εκ της " πολεως ύμων, απομασσομεθα ύμιν, πλην τουτο " [ινωσκετε, ότι η[ικεν εφ ύμας ή βασιλειά του Θε-12 " ου." λεγω ύμιν, ότι Σοδουοις εν τη ήμεςα εκεινή α-VEKTOTEPOV EGTAL, N TH TONET 13 EKEIVA. OUAL GOL XOCALIVS ουαι σοι Βηθσαιδα, ότι ει εν Τυρω και Σιδωνι εγενοντο άι

bourers into bis barvest. go then: I send you as lambs among wolves. carry nei- 4 ther purse, nor bag, nor shoes; neither salute any man by the way, at your 5 entrance into any boufe, first fay, prosperity be to this family, if any be there, who 6 deserve your benediction, it shall have its effect upon them; otherwise, it shall redound to your own advantage. continue in the same 7 bouse, and eat and drink whatever it affords: for a labourer deserves bis wages: therefore don't shift from family to family, when you come to any city, where they receive you, eat without scruple, whatever food is set before you, and beal the 9 fick you find there. tell the inhabitants the kingdom of God is drawing nigh unto them. but when you enter 10 into any city, and they refuse to entertain you, go through the streets, and cry, " we 11 " shake off the dust, that " flicks to our feet, against " you: but take notice, the " kingdom of God bas been " near you." I declare unto 12 you, that the people of Scdom shall be treated with less severity in the day of judgment; than that city. wo unto thee Chorazin; wo 13

δυναμεις αι Γενομεναι εν ύμιν, παπαι αν εν σακκω και σποδω καθημεναι μετενοησαν14 ππην Τυρω και Σιδωνι ανεκτοτερον εσται εν τη κρισει, η
15 ύμιν και συ Καπερναουμ ή έως του ουρανου ύνωθεισα, έως άδου καταβιβασθηση.
16 ο ακουων ύμων, εμου ακουει, και ο αθετων ύμας, εμε αθετει, ο δε εμε αθετων, αθετει τον αποστειπαντα με-

17 Υπεστρεψαν δε οι έβδομηκοντα μετα χαρας, λεγοντες, κυριε, και τα δαιμονια ύπο-Τασσεται ήμιν εν Τω ονοματι 18 σου. ειπε δε αυτοις, εθεωρουν τον σαταναν ώς αστραπην εκ Του ουρανου πεσοντα. 19 ιδου, διδωμι ύμιν την εξουσιαν Του πατείν επανώ οφεων και σκορπιων, και επι πασαν την δυναμίν του εχθρου, και ουδεν ύμας ου μη α-20 δικηση. πλην εν τουτώ μη Χαιρετές ότι τα πνευματα ύμιν ύποτασσεται. Χαιρετε δε ότι τα οισματα ύμων εreadu en Lors onbanois.

21 Εν αυτη τη ώςα ηγακωιασατο τω πνευματι ο Ιπσους, και ειπεν, " εξομολογουμαι unto thee Bethsaida: for if the miracles, which have been wrought among you, bad been wrought in Tyre and Sidon, they would long fince bave lain repenting in fackcloth and ashes. therefore 14 Tyre and Sidon shall be treated with less severity in the day of judgment, than you. and thou, Capernaum, which 15 art exalted to the sky, shall be plung'd into an abys. be 16 that adheres to you, adheres to me; be that rejects you, rejects me: and he that rejects me, rejecteth bim that sent me.

At length the seventy re- 17 turn'd with great joy, saying, Lord, even the demons have been made subject to us by virtue of your name. upon which he said to them, 18 I beheld satan falling, like lightning, from beaven. I19 bave authoriz'd you to trample upon serpents and scorpions, and triumph over all the power of the enemy; so that nothing shall be capable of doing you any mischief. bowever, let not this be the 20 matter of your rejoicing, that the spirits are subject to you: but rejoice, that you have a tille to the joys of beaven.

At that very time Jesus 21 fell into a divine transport, and said, "I magnify thee,

" σοι πατερ. Κυριε του ουε ρανου, και της γης, ότι απεκρυνας ταυτα απο σοοων και συνετων, και α-" πεκαλυψας αυτα νηπιοις, " ναι ο πατηρ, ότι ουτως " εγενετο ευδοκια εμπροσθεν 22" σου" (και στραφεις προς τους μαθητας, ειπε) παντα παρεδοθη μοι ύπο του πατρος μου, και ουδεις Γινωσκει Τις εστιν ο ύιος, ει μη ο πατηρ: και τις εστιν ο πατηρ, ει μη ο ύιος, και ώ εαν βουληται ο ύιος αποκαλυψαι. 23 και στραφεις προς τους μαθητας, κατ' ιδιαν ειπε, μακαριοι οι οφθαλμοι οι βλεπον-24 TEG à BRETETE RETW PAP Uμιν, ότι πολλοι προφηται και βασιλεις ηθελησαν ιδεινά ύμεις βλεπετες και ουκ ειδους KALAKOUTAL A AKOUETE, KAL OUR TROUGALY.

25 Και ιδου» νομικος τις ανεστη» εκπειραζων αυτον» και
λεγων, διδασκαλε» τι ποιησας ζωην αιωνισν κληρονομη»
26 σω? δ δε ειπε προς αυτον»
εν τω νομώ τι γεγραπται?
27 πως αναγινωσκεις? δ δε αποκριθεις, ειπεν, "αγαπη"
" σεις Κυριον τον Θεον σου
" εξ όλης της καρδιας σου»
" και εξ όλης της ισχυος σου»
" και εξ όλης της ισχυος σου»
" και εξ όλης της ισχυος σου»

"O father, the Lord of " heaven and earth; for " having conceal'd these " things from the artful and " the crafty, whilft thou " bast reveal'd them to the " unskilful. justly, O fa-" ther, bast thou thus dif-" pens'd thy favour." the 22 management of every thing is committed to me by my father: no one knows rubat character the son is invested with, except the father; nor who the father is, except the son, and he to whom the son shall please to reveal it. then addressing bimself 23 to his disciples in particular, be said, bappy are they, who fee what you fee: for I af-24 fure you, that many prophets and princes bave defired to see what you now behold. but they never saw it; and to bear what you have beard. which they never did.

Then a doctor of the law 25 flood up to try him, faying, master, what shall I do to inherit eternal life? to whom 26 he answered, how does the law run in that case? what do you sind? he replied, 'tis 27 thus, "thou shalt love the "Lord thy God with all "thy heart, with all thy "foul, with all thy strength, "and with all thy under-"standing; and thy neigh-

Kk 2

" σου, και τον πλησιον σου 28" ώς σεαυτου." ειπε δε αυτω, ορθως απεκριθης, τουτο 20 ποιει, και ζηση όδι θελων SIKALOUN EAUTONS FLITT TEOC TOV INGOUN, KALTIC EGTI HOL ιο πλησιον ε ύπολαβων δε δ έπσους, ειπεν, ανθρωπος τις κατεβαίνεν απο Ιερουσαλημ εις Ιεριχω, και λησταις περιεπεσεν, δι και εκδυσαντες αυτου, και πλητας επιθεντες. απηλθον, αφεντες ήμιθανη 3 I TUTXAVOVTA. KATA GUTKUριαν δε ίερευς τις κατεβαινεν εν τη οδώ εκεινη, και ιδων 32 αυτου, αντιπαρπλθεν. μοιως δε και Λευιτης, Γενομενος κατα τον τοπον. ελθων 33 και ιδων, αντιπαρπλθεν. Σαμαρειτης δε τις όδευων, ηλθε κατ' αυτον, και ιδων αυτον, 34 εσπλαγχνισθη και προσελθων κατεδησε τα τραυματα αυτου, επιχεων ελαιον και οινον, επιβιβασας δε αυτον επι το ιδιον κτηνος, ηταγεν AUTOV EK TAVČONSIOUS KAI E-35 πεμεληθη αυτου. και επι Την αυριον (εξελθων) εκβαλων δυο δηναρια εδωκε τω πανδο-XSI, KAI ELTEN AUTW, ETIMEληθητι αυτου, και ό, τι αν προσδαπανησης, εςω εν τω επανερχεσθαι με, αποδωσω שעד עטדעט דעני דוג דער דעט דעט דעט Τετων δοκει σοι πλησιον τετο-VEYAL TOU EMITEGOYTOGEIG TOUG 377 notac? o GE ELTEV. O TOIT-TAS TO EXECU MET AUTOU. EL-

" bour as thy felf." you have 28 answered well, replied Jesus, do this, and you shall live. but he being desirous 29 to clear bimself, said to Jefes, but what is meant by our neighbour? to which 20 Jesus answered, a certain man, as he was going from Jerusalem to Jericho, fell among thieves, subo stripp'd bim, and beat kim, then march'd off leaving him balf dead. a certain priest hap-21 pen'd to be travelling that way, who look'd upon him, and then pass'd on. a Le-32 vite too came to the same place, gave him a look, and pass'd on. but a certain Sa-33 maritan being on the road, came where he was, and when he saw him, he took compassion on bim, went up 34 to him, dres'd his wounds by applying oil and wine, then fet him upon bis own mule, and brought bim to an inn, where he took care of bim. upon bis departure the next 25 day, be took out two denarit, and gave them to the master of the bouse, take care of bim, faid be, and I will repay you all the charges you are at, upon my return. which now of 36 the three do you think was neighbour to the man that was robb'd. be, reply'd the 37 dollor, who took pily on him. then

πεν ουν αυτφό Ιπσους, πορευου, και συ ποιει δμοιως.

28 Ereveto de en Tw modeneoθαι αυτους, και αυτος εισηλθεν εις κωμην τινα, τυνη δε τις ονοματι Μαρθα υπεδέξατο αυτον εις τον οικον άυτης. 29 και Τηδε ην αδελφη καλουμενη Μαρια, ή και παρακάθισασα παρα τους ποδας του Indous nkove tou loron au-40 του ή δε Μαρθα περιεσπατο περι πολλην διακονιαν, επιστάσα δε ειπε. Κυριε, ου μελει σοι ότι ή αδελφη μου μονην με κατέλιπε διακονείν? ειπε συν αυτη ίνα μοι συναν-4 ι τιλαβηται· αποκριθεις δε ει-πεν αυτη ο Ιπσους, Μαρθα, Μαρθα, μεριμνας και τυρβα-42 ζη περι πολλα. ένος δε εστι χρεια. Μαρια δε την αγαθην μεριδά εξελεξάτο, ήτις ουκ αφαιρεθησεται απ' αυ-The-

Και εξένετο εν Τφ ειναι αυτον εν τοπφ τινι προσευχομενου, ως επαυσατο, ειπε τις των μαθητων αυτου προς αυτον, Κυριε, διδαξον ήμας προσευχεσθαι, καθως και Ιωανης εδιδαξε τους μαθητας αυτου ειπε δε αυτοις, όταν προσευχησθε, λεξέτε, "πα-" τερ ήμων ὁ εν τοις ουρανοις, άξιασθητω το ονομα σου, ελθετω ή βασιλεια σου, (ξενηθητω το θελημα σου, ώς εν ουρανφ, και ε-

then faid Jesus to bim, go then, and imitate his example.

Another time, as they were 38 on a journey, Jesus enter'd into a village, where a woman, named Martha, entertain'd bim at ber bouse. now she bad a sister, named 29 Mary, who placed berfelf at the feet of Jesus, to attend to bis discourse. but Martha 40 perplex'd with the burry of ber affairs, came to bim, and said, Lord, don't you observe my sister bas left me to serve all alone: direct ber therefore to give me some assistance. but Jesus replied to 41 ber, Martha, Martha, you trouble yourself about a world of cares: but the best and the 42 most necessary concern is what Mary has pitch'd upon, of which she shall never be deprived.

One day Jesus bad been 1 praying in a certain place, and as soon as be had done, one of his disciples said to him, instruct us about prayer, as John the haptist instructed his disciples. he said there-2 fore to them, when ye pray, say, "our father, which art "in heaven, hallowed he "thy name. thy kingdom "come. thy will he done, "on earth, as in heaven.

" או דחק דחני) דטע מפדטע חי-" μων τον επιουσιον διδου ή-" μιν το καθ' ήμεραν. και " αφες ήμιν τας άμαρτιας ή-" μων, και γαρ αυτοι αφιε-" μεν παντι οφείλοντι ήμινς " KAL UN ELGEVERKUS NUAS ELS " πειρασμον, αλλα ρυσαι " ήμας απο του πονηρου-Και ειπε προς αυτους, τις בצ טעשי בצבו סואסיי אמו דוםρευσεται προς αυτον μεσο-VUKTIOUS KALI EDEL AUTW. OI-

λε, χρησον μοι Τρεις αρτους, 6 επειδή Φίλος μου παρεγενετο εξ όδου προς με, και ουκ εχω 7 ο παραθησω αυτωκεινος εσωθεν αποκριθεις ειπη, μη μοι κοπους παρέχει ηδη ή θυρα κεκλεισται, και τα παιδια μου μετ' εμου εις την κοιτην εισιν, ου δυναμαι ανασ-8 τας δουναι σοι. λεςω ύμιν. ει και ου δωσει αυτώ αναστας, δια το ειναι αυτου φιnov, dia re Thu avaideiau auτου εγερθεις δωσει αυτω όσον 9 χρηζει· κάζω ύμιν λεζω,

αιτειτε, και δοθησεται υμιν, CHTELTE KAL EUPHOSTE, KPOUT ETE, KAL AVOLPHOETAL DULLY

10 πας γαρ δαιτων λαμβανει, KAL O CHTWY EUDIOKELS KAL ΙΙ Τω Κρουοντι ανοιτησεται. Τι-

να δε εξ ύμων τον πατερα αι-Τησει ο ύιος αςτον, μη λιθον επιδωσει αυτώς η και ιχθυν. μη αντι ιχθυος οφιν επιδωσει

12 αυτω? η και εαν αιτηση ωον, μη επιδωσει αυτω σκορ-Tion?

" give us every day our por-" tion of bread. and for. " give us our fins : fince we " forgive every one that has " offended us. and leave us " not under temptation, but " deliver us from the evil cc one.33

Then be faid to them, sup- 5 pose any of you should go to his friend at midnight; and fay to bim, friend, lend me three loaves: for a friend of 6 mine, a traveller, is come to my house, and I have nothing to entertain bim with. and be within should give this answer, don't trouble me now: the door is made fast, and my family are all in bed: I can't get up to supply you. I tell you, the be will not rife, to supply bim, out of friendship: yet out of regard to bis importunity, be will rife, and lend bim whatever be bas occasion for. I tell you likewise, ask, and it shall be given: seek, and ye shall find: knock, and the door shall be opened. for every one that asketh, reccives : be that seeketh, finds : and be that knocks has admittance. what father a-11
mong you would give his son a stone, when he asketh for bread? or if for a fish, in-stead of a fish would be give bim a ferpent? or instead of 12

13 πιον ε ει ουν ύμεις πονπροι ύπαρχοντες, οιδατε αγαθα δοματα διδοναι τοις τεκνοις ύμων, ποσφ μαλλον όπατηρ ό εξ ουρανου, δωσει πνευμα ά ιον τοις αιτουσιν αυτον

14 Και πν εκβαλλων δαιμονιους και αυτο την κωφούς ε-TEVETO DE TOU DAIMONIOU ELEXθοντος, ελαλπσεν ό κωφος. 15 και εθαύμασαν οι οχλοι- τι-VEC DE FE AUTWY ELTOY, EN BEENζεβουλ τω αρχοντι των δαιμονιων εκβαλλει τα δαιμονια. 16 ETEDOI DE TEIDALOUTES, ONμειον παρ αυτου εζητουν εξ 17 ουρανου- αυτος δε ειδως αυτων τα διανοπματα, ειπεν αυτοις, πασα βασιλεια εφ' έαυτην διαμερισθεισα ερημου-Tals Kal Olkoc ETL OLKOV TIT-18 τει. ει δε και ό σατανας εφ έαυτον διεμερισθη, πως σταθησεται ή βασιλεια άυτου? OTI REFITE, EV BEENCEBOUR EK-19 βαλλειν με τα δαιμονία. ει δε εγω εν Βεελ εβουλ εκβαλλω τα δαιμονικό οι ύιοι ύμων εν Τινι εκβαλλουσι? δια τουτο κριται ύμων αυτοι εσονται-20 SI DE EN BAKTURM GEOU EKβαλλω τα δαιμονία, αρα εφθασεν εφ' ύμας ή βασιλεία 21 του Θεου. όταν ό ισχυρος καθωπλισμένος ε υλασση την במעדטע מעאחיי בע בנףוועה בסτι τα υπαρχοντα αυτου.

an egg will be offer him a foorpion? if ye then, wicked 13 as ye are, know how to give what is proper to your children: how much more shall your heavenly father give the holy spirit to them that ask him?

At another time Jesus was 14. casting out a demon, that was dumb: and as foon as the demon was gone out, the dumb man spoke: and the people wondred. but some of them 15 faid, be casteth out demons by Beelzebub the prince of the demons. others, to try bim, 16 defir'd be would show some miraculous sign in the hea-ven. but Jesus perceiving 17 their suspicions, faid to them, every kingdom divided against itself will soon be desolate: one family divided against another, falls to ruin. fo if 18 satan be divided against bimself, bow can bis kingdom subsist? for you affert, that 10 I cast out demons by Beelzebub. but if I cast out demons by Beelzebub, by whom do your sons cast them out? wherefore they shall be your judges. but if I cast out de- 20 mons by the finger of God, it follows, that the reign of the Melhab is now begun among you. when a man that is 21 stout and will arm'd guards bis palace, his possessions are fafe.

22 επαν δε δ ισχυροτερος αυτου επελθων νικηση αυτον, την πανοπλιαν αυτου αιρει, εφ η επεποιθει, και τα σκυλα αυτου διαδιδωσιν.

23 Ο μη ων μετ' εμου, κατ' εμου εστι, και ό μη συναζων μετ' εμου, σκορπίζει.

24. Οταν το ακαθαρτον πνευμα εξελθη απο του ανθρωπου, διερχεται δι ανυδρων τοπων, ζητουν αναπαυσιν, και μη ευρισκον, λεγει, ύποστρεψω εις τον οικον μου, όθεν εξ-25 πλθον. και ελθον έυρισκει σεσαρωμένον και κεκοσμημε-26 γον. τοτε πορευεται και παραλαμβανει έπτα έτερα πνευματα πονηροτερα έαυτου, και εισελθοντα κατοικει εκει, και γινεται τα εσχατα του ανθρωπου εκεινου χειρονα των πρωτων.

27 ΕΓΕΝΕΤΟ δΕ ΕΝ ΤϢ ΝΕΓΕΙΝ αυτον Ταυτα, επαρασα Τις τυνη φωνην εκ του οχλου, ειπεν αυτω, μακαρια ή κοιλια ή βαστασασα σε, και μασ-28 τοι όυκ εθηλασας αυτος δε ειπε, μενουνγε μακαριοι όι ακουοντες τον λογον του Θεου, 29 και φυλασσοντες αυτον των δε οχλων επαθροίζομενων ηρξατο λεγειν, ή γενεα άυτη πονηρα εστι, σημειον επιτονηρα εστι, σημειον ου δοθησεται αυτη, ει μη το σησεται αυτη, ει μη το σησειον

μειον Ιωνα του προφητου.

fafe. but if a stronger than 22 be should assault, and over-come him, he will strip him of all his furniture on which he relyed, and divide the plunder.

He that does not join with 23 me, is against me: and he that is not active for me, is a deserter.

When the impure spirit is 24, gone out of a man, he wanders about the wilds in quest of some repose: but sinding none, I will return, says be, to the abode I have quitted, and at his return be findeth it 25 swept and garnished, then 26 he goes and takes with him seven other spirits more wicked than himself: they all enter in and dwell there, and the last state of that man becomes worse than the first.

As be was discoursing thus, 27 a certain woman in the middle of the crowd lift up her voice, and said to bim, bappy the mother, who bare thee: happy the nurse, who gave thee milk. but rather, 28 said be, bappy are they who bear the word of God, and put it in practice, and as the crowd 29 grew more numerous, he thus began, this is a degenerate race of men: they demand a miraçle: but no miracle shall be exhibited, but fuch as happen'd

το καθώς γαρ εγενέτο Ιωνάς ση-HELOV TOIC NIVEUITAIS OUTWE εσται και δύιος του ανθοωπου 31 TH TENER TRUTH. BROINIGGA שסדטע ברבניטחסבדמו בע דח אנוσει μετα των ανδρων της Γενεας ΤαυΤής, και κατακρίνει AUTOUS, OTIMABEY EK TWY TIE-PATEN THE THE AKOUGAL THE σοφιαν Σολομωνος, και ιδου, 32 πλειου Σολομωνος ώδει ανόςες Νινευιται αναστησουται εν THEFITE HETA THE FEVERS TAU-Της, και κατακρινουσιν αυτην, ότι μετευοπσαν εις το κπρυγμα Ιωνα, και ιδου πλειον Ιωνα wife.

33 Ουδεις δε πυχύον άψας, εις κρυπτον τιθησιν, ουδε ύπο τον μοδιού, αλλα επι την λυχνιαν, ίνα οι εισπορευομε-24 νοι το φεργος βλεπωσινλυχνος του σωματος εστιν ο οφθαλμος, όταν ουν ό οφθαλμος σου άπλους η, και όλον Το σωμά σου φωτείνον εστιν, επαν δε πονηρος η, και το σωμα σου σκοτείνον. \$5 σκοπει ουν μη το φως το εν 26 OOL GROTOS EGTIVE ELOUN TO σωμα σου όλον φωτείνου, μη SXOV TI HEPOC GROTEIVOVS EGται φωτείνον όλον, ώς όταν ύ λυχνός τη αστραπη φωτιζη σε

37 Εν δε τω παπησαι, ηρωτα αυτον Φαρισαιοις τις δ-

7.65

pen'd in the person of Jonas the prophet. for as the case 20 of Jonas was a miraculous instance to the Ninevites, so shall the son of man be to this generation. the queen of the 31 South shall rise up in the day of judgment against this generation, and condemn it: for she came from the remote parts of the earth to hear the wisdom of Solomon; but now, a greater than Solomonis bere. the people of Nineve shall rise 24 up in the day of Judgment, and shall condemn it : for they repented at the preaching of Jonas; but now, a greater than Jonas is bere.

However, when a man 33 bas once lighted his lamp, he does not hide it in a by-place, or under a bushel ; but sets it on a stand, that all who come in may bave light, the eye is the 34 light of the body: if therefore your eye be clear, every member of your body will have the benefit of the light: but if it be fpoil'd, they must all rest in darkness. take care therefore, 35 that the light which is in thee do not become darkness. for 36 if thy whole body be enlightned, and no part dark, your whole conduct will be regulated, just. as the light of a lamp directs all your motions.

While he was speaking, a 37 Pharisec invited him to dine

1-1

22 .

TWE ACCOTHON TAP AUTW. 28 εισευθων δε ανεπεσεν. ό δε Φαρισαιος ιδων εθαυμασεν ότι ου πρωτού εβαπτισθη προ 39 του ακιστου ειπε δε ό Κυ-DIOS TICOS COTOVO VUV DILEIS OL Φαρισαιοί το εξωθεν του πο-Τπρίου και Του πινακός καθαρίζετε, το δε εσωθεν ύμων τεμει άρπατης και πονηριας. 40 ACODOVES, OUX O TOING AS TO εξωθεν, και το εσωθεν εποιπ-41 σε ? πλην τα ενοντα δοτε ελεημοσυνην, και ίδου, παν-42 τα καθαρα ύμιν έστιν αλλ ουαι ύμιν τοις Φαρισαιοις. ότι αποδεκατουτε το ήδυοσμου, και το πητανού και παν λαχανον, και παρερχεσθε την κρισιν και Την αταπην Του Θεου, ταυτα εδει ποιπσαι, 43 κακεινα μη αφιεναι. oval ύμιν τοις Φαρισαιοις, ότι αταπατε την πρωτοκαθεδριαν εν ταις συναγωγαις, και τους ασπασμούς εν ταις αγοραίς. 44ουαι ύμιν ότι εστε ώς τα μνημεια τα αδηλα, και οι ανθρωποι α περιπατουντές ε-TONO OUK OLOGOTIVE

45 ATOKOLDEIC DE TICTUV VOμικων, λεγει αυτω, διδασ-KALES TAUTA LETWY KAL TI-46 mas Boileis o de eine, kai ύμιν Τοις νομικοις ουαι, ότι φορτίζετε τους ανθρωπους φορτια δυσβαστακτα, και **Ευτ**οι ένι των δακτυλων ύ-

his house, where he went, and sat down at table. but the 38 Pharisec was surprized to see ibat be did not wash before dinner. upon which the Lord 39 said to bin, you Pharisees won't leave any filth upon the outside of a cup or a platter: while your consciences are abandon'd to rapine, and senfuality. do you stupidly ima- 40 gine that be, who made the outward man, did not make the inward too? be but cha-41 ritable to the utmost of your ability, and every thing will be pure to you. but we unto 42 you Pharisees: for you will pay the tythes of mint, and rue, and all forts of berbs. but as for justice and true piety, those you neglett. these you ought to bave practifed, without omitting bowever the other. we unto you Phari-43 sees, for you affect to have the first rank in the syndgoque, and to be complimented in publick places. wo unto you: 44 for you resemble subterraneous monuments, which men walk over, without perceiving them.

Then a doctor of the law 45 objected to bim, saying, master, your discourse is an insult upon us also, but Jesus said, 46 wo unto you likewife, doctors of the law; for you load men with insupportable burthens, the least part of which you will

μων ου προσψαυετε Τοις Φορ-47 Τιοις ουαι ύμιν, ότι οικοδο-HEITE TO HYTHELD TWY TOOφητων, δι δε πατερες ύμων 48 απεκτειναν αυτους. αρα μαρ-TUDELTE, KAL GUVEUBOKEITE TOIC εργοις των πατερων ύμων» OTI AUTOI MEN ATTENTELVAN AU-TOUCS DILEIC DE OIKODOLLETE AU-49 TWV TA HUMLEIA. SIA TOUTO KAL TO GODIA TOU GEOU ELTEVS αποστελω $\mathcal{E}l\zeta$ " προφητας, και αποστο-" DOUG KALEE AUTWY ATOK-" τενουσι και εκδιωξουσιν:" 50 iva ek (nynon to dina navτων των προφητών, το εκχυνομενον απο καταβολης κοσμου, απο της ζενεας ταυ-51 της, απο του αιματος Αβελ, έως του άιματος Ζαχαριού, του απολομενου μεταξύ του θυσιαστηριού και του οικού, ναι λεγω ύμιν εκζητηθησε-TAL ATO THE FEVERS TAUTHS. \$2 ουαι ύμιν τοις νομικοις, ότι πρατε την κλειδα της γυωσεως, αυτοι ουκ εισπλθετε, KAL TOUS ELGEPXOHEVOUS EKW-AUG ATE.

53 Λεγοντος δε αυτου ταυτα προς αυτους, πρέαντο οι Γραμματεις και οι Φαρισαιοι δεινως ενεχειν, και αποστοματίζειν αυτον περι πλειονών, 54 ενεδρευοντες αυτον, ζητουντες θηρευσαι τι εκ του στοματος αυτου, ίνα κατηγορησωσιν αυτου.

will not yourselves bear : wo AT unto you, for you rebuild the sepulchres of those prophets. whom your fathers put to death: they were guilty of 48 slaughter, and you raise monuments to their memory. 4:49 greeably to this, in the Wildom of God tis said, " I " will fend them prophets " and apostles: some they " will kill, and others they " will persecute: " so that 50 the blood of all the prophets, which has been shed since the creation of the world, may be required of this generation, from the blood of Abel 51 to that of Zacharias, who perished between the altar. and the temple: yes, I afsure you, this generation shall be responsible for it all, wo un-52 to you, doctors of the law; for after baving taken the key of knowledge, you remain still in the dark, and binder others, who defire to have light.

As be was pursuing his dif-53 course, the Scribes and Pharisees passionately urg'd him with many captious questions, in order to ensnare him, and 54 draw something from his own mouth, that might be brought as evidence against him.

Εν δις επισυναχθεισων των Ì μυριαδων του οχλου, ώστε καταπατείν αλληλούς, ηςξατο λεγειν προς τους μαθητας αυτου πρωτον, προσεχετε έαυτοις απο της ζυμής των Φαρισαιων, ήτις εστιν ύπο-2 κρισις. ουδεν δε συγκεκαλυμ-LEVOY ECTIV. O OUR ATTOKANUφθησεται, και κρυπτον, ό ου 3 Γνωσθησεταιανθ' ών όσα EV TH OKOTIE ELTATE, EV TW φωτι ακουσθησεται, και ο προς το ους ελαλησατε εν τοις ταμειοις, κηρυχθησεται επι των δωματων.

Δεγω δε ύμιν τοις φιλοις μου, μη φοβηθητε απο των αποκτεινοντων το σωμά, και μετα ταυτα μη εχοντών πε-5 ρισσοτεροντιποιησαι ύποδειξω δε ύμιν τινα φοβηθητε: φοβηθητε τον μετά το αποκτειναι, εξουσιαν εχοντα εμβα-REIVER THY FEEDYAV, VAL REFUI U-6 μιν, τουτον φοβηθητε πεντε στρουθια πωλειται ασσαριων δύος και έν εξ αυτων ουκ εστιν επιλελησμένον ένω-7 πιον Του Θεου? αλλα και αι Τριχές Της κεφαλής ύμων πασαι πριθμηνται: μη συν φοβεισθει πολλων στρου-**8** θιων διαφερετε· λεγω δε ύμιν, πας ός αν όμολος πση εν εμοι εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων, και ο ύιος του ανθεωπου όμολογήσει εν αυτώ εμπροσθεν TWY AFFERWY TOU DEOU. Ó ÒE

In the mean time thousands of people being gather'd about bim, to as to trample upon one another, be first address'd bimself thus to his disciples, beware of the corrupt doctrine of the Pharifees. which is by pocrify, for there 2 is nothing conceal'd, which shall not be disclosed; nothing fecret, which shall not be made publick. whatever you have 3 utter'd in the dark, shall be brought to light: and what you have whisper'd in a clofet, shall be proclaim'd upon the house top.

As for you, my friends, be 4 not afraid of those, who can kill the body, and after that can effect nothing more, but 5 I will inform you whom you Should fear: fear bim, who after be bas kill'd, bas power to precipitate into bell; yes, I advise you, sear bim. are 6 not five sparrows fold for two pence? however the divine providence extends to each of them. nay, the very 7 bairs of your bead can't full without being number'd; be not then afraid; there is no comparison between you and sparrows. moreover I declare unto you, whoever shall acknowledge me before men, him shall the son of man also own before the angels of God. but whoever shall renounce 9

CHAP, XII. ADVITABLEVOS DE EVERTION TEN ανθοωπων, απαρνηθησεται ενωπιον των απελων του 10 OSOU KAL TAL OS ECEL AOTOV εις τον ύιον του ανθρωπου, αφεθησεται αυτώ, τω δε είς το άτιον πνευμά βλασφημη-I I GAYTI OUK ADEBNOETAI. Oταν δε προσφερωσιν ύμας επι τας συναγωγας και τας αρχας και τας εξουσιας, μη μεριμνατε πως η τι απολοςησησθες 12 n TI EITHTE: TO TAP ATION πνευμα διδαξει ύμας εν αυτη τη ώρας ά δει ειπειν 13 EITE DE TIS QUTW EK TOU οχλου, διδασκαλε, είπε τω αδελφω μου μερισασθαι μετ' 14 εμου την κληρονομιαν. ο δε ειπεν αυτώ, αιθρωπε, τις με KATEOTHOE SIKAOTHY H HE-

15 ριστην εφ' ύμας? είπε δε προς αυτους, ορατε και φυλασσεσθε απο παστις πλεονεξιας, ότι ουκ εν τω περισσευειν τινι ήζωη αυτου εστιν εκ των ύπαρχοντων άυτου. 16 είπε δε παραβολην προς αυτους, λεγων, ανθρωπου τινος πλουσιού ευφορήσεν ή χωρα. 17 KAI DIENOFILETO EV EAUTWO NE-TWY TE TOINGWY OTE OUK Eχω που συνάξω τους κάςπους 18 HOU F KAI EITE, TOUTO TOIησω, καθελω μου τας αποθηκας, και μειζονας οικοδομησω, και συναξω εκει παντα τα Γενιπματα μου, και 10 τα αξαθα μου. και ερω τη ψυχη μου, ψυχη, EXEIS **π**0λ.⁻

me before men, be shall be renounc'd before the angels of God. and whoever shall 10 cast a reflection upon the son of man, it shall be forgiven bim; but as for bim, that shall blaspheme the boly spirit, it shall not be forgiven, when II you are brought into the fynagogues, and before magistrates and rulers, be not sollicitous what to say in your own defence; for the boly spirit shall 12 instruct you on the very occasion, what is proper to be said.

Then one of the company 13 said to bim, order my brother to give me my share of our inbut Fesus an-14 heritance. fwer'd bim, who made me a judge, or an arbitrator between you? then be said to 15 them, take care to be clear of all avarice: for the enjoyment of life does not depend upon the baving large possesfions. to which purpose he 16 propos'd to them this parable: a rich man bad some land that was very fruitful. and thus 17 reason'd with bimself, what shall I do for want of room to store up my crop? this will I do, faid be, I will 18 pull down my barns, and build greater: and there I will bestow all my rich produst. then I will say to my 19 foul, foul, you have many enjoyments in reserve sor a num-

πολλα αγαθα κειμένα εις ε-Τη πολλα, αναπαυού, φα-\$0 TE, TIE, EUPPAINOU- ELTE DE αυτω ο Θεος, αφρων, ταυ-עמצעע דח אינאדע דחי שעוצעעע עד די אינא . σου απαιτουσιν απο σους ά δε ήτοιμασας, τινι εσται? **Φ τ** ουτως ο θησαυρίζων έαυτω, RAIL IM EIG DEON TRADUTWY. 22 Είπε δε προς τους μαθητας αυτου, δια τουτο ύμιν λεγω, μη μεριμνατε τη ψυχη ύμων. τι φαγητε, μπόε τω σωματι. 23 TI EVOUOTOBE ח שעצח את בו-DY EGT! THE TOOMICS KAL TO **24** σωμα, του ενδυματος, κα-TAYONGATE TOUS KOPAKAS, OTI ου σπειρουσιν, ουδε θερίζου-TIVE OUR ECT! TAMELON, ουδε αποθηκη, και ο Θεος Τρέφει αυτους, ποσω μαλλον DILLIC GLARGEPETE TON METEL-25 των ? Τις δε εξ ύμων μεριμνων δυναται προσθειναι επι דווי אוגומי מטרסט אואצעיי 26 EVA ? EL OUN OUTE ENAXIOTON **δυνασθ**ες Τι περι Των λοιπων * 7 PÉPULVATE ? KATAVONGATE τα κρινα, πως αυξανει, ου κοπια, ουδε νηθει, περω δε ύμιν ουδε Σολομων εν παση τη δοξη άυτου περιεβαλετο 28 ώς εν τουτων· ει δε τον χορ-Τον εν Τώ αγρώ στιμέρον οντα+ KAI AUPION EIG KAIBANON BAAπομενον, ο Θεος ουτως αμφιέννυσι» ποσω μαλλον ύμας, **39** ολιγοπιστοι ? και ύμεις μη בחדבודב דו קמן חדב ח דו או-TES KAL UN METEWPICEGOE.

Taura

ber of years; take your ease, eat, drink, and be merry. but 20. God said to him, thou sool, this night shall thy soul he required of thee: who then shall enjoy what thou hast provided? such is he, who heaps up his 21 treasure here, and makes no provision for another world.

Wherefore (said be to bis 22 disciples.) be not follicitous for your life, what ye shall eat; nor for the body, what ye shall put on. the life is more than 23 meat, and the body is more than raiment. confider the 24 ravens: for they neither fore nor reap: nor bave cellar or barn: are not you of much greater value than the fowls? but which of you, with all 25 bis disquietude, can odd one moment to the period of bis life? if then you can't 26 effect fo small a matter, wby are you disquieted about a much longer time ? con-27 sider the lillys how they grow: they neither toil nor spin: and yet, I tell. you, that Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these, now if God 28 thus cloaths the flowers, which exist to-day in the field, and to-morrow are thrown into the oven: bow much more will be cloath you, O distrustful men? therefore 29 don't be concern'd about what

30 ταυτα γαρ παντά, τα εθνη του κοσμου επίζητει, υμων SE O TATHO OLSEV OT LXONCETE 31 Τουτων. πλην ζητειτε την βασιλειαν του Θεου, και ταυτα παντα προστέθησε-32 ται ύμιν- μη φοβου, το μικρου ποιμνιου, ότι ευδοκησεν ο πατηρ ύμων δουναι ύμιν την 83 βασιλείαν- πωλησατε τα ύπαρχοντα ύμων, και δοτε ε-RETILOGUYTIVO TOLTIGATE ÉAUτοις βαλαντια μη παλαιουμενα, θησαυρού ανεκλειπτού Εν Τοις ουρανοις, όπου κλεπ-THE OUR EFFICE, OUDE ONE OIL 34 αφθειρει- όπου ταρ εστιν ό θησαυρος ύμων, έκει και ή καρδία ύμων εσται-

35 Εστωσαν ύμων αι οσφυες περιεζωσμεναι, και α πυχνοι **46 καιομένοι» και ύμεις όμοιοι** ανθρωποις προσθεχομενοις τον κυριον έαυτων, ποτε ανάλυση εκ των γαμων, ίνα ελθοντος και κρουσαντος, ευθεως 37 ανοιζωσιν αυτω- μακαριοι OF BOUNDE EKSIVOL, OUR ENDEWN O κυριος ευρησει Γρηγορουντας. αμπν λεγω ύμιν, ότι περίζω-GETAIS KAI AVAKAIVEL AUTOUC. και παρελθων διακονησει αυ-38 Tois. Kai eav Elon ev Tn deu-Τερα φυλακή, και εν Τη Τρι-Τη φυλακή ελθή, και έυρη ουτω, μακαριοι εισιν οι δου-39 λοι εκεινοι. Τουτο δε Γινωσ-

KETEN

ve shall eat, or what ye shall drink , but lan afide all your anxiety: for it is enough that 30 the Gentiles are so concern'd about these things: as for you. your father is acquainted with all your wants. therefore do 3 E you rather feek the kingdom of God, and then all your necessities will be fully supply'd. fear not, ye little flock, for it 32 is your father's good pleasure to grant you the kingdom. fell 33 your postessions and give alms, lay up for yourselves a stock not subject to decay, a treafure in the beavens that will never fail, where no thief can approach, nor moth can spoil. for where your treasure is, 34 there likewise will your affestions be.

Let your loins be girt, and 35 your lamps burning: imitate 36 those servants who stand waiting for their master's return from the wedding, to let bim in as soon as be comes to the door. bappy those ser-37 vanis, whom the master at bis arrival shall find thus watching: I affure you, be shall gird bimself, and make them fit at table, and will come to serve them. bappy 28 are the servants he finds in such a state, whether it be at the second or at the third watch of the night, when he comes, if the master of a 39boule

κετε, ότι ει πδει ό οικοδεσπο-THE TOLD WOD O KALTTHE EDXE-Tals Esparophoen an, kal ouk αν αφηκε διορυτηναι τον οικον 40 autou- και ύμεις συν τινεσθε έτοιμοι, ότι ή ώρα, ου δοκειτε, ο ύιος του ανθρωπου ερ-41 XET al. EITE DE AUTO O TE-Τρος, Κυριε, προς ήμας την παραβολην ταυτην λεγεις, η 42 και προς παντας ? ειπε δε ο Κυριος, τις αρα εστιν όπιστος οικονομος και φρονιμος, όν καταστησει ὁ κυριος επι της θεραπειας αυτους του διδοναι εν καιρώ το σιτομετριον? ελθων ο κυριος αυτου έυρησει 44 ποιουντα ουτως. λεγω ύμιν, ότι επι πασι τοις ύπαρχουσιν άυτου καταστη-45 TEL AUTOV. EAV DE ELAN O δουλος εκεινος εν τη καρδια άυτου, χρονίζει ο κυριος μου ερχεσθαι, και αρξηται τυπτειν τους παιδας και τας παιδισκας, εσθιείν τε και πι-46 νειν και μεθυσκεσθαι. ήξει κυριος του δουλου εκεινου εν ημερα ή ου προσδοκα, και εν ώρα ή ου γινωσικεί, και διχο-Τομπσει αυτον, και το μερος αυτου μετα των απιστων 47 θησει. εκεινος δε ο δουλος ο γνους το θελημα του κυριου ξαυτου, και μη έτοιμασας. μπδε ποιησας προς το θελημα αυτου, δαρησεται πολλας. 48 ο δε μη Γνους, ποιησας δε αξια πληςων, δαρησεται ο-

bouse knew at what bour the thief would come, no doubt be would be on bis guard, and not fuffer bim to break into bis bouse. be re therefore like-40 wife preparid; for the fon of man will come, when you least expett bim. then Peter 41 faid to bim, Lord, do you apply this similitude to us, or to all in general? Jesus an- 42 fwered, if there be a faithful prudent steward, appointed by his master to give his domesticks their stated allowance; bappy is such a ser- 43 vant, whom his master at his return shall find so employ'd. I affure you, be will 44 intrust bim with the management of his whole estate. but 45 if the servant should say within bimself, my master delays bis return; and fall a beating bis fellow-fervants, indulging bimself in eating and drinking to excess. his 46 master will return on a day be does not expect bim, and a an bour be is ignorant of; he will separate bim from the rest, and give him a treatment answerable to bis infidelity. but the ser-47 vant, who knows his master's will, and prepares not bimfelf, nor executes his orders, shall receive many stripes. whereas he that does not AB know it, and does things

λιτας· παντι δε ώ εδοθη πολυ, πολυ ζητηθήσεται παρ αυτου, και ώπαρεθεντο πολυς περισσοτερού αιτησουσιν 40 αυτον πυρ πλθον βαλειν EIG THY THY, KAI TI BEXW EI M-50 δη ανήφθη? βαπτισμά δε εχω βαπτισθηναι, και πως συνεχομαι έως ου Τελεσθη? 51 SOKELTE OTL ELPHYNY TAPETEVO-אמט לחן דח בע בע בע החוף לחוץ לעודה λεγω ύμιν, αλλ η διαμερισ-52 μον. εσονται γαρ απο του νυν πεντε εν οικώ ένι διαμεμερισμένοι, Τρεις έπι δυσι, και 53 δυο επι τρισι. διαμερισθησεται πατηρ εφ' ύιω, και ύιος επι πατρι: μητηρ επι θυγατρι, και θυγατηρ επι μη-Τρι: πενθερα επι την νυμ-Φην αυτης, και νυμφη επι την πενθεραν άυτης.

54 Ελεγε δε και τοις οχλοις, όταν ιδητετην νεφελην ανατελλουσαν απο δυσμων, ευθεως λεγετε, ομβρος ερχεται, 55 και γινεται όυτω- και όταν νοτον πνεοντα, λεγετε, ότι καυσων εσται, και γινεται 56 ύποκριται, το προσωπον της γις και του ουρανου οιδατε δοκιμαζείν, τον δε καιρον τουτον πως ου δοκιμαζετε?

worthy of chaftisement, shall receive fewer stripes. for to whom much is given, of him Shall much be required, and the more a man has been trusted, the greater will be the demand. I am come to purify 49 the earth with fire, and bow do I wish it were already kindled? the baptism, which 50 I am to undergo, bow do I long till it be accomplished? do you 51 imagine that my coming will produce peace on the earth? I tell you, no; but rather divifion. for the future, if there 52 are five persons in one family, they will be divided; three against two, and two against three. the father will be at 52 variance with his son, and the son with the father: the mother with the daughter, and the daughter with the mother: the mother-in-law with the daughter-in-law, and the daughter-in-law with the mother-in-law.

Then be said to the peo-54 ple, when you see a cloud rise out of the west, you say, it is just going to rain; and so it happens. and when 55 the south wind blows, you say, there will be beat; and so it happens. Hypocrites, 56 you can judge of the phænomena of the earth, and of the sky, but why can't you discern the present times?

57 דו לב אמן מס' במטדשי סט ארן-יצדב דס לוגמוסי ל

58 Ως Γαρ υπαγεις μετα του αντιδικου σου επ' αρχοντα, εν τη οδώ δος εργασιαν απηλπαχθαι απ' αυτου, μηποτε κατασυρη σε προς τον κριτην, και ο κριτης σε παραδώ τώ πρακτορι, και ο πρακτωρ 59 σε βαλη εις φυλακην. λεγω σοι, ου μη εξελθης εκειθεν, εως ου και το εσχατον λεπτον αποδώς.

Παρησαν δε τινες εν αυτώ TW KAIPW ATATTENNOVTEC AU-Τω περι Των Γαλλιλαιων, ων το αιμα Πιλατος εμιζε μετα Των θυσιών αυτών· και αποκριθεις ο Ιπσους ειπεν αυτοις, δοκειτε ότι οι Γαλιλαιοι ουτοι άμαρτωλοι παρα παντας τους Γαλιλαιους εγενοντο, ότι τοιαυτα πεπον-3 θασιν ? ουχι, λεγω ύμιν, ALL EAV UN HETAVONONTES παντες ώσαυτως απολεισθε. 4 n ekcivoi oi deka kai oktw. εφ ους επεσεν ο πυργος εν τω Σιλωαμ, και απεκτείνεν αυτους, δοκειτε ουτοι οφειλεται εγενοντο παρα παντας ανθρωπους τους κατοικουντας 5 εν Ιερουσαλημ ? ουχι, λεγω ύμιν, αλλ εαν μη μετανοητε, παντες όμοιως απολεισθε.

Ελεγε δε ταυτην την παραβολην, συκην ειχε τις εν τω αμπελωνι άυτου πεφυτευμενην, wby can't you judge what is 57 proper to be done in your own affairs.

When you are going with 58 your adverfary before the magistrate, pay the interest, and get your discharge, while you are on the way; for scar he should bring you before the judge, and the judge deliver you to the officer, and the officer throw you into jail. I59 tell you, you will not get out, till you have paid to the last farthing.

At the same time, there were some present, who gave Jesus an account of the Galileans, whose blood Pilate had mingled with their sacrifices. upon which Jesus thus ad- 2 åress'd himself to them. do you imagine that those Galileans were greater sinners than the rest of the nation, because they suffer'd in such a manner? I tell you, no: and, except you repent, you shall all likewise perish. or 4 those eighteen, upon whom the tower of Siloam fell, and stew them, do you think they were greater criminals than the other inhabitants of Jerusalem? I tell you, no: and except you repent, you shall all likewise perish.

He proposed likewise this 6 parable: a certain man had a fig-tree planted in his vine-

yard,

Τευμίνην και ηλθε καρπον ζητων εν αυτη, και ουχ ευγ ρεν ειπε δε προς τον αμπελουργον, ιδου, τρια ετη ερχομαι ζητων καρπον εν τη συκη
ταυτη, και ουχ ευρισκω, εκκοψον αυτην, ίνατι και την
β ην καταργει? ὁ δε αποκριθεις λεγει αυτω, Κυριε, αφες
αυτην και τουτο το ετος;
εως ότου σκαψω περι αυτην,
γ και βαλω κοπρια- κάν μεν
ποιηση καρπον, ει δε μηγε, εις
το μελλον εκκοψεια αυτην.

10 Ην δε διδασκών εν μιά των συνατωτων εύ τοις σαββασι. 1 א געו ולסט, דער חי אי אדיבטוומ בχουσα ασθεύειας ετη δεκα אמו סאדש, אמו חי סעראטאτουσα, και μη δυναμενη α-12 VAKUWAI EIG TO TAVTENEGO Iδων δε αυτην ο Ιησους, προσεφωνήσε, και είπεν αυτή, τυναι, απολελυσαι της ασ-13 θενειας σου: και επεθηκεν αυτή τας χειράς, και παράχοημα ανωρθωθη, και εδοξα-14 με τον Θεον αποκριθεις δε ο αρχισυναςωτος, ατανακτων ότι τω σαββατω εθεραπευσεν ο Ιπσους, ελεγε τω οχλω, εξ ημεραι εισιν εν αίς δει εργαζεσθαι, εν ταυταις ουν ερχομενοι θεραπευεσθε. και μη τη ημερά του σάββα-15 του- απεκριθη συν αυτω δ Κυριος, και είπεν, υποκριτα, έκαστος ύμων τω σαββατω לים אנון דסי פיטיו מעדים ח

yard, and be came expecting it should have had fruit, but he found none. then he said to the vine-dresser, you see, I have been looking these three years for fruit from this figtree, but find none: hew it down, why should it cumber my ground? to which he made answer, sir, let it alone one year longer, till I shall dig about it, and dung it. perhaps it may bear fruit: if not, you may after that hew it down.

As he was teaching in a 10 Synagogue on the sabbath-day: a woman was present, who 11 had been kept infirm by a spirit eighteen years: and stoop-. ed in such a manner, she was not able to bold up ber bead strait: Jesus seeing ber; cal-12 led ber to bim, and said, woman you are freed from your disorder. then he laid his 13 bands upon her: and instantly she stood upright; and glorified God. but the ruler is of the synagogue being highly incensed at Jesus's bealing on the fabbath-day, said to the people; there are fix days for work, you should come therefore for cure on those days; and not on the fabbath. to 15 which Jesus replied, thou bypocrite, who is there among you that scruples to untie bis ox or his ass, and lead him Mm 2 from

Του ονου απο της φατυης,
16 και απαγαγων ποτίζει ε ταυτην δε, θυγατερα Αβςααμ
ουσαυ, ήν εδησεν ο σατανας ιδου δεκα και οκτω ετη, ουκ
εδει λυθηναι απο του δεσμου
τουτου τη ήμερα του σαββα17 του ? και ταυτα λεγοντος

του ε και ταυτα λεροντος αυτους κατησχυνοντο παντες δι αντικειμενοι αυτώς και πας δ οχλος εχαιρεν επι πασι τοις ενδοξοις τοις ρινομενοις υπ αυτόυ.

18 Ελεγε δε, Τινι όμοια εστιν
π΄ βασιλεια του Θεου ? και
19 τινι όμοιωσω αυτην ? όμοια
εστι κοκκώ σιναπεως, όν λα-
βων ανθρωπος εβαλεν εις κη-
πον έαυτου, και πυζησε, και
εγενετο εις δενδρον μεγα, και
τα πετεινα του ουρανου κα-
τεσκηνώσεν εν τοις κλαδοις
20 αυτου- παλιν ειπε, τινι ό-
μοιώσω την βασιλειαν του
λαβουσα γυνη ενεκρυψεν εις
αλευρου σατα τρια, έως όυ
εζυμωθη όλον-

22 Και διεπορευετο κατα πο
λεις και κωμας διδασκων, και
πορειαν ποιουμενος εις Ιερου23 σαλημ. ειπε δε τις αυτω,
Κυριε, ει ολιγοι οι σωζομενοι? ο δε ειπε προς αυτους,
24 αγωνίζεσθε εισελθειν δια της
στενης πυλης, ότι πολλοι,
λεγω ύμιν, ζητησουσιν εισελθειν, και ουκ ισχυσουσιν.

from the stall to water on the sabbath-day? and must not 16 this daughter of Abrahan, whom satan has held bound these eighteen years, he disengag'd from this bond, on a sabbath-day? at which 17 all his adversaries were confounded, but the people were highly pleased, at the glorious actions which he perform'd.

Then be faid, what does 18 the kingdom of God refemble? to what shall I compare it? it is like a grain 10 of mustard-seed, which a man took, and sowed in his garden: it grew, and became so large, that the birds of the air built their nefts in its boughs. again be faid, 20 to what shall I compare the kingdom of God? it is 21 like leaven, which a woman took and bid in three measures of meal, till the whole was leaven'd.

Asterwards he pass d thro 22 several citys and villages, where he taught the people, on his journey to jerusalem. and jomehody ask'd him, 23 Lord, will there he but sew people saved? to which he answered, strive to enter in 24 at the narrow gate: for I declare unto you, that many shall try to get in, and shall

25 ap ou av ereoon o olkuber no-THIS KAL ATTOKNESOT THE BUραν, και αρξησθε εξω έσταval, kal koovely Thy Oupay, resoutes, Kurie, Kurie, aνοιξον ήμιν, και αποκριθεις ερει ύμιν, ουκ οιδα ύμας ποθεν 26 EUTE TOTE APEEOBE RETEIN E-Φατομέν ενωπίου σους και ε-TIOUEY, KAI EY TAIS THATEI-27 αις ήμων εδιδαξας. και ερει. λετω ύμιν, ουκ οιδα ύμας πο-BEN EGTE, ATTOGTHTE AT Eμου παντες οι εργαται της α-28 δικιας. εκει εσται ο κλαιθμος και ο βρυγμος των οδοντων, όταν οψησθε Αβρααμ και Ισαακ και Ιακώβ, και παντάς τους προφητάς εν τη βασιλεια του Θεους ύμας δε 29 εκβαλλομενους εξω- και ήξουσιν απο ανατολων και δυσμων, και βορέα και νο-Του, και ανακλίθησονται εν 30 τη βασιλεια του Θεου∙ και ιδου, εισιν εσχατοι οι εσον-Ται πρωτοι, και εισι πρωτοι οι εσονται εσχατοι-

31 Εν αυτή τη ήμερα προσπλθον τίνες Φαρισαίοι, λεγοντες αυτώ, εξελθε, και πορευου εντευθεν, ότι Ηρωδης
32 θελει σε αποκτειναι και ειπεν αυτοις, πορευθεντες ειπατε τη αλωπεκι ταυτή,
ιδου, εκβαλλω δαιμονία, και
ιασεις επίτελω σημέρον και
αυριον, και τη τριτή τέλει33 συμαι πλην δει με σημέρον

not be able: when once the 25 master of the family is enter'd in, and has fastned the door, you will fland without beating at the door, and cry, Lord, Lord, let us in : but be will answer, you are strangers to me. then you'26 will lay, we have eat, and drank with you, and you have taught in our streets. but he will answer, I tell 27 you, you are strangers to me : depart from me, ye workers of iniquity. there 28 will be weeping, and gnashing of teetb, when ye shall see Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob, and all the prophets in the kingdom of God, and you yourselves thrust out. yet some shall come from the 29 east, and from the west, from the north, and from the fouth, and shall be entertain'd in the kingdom of God. then 30 you will see those, who were. last, become first: and those: who were first, become last.

At the same time, some of 31 the Pharisees came to him, and said, get away, retire from hence, for Herod designs to take away your life, but he answered them, go, 32 tell that fox, that to-day and to-morrow I am casting out demons, and performing cures, and the third day my course will be sinished: till 33

then

KALI AUDION KALI TH EXOLEYN πορευεσθαι, ότι ουκ ενδεχεται προφητην απολεσθαι έξω 34 Γερουσαλημ. " Ιερουσαλημ. " Ιερουσαλημ, ή αποκτει-" νουσα τους προφητας, και " λιθοβολουσα τους απεσ-" Tanuevous Tros authy ποσακις ηθελησα επισυ-" ναξαι τα τεκνα σου, όν " Τροπον ορνις Της έπυτης " νοσσιαν ύπο τας πτε-" ρυγας, και ουκ ηθελησα-35" ΤΕ?" ιδου, αφιεται ύμιν ο οικος ύμων (ερημος). λεςω δε ύμιν, ότι ου μη με ιδητε EWS AVIET OTE ELTATES " EV-" NOTTHENOS O EPXQUENOS EN O-" νοματι Κυριου.

Και εγενετο εν τώ ελθειν αυτον εις οικον τινος των αρχοντων των Φαρισαιων σαββατώ φαγειν αρτον, και αυτοι πσαν παρατπρουμενοι αυ2 τον. και ιδου, ανθρωπος τις
πν υδρωπικος εμπροσθεν αυ3 του και αποκρίθεις ο Ιπσους
ειπε προς τους νομικους και
Φαρισαιους, λεγών, ει εξεστι
τω σαββατώ θεραπευείν ?
4 οι δε πσυχασαν και επιλαβομενος ιασατο αυτον, και
απελυσε:

6 Και αποκριθεις προς αυ-Τους, ειπε, τινος ύμων υίος η βους

then I must be stirring about, to-day, and to-morrow, and the next day: for a prophet cannot be put to death any where, but at Jerusalem. "O Jerusalem, Je-34 " rusalem, that killest the " prophets, and stonest those. " who are sent unto thee: " how often would I have " gather'd thy children toge-" ther, as a ben gathers her " brood under ber wings; " and ye would not?" you will foon find your a-35 boad become desolate. I declare unto you, you shall not see me till the time, when you will say, " bleffed is be that comes in the name of " the Lord."

One sabbath-day, Jesus ! went to dine with a Pharisee of the first distinction, where he was strittly observed. now 2 there happen'd to be a man just by him, who had a dropsy. Jesus therefore addres- 3 fing bimself to the doctors of the law, and to the Pharisees, said, is it allowable to perform a cure on the fabbath-day? to which they made no answer, but he A laid bis band upon the man, cured bim; and dismissed bim.

Then continuing his dif- 5 course, which of you, said he;

βους εις φρέαρ εμπεσειται, και ουκ ευθεως ανασπασει αυτον εν τη πμερά του σαβ-6 βατου ? και ουκ ισχυσαν ανταποκριθηναι αυτώ προς ταυτα

Exere de moog tious kekan: μενους παραβολην, επεχων THE TAS TOWTOKNIONS EEEλεγοντο, λεγων προς αυτους, 8 όταν κληθης ύπο τινος εις γαμους, μη κατακλίθης εις την πρωτοκλισιαν, μηποτε ENTIMOTEDOS GOU TI KEKATIMENOS ο ύπ' αυτου, και ελθων ο σε KAI AUTON KANEGAS EDEL GOLS δος τουτω τοπον, και τοτε APEN HET ALOXUVIS TOV EOT 10 XXTOV TOTOV KATEXELY. ADAZ όταν κληθης, πορευθείς αναπεσον εις τον εσχατον τοπους ίνα όταν ελθη ό κε-KANKWE DES ELTIN DOLS DIAES προσαναβηθι ανωτερον. το-ΤΕ Εσται σοι δοξα ενωπιον 1 1 TWY GUYAYAKEILLEYWY GOL. O. τι πας ο ύψων ξαυτον ταπεινωθησεται, και ο ταπεινων έαυτον ύψωθησεται-

12 Ελεγε δε και Τω κεκληκοτι αυτου, όταν ποιης αριστον η δειπνου, μη φωνει τους φιλους σου, μηδε τους αδελφους σου, μηδε τους συγγε-

be, if his * child or his ox fell into a pit, would not immediately draw him out, though it were on the fabbath-day? and they could 6 not tell what to reply to it.

Afterwards observing bow 7 eager the guests were for the first places, be gave them this instruction: when any one 8 invites you to a wedding. don't put yourself in the bighest seat: for fear some perfon of greater distinction should be a guest, and be 9 that invited you both, should come and bid you give place to bim ; and you should have the disgrace of taking the lowest seat. but when you 10 are invited, go place your self last; that be, who invited you, when he comes, may say to you, friend, go up bigber: and that will do you bonour before all the company at table. for be 13 that exalteth himself, shall be bumbled, and be that bumbletb bimself, shall be exalted.

Then he said to the Pha-12 risce, that had invited him, when you give a dinner, or a supper, don't call your friends, or your brethren,

* rives show eig, n bove, as appears from the Latin of the Cambridge MS. cujus ex vobis ovis aut bovis.—freep or ex.—eig was chang'd by the copifts into sieg, and this at length into ever from Ch. XIII. v. 15. See D. Millii Prolegom. art. 423.

νεις σου, μποε Γειτονας πλουσιους, μπποτε και αυτοι σε
αντικαλεσωσι και Γενπται σοι
13 αυταποδομα. αλλ όταν
ποιης δοχην, καλει πτωχους,
αναπηρους, χωλους, τυφ14 λους και μακαρισς εση, στι ουκ
εχουσιν ανταποδουναι σοι,
ανταποδοθησεται γαρ σοι εν
τη αναστασει των δικαιων.

15 Ακούσας δε Τις Των συνάνακειμένων Ταυτα, είπεν αυτω, μακαριος ός φατεται αριστον εν τη βασιλεια του 16 DEOU. O DE ELTEN AUTW, AVθοωπος τις εποιησε θειπνον HETA, KAI EKANEGE TONNOUG. 17 και απεστειλε τον δουλον αυτου τη ώρα του δειπνου ει-TELY TOLS KEKAMMEYOLS EPXEOθε, ότι ηδη έτοιμα εστι παν-18 τα. και πρέαντο απο μιας παραιτεισθαι παντες, ο πρω-TOG ELTEN QUTW, AFFON TOpaga, kai exw avarkny etenθειν και ιδειν αυτον, ερωτω 19 DES EXE HE TAONT THE VOV. KAL έτερος ειπε. ζευτη βοων ηγορασα πεντε, και πορευομαι δοκιμασαι αυτα, ερωτω σε, 20 EXE HE TRAPHTHIEVOV. KAL E-TEPOS ELTE, FUVALKA EFINAS και δια τουτο ου δυναμαι ελ-

21 θειν· και παςα ενομενος ό δουλος εκεινος απηγείλε τω κυριω άυτου ταυτα· τοτε οργισθεις ό οικοδεσποτης ειπε τω δουλω άυτου εξελθε τα χεως εις τας πλατείας και

SULAR THE HOTEWS, KAI TOUS

TTW-

or kinsmen, or wealthy neighbours; lest they invite you again, and make you a requital. but when you make a 13 feast call the poor, and maimed, the lame and blind: and 14 you shall be happy in not receiving a requital: for you shall be recompened at the resurrection of the just.

One of the company bear 15 ing that, faid to bim, happy is he that shall be entertain'd in the kingdom of God. up-16 on which fesus said, a certain man made a great entertainment; where many were invited. at supper-17 time be sent bis servant to tell the quests to come, because every thing was ready. but they were all of a mind 18 in making some excuse: the first said to bim, I have bought a piece of ground, which I must needs go and see: therefore pray excuse me. another faid, I have bought 19 five yoke of oxen, which I am going to prove : I beg you to excuse me. another 20 faid, I bave married a wife: tis therefore impossible for me to come. so the servant 21 return'd, and related the whole matter to his master, who in resentment said to bis servant, go immediately into the streets and lanes of the city, and bring bither

the

TTWXOUS KAL AVATINOOUS KAL χωλους και Τυφλους εισαγαγε 22 was KOLL ELTEN O GOUNGS KU-DIES PEPOVEY WE EXETAEAS, KAIL 23 ETI TOTOS ETTI KAI EITEN O κυριός προς τον δουλον, εξελθε ELC TEC ÓDOUS KAL OPATHOUS, και αναγκασού εισελθείν, ίνα 21 TELLIOON O OIKOK LOU. DETW γαρ ύμινο ότι ουδεις των άνδοων εκεινών Των κεκλημενών ΓΕυσεται μου Του δειπνου. 25 Συνεπορευον το δε αυτώ οχλοι πολλοι, και στραφείς είπε 26 TOOK QUITOUS, EITIS EDXETAL

TOOK HES KALOU HITEL TOY TA-TEPA EAUTOU, KAI THY HITTEpa, kai Thy Tuvaika kai Ta Τεκνά, και τους αδελφους, και τας αδελφας, ετι δε καί την έαυτου ψυχην, ου δυνα-27 ται μου μαθητης ειναι· και ός τις ου βασταζει τον σταυpov autous kal epxetal omi**σω μου, ου δυναται μου ει-**28 ναι μαθητης. Τις γαρ εξ ήμων, θελων πυργον οικοδομπ σαι, ουχι πρωτον καθισας ψηφιζει την δαπανην, ει εχει τα προς απαρτισμον ί 29 ίνα μηποτε θεντος αυτου θεμελιου, και μη ισχυοντος εκτελεσαι, πάντες οι θεωρουντες αρξωνται εμπαιζειν αυ∸ 30 τω, λειοντεί, ότι όυτος ό ανθοωπος πρέατο οικοδομεινι KAL GUK LOXUGEV EKTENEGAL 31 η τις βασιλείς πορευομένος συμβαλειν έτερω βασιλει εις πολεμού, ουχί καθισας πρω-

TOY

the poor, the maimed, the balt, and the blind. at 22 length the servant said, sir, your orders have been executed, and still there is room. the master reply d; go then 23 to the high-ways and bypaths, and compel them to come in, that my house may be full. for I tell you that not 24 one of those, who were invited; shall taste of my supper.

After this a great multi-25 tude being gather d about bim, be address'd bimself to them, and said, be that 26 can't abandon bis father, and mother, and wife, and children, and brethren, and sisters, nay, even bis own life, cannot be my disciple. and be that does not bear 27 his cross, and tread in my steps, cannot be my disciple. for who of you would refolive 28 to build a tower, without taking the trouble first of all to compute the expence. and whether he is able to finish it? for fear he should 29 be made the jest of every spectator, for laying the foundation, without being able to carry it on. this 30 man, will they say, began to build, but wanted stock to finish: or where is 2 t the king, that will march to give battle to another King, without setting bimself first

TON BOUNEVETAL EL DUNATOS ECTIV EN DEKA XINIAGIN ATTAY-Τησαι Τω μετα εικοσι χιλια-32δων ερχομενω επ' αυτον ? ει δε μπε, ετι αυτου ποροω οντος πρεσβειαν αποστειλας 33ερωτα τα προς ειρηνην. ουτως ουν, πας εξ ύμων, ος ουκ αποτασσεται πασι τοις έαυτου ύπαρχουσιν, ου δυναται μου ειναι μαθητης. 34 KANOV TO ANAC, EAV DE TO Aγας μωρανθη, εν τινι αρτυθη-250ET &L ? OUTE ELC THY, OUTE ELC κοπριαν ευθετον εστιν, εξω βαλλουσιν αυτο. ὁ εχων ω-TA AKOUELY, AKOUETW.

Ησαν δε επιζοντες αυτω (παντες) οι Τελωναι και οι αμαρτωλοι, ακουείν αυτου. 2 και διεγογγυζον α Φαρισαιοι και οι Γραμματεις, λεγοντες, ότι όυτος άμαρτωλους προσδέχεται, και συνεσθιει αυ-3 TOIC ELTE DE TIPOS COUTOUS την παραβολην ταυτην, λε-4 των, τις ανθρωπος εξ ύμων εχων έκατον προβατα, και απολεσας εν εξ αυτων, ου καταλειπει τα εννενηκοντα-Εννέα εκ τη ερημώ, και πο-ΡΕυεται επι το απολωλος, εως 5 έυρη αυτο? και ευρων επιτιθησιν επι τους ωμους έαυ-6 του χαιρων? και ελθων εις TOY OIKOYS GUTKAKEL TOUS OF AOUS KAL TOUS TELTOVAS?

TWV

first to deliberate, whether he is strong enough with ten thousand to withstand an army of twenty thoufand? that in case be is not, 32 be may fend an embaffy, and desire conditions of peace, before the other approaches. in like manner every one of 33 you must count upon renouncing all that he has, otherwife he cannot he my disciple. salt is good, but if 34 the falt has lost its favour, with what shall it be recovered? it would be fit nei-35 ther for the land, nor for the dung bil, but only to be thrown away. be that bath ears to bear let bim bear.

Then many of the Pub- 1 licans, and people of a bad reputation gather'd about Jesus to bear bim; at 2 which the Pharisees and Scribes murmured, saying, this man gives access to men of bad character, and eats with them. but he propos'd 3 to them this parable. who 4 of you that bas an hundred speep, will not, upon losing one, leave the ninely nine in the desart, to go after that which is lost, till he finds it? and when he hath found 5 it, joyfully lay it upon bis shoulders? and when he 6 comes bome, call his friends and neighbours together, and

ſay

TWY AUTOK, GUYXAPATE HOL, ότι ευρον το προβατον μου το 7 απολώλος λειω ύμιν, ότι ουτω χαρα εσται εν τω ουρανω επί ένι αμαρτωλώ με-Τανοσυντι, η επι εννενηκονταεννεα δικαιοις, όιτινες ου 8 χρειαν εχουσι μετανοιας. ή τις τυνη δραχμας εχουσα δεκα, εαν απολεση δραχμην MIAN, OUXI ATTEL AUXVOV, KAL JAPOL THY OLKIAY, KAL CHTEL επιμέλως, έως ότου έυρη ? 9 και έυρουσα συγκαλειται τας סואמל אמו דמל בפודטימל אב-**Γουσα, συνχαρητε μοι, ότι** έυρου την δραχμην ήν απω-10 λεσα. ουτω, λειω ύμιν, XAPA FIVETAL EVWITION TWY AF-Γελων Του Θεου επι ένι άμαρ-Τωλω μετανοουντι.

11 Ειπε δε, ανθρωπος τις ειχε 12 δυο ύιους, και είπεν ο νέωπερος αυτων τω πατρι, πατερ, δος μοι το επιβαλλον μερος της ουσιας. και διείλεν αυ-13 TOIS TON BION KAI MET' OU πολλας ήμερας συναγαγων άπαντα ο νεωτερος ύιος, απεδημησεν εις χωραν μακραν. KAL EKEL SIEGKOPTIGE THY OUσιαν αυτου. ζων ασωτως. 14 δαπανησαντος δε αυτου παν-Ταν εξένετο λιμος ισχυρος κατα την χωραν εκείνην, και αυτος πρέατο ύστερεισθαι. 15 και πορευθεις εκοππηθη ένι Των πολιτων της χωρας εκει-VIIS, KAL ETEMVEY AUTOV EIG

7005

Jay to them, rejoice with me, for I have found my sheep, that was lost? I tell 7 you, that there shall likewife be greater joy in beaven for one sinner that repents, than for ninety nine just persons, that need no repentance. or if a woman, that has ten pieces of money, should lose one of them, will fhe not light a lamp, fweep the house. and carefully fearch, till she find it? and when 'tis o found, will she not call ber friends and neighbours together, and say, rejoice with me, for I have found the piece, I had lost? even fo, 10 I assure you, the angels in beaven rejoice, when any one sinner becomes a penitent.

Again he faid: a certain : man bad two sons; the 12 younger of which said to his father, father, give me that portion of the estate which falls to my share. accordingly be divided bis estate among them. a little while 12 after the younger son turn'd all be bad into money, and travell d'into a foreign country, where he squander'd away his fortune in luxurious living. when he had 14 spent all, there bappen d to be a severe famine in that country; and be was re-15 duced to want, which forc'd

276 τους αγρούς άυτου βοσκείν I & XOLDOUG KALL ETTEBULLEL FELLσαι την κοιλιαν άυτου απο των κερατιών ών πσθιον οι xospos kas audesc edidou au-17 τω- εις έαυτον δε ελθων, EITES TOTOL MOBIOL TOU TA-Τρος μου περισσευουσιν αρτων, ετω δε λιμω απολλυ-18 μαι ? αναστας πορευσομαι THOS TOY TATEPA HOUS KALEοω αυτω, πατερ, ημαρτον EK TOY OUDAVOY, KAL EVWATION 19 σου και ουκετι είμι αξίος κληθηναι ύιος σου, ποιησον με ώς ένα των μισθιών σου. 20 KAI AVAGTAS MADE TOOS TOV πατερα άυτου ετι δε αυτου μακραν απεχουτος, ειδεν αυτον ο πατηρ αυτου, και εσπλαγχνισθη, και δραμων ε**πεπεσεν επι τον τρακπλον** αυτους και κατεφιλησεν αυ-21 τον. ειπε δε αυτω ό ύιος, TATEP, HUADTOV EIG TOU OUράνον, και ενώπιον σου, ου-ΚΕΤΙ ΕΙΜΙ αξιος κληθηναι ύιος 22 σου, ειπε δε δ πατηρ προς TOUS DOUDOUS AUTOUS EEEVERκατε την στολην την πρω-Την, και ενδυσατε αυτον, KAL GOTE GARTUALON EIG THN

χειρα αυτου, και ύποδηματα

TEG TON MOOKON TON OUTEUTON

θυσατε, και φαγοντες ευ-

μού νέκρος πν, και ανέζη-

JES ATTONUAUX TIVS KAN EUDE-

23 EK TOUC TODAC KAL EVERKAV-

24 φρανθωμεν. ότι όυτος ο ίλος

bim to make bis application to one of the inhabitants there, who sent him to his farm to look after kis swine. for be would have been con- 16 tented to bave liv'd upon the *carruways, with which they usually sed the swine: but nobody would supply bim. at length coming to bimfelf, 17 how many, said be, does my father keep in pay, who have bread in abundance, whilf I am dying here with bunger? I will depart, 18 and go to my father, and fay to bim, father, I have sinned against beaven, and against thee; I am no long-19 er worthy to be called your fon: treat me as one of your bir'd servants. so be de-20 parted and went to bis father, but while he was yet at a distance, bis sather saw bim, and mov'd with compassion, ran and threw bimself upon bis neck, and kiffed bim. then the son said to him, fa-21 ther, I have sinned against beaven, and against you, I am no longer worthy to be called your son. but the fa-22 ther said to his servants, bring hither the finest robe, and put it on bim: put a ring on his finger, and shoes on his seet. take the satted 23 calf, and kill it: let us eat and be merry: for this son 24

CHAP. XY.

Bn. · Awild fruit in Syria call'd Caruba. by Actuarius, Carroua. θη. και πρέαντο ευφραινεσθαι.

25 Ην δε ο ύιος αυτου ο πρεσβυτερος εν αγρώς και ώς ερχο-HEVOS MITIGE TH OIKIAS TIKOUTE 26 συμφωνίας και χωρών: και προσκαλεσαμένος ένα Των παιδών επυνθανετο τι ειη 27 Tauta. o de elter autw. ότι ο αδελφος σου ήκεις και εθυσενό πατηρ σου τον μοσ-XOV TOV GITEUTOV, OTI VIIAI-28 νοντα αυτον απελαβεν. rioth de, kai ouk noeneu eiσελθειν, ο ουν πατηρ αυτου 29 EEROWY TAPEKAREI AUTOY. δε αποκριθεις ειπε τω πατρι, ιδους τοσαυτα ετη δουλευω GOI, KAI OUDETOTE EYTONIN σου παρηλθαν, και εμοι ουδεποτε εδωκας εριφον, ίνα μετα των φιλων μου ευφραν-30θω. ότε δε ό ύιος σου όυτος. ό καταφαιών σου τον βιον μετα πορνών, πλθεν, εθυσας AUTW TOV MODICON TON GITEU-31 TOV. O DE ELTEV AUTO, TEK-YOUS OU TRAVTOTE HET EHOU ει, και παντα τα εμα, σα 32 εστιν- ευφρανθηναι δε και χαρηναι εδει, ότι ο αδελφος GOU OUT OF VEKPOS TIVE KAL AVEζησε, και απολωλως ην, και **ะบ**ุตะ6ท•

of mine was dead, and is come to life: be was lost, and is found again. and then they began their feast.

In the mean time bis elder 25 son was in the country, at bis return, when he came near bome, he beard the musick and dancing: and 26 calling one of the servants, be ask'd what was the occalion of it, who reply'd,27 your brother is return'd, and your father bas killed the fatted calf, because be bas received him in good health. upon this be was full of re-28 sentment, and refused to go in: and when his father came out to persuade bim. be replied to bis father, bow 29 many years have I serv'd you, without having ever disobey'd your orders? and yet you never bestow'd a kid upon me, to make merry with my friends: whereas 20 this son of yours, who has eat up bis fortune among a pack of loose creatures, is no sooner come but you must kill the fatted calf sor bim. son, said be to bim, you 31 shall continue to be with me, and all that I have shall be thine. but it was necessary 32 to feast and rejoice, because your brother here was dead, and is again alive: be was lost and is now found.

Ι Ελεγε δε και προς τους μαθητας άυτου, ανθρωπος τις TIV TROUTIOS, OS ELXEY OLKOVOμον, και όυτος διεβληθη αυτω ώς διασκορπίζων τα ύ-2 παρχοντα αυτου. και σω-VHOAC AUTOVS ELTEV AUTWS TI TOUTW AKOUW TEPL GOU? Aποδος τον λοτον της οικονομιας σου, ου ταρ δυνηση ετι 3 OLKOVOMELY ELTE DE EN ÉCUTIO ο οικονομος, τι ποιησω, ότι δ Κυριος μου αφαιρειται την OLKOVOLLAN ATT ELLOU? OKAT-TEIN OUR LONDOS ETTELTELY 4 αισχυνομαι: εγνων Τι ποιπσω, ίνα όταν μετασταθω της οικονομιας, δεξωνται με 5 EK TOUS OIKOUS AUTWY. KAI Τροσκαλεσαμένος ένα έκασ-TOV TWV XPEWDEIRETWY TOU KUPIOU EQUTOU, EXSTE TW TOW-TWO TOTOV OPEINEIS TW KU-6 ριω μου? ο δε ειπεν, εκατον BATOUS ENAIOU. KAI ELTEN AUτω, δέξαι σου το γραμμα, και καθισας ταχεως γραψον 7 πεντηκοντα. επειτα έτερω είπε, συ δε ποσον οφείλεις? O DE ELTEN EKATON KOPOUK OIτου. και λεγει αυτώ, δεξαι σου το Γραμμα, και Γραψον 8 ογδοηκοντα. και επηνεσεν ό κυριος Τον οικονομον Της . αδικιας, ότι φρονιμώς εποιπσεν, ότι οι ύιοι του αιωνος τουτου φρονιμωτεροι ύπερ τους ψίους TOU OCOTOS EIS THY FEVERY THY

Jesus said likewise to bis I disciples, a certain rich man bad an information against bis steward, for making bavock of his estate. upon ma- 2 king bim appear, be faid to bim, what information is this, I bear against thee? give an account of your administration, for you must not be my steward any longer. upon which the steward said 3 in himself, what shall I do, now my master strips me of my employment? dig I cannot: and 'tis shameful to beg: I see it now, I must do some- 4 thing that will secure me a reception in other families, when I have lost my place in this. so he sent for every one 5 of his master's debtors in private, he asked the first, how much do you owe my master? a bundred measures of oil, said 6 be. take your bill, said the steward, sit down there, and write out one immediately for fifty. then he said to another, 7 bow much do you owe? a bundred measures of wheat, faid be. take your bill, fays the steward, and write out one for fourscore: and this unfaithful steward was commended by his master for being so provident. for they who look to this world, manage their affairs with more prudence, than those who have a prospect of

9 έαυτων εισι· κάζω ύμιν λεγω, ποιπσατε έαυτοις φελευς εκ του μαμωνα της αδικιας, ίνα όταν εκλιπητε, δεξωνται ύμας εις τας αιωνιους σκηνας-

ΤΟ Ο πίστα εν ελαχίστως και εν πολλώ πιστος εστι. KAI O EV ENAXIOTO ADIKOS. KAL EN TONNO ABIKOS EOTINτιει συν εν Τω αδίκω μαμωνα TIOTOLOUK EFENEODE, TO ANT το θινον τις ύμιν πιστευσι? και ει εν τω αλλοτριώ πιστοι ουκ EFEVEOUE, TO UMETEPON TIL U-13 HIN OWOEL ? OUDER ORKETHE δυναται δυσι κυριοις δουλευειν, η γαρ Τον ένα μισησει, KAL TOV ETEROV AFATNOELS N EVOC ANGETAIN KAL TOU ETE-מט לעρου καταφοονήσει. νασθε Θεω δουλευειν KÆL μαμωνα:

14 Ηκουον δε Ταυτα παντα και δι Φαρισαιοι, φιλαργυροι ύπαρχοντες, και εξεμυκτηρι15 ζον αυτον- και ειπεν αυτοις, ύμεις εστι οι δικαιουντες έαυτους ενωπιον των ανθρωπων, ό δε Θεος γινωσκει τας καρδιας ύμων, ότι το εν ανθρωποις ύψηλον, βδελυγμα ενω16 πιον του Θεου- ό νομος και δι προφηται έως Ιωαννου, απο τοτε ή βασιλεια του Θεου ευαγγελίζεται, και πας

a better. I advise you in like 9 manner to lay out your fallacious treasure in acts of charity, that when you die, they may secure to you everlasting habitations.

He that is faithful in a 10 small trust, will be faithful in a greater: and be that is unfaithful in a little, will be unfaithful in much. if there-II fore your fidelity bas not appear'd in the use of these transitory enjoyments, bow can you be trusted with what is more lasting? if you have imbezel'd 12 what another gave you in trust, bow can be give you an estate. in perpetuity? a fervant 13 cannot serve two masters: for either he will neglett the one, and attend the other; or be will be attached to the first, and misbehave to the last. you cannot serve God and mammon.

The Pharifees too, who 14 were noted for avarice, heard all this discourse, and treated him with derision. but he 15 said to them, you pretend to piety before men, which, however they may admire, is an abomination to God, who knows your real temper. the 16 law and the prophets were the only rule till John's time: since when, the kingdom of God has been proclaim'd, and all sorts of people strive to

17 εις αυτην βιαζεται ευκοπωτερον δε εστι τον συρανον και την Γην παςελθείν, η του νομου μιαν κεραίαν πεσείν. 18 πας ο απολύων την Γυναικα αυτου, και Γαμών έτεραν, μοιχεύει, και πας ο απολελυμενην απο ανδρος γαμών, μοιχεύει.

19 Ανθρωπος δε Τις πν πλουσιος, και ενεδιδυσκετο πορφυράν και βυσσούς ευφράινομενός καθ' ήμεραν λαμπρως. 20 πτωχος δε τις πυ ονοματι Λαζαρος, ός εβεβλητο προς ΤΟν πυλωνα αυτου ήλκωμε-2 Ι νος. και επιθυμων χορτασθηναι απο των ψιχιών των πιπτοντων απο της τραπεζης του πλουσιού αλλα KAL' OL KUVES EDXOLLEVOL ATTEXEL-22 XOV TO EXXT OUTOU. EFEVETO δε αποθάνειν τον πτωχονο και απενεχθηναι αυτον ύπο TWY AFFERWY EIG TOV KORTOY του Αβρααμ, απεθανε δε και 23 ο πλουσιος, και εταφη. και εν τω άδη επαράς τους οφθαλμούς άυτου, ύπαρχων εν βασανοις, όρα τον Αβρααμ απο μακροθεν, και Δαζαρον 24 EV TOIC KONTOIC AUTOU- KAI αυτος φωνησας είπε, πατερ Αβρααμ ελεπσον με, και πεμιγον Λαζαρον, ίνα βαινη το ακρου του δακτυλου άυτου υδατος, και καταψυξη την Γλωσσαν μους ότι οδυνωμαί εν τη φλογι ταυτη. 25 ειπε δε Αβρααμ, τεκνον, μνησ-

BHTL

be members. yet beaven and 17 earth may sooner pass away, than any part of the law be unaccomplished. whoever re-18 pudiates his wife, and marries another, is an adulterer. and he that marries her, that is repudiated by her husband, is an adulterer.

There was a rich man, 19 who used to dress in purple and fine linnen, and pass bis days in pomp and luxury. a 20 certain beggar named Lazarus, was lying at his gate, and the cover'd with ulcers. the very dogs came and fawned upon bim. but be wait-21 ed to be fed with the crumbs. that fell from the rich man's table. at length the beggar 22 died: and was conveyed by the angels to Abraham's bower. the rich man died too, and was buried. and 22 being in the infernal regions of torments, be lift up bis eyes, and saw Abraham afar off, and Lazarus in his bower. and be cry'd ou!, 24 faying, father Abraham, take pity on me, and send Lazarus to dip the tip of bis finger in water to cool my tongue; for I am tormented in this flame. but 25 Abraham said, son, remember you had your enjoyments, when you were alive, and Lazarus bis misfortunes: but 2030

θητι ότι απελαβες συ τα αγαθα σου εν τη ζωη σού, και Λαζαρος όμοιως τα κακα, νυν δε ωδε παρακαλειται, συ 26 δε οδυνασαι και επι πασι τουτοις, μεταξυ ήμων και ύμων χασμα μεγα εστηρικται. όπως οι θελοντες διαβηναι εντευθεν προς ύμας, μη δυνωνται, μηδε ά εκειθεν προς ήμας 27 διαπερωσιν. ειπε δε, ερωτω ουν σε πατερ, ίνα πεμινής AUTOV EIGTOV OIKOV TOU TA-28 Τρος μου. εχώ γαρ πεντε αδελφους, όπως διαμαρτυρηται αυτοις, ίνα μη και αυ-Τοι ελθωσιν εις τον τοπου 29 TOUTON THE BATAVOUS DETEL αυτω Αβρααμ, εχουσι Μωσεα, και τους προφητας, α-30 κουσατωσαν αυτων- ὁ δε ειπεν, ουχι, πατερ Αβρααμ, αλλ' εαν Τις απο νεκρων πορευθη προς αυτους, μετανοη-31 σουσιν. ειπε δε αυτώ, ει Μωσεως και των προφητών ουκ ακουουσιν, ουδε εαν τις εκ νεκρων αναστη, πείσθησονται.

1 Ειπε δε προς τους μαθητας ανένδεκτον εστι μη εκθειν τα σκανδακα: ουαι δε δι ου 2 ερχεται κυσιτέκει αυτώ ει μυλος ονικος περικειται περι τον τραχηλον αυτου, και ερξιπται εις την θακασσαν, η να σκανδακιση ένα των μι-3 κρων τουτών: προσέχετε ε-

now he has his consolation. and you your torments. be-26 sides this, there is an unalterable chasm between us and you, so that the passage from one place to the other is impracticable to those who should attempt it. upon 27 which he said, father, I beg it of you, that you would send bim to my father's family, where I have five bro- 28 thers, to give them warning, lest they also come into this place of torment. but Abra- 20 ham replied, they have Moses and the prophets, let them mind them. no, father Abra- 30 bam, said be, they will not : but if any of the dead went to them, they will certainly repent. Abraham replied, 21 if they difregard Moses and the prophets, they will not believe any one, though be role from the dead.

Then said Jesus to his disciples, it is impossible but that discouragements should come: but wo to him, who is the occasion of them, it were better for him that a milstone were hang'd about his neck, and he were thrown into the sea, than that he should occasion any innocent person to relapse take care of 3

αυτοις, εαν αμαρτή εις σε ο αδελφος σου, επιτιμησον αυτώ, και εαν μετανοησή, αφες αυτώ και εαν έπτακις της ήμερας αμαρτή εις σε, και επτακις της ήμερας επιστρεψή (επι σε,) λεγων, μετανοώ, αφησεις αυτώ-

5 Και είπον οι αποστολοι τω Κυριώ, προσθες ήμιν πισ6 τιν είπε δε ο Κυριός, ει είχετε πιστιν ώς κοκκον σιναπεως, ελεγετε αν τη συκαμινω ταυτή, εκριζωθητι, και
φυτευθητι εν τη θαλασσή,
και ύπηκουσεν αν ύμιν-

Τις δε εξ ύμων δουλον εχων αροΤριώντα, η ποιμαινοντα, OS ELGENBONTI EK TOU APPOU Eρει ευθεως, παρελθων αναπε-8 σαι? αλλ' ουχι ερει αυτώ, ετοιμασον Τι δειπνησω, και περιζωσαμένος διακονεί μοις έως φαγω και πιω, και μετα ταυτα φαγεσαι και πιεσαι 9 συ ? μπ χαριν εχει τω δουλω εκεινώ ότι εποιήσε τα διαταχθεντα αυτώ? ου δο-10 κω- ουτω και ύμεις, όταν ποιποητε παντα τα διαταχθεντα ύμιν, λεγετε, δουλοι αχρειοι εσμεν, ότι ο ωφειλομεν ποιησαι, πεποιηκαμεν-

11 Και εγενετο εν τω πορευεσθαι αυτον εις Ιερουσαλημ, και αυτος διηρχετο δια μεσου Σαμαρειας και Γαλιλαιας. 12 και εισερχομενου αυτου εις τινα κωμην, απηντησαν αυτω

δεκα

your conduct. if your brother offend you, rebuke him, and if he repent, forgive him. tho? 4 he should offend you seven times in a day, and seven times in the day return to you, saying, I repent, you must forgive him.

The Apostles having said to 5 the Lord, increase our faith, he answer'd them, if your 6 faith improv'd like a grain of mustard-seed, you might say to this sycamine-tree, he thou rooted up, and planted in the sea; and it should obey you.

Who of you having a fer- 7 vant, that plows, or feeds your cattle, will immediately upon bis coming from field, say to bim, come and fit at table? won't he rather say, get ready 8 my supper, dress yourself, and wait upon me, till I have done eating and drinking s after that, take your meal? will be think himself oblig'd to o that servant for doing what he was order'd? I believe not. so when you have done all that 10 you were commanded to do. fay, we are unprofitable fervants; we have only done what was our duty to do.

As Jesus was going to Je-11
rusalem, he happen'd to pass
between Samaria and Galilee.
and as he entered into a cer-12
tain village, there met him
ten lepers, who stood at a dis-

tance,

δεκα λεπροι ανδρες, οι εστη-13 σαν πορέωθεν- και αυτοι ηραν Φωνην, λεγοντες, Ιησου 14 ETIOTATA, EXSTOON THAS. KAL ιδων ειπεν αυτοις, πορευθεντες επιδείξατε έαυτους τοις ιερευσι. και εξενετο εν τω ύπας ειν αυτους, εκαθαρισθή-1 5 σαν. έις δε εξ αυτων, ιδων ότι ιαθη, ύπεστρεψε, μετα φωνης μεγαλης δοξαζων τον 16 GEOV- KOLL ETTECTEN ETTL TOOσωπον παρα τους ποδας αυτου, ευχαριστων αυτώ, και 17 autos nu Samapeitns. anoκριθεις δε ο Ιπσους, ειπεν, ουχι δι δεκα εκαθαρισθησαν? δι 18 δε εννεα που ? ουκ έυρεθησαν ύποστρεψαντες δουναι δοξαν τω Θέω, ει μη ο αλλογενης 19 ουτος και είπεν αυτώς αναστας πορευού, ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε.

20 Επερωτηθεις δε ύπο των Φαρισαιων ποτε ερχεται ή βασιλεια του Θεου, απεκριθη αυτοις, και ειπεν, ουκ ερχεται ή βασιλεια του Θεου 2 1 μετα παρατηρησεως, ουδε ερουσιν, ιδου ώδε, η, ιδου εκει, ιδου γαρ, ή βασιλεια του Θεου εντος ύμων εστιν-

22 Ειπε δε προς τους μαθητας, ελευσονται ήμεραι, ότε επιθυμησετε μιαν των ήμερων του ύιου του ανθρωπου ιδειν, 23 και ουκ οψεσθε. και ερουσιν ύμιν, ιδου, ώδε, η, ιδου εκει, μη απελθητε, μηδε διωξητε-24 ώσπερ γαρ ή αστραπη ή

tance, and cry'd out aloud, Jesus our master, take pity on 13 us. as soon as he perceived 14 them, be faid to them, go fiere yourselves to the priests, and on the way they found themfelves cured. one of them per- 15 ceiving be was healed, turn'd back, praising God aloud. then prostrating himself at the 16 feet of Jesus, he gave him thanks. now this man was a Samaritan. and Jesus said 17 to bim, were not all the ten healed? where then are the other nine? is no body re-18 turn'd to glorify God, but this alien only? and he said 19 to bim, rife, go your way, your faith has fav'd you.

Upon the Pharisees asking 20 bim, when the kingdom of God should come, he answer'd them, the kingdom of God is not usher'd in with pomp and exclamations, as 21 see here! or see there! for even now the kingdom of God is commenc'd among you.

At length he faid to bis 22 disciples, the time will come, when ye will wish to see the son of man appear, and shall not see him. they will tell 23 you, here he is, or, he is there: but don't go out to follow them; for as the light-24

Oo 2 sing

αστραπτουσα εκ της ύπ' ουρανον, εις την ύπ' ουρανον λαμπει, δύτως εσται δ ύιος του ανθρωπου εν τη ημερα πρωτον δε δει αυτον 25 aurou πολλα παθείν και αποδοκίμασθηναι απο της Γενεας 26 TAUTHS- KAI KABWS EFENETO εν ταις ήμεραις του Νωε, ουτως εσται και εν ταις ήμεραις 27 του ύιου του ανθρωπου. ησθιον, επινον, εγαμουν, εξεγαμιζοντο, αχρι ής ημερας εισηλθε Nωε εις την κιβωτον: και πλθεν δ κατακλυσμος, και 28 απωλεσεν άπαντας ομοιως KAS WE EFEVETO EV TAIS THESPAIS Λωτ, ποθιον, επινον, ράζον, επωλουν, εφυτευονς 20 ωκοδομουν, η δε ήμερα εξηλθε Λωτ απο Σοδομων, εβρεξε πυο και θειον απ' ουρανου. 30 και απωλεσεν άπαντας- κατα ταυτα εσται ή ήμερα ο ύιος του ανθεωπου αποκα-3 I AUTTETAL EV EKELVIN TIN 11μερα, ος εσται επι του δωμα-TOS, KALTA OKEUN AUTOU EY τη οικια, μη καταβατω αραι αυτα, και ο εν τω ατρω. ομοιως μη επιστρεψατο εις 32 TO OTIOW- HUMHOVEUETE THE 33 Γυναικος Δωτ. ος εαν ζητηση την ψυχην άυτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτην, και ος εαν απολεση αυτην, ζωοτονησει 34 αυτην λεγω ύμιν, ταυτη τη γυκτι εσονται δυο επι κλινης μιας, ο εις παραληφθησεται, και ο έτερος αφεθήσε-

ning flashes from one extremito of the sky to the other, fo shall the appearance of the son of man be. but before 25 this, he must undergo many sufferings, and be rejected by this generation: the same 26 thing shall bappen in the son of man's time as did in Noab's days, eating and 27 drinking, marriages and matches was the business till the very day that Noah entred into the ark, when the flood came and overwhelm'd them all. and as it was in 28 the days of Lot, they were eating and drinking, buying and selling, planting and building: but the very day 29 that Lot went out of Sodom, a storm of lightning and thunder fell from beaven and destroy'd them all. even thus 30 shall it be in the day when the son of man shall appear. then let not him that is on 31 the house-top venture down to secure bis surmiture: and be that is in the field, let bim not return back. remember 32 Lot's wife. be that feeks to 33 save his life, will expose it; and he that exposes his life, will preferve it. I tell you, 34 that of two persons lying in the same bed that night, the one shall be taken, and the

35 ται δυο εσονται αληθουσαι επι το αυτο, ή μια πασραληφθησεται, και ή έτερα 36 αφεθησεται, και αποκρίθευτες λεγουσιν αυτω, που Κυριε ο δε είπεν αυτοίς, όπου το σωμα, εκει συναχθησονται οι αετοί.

Ελεγε δε και παραβολην αυτοις προς το δειν παντοτε προσευχεσθαι, και μη εκκα-> KEIV, AETWY, KPITHS TIS MY EV Τινι πολει τον Θεον μη Φοβουμένος, και ανθρωπον μη EXTREMOLIEVOS. XMPA DE TIS MY EV TH TOXEL EKELVH, KAL HOXE-Το προς αυτου, λεγουσα, εκδικησον με απο του αντιδικου 4 μου και ουκ πθελεν επι χρονον μετα δε ταυτα ει-TEV EV EQUTO, EL KAL TOV. Θεον ου φοβουμαι, και αν-5 θεωπον συκ εντρεπομαι. LE TO MADEXELV HOL KOMON THY χηραν ταυτην, εκδικησω. αυ-THY, IVA UN EIG TEXOG EDXOUE-6 m vawalaln me elae de o Κυριος, ακουσατετι ο κριτης 7 THE ADIKIAS REFEL O DE DEOS OU UN MOINGEL THY EKOLKHOLY των εκλεκτων άυτου των βοωντων προς αυτον ήμερας και **Συκτος, και μακροθυμει επ'** 8 מטדסוג? אבן ש טועט סדו זוסוησει Την εκδικησιν αυτών εν Ταχει. πλην ο ύιος του ανθρωπου ελθων αρα ευρησει דו אום אום צוו באו דוו אום דוו לחוד לחוד

other left. two momen shall 35 be grinding together, the one shall be taken, and the other left: two men shall be in the field, the one shall be taken, and the other left. then they 36 ask'd him, where, Lord, will this happen? be reply'd, wherever the carcase is, there will the eagles hover together.

Tesus propos'd likewise this 1 parable to them, to show that they should persevere in prayer, and not be discouraged. saying, in a certain city 2 there was a judge, who neither feared God, nor regarded man. a widow was like- 3 wife there, who frequently came to bim, saying, do me justice against my adversary. for some time be refus d to do 4 it: but at length he said in bimself; tho' I neither sear God, nor regard man; yet, 5 because this widow importunes me, I will do ber justice, that she may'nt be continually coming to teaze me. observe, said Jesus, that language of this unrighteous judge. and will not God avenge bis 7 own elect, who cry to him night and day? will be delay their cause? I tell you, be 8 will speedily avenge them. bowever, when the son of man comes, how few of the faithful will be find in the land?

Ειπε δε προς Τινας τους πεποιθοτας εφ ξαυτοις ότι εισι δικαιοι, και εξουθενουν-Τας Τους λοιπους, Ττιν πα-10 ραβολην ταυτην- ανθοώποι δυο ανεβησαν εις το ίερον ποοσευξασθαι, ο εις Φαρισαιος, ΙΙ και δέτερος τελωνης. ό Φαρισαίος σταθείς προς έαυτον ταυτα ποοσπυχετο, ο Θεος EUXADIOTW GOL, OTI OUK EILLI ώσπερ οι λοιποι των ανθρωπων, άρπαγες, αδικοι, μοιχοι, η και ώς όυτος ό τελω-12 γης. γηστευω δις του σαββατου, αποδεκατω παντα 13 όσα κτωμαι. και ότελωνης μακροθεν έστως ουκ ηθελεν ουδε τους οφθαλμούς εις τον ουρανον επαραι, αλλ ετυπτεν εις το στηθος αυτου, λε-**Γων, ο Θεος ίλασθητι μοι τω** 14 άμαρτωλω. Αεγω ύμιν, κατεβη ουτος δεδικαιωμένος εις TOY OLKOY AUTOUS TI FAP EKELνος, ότι πας ό ύνων ξαυτον, ταπεινωθησεται, ο δε ταπεινων έαυτον, ύψωθησεται-15 Προσεφερον δε αυτώ και τα βρεφη, ίνα αυτων άπτη-

15 Προσεφερον δε αυτώ και τα βρεφη, ίνα αυτών άπτη ται, ιδοντες δε δι μαθηται ετ 6 πετιμησαν αυτοις ό δε Ιησους προσκαλεσαμενος αυτα, ειπεν, αφετε τα παιδια ερχεσθαι προς με, και μη κωπυετε αυτα, των γαρ τοιουτών εστιν ή βασιλεια του 17 Θεου αμην λεγω ύμιν, ός εαν μη δεξηται την βασιλειαν

Then be proposed this pa- 9 rable, concerning those who bad a great opinion of their own justice, and look'd with contempt upon others, two men 10 went to the temple to pray; the one a Pharisee, the other a Publican. the Pharifee 11 in a standing tosture pray'd thus by himself, O God, I thank thee, that I am not as other men, a robber, a cheat, an adulterer, or like that Publican. I fast twice 12 a week, and I pay the tythe of all I possess. but the 13 Publican, who stood a good way lower, not daring to lift up even bis eyes to beaven, only smote his breast, and said, O God, be merciful to me, who am a sinner. I14 tell you this man went bome approv'd as just, and not the other. for whiever exalteth himself shall be humbled, and be that bumbleth bimself shall be exalted.

And as they were pre-15 fenting children to him, for the imposition of hands, his disciples observing it, rebuk'd those that brought them. but 16 fesus called the children to him, and said to his disciples, let the children come to me, without any hindrance, for they who belong to the kingdom of God, must be like them. I declare unto you, he 17

του Θεου ως παιδίονς ου μπ εισεχθη εις αυτην

Και επηρωτήσε τις αυτον αρχων, λεγων, διδασκαλε ατάθε, τι ποιησας ζωην αιω-19 νιον κληρουομησω? είπε δε αυτω ο Ιπσους, Τι με λεγεις αταθου? ουδεις αταθος, ει μπ 20 EIG. O DEOG. TAGENTONAG OFδας, " μη μοιχευσης, μη " φονευσης, μη κλεινης, μη " ψευδομαρτυρησης, τιμα " τον πατερα σου και την 2 I " untera." o.de eute. Tau-Τα παντα εφυλαξαμην εκ νεο-22 Τητος μου- ακουσας δε ταυτα ο Ιπσους, ειπεν αυτω, ετι έν σοι λειπει, παντα όσα εχεις πωλησον, και διαδος πτωχοις, και έξεις θησαυρου εν ουρανω: και δευρο, ακο-= 3 πουθει μοι ο δε, ακουσας ταυτα, περιλυπος εγενετο: ην γαρ πλουσιος σφοδρα. 24 ιδων δε αυτον ο Ιπσους περιλυπον Γενομένον, είπε, πως ουσκολως οι τα χρηματα ε-XOUTES ELGENEUGOUTAL ELS THU 25 βασιλειάν Του Θεού. ευκόπωτερον γαρ εστι, καμπλον δια Τουμαλιας ραφιδος εισελθειν, η πλουσιον εις την βασιλειάν του Θεου εισελθειν. 26 ειπου δε οι ακουσαντές, και 27 τις δυναται σωθηναι? δ δε ειπες τα αδυνάται παρά ανθεωποις, δυνατα εστι παρα τω Θεωthat does not come with the disposition of a child shall not enter into the kindom of God.

Then a person of distinc- 18 tion ask'd bim this question, good master, what must I do to inherit eternal life? Je-19 fus replied, why do you call me good? there is but one who is good, that is God. you know the commandments, 20 " do not commit adultery, " do not kill, do not steal, " do not bear false witness, " bonour thy father and mo-" ther." all these, said be, 21 bave I observed from my youth. upon bearing that, 22 Fesus said to bim, one thing you have yet to do : sell all you have, and give it to the poor, and you shall have treasure in beaven: then come, and follow me. upon 23 bearing this he was very sad: for be bad a large estate. Jesus perceiving him 24 so very dejected, said, how difficult is it for those, who bave riches, to enter into the kingdom of God! it is easier 25 for a cable to pass through the eye of a needle, than for a rich man to enter into the kingdom of God. upon which 26 the audience said, who then can be saved? Jesus answer'd, 27 by divine affiftance men may do that which would be otherwise impossible.

28 Ειπε δε ό Πετρος, ιδου, ή μεις αφπκαμεν παντα, και 29 πκολούθησαμεν σοι ό δε ειπεν αυτοις, αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ουδεις εστιν ός αφπκεν οικιαν, η γονεις, η αδελφους, η γυναικα, η τεκνα, ένεκεν 30 της βασιλειας του Θεου, ός ου μη απολαβη πολλαπλαστιονα εν τω καιρω τουτω, και εν τω αιωνι τω ερχομενω ζωπν αιωνιον.

Παραλαβων δε τους δωδε-גמי בודב דרסב מעדטעבי ולסטי αναβαινομέν εις Ιέροσολυμα, και τελεσθησεται παντα τα **ΓΕΓΡ**αμμενα δια Των προφητων, τω ύιω του ανθρωπου. 32 παραδοθησεται ταρ τοις εθνεσι, και εμπαιχθησεται, και υβρισθησεται, και εμπτυσ-33 θησεται, και μαστιγωσαν-TES AMOKTEVOUTIV AUTOVS KAI TH THEPA TH TPITH AVACTH-.34 σεται· και αυτοι ουδεν τουτων συνηκαν, και ην το δημα Τούτο κεκρυμμένον απ΄ αυ-Των και συκ εγινωσκον τα λεγομενα.

35 Εγενετο δε εν τω εγγίζειν αυτον εις Ιεριχω, τυφλος τις εκαθητο παρα την οδον προ36 σαιτων ακουσας δε οχλου διαπορευομενου, επυνθανετο τι 37 ειη τουτο απηγειλαν δε αυτω, ότι Ιησους ό Ναζω38 ραιος παρερχεται και εβοησε, λεγων, Ιησου ύιε Δα39 βιδ, ελεησον με και όι προαγοντες

Then faid Peter, you see 28 that we have lest every thing to follow you. Jesus an-29 sword, I declare unto you, no one has ever quitted house or parents, or brethren, or wife, or children, upon account of the gospel-dispensation, who shall not receive 30 abundantly more even in this age, and everlasting life in the age to come.

Afterwards Jesus took the 31 twelve aside, and said to them, now we are going to Ferusalem where all that the prophets have writ concerning the fon of man shall be accomplished, for be shall 32 be delivered to the Gentiles by the Jews, who will treat bim with mockery, infult him, 22 spit in his face, scourge him, and put bim to death; and the third day be shall rise again. but they comprehend- 34 ed nothing of all this: his discourse was a riddle to them, and they could not find out the meaning.

As they were near feri-35 cho, a blind man happen'd to sit begging by the road, who hearing the noise of a 36 crowd passing by, ask'd what the matter was. they told 37 him, fesus the Nazarene is passing by. then he cry'd 38 out, fesus son of David, have pity on me. those who led 39 the

αγοντες επετιμών αυτώ ίνα σιωπηση, αυτος δε πολλω μαλλον εκράζεν, ύις Δαβιδ, 40 EXENCTOR HES OTABLIS DE O INσους εκελευσεν αυτον αχθηναι προς άυτον, εγγισαντος δε AUTOU ETINGWINGEN AUTON; 41 RETWY. TI GOI BEREIS TOITIOW? ο δε ειπε. Κυριε. ίνα ανα-42 βλεψω. κάι ο Ιπσους ειπεν αυτως αναβλεψονς ή πιστις 43 σου σεσωκε σε και παραχρημα άνεβλεψε, και πκολουθει αυτώ δοξαζων του Θεον, και πας ο λαος ιδων. εδωκεν αινον τω Θεω.

Και εισελθων διηρχετο την 2 Ιεριχω. και ιδου, ανηρ ονοματι καλουμένος Ζακχαιος, και αυτος ην αρχιτελωνης, 3 και ουτος ην πλουσιος και ELITEI IDEIV TOV INGOUV TIS εστι, και ουκ ηδυνατο απο του οχλου, ότι τη ήλικια 4 μικρος πν. και προδραμων εμπροσθεν, ανεβή επι συκομωραιαν, ίνα ιδη αυτον, ότι δι' εκεινης ήμελλε διερχεσθαι. 5 και ώς ηλθεν επι τον τοπους αναβλεινας ο Ιπσους ειδεν αυ-Τον, και ειπε προς αυτον, Ζακχαιε, σπευσας καταβη**θι, σημερον γας εν τω οικω** 6 σου δει με μειναι. και σπευσας κατεβη, και ύπεδεξατο τ αυτον χαιρων και ιδοντες TAVTES BEFORTULOW REPORTES, ότι παρα άμαρτωλώ ανδρί 8 εισηλθε καταλυσαι σταθείς

the way bid him bold his tonque. but be bawl'd out the louder, son of David have pity on me. then Jesus 40 stopp d, and order d them to bring the man to bim, who being come nigh, be ask'd bim, what would you bave 41 me do for you? be faid, Lord, I desire to have fight. have 42 sight, said Jesus, your faith bas obtain'd you a cure. and 43 immediately be saw: and followed Jesus, glorifying God: and all the people, who were ere-witnesses, gave praise unto God.

As Jesus was pursuing bis journey from Jericho, one 2 Zaccheus, a rich man; and collector-general of the customs; was very desirous to see the 3 person of Jesus, but could not for the crowd, he being of a low stature. so be ran before, 4. and climb'd up a mulberrytree to view bim; for he was to pass that way. as soon as 5 Jesus came at the place, be look'd up, and secing bim, Zaccheus, said Ke, make baste down; for I intend to dine at your bouse to-day. so down be came in great 6 baste, and gave Jesus a jozful reception: upon feeing this, they all murmur'd; saying, he is going to be treated by a diffolute person. but Zaccbeus address'd bim- 8 290 δε Ζακχαιος ειπε προς τον Κυριον, ιδου, τα ήμιση των ύπαρχοντων μου. Κυριε. διδωμι Τοις πτωχοις, και ει τινος Τι εσυκοφαντήσα, αποδι-9 δωμι τετραπλουν. ειπε δε προς αυτον ο Ιπσους, ότι σημερου σωτηρια τω οικώ τουτω εγενετο, καθοτι και αυτος 10 ύιος Αβρααμεστίν πλθε γαρ ο ύιος του ανθεωπου ζητησαι και σωσαι το απολωλος. Ακουοντων δε αυτων ταυτα, προσθεις είπε παραβολην, δία το εγγυς αυτον είναι Ιερουσαλημ, και δοκειν αυτους ότι παραχρημα μελλει ή βασιλεια του Θεου ανα-12 Φαινεσθαι- ειπεν ουν, θρωπος τις ευγενης επορευθη εις χωραν μακραν, λαβειν έαυτω βασιλειαν, και ύπο-13 στρεψαι καλεσας δε δεκα δουλους ξαυτου, εδωκεν αυ-Τοις δεκα μνας, και ειπε προς αυτους, πραγματευσασθε έως 14 ερχομαι οι δε πολιται αυτου εμισουν αυτον, και απεστεικαν πρεσβειαν οπισω αυτου, λεγοντες, " ου θελομεν τουτον 15 "βασιλευσαι εφ' ήμας." και εγενετο εν τω επανελθειν αυτον λαβοντα την βασιλειαν,

και ειπε φωνηθηναι άυτω τους

δουλους τουτους, οις εδωκε

το αργυριον, ίνα γιω τις τι

νετο δε ο πρωτος, λεγων,

Κυριε, ή μνα σου προσειργα-

16 διεπραγματευσατο- παρεγε-

felf to Jesus, and said, Lord, balf my estate I give to the poor; and if I have wrong'd any man, I will give him four times the value. then & said Jesus, speaking of bim, this day is falvation come to this family, since he is now become a true son of Abrabam, for the son of man is 10 come to feek, and to fave that which was loft.

Their attention being raised 11 by this, Jesus pursued his discourse with a parable, occafion'd by their thinking, that, because be was advanced so nigh to Jerusalem, the kingdom of God would immediately commence. a nobleman, 12 faid he, was going to travel to a foreign country, in order to have his kingdom confirm'd to him at his return. and he 13 called ten of his servants, to whom he deliver'd ten tounds: improve that, said he, till I return. but be being bated 14 by the citizens, after be was gone, they sent a deputation to court, to make this protest, " we will not have him for " our king." upon bis re- 15 turn, being confirm'd king, be order'd the servants, he had trusted with the money, to appear, and inform him, what improvement each of them bad made. the first came and 16 said, Lord, your one pound

17 σατο δεκα μνας. και είπεν αυτω, ευ αγαθε δουλε, ότι εν ελαχιστώ πιστος εγενου, ισθι εξουσιαν εχων επανω δε-18 κα πολεων. και ηλθεν ό δευ-Τερος, λειων, Κυριε, ή μνα 19 σου εποιησε πεντε μνας. ειπε δε και τουτως και συ τίνου 20 επανω πενΤε πολιών. έτερος πλθε, λεγων, Κυριε, ιδου, ή μυα σου, ην ειχον α-21 ποκειμενήν εν σουδαριώ. εφοβουμην γαρ σες ότι ανθρωπος αυστήρος ει, αιρεις ο ουκ εθηκας, και θεριζεις ο ουκ εσ-22 πειρας. λεγει δε αυτω, εκ του στοματος σου κρινώ σε, πονηρε δουλε, " ηδεις ότι εςω " ανθεωπος αυστηρος ειμι, « αιρων ο ουκ εθηκα, και θε-23" ειζων ο συκ εσπειρα." και διατι ουκ εδισκας το αρτυριον μου επι την τραπεζαν, και ετω ελθων συν τοκώ αν επραξα 24 αυτο ? και τοκ παρεστωσιν ELTEV, APATE AT' AUTOU THY μναν και δύτε τω τας δεκα 25 HUAG EXOUTI. KAI ELTOU AUτω, Κυριε, εχει δεκα μνας. 26 λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι παντι τω εχοντι δοθησεται, απο δε του un exoutos, kai o exel, ac-27 θησεται απ' αυτου. πλην τους εχθρούς μου εκείνους, τους μη θελησαντας με βασι-NEUGAL ET AUTOUS AFAFETE

bas gained ten more. be an-17 fwer'd, bonest servant, that's well: since your industry bas made so much of so little, I give you the government of ten cities. then the 18 fecond came, and faid, Lord, your pound bas produc'd five more. bis master replied; 19 you shall be governor of five cities, but another came and 20 faid, Lord, here's your money, which I laid up safe in a napkin. for I was in fear 21 of you, knowing you to be a bard master, who exact what you never gave, and reap where you have never foron. wicked slave, said he, from 22 your own mouth will I convist thee. " you knew I " was a hard master, ex-" asting what I never gave, " and reaping where I ne-" ver sowed:" why then 23 did you not lodge my money in the hank, that on my return I might bave drawn it out with interest? then be 24 faid to bis attendants, take the one pound from bim, and give it him, that gain'd ten. but they objected, Lord, be 25 has already ten pounds. I26 tell you, said be, that to every one who improves, more shall be given: and he that makes no improvement, shall be stript of what he has. as 27 for those enemies of mine, Pp 2

ώδε, και κατασφαζατε εμπροσθεν μου-

28 Και ειπων ταυτα, επορευετο εμπροσθεν, αναβαι-29 νων εις Ιεροσολυμα. και εΓΕνετο ώς ηγισεν εις Βηθφαγη και Βηθανιαν προς το ορος το · KANOUHEVOV ENAIWY, ATTECTE! λε δυο των μαθητων άυτου. 30 ELTONS UTACETE ELC TON KATEναντι κωμπν, εν ή εισπορευομενοι έυρησετε πωλον δεδεμενον, εφ' ον ουδεις πωποτε ανθρωπων εκαθισες λυσαντες 3 I AUTOV AFAFETE. KAL EAV TIS ύμας ερώτα, δια τι πυετε ? ουτως ερειτε αυτω, ότι ο Κυ-PLOS AUTOU XPELAN EXEL-

32 Απελθοντες δε οι απεσταλμενοι, έυρον καθως ειπεν 33 αυτοις λυοντων δε αυτων τον πωλον, ειπον οι κυριοι αυτου προς αυτους, τι λυετε 34 τον πωλον ε οι δε ειπον, ότι δ Κυριος αυτου χρειαν εχει-35 και πραρον αυτου προς τον Ιπσουν, και επιρρεφαντες έαυτων τα ίματια επι τον πωτ λον, επεβιβασαν τον Ιπσουν. 36 πορευομενου δε αυτου, ύπεστρωννυον τα ίματια άυτων

εν τη όδω.

37 ΕΠΙζοντος δε αυτου πόπ προς τη καταβασει του ορους των ελαιων, πρέαντο άπαν το πληθος των μαθητων χαιφοντες αινειν τον Θεον φωνη μεγαλη περι πασων ών ειδον δυνα-

who would not have me for their king, bring them here, and slay them in my presence.

After this discourse, Jesus 28 pursued bis journey towards Jerusalem. when he was 29 advanc'd near Bethphage, and Bethany, to the mountain call'd the Olives, be fent two of his disciples, saying to 30 them, go to the village oppofite to you: at your entrance there, you will find a colt ty'd, that was never yet back'd: untie it and bring it bere. if any one should 31 ask you, why you untie it, let this be your answer, because the Lord has occasion for it.

Accordingly the messengers 32 went, and sound the colt, as Jesus had told them. as they 33 were untying the colt, the owners said, why i' you untie the colt? they answer'd, 34 because the Lord has occasion for it. so they brought it to 35 Jesus. and throwing their garments upon the colt, they mounted Jesus thereon. and 36 all the way, as he marched, they strewed with their clothes.

Just as be advanced to the 37 declivity of the mountain of Olives, the whole troop of disciples began to express their joy in loud acclamations, traising God, for the many mira-

38 δυναμεων, λεγοντές, είτρο-" Γπμενος ο ερχομενος βασι-" λευς εν ονοματι Κυριου, ει-" pmm EN OUPANW, KAI BOEA
39" EN ÚMIGTOIC! KAI TINES Των Φαρισαιων απο Του οχλου ειπον προς αυτον, διδασκαλε, επιτιμησού τοις μαθη-40 Tais σου- και αποκρίθεις ειπεν αυτοις, λεγω ύμιν ότι εαν όντοι σιωπησωσιν, όι λιθοι 41 κεκραξονται. και ώς ηγισεν, ιδων την πολιν, εκλαυσεν 42 ET מעדחי אברשי " סדו בו ETYWIC KAL OU, KAL TE EV TH ήμερα σου ταυτή, τα προς " ειρηνην σου, νυν δε εκρυβη 43 " απο οφθαλμων σου" ότι ήξουσιν ήμεραι επι σε, και περιβαλουσιν οι εχθροι σου χαρακά σοι, και περικυκλώσουσι σες και συνεξουσι σε 44 παντοθεν: και εδαφιουσι σες KAI TA TEKYA GOU EY GOLS KAI ουκ αφησουσιν εν σοι λιθον επι λιθω, ανθ' ών ουκ εγνως τον KRIPOV THE EMICKOMHE GOU.

45 Και εισελθων εις το ίερον, πρέατο εκβαλλειν τους πωλουντας εν αυτώ και αγορα-46 ζοντας, λερων αυτοις, γερραπται, " ότι ὁ οικος μου, οικος "προσευχης εστιν, υμεις δε αυτον εποιησατε σπηλαιον 47" ληστων." και ην δίδασκων

miracles they bad feen, " blef- 28 " fed be be, faid they, whom " the Lord bath lent to be " our king. prosperity from ce beaven, and glory from " the most high." upon this 20 some of the Pharisees, who were in the eround, faid to bim. master, rebuke your disciples. but be answer'd 40 them, if they should be silent, the stones would exclaim. as he drew nigh, he 41 beheld the city, and bewail'd its fate, in these words, " 042 " that thou hadft confider'd, " at least in this very day, " the opportunity you had of " being bappy! but now " alas! it is vanish'd from " your eyes." for the time 43 will shortly come, when your enemies shall open their trenches before thee, bem you in, and closely besiege you: they 44 will level you to the ground, extirpate your inhabitants, and bury your buildings in ruins: because you have not consider'd the overtures I made you.

As foon as be entred into 45 the temple, he drove out the fellers and buyers there: telling them it is written, "my 46" house is a house of prayer: but ye have made it † a den of thieves." and he 47 instructed the people daily in the

* Ifa. lvi. 7. + Jer. vii. 11.

κων το καθ' ήμεραν εν τω ίερω, οι δε αρχιερεις και οι Γραμματεις εξπτουν αυτον απολεσαι, και οι πρωτοι του
48 λαου. και ουχ έυρισκον το
τι ποιησωσιν, ο λαος γαρ άπας εξεκρεματο αυτου ακουων.

Kai efeveto en mia twn nine-I ρων εκεινών, διδασκοντος αυ-Του Τον λαον εν Τω ίερω, και εναγγελιζομένου, επεστησαν οι αρχιερεις και οι Γραμματεις συν τοις πρεσβυτεροις, 2 και είπου προς αυτού, λεγούτες, ειπε ήμιν εν ποια εξουσια TAUTA TOLEICO IN TIC ECTIV O δους σοι την εξουσιαν ταυ-3 την ? αποκριθεις δε είπε προς αυτους, πρωτησω ύμας κάτω ένα λογον, και ειπατε μοι. 4 Το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου εξ ουρανου πν, η εξ ανθρωπων ? 5 οι δε συνελογισαντο προς έ-AUTOUS, REPOYTES, OTL EAVELT πωμεν, εξουρανου, ερει, δια-TI OUN OUK EMIGTEUGATE AUδ τω ? εαν δε ειπωμεν, εξ ανθέωπων, παι ο λαοι καταλιθασει ήμας, πεπεισμένος γαρ εστιν Ιωαννην προφητην ει-7 ναι- και απεκριθησαν μη ει-8 δεναι ποθεν· και ο Ιπσους ειπεν αυτοις, ουδε ερω λερω ύμιν εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα TOW.

 Ηρέατο δε προς τον λαον λεγειν την παραβολην ταυτην, ανθρωπος τις εφυτευσεν the temple, while the chief priests, the Scribes, and the rulers of the people, were contriving to take away his life. but they could not find 48 the means of effecting it; for all the populace were strongly attached to his doctrine.

One day, as he was in- 1 structing the people in the temple, and preaching the gospel, the chief priests, and the Scribes, with the rulers came up to bim, and thus 2 accosted bim, tell us by what authority do you all thus? and whence do you derive that authority? Jesus anfwer'd, I will ask you one question; tell me, the baptism of John, was it a divine or a buman institution? but they 5 reason'd thus with themselves. if we should say, it was divine, he will reply, why then did not you believe bim? if we should affert, it was a buman contrivance, the populace would stone us; for they are persuaded that John was a prophet, they anfwer'd then, they did not know which it was. Jesus replied, neither will I tell you by what authority I att

Then be propos'd this para- 9 ble to the people, a man planted a vinsyard, let it out to bus-

αμπελονα, και εξεδοτο αυτον Γεωργοις, και απεδημησε x00-TO VOUS TRAVOUS KAL EV KAIDO απεστείλε προς Τους Γεωργούς δουλον, ίνα απο του καρπου του αμπελωνος δωσιν αυτω, OL DE TEMPTOL DELPANTES AUTONS τι εξαπεστείλαν KEVOVπροσεθετο πεμιμαι έτερον BOUNOY, OF BE KAKELVOY SELPAY-TEC KAI ATHAGAVTEC, EEA-12 TEOTEINAU KEVOV- KAI TOOσεθετο πεμιμαι τριτον, οι δε και ΤουΤου Τραυματισαντες 13 εξεβάπον είπε δε ο Κυρίος Του αμπελωνος Τι ποιπσω? πεμψω τον ύιον μου τον αταπητον, ισως τουτον ιδοντες 14 EVTPATTOOVTAI LOOVTEC DE αυτον οι Γεωργοι, δειλογίζου-Το προς έαυτους, λεγοντες, ουτος εστιν ο κληρονομος. δευτε, αποκτεινωμέν αυτον, ίνα ήμων Γενηται ή κληρονο-15 μια. και εκβαλοντες αυτον εξω του αμπελωνός, απεκ-Τειναν. Τι ουν ποιπσει αυτοις δ κυριος του αμπελωνος? ι 6 ελευσεται και απολεσει τους Γεωορους τουτους, και δωσει Τον αμπελωνα αλλοις. α-KOUTANTES DE ELTON, UN SEVOI-17 το. ο δε εμβλεινας αυτοις. בנחב דו סטי בסדו דם רבוףמעμενον Τουτο, " λιθον ον α-" πεδοκιμασαν οι οικοδομουν-" τες, ουτος εγενηθη εις κε-18" φαλην γωνιας?" πας ο הבסשע בה' באבוטסע דסע אוטסטי

busbandmen, and then went a travelling for some time. at vintage, be fent a fervant 10 to the busbandmen, to demand the profits of the vineyard, but they beat him and fent bim away empty. again be sent another servant, 11 bim they likewise beat, infulted, and fent away empty. be still sent a third, whom 12 they wounded and drove away, upon which the master 13 of the vineyard said, what Shall I do? I will send my beloved son : perhaps bis pre-Sence will engage their respect. but when the bus-14 bandmen saw bim, they said to one another, this is the beir : come, let us kill bim, that the inheritance may be our own. so they kill'd bim, 15 and threw him out of the vineyard. what punishment now will the master inslict upon them? be will come 16 and destroy these bushandmen, and give his vineyard to others. but they, taking the bint, cried out, God forbid. then Jesus looking upon 17 them, said, what is the meaning then of that expression, " the stone, which the buil-" ders rejetted, is become " the chief stone of the an-" gle." whoever falls upon 18 that stone shall be bruised,

but

συνθημασθησεται, εφ ον δαν πεση, λικμησει αυτον-

19 Και εζητησαν δι αρχιερεις και οι Γραμματεις επιβαλειν ET AUTONTAL XELPAL EN AUTH Τη ώρα, και εφοβηθησαν τον ARON, ETVENTAN TAP OT TIPOS αυτους την παραβολην ταυ-20 THV SITE. KALTADAT NONGAY. TEC ATECTEDAY ETKAGETOUS υποκρινομενους έχυτους δικαιους ειναι, ίνα επιλαβωνται AUTOU ROTOUS EIG TO TAPAδουναι αυτον τη αρχη και τη 21 ECOUTING TOU THE LLOVOS KALEπηρωτησαν αυτον, λεγοντες, διδασκαλε, οιδαμεν ότι ορθως refeic kai didaokeic, kai ou λαμβανεις προσωπους αλλ' ET MENTILEIAG THY ODON TOU 22 Θεου διδασκεις εξεστιν ήμιν Katoast popov douvals n ou? 23 κατανοήσας δε αυτών την πανουργιαν, ειπε προς αυτους, 24 TI HE TEIPALETE? ETIGELEATE HOL ONVAPION, TIVOS EXEL EIKOνα και επιγραφην ? αποκρι-25 θεντες δε ειπον, Καισαρος. ο SE ELTEN AUTOICS ATTOSOTE TOIύνν τα Καισαρος Καισαρι, και τα του Θεου τω Θεω. 26 και ουκ ισχυσαν επιλαβεσθαι αυτου φηματος εναντιον του λαου, και θαυμασαντες επι τη αποκρισει αυτου; εσιτη-OAV.

27 Προσελθοντες δε τινες των Σαιβδουκαιων, οι αντιλεγον-

but on whom it falls, it will crush him to pieces.

The chief priests, and the 19 Scribes perceiving that be bad applied this parable to them, were eager to feize upon bim at that very time: but they were afraid of the people. they watch'd then, 20 and suborn'd spies, who under pretence of their tender consciences, might ensnare bim in his discourse, and so betray him to the civil power and jurisdiction of the governor. they address'd bim 21 therefore in this manner; master, we know that what you say and teach is all right. you are not influenc'd by the quality of men but explain the divine law with fincerity: should we pay tribute to Ce-22 sar, or no? but Jesus per-23 ceiving their malicious design, said to them, why do you practife upon me? show 24 me a penny: whose image and inscription is this? they answer'd, Cesar's. render 25 then, said be, to Cefar, what belongs to Cefar, and to God, what belongs to God. fo not 26 being able to take any advantage from his words, before the people, they said no more, being surprized at his answer.

Afterwards some of the 27 Pharisecs, who deny there

TEG AVACTACED UN ELVAIS E-28 πηρωτησαν αυτον, λεγοντες, διδασκάπει Μωσης εγραψεν ήμιν, εαν Τινος αδεχφος απο-Barn Exwy ruvanka, kan outoc ατεκνος αποθανή, ενα λαβή ο αδελφος αυτου την γυναικά, και εξαναστηση σπερμα τω 29 αδέλφω άντου έπτα τουν αδελφοι πσαν, και ο πρώτος λαβων τυναικα, απεθανεν α-30 TEKYOK. KAL ENABEY & BENTEPOS THY TUVAIKA, KAI OUT OC ATTE 3 1 GAVEY ATERYOG. KAI O TOLTOG ελαβεν αυτην, ώσαυτως δε KAL OL ETTAS' KAL OU KATEAL πον τεκνα, και απεθανον. 32 υστερον δε πάντων απεθανε 33 Kal n ruyh. Ev Th our avadτασει, τινος αυτων γινεταί. γυνη ? δι γαρ έπτα εσχου αυ-24 THY TUYALKA. KAL ATTOKCHELK ειπεν αυτοις ο Ιπσους, δι ύιοι του αιώνος τουτου ταμούσι 35 KAI EKTAMIOKOVTAI OI DE KA-Ταξιωθεντες του αιωνος εκεί-YOU TUXELY, KAL THE AVACTAσεως της εκ νεκρων, συτε τα-MOUTINS OUTE EKFAMTKOVTAI. 36 ουτε γαρ απόθανειν ετι δυναν-Ται, ισαγγελοι γαρ εισι, και υιοι εισι του Θεου, της α-37 ναστασείος ύιοι ουτες. δε εγειρονται οι νεκροι, και Μωσης εμπυυσεν επι της βα-TOUS WE REFEL KUPLOY, TOY Θεον Αβρααμ, και τον Θεον Ισαακ, και τον Θεον Ιακωβ. $3^8\Theta$ eog de our eoti verpwy, an-

is any refurrettion, accorted him with this question, mas-28 ters, said they, Moses left it in writing, if any man bas a brother, who dies in marriage without leaving rebits dren, he is obliged to take the widow, to perpetuate his brother's line. now there 29 were seven brothershibe first of which marry'd, and died without children. the second 30 after marrying the widow, died likewife without children. then the third took 31 ber, and so she was married to all seven, robo all died without leaving any children. ut tast the woman died too. 32 at the refurrethion therefore, 38 to which of them will she be wife to for for Bad been married to all the seven. Jesus answeredy in this life 34 men and wingen marry, but 35 they, who shall be accounted worthy to obtain the refurrection to an eternal life, shall have no consern in marriage, as being immortal: 26 for by the resurrestion they will inherit a neture tracty angelical and divine. now 27 that the dead are raised, may be inferr'd from Moses's retation concerning the bush, " where he stiles the Lord, the God of Abraham, and the God of Isaac, and the God. of Jacob. for he is not the 38

λα ζωντων, παντες γαρ αυ39 τω ζωσιν. αποκριθεντες δε
τινες των Γραμματεων, ειπον, διδασκαλε, καλως ει40 πας. ουκ ετι δε ετολμων επερωταν αυτον ουδεν.

Δι Ειπε δε προς αυτους, πως λεγουσι Τον Χοιστον ύιον Δα-12 BIO ELVALT KAL AUTOK DABIO refei er bibrio warming. είπεν ο Κυρίος τω Κυρίω. μου» καθου εκ δεξίων μου» 43" Ews av. Ow Tous exposus " σου υποποδιον των ποδωκ 44" σου?" Δαβιδ our Ku-PLOY AUTOV KANELS KALL TOUS A 5 thos autou Eatin? akonova ΤΟς δε παντος του λαους είπε 16 Tois materiais autou, 700σεχετε απο των Γραμματεών TWY DENOVIWY MEDITATELY BY στολαις, και φιλουντων ας-TATHOUS EV TAICATOPAIS, KAI .πρωτοκαθεδριας εν ταις συνα-**Γωγαις, και πρωτοκλισιας εν** 47 TOIS DELTIVOIS OF KATECBLONσι τας οικίας των χηρων, και προφασει μακρα προσευχουται. ουτοι ληνονται περισ-_σοτερον κριμα.

 Αναβλεψας δε ειδε τους βαλλοντας τα δωρα άυτων εις το γαζοφυλακιον πλου σιους ειδε δε και τινα χηραν πενιχραν βαλλουσαν εκει

δυα

God of the dead, but of the living. they are all then a-live with respect to him. which some of the Scribes ap-39 proving, said to him, master, what you maintain is very just: and after that 40 they did not venture to ask him another question.

But Jefus faid to them, 41 you affirm the Messiah must be descended from David, bow can that be? for in 42 the book of Psalms David bimself says, " the Lord " faid to my Lord, fit on " my right hand, till I42 " make thine enemies thy " footstool." if then David AA stiles the Meshab his Lord, bow can be be descended from David? then in the audience 45 of all the people, he said to bis disciples, beware of the 46 Scribes, who are fond of appearing in their long robes, affest to be saluted in publick, to bave the upper band in the fynagogues, and at all entertainments. who un- 47 der the pretext of their long prayers devour the fortunes of widows. wherefore they shall be punish'd with greater feverity.

As Jefus was observing the rich casting their offerings into the treasury, he 2 suw a poor widow throwing in the value of a farthing.

3 δυο κεπτα· και είπεν» ακπθως κεςω ύμιν, ότι ή χηρα ή
πτωχη άυτη πλειον παντών
4 έβακεν· απαντες γαρ όυτοι
εκ του περισσευοντος άυτοις
εβακον εις τα δωρα του Θεουν
άυτη δε εκ του ύστερηματος
άυτης άπαντα τον βιον ον ειχεν, εβακε·

KOI TIVWY REFORTWY TERI του ίερου, ότι λιθοις καλοις και αναθημασι κεκοσμηται. δ είπε, ταυτα ά θεωρείτε, ελευσονται ήμεραι εν άις ουκ αφεθησεται λίθος επι λίθω, ός 7 ου καταλυθησεται επηρω-THOAY OF AUTOY, REPORTER, διδασκαλε, ποτε ουν ταυτα EGTAL? KALTI TO GRUSION Oταν μελλη ταυτα Γινεσθαι? 8 ο δε ει πε, βλεπετε μη πλανηθητες πολλοι γαρ ελευσονται επι Τω ονοματι μου, λεγοντες, סדו בדש בועו, אמו ס אמוףסק חךγικε μη ουν πορευθητε οπισω συτων-

9 Οταν δε ακουσητε πολεμους και ακαταστασιας, μη πτοηθητε, δει ςαρ ταυτα ςενεσθαι πρωτον, αλλ΄ ουκ ευ10 θεως το τελος. τοτε ελεγεν αυτοις, εγερθησεται εθνος επι εθνος, και βασιλεια επι βασι11 λειαν. σεισμοι τε μεγαλοι κατα τοπους, και λιμοι, και λοιμοι εσονται, φοβητρα τε και σημεια απ' ουρανου μεγα-

and be faid, I declare unto 3
you, that this poor widow
has thrown in more than they
all. for they have offer'd 4
only part of their superfluous
wealth; but she has given
all that was then left for her
substitute.

Some baving faid of the 5 temple, that the stone-work was fine, and the furniture magnificent: the time is 6 coming, said be, when these. buildings, which you now view, shall be all thrown down and lost in ruins. there- 7 upon they said to him, master, when shall this happen? and by what sign shall we know that the event is coming? he answered, take 8 care, that you be not seduced: for many shall come in my name, saying, I am the Christ. it won't be long eer this happens, therefore do not follow them.

And when ye shall hear 9 of wars, and seditions, he not alarm'd. for these must first happen: but the end will not be so soon. then na-10 tion, said he, shall rise against nation, and kingdom against kingdom, great earth-11 quakes, and famines, and pestilences shall happen in divers places: terrible appearances and surprizing pre-

12 ra sorai. Too be routing digies shall be in the beavens. παντων επιβαλουσιν εφ ύμας דמנ צווסמג מעדשע, אמו סונשים Eouois παραδιδοντές εις συλ. persecute you, drag you to VATUTAS KAL CUNAKAS ATO-HEVOUS ETT BASINEIS KAI THEHO-VAC EVEKEN TOU OVOHATOS HOU-12 αποβησεται δε ύμιν εκ μαρτ θεσθε ουν εις τας I 4 TUDIOY καρδίας υμών, μη προμέλε-15 ταν απολογηθηναι. εςω γαρ δωσω ύμιν στομα και σο-் φιανς ή ου δυνησονται αντειπειν, ουδε αντιστηναι παν-16 τες οι αντικειμένοι ύμιν. ραδοθησεσθε δε και ύπο τονεων, και αδέλφων, και συςγενων, και φιλων, και θανα-Ι7 Τωσουσιν εξ ύμων-KOL ET. σεσθε μισουμένοι ύπο παντων 18 δια το ονομα μου, και θριξ εκ της κεφαίλης ύμων ου μπ 19 αποληται. Εν τη ύπομονη ύμων κτησεσθε τας ψυχας ນໍ່ແຜນ•

20 Οταν δε ιδητε κυκλουμένην ύπο στρατοπεδων την Ιερουσαλημο ποτε γνωτε ότι ης-21 דוגבי ה בבחוושסול מעדול. דם-Τε οι εν τη Ιουδαια, φευτε-TWOATER TA OPH KAL OL ED μεσω αυτης, εκχωρειτωσαν, KAI OL EV TAIC XWPAIC, JUN EL= 22 σερχεσθωσαν εις αυτην. ήμεραι εκδικήσεως άυται εισι, του πλησθηναι παντά τα

but before all these events, 12 they will seize upon you and the synagogues and to prisons, being accused before kings and governours, for professing my and that shall be 12 one proof of the truth of your profession. fix it there- ya fore in your mind, not to think beforeband about your defence. for I will make 15 you speak with such strength of argument, as all your adversaries shall not be able to contradict or withstand. you will be betrayed even by 16 your very parents, and brethren, and kindred, and nay, some of you Friends. they will prosecute even to death. you will be bated 17 by all mankind for professing my name, bowever a single 18 bair of your head shall not be lost. by your perseverance 19 you will save your souls.

Now when you shall see 20 Jerusalem invested by an army, then be assured that the desolation of it is nigh. then let those, who are in 21 Judea, fly to the mountains: let those, who are in the city, march out, and those, who are without not venture in. for this is the time 22 of vengeance, when all that is writ, shall be accom-

23 FEFTALLIEVA OUAL DE TAIL EN CACTOL EXOUGAIGS KAL TAIC ONNALOUGAIS EN EKELVAIS TAIS ήμεραις, εσται γαρ αναγκη HETARM ETT THE THE KAL OPIN 24 TW NAW TOUTW- KAI TEσουνται στοματι μαχαιρας, και αιχμαλωτισθησουται εις παντα τα εθνη, και Ιερουσαλημ εσται πατουμένη ύτο εθνων, αχρι πληρώθωσι 25 καιροι εθνων· και έσται ση-HELE EN TILLO, KEL GERTINI, KAL AUTPOIS KALETI THE THE συνοχη εθνων εν απορια, ηχουσης θαλασσής και σαλου. 26 αποψυχοντων ανθρώπων απο φοβου και προσδοκιας Των επερχομένων Τη οικουμενη, αι γαρ δυναμεις των 27 ουρανων σαλευθησονται. και τοτε οψονται τον ύιον του ανθρωπου ερχομενον εν νεφελη μετα δυναμεως και δοξης πολ-28 λης. αρχομένων δε Τουτων γινεσθαί, ανακυψατε και επαρατε τας κεφαλας υμων, διοτι εγγίζει ή απολυτρωσις ນໍ່ແຜນ.

29 Και ειπε παραβολην αυτοις, ιδετε την συκην και 30 παντα τα δενδρα, όταν προβαλωσιν ηδη, βλεποντες αφέαυτων Γινωσκετε ότι ηδη εγύμεις, όταν ιδητε ταυτα γυμεις, όταν ιδητε ταυτα γυνομενα, γινωσκετε ότι εγγυς εστιν ή βασιλεία του Θεου. 32 αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ου μη

plished. we to them that are 22 with child, or to them that give suck in those days: for this will be a region of great distress, and wrath will pour down upon this people. by the 24 destructive sword shall they fall, and be led into captivity among all nations: and Ferusalem shall be kept waste by the nations, as long as those nations shall subsist. there shall be signs in the 25 sun, and in the moon, and in the stars: and upon the earth distress of nations under confusion, the sea and the waves roaring. men dying 26 with fear under the apprebension of those calamities, which are coming upon the earth: for the powers of beaven shall be shaken. and 27 then shall they see the son of man come on a cloud, with power and great glory. now 28 when these things begin to appear, then lift up your beads, and behold your redemption drawing nigh.

Then by way of similitude, 29 consider, said he, the figtree, and all the other trees; when they shoot out their 30 huds, you know for certain that summer is coming on: in like manner, when 31 you shall see these events, he assured that the kingdom of God is nigh. I tell it you 32

fer

παρελθη ή ζενεα άυτη, έως 33 av marta terittai. ò oupa-VOCKAL 'N IN TAPELEUGOVTAL δι δε λογοι μου ου μη παρελ-34θωσι προσεχετε δε έαυτοκ. μηποτε βαρυνθωσιν ύμων ά καρδιαι εν κραιπαλη, και μεθη, και μεριμναις βιωτικαις. και αιφνιδίος εφ' ύμας επισ-35 Th n nuepa ekeinh wx maju γαρ επελευσεται επι παντας τους καθημενούς επι προσω-36 TOV TAGING THE THE APPUT VELTE OUV. EN MANTI KAIPO DEομενοι, ίνα καταξιώθητε εκ-**ΦυΓΕΙ** ΤαυΤα πανΤα Τα μελλοντα Γινεσθαι, και σταθηναι εμπροσθέν Του ύιου Του ανθρώπου.

37 Ην δε τας ήμερας εν τω ιερω διδασκων, τας δε νυκτας εξερχομενος ηυλιζετο εις το ορος το καλουμενον ελαιων. 38 και πας ο λαος ωρθρίζε προς αυτον εν τω ίερω ακουείν αυ-

Του·

Ηςτίζε δε ή έοςτη των αζυμων, ή λεγομενη Πασχα.

και εζητουν οι αρχιερεις, και
οι Γραμματεις το, πως ανελωσιν αυτον, εφοβουντο γαρ
τον λαον· εισηλθε δε σατανας εις Ιουδαν τον επικαλουμενον Ισκαριωτην, οντα εκ
του αριθμου των δωδεκα· και
απελθων συνελαλησε τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις στρατηγοις

Το, πω; αυτον παραδώ αυ-

for certain, this generation. shall not pass away, till all these things are accomplished. beaven and earth shall fail 33 sooner than my predictions shall fail. Set a guard upon 34 yourselves, that ye be not stupisted by surfeiting and drunkenness, or by the disquietudes of this life, and fo that day come upon you with a surprize. for like a snare, 35 it shall surprize all the inhabitants of the earth. be 36 therefore upon your guard, be constant in prayer, that you may be accounted wortby to escape all those future ills, and be able to stand in the presence of the son of God.

Thus Jesus used to teach 37 in the temple by day, and retir'd to the mountain of Olives by night. and every 38 morning the people went to the temple to bear him.

Now the feast of unleavien'd bread, which is call'd
the passover, being nigh, the 2
chief priests consulted with
the Scribes, how they might
put Jesus to death; for they
were asraid of the people.
now satan had inspired Judas surnam'd Iscariot, one
of the twelve, what to do.
accordingly he went and conferr'd with the chief priests
and officers of the temple, about the method of scizing
him.

5 Τοις και εχαρησαν και συνεθεντο αυτώ αργυριον δουναι. 6 και εξωμολογήσει και εξητει ευκαριαν του παραδουναι αυτον αυτοις ατερ οχλου.

HADE DE n' n'HEPA TWY ALLYμων, εν ή εδεί θυεσθαι το S TROXA KAL ATECTEDE TE-Τρον και Ιωαννην, ειπων, πο-PEUBLYTES ETOLHAGATE THEY TO 9 masxas iva parwhere of de ειπον αυτώ, που θελεις έτοιτο μασωμέν ? ο δε είπεν αυποιώ Ιδου, εισελθοντων ύμων εις την πολιν, συναντήσει ύμιν ανθρώπος κεραμιον ύδατος βασταζων, ακολουθησατε AUTWEIS THY OIKIAY OU EIGTO-11 DEVETAL: KAL EPELTE TWO IKOδεσποτή της οικίας, λετει σοι ο διδασκαλος, που εστι το Καταλυμα, όπου το πασχα μετα των μαθητων μου φα-12 TW ? KAKELVOS UHLIV DELEEL A-VWIEOV HELA ECTPWHENOVS EKEL 13 ετοιμασατε. απελθοντες δε έυρον καθως ειρηκέν αυτοις. και ήτοιμασαν το πασχα-

14 Και ότε εγενετο ή ώρα, ανεπεσε, και οι δωδεκα απο15 στολοι συν αυτώ. και ειπε
προς αυτους, επιθυμια επεθυμησα τουτο το πασχα
φαγει μεθ ύμων, προ του με
16 παθειν. λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι ου χετι ου μη φαγω εξ αυτου, έως
ότου πληρωθή εν τη βασιλεια

bim. they were pleas d with 5 bis proposal, and agreed to give him a certain sum. Ju-6 das accepted the hargain, and sought an opportunity to secure him, without alarming the people.

The day, of unleaven'd 7 bread being come, when the paschal-lamb was to be sacrific'd, Jesus sent Peter and 8 John, faying, go, and make provision for our eating the paschal-lamb. they ask'd o bim, where would you have us prepare it? be answer-10 ed, when you are in the city, you will meet a man with a pitcher of water; follow him to the bouse, where he goes in: and say to the man of II the bouse, our master sent to ask for a room, where he may eat the passover with bis disciples. and be will 12 show you a large upper room ready fitted: there prepare the supper. so they went, 13 and baving found every thing as Jesus bad said, they made ready the passover.

The hour of eating being 14 come, be, and the twelve apostles sat don'n to table, and he said to them, I have 15 ardently desired to eat this passover with you, before I suffer, for I declare unto 16 you, I shall not celebrate this passover with you any more,

17 TOU GEOU- KAI DEEAMEYOG TO-Tholov, EUXADIOTHOAS EITE, ZABETE TOUTO, KAI DIAMEDI-18 σατε έαυτοις λειω Γαρ ύμιν. סדו סט עוח חוש מחס דסט רביציחματος της αμπελου, έως ότου ή βασιλεία του Θεου ελθη. 19 και παβων αρτον ευχαρίστησας εκλασε, και εδωκεν COTOIS RETWY, TOUTO ECTE το σωμα μους το ύπερ ύμων SI SOMEYON, TOUTO MOISITE EIG 20 אין בעחץ מעמעעחסוץ שנמש 20 אין בעחץ TWE KAL TO MOTHOLOW META το δειπνησαι, λεζων, τουτο TO MOTHPLOVE IN KALVIN DIACHT κη εν τω άματι μους το ύ-2 Ι περ υμων εκχυνομένον- πλην ιδους ή χειρ του παραδιδον-TOCHE HET EHOU ETTI THE TOA-22 TELTIC KAI O HEY VIOS TOU AV θρωπου πορευεται κατα το WOLGHEVOY, TANY OURL TW AVθρωπω εκεινώ δί ου παραδί-23 Sorai. Kai autoi notauto συζητειν προς έαυτους, τος TIC ACA EIN EE AUTWY O TOUTO μελλων πρασσείν.

24 ΕΓενετο δε και φιλονεικια εν αυτοις, το, τις αυτων δοκει 25 ειναι μείζων. ὁ δε ειπεν αυτοις, ὁι βασιλεις των εθνων κυριευουσιν αυτων, και ὁι εξουσιαζοντες αυτων ευεργε-

to the time, when it shall have its accomplishment in the kingdom of the messiah. baving then taken the cup, 17 and given thanks, be faid, take this, and distribute it to one another. for I tell 18 you, I will not drink of the fruit of the vine to the time when the kingdom of God shall come. then be took 19 bread, and baving given thanks, be brake it, and gave it to them, saying, this * represents my body which is given for you: do this in remembrance of me. and 20 after supper be likewise gave the cup, saying, this cup is the new testament sealed by my blood, which is shed for you. get there's the hand 21 that is to seize me, now upon the table: the son of man 22 indeed must die, as it was decreed: but wo to that man by wbom be is betrayed. upon this they began to en-23 quire of one another, which of them it was that should do such an action.

Now there had been a 24 dispute among the disciples, which of them should be accounted the greatest. Fesus 25 therefore told them, the kings of the Gentiles lord it over them; and they, who are invested with their authori-

ty,

26 TAI KALOUVTAI VILLIK DE OUX ουτως, αλλ ο μειζων εν ύμιν, γενεσθω ώς ὁ νεωτερος, και ο 27 ή τουμένος, ώς ο διακονών. Τις γαο μείζων? ο ανακειμένος. η ο διακονων? ουχι ο ανακειμεvoc ? ETW DE EILL EN LEGW D-28 μων ώς ο διακονων υμεις δε ETTE OF STATEMENT STEEL WET Eμου εν Τοις πειρασμοίς μου-29 κατω διατιθεμαι ύμιν, καθως διέθετο μοι ο πατηρ μου. βα-20 GINSIAN INA EOUNTE KAI TIνητε επι της τραπεζης μου, εν τη βασιλεία μου, και καθισποθε επι θρονων, κρινοντες τας δωδεκα φυλας του Ισcana.

31 Ειπε δε ό Κυριος, Σιμων, Σιμων, ιδου ο σατανας έξητησατο ύμας, του σινιασαι 32 ώς τον σιτον. εςω δε εδεηθην περι σου, ίνα μπ εκλειπη ή MIGTIS GOU, KAI OU MOTE Eπιστρεψας, στηριξου τους 33 αδελφους σου. ο δε ειπεν αυ τω, Κυριέ, μετα σου έτοιμος ειμι και εις φυλακην και εις 34 θανατον πορευεσθαι. ο δε ειπε, λεγω σοι, Πετρε, ου μη φωνήσει σημέρου αλέκτωρο πριν η Τρις απαρνήση μη ειδεναι με.

35 Και ειπεν αυτοις, ότε απεστειλα ύμας ατερ βαλαντιου, και πηρας, και ύπεδηματων, μη τινος ύστερησα-36 Τε ? οι δε ειπον, ουδίνος ει**πεν ουν αυτοις, αλλα νυν, ό** εχων

ty, take the title of benefactors. but you must not 26 be such: the greatest of you must be as the junior, and he that governs as be that Serves. for who is greatest, 27 be that fits at table, or be that waits? is it not the perfon at table? yet I am among you as one that ferves. but since you did not aban-28 don me in my trials, I com- 20 mit the kingdom to you, as my father committed it to me; that you may eat and 20 drink at my table, in my kingdom, and seated on thrones may judge the twelve tribes of Israel.

Then said Jesus, Simon, 31 Simon, satan bas demanded to shake you, and my difciples, like wheat in a fieve. but as for thee, I have pray'd 32 that your faith may not fail. do you in return establish thy bretbren. Peter answer'd, 32 Lord, I am ready to accompany you both to prison, and to death. but fesus said, 34 before the cock proclaims the day, you will thrice deny that ever you knew me.

When I fent you, added 35 Tesus, without either parfe, or bag, or shoes, was you in any want? not at all, answer'd they. but now, said 26 be, let bim that bath a purfe, \mathbf{R} r

306 EXWY BANAVTION, APATW. όμοιως και πηραν, και ό μη εχων, πωλησατω το ίματιον αυτου, και αγορασατω 37 μαχαιταν. λεγω ταρ ύμιν OTI ETI TOUTO TO LELDAMENON δει τελεσθηναι εν εμοι, Το, " και μετα ανομων ελογισ-" θη." και γαρ τα περι εμου 38 TENOS EXEL OL DE ELTOVO KUριε, ιδου μαχαιραι ώδε δυο. O DE ELTEN AUTOIS IKANON 39 Και εξελθων επορευθη κατα το εθος εις το ορος των ε-40 και δι μαθηται αυτου- τε-VOLLEVOS DE ETIL TOU TOTOUS ELεισελθειν εις πειρασμον. Και αυτος απεσπασθη απ' αυτων ώσει λιθου βολην, και θεις τα γονατα προσπυχετο. 42 λεγων, πατερ, " ει βουλει πα-

λαιων, ηκολουθησαν δε αυτω πεν αυτοις, προσευχεσθε μη " ρενεγκειν το ποτηριον τουτο " απ' εμου, πλην μη το θελης " μα μου, αλλα το σον Γενεσ-" θω-" ωφθη δε αυτώ αγγελος απ' ουρανου, ενισχυων αυ-44 TOV. KAL FEVOLEVOK EV ATW-VIA, EKTEVEGTEPOV TOOGHUXEτο ετενετο δε ο ίδρως αυτου ώσει Ορομβοι άιματος κατα-45 Baivortes etti Thu Fur. αναστας απο της προσευχης, ελθων προς τους μαθητας. έυρεν αυτους κοιμωμένους απο 46 THE RUTHS. KALEITEV AUTOIC. τι καθευδετε ε ανασταντις 770and a bag, take them both; and he that has no fword, let him fell his garment to huy one. for take notice, 37 that scripture, "and he "was number'd among the "transgressors," is yet to be accomplished in my person: and all that relates to me is going to be consummated. Lord, said they, you see, 38 we have two swords. he reply'd, that's enough.

Then be went out, and re-39 tired as usual to the mountain of olives, where his disciples followed him. at 40 his arrival there, he said to them, pray that you may

withstand the trial.

At length be withdrew 41 from them about a stone's cast, where falling upon his knees, be pray'd in these 42 words, father, " O that you " would divert this cup from " me! nevertheless not my " will, but thine be done." then an angel from heaven ap-43 pear'd to him, and comforted bim. and being in an 44 agony be prayed more earnestly: and bis sweat was like grumes of blood falling to the ground. then rising 45 from prayer, be came to his disciples, and finding them asleep, oppress d with grief, wby do you sleep? said be, 46 rife.

προσευχεσθε, ίνα μη εισεκθη-Τε εις πειρασμον

47 Ετι δε αυτου λαλουντος, ιδου οχλος, και ο λεγομενος Ιουδας, είς των δωδεκα, προ-MOXETO AUTOUS, KAI MITIGE TW 48 Ιπσου Φιλησαι αυτον- ὁ δε Ιπσους ειπεν αυτω, Ιουδα. Φιληματι Τον διού Του αν-49 θρωπου παραδιδως? ιδουτες δε οι περι αυτον το εσομενον, ειπον αυτώ, Κυριε, ει πα-50 Tažouev ev maxaipa? kai eπαταξεν είς τις εξ αυτων τον δουλον του αρχιερεως, και α-Φείλεν αυτού το ους το δεξιον. 5 Ι αποκριθεις δε ὁ Ιπσους, ειπεν, EATE EWS TOUTOU. KAL AWA-MEYOR TOU WTIOU AUTOU, IA- $5^2 \sigma \alpha To \alpha U TOY- ELTE DE O IN$ σους προς τους παραγενομενους επ' αυτον αρχιέρεις, και στρατηγούς του ίερου, και πρεσβυτερους, ώς επι ληστην εξεληλυθατε μετα μα-53 × αιρων και ξυλων? καθ' ήμεραν οντος μου μεθ' ύμων εν τω ίερω, ουκ εξετεινατε τας XELPAS Eπ' εμες αλλ' αυτη ύ-עשט בסדוי ח שפא אמו ה בצסטσια Του σκοτους.

54 Συλλαβοντες δε αυτον ηγαγον» (και εισηγαγον αυτον)
εις τον οικον του αρχιερεως
ό δε Πετρος πκολουθει μακρο55 θεν αψαντων δε πυρ εν μεσω της αυλης, και συγκαθισαντων αυτων» εκαθητο ό

rise, and pray that you may withstand the trial.

Before he had done speak- 47 ing, the company appears, Judas one of the twelve marching in front, who advanc'd to Jesus to give bim a kiss. but Jesus said to 48 him, Judas is it thus you betray the son of man, with a kifs? they who were a- 49 bout him feeing what would bappen, said to bim, shall we smite with the sword? and one of them struck a 50 servant of the bigh priest, and slash'd off bis right ear. but Jesus oppos'd, and said, 51 forbear, stop there, and baving touch d bis ear, be bealed bim. then said Jesus to 52 the chief priests, the officers of the temple, and the rulers, who were come to take him, are you come here with swords and staves as in pursuit of a robber? I was daily 53 with you in the temple, and you never offer'd to seize me: but now you have your hour, and the prince of darkness bis day.

Then they seized him and 54 carried him away to the high priest's house, and Peter sollowed at a distance, now as 55 they had made a fire in the middle of the hall, and people were sitting all round it, Peter too sat down among

Rr 2 them.

56 TISTOOS EV MEGW AUTWO. LOOUσα δε αυτον παιδισκη τις καθημενον προς Το φως, και ατενισασα αυτω, είπε, και 57 ουτος συν αυτώ ην. ο δε ηρνησατο (αυτον) λειων, ιυ-58 ναι, ουκ οιδα αυτον. και μετα βραχυ έτερος ιδων αυτον, εφη, και συ εξ αυτων EL. O DE IlSTROC ELTEV. av-59 θρωπες ουκ είμις και δίαστασης ώσει ώρας μιας, αλnot the distribility, recent επ αληθείας και ουτος μετ αυτου ην, και γαρ Γαλιλαιος SO EUTIV EITE DE O HETPOS, QV-BOWTE, DUK OLDA O RETEIC KAL παραχρημα, ετι λαλουντος autou, equinder o alek-61 τως. και στραφεις ο Κυριος ενεβλεψε τω Πετρω, και ύπεμνησθη ο Πετρος του λογου του Κυριου, ως ειτέν αυτώ, " ότι πριν αλεκτοςα φωνη-" σαι, απαρνηση με Τρις" 62 Kai EEEROWY EEW O TETCOG E-

κλαυσε πικρως.
63 Και οι ανδρες οι συνεχοντες τον Ιπσουν, ενεπαιζον
64 αυτώ, δεροντες και περικαλυψαντες αυτον, ετυπτον
αυτου το προσωπον, και επηρωτών αυτον, λεγοντες,
προφητευσον, τις εστιν ο
65 παισας σε και έτερα πολλα βλασφημουντες ελεγον εις

66 Και ώς εγενετο ήμερα, συνηχθη το πρεσβυτεριον τον λαου, αρχιερείς τε και Γιαμ-

αυτον.

them. but one of the fer- 56 vants seeing bim by the fire, star'd bim in the face, and said, this man was with him too. but he renounc'd Je-57 fus, faying, woman, I don't know him. a little while af- 58 ter another feeing bim, faid, you are even one of them. but Peter faid to bim, man, I am not. about an bour 50 after another confidently ajfirm'd, saying, this sellow was certainly with bim; for be too is a Galilean. Pe- 60 ter reply'd, man, I don't · know what you would fay, and immediately while he was yet freaking, the cock crew. whereupon the Lord turned 61 about, and look'd uton Peter. then Peter remembred what the Lord had said to bim, "before the cock-crow-" ing you shall deny me " thrice," and Peter went 62 out, and wept bitterly.

In the mean time, they 63 who held Jesus, treated him with insults and bussionry, they made him blind-sold, 64 they slapt him on the face, and cry'd out, divine who it was that smote thee, and 65 hesides all this, they loaded him with the most impious investives.

As foon as it was day, the 66 rulers of the people, the chief priests and the Scribes being

Γοαμματεκ, και ανηγαγον αυτον εις το συνεδρίον έ-CUTWY, REPOYTES, EL OU EL O 67 XPIGTOC? EITE THUY. EITE DE αυτοις, εαν ύμινειπω, ου μη 68 TIGTEUGNTE. EAV DE KAI EDWτησω, ου μη απωκριθητε μοι, 60 η απολυσητε. απο του νυν δε εσται ό νίος του ανθρωπου καθημενος εκ δεξιων της δυνα-70 MEWS TOU €EOU. ELTON DE TIENτες, συ ουν ει δ ύιος του SEOU? & SE TROG AUTOUS EONS 7 Ι ύμεις λεγετες ότι εγω ειμι ά DE ELTOVO TI ETI XPEION EXOLEN μαρτυρίας? αυτοί γαρ πκου-GAMEN ATO TOU OTOMATOS αυτου-

Και ανασταν άπαν το πληθος αυτων, ηγαγεν αυτον 2 επι του Πιλατου πρέαυτο DE KATHFOPEIN AUTOU, LEFON-Τες, τουτον ευρομεν διαστρεφοντα το εθνος ήμων και κωλυοντα Καισαρι φορους διδοναι, λεγοντα εαυτον Χριστον 3 βασιλεα ειναι ο δε Πιλατος επηρωτησεν αυτον, λεγων, σύει όβασελευς των Ιουδαι-WY? O' DE AMOKPUBLIC AUTW, 4 EOMS OU RETEIGE O DE TINAτος ειπε προς τους αρχιερεις και τους οχλους, ουδεν έυρισκω αιτιον εν τω ανθρωπω 5 τουτώ οι δε επισχυον, λετοντεί, ότι ανασειεί τον λαον, διδασκιου καθ' όλης της 1ου-

δαιας

being assembled, they order'd bim to be brought before their council, and faid to 67 bim, if you are the Christ. fay so. but he answer'd, if I should tell you so, you will not believe it. and if I should 68 argue it with you, you will neither answer me, nor let me go. but in a little time 69 the son of man shall be seated on the powerful right hand of God. then said they all, 70 art thou then the fon of God? you are in the right, answer'd be, for I am so. upon this they cry'd, what 71 occasion have we for surther evidence? for we ourselves have beard enough from bis own mouth.

At length the whole af- 1 sembly broke up, and Tesus was conducted to Pilate: and thus they began their 2 charge, we found this man subverting our nation, opposing the giving tribute to Cefar, afferting that he bimself is Christ the king. then 3 Pilate ask'd bim, art thou the king of the Tews? Tcfus answer'd bim, 'tis as you say. at last Pilate said 4 to the chief priests, and to the people, I don't find any crime in this man. but they 5 were the more vehement, saying, he promotes sedition by speading such dostrine thry

δαιας, αρξαμενος απο της Γαλιλαιας έως ωδε. Πιλατος δε ακουσας Γαλιλαιαν, επηρωτησεν ει ὁ ανθρωπος Γαλιλαιος εστι. και επιγνους ότι εκ της εξουσιας Ηρωδου εστιν, ανεπεμιγεν αυτον προς Ηρωδην, οντα και αυτον εν Ιεροσολυμοις εν ταυ-

ταις ταις ήμεραις.

Ο δε Ηρωδης ιδων τον Ιησουν, έχαρη λιαν, ην γαρ θελων εξ ίκανου ιδειν αυτον, δια TO AKOUSIV (TOTAA) TEOLAU-TOU. KAI TATILETI OTUSION Iο δειν ύπ αυτου γινομενον. πηρωτα δε αυτον εν λογοις ίκανοις, αυτος δε ουδεν απε-10 Κρινάτο αυτώ- ειστηκεισαν δε οι αρχιερεις και οι Γραμμα-TEIGS EUTONOC KATHEOPOUNTES .11 αυτου εξουθενπσας δε αυτον ο Ηρωδης συν τοις στρα-Τευμασιν άυτου, και εμπαιξαι, περιβαλων αυτον εσθητα λαμπραν, ανεπεμινέν αυ-12 TOV TW TINATE - EFSUOVTO SE φίλοι ο Τε Πιλατος και ο Ηρωδης εν αυτη τη ήμερα μετ αλληλων, προυπηρχον γαρ εν έχθρα οντες προς εαυτους.

εν έχθρα ουτες προς εαυτους.

13 Πιλατος δε συγκαλεσαμενος τους αρχιερείς, και τους

14 αρχοντας, και τον λαον, ειπε προς αυτους, προσπνεγκατε μοι τον ανθρωπον τουτον,
ώς αποστρεφοντα τον λαον,
και ιδου, εγω ενωπιον ύμων
ανακρινας, ουδεν ευρον εν τω

ar

thro' all Judea, from Galilee to this place. when Pi- 6 late beard of Galilee, he ask'd whether the man were a Galilean. and finding 7 that he belong'd to Herod's jurisdiction, he sent him to Herod, who was then likewise at Jerusalem.

When Herod faw Jefus he 8 was extremely pleased; for be had long defired to fee him, baving beard much of bim, and boped to see bim perform some miracle. he 9 plyed bim therefore with many interrogatories, but 10 Jesus made bim no answer. tho' the chief priests Scribes maintain'd charge with vebemence. then Herod and his retinue II treated bim with contempt, and in derifion fent him back magnificently dress'd to Pi-late. and from that day 12 the enmity that had been between Pilate and Herod ended in friendsbip.

Pilate baying order'd 13 the chief priests, the senators, and people to appear, he said to them, you have 14 represented this man to me as one that was stirring up the people to a revolt: you see I have examin'd him in ανθρωπώ Τουτώ αιτιον, ών κατηγορειτε κατ' αυτου15 αλλ' ουδε Ηρωδης, ανεπεμψα γαρ ύμας προς αυτον, και
ιδου, ουδεν αξιον θανατου
16 εστι πεπραγμένον αυτώ- παιδευσας ουν αυτον απολυσω17 αναγκην δε είχεν απολυείν αυ18 τοις κατα έορτην ένα- ανεκραξαν δε παμπληθεί, λεγοντες, αιρε τουτον, απολυσον δε ήμιν τον Βαραββαν-

19 Οστις ην δια στασιν τινα **ΓΕΝΟμενπν Εν Τη πολει και** φονον βεβλημένος εις φυλά-20 κην- παλιν ουν ο Πιλατος προσεφωνήσε, θέλων απολυ-21 σαι τον Ιπσουν. οι δε επεφωνουν, λεγοντες, σταυρω-22 σον, σταυρωσον αυτον. ο δε Τριτον είπε προς αυτους, Τι ταρ κακου εποιπσεν όυτος ? ουδεν αιτιον θανατου έυρον εν αυτω, παιδευσας ουν αυτον 23 απολυσω οι δε επεκειντο φωναις μεγαλαις, αιτουμενοι αυτον σταυρωθηναι, και κατισχυον αι φωναι αυτων, 24 και των αρχιερεων. ο δε Πι-RATOS ETERPIVE PEVEGBAL TO AL-25 τημα αυτων απελυσε δε τον δια στασιν και φονον βεβλημενον εις την φυλακην, ον ητουντο, τον δε Ιπαουν

your presence; yet I don't find be is guilty of the crimes you bave laid to bis charge: no, nor even Herod; for I12 referr'd you to bim, and you see nothing that is capital, bas been made out against bim. I will there-16 fore order bim to be whipp'd. and then release bim. now 17 as it was customary for the governor to release one of the prisoners at the feast; all 18 the people cry'd out, let this man die, and release to us Barabbas.

Barabbas had been im-19 prison'd for murder in a riot be had rais'd in the city. Pilate therefore, desirous to 20 release Jesus, expostulated with them again. but they 21 cry'd out, crucify bim, crucify bim. bowever be urg'd it a 22 third time, why, what crime has he done? I don't find be has done any thing that deserves death: I will therefore order bim to be wbipp'd. and so dismiss bim. but they 23 persisted with great clamour in their demands, to have bim crucified: and as the people and chief priests redoubled their clamours, Pi-24 late determin'd to grant their request. accordingly be dif-25 charg'd the prisoner they defired, bim that was committed for riot and murder; but

παρεδωκε τω θεληματι αυ-

Και ώς απηταγού αυτούς επιλαβομενοι Σιμώνος Τινος Kupnyalou Tou EDXOLEVOU an' arpous erednikav autw tov σταυρούς φερείν οπισθεύ του 27 Ιπσου- πκολουθει δε αυτω πολυ πληθος του λαου, και τυναικων» αι και εκοπτοντο 28 KAL EUPTHOUN AUTON- OTPAφεις δε προς αυτας ο Ιπσους, ειπε, θυγατερες Ιερουσαλημ, UTI KAZIETE ET ENES TATIV EO EQUTAS KABIETE, KAI ETI TA 20 Τεκνα ύμων- ότι ιδους ερ-XOVTAL HUSPAL EV ALS EPOUTIS μακαριαι αι στειραι, και κοιλιαι αι ουκ εγεννήσαν, και 30 μαστοι οι ουκ εθπλασαν. Το-TE APEONTAL REFEIR TOIL OPEOLS TEGETE EQ' NURS, KEL TOKS βουνοις, καλυγατε ήμας. 31 ότι ει εν τω ύγρω ξυλώ ταυτα TOLOUGIY, EV TW ENDW TI FEVN-Tal?

32 Ηροντο δε και έτεροι δυο κακουρροι συν αυτώ αναιρε33 θηναι· και ότε απηλθον επι Τον τοπον τον καλουμενον κραινον, εκει εσταυρωσαν αυτον, και τους κακουρρους, όν μεν εκ δεξιων, όν δε εξ αρισ34 "πατερ, αφες αυτοις, ου γαρ "οιδασι τι ποιουαι" διαμεριζομενοι δε τα ίματια αυτου,

be abandon'd Jesus to their discretion.

As they were conducting 26 him to execution, they feiz'd upon one Simon of Cyrene. who was caming to town. and oblig'd bim to carry the cross after Jesus, who was 27 followed by a great crowd of people, and several women. who heat their breasts and lamented bim. but Jesus 28 turn'd about and faid to them, daughters of Jerusalem, weep not for me, but weep for your selves, and for your children for now the time 20 is coming, when it will be faid, bappy are the barren, and they who never bare. bappy the breast, that never gave fuck. then shall they 20 cry to the mountains, fall on us; and to the bills, cover us. for if the green wood 21 burn thus, how will the dry wood flame?

At the same time, two 32 malesattors were led along to be crucified with Jesus. accordingly, when they came 33 to the place call'd Calvary, they crucified him there, and the two malesattors; the one at his right, the other at his left. and Jesus said, 34 "father, forgive them; for they know not what they do." then they divided his rai-

25 εβαλον κλήρον και ειστήκει ό λαος θεωρων. εξεμυκτηρι-LOU DE KAI OF ADXOVTES OUV αυτοις, λεγοντές, αλλους εσωσε, σωσατω έαυτου, ει ουτος εστιν ο Χριστος ο του 36 GEOU EKNEKTOS. EVETTAILON SE αυτω και οι στρατιωται. TROUTERXOUEVOLKAL OFOX TROUT-37 DEPOTTES AUTO, KAI REFORT τες, ει συ ει ο βασιλεύς των Ιουδαιων, σωσον σεαυτον-38 ην δε και επιτραφη Γεγραμμενη επ' αυτω γραμμασιν Ελληνικοίς και Ρωμαϊκοίς και Εβραικοις, ΟΥΤΟΣ ΕΣΤΙΝ OBASIAETS TON IOT-ΔΑΙΩΝ. 39 Έις δε των κρεμασθεντων κακουρίων εβλασφημει αυ-TOY, RETWY, EL OU EL O XOLO-

39 Έις δε των κρεμασθεντων κακουριων εβλασφημει αυτον λειων, ει συ ει ο Χριστος, σωσον σεαυτον και 40 ήμας. αποκριθεις δε ο έτερος επετιμα αυτω, λειων, ουδε φοβη συ τον Θεον, ότι 41 εν τω αυτω κριματι ει? και ήμεις μεν δικαιως, αξια γαρων επραξαμέν, απολαμβανομέν: ουτος δε, ουδέν ατο-42 πον επραξε. και έλειε τω Ιπσου, μνησθητι μου, Κυριε, όταν ελθης εν τη βασιλεια 43 σου. και ειπεν αυτω ό Ιπσους, αμην λείω σοι, σημερον μετ εμου εση εν τω παραδεισω.

44 Ην δε ώσει ώρα έκτη, και σκοτο: επινετο 10 όλην την ment among them by throwing lots, while the people 35 who flood looking on, and the senators themselves contemptuously said, he save to others; if he he Christ, the elect of God, let him save himself, the soldiers too, who 36 came to bring him vinegar, insulted him, saying, if thou 37 art the king of the Jews, save thy self, they likewise 38 put the following inscription over his head, in Greek, in Latin, and in Hebrew, THIS IS THE KING OF THE JEWS.

Now one of the malefac-39 tors, that was crucified with bim, impiously said, if thou art the Christ, save thy felf, and us. but the other an-40 fwered, and thus reproved him, art thou under no awe of God, thou that art condemned to the same punishment? as for us, it is with 41 justice, that we suffer the penalty due to our crimes: but as for bim, what misdemeanour bas be been guilty of? then said he to Jesus, 12 Lord, remember me when you enter into your kingdom. Je-43 fus answer^sd, verily I tell you, this day thou shalt be with me in paradise.

About the fixth bour, it 44 was dark all over the land

:

till

ΔΕ Γηθ έως ώρας εννατης. και εσκοτισθη ο ήλιος, και εσχισθη το καταπετασμα του **16 ναου μεσον.** και φωνησας φωνη μεγαλη ο Ιησους, ειπε, TATES, EIS XEISAS GOU TASAθησομαι το πνευμα μου, και ταυτα ειπων εξεπνευσεν.

47 Ιδων δε ο έκατονταρχος το Γενομενον, εδοξασε τον Θεον, λεγων, οντως ο αν-48 θρωπος ουτος δικαιος ην. και παντες οι συμπαραγενομενοί οχλοι επι την θεωριαν ταυτην, θεωρουντές τα Γενομένα, τυπτοντες έαυτων τα στηθη

υπεστρεφον.

49 Είστηκεισαν δε παντες οι γνωστοι αυτου μακοοθεν, και τυναικες αι συνακολουθησασαι αυτώ απο της Γαλιλαίας, όρωσαι ταυτα.

50 Και ιδου, ανης ονοματι Ιωσηφ, βουλευτης υπαρχων, gι ανηραγαθος και δικαιος, ου-TO OUK NY OUTKATATEBELLEVOS Τη βουλη και τη πραξει αυτων, απο Αριμαθαίας πολεως των Ιουδαιων, ός και προσεδεχετο και αυτος την 52 BAGINEIAN TOU OSOU. อ์บ-τος προσελθων τω Πιλατω, ητησατο το σωμα του Ιη-53 σου. και καθελων αυτο ενετυλιξεν αυτο σινδονι, και εθηκέν αυτο εν μνηματίλαξευτώ, δυ ουκ ην ουδεπω ουtill the ninth bour. the fun 45 was obscured, and the veil of the temple was rent in two. and Jesus cryed with 46 a loud voice, faying, father, into thy bands I commend my spirit; and in pronouncing thefe words, be expired.

The centurion upon seeing 17 what had happen'd, gave glory to God, and faid, certainly this was a righteous man. and all the people that 48 had crowded to that fight, went bome striking their breasts at the thoughts of those events.

As for bis acquaintance, 49 they all stood at a distance, with the women that followed him from Galilee, and were spectators during the whole transaction.

There was likewise present 50 a counsellor, named foseph, a man of probity and justice, one who had never abetted the contrivances and proceedings of the Jews. he was 51 of Arimathea, a city of Judea, and one of those, who were in expectation of the Messiah's reign. this very 52 man went to Pilate, and begg'd the body of Jefus. and he took it down, and 53 wrapp'd it in linnen, and laid it in a sepulchre, hewn out of a rock, wherein nobody had ever yet been deposited.

54 δεις κειμενος. και ήμερα ην παρασκευη, και σαββατον 55 επεφωσκε. κατακολουθησα-σαι δε και γυναικες, άιτινες ησαν συνεληλυθυιαι αυτω εκ της Γαλιλαιας, εθεασαν-το το μνημειον, και ώς ετεθη 56 το σωμα αυτου. ύποστρε-ψασαι δε ήτοιμασαν αρωματα και μυρα: και το μεν σαββατον ήσυχασαν κατα την εντολην.

Τη δε μια των σαββατων, ορθρου βαθεος πλθον επι το μνημα φερουσαι ά ήτοιμασαν αρωματα, και 2 Τινες συν αυταις. έυρον δε τον λιθον αποκεκυλισμένον 3 απο του μνημείου. και είσελθουσαι ουχ έυρον το σω-4 μα του Κυριου Ιπσου. εγενετο εν τω διαπορεισθαι αυτας περι τουτου, και ιδου, δυο ανδρες επεστησαν αυταις εν εσθησεσιν αστράπ-3 τουσαις. εμφοβων δε τενομενων αυτων, και κλινουσων το προσωπον εις την την, ειπου προς αυτας: Τι ζητειτε Τον ζωντα μετα των νεκρων? 6 ουκ εστιν ώδε, αλλ' ηγερθη. μνησθητε ως ελαλησεν ύμιν, 7 ετι ων εν τη Γαλιλαία, λεγων, ότι δει τον ύιον του ανθρωπου παραδοθηναι εις χειρας ανθρωπων άμαρτωλων, και σταυρωθηναι: και τη τριτη ήμερα αναστηναι. 8 και εμνήσθησαν των εήμαposited. now that day was 54 the preparation, and the sabbath then drew on. the wo-55
men therefore, who had accompanied Jesus from Galike, sollowed Joseph, to the
sepulchre, to see how the body
was disposed of. then they 56
went home, and provided spices and perfumes: after
which they rested the sabbath-day, as the law appointed.

On the first day of the 1 week, very early in the morning, they went to the sepulchre with the spices they had provided, accompanied by several others, and having 2 found that the stone had been remov'd from the sepulchre, they entred in, but did not 3 find the body of the Lord Jesus. whilst they were in 4 great perplexity about it, all of a sudden, two men appear'd before them in robes of light, upon which they 5. were frightned, and bowed. themselves to the very ground: but the men faid to them, why do you look among the dead for one that is alive? be is not bere, but is rifen: 6 remember what he told you, when he was yet in Galilee, that the son of man must be 7 delivered into the bands of finful men; be crucified; and the third day rife again. then 🕏 Sf2 tbey

ο των αυτου. και ύποστοε-**Ψασαι απο Του μνημειου, α**πηγείλαν ταυτα παντα τοις Ενδεκα και πασι τοις λοιποις. 10 η Μαιδαληνη Μαρία, και 1ωαννα, και Μαρια Ιακωβου,. και αι λοιπαι συν αυταις, αι ελετον προς τούς αποστο-ΙΙ λους Ταυτα. και εφανησαν ενωπιον αυτων ώσει ληρος τα ρηματα αυτων, και ηπισ-12 TOUY GUTAIS. δ δε ΠΕΤρος αναστας εδράμεν επι το μνη-. μειον, και παρακυψας βλεπει τα οθονια κειμενα μονα: και απηλθε, προς έαυτον θαυ-MALWY TO FEFOUCE.

13 Και ιδου, δυο εξ αυτων πσαν πορευομένοι εν αυτή τη πμερα εις κωμην απεχουσαν σταδιους έξηκοντα απο Ιερουσαλημ, η ονομα Εμμαους. 14και αυτοι ωμιλουν προς αλλπλους περι παντων των συμ-15 βεβπκοτων Τουτων. και ε-ΓΕΥΕΤΟ ΕΥ ΤΟ δαιλειν αυτους και συζητείν, και αυτος ό (πσους εγγισας συνεπορευετο 16 αυτοις. οι δε οφθαλμοι αυ-TWY EKPATOUVTO TOU UN E-17 πιγνωναι αι Τον. είπε δε προς αυτους, τινες οι ποτοι άυτοι, OUG AVTIBARNETS TOOG ARINA ROUG TEPITATOUYTES, KALEGTE 18 σκυθρώποι ? αποκριθεις δε ό εις ώ ουομα Κλεοπας, ειπε προς αυτον, συ μονος παs poikers lepopoanny, kai ouk

they remembred his words: and upon their return from 9 the sepulcbre, they related the whole matter to the eleven. and all the other disciples, it 10 was Mary Magdalene and Joanna, Mary the mother of James, and others with them, who gave the apostles this relation: which bowever ap-11 pear'd to them such a delirious tale, they could not give credit to any of them. yet Pe-12 ter got up, and ran to the fepulcbre, where stooping down be saw nothing but the linnen lying there: upon which he went away wondring with bimself at such an event.

The same day two of them 12 went to a village named Emmaus, which was distant about threescore furlangs from ferusalem: and their conver- 14 fation ran upon all that had lately happened. now while 15 they were conferring and debating together, Jesus himfelf join'd them and walk'd along with them. but their 16 eyes were affected fo as not to discern who he was. and 17 be faid to them, what is the fubject of your debate in the way, and why do you look fo jad? one of them, Cleo-18 pas by name, reply'd, are you such a stranger in Jerusalem as not to know what has so lately happen'd 1bere?

7:00

ETYLIS TO TEVOLENO EN OUTER EN 19 Tais huspais Tautais? Kal ELTEN AUTOIC. TOLAZ OL DE ειπον αυτώ, τα περι Ιπσου του Ναζωραιου, ός εγενετο ανηρ προφητής, δυνάτος εν EPTW KAL LOTW EVANTION TOD SEOU KAI TAYTOG TOU NAOU. 20 όπως τε παρεδωκαν αυτον όι APXIEDEIC KAI OI APXOUTEC 11μων εις κριμα θανατου, και 2 Ι Εσταυρωσαν αυτον. δε πλπιζομεν ότι αυτος εστιν ο μελλων λυτρουσθαι τον Ισ-PANA: ANNA FE GUN TAGI TOUTOIS, TRITHY TAUTHY 1μεραν ατει σημερον, αφ' ου 22 TAUTA EFEVETO, ANNA KAL τυναικες Τινες εξ ήμων εξεστησαν ήμας, Γενομεναι ορθοιαι 23 ETI TO HYNHEIOV. KAI UN EUρουσαι το σωμα αυτου πλθον, λεγουσαι και οπτασιαν αγγελων έωρακεναι, α 24 refouring auton. Chy. απηλθον Τιγες Των συν ήμιν επι το μνημείον, και έυρον όυτω καθως και αι τυναικές ειπον, αυτον δε ουκ ειδον. 25 και αυτος είπε προς αυτους, ω ανοπτοι και βραδεις τη καρδία Του πιστευείν επι πασιν δις ελαλπσαν δι προ-26 φηται. ουχι ταυτα εδει παθειν τον Χριστον, και εισελθειν 27 εις την δοξαν άυτου? και αρξαμένος απο Μωσέως, και απο παντων των προφητων, διηρμηνεύεν αυτοίς εν πασαίς ταις γραφαις τα περι έαυτου.

there? what about? sand 19 be. wby, about Jefus the Nazarean, said they, who was a prophet, eminently recommended, by bis doctrine and bis works, to the approbation of God and of all the people; and of his be-20 ing deliver'd up by our chief priests and magistrates to be condemn'd to die, whom they actually crucified: though 21 we expected be would bave been the Messiah, that was ... to deliver Ifrael: and besides all this, it is now three. days since these things were done. 'tis true, some wo- 22 men of our company threw us into a surprize: for going to the sepulchre early in the morning, and not finding 22 bis body there, they came to tell us, that they had seen a vision of angels, who said that be was alive. where-24 upon some of us went to the... sepulchre, and found matters just as the women had related; but bim they did not see. then Jesus said to them, 25 bow stupidly incredulous are you not to believe things that bave been all predicted by the prophets! was not the 26 Messiab to bave suffer'd thus, and after that enter into his glory? then begin-27 ning at Moses be explain'd all the passages there, and

28 KAI TITITAY EKTTY KUHTY OU επορέμοντο, και αυτος προσεποιείτο πορρωτέρω πορέυ-20 εσθαι. και παρεβιασαντο αυτού, λεγοντές, μείνου μεθ* ήμων, ότι προς έσπεραν εστι, KAL KEKALKEV TI THEPA. KAL EL-OTABE TOU HELVAL OUV AUTOIC. 20 KAL EFEVETO EV TW KATAKNIANναι αυτον μετ' αυτων, λαβων τον αρτου, ευλοιπσε. και κλασας επεδιδου αυτοις. 2 1 αυτων δε διηνοιχθησαν οι οφθαλμοι, και επεγνωσαν αυ-TOY, KAL AUTOS APAYTOS ELEνετο απ' αυτων.

32 Και ειπου προς αλληλους, ουχι ή καρδια ήμων καιομενη ην εν ήμιν, ώς ελαλει ήμιν εν τη όδω, και ώς διηνοιγεν ήμιν 33 τας γραφας? και ανασταντες αυτή τη ώρα, ύπεστρεψαν εις Ιερουσαλημ, και έυρου συνηθροισμένους τους ένδεκα 34 και τους συν αυτοις, λεγοντας, ότι ηγερθη ο Κυριος ον-35 τως, και ωφθη Σιμωνι. και αυτοι εξηγουντο τα εν τη όδω, και ώς εγνωσθη αυτοις εν τη κλασει του αρτου.

36 Ταυτα δε αυτων λαλουντων, αυτος ο Ιπσους εστη εν μεσώ αυτων, και λεγει αυ-

in all the prophets, which related to bimself. and they 28 drew nigh the village where they were going; and be feemed as if he would have pass'd on further. but they 29 press'd bim, saying, stay with us, for it is late and begins to be dark. so be went in to tarry with them. and as 30 be was at table with them, be took bread, and gave thanks, then brake it and gave it to them; when look-31 ing upon bim more intently, they perceiv'd that it was Jesus. but be vanish'd out of fight.

Upon this, they faid to one 32 another, to what arder did not our affections rife, while be talk'd with us by the way, and while be expounded to us the scriptures? and immedi-33 ately they fet out, and re-turn'd to Jerusalem, where they found the eleven, and the rest of their company, all assembled, who said, the Lord 34 is allually risen, and hath appeared to Simon. There-35 upon the two disciples related what had bapned on the road, and bow they first discover'd who Jesus was at his breaking of bread.

While they were thus talk-36 ing, Jefus himself appear'd in the midst of them, and said to them, peace be with

37 TOIS EIDNYN DILLY- TTONBEYτες δε και εμφοβοι Γενομένοι ε-38 δοκουν πνευμα θεωρείν. και ELTEY AUTOIC, TI TETAPAFHEYOL εστε, και διατι διαλογισμοι αναβαινουσιν εν ταις καρδίαις 20 ύμων? ιδετε τας χειρας μου και τους ποδας μου, ότι αυτος ειω ειμι, ψπλαφπόατε με και ιδετε, ότι πνευμα σαρ-KA KAL OFTER OUK EXEL, KA-40 θως εμε θεωρείτε εχοντα: και τουτο ειπων επεδείζεν αυτοις Δ1 Τας Χειρας και Τους ποδας εΤι δε απιστουντων αυτων απο της χαρας, και θαυμαζου-TWY, EITEV AUTOIC, EXETE TH 42 BOWGIMON ENDAGE? OF GETTEδωκαν αυτω ιχθυος οπτου μερος, και απο μελισσιου κπ-43 ριου, και λαβων, ενωπιον αυ-44 Των εφαζεν. Επε δε αυτοις. ουτοι οι λογοι ους ελαλησα προς ύμας ετι ων συν ύμιν, ότι δει πληρωθηναι παντα Τα Γεγραμμενα εν 🥆 γομω Μωσεως, και προφ Αίζ, και 45 ψαλμοις περι εμου. ΤΟΤΕ διπνοιξεν αυτων τον νουν, του 46 συνιεναι Τας Γραφας. Kal ELπεν αυτοις, ότι όυτω Γεγραπ-. ται, και ουτως εδει παθείν τον Χριστου, και αναστηναι εκ νεκρων τη τριτη πμερα, 47 και κπρυχθηναι επι τω ονοματι αυτου μετανοιαν και αφεσιν αμαςτιών εις παντα τα εθνη, αρξαμενον απο Ιερου-48 σαλημ. ύμεις δε εστε μαρ-

you. but they were in a con- 27 sternation and fright, imagining, that they saw a spirit. upon which he said to them, 38 wby are you in this confusion? what is it, that your minds are so perplex'd? be-39 bold my bands, and my feet. for I am bodily present, touch me and consider me; for a spirit has not flesh and bones, as you see me bave: all the 40 while holding out his hands and bis feet, as he was speaking. but as they were diffi-41 dent of so joyful an event, and still in amaze, be faid to them, bave you any thing bere to eat? and they gave 42 bim a piece of broil'd fish, and of a boney-comb; which 43 be took, and did eat in their presence. then be said, this AA is what I told you, while I was yet with you, that what basbeen written concerning me in the law of Moses, in the prophets, and in the pfalms, must be all accomplished. then 45 he open'd their minds to make them understand the scriptures, and said to them, thus 46 it is written, and thus it bebov'd Christ to suffer, and to rise from the dead the third day: and that repentance 47 and remission of sins should be preach'd in his name, among all nations, beginning at Jerusalem. you are wit-48

49 τυρές τουτων. και ιδου, ερώ αποστελλω την επαιτέλιαν του του πατρος μου εφ' ύμας. ὑμες δε καθισατε εν τη πολει Ερουσαλημ, έως δυ ενδυσασθε δυνάμιν εξ ύψους.

50 Εξήγαγε δε αυτους εξω έως εις Βήθανιαν, και επαράς τας χειρας αυτου, ευλογησεν αυ51 τους. και εγενετο εν τω ευλογειν αυτον αυτους, διέστη απ΄ αυτων, και ανεφερετο εις 52 τον ουράνον. και αυτοι προσκυνησάντες αυτον, υπεστρε-

53 ρας μεγαλης. και πσαν διαπαντος εν τω ίερω, αινουντες και ευλοτουντες τον Θεόν.

ψάν είς Τερουσάλημ μετα χα-

nesses of these things. and I 49 am going to send you what my father has promis'd you. but continue in the city of Jerusalem, until you shall be endued with power from on high.

At length be led them out 50 as far as Bethany; and stretching out his hands, he gave them his benediction. and while he was hlessing 51 them, he was taken from them, and carried up into heaven. and they worship'd him, and 52 with great joy return'd to Jerusalem, where they daily 53 praised and blessed God in the temple.



TO KATA

THE

I O A N N H N HOLY GOSPEL

ATION ETATLEALON

1 Ν ΑΡΧΗ πν ο Λογος, και ο Λογος τον Θεον, και Θεος πν ο 2 Λογος συτος πν εν Αρχή 3 προς τον Θεον. παντα δι αυτου εγενετο συθε έν. ο γεγρονεν εν αυτώ Ζωπ πν και π Ζωπ πν το Φως των ανθρω- 5 πων. και το φως εν τη σκο-

το ου κατελαβεν.

6 ΕΓενετο ανθρωπος απεσταλμενος παρα Θεου, πν ονο7 μα αυτώ Ιωαννης, ουτος
πλθεν εις μαρτυςιαν, ίνα

τια φαίνει, και ή σκοτια αύ-

μαρτυρηση περι του φωτος, ίνα παντες πιστευσωσι δί 8 αυτου. ουκ ην εκείνος το

9 περι του φωτος. πν το Φως το αληθινον, ο φωτίζει παντα ανθρωπον ερχομενον εις τον

φωι, αλλ ίνα μαρτυρηση

10 κοσμον. εν τω κοσμώ πν, και ο κοσμος δι αυτου εγενετο, και ο κοσμος αυτου ουκ εγνω.

1 Ι εις τα ιδια πλθε, και οι ιδιοι

12 αυτον ου παρελαβον. οσοι δε ελαβον αυτον εδωκεν αυτοις εξουσιαν τεκνα Θεου Γενεσθαι. According to JOHN.

Logos, and the Logos
was with God, and the
Logos was God, the fame 2
was in the beginning with
God, all things were made 3
by him; and without him was
not any thing made. the Life 4
was produced in him, and the
Life was the Light of men.
and the Light shineth in 5
darkness, but the darkness
did not receive it.

There was a man fent 6 from God, whose name was John. he came as a witness, to represent what be knew of the light, that by bis means all might be conhe was not that & vinc'd. Light, but was fent to testify of that light. HE was q the true Light who came into the world, to enlighten every man. he was in the 10 world, even the world that bad been made by bim, but the world knew him not. be 11 came unto bis own, and bis own received bim not. but to 12 as many as received bim, and

* See the note at the end of this gofpel.

νεσθαι, τοκ πιστευουσιν εις 13το ονομα αυτου. οι ουκ εξ άιματων, ουδε εκ θεληματος σαρκος, ουδε εκ θεληματος ανδρος, αλλ' εκ Θεου εγεννηθησαν.

14 Kai o Aoros dape ereveto, KAL ECKNYWCEY EF HULY, BAL εθεασαμεθα την δοξαν αυτου. δοξαν ως Μονογενους παρα πατρος, πληρης χαριτος και 15 αληθειας. Ιωαννής μαρτυρεί TEPL AUTOU, KAL KEKPATE, RE-[ων, " όυτος ην όν ειπον, ο απισφ μου ερχομενος, " εμπροσθεν μου γεγονεν, ότι 16" πρωτος μου ην." και εκ του Πληρωματος αυτου ήμεις παντες ελαβομεν,και χα-17 ρίν αντι χαριτος. ότι ο νομος δια Μωσεως εδοθη, ή χαρις και ή αληθεια δια Ιπσου Χρισ-18 του εγενετο. Θεον ουδεις έωρακε πωποτε, ο Μονογενης ULOS, O WY ELS TOY KOATON TOU πατρος, εκείνος εξηγησατο.

19 Και άντη εστιν εί μαρτυρια του Ιωαννου, ότε απεστειλαν όι Ιουδαιοι εξ Ιεροσολυμων ίερεις και Λευιτας, ίνα
ερωτησωσιν αυτον, συ τις
20 ει ? και ωμολογησε, και ουκ
ηρνησατο, και ωμολογησεν,
ότι ουκ ειμι εγω ό Χριστος.

believed on him, he granted the privilege of being the fons of God. a birth which they had not from circumcifion, nor from the constitution of the body, nor the institution of man, but from God.

The Logos became incar-14 nate, and bad bis tabernacle among us, being full of grace and truth; and we contemplated his glory, such glory as the * Monogenes derived from the father, it was of 15 bim that John bare witness, when be made this declaration, " this was be of whom " I faid, be that cometh after " me, was before me; for " be did indeed exist before " me." and of bis *Plenitude 16 bave we all received, even abundant grace. the law 17 indeed was delivered by Moses, but grace and truth was the dispensation of Jesus Christ. no man bath seen 18 God at any time; * the only begotten son, who is intimate with the father, bath made bim known.

This is the testimony of 19 John, when the Jews sent priests and Levites from Jerusalem, to ask him, who he was. he own'd it, and 20 did not deny it; but made this protestation, I am not

the

21 και ηρωτησαν αυτον, τι ουν? Ηλιας ει συ? και λεγεί, ουκ ειμι. ο προφητηκ ει συ? 22 και απεκριθη, ου. ειπον ουν αυτφ, τις ει? ίνα αποκρισιν δωμεν τοις πεμιγασιν ήμας, 23 τι λεγεις περι σεαυτου? εφη, ερω φωνη βοωντος εν τη ερημφ, ευθυνατε την όδον Κυριου, καθως ειπεν Ησαιας ο προφητης.

24 Και οι απεσταλμένοι πσαν 25 ΕΚ Των Φαρισαίων. και πρω-Tησαν αυτον, και ειπον αυτω, " τι ουν βαπτίζεις, ει GU OUK EL O XCHOTOK, OUTE " Ηλιας, ουτε ο προφητής?" 26 ATEKRIBA AUTOK O IWAYING. λεγων, εγω βαπτιζω εν υδατι, μεσος δε ύμων έστηκεν, όν ύ-27 HEIS OUK OLGATE. AUTOS ECTIV ο οπισω μου ερχομένος, ός εμπροσθεν μου Γεγονεν, ου εγω ουκ ειμι αξιος ίνα λυσω αυτου τον ίμαντα του ύποδηματος. 28 ταυτα εν Βηθαβαρα εΓενετο περαν του Ιορδανου, όπου ην Ιωαννής βαπτίζων.

29 Τη επαυριον βλεπει (ὁ Ιωαννης) Τον Ιησουν ερχομενον
προς αυτον, και λεγει, "ιδε
" ὁ αμνος του Θεου ὁ αίρων
" την άμαρτιαν του κοσ30" μου." ουτος εστι περι ου
εγω ειπον, οπισω μου ερχεται
ανης, ος εμποοσθεν μου γερο-

the Christ. art thou then 21 Elias? said they; and he answer a, I am not. art thou a prophet? and he answer d, no. said they to 22 him, who then art thou? that we may give an answer to those that sent us: what says thou of thy self? "I23" am, said he, the voice of "one crying in the wilder-"ness, clear the way of the Lord," "as said the prophet Esaias.

Now the messengers were 24 of the fett of the Pharifees. and they asked him, " why 25 " then do you baptize, if " you are not the Christ, " nor Elias, nor any other " prophet?" John answer-26 ed them, I baptize with water: but there is one among you, whom ye know not; be it is who coming after me, 27 is preferred before me, the latchet of whose sandals I am not worthy to unloofe. these things were transacted 28 at Bethabara, near Jordan, where John used to baptize.

The next day John saw 29 Jesus coming to him, and said, "behold the lamb of "God, who taketh away "the sin of the world." this is he of whom I said, 30 after me cometh a man, who was before me: for he did

Efa.xi.3.

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ミシー

3 1 νεν, ότι πρωτος μου ην. κάτω ουκ ηδειν αυτον, αλλ ίνα φανερώθη τω Ισράηλ, δια τουτο πλθον ειω εν τω ύδατι 32 βαπτίζων. και εμαρτύρησεν Ιωαννης, λετών, ότι τεθεαμαι το πυευμα καταβαινου ώσει περιστέραν εξ ουρανου. 33 και εμείνεν επ' αυτον. κάτω ουκ πδειν αυτον, αλλ' ο πεμ-WAS HE BATTILEW EN VOATI. באבושסק עוסו בוחבש, " בס' סע מצ ιδης το πύευμα καταβαι-" νον και μενον επ' αυτον, ουτος εστιν ο βαπτιζων 34" εν πνευματι άγιω." έωρακα, και μεμαρτυρηκα οτι ούτος εστινό ύιος του Θεου. 35 Τη επαυριον παλιν είστηκει ο Ιωαννης, και εκ των μα-36θητων αυτου δυο. και εμβλεψας τω Ιπσου περιπατουντι, λεγει, " ιδε ο αμνος του Θε-37" ου." και πκουσαν αυτου οι δυο μαθηται λαλουντος. και ηκολουθησαν τω Ιησου. 38 στραφεις θε δ Ιπσους, και θεασαμένος αυτους ακολουθουν-39 Tak, REJEL AUTOIS, TI ENTELτε τ οι δε ειπον αυτω, ραββι, ο λεγιται έρμηνευομένον, δι-40 BOOK OF THE TOU HEVELS? THEFEL autois, epxeale kai idete. πλθον και ειδον που μενει, και παρ αυτω εμειναν την ήμεραν εκείνην. ώρα ην ώς δεκατη. 41 την Ανδρεας ο αδελφος Σιμωνος Πετρου, είς εκ των δυο των ακουσαντών παςα Ιωαννου, και ακολουθησαντων αυτω.

indeed exist before me. 131 knew bim not: but therefore am I come baptizing with water, that he might be manifest to Israel. and John 32 testified, saying, I saw the spirit descending from heaven like a dove, and it abode upon bim. I had not known 33 bim : but he that fent me to baptize with water, bad told me, "upon whom thou shall " fee the spirit descending " and remaining on bim, " the same is he who bap-" tizeth with the holy spirit." this I faw, and teflify'd, 34 that he is the son of God.

The next day after, John 35 was again there with two of his disciples: and see-36 ing Jesus as he walked, he faid, " behold the lamb of " God." the two disciples 37 bearing this, followed Jesus. then Tefus turned about, and 38 feeing them following, faid, what do you feek? they 39 answered him, rabbi, that is to fay master, where do you dwell? come, faid be, 40 and fec. fo they went and faw where he lodged, and abode with him that day: for it was about the tenth bour. Andrew, Simon Pe- 41 ter's brother, was one of the two disciples, who had followed Jesus, after they had beard what John had fail.

the

42 ευρισκει όυτος πρωτον τον αδελφον τον ιδίον Σιμωνα, και λεγει αυτώ, " ευρηκαμεν τον "Μεσσιαν," ο εστι μεθερ-43 μηνευομενον, Χριστος. και πραγεν αυτον προς τον Inσουν. εμβλεψας δε αυτώ ο Ιησους, ειπε, "συ ει Σιμων

" ο ύιος Ιωνα, συ κληθηση " Κηφας," ο ερμηνευεται Πετρος.

44 Τη επαυριον ηθελησεν έξελθειν εις την Γαλιλαίαν, και ευρισκει Φιλιππον, και λεγει αυτω ο Ιησους, ακολουθει 45 μοι. ην δε ο Φιλιππος απο

Βηθσαιδά, εκ της πολεως

46 Ανδρεου και Πετρου· έυρισκει Φιλιππος τον Ναθαναπλ, και λεγει αυτώ, όν εγραψε Μωσης εν τω νομώ, και οι προφηται, έυρηκαμεν Ιπσουν τον υίον του Ιωσηφ, τον απο

47 Ναζαρετ. και ειπεν αυτώ Ναθαναπλ, εκ Ναζαρετ δυναται τι αγαθον ειναι ? λεγει αυτώ Φιλιππος, ερχου και

48 ιδε. ειδεν ο Ιπσους τον Ναθαναπλ ερχομενον προς αυτον, και λεγει περι αυτου, ιδε αληθως Ισραπλιτης, εν ώδολος

φωνησαί, οντα υπο την συ-50 κην, ειδον σε. απεκριθη Ναθαναηλ, και λεγει αυτώ, ραββι, συ ει ο υίος του Θεου, συ ει ο βασιλευς του Ισραηλ. the first be met was bis own 42 brether Simon, to whom he said, "we have found the "Messias," that is to say, the Christ, and he 3 brought him to Jesus. and when Jesus beheld him, he said, "thou art Simon the "son of Jona: thou shale be called Cephas," which is by interpretation, a stone.

The day following Jesus 44 baving a mind to go into Galilee, met with Philip. and faid to bim, follow me. now Philip was of Beth-45 saida, the city of Andrew and Peter. Philip meeting 45 with Nathanael, said to bimy we have found him of whom Moses in the law, and the prophèts did write, Jesus of Nazareth, the for of Jos. seph. but Nathanael faid 47 to him, can there any good thing come out of Nazareth ? come and see, said Philip. Jesus seeing Nathanael come 48 ing, said of bim, there's a true Israelite, in whom wind guile. bow do you know me? 49 Said Nathanael to bim. before Philip called you, re-plied Jesus, I saw you under the fig-tree. Nathanael an- co swered, rabbi, thou art the son of God, thou art the

51 απεκριθη Ιησοικ, και είπεν αυτώ, ότι είπον σοι, είδον σε υποκατώ της συκης, πιστευ52 εκ? μείζω τουτών οψεί. και λεγεί αυτώ, αμην αμην λεγώ υμιν, απ' αρτι οψεσθε τον συρανού ανεώγοτα, και τους αγελούς του Θεού αναβαινούτας και καταβαινούτας επι του ύιον του ανθρώπου.

 Και τη ήμερα τη τριτη FAHOS EFENETO EN KANA TOS Γαλιλαίας, και ην ή μητηρ 2 Του Ιπσου εκει. εκληθη δε και δ. Ιπσους και δι μαθηται 3 αυτου εις τον Γαμον. DOTEONO ANTOC OLVOU, ASPEL 1 μητηρ του Ιπσου προς αυτον, 4 οινού ουκ εχουσι. λεγεί αυτη ο Ιπσους, τι εμοικαι σοι, τυγαι? συπω ήκει ή ωρα μου? 5 RETEL TI UNTITO AUTOU TOIS OLA-גטטטוכ, o, TI מי אבריו טעוי, 6 TOINGATE. NOAV DE EKEL U-BOIZI NIBIVAL EE, KELLEVAL KAτα τον καθαρισμον των Ιουδαιων, χωρουσαι ανα μετρη-7 Tat byo n Treis. Refer autois ο Ιπσους, γεμισατε τας υδριας υδατος. και εγεμισαν αυ-8 Tac ewc avw. Kat herel au-TOIC, AVTANGATE VUV, KAI φερετε τω αρχιτρικλινώ, και 9 πνετκαν. ώς δε ετευσατο ό **ΦρχιΤρικλίνος** Το υδωρ οινον TETEVNHEYOV, KAL OUK nOEL TO-

king of Ifrael. Jefus an-51 fwered bim, because thou believest what I said, that I saw thee under the fig-tree, thou shall see greater things than these, and he said to 52 him, I declare unto you, bereaster you shall see heaven open, and the angels of God ascending, and descending upon the son of man.

Three days after, there was a wedding at Cana in Galilee; where the mother of Jesus was present. likewise Jesus and his disciples, who were all invited to the feast. now when 3 the wine was out, the mother of Jesus said to bim, they bave no wine. Jesus anfwer'd her, woman, leave that affair to me, is not that my concern? upon which 5 his mother lid the servants do whatever be should order. now there were fix cisterns of 6 stone plac'd there for the use of the Tews in their purifications, containing two or three firkins a-piece. these Telus order'd the waiters to fill with water. so they filled them up to the brim. now 8 fill out, said be, and carry it to the steward of the feast, which accordingly they did. as 9 soon as the steward had tafted the water that was made

θεν εστιν, δι δε διακονοι ηδεισαν, δι ηντληκοτες το ύδως, φωνει τον νυμφιον δ αρχιτριτο κλινος, και λεγει αυτώ, πας ανθρωπος πρωτον τον καλον οινον τιθησι, και όταν μεθυσθωσι, τοτε τον ελασσω, συ τετηρηκας τον καλον οινον τι έως αρτι. ταυτην εποιησε την αρχην των σημειων ό Inσους εν Κανα της Γαλιλαίας, και εφανερωσε την δοξαν άυτου, και επιστευσαν εις αυτον όι μαθηται αυτου.

12 Μετα τουτο κατεβη εις Καπερναουμ, αυτος και ή μητηρ αυτου, και οι αδελφοι αυτου, και οι μαθηται αυ-TOU, KAI EKEL EMELVAY OU TOX-13 λας ήμερας. και εξτυς ην Το πασχα των Ιουδαιων, και ανεβη εις Ιεροσολυμα ο Ιη-14 0004 KAL EUDEN EN TW LEDW τους πωλουντας βοας και προβατα και περιστερας, και τους κερματιστας καθημένους. ις και ποιησας φραγελλίου εκ σχοινιών, παντας εξεβαλεν εκ του ίερου, τα τε προβατα KAI TOUG BOAG, KAI TWY KOXλυβιστων εξεχεε το κερμα, και τας τραπεζας ανεστρεψε. 16 και Τοις τας περιστερας πωλουσιν ειπεν, αρατε ταυτα εντευθεν, και μη ποιειτε τον OLKOY TOU TATTOG HOU, OLKOY 17 εμποριου. εμνησθησαν δε οι uamade wine, (for be did not know whence it came. but the servants who drew the water knew it,) be called the bridegroom, and faid to 10 bim, 'tis usual to present the best wine first and afterwards the worfe, when the quests have drank pretty freely: but you have reserved the best wine to the last. thus was the first miracle of 1 ! Jesus wrought at Cana in Galilee, by which he difplayed bis power; and bis disciples believed on bim.

After this he went down 12 to Capernaum, in company with his mother, his brethren, and his disciples: but they stay'd there only a few days. for the Jews passover 13 being nigh, Jesus went up to Jerusalem, where he found 14 in the temple those that sold oxen, sheep, and doves, besides the changers of money, who were fitting there. upon 15 which he made a whip of small cords, and drove them all out of the temple, with their sheep, and oxen; and threw about the changers money, and over-set the tables; and faid to the dove-16 fellers, away with thefe things; make not my father's bouse a market-bouse. which put his disciples in 17 mind

μαθητας αυτου, ότι τετραμ-MENON ECTIV, "O CHOLOS TOU οικού, σου καταφαζεται 18 " με." απεκριθησαν ουν οι Ioudaioi, Kai El TOV AUTW, TI σπικείου δεικυυείς ήμιν, ότι 19 ταυτα ποιεις? απεκριθη δ INGOUS, KAI ELTEV AUTOIS, AUσατε τον ναον τουτον, και εν τοισιν ημεραις εΓερω αυτον. 20 ειπον ουν οι Ιουδαιοι, τεσσαρακοντα και έξετεσιν ωκοδομήθη όναος δυτος, και συ EN TOLOTH MUEDAIS ETEREIS AUTON? 2 F EKELVOC DE ENEFE TEPL TOU VAOU 22 Του σωματος αυτου. OUN MEDON EK VEKOWN, EMMOθησαν οι μαθηται αυτου ότι TOUTO EXELEN, KAL ETIGTEUGAY τη γραφη, και τω λογω ώει-TEY O INGOUG.

23 Ως δε τη εν Ιεροσολυμοις εν Τω πασχα εν Τη έορτη, πολλοι επιστευσαν εις το ονομα αυτου, θεωρουντες αυτου τα σημεια α εποιει. 24 αυτος δε ο Ιπσους ουκ επιστευεν έαυτον αυτοις, δια το 25 αυτον [ινωσκειν παντας. και στι ου χρειαν ειχεν ίνα τις μαρτυρηση περι του ανθρωπου, αυτος [αρ ε[ινωσκε τι την εν τω ανθρωπω.

Ην δε ανθρωπος εκ των Φαρισαιων, Νικοδημος ονομα αυτώ, αρχων των Ιουδαιων.
 ουτος ηλθε προς τον Ιπσουν νυκτος, και ειπεν αυτώ, ραββι, οιδαμεν ότι απο Θεου ελπ-

mind of that passage. * " my " zeal for thine house does " prey upon me." where- 18 upon the Jews said, what miracle can you show to justify your behaviour? Jefus 19 answered them, jaying, destroy this temple, and within three days I will raise it up. to this said the Jews, forty 20 and fix years was this temple in building, and wilt thou rear it up in three days? but by the temple be meant 21 bis body. and when he was 22 risen from the dead, his disciples remembred that expression of his: and they believed the scripture, and what Fesus bad said.

Now whilft he was in Je-23 rufalem at the feast of the passover, many believed in him when they saw the miracles which he did. but 24 Jesus did not trust his person with them, because he knew them all. and he did not 25 want any information concerning man: for he knew of himself the secret of their hearts.

Now one of the Pharisees, 1 named Nicodemus, was there, a ruler of the Jews: who 2 came to Jesus by night, and said to him, rabbi, we know that thou art a teacher sent from

* Pfal. lxix. 9.

επηλυθας διδασκαλος, ουδεις γαρ ταυτα τα σημεία δυνά-Ται ποιειν ά συ ποιεις, εαν μη n o ⊖eos het autou. aneκοιθη ο Ιησους, και ειπεν αυτω, αμην αμην λεγω σοι, έαν μη Τις τεννηθη ανωθεν, ου δυναται ιδειν την βασιλειαν του DEOU. REFEL TOOG AUTOV 6 Νικοδημος, πως δυναται ανθρωπος γεννηθησαί γερων ων ? μη δυνάται εις την κοιλιαν THE WHTOOK AUTOU GENTEOOVELL σελθείν, και Γεννηθηναι ? πεκειθη ο Ιπσους, αμην αμην λεγω σοι, εαν μη Τις τεννηθη εξυδατος και πνευμάτος: ου δυναται εισελθείν εις την βα-6 GIASIAN TOU ΘΕΟυ. ΤΟ ΓΕΓΕΊΝΉμενον εκ της σαρκός, σαρξ ECTI, KAI TO FEFEVYHUEVOVEK TOU πνευματος, πνευμα εστι: μη θαυμασης ότι είπον σοι, δει ύμας Γεννηθηναι ανωθέν. Το πνευμα όπου θελει πνει. και την φωνην αυτου ακουεις. αλλ' ουκ οιδας ποθεν ερχεται, και που ύπατει, ουτώς εστι πας ο γεγεννημένος εκ του πνευματος. απεκριθη Νικοδημος, και είπεν αυτώ, πως 10 δυναται ταυτα γενεσθαι? απεκριθη ο Ιπσούς, και είπεν αυτω, συ ει ο διδασκαλος του Ισραπλ, και ταυτα ου τινωσκεις 🗦

1 Αμπν αμπν λεγω σοι, ότι ο οιδαμεν λαλουμεν, και ο εωρακαμεν μαςτυρουμεν, και την μαςτυριαν ήμων ου λαμ-

fram God: for no man oan perform the miracles that you do, except God be with bim. Jesus answered bim. 2 I declare unto thee, except a man be born again, be cannot fee the kingdom of God. Nicodemus replied, bow can A a man be born when be is old? can be enter into bis mother, and be born a fecond time? Jefus answer- A ed. I tell thee, except a man be renewed by the spiritual baptism; be cannot enter into the kingdom of Gods the 6 cleansing of the body is only external, but the purification of the spirit is spiritual. he 4 not surprized that I said to thee; you must be born again. the wind bloweth where it 8 listeth, and you bear the found thereof; but cannot tell whence it comes, or robither it goes: such is the change in every one that is renewed by the spirit. Nicodemus answered, how can that be? Jesus answered bim, are you 10 a doctor in Ifrael, and not know these things?

I declare unto thee, we say
speak what we know, and
testify what we have seen;
but you do not receive our
U u testi-

12 Bavete. El ta entrela elhov ύμιν, και ου πιστεύετε, πως. εαν είπω ύμιν τα επουρανία. 12 π 10 TEU σ 17 TEV σ 12 Kal OU δ EIC α -VABEBNKEY EIG TOV OUDAVOY, EL μη ό εκ του ουρανού καταβας. ο ύιος του ανθρωπου ο ων εν Τ4 Τω ουρανω. και καθως Μω-ONC UW WOE TOY OFF EV TH Eρημώ, όυτως ύψωθηναι δει 15 τον ύιον του ανθρωπου. ίνα πας ο πιστεύων εις αυτον. μη αποληται, αλλ' εχη ζω-16 ην αιωνιον. ουτω γαρ ηγαπήσεν ο Θεος του κοσμού. ώστε τον ύιον άυτου τον μονοτενη εδωκεν, ίνα πας ο πισ-Τευων εις αυτον, μη αποληται, αλλ εχη ζωην αιωνιον. 17 OU TAP ATECTEINED O BEOG TOV ύιον αυτου εις τον κοσμον, ίνα κρινή Τον κοσμού, αλλ' ίνα σωθη ο κοσμος δί αυτου. 180 MIGTEULUVEIS AUTON, OU KPIνεται, ό δε μη πιστευων, ηδη KEKOLTAL, OTL UN MEMLOTEUKEN εις το ονομα του μονογενους 19 VIOU TOU DEOU. AUTH DE EU-Τιν ή κρισις, ότι το φως ελη-Αυθεν εις Τον κοσμον, και η-**Γαπησαν** δι ανθεωποι μακλον TO OKOTOG, ITO OWG, IN TAD 20 πονηρα αυτων τα εμια. πας γαρ ο φαυλα πρασσων, μισει το φως, και ουκ ερχεται προς το φως, ίνα μη ελεγχθη 21 τα εργα αυτου, ο δε ποιων την αληθείαν, ερχεται προς

testimony. if you don't be- 12 lieve:when I tell you what is plain, how should you believe, if I tell you of things more sublime? for no man 13 bath penetrated into the fecrets of beaven, but be that came down from beaven. even the son of man, who is in beaven. but as Moses 14 lifted up the serpent in the wilderness, even so must the son of man be lifted up: that wholoever believeth in 15 him, should not perish, but bave eternal life. for God 16 so loved the world, that he gave bis only begotten son, that who soever believeth in him, should not perish, but have eternal life. for God 17 fent not bis fon into the world to condemn the world; but that the world through him might be saved. be that 18 believeth on him, shall not be condemned: but he that believeth not, is condemned already, because he hath not believed in the only begotten son of God. and this is the 19 subject of their condemnation, that light is come into the world, and men bave loved darkness rather than light, because their deeds were evil. for every one that doth evil, 20 bateth the light, and shunneth the light, left his deeds should be reproved. but he that 21 doth

το φως, ίνα φανερωθη αυτου TA EDTA, OTI EV ΘΕω Εστιν ΕΙΡτασμενα.

Μετα ταυτα πλθεν Ιησους, και οι μαθηται αυτου EIS THE LOUGALAY THE, KALEKEL διετριβε μετ' αυτων, και ε-23 BATTILEV. NV DE KAI IWAVνης βαπτιζων εν Αινων εγγυς του Σαλειμ, ότι ύδατα πολ- ... λα πν εκεί, και παρεγινόντο, ην βεβλημενος εις Την Φυλα-

24 και εβαπτίζοντο. ουπω ταρ κην ὁ Ιωαννης: 25 EFEVETO QUY CHTHEICEK TWY μαθητων Ιωαννου μετα Ιου-26 δαιου περι καθαρισμου. και πλθου προς Του Ιωαννήν, και ειπον αυτώ, ραββι, ός πν μετα σου περαν του Ιορδανου. ώσυ μεμαρτυρηκας, ιδε, ουτος βαπτιζει, και παντές ερ-27 ΧΟνται προς αυτον. απεκριθη Ιωαννής, και είπεν, ου δυναται ανθρωπος λαμβανειν ουδεν, εαν μπ η δεδομενον αυ-28 TW EK TOU OUPAVOU. AUTOI ύμεις μοι μαρτυρειτε ότι ειπον, ουκ ειμι εςω ο Χριστος, αλλ' οτι απεσταλμένος ειμι εμ-29 προσθεν εκεινου. ο εχων την νυμφην, νυμφιος εστιν, ο δε φιλος νυμφιου ο έστηκως, και ακουων αυτου, χαρα χαιρει δια την φωνην του νυμφιου.

άυτη ουν ή χαρα ή εμη πε-

doth right, cometh to the light, that his deeds may be made manifest, because they are agreeable to the will of God.

After this Jesus went with 22 bis disciples into Judea, where he stay d with them for some time, and baptized, while 23 John was likewise baptizing in Enon, near Salim, it being a place abounding with water: so that people came to be baptized there, for 24. John was not yet cast into prilon.

Now there happen'd to be 25 a dispute about baptism between a Jews, and some of John's disciples: who 26 thereupon went to John, and said, master, be that was with you beyond Jordan, so whom you bore testimony, be himself does now baptize likewife, and the people flock to bim. but John made them 27 this answer, a man can have no authority, but what he derives from beaven. you 28 yourselves can bear me witness, that I said, I am not the Christ, but was only fent before him: the bride- 29 groom is be that both a right to the bride: as for the friend. of the bridegroom, who is nigh bis person and beareth him, he greatly rejoyces at the voice of the bridegroom: Uu 2

upon

30 πληρωται. εκεινού δει αυξα-31 νειν, εμε δε ελατουσθαι. ο ανωθεν ερχομενος, επανω παν-TWY ECTLY. O WY EK THE PHE, EK THE THE EUT!, KOL EK THE FIR NAMEL. O EK TOU OUPAYOU ερχομένος, επανω παντων 22 ETTL KAL O EWPAKE KAL HKOUσε, τουτο μαρτυρέι, και την μαρτυριαν αυτου ουδεις λαμ-22 βανει. ὁ λαβων αυτου την μαρτυριαν, εσφρατίσεν ότι δ 24 DEOS ANNONS ETTIV. OV FAP ATTECTEINEY O GEOG TO ONματα του Θεου λαλει, ου γαρ ΕΚ μετρου διδωσιν ο Θεος το 95 TVEUTIC. O TATTO ATATA τον ύιον, και παντα δεδωκεν 36 EV TH XEIGI AUTOU. O THO-TEUWY EIG TOV VION, EXEL COMP αιωνιον, ό δε απειθων τω ύιω, סטג פענדמו לשחץ, מאז' זו סף-FIT TOU GEOU HEVEL ET AU-TOV.

Ως οι ν είνω ο Κυριος ότι π
1 κουσαν οι Φαρισαιοι ότι Ιπσους πλειονας μαθητας ποιει
και βαπτίζει η Ιωαννής, και

2 τοις Ε Ιπσούς αυτος ουκ εβαπτίζεν, απλ οι μαθηται αυτου. αφηκε την Ιουδαίαν,

3 και απηλθε εις την Γαλιλαιαν. εδει δε αυτον διερχεσθαι

4 δια της Σαμαρειας. ερχεται

5 ουν εις πολίν της Σαμαρειας
λεγομενην Συχαρ, πλησιον

upon this account my joy is compleat. be must ad-30 vance but I must decline, 31 be that cometh from above, is above all: be that is from the earth, is earthly. and his language is likewife earthly: be that cometh from beaven is above all. and 32 what he hath feen and heard, that be testifieth; but bis testimony doth no man receive. be that bath receiv- 33 ed bis testimony, bath set bis feal to this, that God is true, for be whom God bath 24 fent, faith nothing but what is divine: for God bath given him the spirit without restriction, the father loveth 35 the son, and bath given all things into bis band. be 26 that believeth on the son, bath a right to everlasting life: and he that disobers the son, shall not enjoy life; but be expos'd to divine wrath.

Jesus therefore knowing the Pharisees had beard that be made more disciples, and haptized more than John, (though Jesus himself did 2 not haptize, but only his disciples) he lest Judea, and 3 returned into Galilee. but 4 being obliged to pass through Samaria, he came to a city 5 of Samaria, called Sychar, near the piece of ground

tbat

TOU XWCIOU O EDWKEY TOKWB 6 Ιωσης τω ύιω άυτου. ην δε εκει πητη του Ιακωβ. ό ουν INJOUC KEKOTIAKWE EK THE Oδοιποριας, εκαθεζετο ουτως επι τη πητη. ώρα ην ώσει 7 EKTH. EPXETAL TUVH EK THE Σαμαρείας αντλησαι υδωρ. refer auth o Indous, dos nor 8 πιείν. δι γαρ μαθηται αυτου απεληλυθεισαν εις την πολιν, ο ίνα Τροφας αγορασωσι. λε-[ει ουν αυτώ ή τυνη ή Σαμαρειτικ, πως συ Ιουδαιος ων παρ εμου πιειν αιτεις, ' oughs FUNALKOS SAMADELTIČOS ? OUTAD συγχρωνται Ιουδαιοι Σαμα-10 ρειταις. απεκριθη Ιπσους, και είπεν αυτή, ει ήδεις την δωρεαν του Θεου, και τις εσ-Τιν ο λεγων σοι, δος μοι πιειν, συ αν ητησας αυτον, και ε-1 1 δωκεν αν σοι ύδωρ ζων. γει αυτώ ή γυνη, Κυριε, *ουτε* αντλημα εχεις, και το φρεαρ εστι βαθυ, ποθεν συν εχεις το το ζων το των τ μη συ μειζων ει του πατρος ήμων Ιακώβ, ός εδωκεν ημιν το φρεαρ, και AUTOS EL AUTOU ETIE, KAI ĈI ύιοι αυτου, και τα θρεμματα 12 αυτου ε απεκριθη ο Ιησους, και είπεν αυτή, πας ο πινων εκ του ύδατος τουτου, διτα ψησει παλίν, ός δ΄ αν πιη εκ Του ύδατος ου εςω δωσω αυτω, ου μη διψηση εις τον αιωνα, αλλα το ύδωρ ο δωσω αυτω, ςενπσεται εν αυτω τητη ύδατος άλλομενου εις ζωην

that Jacob gave to bis for Joseph. now facoh's well was 6 there. Jefus therefore being wearied with his journey. fat him down by the well: it being about the fixth bour. nobere a woman of Samaria being come to draw water. Fesus said to ber, give me to drink. for bis disciples were gone away to the city to buy provisions. but the o woman of Samaria faid to bim, bow is it that you who are a few, ask drink of me, who am a Samaritan's ther the Jews bave no friendly intercourse with the Samaritans.) Jesus answered her, 10 if you knew the dispensation of God, and who it is that fays to you, give me to drink: you would have asked of him. and he would have given you living water. fir, said the II woman, you have nothing to draw with, and the well is deep: whence then can you get that living water? are 12 you wiser than our father Jacob, who gave us the well. and drank thereof bimfelf, as well as bis children, and. cattle? Jesus answered ber, 12 they that drink of this water, will be thirsty again: but 14 who soever drinketh of the water that I shall give him, shall never thirst: for the water that I shall give him, lball

Comp always. Refel Troc au-15 TOV n ruyn, Kupie, des moi Τουτο το ύδωρ, ίνα μη δινω. μποε ερχωμαι ενθαδε αντλειν. 16 REFEL AUTH O' INGOUG, UTATE. φωνησον τον ανδρα σου, και 17 ελθε ενθαδε. απεκριθη ή τυνη, και ειπεν, ουκ εχω ανδρα. THE AUTH O INGOUS, KATES ειπας, ότι ανδρα ουκ εχω. 18 πεντε γαρ ανδρας εσχες, και YUY O' EXEIC, OUK EOTI OOU aνπο, τουτο αληθες ειρηκας. 19 λεγει αυτω ή γυνη, Κυριε, θε-20 ωρω ότι προφητής εί συ. οι πάτερες ήμων εν τουτώ τώ ορει προσεκυνησαν. και ύμεις λεγετε ότι εν Ιεροσολυμοις εστιν ό τοπος, όπου δει προσ-2 I KUVELV. REFEL AUTHO INTOUS τυναι, πιστευσον μοι, ότι ερχεται ώρα, ότε ουτε εν τω OPEL TOUTW, OUTE EV TEPOGOLUμοις προσκυνήσετε τω πατρι. ύμεις προσκυνειτε ο ουκ οιδατε, 22 ήμεις προσκυνουμεν ο οιδαμεν, ότι ή σωτηρια εκ των Ιουδαι-23 ων εστιν. αλλ ερχεται ώνα, και νυν εστιν, ότι οι αληθινοι προσκυνηται προσκυνησουσι Τω πατοι εν πνευματι, και αληθεία, και ταρ ο πατηρ τοιουτους ζητεί τους προσκυ-24 VOUVTAS QUTOV. TIVEUUZ O Θεος, και τους προσκυνουν-TAC AUTON, EN THEUHATI KAL 25 αληθεια δει προσκυνειν. βει αυτφ ή τυνη, οιδα ότι

shall be in bim a fountain springing up to everlasting life. fir, replied the woman, 15 give me this water, that I may never be adry, nor come bither to draw more. go, call 16 your busband, said Fesus, and come again: the woman 17 answered, I have no husband. Jesus replied, you were in the right to say you have no busband: for you bave 18 bad five busbands, and be whom you now have, is not your husband: in that you said true. the woman said 19 to bim, fir. I perceive that you are a prophet. our fa-20 thers worshipped upon this mountain; and you fay, that Ferusalem is the place where we ought to perform our worship. Jesus said to ber, wo-21 man, believe me, the time is coming when it shall be neither on this mountain, nor yet at Jerusalem that ye shall worship the sather. ye wor-22 ship ye know not what: we know what we worship: for falvation is from the Jews. but the time is coming, nay, 23 is very nigh, when the true worshippers shall worship the father in spirit and in truth: for they are the worshippers which he requires. God is 24. a spirit, and they that worship bim, must worship bim in spirit and in truth. they faid 25 Μεσσιας ερχεται, ο λεγομενος Χριστος, όταν ελθη εκεινος, 26 αναγγελει ήμιν παντα. λεγει αυτη ο Ιησους, εγω ειμι, ο λαλων σοι.

27 Και επι τουτώ πλθον δι μαθηται αυτου, και εθαυμαζον ότι μετα γυναικος ελαλει, ουδεις μεντοι ειπε, τι ζητεις?
28 η, τι λαλεις μετ αυτης? αφηκεν ουν την ύδριαν άυτης ή γυνη, και απηλθεν εις την πολιν, και λεγει τοις ανθρω29 ποις, δευτε, ιδετε ανθρωπον ός ειπε μοι παντα όσα εποιησα, μητι όυτος εστιν ό Χρισ30 τος? εξηλθον ουν εκ της πολεως, και ηρχοντο προς αυ-

TOY. 31 Εν δε τω μεταξυ πρωτων αυτον οι μαθηται, λεγοντες, 32 cabbi, pare. o de eltrev auτοις, ειω βρωσιν εχω φαιτιν, 33 no viusis our oldate. Exeron ουν οι μαθηται προς αλληλους, μη Τις ηνεγκέν αυτώ 34 parein? Lefel autoic o inσους, εμον βρωμα εστιν, ίνα ποιω το θελημα του πεμιψαν-Τος με, και Τελειωσω αυτου 35 TO ECTOV. OUX DILEIS RETETE, " ότι ετι τετραμηνός εστι, " και ο θερισμός ερχεται?" ιδου, λεγω ύμιν, επαρατε τους οφθαλμους ύμων, και θεασασθε τας χωρας, ότι λευκαι εισι προς θερισμον non. 36 και ο θερίζων, μισθον παμ-Barei,

faid the woman to bim; I know that the Messas (that is to say the Christ) is to come, and when he is come, he will tell us all things. Je-26 sus said to her, I that am talking with you am he.

Upon this bis disciples 27 came, and were surprized at bis conversing with the woman: yet none of them said, what did you ask her? or, why do you talk with her? the woman then lest her wa- 28 terpot, and went away into the city, and said to the people, come, see a man who 29 told me all that ever I have done: is not this the Christ? so they went out of the city, 30 and came to him.

In the mean while his dif- 31 ciples invited bim, saying, pray master, eat. but be 32 answered them, I have meat to eat that ye know not of: upon which the disciples said 33 one to another, bath any man brought bim any thing to eat? Jesus said to them, 34 my meat is to do the will of him that sent me, and to finish his work. is it not a 35 common saying, " t'other " four months, and then " comes barvest?" lift up your eyes now, I say, and look on the fields; for they are white already to harvest. be that reapeth, receiveth 36 wages,

βανει, και συναγει καρπον εις Κωην αιωνιον, ίνα και ὁ σπειρων ὁμου χαιρη, και ὁ θερι-37 Κων. εν γαρ τουτω ὁ λογος εστιν ὁ απηθινος, "ότι αλλος "εστιν ὁ σπειρων, και αλ-38 "λος ὁ θεριζων." εγω απεστειλα ύμας θεριζειν ὁ ουχ υμεις κεκοπιακατε, αλλοι κεκοπιακασι, και ύμεις εις τον κοπον αυτων εισεληλυθατε. 39 Εκ δε της πολεως εκεινης πολλοι επιστευσαν εις αυτον των Σαμαρειτων, δια τον λογον της τηναικος μαστικος λογον της τηναικος λογον της την της τηναικος λογον της την της τηναικος λογον της της τηναικος λογον της της τηναικος λογον της την της τηναικος λογον της την της την της λογον της την της την της λογον της την της λογον της την της λογον της την της λογον λογον

λογον της γυναικος, μαρτυγουσης, ότι ειπε μοι παντα
40 όσα εποιησα. ώς ουν ηλθον
προς αυτον όι Σαμαρειται,
ηρωτων αυτον μειναι παρ
αυτοις, και εμεινεν εκει δυο ή41 μερας. και πολλω πλειους
επιστευσαν δια τον λογον
42 αυτου. Τη τε γυναικι ελεγον,
ότι ουκ ετι δια την σην λα-

2 αυτου. Τη Τε Γυναικι ελεγον, ότι ουκ ετι δια την σην λαλιαν πιστευομέν: αυτοι γαρ ακηκοαμέν, και οιδαμέν ότι όυτος εστιν αληθως ο σωτηρ του κοσμου, ο Χριστος.

43 Μετα δε τας δυο ήμερας εξηλθεν εκειθεν, και απηλθεν 44 εις την Γαλιλαιαν. αυτος ραρ ό Ιπσους εμαρτυρησεν, ότι προφητης εν τη ιδία πα-45 τριδι τιμην ουκ εχει. ότε ουν ηλθεν εις την Γαλιλαιαν, εδεξαντο αυτον όι Γαλιλαιοι, παντα έωρακοτες ά εποιησεν εν Ιερδσολυμοις εν τη έορτη,

wages, by gathering fruit unto life eternal: that the sower, and the reaper, may both rejoice together. upon this 37 occasion, that saying is verified, "one soweth, and a-"nother reapeth." I sent 38 you to reap where you bestowed no labour: other men laboured, and you are entred into their labours:

Now many of the Sama-39 ritans of that city believed on bim, for that testimony which the woman gave him, " he told me all that ever " I did." fo that when 40 the Samaritans were come to bim, they defired him to stay with them: and he stay'd there two days. and 41 many more believed, for baving beard bim speak himsels: and said to the woman, now 42 it is not for what you have faid, that we believe: for we have heard him ourselves, and know that this is indeed the saviour of the world, the Christ.

Two days after, he de-43 parted thence, and went into Galilee: (the Jesus him-44
felf had declared, that a
prophet is not honoured in
his own country.) when he 45
was come into Galilee, he
was well received by the Galileans, who had seen all that
he did at Jerusalem during

KAI AUTOL FAP MABOV EIG THE AGEOGTHY. MAREY OUT O' INTOUS παλιν εις την Κανα της Γαλιλαιας, όπου εποιησε το ύδώρ οινον. και πν τις βασιλικος, ου ο ύιος παθενει εν Κα-AT TEPYAOUH. ούτος ακουσας OTI INGOUS THE EK THE LOUδαιας εις την Γαλιλαιαν, απηλθε προς αυτου, και ηρωτα αυτον ίνα καταβη και ιασηται αυτου τον ύιον, η-48 μέλλε γαρ αποθυπσκείν. ειπεν συν ό Ιπσους προς αυτον, εαν μη σημεία και Τερατα ιδητε, ου μη πιστευσητε. 49 λεγει προς αυτον ο βασιλικός. Κυρίε, καταβηθι πριν απο-50 θανείν το παιδίον μου. λεγεί αυτω ό Ιπσους, πορευου, ό ύιος σου ζη. και επιστευσεν ό ανθρωπος τω λοςω όν ειπεν αυτω Ιπσους, και επορευετο. 5 1 ηδη δε αυτου καταβαινοντος, ά δουλοι αυτου απηντησαν αυτω, και απηγειλαν, λετοντες, ότι ο παις αυτου Ln. 52 επυθετο ουν παρ αυτων την ώραν εν ή κουψοτερον εσχε, και ειπου αυτω, ότι xθες ώραν έβδομην αφηκεν αυτον ό 53 πυρετος. είνω ουν ο πατηρ ότι εν εκεινήτη ώρα, εν ή ειπεν αυτω ο Ιπσους, ότι ο VIOS GOU En. KAL ETIGTEUσεν αυτος και ή οικια αυ-54 Του όλη. Τουτο παλιν δευ-TEPOV GIMEIOV ETTOINGEN O Inσους, ελθων εκ της Ιουδαιας εκ την Γαλιλαιαν.

the feast: for they likewife went to the feast. Telus 46 went therefore a second time to Cana in Galilee, where he had changed the water into wine. now a certain nobleman was there, whose son was sick at Capernaum. who 47 baving heard that Jesus was come out of Judea into Galilee, be went there to desire him to come down, and beal bis son: for be was at the point of death. but Jesus 48 said to bim, except you see signs and miracles, you will not believe. the nobleman 49 said to bim, sir, pray come down before my child be dead. go thy way, said Jesus: thy 50 fon is well. and the man believed what Jesus had said to bim, and went bis way. as be was upon the road, his 51 servants met bim, and acquainted bim, that his son was well. then he enquired 52 of them the bour when he began to mend: and they answered, yesterday at the seventh hour the fever left bim. so the father knew that 53 it was at the very same bour, at which Jesus said to him, thy fon is well. and he himself believed, and all bis samily. Jefus did this second 54 miracle when he return'd from Judea to Galilee.

META

Μετα ταυτα ην έορτη των Ιουδαιων, και ανεβη ο Ιησους 2 εις Ιεροσολυμα. έστι δε εν τοις Ιεροσολυμοις επι Τη προβατική κολυμβήθοα, ή επιλεγομένη Εβραιστι Βηθεσδα, 2 πεντε στοας εχουσα. TAUTAIS KATEKSITO πολυ των ασθενουντων. Τυφλων, χωλων, ξποων, εκδεχομενων την του ύδατος 4. KIVNOIV. αργέλος γαρ κατα KAIPOV KATEBAIVEV EV TH KOλυμβηθρα, και εταρασσε το ύδωρ. ο ουν πρωτος εμβας μετα την Ταραχην του ύδατος, ύγιης εγινετο, ώδηποτε E KATEIXETO VOOTHUATI. τις ανθρώπος εκει τριακοντα KAL OKTW ETH EXWY EY TH AG-6 θενεια. Τουτον ιδων ο Ιπσους katakeihevov, kai Tvouc oti πολυν πόπ χρονον έχει, λεγει αυτώ, θελεις ύπιης γενεσθαί ? 7 απεκριθη αυτώ ο ασθενών, Κυριε, ανθρωπον ουκ εχω. ίνα όταν ταραχθη το ύδωρ, βαλη με εις την κολυμβηθραν, EN W DE EDXOHAI ETW, ANDOS 8 προ εμου καταβαίνει. αυτω ο Ιπσους εγειραι, αρον τον κραββατον σου, και πε-9 ριπατει. και ευθεως εγενετο ύγιης ο ανθρωπος, και πρε τον κραββατον άυτου, και περιεπν δε σαββατον εν TÄTEL. IO EKELYN TH MUEPA. צאנדטע סטע οι Ιουδαιοι τω τεθεραπευμενω, σαββατον εστιν, ουκ εξεστι σοι αραι τον κραββα-

TOX

Some time after this the I feast of the Jews being come, Jesus went up to Jerusalem. now there was at Jerusalem 2 by the sheep-gate a bath, called in Hebrew, Betbesda. which had five portico's. where a great number of in- 3 firm, blind, lame, and paralytic people lay waiting for the moving of the water: (for a messenger went down 4 at certain times into the pool, and agitated the water: the first then that stepped in after this commotion of the water, was cured of whatever disease be bad.) now a certain man was there, who bad been fick eight and thirty years. Jesus seeing bim lie 6 there, and knowing that he bad been fick a long time, faid to him, will you be cured? the sick man an- 7 fwered bim, fir, I have nobody to put me into the pool when the water has been agitated: but while I am coming, 'another steppeth down before me. rise, said 8 Jesus to bim, take up thy bed, and go your way. and 9 immediately the man was bealed, and took up his bed, and went his way: but that day being the fabbath, the 10 Jews said to him that was cured, it is the sabbath-day; it is not lawful for you to carry

ιιτον. απεκριθη αυτοις, ό ποι-חסמל עב טרוח, באבועסל עוסו בוπεν, αρού του κραββατού 12 σου, και περιπατει. πρω-THOAY OUR AUTOR, TIS EOTIN ό ανθρωπος ό ειπων σοι, αρου του κραββατου σου, και 13 TEPITATEL? O DE LABEIC OUK ηδει τις εστιν, ο ταρ Ιησους ELEVEUGEN OXYOU ONTO'S EN LM 14 Τοπφ. μετα ταυτα έυοισ-KEL AUTON O INJOUS EN TW LEρω, και ειπεν αυτω, ιδε, ύ-**Γιπ** Γεγονας, μπκετι αμαρτανε, ίνα μη χειρον Τι σοι Γενη-15 Ται. απηλθεν ο ανθρώπος, και ανηγειλε τοις Ιουδαιοις OTI INGOUS EGTLY O HOLNOTAL 16 αυτον ύτιπ. και δια τουτο εδιωκον τον Ιησουν δι Ιουδαιοι, και εξητουν αυτον α-MOKTEIVAI, OTI TAUTA EMOIEI εν σαββατω.

17 Ο δε Ιπσους απεκρινατο αυτοις, ο πατηρ μου έως αρτι εργαζεται, κάζω εργαζο-18 μαι. δια τουτο ουν μαλλον εζητουν αυτον οι Ιουδαιοι αποκτειναι, ότι ου μονον ελυε το σαββατον, αλλα και πα-TEPA IGION ENGLE TON GEON, 1σον έαυτον ποιών τω Θεώ. 19 απεκρινατο ουν ο Ιπσους, και ειπεν αυτοις, αμπν αμπν λετω ύμιν, ου δυναται ό ύιος ποιειν αφ έαυτου ουδεν, εαν μη τι βλεπη τον πατερα ποιουντα, ά γαρ αν εκεινος ποιη, ταυτα και ο ύιος ο-20 μοιως ποιεί. ο γαρ πατηρ Φιλει

carry your bed. be answer- 11 ed them, he that cured me faid to me, take up your bed and walk. then they asked 12 bim, who is he that said to you take up your bed and walk? and he that 13 was bealed. did not know who it was: for Jesus had flip'd away, by favour of the crowd that was there. some- 14 time after Jesus met bim in the temple, and said to him, you see you were cured: sin no more left you suffer something worse. then the man 15 departed to acquaint the Jews, that it was Jesus who bad cured bim. upon which 16 occasion the Jews persecuted Jesus, and sought to slay bim, because be did such things on the fabbath-day.

But Fesus answered them, 17 my father works without intermission, and so do I. therefore the Jews were the 18 more eager to kill bim, because be bad not only violated the sabbath, but likewise, because he had said that God was bis proper father, making bimself equal with God. upon which Jesus said to 19 them, verily, verily I say . unto you, the fon can do nothing of himself, except he sees the sather do it: for whatever be doth, that the son does likewise. for the father 20 lovetb

φιλει τον ύιον, και παντα δεικνυσιν αυτω ά αυτος ποιει. και μειζονα τουτων δειξει αυτω εργα, ίνα ύμεις θαυμάζη-2 τ Τε. ώσπερ Γαρ ο πατηρ εreidel tous verdous kai Lwoποιει, ουτω και ο ύιος ους θε-22 λει ζωοποιει. ουδε ταρ ό πατηο κείνει ουδένα, αλλα την κρισιν πασαν δεδωκε τω ύιω. 22 ίνα παντες τιμωσι τον ύιον. καθως τιμωσι τον πατερα. ό μη Τιμών Τον ύιον, ου Τίμα Τον πατερά τον πεμιμάντα 24 αυτον. αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ο τον λογον μου α-ΚΟυων, και πιστεύων τω πεμψαντι με, εχει ζωπν αιωνιον. KAI EIC KCIGIY OUK ECXETAI, αλλα μεταβεβτικέν εκ του θα-25 νατου εις την ζωην. αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ερχεται ώρα, και νυν εστιν, ότε οι νεκροι ακουσονται της φωνης TOU VIOU TOU Θ EOU, KAI OI α -26 κουσαντες ζησονται. ώσπερ FAP & TATHP EXEL (WHY EV Eαυτώ, δυτώς εδώκε και τω 27 υιω ζωπν εχει εν έαυτω. και εξουσιαν εδωκεν αυτώ κρισιν ποιειν, ότι ύιος ανθοωπου εσ-28 τι. μη θαυμαζετε τουτο. ότι ερχεται ώρα εν ή παντες OL EN TOIS HYMPELOIS AKOUTOY-29 Tai The pount autou, Kalekποριυσονται δι τα αγαθα ποιησαντεί, εις αναστασιν ζωνς, οι δε τα φαυλα πραξ-

loveth the fon, and sheweth him all that be himself doth: and be will show him greater works than thefe, fo that you will be furprized. for 21 as the father raifeth up the dead, and restores them to life: even fo the fon gives life to whom he will. be-23 fides, the father judgeth no man : but hath committed the full power of judging unto the fon: that all men 23 should bonour the son, even as they bonour the father. be that bonoureth not the fon. bonoureth not the father who bath sent bim. I declare 2.4 unio you, he that heareth my doctrine, and believeth on bim that fent me, bath everlasting life, and shall not come under condemnation; but is passed from death unto life. I declare unto you, 25 the time is coming, and now is, when the dead shall hear the voice of the fon of God: and they that bear shall live. for as the sather bath life in 26 himself; so bath he given to the fon, to have life in bimself; and bath given bim 27 authority to execute judgment also, because he is the son of man. let not this surprize 28 you: for the time is coming, when all that are in the graves shall hear his voice, and they that have done good, 29 Shall

ŒEWC.

20 Ου δυναμαι ερω ποιειν απ εμαυτου ουδεν: καθως ακουω, KPING, KAI H KPIJIS HEJEH DI-KAIA EGTIV, OTI OU CHTW TO θελημα το εμον, αλλα το θελημα του πεμιναντος με. 3 I EAV ETW HAPTUPW TEPL EHAU-TOU, in MARPTURIA MOU OUK EG-22 Τιν αληθής. αλλος εστιν ο μαρτυρων περιεμου, και οιδα ότι αληθης εστιν ή μαργυρια 22 τον μαρτυρεί περί εμου. υμείς απεσταλκατε προς Ιωαννην, και μεμαρτυρηκε τη αληθεια. 24 εΓω δε ου παρα ανθρωπου την μαρτυριαν λαμβανω, αλλα ταυτα λειω ίνα ύμεις σω-35 θητε. εκείνος ην ο λυχνος ο καιομένος και φαινών, υμεις δε ηθελησατε αγαλλιασθηναι προς ώραν εν τω φωτι αυτου. 36 εγω δε εχω την μαρτυριαν μειζω του Ιωαννου, τα γαρ ερ-**Γα ά εδωκε μοι ό πατηρ ίνα** Τελειωσω αυτα, αυτα τα εργα ά ειω ποιω, μαρτυρει TEPLEHOU OTL O TATAP HE A-37 πεσταλκε. και ο πεμιγας με πατηρ, αυτος μεμαρτυρηκε περι εμου, ουτε φωνην AUTOU AKNKOATE TWTOTE, OU-38 τε ειδος αυτου έωρακατε. και TOV ACTOV AUTOU OUK EXETE μενοντα εν ύμιν, ότι όν απεσ-Τειλεν εκεινος τουτώ ύμεις ου πιστευετε.

anter, eig anastasin koi- shall rife to the possession of life; and they that have done evil, shall rife to their condemnation.

Of my felf I can do no- 20 thing: according to my in-Structions I judge: and my judgment is just; because I do not consult my own will. but the will of the father who bath sent me. testified of my felf, my testimony would be suspected. there is another who testifies 22 of me, and I know that the testimony which he gives of me, is true. you yourselves 22 fent to John, and he bore witness to the truth. not that I need the testimony of men: but this I tell you, for your own security. be was a 25 burning and a shining light: and you were willing to be entertain'd for a while with bis light. but I have a bet-36 ter witness than that of John: for the works which my father hath order'd me to finish, those very works that I do, bear me witness, that 'tis the father who fent me. and the sather who 37 sent me, bath himself born witness of me. bis voice you have never beard, nor ever seen bis appearance, nor 38 will his Logos abide among you: for the' be bath fent bim, you do not believe bim.

39 Ερευνατε τας γραφας, ότι ULLIK BOKETTE EN AUTAIL COMP ALWYLOD EXELD. KALL EKELDAL ELσιν αι μαρτυρουσαι περι ε-40 MOV. KAI OU BENETE ENBEW TOOK 41 HE. IVA COMV EXMTE. BOEAN παρα ανθοωπων ου λαμβα- 4^2 vw. α NN εγνωκ α ύμ α ς, ότι THY AFATHY TOU SEOU OUK E-43 XETE EV EAUTOIS, EFW ENTINUθα εν τω ονοματι του πατρος μου, και ου λαμβανετε με. εαν αλλος ελθη εν τω ονοματι τω ιδιώ, εκεινον ληψεσθε. ΔΑ πως δυνασθε ύμεις πιστευσαι. δοξαν παρα αλληλων λαμ-Βανοντες, και την δοξαν την παρα του μονου Θεου ου ζη-AS TEITE ? UN COKEITE OTI ETW κατηγορησω ύμων προς τον πατερά, εστιν ο κατηγορών ύμων, Μωσης, εις ον ύμεις ηλ.-46 TIKATE. EI FAP ETIGTEUETE MWON, ETIGTEVETE AV EUOL, TEPL TOP EMOU EKELVOS ETPOTYEY. 47 EL DE TOIC EKELVOU [PAHHAGIY OU TIGTEVETE, TWS TOIS EMOIS οπμασι πιστευσετε ?

Μετα ταυτα απηλθεν ὁ Ιπσους περαν της θαλασσης
της Γαλιλαιας της Τιβεριαδος. και πκολουθει αυτώ οχλος πολυς, ότι έωρων τα σημεια ά εποιει επι των ασθενουντων. ανηλθε δε εις το
ορος ὁ Ιπσους, και εκει εκαθητο μετα των μαθητων άυ-

TOU.

You fearch the scriptures, 39 for you think by their means to bave eternal life, and they are the very writings which do testify of me. yet you 40 will not come to me, that we may bave life. I do not by 41 this seek your applause. for 42 this I know of you, that you are not posses'd with any love for God. I am come 43 in my father's name, and you receive me not: if another should come in his own name, bim you will receive. bow can you believe, who sa are catching at bonour one from another, regardless of that glory that comes from God only? don't imagine A.S. that I shall accuse you to my father: even Moses bimself in whom you conside, will be your accuser. for 46 had you believed Moses, you would have believed me: since be bas spoke of me in bis writings. but if you don't 47 believe what he has writ. bow should you believe what I say?

At length fesus passed over the sea of Galilee, which is the sea of Tiberias; where 2 a great multitude followed him, invited by the miraculous cures which they saw him perform. Jesus there-3 fore went up a mountain, where he sat down with his

dif-

4 του. ην δε εγγυς το πασχα, η έορτη των Ιουδαιών.

5 Επαρας ουν ο Ιπσους τους οφθαλμους, και θεασαμενος ότι πολυς οχλος ερχεται προς αυτον, λεγει προς του Φιλιππον, ποθεν αγορασωμεν αρτους, ίνα φαγωσιν ουτοι? 6 τουτο δε ελεγε πειραζων αυ-

6 τουτο δε ελεγε πειραζών αυτον, αυτος γαρ πόει τι εμελ-7 λε ποιειν. απεκριθη αυτώ Φιλιππος, διακοσιών δηναρι-

ων αρτοι ουκ αρκουσιν αυτοις, ίνα εκαστος αυτών

8 βραχυ Τι λαβη. λεγει αυτώ εις εκ των μαθητων αυτου, Ανδρεας ο αδελφος Σιμώνος

9 Πετρου, εστι παιδαριον έν ώδε, ο εχει πεντε αρτους κριθινους, και δυο οψαρια, αλλα ταυτα τι εστιν εις το-

10 σουτους? είπε δε ό Ιπσους, ποιπσατε τους ανθρωπους αναπεσείν. πιν δε χορτος πόλυς εν τω τοπω. ανεπεσαν ουν όι ανδρες τον αριθμον ώσει

11 πεντακισχιλιοι. ελαβε δε τους αρτους ο Ιπσους, και ευχαριστησας διεδωκε τοις ανακειμενοις, όμοιως και εκ

12 Των οψαριων όσον ηθελον. ὡς δε ενεπλησθησαν, λεγει τοις μαθηταις ἀυτου, συναγαγετε τα περισσευσαντα κλασμα-τα, ἐνα μη τι αποληται.

13 συνητατον ουν, και ετεμισαν δωδεκα κοφινους κλασματων εκ των πεντε αρτων των κριθινων, ά επερισσευσε τοις βεβρωκοσιν.

disciples. for it was just 4 before the passover, which is a feast of the Yews.

a feast of the Yews. Jesus then lifting up his eyes, s and seeing a great company coming to bim, said to Philip, where can we buy bread to feed this people? (this be 6 said to prove Philip : for be bimself knew what he had to do.) Philip answered bim, 7 two bundred penny-worth of bread is not sufficient to furnish every one of them a little. one of bis disciples, An- 8 drew, Simon Peter's brother, faid to bim, there is a lad a bere, who bath five barley-

bere, who bath five barleyleaves, and two small fishes: but what are they among so many? but Jesus said, make to the men sit down. and as there was much grass in the place, they sat down to the number of about five thou-

fand. then Jesus took the 11 loaves, and when he had given thanks, he distributed to them that were sate down; and likewise of the sishes, as much as they would. when 12 they were filled, he said to his disciples, gather up the fragments that remain, that nothing he lost. they gather-13

ed them therefore, and filled twelve baskets with the fragments of the five barleyloaves, which remained after

they all had been eating.

The

CHAP. VI.

14. Οἱ ουν ανθρωποι ιδοντες ὁ εποιπσε σημειον ὁ Ιπσους, ελεγον, ότι ὁυτος εστιν αληθως ὁ προφητης ὁ ερχομενος
15 εις τον κοσμον. Ίπσους ουν
γνους ότι μελλουσιν ερχεσθαι,
και ἀςπάζειν αυτον ίνα ποιπσωσιν αυτον βασιλεα, ανεχωρησε παλιν εις το ορος
αυτος μονος.

16 Ως δε οψια εγενετο, κατεβησαν οι μαθηται αυτου επι 17 την θαλασσαν. και εμβαν-Τες εις το πλοιου, πρχουτο περαν της θαλασσης εις Κα**π**ερναουμ: και σκοτια ηδη εγεγούει, και ουκ εληλύθει προς * R αυτους δ Ιπσους... n TE fizλασσα, ανεμου μεγαλου πνε-19 οντος, διηγειρετο. εληλακο-Τες ουν ώς σταδίους είκοσι**πεντ**ε η τριακοντα, θεωρουσι Τον Ιπσουν περιπατουντά επί της θαλασσης, και εγγυς του πλοιου Γινομενον, και έφοβη-20 and av. o de referautois, e-21 Γω είμι, μη φοβείσθε. ηθελον ουν λαβειν αυτον εις το πλοιον, και ευθεως το πλοιον ε[ε-עבדם באו דחל נחל בול חלי טאחן סע.

22 Τη επαυριον ο οχλος ο εσΤηκως περαν της θαλασσης,
ειδον ότι πλοιαριον αλλο ουκ
ην εκει, ει μη έν (εκεινο εις ο
ενεβησαν οι μαθηται αυτου)
και ότι ου συνεισηλθε τοις
μαθηταις άυτου ο Ιησους
εις το πλοιον, αλλα μονοι
οι μαθηται αυτου απηλ23 θον. αλλα δε ηλθε πλοιαρια

The people, when they had 14! feen the mirach ! hat Jesus did, cry'd out, this is of a truth that prophet who was to come into the world. but 15 Jesus perceiving they designed to come and take him by force to make him a king, retired again upon a mountain all alone.

When even was come, his 16 disciples went to the sea, and going on board a ship, 17 they cross'd the sea to Capernaum: now when it was dark, Jesus was not come to them: but the sea ran high, 18 by reason of the wind that blew bard. so when they 10 had rowed about five and twenty, or thirty furlongs, se ing Jesus walking on the sea, and drawing nigh to the ship, they were frightned. but he said to them, 20 it is I, be not afraid. then 21 they readily received him into the ship: and immediately the ship was at the land whither they were bound.

The day following, the peo-22 ple who stay'd on the other side of the sea, perceiving that there had been only that single vessel in which his distiples were embark'd, that Jesus did not embark with his disciples, but that his disciples were gone away alone: (however, there came 23

εκ Τιβεριαδος εγγυς του τοπου, όπου εφαγον τον αρτον, ευχαριστησαντος του 24 Κυριου. ότε ουν ειδεν ό οχλος ότι Ιησους ουκ εστιν εκει, ουδε δι μαθηται αυτου, ενεβησαν και αυτοι εις τα πλοια, και ηλθον εις Καπερναουμ, ζητουντες τον Ιησουν.

25 Και ευροντες αυτον περαν της θαλασσης, ειπον αυτω, ραββι, ποτε ώδε τετονας ? 2.6 απεκριθή αυτοις ο Ιπσους, και ειπεν, αμην αμην λεγω υμιν, Entere us oux oti eidete onμεια, αλλ ότι εφαγετε εκ των 27 αρτων, και εχορτασθητε. εργαζεσθε μη την βρωσιν την απολλυμένην, αλλα Την βρωσιν την μενουσαν εις ζωην αιωνιον, ήν ο ύιος του ανθεωπου ύμιν δωσει, τουτον ταρ ο πατηρ εσφρατισεν, ο Θεος. 28 ειπον ουν προς αυτον, τι ποιωμεν, ίνα εργαζωμεθα τα 29 spra του Θεου? απεκριθη ο Ιπσους, και ειπεν άυτοις, TOUTO SOT! TO ECTOV TOU Θ EOU, ίνα πιστευσητε εις ον απεσ-30 TEIREY EKELYOG. צנידט עטס מט-TW, TI OUT TOISIS OU OTHESOY, ίνα ιδωμεν και πιστευσωμεν 31 σοι? Τι εργαζη? όι πατερες ήμων Το μαννα εφαζον εν Τη ερημώ, καθώς εστι Γεγραμμε-יסי, " מרדטי בא דטי סטרמיסט other barks from Tiberias, migh the place where they had eaten bread, after the Lord had given thanks.) the people 24 likewise seeing that Jesus was not in those barks, nor his disciples, went on board them, and cross d to Capernaum in quest of Jesus.

And when they had found 25 bim on the other side of the sea, they said unto bim, master, when did you arrive here? Jesus answered them. I de-26 clare unto you, you seek me, not because ye saw the miracles, but because re bad loaves to eat, and were filled. work 27 not for the food which perisheth, but for that which endureth unto everlasting life, and which the son of man shall give unto you, for to bim it is that the father, that is God, bas given his credentials. then 28 said they to him, what shall we do, that our works may he agreeable to God? Jesus 29 answered them, the work which God requires is to believe on him whom he bath sent. but said they, what 30 miracle then will you let us see to make us believe you? what strange work will you perform? our fathers did 31 eat manna in the desert; as it is written, * " he gave " them bread from beaven to Y y " cat.''

" εδωκεν

* Pfal. lxxviii. 24.

22 " EDWKEY CUTOK POCH. EITEY ουν αυτοις ο Ιπσους, αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου Μωσης δεδωκεν ύμιν τον αρτον εκ του ουρανου, αλλ ο πατηρ μου διδωσινύμιν τον αρτον εκ του 23 ουράνου τον αληθινον. ό ταρ ACTOS TOU DEOU ECTIV O KAταβαινων εκ του ουρανου. και ζωην διδους τω κοσμω. 34 είπον ουν προς αυτον. Κυρίε. παντοτε δος ήμιν τον αρτου 25 τουτον. ειπε δε αυτοις ο Ιησους, ετω ειμι ο αρτος της Twones, o epacomenos repos ues, ou μη πειναση, και όπιστευων εις εμε, ου μη διψηση πω-26 ποτε. αλλ΄ ειπον ύμιν ότι και EWPAKATE HE, KAI OU TIOTEU-37 ετε. παν ο διδωσι μοι ο πατης, προς εμε ήξει, και τον ερχομένον προς με ου μη εκβα-38 λω έξω. ότι καταβέβηκα εκ του ουρανου, ουχ ίνα ποιω το θελημα το εμον, αλλα το θελημα του πεμιναντος με. 30 Τουτο δε εστι το θελημα του πεμψαντος με, ίνα παν ο δεδωκε μοι, μη απολεσω εξ αυτου, αλλα αναστησω αυτο 40 εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. Τουτο γαρ εστι το θελημα του πεμψαντος με, ίνα πας δ θεωρων τον ύιου, και πιστευων εις αυτον, εχη ζωην αιωνιον, και αναστησω αυτον εςω τη εσχατη ήμερα.

41 Εγογγυζον ουν οι Ιουδαιοι περι αυτου, ότι ειπεν, " εγω ειμι

" eat." Fesus answer'd, I 32 assure you, Moses did not give you the celestial bread; but my father gives you the true celestial bread. for he who 33 is descended from beaven, and gives life to the world, is the bread that is truely divine. then said they, Lord, 34 evermore give us this bread. Jesus answerd, I am the 35 bread of life: be that cometh to me, shall never bunger; and be that believeth on me. shall never thirst. but 136 bave * already told you, that tho' you have seen me, you do not believe. all those whom 37 my father gives mc, shall come to me; and I will not reject any that come to me. for I came down from bea-38 ven, not to do my own will, but the will of him that fent me. and the will of him who 39 fent me is this, that I should not lose any one of those be bas given me, but should raife them again at the last day: this, I fay, is the will of him 40 that fent me, that every one who observes the son, and believeth on him, should bave everlasting life: and I will raise bim up at the last day.

The Jews then murmured 41 against him, for having said,

ειμι ο αρτος ο καταβας εκ 42" TOU OUPAYOU?" KAL ENE-FOY, OUX OUTOS ECTIV INGOUS, ο ύιος Ιωσηφ, ου ήμεις οιδαμεν τον πατερα και την μητερα ? πως ουν λεγει ουτος, ότι εκ του ουρανού καταβεβη-42 κα. απεκρίθη ουν ό lησους. KALELTEN AUTOIC, UN FOFFUCE-ALTE HET ANNITHOUS. OUDER OUναται ελθειν προς με, εαν μη O TATTO O TEH WAS HE, EXKUση αυτον, και εγω αναστησω αυτον τη εσχατη ήμερα. 45 EGTI FEFFALLIEVOV EV TOIS TOO-ONTAIS, "KAI EGOVTAI TAVτες διδακτοι του Θεου." πας ουν δ ακουσας παρα του πατρος, και μαθων, ερχεται 46 προς με. ουχ ότι τον πατερα τις έωρακεν, ει μη δ ων παρα του Θεου, ουτος έωρα-47 ΚΕ ΤΟν πατερα. αμην αμην RETWOULLY, O'THOTEDWY EIC EILE, 48 exel Cwny alwylov. Efw eifu 49 à apros the Lwns. OL TEATEρες ύμων εφαζον Το μαννα εν τη ερημώ, και απεθανον. 50 ούτος εστιν ο αρτος ο εκ του ουρανου καταβαινων, ίνατις εξ αυτου φαρή, και μη απο-51 θανή. είω είμι ο αρτος ο ζων, ο εκ του ουρανου κατα-Bas, Eau Tis parm Ek Toutou του αρτου, ζησεται εις τον αιωνα, και ό αρτος δε όν εςω δωσω, ή σαςξ μου εστιν, ήν εγω δωσω ύπερ της του κοσ-HOU LUMS.

" I am the bread which came down from beaven." is not this, said they, Jesus, 42 the son of Joseph, whose father and mother we know ? how comes be then to fay, I came down from beaven? Jesus therefore replied, mur- 43 mur not among your selves. no man can come to me, ex-AA cept the father who hath fent me, conduct bim: and I will raise him up at the last day. it is written in the pro- 45 phets, " " they shall be all " taught of God." every man therefore that bath beard the father, and been instructed by bim, cometh unto me. not that any man 16 bath seen the father, except him who is come from God, be bath feen the father. IA7 declare unto you, be that believeth on me hath everlasting life. I am the bread of 48 life. your fathers did eat 49 manna in the wilderness, and there they died. but this is 50 the bread which came down from beaven, that he who eats thereof should not die. I am the living bread, that 51 is come down from beaven: whofoever shall ent of this bread, shall live for ever: and the bread that I will give, is my flesh, which I will give for the life of the world.

Epa- Y y 2 Uron * Ifa.liv. 13. Jer. xxx1. 34.

Εμαχούτο ουν προς αλληλους οι Ιουδαιοι, λεγοντες, πως δυναται όυτος ήμιν δου-53 ναι Την σαρκά φαζείν? είπου ουν αυτοις ο Ιησους, αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, εαν μη φαγητε την σαρκα του ύιου του ανθρωπου, και πιητε αυτου το άιμα, ουκ εχετε ζωπν εν 54 εαυτοις. ὁ τρωζων μου την σαρκα, και πινών μου Το aiua, exel Conv alwylov, kal ετω αναστησω αυτον τη εσ-55 χατη ήμερα. ή ταρ σαςξ μου αλπθως εστι βρωσις, και το άιμα μου αληθως εστι ποσις. 56 ο Τρως ων μου Την σαρκα, και πινων μου Το άιμα, εν εμοι 57 μενει, κάτω εν αυτώ *. καθως απεστείλε με ο ζων πατης, κάτω ζω δία τον πα-Τερα, και ο Τρωρων με, κά-58 KELVOS CHOETAL DE EUS. OUTOS εστιν ο αρτος ο εκ του ουρανου καταβας, ου καθως εφατον οι πατερες ύμων (το μαννα,) και απεθανον: ο Τρωρων Τουτον τον αςτου, ζησεται εις Του αιωνα.

Upon this the Jews dispu- 52. ted among themselves, saying, bow can this man give us bis flesh to eat? but Jesus 53 answer'd, I assure you, except ye eat the flesh of the son of man, and drink bis blood, ye will have no life in you. he that cateth my 54 flesh, and drinketh my blood, bath eternal life, and I will raise bim up at the last day. for my flesh is meat indeed, 55 and my blood is drink indeed. be that eateth my flesh, and 56 drinketh my blood, dwelleth in me, and I in bim. as 57 the father who is the fource of life bath sent me, and I live by the father: so he that eateth me, even be shall live by me. this is that bread 58 wbich came down from heaven: very different from that manna, which your fathers did eat but died nevertheless: be that eateth of this bread, shall live for ever.

Ταυτα

These

* After autw the MS. of Stephens mark'd B, and the very antient MS. of Beza now at Cambridge have these words.

Καθας εν εμοι ό πατηρ, κάγω εν τω πατρι. αμην αμην λεγω ύμαν, εαν μη λαβετε το εωμα του ύιου του ανέρωπου ός τον αρτον της ζωης, ουκ εχετε ζωην εν αυτω.

As the father in me, and I in the father. verily, verily I say unto you, unless you take the body of the son of man as the bread of life, you have not life in him.

The Latin of the Cambridge MS has the same passage; and to has the antient vulgate, a version made in the spostolick age, and Victoriaus in part. Dr. Mills thinks they are the genuine words of St. John. Vid. 2. is, 1. & Proleg. 779, 780.

59 TAUTA ELTEV EV GUVASWτη, διδασκων εν Καπερναουμ 60 πολλοι συν ακουσαντές εκ των μαθητων αυτου, ειπον, σκληρος εστιν ουτος ο λογος. τις δυναται αυτου ακουείν ? 61 ειδως δε ο Ιπσους εν έαυτω. ότι τοτιυζουσι περι τουτου οι μαθηται αυτου, ειπεν αυτοις, τουτο ύμας σκανδαλι-62 LEI? EAU OUD DEWONTE TOD ύιον του ανθρωπου αναβαινοντα όπου ην το προτερον ? 63 το πνευμα εστι το ζωοποιουν. ή σαρξ ουκ ωφελει ουδεν. Τα οπματα ά ειω λελαληκα ύμιν, πνευμά εστι και ζωη 64 בסדוע. מאא בוסוע בצ טעשע Τινες οι ου πιστευουσιν. ηδει γαρ εξ αρχης ο Ιησους, Τινες ELOID OL UM TIOTEUDYTES KAL τις εστιν ο παραδωσων αυ-65 του, και ελεγε, δια τουτο ειςηκα ύμιν, ότι ουδεις δυναται ελθειν προς με, εαν μη η δεδεμενον αυτώ εκ του πα-TOOK MOU.

66 Εκ Τουτου πολλοι απηλθον των μαθητων αυτου εις τα οπισω, και ουκετι μετ αυ67 του περιεπατουν. ειπεν ουν ο Ιπσους τοις δωδεκα, μη και 68 ύμεις θελετε ύπαζειν? απεκριθη ουν αυτώ Σιμών Πετρος, Κυριε, προς τινα απελευσομεθα? επιατα ζωης αιώνιου 69 εχεις. και ήμεις πεπιστευκαμέν και εγνωκαμέν ότι συ ει ο Χριστος, ο ύιος του 70 Θεου (του ζωντος) απεκρι-

G22

These things said Jesus in 50 the synagogue, as he taught in Capernaum. when many 60 of his disciples, who heard him, said, this is strange dottrine, who can bear it? Fesus perceiving in bimself, 61 that his disciples murmured at it, said to them, doth this offend you? what if you 62 should see the son of man ascend up where he was hefore? it is the action of the 62 mind that vivifies, that of the body profits nothing: the words that I have delivered to you, spiritually understood, give life. but there are some 64 of you who do not believe. (for Jesus knew from the beginning, who they were that did not believe, and who should betray bim.) and be 65 said, therefore said I unto you, that no man can come unto me, except it were given unto bim of my father.

From that time many of his 66 disciples withdrew, and asso-ciated no longer with him. upon which sesses said to the 67 twelve, will not ye likewise go away? but Simon Peter 68. answered, Lord, to whom shall we go? you have the words of eternal life. and 69 we have believed and we have acknowledged that you are the Christ, the son of God. Jesus answered them, 70

bave

θη αυτοις ο Ίπσους, ουκ εςω ύμας τους δωδεκα εξελεξαμην, και εξ ύμων είς διαβολος εσ-7 ι τιν ελεςε δε τον Ιουδαν Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτην, όυτος γαρ ημελλεν αυτον παραδιδοναι, είς ων εκ των δωδεκα.

Και περιεπατει ο Ιπσους μετα ταυτα εν τη Γαλιλαια, ου Γαρ * ηθελεν εν Τη Ιουδαία περιπατείν, ότι εξητουν αυτον οι Ιουδαιοι αποκτειναι. ην δε εΓρυς ή έορτη των Ιουδαιων ή σκηνοπηςια. ουν προς αυτον οι αδελφοι αυτου, μεταβηθι εντευθεν. και ύπαςε εις την Ιουδαιαν, ίνα και οι μαθηται σου θεωρησωσι τα εργα À TOLEIC. A OUDER FOR EN KOUTTW TI TOLEL, KAI LATEL AUTOC EN TAPPATOLA ELVAL. EL TAUTA TOLEIS, DAνερωσον σεαυτον τω κοσμώ. 5 ουδε γαρ οι αδελφοι αυτου ε-TIGTEUDY EIG AUTOV. ουν αυτοις ο Ιπσους, ο καιρος ό εμος ουπω παρεστιν, ό δε KAIPOS O UMETEPOS TAVTOTE 7 Εστιν έτοιμος. ου δυναται ο κοσμος μισειν ύμας, εμε δε μισει, ότι εςω μαρτυρω περι αυτου, ότι τα εργα αυτου πονηρα εστιν. ύμεις αναβη-ΤΕ ΕΙς Την ΕΟΡΤην Ταυτην, εςω Τουκ αναβαινω εις την έορτην ταυτην, ότι ο καιρος ο εμος ουπω πεπληρωται.

bave I not chosen you all twelve, and yet one of you is an avowed enemy? meaning 7: Judas Iscariot the son of Simon: for he it was that would betray him, altho' he was one of the twelve.

After this Jesus resided in Galilee: for he would not be in Judea, because the Jews fought to kill him. now the Jews feast of the tabernacles drawing nigh, bis relations said to him, retire bence, and go into Judea, that your difciples there may also see the works that you do. for no body alls in private, that designs to distinguish bimself: since you do such things, shew yourself to the world. for even bis bretbren did not believe in him. but Jesus said to them, my time is not yet come: but any time is equally proper for you. the world cannot bate you; but me it bateth, because I plainly show, that their works are evil. do you go up to this feast, as for me I do not go with you to it, because my time is not yet accomplished.

Ταυτα

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^{*} Dr. Mills fays needew was certainly inferted inflead of sixev elousian, as it was read by Chrysost. Cyril. and Augustin. The vulgate originally had non valebar, which Erasinus and Drusius think was chang'd to non volchat. † See Dr. Mills.

9 TAUTA ELTIWN, AUTOS ELLEIVEN 10 EV TH FARDAIA. ux de ave-Βησανοι αδέλφοι αυτου, το-TE KAL AUTOC AVEBN ELC THY έορττιν, ου φανερως, αλλ II (wx) EN KOUTTW. OL OUN IOU-Said Elytour autor er th E-OPTH, KAI EXEROY, TOU ECTLY 12 EKELYOG? KAL FOFFUGHOG TO-AUG TEPL OCUTOU TIVEY TO OXλω. οι μεν ελεγον, ότι αγα-BOX ECTIV, ANDOI DE ENETOV. ου, αλλα πλανα του οχλον. 13 Ουδεις μεντοι παροπσια ελαλει περι αυτου, δια τον 14 Φοβον των Ιουδαιων. ηδη δε της έορτης μεσουσης, ανεβη ο Ιησους εις το ίερου, και 15 εδιδασκε. και εθαυμάζον οι Ιουδαιοι, πετοντες, πως ουτος γραμματα οιδε, μη μεμαθη-16 κως? απεκριθη αυτοις ό Ιησους, και ειπεν, ή εμη διδα-Χη ουκ εστιν εμη, αλλα του 17 πεμιγαντος με. εαν τις θελη το θελημα αυτου ποιείν, γνω-GETAL TEPL THE SIGAXHS, TO-TEPOY EK TOU SEOU ECTIV, 1 18 εγω απ' εμαυτου λαλω. ο αφ' έαυτου λαλων, την δοξαν τηνιδιαν ζητειλό δε ζητων την δοξαν του πεμιναντος αυτον, ουτος αληθης εστι, και αδικια 19 SV AUTW OUK ETTIV. OU MWσης δεδωκεν ύμιν Τον νομον. και ουδεις εξ ύμων ποιει Τον VOUGY? TI US ENTEITE ATTOK-

thus be delivered his mind, 9 and stay'd himself in Galilee. but when his brethren were 10 gone, he went likewise to the feast, not openly, but in secret. during the feast 11 the fews were in search of him, and said, where can he he? and the people were 12 much divided about him: for some said, he is a good man: others said, not at all; but he seduces the people.

However, no body talk'd 12 openly in favour of bim, for fear of the Jews. but about 14. the middle of the feast, Jefus went publickly into the temple, and taught. at which 15. the Jews were surprized, saying, bow came be acquainted with the scriptures, a man of no education? Jesus answered them, the 16 doctrine I deliver is not my own, but his that sent me. if any man is inclin'd to do 17 bis will, be shall know whether the dottrine be from God, or whether I speak from my felf. be that speaks 18 from bimself, has a view to his own glory: but he that has a view to his glory that sent bim, deferves credit, and is a stranger to all imposture. was it not Moses 19 who gave you the law, and yet none of you observe that

20 τειναι? απεκριθη ο οχλος. και ειπε, δαιμονίον εχεις, τις σε 21 ENTEL ANOKTELVAL ? ANEKOL-On o Indouc, Kal El TEV autoic. έν εργον εποιπσά, και παντες θαυμάζετε διά του-22 το? Μωσης δεδωκεν ύμιν την TEPITOUTH, OUX O'T! EK TOU Μωσεως εστιν, αλλ' εκ των πατερων, και εν σαββατω 23 περιτεμίνετε ανθρωπού. περιτομην λαμβάνει ανθοωπος εν σαββατω, να μη λυθη ο νομος Μωσεως, εμοι χολατε ότι όλον ανθρωπον ύτιν 24 εποιπσα εν σαββατω? μπ κοινετε κατ' οψιν, αλλα την δικαιαν κρισιν κρινατε.

25 EXERON DUN TINECEK TWN ISPOσολυμιτων, ουχ ουτος εστιν 26 ου ζητουσιν αποκτειναι ? και ιδε, παρρησια λαλει, και ουδεν αυτω λειουσι. μη ποτε αλπθως εγνωσαν οι αρχοντες ότι όυτος εστιν ό Χριστος? 27 αλλα Τουτον οιδαμέν ποθεν εστιν, ο δε Χριστος όταν ερχηται, ουδεις Γινωσκει 28 ποθεν εστιν. εκράξεν ουν εν τω ίερω διδασκων ο Ιπσους, KAI RETWY. KA HE OIDATE, KAI . purjuing his discourse in the οιδατε ποθεν ειμι, και απ' εμαυτου ουκ ελπλυθα, αλλ εστιν αληθινος ο πεμιψας με,

law? for what do ye at-20 tempt to kill me? the people answered, saying, you are mad: who altempls to kill you? Jesus answer-21 ed them, I perform'd one fingle miracle on the sabbath. and does that alarm you? Moses enjoin'd you circum-22 cision (or rather not Moses, but the patriarchs) accordingly you circumcise a man on the sabbath-day. if 23 to avoid the violation of the Mosaic law, a man be expofed to circumcifion on the fabbath-day, are ye angry at me, because I cured a man, whose whole body was indifposed on the sabbath-day? judge not according to ap-24 pearances, but judge according to equity.

Then some that belong'd 25 to Jerusalem, said, is not this be whom they seek to kill? yet there he is talk-26 ing publickly without any opposition: are not the rulers convinc'd that he is the Mefstab? bowever, we know 27 from what quarter this man comes: but when Christ comes it will be unknown whence he came. Jesus then 28 temple, rais'd bis voice, and faid, you know both who I ain, and whence I am: bowever, I am not come of

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29 or viver our orgate. Erw de olda auton, oti man autou EIMI, KA KELVOS HE ATEGTEINEV. 20 ELITOUN OUN AUTON TIATAI, KALI OUĞELÇ ETTEBAZNEV ETT" ASUTOV THY XGIPA, OTI OUTH ENTRY-21 θει ή ώρα αυτου. πολλοι δε EK TOU OXAOU ETIGTEUGALV EIG AUTOV, KALENETOV, O XOLOTOS סדמי באלח, עודו דו צוטים סח-MELOX TOMOTEL WIN OUTOK ETTOM-32 σεν? `πκουσαν οι Φαρισαιοι του σχαου γογγυζοντος περι AUTOU TAUTA, KAI ATEOTEIλαν οι Φαρισαιοι και οι αρ-XIEPEIC UTINPETAS, IVA TIAOW-33 σιν αυτον. ειπεν ουν ο Inσους, ετι μικρον χρονον μεθ ύμων ειμι, και ύπαςω προς 34 τον πεμιναντα με. ζητησετε με, και ουχ έυρπσετε. και όπου ειμι εςω, ύμεις ου 35 δυνασθε ελθειν. ειπον ουν ά Ιουδαιοί προς έαυτους, που ουτος μελλει πορευεσθαι, ότι ήμεις ουχ έυρησομεν αυτον? μη εις την διασποραν των Ελληνων μελλει πορευεσθαι, και διδασκειν τους Ελληνας ? 36 τις εστιν ουτος ο λογος όν ειπε, " Entingete με, και ουχ " έυρησετε, και όπου ειμι " εςω, ύμεις ου δυνασθε ελ-" θειν?"

37 Εν δε τη εσχατη ήμερα τη μεγαλη της έορτης ειστηκει δ Ιησους, και εκραξε, λεγων, εαν τις διψα, ερχεσθω προς

my felf. but he that fent me is worthy of belief, bim you are unacquainted with. but 29 I know bim, for I am from bim, and be bath fent me. then they design'd to seize 30 bim: but no man laid bands on bim, because bis bour was not yet come. besides many 21 of the people believed on bim, and said, when Christ comes, will be do more miracles than this man hath done? (the 32 Pharises being inform'd what the people rumour'd concerning bim, they and the chief priests sent their officers to seize bim.) then 22 said Jesus, I shall be with you but for a little time. and then I shall go to him that fent me. ye shall seek 34 me, but shall not find me: and where I shall go, thither . ye cannot come. upon which 35 the Jews said among themsclves, whither will be go, that we cannot find bim? will be go to the dispersed Tews among the Greeks, and instruct the Greeks? what 36 does be mean by faying, " ye " shall seck me, and shall " not find me: and where I "go, thither ye cannot come?"

In the last day, the most 37 solemn day of the seast, Jesus being there, raised his voice, and said, if any man thirst, let him come to me,

and

28 ME, KAI TIVETW. O TIOTEUWY ειζ εμε, καθως ειπεν ή γραφη, TOTAHOL EK THE KOLLIAG AUτου δευσουσιν ύδατος ζωντος. 20 ΤουΤο δε ειπε περι του πνευματος ου εμέλλον λαμβανείν O TIOTEUOVTECEIC AUTOV. OUπω γαρήν πνευμα ότι ο Ιη-40 σους ουδεπω εδοξασθη. πολ-AGI OUP EK TOU OXAOU AKOUσαντες Τον λογον, ελεγον, δυτος εστιν αληθως ο προφη-41 THS. ANNOL ENERGY, OUTOS εστιν ο Χριστος. αλλοι δε EXECUT, HIT TOP EK THE TOTAL-RAIAS O XPIOTOS EPXETAI? 42 OUXL I FRAGII ELTEV, OTL EK TOU σπερματος Δαβιδ, και απο Βηθλεεμ της κωμης όπου ην Δαβιδ, ο Χριστος ερχεται? 43 σχισμα ουνέν τω οχλώ εγένε-44 TO be autor. Tives de elexon εξαυτων πιασαι αυτον, αλλ ουδεις επεβαλεν επ' αυτον 45 Tac XEIPAG. MABOY OUY OL Uπηρεται προς τους αρχιερεις και Φαρισαίους, και είπον autoic ekzivoi, diati ouk nea-46 ΓΕΤΕ αυτον ? απεκριθησαν δι ύπηςεται, ουδεποτε ουτως ελαλησεν ανθρωπος, ώς ου-47 τος ο ανθρωπος. απεκριθησαν ουν αυτοις ει Φαρισαιοι, μπ και ύμεις πεπλανποθε? 48 μη Τις εκ των αρχούτων επίσ-TEUGEN EIG AUTON, IN EK TWY 49 Φαρισαίων? αλλ' ο οχλος ουτος ο μη Γινωσκων τον νο-50 μου, επικαταρατοι εισι. λετει Νικοδημος προς αυτους,

and drink. be that believ-28 eth on me, as the scripture bath said*, out of his beart fball flow rivers of living water. (but this be meant 39 of the spirit, which they ibat believed on bim, should receive: for the spirit was not yet given; because Jesus was not yet glorified.) many 40 of the people therefore, who beard this discourse, said, this man is certainly a prophet. some said, this is the 41 Messias. but said others, shall the Messias come out of Galilee? bath not the scrip-42 ture said, + that the Messiah is to rife out of the family of David, and out of Bethlebem, the village where David was born? so that the 43 people were divided in their opinions about him. some of them had a mind to seize bim; but nobody laid bands on bim. when the 45 officers return'd to the chief priests and Pharisees, they asked them, why have ye not brought bim? the officers 16 answered, never did man speak like this man. upon 47 which the Pharisees answered, are ye also seduced? bave any of the rulers, or 48 of the Pharisees believed on bim? but the populace, who 49 are ignorant of the law, are such wretches. thereupon 50

* Efa. lviii. 11, + Mich. v. 2.

ο ελθων νυκτος προς αυτον, 51 είς ων εξ αυτων, μη ο νομος ήμων κρινει τον ανθρωπον, εαν μη ακουση παρ αυτου προτερον, και γιω τι ποιει εξ απεκριθησαν, και ειπον αυτω, μη και συ εκ της Γαλιλαίας ει? ερευνησον, και ιδε ότι προφητης εκ της Γαλιδος λαιας ουκ εγηγερται. και επορευθη έκαστος εις τον οικον άυτου.

ÀUTOU_ Ιπσους δε επορευθη εις το 2 ορος των Ελαιων. ορθρου δε παλιν παρεγενετο εις το ίερον και πας ο λαος πρχετο προς αυτον, και καθισας εδιδασ-3 κεν αυτους. αρουσι δε δι Γεαμματεις και οι Φαρισαιοι **Γυναικά εν μοιχεία κατείλημ**μενην, και στησαντές αυτην 4 εν μεσφ, λειουσιν αυτφ, διδασκαλε, άυτη ή τυνη κατελεφθη επαυτοφωρώ μοιχευο-5 μενη. εν δε τω γομω Μωσης ήμιν ενετειλατο τας τοιαυτας λιθοβολεισθαι, συ ουν 6 TI REFEIC? TOUTO DE EREFOU TEICALOUTEC AUTON, IVA EXWσι κατητορείν αυτου. ὁ δε Ιπσους κατω κυψας, τω δακ-7 Τυλώ εγραφεν εις Την την. δε επεμευού ερωτωντές αυτού, ανακυψας είπε προς αυτους, ο αναμαρτητος ύμων, πρω-דסכ דסע אולסט בח' מטדחש βמλετω. KAI TANIY KATW KU-Ψας, εγραφεν έις την γην.

Nicodemus, be that came to Jesus by night, and was then present, said to them, doth 51 our law condemn any man before he is heard, without knowing the satt? they an-52 swered him, are you also of Galilee? search the scriptures, and you will not find that a prophet did ever arise out of Galilee. and every 53 man went to his own house.

Then fesus went to the 1 mount of olives, but early in the morning he return'd to the temple, where all the people came to him; and being sat down, be instructed them. then the Scribes and 3 Pharisces brought a woman furprized in adultery; and when they had fet her in the middle of the affembly, they 4 said to bim, master, this woman was altually taken in adultery. now Moses bas 5 ordain'd in the law that such criminals should be stoned: but what is your opinion? they said this only to ensnare 6 bim, that they might have some accusation against bim, but Jesus stooped down, and with his finger wrote on the ground. and as they pressed him to answer, be rais'd himfelf, and said to them, be that is without fin among you, let bim be the first that throws a stone at ber. then stooping Zz_2

ο οι δε, ακουσαντές, (και ύπο THE OUVELONGEWED EXECUTIVELY εξποχοντο είς κάθεις, αρξαμενοι απο των πρεσβυτερων (έως των εσχατών,) και κατελειφθη μουος ο Ιησους, και 10 ή ευνη εν μέσω ουσα. ανα-KUWAG DE O INGOUG, (KAI MINδενα θεασαμένος πλην της τυvalko:,) ELTEV QUTH, n TUYN, TOU ELOUV EKELVOL OL KATTITOPOL σου ? ουδεις σε κατεκρίνεν ? II n de el Tev, oudeic, Kupie. Elπε δε αυτη ο Ιησους, ουδε ερω σε κατακρινώ, πορεύου, και μηκετι άμαρτανε.

Παλιν ουν ο Ιπσους αυτοις ελάλησε, λεγων, εγω ειμι το φως του κοσμου, ο ακολουθων εμοίς ου μη περιπατησει εν τη σκοτια, αλλ 13 έξει το φως της ζωής. ειπον ουν αυτω οι Φαρισαιοι, συ περι σεαυτου μαρτυρεις, ή μαρτυρια σου ουκ εσ-14 Τιν αληθης, απεκρίθη Ιησους, και ειπεν αυτοις, καν ετω μαρτυρώ περι εμαυτου, αληθης εστιν ημαρτυρία μου, ότι οιδα ποθέν πλθον, και που ύπαιω, ύμεις δε ουκ οιδατέ ποθεν ερχομαι, η που ύπατω. 15 ύμεις κατα την σαρκα κρινέτε, 16 εγω ου κρινω ουδενα. και εαν κρινω δε εγω, ή κρισις ή εμη αληθης εστιν, ότι μονός ουκ ειμι, αλλ' εζω και ο πεμιψας 17 με πατής. Και εν τω νομώ σε τω υμετερώ τεγραπται,

down again, be wrote on the ground. but they who heard a that, being convicted by their own conscience, they all went old and young one after another, so that Jesus was left alone with the woman, who still kept ber place. then Jesus 10 raising bimself, and seeing none but the woman there, he faid to ber, woman, where are your accusers? bath no man condemned thee? Lord, II faid she, no man. and Fesus said to ber, neither do I condemn thee: go, and fin no

Jesus then having reassu-1 med his discourse said to them, I am the light of the world: he that followeth me, shall not walk in darkness, but shall have the light of life. the Pharifees therefore said 13 to him, you give a testimony of your felf, your testimony is not valid. Jesus answer- 14 ed them, though I give testi-mony of my self, yet my testimony is valid: for I know whence I came, and whither I go; but you do not know whence I came, nor whither I go: you pass sentence accor- 15 ding to your passions: I pass fentence on no man; and 16 yet if I did judge, my judgment is true : for I am not alone, but I am with the father who has sent me. now 17

ότι δυο ανθρωπων ή μαρτυρια
18 αληθης εστιν. ετω ειμι ό
μαρτυρων περι εμαυτου, και
μαρτυρει περι εμου ό πεμινας
19 με πατηρ. ελεγον ουν αυτω, που εστιν ό πατηρ σου?
απεκριθη ό Ιησους, ουτε εμε
οιδατε, ουτε τον πατερα μου,
ει εμε ηδειτε, και τον πατερα
μου ηδειτε αν.

20 Ταυτα τα ρηματα ελαλησεν ο Ιησους εν τω Γαζοφυλακιω, διδασκων εν τω ίερω, και ουδεις επιασεν αυτον, ότι ουπω ελπλυθει ή ώρα αυ-2 Ι ΤΟυ. Είπεν ουν παλιν αυτοις ο Ιπσους, " ερω ύπαρω, και " נחדחסבדב עב, גמו בי דח " αμαρτια ύμων αποθανεισθε. όπου εγω ύπαγω, ύμεις ου δυνασθε ελθειν." 22 EXECUTION OUT OF TOUSAION, MITTE αποκτενει έαυτου, ότι λε-[ει, " όπου ειω υπαιω, ϋμεις ου δυνασθε επθειν ? " 23 KAI ELTEV AUTOIC, DHEIC EK TWY KATW EGTE, ETW EK TWY AYW ειμι, ύμεις εκ του κοσμου TOUTOU EGTE, ETW OUK ELLE EK 24 TOU KOOMOU TOUTOU. ELTOY OUY ύμιν ότι αποθανεισθε εν ταις άμαςτιαις ύμων, εαν ταρ μη TIOTEUONTE O, TIETWEIM, aποθανεισθε εν ταις αμαρτιαις 25 ύμων. ελεγον ουν αυτώ, συ TIGEL? KAL ELTEY AUTOIC O Inσους, την αρχην ό, τι και 26 λαλω ύμιν πολλα εχω πε-

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it is written in your law,

* that the testimony of two
men is valid. I indeed do 18
bear testimony of my self,
but the father, who has sent
me, beareth witness of me
likewise. then said they to 19
bim, where is thy father:
Jesus answered, ye neither
know me, nor my father:
if ye knew me, ye would have
known my father also.

Fefus delivered this dif- 20 course in the treasury, when be taught in the temple: and no man laid bands on bim, for bis bour was not yet come. Jesus theresore 21 repeated what he had said, "Igo my way, and ye shall " seek me, and shall die in "your incredulity, so that " whither I go, ye cannot come." then said the Jews, 22 what, will be kill himself? that he says, " whither I "go, you cannot come." and be said to them, ye 23 are from beneath, I am from above: ye are of this world, I am not of this world. therefore I said to 24 you, that ye shall die in your sins: for if you don't believe me to be what I am, ye shall die in your fins. then said 25 they to him, what art thou? and Jesus answered them, I am what I just now told you. I bave many things to fay 26 against

* Deut.xvii 6. xix. 15.

EL VILLOY LATLELY KALL KOLVELY, αλλ ο πεμινας με αληθης εστι. κάςω ά ηκουσα παρ AUTOU, TAUTA RETW EIG TOV 27 אסקעטע. סטא ברישטדמע סדו דטע 28 MATERA AUTOIC ENSTEV. EITHEN ουν αυτοις ο Ιπσους, όταν υ-Ψωσητε τον ύιον του ανθρωπου, τοτε γνωσεσθε ό, τι εγω ειμι, και απ' εμαυτου ποιω ουδεν. αλλα καθως εδιδαξε με ο πατηρ μου, ταυτα λαλω. 20 και ο πεμψας με, μετ' εμου ECTIV. OUK APTIKE HE HOVOV O πατης, ότι εςω τα αρεστα 20 αυτώ ποιω παντοτε. τα αυτου λαλουντος πολλοι ETIGTEUGAV EIG AUTOY. 21 Exerci our à Indous moss τους πεπιστευκοτάς αυτω Ιουδαιους, εαν ύμεις μεινητε έν τω λογω τω εμω, αληθως μα-22 ONTAL HOU ESTE. KAL TVWσεσθε την αληθείαν, και ή αληθεια ελευθερωσει ύμας. 22 απεκριθησαν αυτώ, σπερμα ABCAAH ETHEY, KAI OUDEYI DEδουλευκαμεν πωποτε, πως συ λεγεις, "ότι ελευθεροι γε-34" νησεσθε?" απεκριθη αυ-

τοις ο Ιπσους, αμπν αμπν λε-

γω ύμιν, ότι πας ό ποιων την

άμαρτιαν, δουλος εστι της 35 άμαρτιας. ο δε δουλος ου

MENEL EN TH OIKIA EIG TON ALLI-

να, δυίος μενει εις τον αιωνα. 36 εαν ουν δυίος ύμας ελευθερω-

ση, αντως εκευθεροι εσεσθε.

TE, ANDA CHTHTE WE ATOK-

73: a.,

37 οιδα στι σπεςμα Αβρααμ εσ-

against you: but I only say He that fent me is worthy of belief; and what I have beard of Him, that only I publish to the world. but 27 they did not perceive that be meant the father. Jesus said 28 therefore to them, when ye bave lift up the fon of man, then shall ye know what I am; and that I do nothing of my self, but speak as my father bath instructed me. be that 29 fent me, is with me: the father bath not left me alone. for I always do what is agreeable to him. upon this dif-30 course many believed on bim.

Jesus said therefore to 31 those Tews who believed on bim, if you adhere to my doctrine, then will you be my disciples indeed; and 22 ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free. they answered bim, we are 33 Abraham's offspring, and were never flaves to any man: why then do you fay, " ye " shall be made free?" Je-24 fus answered them, I declare unto you, whosoever committeth sin, is a slave to sin. a slave bas no right to be in 35 the bouse for life: but the son is settled there. if the 36 son therefore shall make you free, you will be free indeed. I know you are Abraham's 27 offspring ; but ye feek to kill

TELVAL, OTI O ROSOC O EMOC OU 38 χωρει εν ύμιν. ετω ο έωρακα παρά τω πάτρι μου, λάλω, και ύμεις ουν ο έωρακατε παρα τω πατρι υμών, ποιειτε. 39 απεκριθησαν και είπον αυτω. ό πατηρ ήμων Αβρααμ εστι. RETEL AUTOIS O INGOUS, EL TEKνα του Αβρααμ ητε, τα ερ-40 τα του Αβρααμ εποιείτε. νυν δε ζητειτε με αποκτειναι, ανθρωπον ός την αληθειαν ύμιν λελαληκα, ήν ηκουσα παρα του Θεου, τουτο Αβρααμ 41 OUK EXCINGEY. UMSIC TOISITE τα εργα του πατρος ύμων. ELTOV OUV AUTW, THEIS EK TOPνειας ου γεγεννημέθα, ένα πα-42 Τερα εχομέν, Τον Θεον. ει-πεν αυτοις ο Ιπσους, ει ο Θεος πατηρ ύμων ην, ηςα-TATE AV EUE, ETW TAP EK TOU Θεου εξηλθον, και ήκω, ουδε γαρ απ' εμαυτου εληλυθα, αλλ εκείνος με απεστείλε. 43 διαΤι Την λαλιαν Την εμην ου *τινωσκετε ? ότι ου δυνασθε α*− κουειν Τον λογον τον εμον. 44 ύμεις εκ πατρος του διαβολου. εστε, και τας επιθυμίας του πατρος υμων θελετε ποιείν. · εκεινος ανθρωποκτονος πν απ' apxn:, Kai EV Th annosia ouk EGTHKEY, OTI OUK EGTLY ANHθεια εν αυτω. όταν λαλη Το ψευδος, εκ των ιδιών λα-ALL, OTI WEUGTHS EGTI, KAN O 45 πατης αυτου. ειω δε ότι την αληθειαν λειώ, ου πισιδτευετε μοι. Τις εξ ύμων ε-

NET XEL

me, because my dostrine doth not penetrate into you. what 28 I have learnt from my father, that I tell: and what you have learnt from your father, that you do. they 39 answered him, Abraham is our father. if you were Abrabam's children, said Jefus, you would att like Abraham. but now ye seek to kill 40 me, the man who has told you the truth, such as I have learnt it of God: Abraham did not all thus. your altions 41 are like your father. at this they reply'd, we are no baftards; we have but one father, even God. Jesus said 12 to them, if God were your father, ye would love me: for I was commissioned by God to come; I did not come of my self, but he sent me. why AZ do not you understand my language? unless because ye cannot bear my dottrine? you, who have the devil for AA your father, will execute the designs of your father: he was a murderer from the beginning, and deserted the truth, since be bas no love for the truth: when he lyes, be speaks like bimself: for be is a lyar, and the father of a lyar. but as to me, because 45 I tell you the truth, you do not believe me. which of you 46 can convict me of sin? if then

λεγχει με περι άμπρτιας ? εἰ δε αληθειαν λεςω, διατι ὑ-47 μεκ ου πιστευετε μοι ? ὁ ων εκ του Θεου; τα ἡπιατα του Θεου ακουει, δια τουτο ὑμεις ουκ ακουετε, ότι εκ Θεου ουκ

48 Απεκριθησαν ουν δι Ιουdatoi, kati ethov autw. ou KARAK RETOMEN THISIS, OTI SAμαρειτης ει συ, και δαιμόνιον 49 εχεις? απεκριθη Ιπσους, εγω dailyvior ouk exw. anna Tiμω τον πατερα μου, και υ-50 usic atimalete us. Etw de ου Επτω την δοξαν μου, εσ-51 TIV O CHTWV KAI KOLVWV. aμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, εάν Τις τον λογον τον εμον τηρηση, θανατον ου μη θεωρηση εις 52 ΤΟΥ αιωνα. ειπον ουν αυτω οι Ιουδαιοι, νυν εγνωκαμεν ότι δαιμονιον εχεις, Αβρααμ απεθανε και οι προφηται, και OU REFEIG, EXP'TIS TOV ROTOV μου Τηρηση, ου μη Γευσηται 53 θανατου εις τον αιωνα. μπ ΄ συ μειζων ει του πατρος ήμων Αβρααμ, όστις απεθανε? και οι προφηται απεθανον, τινα 54 σεαυτον συ ποιεις ? απεκριθη Ιπσους, εαν εςω δοξαζω εμαυτον, η δοξα μου συδεν εστιν: εστιν ο πατηρ μου ο δοξαζων με, ον ύμεις λεγετε ότι Θεος υμων εσ-55 TI. KAL OUK ETYWKATE AUTOY. ετω δε οιδα αυτον, και εαν είπω ότι ουκ οιδα αυτον, εσομαι όμοιος ύμων, ψευστης. then I say the truth, why don't you believe me? he 47 that is of God, does therefore observe what God says: which you do not observe, because ye are not of God.

The Tews answered, and 48 faid to bim, are we not in the right to say, that you are a Samaritan, and are really mad? Jesus answered, 149 am not mad; but I honour my father, and you dishonour me. I do not confult 50 my own glory: there is one that will confult that, and judge accordingly. verily, 51 verily, I fay unto you, whoever observes my dostrine, sball never die. upon this 52 faid the Jews to him, now we plainly perceive you are mad. Abraham is dead, and the prophets too; and yet you say, if a man observes your dostrine, be shall never die. are you greater than 52 our faiber Abrabam, who is dead? the prophets likewife are dead: pray, what do you then pretend to be? Jesus answered, if I bonour d 54 my self, my bonour would be vain: it is my father that bonoureth me, of whom ye say, that he is your God. yet ye bave not known him, 55 but I know bim: and if I should say, I know him not,

αλλ' οιδα αυτον, και τον 56 λογον αυτου τηςω. Αβρααμ ο πατης ύμων ηταλλιασατο iva ion Thy nuspay Thy Euny. 57 Kai eide, kai exapn. eitov ουν οι Ιουδαιοι προς αυτον. **πεντηκοντα ετη ουπω εχεις.** 58 Kal Abbaau Ewbakas? Elπεν αυτοις ὁ Ιπσους, αμην αμην λειω υμίν, ποιν Αβρααμ (Γενεσθαι) εγω ειμι. 59 πραν ουν λιθους ίνα βαλωσιν επ' αυτον, Ιπσους δε εκρυβη, KZI EŽNAĐEN EK TOU LEDOU, (DIελθων δια μεσου αυτων,) και παρηγεν ουτως.

Και παραγων ειδεν ανθρω-2 πον τυφλον εκ Γενετής. ηρωτησαν αυτονοι μαθηται αυτου, λεγοντες, ραββι, τις ημαρτεν? ουτος η οι τονεις αυτου, ίνα τυφλος Γεννηθη? 3 απεκριθη ο Ιπσους, ουτε ουτος πμαρτεν, ουτε οι γονεις αυτου, αλλ ίνα φανηρωθη τα εργά του Θεού εν αυτώ. 4 EUE DEI EPPACEODAI TA EPPA TOU πεμψαντος με έως ήμερα εστιν. ερχεται νυξ, ότε ουδεις 5 δυναται εργαζεσθαι. όταν εν Τω κοσμώ ω, φως ειμι του 6 κοσμου. Ταυτα ειπων, επ-TUGE XAHAI, KAI ETOINGE πηλου εκ Του πτυσματος, και ETTEXPLOS TOV TITILOV STI TOUS

I should be a lyar like you: but I know him, and observe bis commands. your father 56. Abraham long'd to fee my day: and be faw it, and was glad. then said the Jews 57 to bim, you are not yet fifty years old, and bave you feen Abrabam? Jesus said to 58 them, verily, verily I say unto you, before Abraham was I AM. then took 50 they up stones to east at bim: but Jesus was conceal'd by the crowd which he pass d thro', and fo got out of the temple,

As Jesus passed by, he s saw a man that was born blind. and bis disciples pro- 2 pos'd to bim this question, master, * was it for bis own sins, or for the sins of bis parents, that he was born blind? it was not for any 3 sin of bis, said Jesus, or of bis parents: but that the works of God might he displayed thro him. I must perform the 4 works of bim that sent me, while it is day: the night is coming, when no man can work. while I am in the 5 world, I am the light of the world. baving said this, be spit on the ground, which by means of his saliva be made into clay, wherewith he anointed

* The Jews believ'd the passage of human souls out of one body into another.

OΦ -

οφθαλμούς του Τυφλού, και ELTEN AUTW, UTATE, NIWAL EIG την κολυμβηθραν του Σιλωau o Epunvevetal attedταλμένος, απηλθέν ουν και EVIWATO KAI TABE BASTIWY. 8 οι ουν τειτονες και οι θεωρουντες αυτον το προτερού ότι TOOGAITHS HY, EXECUT, OUX ουτος εστιν ο καθημένος και O PROGRITUY? ANDOI ENERGY. ότι όστος εστιν, αλλοί δε. OTI QUOLOS AUTW EOTIV. EKEL-10 vos de exerev. ÓTI ETW EIUI. REFOR OUR AUTW. TOUS AVEWX-11 θησαν σου οι οφθαλμοι? απεκριθη εκείνος, και είπεν, ανθρωπος λεγομένος Ιπσους, **ΤΗΛΟΥ ΕΠΟΙΝΌΣ, ΚΑΙ ΣΠΕΧΟΙΘΈ** μου Τους οφθαλμούς, και είπε μοι, ύπαςε εις την κολυμβηθραν του Σιλωαμ, και νιναι. απελθων δε και νιναμενος, 12 ανέβλεινα. είπον ουν αυτω. TOU ETTIN EKELNOS ? RETEL, OUK

οιδα.

13 Αρουσιν αυτον προς τους Φαρισαιους, τον ποτε τυ14 φλον. ην δε σαββατον ότε τον πηλον εποιησεν ό Ιησους, και ανεώξεν αυτου τους οφ15 θαλμους. παλιν ουν ηρωτων αυτον και όι Φαρισαιοι πως ανεβλεψεν. ό δε ειπεν αυτοις, πηλον επεθηκεν επι τους οφθαλμους μου, και ενιψα16 μην, και βλεπω. ελεγον ουν εκ των Φαρισαιων τινες, όυτος ό ανθρωπος ουκ εστι παρα του Θεου, ότι το σαββα-

nointed the eyes of the blind man, and faid to bim, go wash in the pool of Siloam (a word which signifies sent.) to be went and washed, and came seeing. the neighbours a therefore, and they who before bad seen him begging, said, is not this he that used to sit begging? this is o be. said some; be is like bim, said others: but be said, I am the man. thereupon they 10 said to him, how did you come to your sight? be an- 11 swered, a man call d fesus made clay, and anointed my eyes, and said to me, go to the pool of Siloam, and walh: I went, and washed, and so I saw. then said they to 12 bim, where is he? I don't know, said be.

This very man that had 13 been blind, was at length brought to the Pharifees. now it was the sabbath-day 14 when fesus made the clay, and gave him his sight. the 15 Pharisees therefore ask'd him likewise, how he had received his sight, he told them, he put clay upon mine eyes, and I washed, and now see, thereuton some of 16 the Pharisees said, this man has no divine mission, because

TOY

TOV OU THOEL. ANDLOI ENEROY. πως δυναται ανθρωπος άμαρ-Τωλος Τοιαυτα σημεία ποι-צוע ? אמו סאוסעת חץ צע מע-17 TOIC. REPOUTIN OUN TW TU-Φλω παλίν, συ Τι λεγείς περί αυτου, ότι ενοιξε σου τους οφθαλμους ? ο δε ειπεν, ότι 18 προφητής εστίν. Ουκ επίστευσαν ουν & Ιουδαίοι περί αυτου ότι τυφλος πν, και ανεβλεψεν, έως ότου εφωνησαν TOUS FOYELS AUTOU TOU AVEBRE-19 Ψαντος. και ερωτησαν αυ-Τους, λεγουτες, ουτος εστιν ο ύιος ύμων, ον ύμεις λεγετε OTI TUPNOS EFEVEDO ? TOUS OUN 20 αυτι βλεπει? απεκριθησαν αυτοις οι Γονεις αυτου, και ειπον, οιδαμεν ότι ουτος εστιν ό ύιος ήμων, και ότι τυφλος 2 Ι εγεννήθη. πως δε νυν βλεπεις OUK OIGAUSY, n TIC THOIESY AU-Του Τους οφθαλμους, ήμεις ουκ ordaney, autor maikiay exer, αυτον ερωτησατε, αυτος πε-22 ρι αυτου λαλπσει. Ταυτα ELTON OI FONEIS AUTOUS OTI Eφοβουντο τους Ιουδαιους, ηδη γαρ συνετεθειντο οι Ιουδαιοι, ίνα εαν Τις αυτον όμολογηση Χριστου, αποσυ-23 ναγωγος γενηται. δια τουτο όι γονεις αυτου ειπον, " ότι πλικιαν εχει, αυτον ερωτη-" σατε."

24 Εφωνησαν ουν εκ δευτερου τον ανθρωπον ός ην τυφλος, και ειπον αυτώ, δος δοξαν τώ Θεώ, ήμεις οιδαμεν ότι ό

cause be does not observe the sabbath but said others, if be be an impostor, bow can be do such miracles? and there was a schism among: them. they therefore quef- 17 tion'd the blind man again, what do you say of the man that made you fee? be is a prophet, faid be. but the 18 Jews were so incredulous about his baving been blind, and obtain'd fight, that they fent for bis parents, and 19 ask'd them, is this your son, who you say was born blind? bow came it then that be now sees? bis parents an- 20 swered, that this is our son, and that be was born blind: we are very certain, but by 21 what means it was that he now sees, that we know not : or who made bim see, we know not: he is of age, ask bim, be will answer for bimself. bis parents said this, 22 because they were afraid of the Jews: for the Jews had agreed in this, that if any man did own bim for the Messias, he should be excommunicated. it was this made 23 bis parents say, " be is of " age, ask bim."

They therefore again call d 24 the man that had been blind, and faid to him, in the name of God tell the truth: for A 2 2 we

ανθρωπος δυτος άμαρτωλος 25 EGTIV. ATTERPION EKELVOS, EL αμαρτωλος εστιν, ουκ οιδα, έν οιδα, ότι τυφλος ων, αρτι 26 βλεπω. ειπον δε αυτω πα-ALL TI ETOINGE GOL? TWG 11νοιξε σου τους οφθαλμους? 27 απεκριθη αυτοις, ειπον ύμιν non, kai ouk nkougate, ti παλινθελετε ακουείν ? μπ και ύμεις θελετε αυτου μαθηται 28 τενεσθαι? ελοιδορπσαν συν AUTOV, KAI ELTOV, OU EL HA-· θητης εκεινου, ήμεις δε του 29 Μωσεως εσμεν μαθηται. ήμεις οιδαμεν ότι Μωση λελα-ATIKEN O GEOG. TOUTON DE OUK 30 οιδαμεν ποθεν εστιν. απεκριθη ο ανθρωπος, και ειπεν αυτοις, εν γαρ τουτώ θαυ-MAGTON EGTIN, OTI UMEIC OUK οιδατε ποθεν εστι, και ανεω-3 Ι δε μου τους οφθαλμούς. οιδαμεν δε ότι άμαρτωλων δ GEOGOUK AKOUEL, ANN EAN TIG θεοσεβης η, και το θελημα autou hoin, toutou akouel.

32 Εκ του αιωνος ουκ πκουσθη ότι ηνοιξε τις οφθαλμους τυ33 φλου ΓεΓεννημένου. ει μη ην όυτος παςα Θεου, ουκ ηδυνα34 το ποιειν ουδεν. απεκριθησαν και ειπον αυτω, εν άμαρτιαις συ εΓεννηθης όλος, και συ διδασκεις ήμας ε και εξεβαλον αυτον εξω.

we know that this man is an impostor. whether be be so 25 or not, said be, I don't know: one thing I very well know, that once I was blind, and now I fee. they still urg*a'26 the same question, what did be do to thee? bow did be make you fee? I bave al-27 ready told you that, said be, and did you not bear it? wby would ye bear it over again? bave you likewise a mind to be bis disciples? then they reviled bim, and 28 faid, thou art his disciple; but we are Moses disciples. we know that God commis-29 sion d Moses: as for this fellow, we don't know who fent bim. the man replied, 30 that's very strange that be should make me see, and you should not know who sent bim. now 'tis certain, that 31 God does not countenance impostors: but regards bim only that is religious, and executes bis commands.

It was never beard since 32 the world began, that any man gave sight to one that was born blind. if this man 33 had not his mission from God, he could do nothing. they 34 answered, you were a vicious fellow from your very birth, and do you pretend to preach to us? and then they excommunicated him.

25 HKOUGEV Ó INGOUS ÖTT ÉEβαλον αυτον εξω, και έυρων AUTOV. ELTEV AUTW, OU THO-TEUEIC EIC TON VION TOU GEOU? 26 arekoion ekeivos, kai eite. Tic εστι, Κυριε, ίνα πιστευσω 27 ELS AUTON? ELTE DE AUTO O Ιπσους, και έωρακας αυτου, και ο λαλων μετα σου, εκει-28 vos estiv. o de em, mis-TEUW, KUCIE, KAI TOOOTEKUYN-39 GEV AUTW. KAL ELTEV O Inσους, εις κριμα ερω εις τον κοσμον ΤουΤον πλθον, ίνα δι μη βλεποντες βλεπωσι, και όι βλεποντει τυφλοι Γενών-40 Tal. KAL TKOUTAY EK TWY Φαρισαιών ταυτα δι οντες HET AUTOU, KALEITOV AUTO. UN KAL THEIS TUDAGE ETHEN ? 41 EITEN ANTOK O INGOVE, ELTUφλοι nte, ouk αν ειχετε άμαρ-TIAN, YUY DE REJETE, OTI BREπομεν, ή συν άμαρτια ύμων MEDEL.

Αμπν αμπν λεγω ύμιν, ο μη εισερχομένος δια της θυρας εις την αυλην των προβατων, αλλα αναβαινών αλ-TAXOBEN, EKELVOS KAETTTIS EO-TI KAI ANOTHS. O DE ELGEPχομενος δια Της θυςας, ποιμην 3 εστι των προβατων. τουτω θυρώρος ανοιγεί, και τα προβατα της φωνής αυτου ακουει, και τα ιδια προβατα KAZELKAT OVOMA, KAL EZATEL αυτα. και όταν τα ιδια 7700-

Fesus baving beard that 25 they had excommunicated bim, and meeting with the man, be faid to bim, do you believe on the son of God? be answered and said, who 26 is be, Lord, that I may believe on bim? Jesus said to 37 bim, not only thou bast seen bim, but it is be bimself that is talking with thee. then 38 said he to Jesus, Lord, I believe: and prostrated himself before bim. and Jesus 39 faid, to execute justice am I come into this world: that they who see not, may see ; and that they who do fee, may become blind. Some of 40 the Pharifees who were then present hearing this, said to bim, are we likewise blind? Jesus said to them, if you 41 were blind, you would be excusable 3, but since you own that you fee, you stand conviEted.

I assure you, be that en- 1 treth not by the door into the sheep-fold, but climbeth up some other way is a thief and a robber. but he that 2 enters in by the door, is the pastor of the sheep. the 3 porter lets bim in, and the sheep know bis voice: be calls bis own sheep by name, and leads them out to pasture. when he lets out his own 4 sheep, be goes before them,

and

προβατα εκβαλή, εμπροσθεν αυτων πορευεται, και τα προβατα αυτώ ακολουθει, ότι οιδασι την φωνην αυτου. 5 αλλοτριώ δε ου μη ακολουθησωσιν, αλλα φευξονται απ' αυτου, ότι ουκ οιδασι των αλλοτριών την φωνην. 6 ταυτην την παροιμιαν ειπεν αυτοις ό Ίησους, εκεινοι δε ουκ εγνωσαν τινα ην ά ελαλει

AUTOIC. ELTEN OUN TRAKEN AUTOIS O Ιπσους, αμπν αμπν λεγω υμιν, ότι εγω ειμι ή θυρα των 8 προβατων. παντες οσοι προ εμου πλθον, κλεπται εισι και λησται, αλλ' ουκ πκουσαν 9 αυτων τα προβατα. εγω ειμι τί θυρα, δι' εμου εαν Τις εισελθη, σωθησεται, και εισελευσε-TAI KAI EEENEUTETAI, KAI VOUTV IO EUPTIOEL. O KALETTTIS OUK EDXE-Ται ει μη ίνα κλεψη και θυση και απολεση, ετω πλθον ίνα ζωην εχωσι, και περισσον ε-ΙΙ χωσιν. εγω ειμι ο ποιμην ο κα-Αος, οποιμην ο καλος την ψυχην άυτου τιθησιν ύπερ των 12 προβατων. ο μαθωτος δε. KALL OUK WY TOLLINY, OU OUK ELσι τα προβατα ιδια, θεωρει ΤΟΥ λυκον ερχομένου, και αφιπσι τα προβατα, και φεν-Γει, και ό λυκος άρπαζει αυτα, και σκορπίζει τα προ-13 βατα. ο δε μισθωτος φευ-דבו, סדו שוסטשדסה בסדו, אמו ου μελει αυτώ περι των προ-14 βατων. εςω ειμι ο ποιμην ο

Kαλος

and the sheep follow him: because they know his voice. a stranger they will not fol-5 low, but slee from him: for they know not the voice of strangers. Jesus talk'd to 6 them in this sigurative way: but they did not understand the meaning of his discourse.

Jesus therefore subjoin'd, 7 I declare unto you, I am the door of the sheep-fold. they 8 who have personated me, are all thieves and robbers: but the sheep did not follow them. I am the door: by me if q any man enter in, he shall be saved; be shall go in and out, and find pasture. the 10 thief comes only to steal, to kill, and destroy: but I am come that they might have life, and have it with all its advantages. I am the true 11 pastor: the true pastor exposes his life for the sheep. but the hireling, who is not 12 the pastor, nor bas the property of the sheep, seeing the wolf come, leaves the sheep, and flies away: so the wolf seizes some, and disperses the flock. the bireling flies, be-13 cause be is an bircling, and is under no concern for the sheep. I am the true pastor, 14 I know my sheep, and my Sheep

καλος, και Γινωσκω Τα εμα. και Γινωσκομαι ύπο των ε-15 µwy. KAÛWS TIVWOKEL HE Ô πατπε, κάτω τινωσκώ τον TATTER, KALTIN WUXIN HOU τύνως έτες των προβατων. 16 και ανιλα προβατα εχω ά ουκ ETTIN EK THE OUNTE TOUTHE. κάκεινα με δει αγαγείν, και της φωνης μου ακουσουσι, LE TEMOSTAL MA HOLLYN: EK 17 ποιμην. δια Τουτο ό πατης με αγαπα, ότι εγω τιθημι την ψυχην μου, ίνα παλιν 18 λαβω αυτην. ουδεις αιρει αυτην απ' εμου, αλλ' εςω τιθημι αυτην απ' εμαυτου, εξουσιαν εχω θειναι αυτην, και εξουσιαν εχω παλιν λαβειν αυτην. Ταυτην την εντολην ελαβον παρα του πατρος μου.

19 Σχισμα ουν παλιν εγενετο εν τοις Ιουδαιοις δια τους λο20 γους τουτους. ελεγον δε πολλοι εξ αυτων, δαιμονιον εχει, και μαινεται, τι αυτου α21 κουετε? αλλοι ελεγον, ταυτα τα βηματα ουκ εστι δαιμονίζομενου, μη δαιμονιον δυναται τυφλων οφθαλμους ανοιτειν?

22 Εγενετο δε τα εγκαινια εν τοις Ιεροσολυμοις, και χειμων 23 πν. και περιεπατει ο Ιπσους εν τω ιέρω εν τη στοα του 24 Σολομωντος, εκυκλωσαν ουν αυτον οι Ιουδαιοι, και ελεγον αυτώ, έως ποτε την ψυχην ήμων αιρεις? ει συ ει ο Χριστος, ειπε ήμιν παρρήσια.

sheep know me. . (as the fa- 15 ther and I are known to one another:) and I lay down my life for them. other sheep 16 I have, which are not of this fold: them also I must bring; they will bear my voice; and fo there shall be but one fold, and one pastor. therefore doth my father love 17 me, because I lay down my life, but I shall reassume it. no man can take it from me, 18 but I voluntarily lay it down: I have power to lay it down. and I have power to take it again. this is the order I bave received from my father.

There was another schism 19 therefore among the Jews, occasion'd by this discourse. for many of them said, he 20 is possessed with a demon, and is mad; why do you mind him? others said, 21 this is not the language of one possess'd: can a demongive sight to the blind?

At length the feast of the 22 dedication was kept at ferusalem, when the weather happen'd to be foul as fesus there-23 fore was walking in the temple in Solomon's portico, the fews 24 came about him, and said, how long will you keep us in suspense? if you are the Messiah.

25 απεκριθη αυτοις ο Ιησουκ. ELTTON VILLY. KAL OU THOTTEUE-TE. TA EDIA A ETW TOLWEYTW ονοματι του πατρος μου. Ταυτα μαρτυρεί περί εμου. 26 and viner ou TIGTEVETE, OTI OUK EGTE EK TWY TOOBATWY των εμων, (καθως ειπον ύ-27 μιν.) τα προβατα τα εμα της Φωνης μου ακουει, καιω γινωσκω αυτα, και ακολου-28 θουσι μοι. κάζω ζωπν αιωνιον διδωμι αυτοις, και ου μη απολωνται εις τον αιωνα, και ουχ άρπασει τις αυτα εκ της 29 χειρος μου. ό πατηρ μου ός δεδωκε μοι, μειζων παντων εστι, και ουδεις δυναται άρ-TALEIVEK THE XELPOS TOU TA-30 τρος μου. εςω και ὁ πατηρ 31 εν εσμεν. εβαστασαν ουν παλιν λιθους οι Ιουδαιοι, ίνα 32 λιθασωσιν αυτον. απεκριθη αυτοις ο Ιπσους, πολλα καλα εργα εδειξα ύμιν εκ του πατρος μου, δια ποιον αυ-33 των εργον λιθαζετε με ? απεκοιθησαν αυτω οι Ιουδαιοι, **περι καλου** εργου ου λιθαζομεν σε, αλλα περι βλασφημιας, και ότι συ ανθρωπος ων, 34 ποιεις σεαυτον Θεον. απεκρίθη αυτοις ο Ιπσους, ουκ εστι ΓεΓραμμενον εν τω νομώ υμων, "εγω ειπον, θεοι εστε?" 35 EL EKELVOUS ELTE DEOUS, TOOS OUS à hopos tou Geou efeveto, kai ου δυναται λυθηναι ή γραφη, 36 ον ο πατηρ ήτιασε, και απεστειλεν

Meshab, tell us plainly. Je-25 fus answered them, I told you, and ye did not believe me: the works that I do in my father's name, they testify of me. but, as I faid be- 26 fore, you do not believe : because ye are not of my sbeep. my sheep bear my voice, 127 know them, and they follow me. it is I that give them 28 eternal life, and they shall never perish, neither shall any one force them out of my band. my father who gave 29 them me, is greater than all: so that no one is able to force them out of my father's hand. I and my father are one. 20 then the fews took up flones 31 again to stone bim. Jesus 32. answered them, many good works have I showed you from my father; for which of those works would you Stone me? the Jews an-23 fwered him, saying, it is not for any good work that we stone thee; but sor blasphemy, inafmuch as you, being a man, pretend to be a God. Jesusanswered them, is 24 it not written in your law *, " I said ye are Gods?" if 35 the law stiles them Gods, who received the orders of God, and if the scripture is of any authortiy, bow can you 36 say that I blaspheme, I whom ibe

στειλεν είς τον κοσμον, υμεις λεγετε, ότι βλασφημεις, ότι είπον, ύιος του Θεου
37 είμι εί ου ποιω τα εργα
του πατρος μου, μη πιστευ38 ετε μοι. εί δε ποιω, κάν εμοι μη πιστευητε, τοις εργοις πιστευσατε: ὑια γνωτε, και πιστευσυτε ότι εν εμοι

ο πατης, κάτω εν αυτώ.
39 Εζητουν ουν παλιν αυτον πιασαι: και εξηλθεν εκ της 40 χειρος αυτών. και απηλθε παλιν περαν του Ιορδανου, εκ τον τοπον οπου ην Ιωαννης το πρωτον βαπτίζων:

41 και εμείνεν εκει. και πολλοι ηλθον προς αυτον, και ελεγον, ότι Ιωαννης μεν σημείον εποιησεν ουδεν: παντα δε όσα είπεν Ιωαννης περί του42 του, αληθη ην. και επίστευσαν πολλοι εκει εις αυτον.

1 Ην δε τις ασθενων Λαζαρος απο Βηθανιας, εκ της
κωμης Μαριας και Μαρθας
2 της αδελφης αυτης. ην δε
Μαρια ή αλειψασα τον Κυριον μυρώ, και εκμαξασα τους
ποδας αυτου ταις θριξιν άυτης, ής ὁ αδελφος Λαζαρος
3 ησθενει. απεστειλαν ουν
αι αδελφαι αυτου προς αυτου, λερουσαι, Κυριε, ιδε, όν

4 φιλεις, ασθενει. ακουσας δε δ Ιπσους, ειπεν, άυτη ή ασθενεια ουκ εστι προς θανατον, αλλ ύπερ της δοξης του Θεου, ίνα δοξασθη ό υιος του Θεου δί αυτης.

ησπα

the father bath sanctified, and sent into the world, because I said I am the son of God? if I do not the works 37 of my father, believe me not. but if I do, though ye believe 38 not me, believe the works: that ye may know and believe that the father is in me, and I in him.

Thereupon they again en-39 deavour'd to seize bim: but be escaped out of their hands, and retir'd beyond fordan, 40 to the place where John at first baptized; and there be abode. and many resort-41 ed unto him, and said, John did no miracle: but every thing that be said concerning this man, was true. so that 42 many people there believed on him.

Now a certain man was fick, named Lazarus, who was of Bethany, the town of Mary, and of Martha ber fister. (it was that Mary 2 who perfum'd the Lord with ointment, after baving wiped his feet with ber bair, whose brother Lazarus was fick.) bis two fifters therefore fent this message to fesus; be, Lord, whom you love, is fick. when Jesus beard that, he 4 said, the discase is not to be mortal, but is designed for the glory of God, that the son of God might be glorified Вьь thereby.

ηταπα δε ο Ιπσους Την Μαρθαν, και την αδελφην αυτης, και τον Λαζαρον, ώς ουν ηκουσεν ότι ασθενεί. Τοτε μεν εμεινεν εν ώ ην τοπω δυο ήμερας. επείτα μετα τουτο λείει τοις μαθηταις αυτου, αγωμεν εις την Ιουδαιαν παλιν. **Γουσιν αυτω οι μαθηται, ραβ-**Βι, νυν εζητουν σε πιθασαι οι Ιουδαιοι, και παλιν ύπαγεις εκει? απεκριθη ο Ιησους, ουχι δωδεκα εισιν ώραι της ημερας ε εαν τις περιπατη εν τη ημερα, ου προσκοπτει, ότι το φως του κοσμού του-10 TOU BRETELL EAV DE TIS TEριπατή εν τη νυκτί, προσ-KOTTEL, OTL TO OUS OUK 11 εστιν εν αυτώ. Ταυτα ειπε: και μετα τουτο λεγει αυτοις, Λαζαρος ὁ φιλος ήμων ΚΕΚΟΙμηται, αλλα πορευομαι 12 ίνα εξυπνισω αυτον. ειπον ουν οι μαθηται αυτου, Κυριε, ει κεκοιμηται, σωθησε-13 ται. ειρηκει δε ό Ιησους περι του θανατου αυτου : εκεινοι δε εδοξαν ότι περι της κοιμη-14 σεως του ύπνου λεγει. Τοτε ουν είπεν αυτοίς ο Ιπσούς παρ-15 ρησια, Λαζαρος απεθανε. και χαιριο δι' ύμας, ίνα πιστευ-16 σητε ότι ουκ ημην εκει. αλλ ⁰ αγωμεν προς αυτον. ειπεν ουν Θωμας, ο λεγομενος Διδυμος, τοις συμμαθηταις, α-**Γωμεν και ήμεις, ίνα αποθα-**HULLEY HET' AUTOU.

thereby. now Jesus loved z Martha, and her fister, and Lazarus. bowever, be stay'd 6 in the place where he was. even two days after be had beard that Lazarus was fick. and then be said to bis disci- 7 ples, let us return to Judea. upon which his disciples said, 8 master, it is not long since the Jews attempted to Stone you; and are you for going thither again? Jesus answered, are a there not twelve bours in the day? be that travels by day does not stumble, because be bas the light of this world to see by. but if a man travels 10 by night he stumbles, because there is no light for him. thus he entertain'd them: 11 and after that, be said to them, our friend Lazarus is asleep; but I am going to awake bim. then said bis 12 disciples, Lord, if he sleep, be will recover; though Je-12 fus meant it of Lazarus's death: but they understood it of the natural rest in sleep. then Jefus told them plainly, 14 Lazarus is dead. and I15 am glad for your sakes that I was not there (to the intent you may believe) but now, let us go to bim. then said 16 Thomas, that is, Didymus, to bis fellew-disciples, let us also go, that we may die with bim.

Ελθων ουν ο Ιπσους, έυρεν αυτον τεσσαρας ήμερας ηδη 18 εχοντα εν τω μνημειω. δε ή Βηθανια εγγυς των Ιεροσολυμών, ώς απο σταδίων 19 δεκαπεντε. και πολλοι εκ των Ιουδαιων εππρυθεισαν προς τας περι Μαρθαν και Μαριαν, ίνα παραμυθησων-TAI AUTAS TEOL TOU ASENDOU 20 αυτων. ή ουν Μαρθα ώς ηκουσεν ότι ό Ιπσους ερχεται, ύπηντησεν αυτώ, Μαρια δε 2 I EV TW OIKW EKABELETO. EITTEY ουν ή Μαρθα προς τον Ιησουν, Κυριε, ει ης ώδε, ο αδέλφος μου ουκ αν ετεθνηκει. 22 αλλα και νυν οιδα ότι όσα αν αιτηση του Θεου, δωσει 23 σοι ο Θεος. λεγει αυτη ο Ιησους, αναστησεται ο α-24 δελφος σου. λεγει αυτώ Μαρθα, οιδα ότι αγαστησε-TAL EV TH AVAGTAGEL EV TH 25 ETXATH HUEPA. ELTEV AUTH ο Ιπσους, ετω ειμι ή αναστασις και ή ζωη: ο πιστευων εις εμε, καν αποθανή, ζησε-26 ται: και πας ο ζων και TIOTEUMY EIG EHE, OU HIT ATTOθανή εις τον αιώνα. πιστευ-27 εις τουτο? λεγει αυτώ, ναι Κυριε, ετω πεπιστευκα ότι συ ει ο Χριστος ο ύιος του Θεου, ο εις Τον κοσμον ερχομενος. 28 Και ταυτα ειπουσα α-

πηλθε, και εφωνήσε Μαριαν την αδελφην άυτης λαθρα, ειπουσα, ο διδασκαλος πα-39 ρεστι, και φωνεί σε. εκείνη œ

When Jesus was arriv'd, 17. be found that Lazarus had been then four days in the grave. now Bethany being 18 distant from Jerusalem but about fifteen furlongs, many 19 of the Jews came to Martha and Mary, to condole with them upon the loss of their brother. Martha, as foon as 20 she beard that Fosus was coming, went to meet bim: but Mary stay'd at bome. Lord, said Martha to Jesus, 21 if you had been here, my brother had not been dead. but yet even now whatever 22 you shall ask of God, I know God will grant it to you. Jesus said to ber, your bro- 23 ther shall rise again. Mar-24 tha said to him, I know that be shall rise again at the resurrection of the last day. Jesus said to ber, I am the 25 resurrection, and the life: be that believeth in me shall live even though he were dead: and no man living 26 that believeth in me, shall ever die. do you believe this? 27 yes, Lord, said Martha, I believe that thou art the Messiab the son of God, who was to come into the world. When she had said this, 28

she went privately to call Mary ber Ister, saying, the master is come, and calls for you. no sooner she heard 29 Bbb 2 that,

ώς ηκουσεν, εγειρεται ταχυ, και ερχεται προς αυτον. 20 ουπω δε εληλυθει ο Ιησους. εις Την κωμην, αλλ' ην εν τω τοπω όπου ύπηντησεν 31 αυτω ή Μαρθα. οι ουν Ιου-Casul of OUTSS HET AUTHS EN τη εκια και παραμυθουμενοι AUTHY, IDONTES THY MADIAN ότι ταχεως ανεστή και έξηλθεν. ηκολουθιισαν αυτη, λε-TOYTEC, OTI UTATEL EIG TO μνημειού, ίνα κλαυση εκει. 32 ή ουν Μαρια ώς ηλθεν όπου ην ο Ιησους, ιδουσα αυτον, επεσεν εις τους ποδας αυτου. *λεγουσα αυτώ*, Κυριε, ει ης ώδε, ουκ αν απεθανε μου δ 33 αδέλφος: Ιπσους ουν, ώς ειδεν αυτην κλαιουσαν, και τους συνελθοντας αυτη Ιουδαιου: κλαιοντας, ενεβριμησατοτω πνευματι, και ετα-34 ραζεν έαυτον, και ειπε, που 35 TEBLIKATE AUTON? REFOUGLY αυτώ, Κυριε, ερχου και ιδε. 36 εδακρυσεν ο Ιπσους. ελεγον ουν οι Ιουδαιοι, ιδε πως εφι-37 λει αυτον. Τινες δε εξ αυτων ειπου, ουκ πουνατο όυτος ό αυριξας τους οφθαλμούς του τυφλου, ποιησαι ίνα και όυτος 38 μη αποθανή? Ιπσους ουν παλιν εμβριμώμενος εν έαυτω, EDXETAL EIG TO JUMILELOY. NY δε σπηλαιού, και λιθος επε-39 κειτο επ' αυτω. Αεγει ό Ιπ... JOK, APATE TOU DIBOV. DEFEL αυτω ή αδελφη του τεθνηκοτος, Μαρθα, Κυριε, πόπ

อไย :

that, but the arose with all freed, and came to bim. for 30 Jesus was not yet arrived in the town, but staid at the place were Martha met bim. the Jews then who were with 21 Mary in the bouse to comfort ber, when they saw that she role in such haste, and went out, followed her, saying, she is going to the grave to weep there. Mary being come to 32 the place where Jesus was, as foon as the faw bim, foe fell down at his feet, saying, Lord, if you bad been bere, mybrother had not been dead. when Jesus therefore saw her 33 weeping, and the Jews also weeping who came with her, be fighed from his heart, and was troubled, and faid, 34 where have ye laid him? they said to him, Lord, come 35 and see. then Jesus wept. upon which the Jews said, 36 fee how be loved him. but 37 some of them said, this man who has given fight to the blind, could not be bave prevented Lazarus's death? Fesus then again sighing, 38 came to the sepulchre which was a cave, shut up by a stone. Jesus said, take away 39 the stone. Martha, sister to the deceased, faid to bim, Lord, by this time he is offensive: sor be bath been

OLEI; TETAPTAIOS TOP EOTI-40 REEL AUTH O INGOUG OUK ELπον σοι ότι εαν πιστευσης, OWEL THY SOEARY TOU SOU! או חסמע סטע דסע אולסע, (סט מע ס ס TEUVIKUS KELLEVOS.) Ó DE INσους πρε τους οφθαλμους ανω. και ειπε, "πατερ, ευχα-" ριστω σοι ότι πκουσας μου. " εΓω δε ηδειν ότι παντοτε μου ακουεις: αλλα δια τον " οχλον Τον περιεστωτα ει~ " πον, ίνα πιστευσωσιν ότι " συ με απεστειλας." και ταυτα ειτων, φωνη μεγαλη εκραυγασε, Δαζαρε, δευρο AA EEW. KAL EEMABEN O TEUNKWC. δεδεμένος Τους ποδας, και Τας χειρας κειριαις: και ή οψις αυτου σουδαριώ περιεδεδετο. λεγει αυτοις ό Inσους, λυσατε αυτον, και α-AS ΦΕΤΕ υπαΓΕΙΏ. עטס אטאסדע εκ των Ιουδαιων όι επθοντες προς την Μαριαν, και θεασαμενοι ά εποιπσεν ο Ιπσους. ETIOTEUGAN EIG AUTON.

46 Τινες δε εξ αυτων απηλβον προς τους Φαρισαιους,
και ειπον αυτοις ά εποιπσεν

47 ο Ιπσους. συνηγαγον ουν οι
αεχιερεις και οι Φαρισαιοι συ* εδριον, και ελεγον, τι ποισυμεν ? ότι όυτος ο ανθρωπος πολλα σημεια ποιει.
48 εαν αφωμεν αυτον ουτω,
παντες πιστευσουσιν εις αυτον : και ελευσονται οι Ρωμαιοι, και αρουσιν ήμων και

TOY

dead four days. Fesus said 40 to ber, did I not tell you, that if you would believe, you should see the glory of God? then they took away the stone 41 from the place where the corps was laid. and Fesus listing up his eyes to heaven faid, " father, I thank thee " that thou bast beard me. " I know that thou bearest 42 " me always: but I say this, " because of the people here " present, that they may be-" lieve that thou hast sent " me." when he had spoke 43 this, he cried with a loud voice, Lazarus, come forth. and be that was dead came 44 forth, his body wrapt in a winding sheet: and his face bound about with a napkin. loose bim, said Jesus, and let bim go. many therefore of 45 the Jews who came to see Mary, and had seen what Jesus had done, believed on bim.

But some of them went to 46 the Pharisees, and told them what Jesus had done. upon 47 this the chief priests and the Pharisees being assembled in council, said, what shall, we do? for this man performs many miracles. if we let him 48 go on at this rate, all will believe on him; and the Romans will come, and destroy both our temple and nation.

49 τον τοπον και το εθνος. είς δε τις εξ αυτών Καιαφας. APXIEPEUS WY TOU EVIAUTOU E-KELVOUS ELTEN AUTOICS DINEIS 50 ουκ οιδατε ουδεν. ουδε λογιζεσθε ότι συμφερει ήμιν ίνα έις ανθρωπος αποθανη ύπερ Του λάου, και μη όλου Το 51 εθνος αποληται. Τουτο δε αθ έαυτου ουκ ειπεν: αλλα APXIEDEUS WY TOU EVIAUTOU EKSIVOU, TROSEMITEUTEV OTI Eμελλεν ο Ιπσους αποθνησκειν 52 ύπερ του εθνους: και συχ ύπεο του εθνους μονον, αλλ' INA KAL TA TEKNA TOU SEOU τα διεσκορπισμένα συναζα-53 Fm בוג בע. מח באבוטחג סטע της ήμερας συνεβουλευσαντο ίνα αποκτεινωσιν αυτον.

54 Ιπσουςουνουκ ετιπαρέπσια περιεπατει εν τοις Ιουδαιοις, ANNA ATTINDED EKELBED EIG TID χωραν εγγυς της ερημου, εις Εφραιμ λεγομενην πολιν, κακει διετριβε μετα των μαθη-55 των άυτου. ην δε εγγυς το πασχα των Ιουδαιών: και ανεβησαν πολλοι εις Ιεροσολυμα εκ της χωρας προ του πασχα, ίνα άγνισωσιν έαυ-56 TOUR. ELITTOUY OUN TON Inσουν, και ελεγον μετ' αλληεν τω ίερω έστηκοτες, ΤΑ ΘΟΚΕΙ ύμιν, ότι ου μη ελθη 57 είς την έορτην ? δεδωκεισαν δε οι αρχιερεις και οι Φαρισαιοι εντολην, ίνα εαν τις

but one of them named Caia- 49 phas, being the high priest at that time, said to them, we don't know what you are about. you little consider it is 50 our interest, that one man should die for the people, to prevent the destruction of the whole nation. now this he 51 did not say from bis own motion: but being high priest that year, be prophesied that Fesus should die for the nation: and not for that nation 52 only, but likewise to reassemble the dispersed children of God into one body. from that 53 day therefore, they consulted together to put Jesus to death.

For which reason he did st not afterwards appear publickly among the Fews; but retird into the country near the defart, to a city called Ephraim, and there continued with his disciples. now the ex passover of the Jews being nigh: the people of that country went in great numbers to Jerusalem before the passover, in order to purify themselves. when they were 56 in the temple, they enquired for Jefus, and faid to one another, do you think he will not be at the seast? now both 57 the chief priests and the Pharifees had published an order, that if any man knew where

γνώ που εστι, μηνυση, όπως πιασωσιν αυτον.

Ο ουν Ιησους προ έξ ήμερων του πασχα ηλθεν εις Βηθανιαν, όπου ην Λαζαρος ό TEUNKUC, ON MELLEN EK VEKPWY 2 ο Ιησους, εποιησαν ουν αυ-Τω δειπνον εκει, και ή Μαρθα διηκουει: ο δε Δαζαρος είς την των ανακειμένων συν αυ-3 τω. ή ουν Μαρια, παβουσα λιτραν μυρου ναρδου πιστι-KMS MODUTIMOU, MARINE TOUS ποδας του Ιπσου, και εξεμαξε ταις θειξιν άυτης τους TOOK AUTOU: n DE OIKIA Eπληρωθη εκ της οσμης του 4 MUDOU. RETEL OUVER EK TWY μαθητων αυτου, Ιουδας (Σιμωνος) Ισκαριωτης, ὁ μελλων 5 αυτον παςαδιδοναι, διατι TOUTO TO MUDON OUK EMPART Τριακοσιων δηναριων, και ε-6 δοθη πτωχοις ? είπε δε του-Το, ουχ ότι περι των πτωχων εμέλεν αυτώ, αλλ' ότι KAETTIK TV, KAI TO TAWOOO-KOMOV EIXE, KAI TA BANNO-7 μενα εβασταζεν. ειπεν ουν ο Ιπσους, αφες αυτην: εις την ήμεραν του ενταφιασμου 8 μου τετπρηκέν αυτο. τους **ΆΤωχους Γαρ παντότε έχετε** μεθ' εαυτων, εμε δε ου παν-9 TOTE EXITE. EFYEN OUT OXXOC πολυς εκ των Ιουδαιών ότι EKEL ETTI, KAL HABOY OU GIA τον Ιπσουν μονον, αλλ ίνα και τον Λαζαρον ιδωσιν, όν

MEELDEN

be was, he should give information in order to have him seized.

Six days before the passo- 1 ver Jesus came to Bethany, where Lazarus was, who had been dead, and raised to life again. there a sup- 2 per was provided for bim: Martha was in waiting: but Lazarus was one of the quests that sat at table with bim. but Mary taking a 3 pound of the oil of spikenard which was very costly, anointed the feet of fesus, and wiped them with ber bair: so that the house was filled with the odour of the perfume, whereupon one of 4 bis disciples, Judas: Iscariot, Simon's son, who was to betray bim, said, why was not this ointment fold for three bundred pence, to be given to the poor? this he faid, not out of any concern for the poor; but because being purse-bearer be used to pilfer what was in bank. then said Jesus, let ber alone: against the day of my burial hath she kept this. the poor you will always have 8 with you; but me you will not always bave. a great 9 multitude of Jews knowing that Jesus was there, went thither, not for his fake only, but likewise to see Lazarus, wbom

10 ηγειρεν εκ νεκρων. εβουλευσαντο δε οι αρχιερεις ίνα και
τον Λαζαρον αποκτάνωσιν:
11 ότι πολλοι δι αυτον ύπηγον
των Ιουδαιων, και επιστευον
εις τον Ιπσουν.

12 Τη επαυριον οχλος πολυς ό ελθων εις την έορτην, α+ κουσαντες ότι ερχεται ό Ιη-12 σους εις Ιεροσολυμα, ελαβον τα βαια των φοινικών, και εξηλθον εις ύπαντησιν αυτω. και εκράζου, " Ωσαννά, ευ-" λογημενος ο ερχομενος εν ονοματι Κυριου, ο βασι-14" λευς του Ισραπλ." έυρων δε ο Ιπσους οναριον, εκαθισεν επ' αυτο, καθως εστι γεγραμ-15 μενον, " μη φοβου θυγατερ Σιων: ιδου, ο βασιλευς " σου ερχεται, καθημένος επι 16" πωλον ονου." Ταυτα δε ουκ εγνωσαν οι μαθηται αυτου το πρωτον: αλλ ότε εδοξασθη ο Ιησους, τοτε εμνησθησαν ότι ταυτα ην επ' αυτώ Γεγραμμένα, και τάυ-17 τα εποιπσαν αυτω. εμαρτυρει ουν ο οχλος ο ων μετ' αυτου, ότι τον Λαζαρον εφωνήσεν εκ Του μνημείου, και 18 nreicev autov ek vekpwv. dia τουτο και υπηντησεν αυτω **δ**οχλος, ότι πκουσαν τουτο AUTOV TETOINKEVAL TO ON-19 μειον. δι ουν Φαρισαιοι ειπον προς εαυτους: θεωρειτε ATT OUR WOENEITE OUDEN ? IDE.

whom he had raised from the dead, for the chief priests 10 had resolved to put even Lazarus to death; hecause 11 he was the occasion that many of the Jews left them, and believed on Jesus.

The next day, a crowd of 12 people that were come to the feast, bearing that Fesus was on the road to ferufalem. took branches of palm-12 trees, and went to meet bim, crying *, " Hosanna, blessed " is the king of Israel that " comes in the name of the "Lord." now Jesus was 14 riding upon a young afs, which he got by the way; as it is written +, " fear 15 " not, daughter of Sion: " behold, thy king comes sit-" ting on an ass's colt." this 16 passage his disciples did not understand at the first: but when Jesus was glorified, they remembred how they bad mounted bim, and perceiv'd that those words related to him. the people 17 that were present testified, that be called Lazarus out of bis grave, and raised bim from the dead. and it was 18 upon the rumour of this miracle, that the people crowded to bim. the Pharifees there- 19 fore said among themselves, don't you perceive we luse ground?

* PGI, exvili, 25,26. + Zech, ix.9.

ο κοσμος οπισω αυτου απηλθεν.

Hoay de Tives Exampes εκ των αναβαινοντων ίνα προσκυνησωσιν εν τη έροτη. 2 Ι ουτοι ουν προσηλθον Φιλιππω τω απο Βηθσαιδα της Γαλιλαιας, και πρωτων αυ-TOY, REPOYTES, KUPIE, BERO-22 μεν τον Ιπσουν ιδείν. ερχε-TOI DINITHOS, KOI NEFEL TW Ανδιεα: και παλιν Ανδιρεας και Φιλιππος λετουσι τω Ιπ-23 σου. όδε Ιπσους απεκρινατο αυτοις, λεγων, ελπλυθεν ή ώρα ίνα δοξασθη ό ύιος του 24 ανθεωπου. αμην αμην κετω ULLY, EAV UN O KOKKOS TOU σιτου πεσων εις την την αποθανή, αυτος μονος μενει: εαν δε αποθανη, πολυν καρ-25 TOV PEDEL. O DIRWY THY WU-×ην αυτου, απολεσει αυτην: και ο μισων την ψυχην αυ-Του εν Τω κοσμώ Τουτώ, εις ζωπν αιωνίου φυλαξει αυ-26 Thy. Eav Eugl Stakovn Tic, εμοι ακολουθείτω, και όπου ειμι εςω, εκει και ο διακονος U ENOS ECTAL: KAL EAV TIS EUOL BLAKOVIS TILLIOSEL AUTOV. ό πατης.

27 "Νυν ή ψυχη μου Τε" ταρακται και τι ειπω,
" πατερ, σωσον με εκ της
" ωρας ταυτης ? αλλα δια
" τουτο ηλθον εις την ωραν
28" ταυτην. πατερ, δοξασον
" σου το ονομα." ηλθεν ουν
φωνη εκ του ουρανου, " και
" εδοξ-

ground? you see what a world of followers attend him.

In the mean time, among 20 the rest that came to worship at the feast, there were 21 certain Greeks, who address'd themselves to Philip, who was of Bethfaida in Galilee. faying, fir, we would fain see Fesus. Philip went to 22 tell Andrew: and then both of them mention'd it to Jesus. but Jesus answered them, 22 laying, the time is come, when the son of man is to be glorified. verily, verily I fay un- 24 to you, when a corn of wheat is thrown into the ground, there it lies a single grain unless it dies: but if it die, it becomes very fruitful. be that loveth his life, shall lose it: but be that sacrifices bis life in this world, shall preserve it to eternity. if 26 any man would ferve me, let him follow me; and where I am, there also shall my fervant be : wboever ferves me, bim will my father reward.

"Now is my foul treu-27
"bled; what! shall I say,
"father, save me from this
"concern? but for this cause
"am I come, even for this
"very concern. father, glo-28
"rify thy name." then there
came this voice from beaven,

εδοξασα, και παλιν δοξα-29" σω." ὁ ουν οχλος ὁ ἐσ-TWE KAL AKOUTAG ENERE BOOK-Την Γεγονεναι. αλλοι ελεγον, ATTEROS AUTW RENARIKEV. 20 attenpion o Indous, kai eiπεν, ου δι εμε άυτη ή φωνη 21 regover, anna di vuas. vur KOLOIC EOTI TOU KOOHOU TOU-TOU: VUY O APXWY TOU KOOμου τουτου εκβληθησεται κά τω, εαν ύψωθω εκ 22 εξω. Της της, παντας έλκυσω 33 προς εμαυτον. Τουτο δε ελειε, σημαινών ποιώ θανα-Τω πμελλεν αποθνησκειν.

34 Απεκριθη αυτω ο οχλος, THEIR TROUGALLEY EK TOU VOμου ότι ο Χριστος μενει εις Τον αιωνα: και πως συ λε-**Γεις ότι δει ύνωθηναι τον ύιον** Του ανθρωπου? Τις εστιν ουτος ο ύιος του ανθεωπου? 35 ELTEN DUN AUTOK O INGOUS, ετι μικρον (χρονον) το φως μεθ' ύμων εστι: περιπατει-ΤΕ έως το φως εχετε, ίνα μη σκοτια υμάς καταλαβη: KAL O TEPITATUVEV TH OKO-Τια, ουκ οιδε που ύπατει. 36 EWS TO DWS EXETE, THOTEUETE εις το φως, ίνα ύιοι φωτος **Γενησθε.** Ταυτα ελαλησεν δ Ιπσοικ, και απελθων εκρυβη απ' αυτων.

37 Τοσαυτα δε αυτου σημεια πεποιηκότος εμπροσθεν αυτων, ουκ επιστευον εις 38 αυτον: ίνα ο λογος Ησαιου

TOU

" I have glorified it, and " will glorify it again." the people therefore present 29 who heard the noise, said it was thunder: others said. an angel spake to bim. Te- 30 sus said, this voice came not for my fake, but for yours. now is this world con- 21 demn'd: now shall the prince of this world be cast out. as for me, when I shall be 32 lifted up from the earth. I will draw all men unto me. (this he said to signify what 22 death be should die.)

Upon which the people said 34 to bim, we have learnt from the law, that the Messiab is to live for ever : why do you say then, the son of man must be lift up? who is this fon of man? Jesus an-35 swer'd them, yet a little while is the light with you: walk while ye have the light, left darkness surprize you: for be that walketh in darkness, does not know whither be goes. while ye 36 bave the light, believe in the light, that ye may be the children of light. after having said these things, Jesus retir'd, and conceal'd bimself from them.

But though he had done 37 fo many miracles in their presence, yet they did not believe on him: so that the 38

passage

του προφητου πληρωθη, όν ELTE, " KUDE, TIC ETIOTEUGE " τη ακοη ήμων, και ο βρα-" Σιων Κυριου Τινι απεκα-39 " λυφθη ?" δια τουτο ουκ ηδυναντο πιστευειν, ότι πα-40 REV ELTEV HEALTS, " Φλωκεν αυτών τους οφ-" θαλμους, και πεπωρωκεν « αυτων την καρδίαν: ίνα μη ιδωσι τοις οφθαλμοις, και νοησωσι τη καρδια, και επιστραφωσι, και 41" ומסשומו מעדטע." Tauτα ειπεν Ησαιας ότε ειδε την δοξαν αυτου, και ελαλησε όμως μεν τοι 42 TEPL AUTOU. και εκ των αρχοντων πολ-ADI ETITOTEUTAN EK AUTON: αλλα δια τους Φαρισαιους ουχ ώμολογουν, ίνα μη απο-43 συναγωγοι γενωνται. ηγαπησάν γαρ την δοξάν των ανθρωπων μαλλον ππερ την δοξαν του Θεου.

44 Ιπσους δε εκραξε και ειπεν, δ πιστευων εις εμε, ου πιστευει εις εμε, αλλ΄ εις τον 45 πεμψαντα με. και δ θεωρων εμε, θεωρει τον πεμψάν-46 τα με. εςω φως εις τον κοσμον ελπλυθα, ίνα πας δ πιστευων εις εμε, εν τη σκοτια 47 μη μεινη. και εαν τις μου ακουση των βηματων, και μη πιστευση, εςω ου κρινω αυτον: ου ςαρ πλθον ίνα κρινω τον κοσμον, αλλ΄ ίνα σωσω

passage of Esaias the prophet was fulfilled, where he fars . " Lord, who bath " believed our report? and " to whom bath the arm " of the Lord been reveal-" ed? therefore they could 39 not believe, according to what Esaias said in another placet, be bath blinded their eyes, 40 " and bardned their beart: " that they should not see " with their eyes, nor un-" derstand with their heart. " and be converted, and I " should heal them." these AI things said Esaias, when he saw bis glory, and spake of bim. nevertbeless there were 12 many even among the chief rulers, who believed on him ; but they did not own it publickly for fear the Pharifees should excommunicate them. for they preferr'd their own 43 reputation to the glory of God.

Then fefus rais'd bis voice, 44 and faid, be that believeth on me, does not so much believe on me, as on him that sent me. and he that contem-45 plates me, contemplates him that sent me. I am come \$46 light into the world, that who so ever believeth on me, might not abide in darkness, but if any man hear my 47 words, and does not believe them, it is not I that condemn CCCC 2 bim:

48 σωσω Τον κοσμον. ο αθετων εμε, και μη παμβανων
τα ρηματα μου, εχει τον
κρινοντα αυτον: ο πορος ον
επαπησα, εκεινος κρινει αυτον εν τη εσχατη ήμερα.
49 ότι ερω εξ εμαυτου ουκ επαπησα: απλ ο πεμψας με
πατηρ, αυτος μοι εντοπην
εδωκε, τι ειπω και τι παπη50 σω. και οιδα ότι ή εντοπη
αυτου ζωη αιωνιος εστιν.
ά ουν παπω ερω, καθως ειρηκε μοι ο πατηρ, όυτω
παπω.

The de the eopths tou $\pi\alpha$ σχα, ειδως ο Ιπσους ότι εληλυθεν αυτου ή ώρα ίνα μεταβη εκ του κοσμού τουτου προς τον πατερα, αγαπησας τους ιδιους τους εν τω κοσμώ, εις Τέλος ηςαπησεν 2 αυτους. και δειπνου Γενομενου, του διαβολου ηδη βεβληκοτος εις την καρδιαν Ιουδα Σιμώνος Ισκαριώτου, 3 ίνα αυτον παραδώ. ειδώς ο Ιπσους ότι παντα δεδωκεν . αυτώ ο πατηρ εις τας χειρας, και ότι απο Θεου εξηλθε, και προς του Θεον ύπα-4 רבו, ברבוףבדמו בא דסט לבוחיסט, και τίθησι τα ιματια, και . λαβων λεντιον, διεζωσεν έ-5 αυτον. ειτα βαλλει ύδωρ εις τον νιπτηρα, και ηρξατο νιπτειν τους ποδώς των μαθητων, και εκμασσειν τω MIT W bim : for I came not to condemn the world, but to fave the world. he that rejecteth 48 me, and does not embrace my dollrine, bath one that condemns bim : the dollrine that I have delivered, that shall condemn bim in the last day. for I have not spoken 49 for my felf; but the father who fent me, be commission'd me, what I should reach, and what I should speak. and 50 I know that it is a committeen of eternal life: whatever therefore I fay, I deliver just as the father directed me.

Now before the feast of I the passover, Jesus perceiving that bis bour was come, when he was to pass out of this world, and go to the sather, having loved his own which were in the world, he loved them unto the end. while they were at supper, (the devil having now put it into the heart of Judas Iscariot, Simon's son, to betray bim) Jesus, though he knew 3 that the father had given all things into his hands, and that he was come from God, and was going to God, rose 4 from supper, laid aside bis garment, and took a towel to wrap about bim. after that, be poured water into a bason, and began to wash the disciples feet, and to wipe

κεντιφ φ ην διεζωσμενος. 6 ερχεται ουν προς Σιμώνα Πε-TODY, KAL REFEL AUTO EKELVOS, KUCIS, OU HOU VITTEIS TOUS 7 ποδας? απεκριθη Ιησους. KAI ELTEY AUTW, DETW TOLW. συ ουκ οιδας αρτι, γνωση 8 δε μετα ταυτα. λεγει αυ-TW HETPOS, OU UN VIWING TOUS ποδας μου εις τον αιωνα, απεκριθη αυτω ό Ιπσους, εαν μη νιψω σε ουκ εχεις μερος 9 MET' EMOV. RETEL AUTW 21μων Πετρος, Κυριε, μπ τους ποδας μου μονον, αλλα και Τας χειρας και Την κεφαλην. 10 ASTEL AUTO O INTOUS, O RE-LOUMENOS OU XDEIAN EXEL N τους ποδας νιψασθαι, αλλ' εστι καθαρος όλος: και ύμεις καθαροι εστε, αλλ' ουχι παν-11 Τες. ηδει γαρ τον παραδιδοντα αυτον: δια τουτο ειπεν, ουχι ταντες καθαροι. 12 EGTI. OTE OUV EVINE TOUS ποδας αυτων, και ελαβε τα ίματια άυτου, αναπεσων παλιν, ειπεν αυτοις, Γινωσκετε τι πεποιηκα ύμιν? 13 ύμεις φωνειτε με, ο διδασκαλος και ὁ κυριος: και καλως I 4 REFETE, EILL PAP. EL OUR EFW ενιψα ύμων τους ποδας, ό κυριος και ο διδασκαλος, και ύμεις οφειλετε αλλπλων νιπ-15 τειν τους ποδας. υποδειτμα γαο εδωκα ύμιν, ίνα καθως ετω εποιησα ύμιν, και ύμεις 16 ποιπτε. αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ουκ εστι δουλος μειζων

them with the towel wherewith he was girded. then 6 coming to Simon Peter, Peter faid to bim, Lord, what ! would you wash my feet? Jefus answered bim, you don't 7 at present comprehend what I am about: but bereafter you shall. Peter said to bim, 8 you shall never wash my feet. Jesus answered, if I do not cleanse thee, you cannot partake with me. Simon Peter a faid to bim, Lord, not my feet only, but also my bands and my bead. Jesus said to 10 bim, be that comes out from bathing has occasion only to wash bis feet, the rest of his body being clean: so you are clean, but not every one of you. for be knew who would 11 betray bim; therefore, said be, you are not every one of you clean. after be bad 12 washed their feet, be took bis garment, and setting down again, he faid to them, do you comprehend what I have been doing? you call 13 me master, and lord: and you are in the right; for so I am. if I then, tho' lord 14 and master, bave washed your feet, you also ought to web one another's feet. for 15 I bave given you example, that you might behave to one another, as I have to you. I16 declare unto you, the fervant

TOU KUDIOU AUTOUS OUDE ATTO-TOXOS LEILON TOU TELLWAY-17 TOS AUTOP. EL TAUTA OLÓA-TE. MAKADIOLEGITE. EAV TOIN-18 ΤΕ Αυτα. Ου περι παντων υμων λεγω: εγω γαρ οιδα όυς eteretaum, arr iva n paφη πληρωθη, "ό τρωςων μετ' ELIOU TON APTON, ETHOEN ET " εμε την πτεργαν άυτου." 19 απ αρτι λεγω ύμιν προτου reverbai, iva otay revntai, 20 πιστευσητε ότι ειω ειμι. αμην αμην λειω ύμιν, ο λαμβα-YWY, EAY TIVA TEUWW, EUE λαμβανει, ο δε εμε λαμβαμον. λαμβανει του πεμιναντα με.

Ταυτα ειπων ο Ιπσους εταραχθη τω πνευματι, και EHAPTUPNOE, KAI ELTEV, Aμην αμπν λεγω ύμιν, ότι είς 22 εξ ύμων παραδωσει με. BRETTON OUN EIG ARRAMROUG OI μαθηται, απορουμενοι περι 23 TIVOS NETEL. IN DE AVAKELHE-VOC ELC EK TWY MADITWY AUτου εν τω κολπω του Ιπσου, ον ηγαπα ο Ιησους. 24 yevel our touth Simur Tieτρος πυθεσθαι τις αν ειη περι 25 OU RETEL. ETHTEOTON OUN E-KELVOS ETI TO OTHOS TOU INσου, λετει αυτώ, Κυριεπτις 26 E TIV ? A TOKPLYET AL O Inσους, εκεινος εστιν ώ εγω βαψας το ψωμιον επιδωσω.

is not greater than bis lord. neither be that is fent, greater than be that sent him. if ye 17 comprehend these things, happy are ye if ye put them in practice. I say not this of 18 you all; for I know whom I bave chosen: and that passage of the scripture must be fulfilled, * " He that eateth " bread with me, bath lift " up bis beel against me." Itellit you now before it bap- 10 pens, that when it is come to pass, you may believe that I am the Messias. I declare 20 unto you, be that receiveth bim that I send, receiveth me: and be that receiveth me. receiveth bim that sent me.

When Jesus utter'd these 21 words, he was troubled in spirit, and said without disquise, I assure you, that one of you shall betray me. then 22 the disciples looked one on another, being in pain to know who be meant. now 22 the favourite disciple of Jefus fat next to bim at table. Simon Peter therefore bec-24 koned to him, to ask who it was be meant. then accord-25 ingly bending his bead to Jefus's ear, be whisper'd, Lord, who is it? Jesus answered, 26 be it is, to whom I shall give a sop, when I have made it. and when he had made the Sop,

και εμβαψας το ψωμον, διδωσιν Ιουδα Σιμωνος Ισκα-27 DIWTH- KAI META TO WW-MION TOTE ELOTABEN ELS EKELNON ό Σαταναί. λεγεί ουν αυτώ ό Ιπσους, ό πειεις, ποιπσον 28 TAXION. TOUTO DE OUDEIS ETνω των ανακειμένων προς τι 29 ειπεν αυτώ. Τινες ταρ εδοκουν, επει το Γλωσσοκομον ELXEY O TOUGAS, OT I RETEL AUτω ο Ιπσους, αγορασον ών XCELEN EXOLEN ELC THY EODTHY η τοις πτωχοις ίνα τι δω. 30 λαβων ουν το ψωμιον εκεινος. ευθεως εξπλθεν, πν δε νυξ ότε συν εξπλθε. Λεγει ο Ιησους, νυν εδοξασθη ό ύιος του ανθρωπου, και 32 ο Θεος εδοξασθη εν αυτω. ει ό Θεος εδοξασθη εν αυτώ, και ό Θεος δοξασει αυτον εν έαυτω, και ευθυς δοξασει αυτον. 33 Τεκνια, εΤι μικρον μεθ΄ ύμων ELLL. ENTROETE HE, KAL KAθως ειπον τοις Ιουδαιοις: " ότι " όπου ύπαςω εςω, ύμεις ου " δυνασθε εκθειν," και ύμιν 34 λεγω αρτι. εντολην καινην διδωμι ύμιν, " ίνα αγαπατε αλληλους, καθως ηγαπη-" σα ύμας, ίνα και ύμεις α-35" γαπατε αλλπλους." Τουτω γνωσονται παντες ότι

εμοι μαθηται εστε, εαν αγα-36 πην εχητε εν αλληλοις. λεγει

αυτώ Σιμών Πετρος, Κυριε,

που ύπαςεις? απεκριθη αυτω ο Ιπσους, οπου ύπαςω,

ου δυνασαι μοι νυν ακολου-

Ðn-

for, be gave it to Judas Ifcariet, the son of Simon. and 27 after be bad taken the fop, Satan entred into bim. then said Tesus to bim, what you do, do quickly. but the com- 22 pany at table did not know what he meant by saying so. for as Judas bad the purse, 20 some of them thought, that Fesus bad ordered bim to buy what was necessary against the feast: or give something to the poor. Judas then hav-30 ing received the sop, immediately went out: and it was night.

When he was gone, Jesus 31. said, now is the son of man glorified, and God is glorified by bim. as God is glorified 32 by bim, so God will glorify bim in bimself, and will immediately glorify bim. dear children, I am with you but for a little while. you shall seek me: but as I said to the Jews, so now I say to you, "where I am going you " cannot come." a new com-24 mandment I give unto you, " that ye love one another; " that you would have the " same love for one another " as I have had for you." by this mutual love shall all 35 men know that you are my disciples. Simon Peter said 36 to bim, Lord, where are you going? Jesus answered him,

θησαι, ύστερον δε ακολουθη37 σεις. λεγει αυτώ ο Πετρος,
Κυριε, διατι ου δυναμαι σοι
ακολουθησαι αρτι? την ψυχην μου ύπερ σου θησω.
38 απεκριθη αυτώ ο Ιησουκ, την
ψυχην σου ύπερ εμου θησεις?
αμην αμην λεγω σοι, ου μη
αλεκτώρ φωνησει έως ου απαρνηση με τρις.

Μη ταρασσισθω ύμων ή KAPOIA. TIOTEVETE EIC TOV OE-2 OV. KOLLEIS EUE THOTEUETE. EV Τη οικία Του πατρος μου μοναι πολλαι εισιν ; ει δε μη. ειπον αν ύμιν, ότι πορευομαι ο ετοιμασαι τοπον ύμιν. εαν πορευθω, και έτοιμασω ύμιν Τοπον, παλιν ερχομαι, και παραληψομαι ύμας προ εμαυτον, ίνα όπου ειμι εςω, 4 και ύμεις ητε. και όπου ύπα-TW, OIDATE, KAN THY ODON OI-5 δατε. λεγει αυτώ Θωμας, Κυριε, ουκ οιδαμεν που ύπατεις, και πως δυναμεθα την 6 odov eiderai? Refei autio o Ιπσους, εγω ειμι π όδος, και ή αληθειά, και ή ζωη, ουδεις ερχεται προς τον πατερα, 7 EL un di Euov. EL ETYWKETTE με, και τον πατερα μου εγνωκειτε αν, και απ' αρτι Γινωσκετε αυτου, και έωρακατε 8 αυτον. λείει αυτώ Φιλιππος, Κυριε, δειξον ήμιν τον πατε-9 ρα, και αρκει ήμιν. περει αυτω ο Ιμσους, τοσουτον

bim, you cannot at prefent follow me, where I am going; but hereafter you shall. Peter said to him, Lord, why 37 can't I follow you now? I will lay down my life for your sake. Jesus answered him, 38 you lay down your life for my sake! Verily, verily I say unto thee, the cock shall not crow, till thou hast denied me thrice.

Let not your beart be I troubled: you trust in God, trust also in me. in my sa- 2 ther's bouse are many mansions; bowever, I have told you, I am going to prepare a place for you: and when I 3 am gone, and bave prepar'd a place for you, I will come again, to take you with me, that where I am there ve may be also. and where I am go- 4 ing you know, and the way ye know. Thomas faid 10 5 bim, Lord, we know not whither you are going, how then can we know the way? Jesus said to bim, I am the 6 way, and the truth, and the life: no man can come to the father, but by me. if you 7 bad known me, you would likewise bave known my sather: and from henceforth you shall know him, nay, you bave seen bim. Philip said to 8 bim, Lord shew us the father, and we are satisfied. Jesus 9 Said

χρονον μεθ' ύμων ειμι, και ουκ εγνωκατε με? Φιλιππε, ό έωρακως εμε, έωρακε τον πατερα, πως συ λεγεις, δείξιον ήμιν τον πατερα? ου πιστευεις ότι εγω εν τω παττρι, και ό πατηρ εν εμοι εστι? τα ρηματα ά εγω λαλω, ό δε πατηρ ό εν εμοι μενων, αυτος ποιει τα εργα. 11 πιστευετε μοι ότι εγω εν τω πατρι, και ό πατηρ εν εμοι, ει δε μη, δια τα εργα αυτα πιστευετε μοι.

12 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ό πιστευων εις εμε, τα εργα ά ε-ω ποιω, κακείνος ποιπσεί, και μειζονα τουτών ποιησει: ότε ετω προς του πα-13 Τερα πορευομαι. και ό, Τι αν αιτησητε εν τω ονοματι μου, τουτο ποιπσω, ίνα δοξασθη ο πατηρ εν τω ύιω. 14 EAV TI AITHORTE EV TW OVO-15 ματι μου, εζω ποιησω. εαν αταπατε με, τας εντολας 16 τας εμας της πσατε. ετω ερωτησω τον πατέρα, και αλλον παρακλητον δωσει ύμιν, ίνα μενη μεθ' ύμων 17 εις Τον αιώνα: Το πνευμα Της αλπθειας, ο ο κοσμος ου δυναται λαβειν, ότι ου θεωρει αυτο, ουδε τινωσκει αυτο, ύμεις δε γινωσκετε αυτο, ότι παρ' ύμιν μεχει, και εν ύμιν εσται. OUK faid to bim, bave I been with you so long, and don't you know me yet? Philip, be that bath feen me, bath feen the father; why then do you say, shew us the father? don't you believe that 10 I am in the father, and the father in me? the words that I speak unto you, I speak indeed, tho' not from my felf; but as to the works, the father, who dwells in me, he is the agent. believe me, I am 1 I in the father, and the father in me: at least believe me upon account of the very works.

I assure you, be that be-12 lievelb on me, shall likewise perform the works that I do ; nay, greater works than thefe shall be do; because for that end am Igoing to my father. and if in my name ye shall 13 ask any thing of the father, whereby he may be glorified by the son, I will effect it. when ye shall ask any thing 14 in my name, I will do it. if ye love me, keep my com-15 mandments. and I will pray 16 the father, and he shall give you another advocate, to abide with you for ever; e-17 ven the spirit of truth, whom the world cannot receive, because it neither sees nor knows him: but ye shall know him, for be shall dwell with you, Ddd

18 ουκ αφησω ύμας ορφανους. 1 Ο ΕΡΧΟμαι προς ύμας. ΕΤΙ μι-KDOV, KAL O KOOLOG HE OUK ετι θεωρει, ύμεις δε θεωρειτε με, ότι εγω ζω, και ύμεις ζη-20 σεσθε. εν εκεινή τη ήμερα γνωσισθε ύμεις ότι ειω εν τω TATEL HOU, KAL THEIS EV EHOL, 21 Kato EV UMV. OEXWY TAG EVτολας μου, και τηςων αυτας, EKELVOS EGTIV O ATATWV HE: ό δε αταπων με, αταπηθησεται ύπο του πατρος μου, και ειω αιαπησω αυτον, και εμφανισω αυτω εμαυ-TOY.

22 Aerei auto Ioudas, oux ο Ισκαριωτης Κυριε, τι Γε-**ΓΟ**ΥΕΥ ΟΤΙ ΤΙΜΕΥ ΜΕΧΙΧΕΙς ΕΜΦΑΎ!ζειν σεαυτον, και ουχι τω 23 κοσμω? απεκριθη ο Ιησους, KAL ELTEY AUTO: EAY TIS Aταπα με, Τον λοτον μου Tnρησει, και ο πατηρ μου α-FATTOEL AUTON, KALTEOS AUτον ελευσομέθα, και μονην 24 παρ' αυτώ ποιησομεν. μη αγαπών με, τους λογους μου ου Τητει, και ο λοτος όν AKOUETE, OUK EOTIV EMOS, AXλα Του πεμιμαντος με πα-25 Τρος. Τ. ΌΤα λελαληκα ύ-26 μιν, παρ ύμιν μενών ο δε παρακλητοί, το πυευμα το άγιους ο πεμιψεί ο πατηρ εν τω ονοματι μου, εκείνος ύμας διδαξει παντα, και ύπομυησει ύμας παντα α ειπυν 27 ύμιν. ειρηνην αφιημι ύμιν, εις πνην την εμην οίδωμι ύμιν,

and shall be in you. I will 18 not leave you orphans; I will come again to you. yet a lit- 19 tle while, and the world shall see me no more: but ye shall see me: because I shall live again, and ye shall live also. then shall you know, that I 20 am in my father, and you in me, and I in you. be that bath 21 received my commandments. and keeps them, be it is that loves me: and he that loves me, shall be beloved by my father, and I will love bim, and shew my self unto bim.

Judas (not Iscariot) said to 22 bim, wby Lord, will you show your self to us, and not to the world? Jesus answer-23 ed bim, be that loves me, will observe my precepts: and my father will love him, and we will come unto bim, and make our abode with him. be does 21 not love me, who does not observe my precepts: for the doctrine which you have beard, is not mine, but the father's who sent me. this is 25 what I have to tell you, for the little time that I am with you. but the advocate, the 26 boly spirit, whom the father will fend for my jake, be will explain every thing to you, and make you remember, all that I have told you. I bid you farewell! I give 27 you my last farewell; but I do

ου καθως ο κοσμος διδωσιν. ετω διδωμι ύμιν. μη ταςασσεσθω ύμων ή καρδια, μηδε 28 δειλιατω. πκουσατε ότι ετω ειπον υμιν, "υπαζω, και ερχο-" μαι προς ύμας," ει ηγαπατε HE, EXAPITE AV. OTI TODEUOμαι προς τον πατερα, ότι ό 29 πατηρ μειζων μου εστι- και νυν ειρηκα ύμιν πριν γενεσθαι. ίνα όταν τενηται, πιστευση-30 Τε. ΟυΚ ΕΤΙ ΠΟλλα λαλησω μεθ' ύμων, ερχεται γαρ δ Του κοσμού αρχών, και εν 3 I EMOL OUK EXSLOUGEN, AND IVA τνω ο κοσμος ότι αταπω τον πατερα, και καθως ενετειλατο μοι ο πατηρ, ουτω ποιω. εγειρεσθε, αγωμεν εντευθεν.

Ερω είμι ή αμπελος ή αληθινη, και ό πατηρ μου ό Γε-2 ωργος εστι. παν κλημα εν εμοι μη φερον καρπον, αιρει αυτο, και παν το καρπον φερου, καθαιρει αυτο, ίνα 3 πλειονα καρπον φερη. nôn ύμεις καθαςοι εστε δία τον 4 λογον όν λελαληκα ύμιν. μεινατε εν εμοι, κάτω εν ύμιν, καθως το κλημα ου δυναται καρπον φερείν αφ' έαυτου, εαν μη μεινή εν τη αμπελω, ουτως ουδε ύμεις, εαν μη εν < εμοι μεινητε. εγω ειμι ή αμπελος, υμει: τα κληματα, C HEVROY EN EMOL, KATO EN AU-

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do not give it out of common formality: don't be concern'd for me, or apprehensive for your selves. ye have heard 28 me fay, " I am going away, " and shall come again un-" to you." if ye loved me, ye would rejoice at my going to the father: for the father is greater than I. this I have 29 told you now, before it come to pass, that when it is come to pass, ye may believe, my conversation will now be but short with you, for the 30 prince of the world is coming: not that he has any thing 31 against me, but that the world may know that I love the father, by my executing the commands which my father gave me: arife, let us go bence.

I am the genuine vine, and my father is the vintager. every branch in me that beareth not fruit, be takes away: as for the branch that bears fruit, be trunes it clean, to make it more fruitful, yeu are already clean by the instruttions I have given you. be attach'd to me, and I shall be so to you. as the branch cannot bear fruit of it felf, except it be attach'd to the vine: so neither can you, except you continue attach'd to me. I am the vine, you are the branches; he that abideth

Ddd≥

TW. OUTOS DEPEL KARTON TOλυν, ότι χωρίς εμού ου δυ-6 νασθε ποιείν ουδεν. εαν μη τις μενη εν εμοι, εβληθη έξω ώς το κλημα, και εξηρανθη, και συνατουσίν αυτα, και εις το πυο βαλλουσι. 7 KAI KAIETAI. EAN MEINNTE EN εμοί, και τα ρηματα μου εν ύμιν μεινη, ό εαν θελητε, αιτησεσθε, και τενησεται ύμιν. 8 εν τουτω εδοξασθη ο πατηρ μου, ίνα καρπου πολυν φερητε, και Γενησεσθε εμοι μα-9 θηται. καθως ηγαπησε με ό πατηρ, κάζω ηζαπησα ύμας, μεινατε εν τη αγαπη 10 τη εμπ. εαν τας εντολας, μου Τηρησητε, μενειτε εν Τη αγαπη μου, καθως εγω τας Εντολας του πατρος μου τετηρηκα, και μενω αυτου εν

τη αζαπη. Ταυτα λελαληκα υμιν, ίνα ή χαρα ή εμη εν ύμιν η, και ή χαςα ύμων πληρωθη. 12 αυτη εστιν ή εντολη ή εμη, ίνα αγαπατε αλληλους, κα-13 θως ηγαπησα ύμας. μειζονα ταυτης αξαπην ουδείς εxu, ίνα τις την ψυχην άυτου θη ύπες των φιλων αυτου. Ι 4 υμεις φιλοι μου εστε, εαν ποιητε έσα εγω εντελλομαι 15 ύμιν. Ι ουκετι ύμας περω δουλους, ότι ο δουλος ουκ οιδε Τι ποιει αυτου ο κυριος: ύμας δε ειξηκά φιλούς, ότι

in me, and I in bim, the same bringeth forth much fruit: for independent of me ye can do nothing. if a man abide 6 not in me, be is cast away as withered branches that are gather'd up to be thrown into the fire, where they are burned. if ye abide in me, 7 and my words abide in you, ask robat ye will, and you shall obtain it. my father 8 will be bonour'd by your bearing much fruit, and you will have the honour of being my disciples. as the father 9 bas loved me, and I bave loved you: so do you persevere in your love to me. your 10 love to me will be in keeping my commandments: even as I love my father by keeping bis commandments.

These things have I spoken 11 to you, that you might have some present comfort, and that bereafter your joy might be compleat. this is my com- 12 mandment, that ye love one another, as I have loved you. there cannot be greater love 13 than that of a man, who lays down bis life for his friends. you will be my friends, if 1.4
you do what I have commanded von. benceforth I 15 do not treat you as servants; for the fervant is unacquainted with his master's assairs but I have treated you as friend s

παντα ά ηκουσα παρα του πατρος μου, εγνωρισα ύμιν. 16 ουχ ύμεις με εξελεξασθε, αλλ' εγω εξελεξασθε και εθηκα ύμας, ίνα ύμεις ύπαγη-τε, και καρπον φερητε, και ό καρπος ύμων μενη: ίνα ό, τι αν αιτησητε τον πατερα εν τω ονοματι μου, δω ύμιν.

17 Ταυτα εντελλομαι υμιν, 18 ίνα αγαπατε αλληλους. ο κοσμος ύμας μισει, γινωσκετε ότι εμε πρωτον ύμων 19 MEMIGTIKEY. EL EK TOU KOOμου ητε, ο κοσμος αν το ιδιον EDINEL: OTI DE EK TOU KOO-HOU OUK EGTE, ANN ETW EEEλεξαμην ύμας εκ του κοσμου, δια τουτο μισει ύμας ο κοσ-20 μος. μνημονεύετε του λογου ού εςω ειπον ύμιν, " ουκ εστι " δουλος μειζων του κυριου " αυτου." ει εμε εδιωξαν, και ύμας διωξουσιν: ει τον λογον μου ετηρησαν, και τον 2 Ι υμετερον Τηρησουσιν. αλλα Ταυτα παντα ποιησουσιν ύμιν δια το ονομα μου, ότι ουκ οιδασι τον πεμιναντα 22 με. ει μη ηλθού και ελάλησα αυτοις, αμαρτιαν ουκ ELXOV: YUY DE TROOPATIV OUK εχουσι περι της άμαρτιας αυ-23 Των. Ο εμε μισων και τον 24πατερα μου μισει. έι τα εργα μη εποιησα εν αυτοις, ά ουδεις αλλος εποιησεν, άμαρ-Τιαν ουκ ειχον: νυν δεέωςαfriends; for what I have learnt of my father, I have communicated to you. it 16 was not you that chose me, but I that chose you, and establish'd you, that your travels may be fruitful, and your fruit be lasting: so that whatever ye shall ask of the father for my sake, he will give it you.

Above all I enjoin you, 17 to love one another, if the 18 world bate you, consider that it bated me before it bated you. if you were of 19 the world, the world would love its own: but because you are not of the world, but I have chosen you out of the world, therefore the world does bate you. remember 20 what I told you, " the fer-" vant is not greater than bis " master." if they have persecuted me, they will also persecute you: if they have been spies upon my discourse, they will be so upon yours. but 21 all thefe things will they do unto you, out of batred to my name, because they know not bim that fent me. if I22 bad not appear'd, and inform'd them, they would have been innocent: but now they have no excuse for their fin. be that bateth me, hateth 23 my father also. if I had not 24 done among them fach works as no other ever did, they had

κασι, και μεμισηκάσι και εμε και Τον πατερα μου. 25 αλλ ίνα πληρωθη ο λογος ο γεγραμμενος εν τω νομω αυτων, "ότι εμισησαν με δω-26" ρεαν." όταν δε ελθη ό παρακλητος, όν εγω πεμψω ύμιν παρα του πατρος, το πνευμα της αληθειας, ό παρα του πατρος εκπορευεται, εκεινος μαρτυρησει περι εμου. 27 και ύμεις δε μαρτυρειτε, ότι απ' αρχης μετ' εμου εστε.

Ταυτα λελαληκα υμιν. 2 ίνα μη σκανδαλισθητε. ποσυναγωγους ποιησουσιν ύμας: αλλ ερχεται ώρα ίνα πας ο αποκτεινας ύμας, δοξη λατρειαν προσφερείν τω Θεω-3 και ταυτα ποιησουσιν, ότι ουκ εγνωσαν τον πατερα,ουδε 4 εμε. αλλα ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ίνα όταν ελθη ή ωρα αυτων, μνημονευητε ότι ειω ειπον ύμιν. ταυτα δε ύμιν εξ αρχης ουκ ειπου, ότι μεθ' υμων ημην. νυν δε ύπαιω προς τον πεμψαντα με, και ουδεις εξ ύμων ερω-6 τα με, που ύπαγεις? αλλ ότι ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν. ή λυπη πεπληρωκέν ύμων την 7 καρδιαν. αλλ' εγω την αληθειαν λεγω υμιν, συμφερει ύμιν ίνα ετω απεκθω: εαν

been innocent: but though
they have seen them, yet they
bate both me and my father.
so that the passage is sulfilled 25
that is written in their law*,
they bated me without a
cause. but when the 25
advocate is come, whom I
will send to you from the
father, even the spirit of
truth, which proceedeth from
the father, be shall testify
of me. and ye also shall bear 27
witness, because ye have been
with me from the beginning.

I bave told you thefe things 1 that ve may not be discouraged. they shall expel you out of 2 the synagogues: yea, the time is coming, when it will be thought an agreeable sacrifice to God for any one to take away your lives, and thus 3 will they treat you, because they have not known the father, nor ma but these things 4. bave I told you, that when the time shall come, ye may remember what I now tell you. I did not tell you so much at the beginning, because I was then to be with you. but 5 now I am going to him that sent me; yet none of you ask me now, whither are you going? are your minds for overwhelm'd with forrow at what I told you? nevertheless

[αρ μη απελθω, ο πάρακλη-TOC OUK ENEUGETAL TOOK VHAC. εαν δε πορευθω, πεμινω αυ-S τον προς ύμας. και ελθων EKELVOS EXELES TON KOOLON TEPL αμαρτιας και περι δικαιοσυ-9 νης και περι κρισεως. περι αμαστιας μεν, ότι ου πισ-10 TEUOUTLY EIG ELLE. TEPL DIκαιοσυνης δε, ότι προς τον πατερα ύπαρω, και ουκ ετι II θεωρείτε με. περι δε κρισεως, ότι ό αρχων του κοσ-12 HOU TOUTOU KEKPITÆL. ETI πολλα εχω λεγειν ύμιν, αλλ ου δυνασθε βασταζειν αρτι. 13 όταν δε ελθη εκεινος, το πνευμα της αληθειας, όδητησει ύμας εις πασαν την αληθειαν: ου γαρ λαλησει αφ' έαυτου, αλλ' όσα αν ακουση, λαλησει, και τα ι + ερχομενα αναιτελει ύμιν. εκεινος εμε δοξασει, ότι εκ TOU εμου ληψεται, = και α-15 νας τελει ύμιν. παντα δσα EXEL D TATTO, EMA ECTI: SIX TOUTO ELTOY OTL EK TOU εμου ληψεται, "και ανας-

16 Μικρού, και ου θεωρείτε με, και παλιν μικρού, και οψέσθε με, ότι ύπαρω προς του 17 πατερα. είπου ουν εκ των μαθητων αυτου προς αλληλούς,
τι εστι τουτο ο λεγει ήμιν,

theless. I tell you the truth; it is expedient for you that I go away: for if I do not go away, the advocate will not come unto you; but if I depart, I will send bim to you. and when he is come, he & will convince the world of fin, of justice, of judgment : of fin, o because they believed not on 10 me; of justice, because I shall be with my father, and ye shall fee me no more expos'd: of 11 judgment, because the prince of this world is condemn'd. I12. bave yet many things to tell you, but ye cannot bear them now; but when he, the spirit 13 of truth shall come, he will inform you of all those truths: for be will not speak from bimself; but the information be shall receive will be communicate: and acquaint you with what is to come. he shall 14 glorify me: for be will commuincate to you, the information, which I shall give him. all that the father has is 15 mine: that is the reason of my saying, " be shall commu-" nicate to you the informa-" tion that I shall give him."

Within a little while ye 16
shall not see me: but within
a little while ye shall see me
again, because I am going to
the father. then said some of 17
bis disciples among themselves,
what is the meaning of his

∫ay-

μικρον, και ου θεωρειτε με, και παλιν μικρον, και οψεσθε με : και, ότι ετω ύ-" παιω προς τον πατερα?" 18 EXERON OUN, TOUTO TI EGTIN O RETEL," TO HIKPOY?" OUK OIDA-19 MEY TI XXXEI. ETYW OUY O Inσους ότι ηθελον συτον ερω-TAV, KAI ELTEV AUTOK, TEρι τουτο ζητειτε μετ' αλληλων, ότι ειπον, MKCOV. " και ου θεωρειτε με, και πα-" אני אוגאסט, אמו סיינס לב אבץ " 20 αμην αμην λετω ύμιν, ότι KAAUGETE KAL BONYNGETE Uμεις, ό δε κοσμος χαρπσεται, ύμεις δε λυπηθησεσθε, αλλ' ή λυπη ύμων εις χαραν Γενη-21 סבדמו. ה רשיח סדמי דוגדה, λυπην εχεί, ότι ηλθεν ή ώρα αυτης, όταν δε Γενηση το παιδιον, ουκ ετι μνημονευει της θλιψεως, δια την χαραν, ότι εγενηθη ανθρωπος εις τον 22 κοσμον. και ύμεις ουν λυπην HEY YUV EXETE, TALLY OF OWOμαι ύμας, και χαρησεται ύμων ή καρδια, και την χα-במי טונשי סטלפול מורפו מס' ט-23 μων. και εν εκείνη τη ήμερα ELLE OUK EPWTHOETE OUDEV. aμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι αν αιτησητε τον πατερα εν τω 24 ονοματι μου, δωσει ύμιν. εως αρτι ουκ ητησατε ουδίν εν Τώ ονοματι μου, αιτειτε, και λεψεσθε, ίνα ή χαρα ύμων η πεπληρωμενη.

faying, " within a little while " ye shall not see me: but " within a little while ve " shall see me again, because " I am going to the father?" for, faid they, we cannot com- 18 prebend the meaning of that expression, "within a little " while?" now Jesus per-19 ceiving that they had a mind to ask bim, said to them, are you sollicitous about what I said, " within a little while " ye shall not see me: but " within a little while re " shall fee me again?" veri- 20 ly, verily I say unto you, that ye shall weep and lament, but the world shall rejoice: ye shall be sorrowful, but your sorrow shall be turned into joy. a woman when she is in 21. travail, is afflicted at the approach of her pains: but as soon as she is delivered of the child, the remembrance of ber anguish, is lost in ber joy, that a man is born into the world. So you are afflicted at 22 present: but I will see you again, and then shall your bearts be affected with jor, and your joy shall no one wrest from you. the? then you cannot 23 ask any thing of me in perfor, whatever ye shall ask the ja_ ther in my name, I affure you be will grant it. bitberto beve 24 ye asked nothing in my name: ask, and ye shall receive, that your joy may be compleat.

25 Ταυτα εν παροιμιαις λελαληκα ύμιν: αλλ' ερχεται ώρα ότε ουκ ετι εν παροιμιαις λαλησω υμιν, αλλα παρρησια περι Του πατρος ανας-26 FEAW VILLY. EV EKELYM TH n-HEOR EV TW OVOLUATI HOU ALτησεσθε: και ου λετω ύμιν ότι εςω ερωτησω τον πατε-27 ρα περι ύμων. αυτος γαρ δ πατηρ φιλει ύμας, ότι ύμεις SUS TEDIANKATE, KAL TETIO-Τευκατε ότι εςω παρα του 28 Θεου εξηλθον. εξηλθον παρα του πατρος, και εληλυθα εις Τον κοσμού: παλιν αφιημι Τον κοσμού, και πορευομαί προς Τον πατερα. 29 Δεγουσιν αυτω οι μαθηται αυτου, ιδε, νυν παρρησια λαλιις, και παροιμιαν 30 oudeman refere. non ordanen ότι οιδα: παντα, και ου XPSIAN EXEIC INA TIC OF EDIOτα: εν τουτω πιστευομέν 3 Ι στι απο Θεου εξηλθες. πεκειθη αυτοις ο Ιησους, αυτι 32 πιστευετε. ιδου, ερχεται

ώρα, και νυν ελπλυθεν, ίνα

σκορπισθητε έκαστος εις τα

ιδια, και εμε μονον αφητε: και ουκ ειμι μονος, ότι ο πα-

λελαληκα ύμιν, ίνα εν εμοι

ειρηνην εχηΤε. εν Τω ΚΟσμώ

θλιψιν έξετε: αλλα θαρσείτε, ερω νενικηκα τον κοσ-

MOV.

33 Τηρ μετ' εμου εστι. Ταυτα

These things have I ex-25 presid in a figurative way: the time is coming when my language will be no longer enigmatical, but I shall give you a plain account relating to my father. though then 26 ye shall ask in my name: I need not promise, that I will pray the father for you; for 27 the father himself loveth you, because ye have loved me, and have believed that I bad my mission from God. I was fent by the father, 28 and am come into the world: but now I leave the world, and am going to my father.

His disciples said to bim, 29 what you fay now is plain, and not enigmatical. now we are 20 convinc'd that you know all our difficulties, and have no occasion that any man should propose them to you: by this we believe that you were fent from God. Jesus answered 3 t them, you now believe but, 32 alas, the time is coming, yea, is already come, when ye shall be dispers'd every one to bis own retreat, and shall leave me alone: and yet I am not alone, because the father is with me. these things I have 22 appriz'd you of, that ye might repose your considence in me. the world shall give you trouble: but take courage, I bave overcome the world.

Eee Jesus

Ταυτα

Ταυτα ελαλησεν ὁ Ιπσους, και επηρε τους οφθαλμους αυτου εις τον ουρανον, και ειπε, "πατερ, ελπλυθεν ή ώρα, δοξασον σου " τον ύιον, ίνα ὁ ύιος σου δοξαση σε. καθως εδωκας αυτω εξουσιαν πασης σαρκος, ίνα παν ο δεδωκας αυτώ, δωση αυτοις ζωην αιωνιον. άυτη δε εστιν ή αιωνίος ζωη, ίνα Γινωσκωσι σε τον μονον αλη-" θινον Θεον, και ον απεσ-" τειλας Ιπσουν Χριστον. " εςω σε εδοξασα επι της της: Το εργον ετελειωσα ο δεδωκάς μοι ίνα ποιπσω. και νυν δοξασον με συ πατερ παρα σεαυτώ τη δοξη η ειχον προ του τον κοσμον είναι παρα σοι. εφανερωσα σου το ονομα Τοις ανθρωποις όυς δεδωκας μοι εκ του κοσμου: σοι πσαν, και εμοι αυτους δεδωκας, και τον λο-**Γ**ον σου ΤΕΤηρηκασι. νυν εγνωκαν ότι παντα όσα δεδωκας μοι, παρα σου EGTIV. ότι τα ρηματα α δεδωκας μοι, δεδωκα αυτοις: και αυτοι ελαβον, και εγνωσαν αληθως ότι παρα σου εξηλθού, και επιστευσαν ότι συ με ATTECTEDIAS.

Jesus having said this, lift up his eyes to beaven, and faid, " father, the bour " is come; glorify thy son, " that thy fon also may glo-" rify thee. for thou hast e given him power over all " men, that be might give " eternal life to as many " as thou hast given him. " and this is life eternal, to 2 " acknowledge thee to be the " only true God, and Je-" fus to be the Messah " whom thou hast sent. I " bave glorified thee on the " earth: I have finished " the work which thou gavest " me to do. and now, O " father, glorify me in bea-" ven, with the glory which " I had before the creation " of the world. I have dif-" played thy name among " those whom you have cho-" fen out of the world for " me: thine they were, and " you gave them me; and " they have kept thy word. " now they believe that the in-" structions you gave me came " from thee. for I have egiven to them the instruc-" tions which you gave me; " and they have received * them; and have fincerely * believ'd that I came from " thee, and are persuaded " that thou didst send me.

" Ειω περι αυτων ερωτω: ου περι του κοσμού ερωτώ, " αλλα περι ων δεδωκας μοι. ότι σοι εισι. και τα εμα παντα σα εστι, και τα σα εμα, και δεδοξασμαι EV AUTOIC. KAL OUK ETI EILLI EY TW KOOLEN, KALI OU-ΤΟΙ ΕΝ Τω ΚΟσμω εισι, και εγω προς σε ερχομαι. πατερ άγιε, τηρησον αυτους εν τω ονοματι σου, ώ δεδωκας μοι, ίνα ωσιν έν καθως ήμεις. ότε ημην μετ' αυτων εν τω κοσμω, εΓω ετηρουν αυτους εν τω ονοματι σου, ους δεδωκας " μοι εφυλαξα, και ουδεις ζεξ αυτων απωλετο, ει μπ δ ύιος της απωλειας : ίνα ή ... Γραφη πληρωθή. νυν δε προς σε ερχομαι, και ταυ-" τα λαλω εν τω κοσμω, ίνα εχωσι την χαραν την εμην πεπληρωμένην εν αυ-14 " τοις. εςω δεδωκα αυτοις " τον λογον σου, και ο κοσμος εμισησεν αυτους, ότι OUK ELTIV EK TOU KOTHOU, " καθως ερω ουκ ειμι εκ του " κοσμου. ουκ ερωτω ίνα αρικ αυτους εκ του κοσμου, αλλ' ινα τηρησης αυτους εκ του πονηρου. εκ του κοσμου ουκ εισι, καθως EFW EK TOU KOOTHOU OUK ειμι. άγιασον αυτους εν τ αληθεία σου: ο λογος ο σος

" It is for them I pray: 9 " I pray not for the world. " but for them which thou " bast given me, because " they are thine. for every 10 thing that is mine is thine, " and what is thine is mine, " and I am glorified by them. " and now I shall be no more II " in the world, but they will " be in the world, when I " am come to thee. boly fa-" ther keep them by that au-" thority, with which thou " bast invested me, that they " may be one, as we are. by 12 " your authority I have kept " them, during my being with " them in the world: those " that you gave me I have " kep!, and not one of them " is lost, except the son of " perdition: according as the " scripture soretold. now 13 " that I am coming to thee, " while I am here, I make " these requests for them, " that their joy in me may be " compleat. I have given 14 " them thy word; and the " world hath hated them, " because they are not of the " world, even as I am not " of the world. I do not 15. " pray you to take them out " of the world, but to keep " them from the malignity of " it. they are not of the 16 " world, even as I am not " of the world. Sanstify 17 Eee 2 " them

18 " αληθεία εστί. καθως εμε απεστείλας εις τον κοσμον, κάζω απεστειλα αυ-19" TOUK ELS TON KOTHON. ύπερ αυτων εςω άςιαζω EMAUTON, INA KAI AUTOI « ωσιν ήγιασμενοι εν αληθεια. Ου περι Τουτων δε ερωτω μονον, αλλα και περι των πιστευοντων δια του λογου αυτων εις εμε. 21 " ίνα παντες εν ωσι, καθως συ πατερενεμοι, κάζω εν σοι, ίνα και αυτοι εν ήμιν έν ωσιν: ίνα ο κοσμος πιστευση ότι συ με απεσ-22 " Τειλας. και εςω την δοτειλας. και εςω την δο-" ξαν ην δεδωκας μοι, δεδω-" κα αυτοις: ίνα ωσιν έν, 23" καθως πους έν καθως ήμεις εν εσμεν. בי מטדסוג, אמו סט בי בעסו, ίνα ωσι τετελειωμένοι εις έν, και ίνα Γινωσκη ο κοσ-" μος ότι συ με απεστειλας, και ης απησας αυτους, καθως εμε ηγαπησας. " τερ, ους δεδωκας μοι, θεχω ινα οπου ειμι ερω, κα-KELVOL WOL HET' ELLOU: θεωρωσε την δοξαν την εμην ήν εδωκας μοι, ότι " ηγαπησα: με προ κατα-75 " βολης κοσμού. πατερ δικαιε, και ο κοσμος σε ουκ εγνω, εγω δε σε εγνων, και ευτοι εγνωσαν ότι συ με

" them by the truth: thy ce word is truth. as thou 18 " bast sent me into the world, " even so bave I also sent " them into the world, and 19 " for their sakes I consecrate " myfelf, that they also might " be confecrated by the truth. " neither tray I for thefe 20 " alone, but for those also " who shall believe on me " through their preaching. " that they all may be one, 21 " as thou, father, art in " me, and I in thee; that " they also may be one in us: that the world may " believe that thou hast sent " me. and the glory which 22 " thou gavest me, I have " given them: that they " may be one, even as we " are one. I in them, and 23 " thou in me, that they may " have a perfect union, and " that the world may know e that thou hast sent me, " and hast loved them, as " thou hast loved me. fa-24 " ther, I defire that they " also whom thou hast given " me, may be with me where " I am going; that they " may behold my glory which " thou bast given me : sor " thou didst love me before the " foundation of the world; " yet, O righteous father, 25 " the world hath not known " thee; but I have known

" thee,

26" απεστειλας. και εγνωρι" σα αυτοις το ονομα σου,
" και γνωρισω: ίνα ή αγαπη
" ήν ηγαπησας με, εν αυ" τοις η, κάγω εν αυτοις."

Ταυτα ειπων ο Ιπσους. εξηλθε συν τοις μαθηταις άυ-TOU TEPAY TOU XELHAPPOU TWY Κεδρων, όπου ην κηπος, εις ου εισπλθεν αυτος και όι μα-2 Ontal autou. noel de kal Ιουδας ό παραδιδους αυτον. του τοπου, ότι πολλακις συνηχθη ο Ιησους εκει μετα των μαθητων αυτου, ο ουν Τουδας λαβων την σπειραν, KAL EK TWY APXLEPEWY KAL DAοισαιων ύπηρετας, ερχεται εκει μετα φανων και λαμ-4 παδων και όπλων. Ιησους ουν ειδως παντα τα ερχομενα επ αυτον, εξελθων ειπεν αυ-5 TOIS, TIVA ENTEITE? ATTEκριθησαν αυτω, Ιησουν τον Ναζωραίον. λεγεί αυτοίς δ Ιπσους, εγω ειμι. ειστηκει δε και Ιουδας ο παραδιδούς αυ-TOV, MET' AUTWY. ειπεν αυτοις, εζω ειμι, απηλ-OOV ELS TO OTION, KOL ETEσον χαμαι. παλιν ουν αυ-TOUGETING STINGE, TIVE LITEIτε? οι δε ειπον, Ιπσουν τον Ναζωραιον. απεκριθη ό Ιησους, ειπον ύμιν ότι ειω ειμι. EL OUV EME L'ATELTE, AGETE " τουτους ὑπαςειν. iva πληςωθη ο λογος ον ειπεν,

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"thee, and thefe have known
that thou hast sent me. to 26
them I have declared thy
name, and will declarest:
that thou mayst love them
as thou hast loved me, and

" I have loved them." When Jesus had spoken 1 these words, be pass'd with his disciples over the brook Cedron, where was a garden. into which he entred with them. now Judas, who was 2 to betray bim, knew the place: for Jesus and bis disciples bad frequently affembled there. Judas then having got a com- 3 pany of soldiers, and officers, by order of the chief priests and Pharisees, came thither with lanterns, torches, and with arms. but Jesus who 4. knew every thing that should bappen to bim, advanc'd, and said to them, who do you look for? they an- 5 swered bim, Jesus of Nazaretb. I am be, said Jesus. and Judas who was to betray bim, was also with them. upon Jesus his saying to them, 6 I am be, they fell backward to the ground, then be asked them again, who do you look for? and they said, Jesus of Nazareth. Jesus answered, 8 I have told you that I am be. " if therefore it is me you look " for, let these go their way." fo that what he faid was ac- 9 complified,

ότι όυς δεδωκας μοι, ουκ " מדשתנסמ צל מטדשי סטδενα." Σιμων ουν ΓΙΕ-TOOK EXWY MAXAIDAY, EIXKU-GEV AUTHY, KAL ETALGE TOY του αρχιερεως δουλον, και α-TEKOWEN AUTOU TO WILON TO δεξιον, ην δε ονομα τω δου-ΙΙλω Μαλχος. ειπεν ουν ό Ιησους τω Πετρω, βαλε την μαχαιράν εις Την θηκην: Το ποτηρίον ο δεδωκε μοι ο πα-THO, OU AN TIM AUTO?

12 Η συν σπειρα και όχιλιαρ-XOC KAL OF UTINDET AL TWY LOUδαιων συνελαβον τον Ιπσουν, 43 kai ednoav autov, kai atn-**Γατον αυτον** προςΑνναν πρω·· του, πν γαρ πενθερος του Καιαφα, ός πν αρχιέρευς του ε-14 VIAUTOU EKELVOU. IN DE KAIAφας ο συμβουλευσας τοις Ιουδαιοις, "ότι συμφερει ένα

" ανθρωπον απολεσθαι ύπερ " του λαου."

15 Ηκολουθει δε τω Ιπσου Σιμων Πετρος, και ό αλλος μαθητης, ο δε μαθητης εκεινος ην γνωστος τω αρχιερει, και συνεισηλθε τω Ιησου εις 16 την αυλην του αρχιερεως. ο δε Πετρος ειστηκει προς τη θυρα εξω. εξηλθεν ουν ο μαθητης ο αλλος ος ην γνωστος τω αρχιερεί, και είπε τη θυρωρω, και εισηγαγε τον Πε-17 Τρον- λεγει ουν ή παιδισκη ή θυρωρος τω Η Τέτρω: μη και συ εκ των μαθητων ει του

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complished, * " of those " which thou gavest me, " bave I lost none." but 10 Simon Peter drew bis sword, and struck off the right ear of Malchus, a servant belonging to the high priest. then said Jesus to Peter, 12 sheath thy sword: the cup which my father hath given me, shall I not drink it ?

Then the soldiers, the cap-12 tain, and the officers of the Jews seized on Jesus, and baving bound bim, they 12 brought him first to Annas; for he was father-in-law to Caiaphas, who was the high priest at that time : the same 14 Caiaphas, who in council told the Jews, " it was " expedient that one man " Should die for the people."

Simon Peter followed 7e-15 sus, with another disciple, who being known to the high priest, was admitted into his palace at the same time with Jesus, whilst Peter stood with- 16 out at the door. but that other disciple, who was known to the high priest went out. and spoke to her that kept the door, who let Peter in. then faid the damfel, that 17 kept the door, to Peter, are you also one of this man's difανθρωπου Τουτου? λεγει εκει18 νος, ουκ ειμι. ειστηκεισαν
δε οι δουλοι και οι ύπηρεται ανθρακιαν πεποιηκοτες,
οτι ψυχος ην, και εθερμαινουτο, ην δε μετ' αυτων ο Πετρος έστως και θερμαινομενος.

Τον Ιπσουν περι των μαθητων αυτου, και περι της διδαχης 20 αυτου. απεκειθη αυτω ό Ιπσους, ερω παρρησια ελαλησα τω κοσμω, ερω παντοτε εδιδαξα εν τη συναρωρη, και εν τω ιερω, όπου παντες δι Ισυδαιοι συνερχονται, και εν κυπτω ελαλησα ουδεν.

21 Τι με επερωτας ? επερωτησον τους ακηκοστας, τι ελαγησα αυτοις, ιδε όυτοι οιδασιν ά ειπον ετω.

22 Ταυτα δε αυτου ειποντος, εις των υπηρετων παρεστηκως εδωκε ραπισμα τω Inσου, ειπων, ουτως αποκρινη 23 τω αρχιερει ε απεκριθη αυ-

τω ο Ιπσους, ει κακως ελαλησα, μαρτυρησού περι του κακου, ει δε καλως, τι με

24 δερεκ ? απεστειλεν ουν αυτον ὁ Αννας δεδεμενον προς 25 Καιαφαν τον αρχιερεα. ην δε

Σιμων Πετρος έστως και θερμαινομένος. ειπον ουν αυτώ, μη και συ εκ των μαθητών αυτου ει? ηρνησατο εκεινος, και ειπεν, ουκ ειμι.

26 λεγει είς εκ των δουλών του αρχιερεώς, συγγενής ων ου απεκοψε Πετρος το ωτιον, disciples? I am not, said be, now the servants and officers 18 that were there, had made a coal-fire, for it was cold, to warm themselves: and Peter stand warming bimself among them.

In the mean time, the bigh 19 priest having question'd Jesus about his disciples, and his dostrine. Jesus answered him, 20
I spoke openly to the world;
I was continually teaching in the synagogue, and in the temple, whither all the Jews resort, and in secret have I said nothing: why do you 21 question me? ask those who heard me, what discourse I had with them: they know very well what I said.

Upon bis expressing bim-22 self thus, one of the officers there present, struck Jesus on the face, saying, answerest thou the high priest so? Fe-23 sus replied, if I bave faid any thing injurious, show then wherein; but if I faid right, why do you smite me? now 24 Annas bad fent bim bound to Caiaphas the high priest. as 25 Simon Peter then stood there warming bimself: they said to bim, art not thou also one of his disciples? which he denied, and said, I am not. one of the servants of the bigh 26 priest, kinsman to bim whose ear Peter struck off, said, did

ουκ εγω σε ειδον εν τω κηπω 27 μετ' αυτου ? παλιν ουν ηρνησατο ο Πετρος, και ευθεως αλεκτωρ εφωνησεν.

AFOUGLY OUY TOY INGOUN απο του Καιαφα εκ το πραι-Τωριον: πν δε πρωι, και αυ-TOLOUK ELOTABON ELS TO TOALτωριον, ίνα μη μιανθώσιν, αλλ' φατωσι το πασχα. 20 εξηλθεν ουν ό Πιλατος προς AUTOUS, KAI EITE, TIVA KA-Τηγοριαν ΦΕΡΕΤΕ Κατα ΤΟυ 20 ανθρωπου Τουτου ? απεκριθησαν και ειπου αυτω, ει μη THE OUT OF KAKOTOLOG, OUK AV 21 σοι παρεδωκαμέν αυτον. ειπεν ουν αυτοις ο Πιλατος, λαβετε αυτον ύμεις, και κατα τον νομον ύμων κρινα-ΤΕ αυτον. ειπον ουν αυτώ οι Ιουδαιοι, ήμιν ουκ εξεστιν 32 αποκτειναι ουδενα. λογος του Ιπσου πληρωθη, ον είπε, σημαίνων ποιω θανατω ημελλεν αποθνησκείν.

33 Εισπλθεν ουν εις το πραιτωριον παλιν ο Πιλατος, και εφωνησε τον Ιησουν, και ειπεν αυτώ, συ ει ο βασιλευς 34 των Ιουδαιών? απεκριθη ο Ιησους, αφ' έαυτου συ τουτο λεγεις, η αλλοι σοι ειπον 35 περι εμου? απεκριθη ο Πιλατος, μητι εγω Ιουδαιος ειμι? το εθνος το σον και οι αρχιερεις παρεδωκαν σε 36 εμοι: τι εποιησας? απεκριθη ο Ιησους, ή βασιλεια ή did not I see thee in the garden with him? but Peter de-27 nied this too, and immediately the cock crew.

Then they led Jesus early 28 in the morning from Caiaphas. to the * Pretorium: but the Jews themselves did not enter into the Pretorium, lest they should be defiled: and so not be in a condition to eat the passover. Pilate therefore 20 went out to them, and faid, what crime do you object to this man? they answered bim, 20 if he were not a malefactor, we would not have delivered bim to you. Pilate then 31 faid to them, take bim your selves, and judge him according to your law. but the Jews faid to bim, it is not lawful for us to put any man to death. so that what Jesus + had said, 32 to signify the death be should die, was actually accomplished.

Then Pilate entred into the 33
Pretorium, and addressing himself to Jesus, said to him, are not you the king of the Jews? Jesus answered him, 34 is it your opinion that I am, or did others give it you as theirs? Pilate answered, am 35 I a Jew? your own nation, and the chief priess have delivered thee up to me: what hast thou done? Jesus an-36 swered, my kingdom is not of

εμη * The governor's palace.

† Ch. iii. 14. xii. 32.

EUD OUK ECTIV EK TOU KOCHOU TOUTOU: EL EK TOU KOTHOU τουτου ην ή βασιλεια ή εμη, הו טאחום דמו מי הו בעום חדשיוζοντο ίνα μη παραδοθώ τοις Ιουδαιοις: νυν δε ή βασιλεια n eun ouk eotiv enteulen. 37 είπεν ουν αυτώ ὁ Πιλατος, OUR OUT BAGINEUS EL OU? a-TEKOION & INGOUS, GU AETEIS ότι βασιλευς είμι ετω. ετω είς TOUTO FEFEVYNHAI, KAI EIS TOUτο εληλυθα εις τον κοσμον, ίνα μαρτυρησω τη αληθεία. TAC O WY EK THE ANHOLIAG. A-38 KOUEL MOU THE GWYNE. LEFEL αυτω ο Πιλατος τι εστιν αληθεία? και τουτο ειπων, παλιν εξηλθε προς τους Ιουδαιους, και λεγει αυτοις, εγω ουδεμιαν αιτιαν έυρισκω εν 39 αυτω. εστι δε συνηθεια ύμιν ίνα ένα ύμιν απολυσω εν τω πασχα: βουλεσθε ουν ύμιν απολυσω τον βασιλια **‡Ο Των Ιουδαιων?** εκραυζασαν OUV TAKIN TANTES, REFORTES, μη τουτον, αλλα τον Βαραββαν. πν δε ο Βαραββας

τος του ελαβεν ὁ Πιλατος του Ιπσουν, και εμαστι-2 γωσε. και οι στρατιωται πλεξαντες στεφανον εξ ακανθων, επεθπκαν αυτου τη κεφαλη, και ίματιον πορφυρουν περιεβαλον αυτον. 3 και ελεγον, καιρε ὁ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων, και εδιδουν 4 αυτω ραπισματα. εξηλθεν

of this world: if my kingdom were of this world, I should bave had my guards to prevent my falling into the hands of the Jews: whereas my kingdom is of another nature. upon this Pilate said to bim, 37 you are then a king? Fesus answered, you say right, for I am a king. to this end was I born, and for this cause came I into the world, to persuade mankind of the truth. every one that loves truth is observant of my directions. what is truth? 38 faid Pilate. and upon faying this, be went out again to the Jews, and said to them, I don't find be is guilty of any crime. but as it is cuf-20 tomary with you to get me to discharge some prisoner at the time of the passover, would you have me releafe the king of the Fercis? upon 40 which they all cried out a. gain: not bim, but Barabbas, now Barabbas was a robber.

Then Pilate order'd Jesus 1 to be scourged. and the sol- 2 diers having made a crown of thorns, they put it on his head, and threw a purple robe about him. hail king of 3 the Jews! said they, and struck him on the cheeks. Pi- 4

συν παλιν έξω ο Πιλατος. KAI RETEL AUTOK, IDE, ATW Uμιν αυτον εξω, ίνα γνωτε ότι εν αυτω ουδειμαν αιτιαν 5 ευρισκω. εξηλθεν ουν ό Ιησους εξω, φορων τον ακανθινον στεφανον, και το πορ-Φυρουν iuation. και λετεί αυ-6 τοις, ιδε ο ανθρωπος. ουν ειδον αυτον όι αρχιερεις KAI OI UTIPETAI, EKPAUTAσαν, λεγοντες, " σταυρωσον, " σταυρωσον αυτον." λε-Γει αυτοις ο Πιλατος, λαβε-TE AUTON VINEIC. KAI OTAU-PWGATE: EFW FAP OUX EU-7 ρισκω εν αυτω αιτιαν. απεκειθησαν αυτω οι Ιουδαιοι, THEIS VOLLOY EXOLLEY, KAI KATA τον νομον ήμων οφειλει αποθανειν, ότι έαυτον ύιον του Θεου εποιησεν.

Οτε ουν ηκουσεν ό Πιλα-ΤΟς ΤΟυΤΟΥ ΤΟΥ ΛΟΓΟΥ, μαλλον \mathbf{q} εφοβηθη. και εισηλθον εις το πραιτωριού παλιύ, και REFELT & INGOV, MOBEN EL OU? ά δε Ιπσους αποκρισιν ουκ 10 εδωκεν αυτώ. λεζει ουν αυτω ο Πιλατος, εμοι ου λαλεις ? ουκ οιδας ότι εξουσιαν EXW GTAUGWGAL GE, KAL EEουσιαν εχω απολυσαι σε ? 11 απεκριθη ό Ιησους, ουχ ειχες εξουσιαν ουδεμιαν κατ' εμου, ει μη ην σοι δεδομενον ανωθεν: δια τουτο ό παραδιδους με σοι, μειζονα άμαρτιαν ε-12 XEL. EK TOUTOU ELITEL O TLλατος απολυσαι αυτον: οι

δε

late therefore went out again. and said to them, observe, I bring him out to you, to acquaint you that I find no fault in bim. so Jefus march- 5 ed out wearing the crown of thorns, and the purple robe. and Pilate said to them, bere's the man. as soon as 6 the chief priests and officers face him, they cried out," cru-" cify bim, crucify bim." Pilate faid to them, take bim yourselves, and crucify bim: for I find no fault in bim. the Jews answered him, we 7 bave a law, and by our law be ought to die, because be pretended to be the son of God.

Pilate upon bearing that, 8 was still more apprehensive. and went again into the Pretorium, and said to Jesus, who was your father? but Jesus gave him no answer, then said 10 Pilate to him, won't you give me an answer? don't you know that it is in my power to crucify you, or to release you? Jesus answered, you 11 could not bave any power over me, except you deriv'd it from above: therefore they who delivered me into your bands are the most culpable. upon this, Pilate pro-12 pos'd to release bim: but the Fews

δε Ιουδαιοι εκράζον, λετοντες. εαν τουτον απολυσης, ουκ ει φιλος του Καισαρος: πας ό βασιλεα άυτον ποιων, ανι 3 Τιλεγει τω Καισαρι. ο ουν Πιλατος ακουσας Τουτον τον ROPOW, MEATER EEO TOV INGOUR, και εκαθισεν επι του βηματος εις τοπου λειομεύου λιθοστοω... τον, Εβραιστι δε Γαββαθα. ι 4 ην δε παρασκευή του πασχα. ώρα δε ώσει έκτη: και λετει τοις Ιουδαιοις, ιδε ό βα-15 σιλευς ύμων. οι δε εκραυγασαν, αρού, σταυρώσου αυτού. REFER AUTOIS O HERATOS, TOP βασιλεα ύμων σταυρωσω? απεκριθησαν οι αρχιερεις, ουκ εχομέν βασιλέα ει μη Καιτό σαρα. τοτε ουν παρεδω-KEY AUTON AUTOIS INA OTAUcwon.

Παρεπαβου δε του Ιπσουν 17 και απηταγού, και βασταζωύ τον σταυρον άυτου εξηλθεν εις τον λεγομένου κράνιου τοπου, ός λεγεται Εβραιστι ι δ Γολγοθα : όπου αυτον εσταυρωσαν, και μετ' αυτου αλhous duo, enteuden kan en-Τευθιν, μεσαν δε τον Ιπσουν. 19 εγεαινε δε και Τιτλον δ Πι-NATOS, KAL EGINGS ETTL TOU σταυρου. τιν δε Γεγραμμενον, ΙΗΣΟΥΣ Ο ΝΑΖΩΡΑΙΟΣ O BASLIETS TON 10T-20ΔΑΙΩΝ. דסטדסע סטע דסע ΤΙΤΛΟΥ πολλει ανεγνώσαν των 1ουδαιων, ότι είτυς πν

Fews cried out, if you let this man go, you are not Cesar's friend: be that sets up for king, opposes Cefar. Pi-13 late therefore bearing them talk at this rate, order'd Fesus to be brought forth, and then fat down in a place of Mosaic work on bis tribunal, in Syriac call'd Gabbatha. it was then about the 14 fixth hour of the day before the sabbath of the passover: and he said to the fews, behold your king. but they cried out, 15 away with bim, away with bim, crucify bim. Pilate faid to them, shall I crucify your king? the chief priests answered, we have no king but Cefar. upon which he deli- 16 vered bim up to them to be crucified.

So the soldiers took Fesus and led him away. and hebear-17 ing his cross, marched out to a place called the skull, which is in the Syriac, Golgotha: where they crucified him, and 18 two others with him, one on each side, and Jesus in the middle. and Pilate caused 19 an inscription to be put over the cross, in these words, TESUS OF NAZARETH THE KING OF THE JEWS. now this inscription 20 was read by many of the Jews: for fefus was crucified

ό τοπος της πολεως όπου εσταυρωθη ό Ιησους, και ην Γεγραμμένον Εβραιστί, Ελλη-

21 νιστι, Ρωμαιστι. ελεγον ουν τω Πιλατω οι αρχιερεις των Ιουδαιων, μη γραφε, " ο βα" σιλευς των Ιουδαιων," αλλ οτι εκεινος ειπε, βασι-

22 πευς ειμι των Ιουδαίων. απεκριθη ο Πίπατος, ο Γεγραφα,

τεγραφα.

23 Οι ουν στρατιωται, ότε εσταυρωσαν τον Ιπσουν, ελαβον τα ίματια αυτου, και εποιπσαν Τεσσαρα μερη, EKACTW CTPATIWTH MEPOL, και του χιτωνα, πυ δε ό χιτων αρέαφος, εκ των ανωθεν υφαντος δι όλου. 24 είπου ουν προς απληλους, μπ σχισωμέν αυτον, αλλα λαχωμεν περι αυτου, τινος εσται ίνα η γραφη πληρωθη ή λεγουσα, " διε-" μερισαντοτα ιματια μου εκ εαυτοις, και επι τον ίματισμον μου εβαλον κλη-סטי." סו שבי סטי סדרמדוש-TAI TAUTA ETOINGAY-

25 Εἰστηκεισαν δε παρα τω σταυρω του Ιπσου ή μητηρ αυτου και ή αδελφη της μητρος αυτου Μαρια ή του Κλωπα, και Μαρια ή Μας-26 δαληνη. Ιπσους ουν ιδων την μητερα, και τον μαθητην παρεστωτα, όν η καπα, λεςει τη μητρι άυτου, γυναι, 27 ιδου ὁ ύιος σου. ειτα λεςει τω

nigh the city: and it was written in Syriac, Greek, and Latin. thereupon the 21 chief priests of the Jews went to Pilate, saying, don't write, "The king of the "Jews;" but that he said, I am king of the Jews. Pilate answered, what 22 I have writ, I have writ.

The soldiers, after they 23 bad crucified Jesus, took bis garments (and made four parts, to every foldier a part) and also his coat: now the coat was without feam, weven from the top throughout. they faid therefore among 24 themselves, let us not rent it. but cast lots for it, whose it shall be : so that the scripture was fulfilled, which faid *, " they parted my raiment " among them, and for my " vesture they did sast lots." this was what the soldiers aftually did.

In the mean time the mc-25
ther of Jesus, and her sister
Mary, the wife of Cleophas,
and Mary Magdalene, were
standing by the cross. when Je-26
sus therefore saw his mother,
and the disciple whom he loved
standing by, he said to his
mother, woman, behold thy
son. then he said to the dis-27
ciple,

* Pfal.xxii.19.

Τῷ μαθητή, ιδου ἡ μητηρ σου. και απ εκεινης της ώρας ελαβεν αυτην ὁ μαθητης εις 28 τα ιδια. μετα τουτο ειδως Ιησους ότι παντα ηδη τετελεσται, ίνα τελειωθη ή γρα-29 φη, λεγει, διψω. σκευος ουν εκειτο οξους μεστον: ὁι δε, πλησαντες σπογγον οξους, και ύσσωπω περιθέντες, προσηνείκαν αυτου τω στοματι. 30 οτε ουν ελαβε το οξος ὁ Ιησους, ειπε, τετελεσται: και κλινας την κεφαλην, παρεδωκε το πνευμα.

31 Oi our Ioudaioi, irat un μεινή επι του σταυρου τα σωματα εν τω σαββατω, ETT: TZCAGKEUN NV NV FAD μεταλη ή ήμερα εκεινη Του σαββατου, πρωτησαν τον HIP.ATOV WA KATEATWOW AUτων τα σκέλη, και αρθώσιν. 32 πλθου συν όι στρατιωται, και του μεν πρωτου κατεαξαν τα σκελη, και του αλλου του συσταυρωθεντος αυ-33 τω. επιδε τον Ιησουν ελθωτες, ώς ειδον αυτον ηδη τεθνηκοτα, ου κατεαξαν αυ-34 του Τα σκελη, αλλ' έκ των στρατιωτων λογκή αυτου την πλευραν ενυξε, και ευθυς 35 εξηλθεν άιμα και ύδωρ. και ό EWOAKWS HELICOTUPNKE, KAI Aλιιθινη αυτου εστιν ή μαρτυ-CIA: KAKELVOS OLĎEV OTI ANN-On refer, wa kan umen mi-OTEU-

ciple, behold the mother. and from that time the disciple took ber to bis own bome. after this, Jesus knowing that 28 all things were now accomplished, that the scripture * might be be fulfilled, said, I thirst. now there was set 420 vessel full of vinegar: and they filled a spunge with vinegar, and put it upon a flick of by slop, and beld it to bis mouth. when Jesus there- 30 fore bad received the vinegar, be said, it is finished: and bowing his head, he expir'd.

Now for fear the bodies 2 1 should remain upon the cross on the sabbath-day, for it was. then the eve of the pascalsabbath, a day of bigh solemnity, the Jews desired Pilate that their legs might be broke, and that they might be taken away. accordingly 32 the foldiers came, and broke the legs of the first, and of the other who was crucified with bim. then they came 33 to Jesus, and finding that be was already dead, they did not break his legs. but one 34. of the foldiers with a spear pierced bis side, and immediately blood and water issued out. be that relates this, 35 was an eye-witness of it, and bis relation is true, and be is so assured, what he fays

* Pfal.ixix. 22.

36 στευσητε. εγενετο γαρ ταυτα ίνα ή γραφη πληρωθη,
" οστουν ου συντριβησεται
37 " αυτου." και παλιν έτερα γραφη λεγει, " οψονται
38 " εις ον εξεκεντησαν." μετα
δε ταυτα ηρωτησε τον Πιλατον ό Ιωσηφ ό απο Αριμαθαιας, ων μαθητης του
Ιησου, κεκρυμμενος δε δια
τον φοβον των Ιουδαιων,
ίνα αρη το σωμα του Ιησου:
και επετρεψεν ό Πιλατος:
ηλθεν ουν και ηρε το σωμα
του Ιησου.

39 Ηλθε δε και Νικοδημος δ ελθων προς τον Ιπσουν νυκτος το πρωτον φερών μιςμα σμυρνής και αλοής ώσει 40 λιτρας έκατον. ελαβον ουν **Τ**ο σωμα του Ιησου, και εδησαν αυτο εν οθονιοις μετα. των αρωματων, καθως εθος εστι τοις Ιουδαιοις ενταφια-41 ζειν. ην δε εν τω τοπω όπου εσταυρωθη, κηπος, και εν ΤΟ Κηπω μνημείου καίνου, εν 42 ώ ουδεπω ουδεις ετεθη. εκει ουν δια την παρασκευην των Ιουδαιων, ότι εγγυς πν το μνημείου, εθηκάν του In-

Τη δε μια των σαββατων Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη ερχεται Τρωι σκοτιας ετι ουσης, εις

σουν.

is true, that you may rely upon it. for these things were 36 done, that the scripture should be fulfilled *, " a bone of " bim shall not be broken." and again the scripture saith 27 ellewbere +, " they shall ce look on bim whom they " pierced." after this, 70-28 sepb of Arimathea, who was a disciple of Jesus, but for fear of the Jews a conceal'd one, pray'd Pilate to let bim take away the body of Jefus: and Pilate gave him leave: so be went and took the body of Jesus.

Nicodemus, who former- 30 ly went to Jesus by night, came likewise and brought a mixture of myrrb and aloes, about an bundred pound weight. they took therefore 40 the body of Jesus, and wound it in linen clothes with the spices, according to the manner of burial among the Jews. now near the place where be 41 was crucified, there was a garden; and in the garden a new sepulchre, in which no body bad ever yet been laid. as this sepulchre was nigh at 42 band, they laid Jesus therein, because the time of the preparation of the Jews was expiring.

The first day of the week s carly in morning Mary Magdalene, when it was yet dusky, came

* Píal. xxxiv. 20.

+ Zech. xii. 10.

το μνημείου, και βλέπει του ALBOY MOMEYOY EK TOU MYMMELOU. 2 TREXEL OUV KAL EPXETAL TROOS Σιμωνα Πετρον, και προς τον αλλον μαθητην ου εφιλει ο Indous, kai lefel autois, n-PAY TOV KUPLOY EK TOU HUNμειου, και ουκ οιδαμέν που 3 εθηκαν αυτον. εξηλθεν ουν ό Πετρος, και ό αγχος μα-ONTHE, KAI MEXOUTO EIG TO 4 μνημειον. ΕΤΡΕΧΟΥ δε ά δυο όμου, και ο αλλος μαθητης προεδραμε Ταχιον του Πε-Τρου, και πλθε πρωτος εις 5 Το μνημειον. και παρακυνας βλεπει κειμένα τα οθονια: ου μεντοι εισπλθεν. ερχεται ουν Σιμων Πετρος ακολουθων αυτώ, και εισπλθεν εις το μνημειού, και θεωρει τα 7 οθονια κειμενα, και το σουδαριου, ό ην επι της κεφαλης αυτου, ου μετα των οθονιων KEIMEVOY, AXXA XWPIC EVTE-Τυλιγμένον εις ένα τοπον. 8 τοτε συν εισηλθε και δ αλλος μαθητης δ ελθων πρωτος εις το μυπμειου, και ειδε, και 9 επιστεύσεν. ουδεπω Γαρ ηδεισαν την Γραφην, ότι δει αυτον εκ νεκρων ανασ-Thyas.

10 Απηλθον ουν παλιν προς
11 έαυτους οι μαθηται. Μαρια
δε ειστηκει προς το μνημειον
κλαιουσα εξω: ώς ουν εκλαιε,
παρεκυψεν εις το μνημειον,

came to the sepulchre, and found the stone was taken away from the sepulchre. up- 2 on this she went in great bafte to Simon Peter, and to the other disciple whom Jesus loved, and said to them, they bave taken away the Lord out of the sepulchre, and we know not where they have laid him. Peter immediately departed, 3 and that other disciple, to go to the sepulchre. they both 4. fet out together: but the other disciple out-ran Peter, and came first to the cave. where stooping down he saw 5 the linen clothes lying; but did not go in. Simon Peter who followed him, being come, went into the cave, and faw the linen clothes lying there 3 as for the napkin that had 7 been put about his head, it was not in the same place as the linen clothes, but lay folded up by it self. then the other & disciple, who arriv'd first. went into the cave likewife, and he faw, and believed what Mary bad said for as 9 yet they did not understand from the scripture, that he was to rife again from the dead.

After this the disciples re-10 turn'd to their own home. but Mary stood at the en-11 trance of the cave weeping: and as she wept, she stooped down to look into the sepul-

12 Kai BEWDEL DUO AFTELOUS EV DEUKOIC KABELOMEVOUC, EVA **Τ**ΡΟς Τη ΚΕΦΑΙλή, Και ένα TOOK TOIK TOOIY, OTOU EKEL-13 το το σωμα του Ιησου. και REFOUGIV AUT REKEIVOI, FUVAI, TI KRAIEIS? " REFEI AUTOIS, ότι πραν τον κυριον μου, ε και ουκ οιδα που εθηκαν Ι4" αυτον." Ταυτα ειπουσα, εστράφη εις τα οπίσω, και θεωρει τον Ιπσουν έστωτα, και ουκ ηδει ότι ο Ιησους εστι. 15 Refer auth à Indous, suvai, TI KARIEIC ? TIVA CHTEIC ? Eκεινη, δοκουσα ότι ό κηπουpok esti, refei autw. Kupie, ει συ εβαστασας αυτον, ειπε μοι που αυτον εθηκας, κάτω 16 autor apw. Aspel auth o Ιπσους, Μαρια. στραφείσα EKELYM REFEL AUTW, PABBOUNI, 17 ο λεγεται, διδασκαλε. αυτη ο Ιπσους, μη μου απτου: ουπω ταρ αναβεβηκα προς του πατερα μου: πορευου δε προς Τους αδελφους HOU, KAI EITE AUTOIC, " AVAβαινω προς τον πατερα μου και πατερα υμων, και Θεον μου και Θεον 18 " ύμων." ερχεται Μαρια ή Μαςδαληνη απαςτελλουσα τοις μαθηταις ότι εωρακέ τον Κυριον, και ταυτα ειπεν autij.

19 Ουσης ουν οψιας τη ήμερα εκεινη τη μια των σαββατων, και των θυρων κεκλεισμενων όπου ησαν όι μα-

 $\theta n T \alpha i$

chre, and saw two angels in 12 white, fitting where the body of Jesus bad lain, the one at the head, the other at the feet. and they faid to ber, 13 woman, why do you weep? " because, said she, they have " taken away my Lord, and " I know not where they " have laid him." having 14 thus said, she turned about, and saw Jesus standing, but knew not that it was fefus. Jesus said to ber, woman, 15 wby do you weep? wbo do you look for? The supposing bim to be the gardener, faid to bim, fir, if it be you that bave convey'd bim away; tell me where you have laid bim, and I will take care to bave him remov'd. Jesus 15 said to her, Mary! she bowing ber self, cry'd rabboni! that is to say, master! Jesus 17 faid to ber, touch me not: for I am not yet ascended to my father: but go to my brethren, and fay to them, " I ascend unto my father " and your father, even my " God and your God." for 18 Mary Mazdalene went and told the disciples, that she bad feen the Lord, and that he bad faid these things to ber. The same day at evening, 19

The same day at evening, 10 being the sirst day of the week, the doors of the house where the disciples were, being shut,

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θηται (συνηγμένοι) δια τον φοβον των Ινουδαιων, πλθεν ο Indous, Kal Eath Eis to HEσον, και λεγει αυτοις, ειρηνη ΣΟύμιν. και τουτο ειπών, εδείξεν αυτοις τας χειρας και Την πλευραν αυτου. εχαρησαν ουν δι μαθηται ιδον-21 TEC TON KUPLON. ELTEN OUN autoic o Indous Takin, " Elρηνη ήμιν: καθώς απεσταλκι με ο πατης, κάζω 22" πεμπω ύμας." και τουτο ευπων, ενεφυσησε, και λεγει αυτοις, " λαβετε πνευμα α-23" γιον. εαν Τινων αφητε τας αμαστιας, αφιενται αυτοις: εαν Τινων κρατη-" τε, κεκρατηνται."

24 Θωμας δε, έις εκ των δωδεκα, ο λεγομένος Διδυμός, ουκ πν μετ' αυτων ότε πλθεν 25 ο Ιπσους. Ελετον ουν αυτώ ο. αλλοι μαθηται, εωρακαμέν του Κυρίου. ο δε είπεν αυτοίς, εαν μη ιδω εν ταις χερσιν αυτου τον τυπον των ήλων. και βαλώ τον δακτυλον μου εις Τον Τοπον Των ήλων, και βαλω την χείρα μου εις την πλευράν αυτού, ου μη πίστευάω.

26 Και μεθ' ημερας οκτω παλιν ησαν εσω δι μαθηταί αυτου, και Θωμας μετ' αυτων: ερχεται ο Ιπσους των θυρων κεκλεισμενων, και εστη EIS TO METON, KAI EITEN, EIpnyn

for fear of the Jews. Fefus came and stood in the midst. and said to them, peace be with you. and when he bad 20 so said, he showed them his bands and bis side. the disciples were therefore extremely glad when they saw it was the Lord. then said Jesus to 21 them again, " peace be with " you: as my father bath " sent me, even so send I " you." and when he had 22 said this, he breathed on them, and said to them, " receive " ye the boly spirit. whose 23 " soever sins ye remit, they are remitted unto them ; " and whose soever sins ye " leave unpardoned, they

" are left unpardoned." But Thomas, that is, Di-24 dymus, one of the twelve. was not with them when Jesus came. the other disciples 25 therefore said to him, we have seen the Lord. but he faid to them, except I shall see in bis bands the print of the nails, and put my finger into the place of the nails, and thrust my band into bis fide, I will not be-

Eight days after, when 26 his disciples were again in private, and Thomas with them: Jesus came, the doors being shut; and stood in the midst, and said, peace be

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lieve.

27 ρηνη ύμιν ειτα λεγει τω Θωμα, φερε τον δακτυλον σου ώδε, και ιδε τας χειρας μου, και φερε την χειρα σου, και βαλε εις την πλευραν μου: και μη γινου απιστος, 28 αλλα πιστος απεκριθη ό Θωμας, και ειπεν αυτω, ό Κυριος μου και ό Θεος μου. 29 λεγει αυτω ό Ιπσους, ότι έω-ρακας με, πεπιστευκας: μακαριοι όι μη ιδοντες, και πιστευσαντες.

30 Πολλα μεν ουν και αλλα σημεια εποιησεν ο Ιησους ενωπιον των μαθητων άυτου,
ά ουκ εστι Γεγραμμενα εν τω
31 βιβλιω τουτω. ταυτα δε
Γεγραπται, ίνα πιστευσητε
ότι ο Ιησους εστιν ο Χριστος
ο υίος του Θεου, και ίνα
πιστευοντες ζωην εχητε εν
τω ονοματι αυτου.

Μετα ταυτα εφανερωσεν έαυτον παλιν ο Ιπσους επι της θαλασσης της Τιβεριαδος ε εφανερωσε δε ουτως. 2 πσαν όμου Σιμων Πετρος, και Θωμας ο πεγομένος Διδυμος, και Ναθαναπλ ό απο Κανα της Γαλιλαιας, και δι του Ζεβεδαιου, και αλλοι εκ των 3 μαθητων αυτου δυο. λεγει αυτοις Σιμών Πετρος, ύπαςω ALLEUELV. LEFOUGLY AUTW, EDχομεθα και ήμεις συν σοι. εξηλθου, και ενεβησαν εις το TAOLOV, KOLI EV EKELYN TO LUKTI 4 επιασαν ουδεν. πρωιας δε ηδη τενομενης εστη ο Ιησους

Thomas, reach bither thy finger, and examine my hands; and reach bither thy hand, and thrust it into my side: and be not saithless, but believing. Thomas an-28 swered, and said to him, my Lord and my God! Jesus said 29 to him, because thou hast seen me, thou hast believed: blessed are they who have not seen, and yet have believed.

Jefus perform'd many 0-30 ther miracles in the projence of his disciples, which are not written in this book, but these are written, that 3t ye might believe that Jesus is the Messias, the son of God, and that believing ye might have life through his name.

At length Jesus shewed bimself again to the disciples upon the fea-coast of Tiberias; and the manner of his appearance was thus, Simon Pe- 2 ter, Thomas, otherwise Didymus, Nathanael of Cana in Galilce, the fons of Zebedee, and two other disciples of Tesus were all together, when 3 Simon Peter faid to them, I am going a fishing, they reply'd, we likewije will go with you. fo they departed and event on board a veffel,; but that night they caught nothing. as 4 foon as it was morning, Jefus

EIG TOV ALFLANOV: OU HEV TOL ηδεισαν οι μαθηται ότι 1η-5 GOUS EGTI. REFEL OUT AUTOIS ό Ιησους, παιδία, μη τι προσ-OATION EXETE? ATTEKPIONOWY 6 αυτω, ου. ο δε ειπεν αυτοις. βαλετε εις τα δεξια μερη του πλοιου το δικτυον, και έυρησετε. εβαλον ουν, και ουκ ετι αυτο έλκυσαι ισχυσαν απο του πληθους Των ιχ-7 θυων. πεγει ουν ο μαθητης εκεινος, όν ηςαπα ό Ιησους, τω Ι Ιετρω, "ό Κυριος εστι." Σιμών ουν Πετρος, ακουσας ότι ὁ Κυριος εστι, τον επενδυτην διεζωσατο, ην Γαρ γυμνος και εβαλέν ξαυτον 8 εις την θαλασσαν. οι δε αλλοι μαθηται τω πλοιαριω πλθον, ου γαρ πσαν μακραν απο της της, αλλ' ώς απο πηχων διακοσιών συροντες 9 το δικτυον των ιχθυων. ουν απεβησαν εις την την, βλεπουσιν αιθρακιαν κειμενην, και οψαριον επικειμένον, IO KAL APTOV. NETEL AUTOIS O Ιπσους, ενεγκατε απο των οψαριων ών επιασατε νυν. 11 ανεβή Σιμών Πετρος, και έιλκυσε το δικτυον επι της ras, μεστον ιχθυων μεγαλων έκατον πεντηκουτατειών: KAL TOGOUTWY OVTWY OUK EG-12 χισθη το δικτυον. λεγεί αυτοις ο Ιπσους, δευτε, αριστησατε. ουδεις δε ετολμα των μαθητων εξετασαι αυτον, συ τις ει? ειδοτες ότι

sus stood on the shore: but the disciples did not know that it was Jesus. then said Jesus, 5 my lads, have ye any fish? they answered bim, no. and 6 be said to them, cast the net on the right side of the vefsel, and ye shall find. so they cast it, and it was so full of fish they were not able to draw it. ibereupon the fa- 7 vourite disciple of Jesus said to Peter, " it is the Lord." as soon as Simon Peter beard that it was the Lord, he girt on his coat, (for he was stript) and threw bimself into the sea. as for the other 8 disciples, they came in the bark dragging the net full of fish, for they were but about two bundred cubits distant from land. affoon as they o were come to land, they faw fish srying upon a fire of coals there, and bread. Jefus said 10 to them, bring some of the fish you have now caught. Simon Peter therefore went 11 aboard, and drew the net to land loaded with an bundred and fifty three great fish: and notwithstanding the number, the net did not break. come, said Jesus, let 12 us dine. but none of the difciples offer'd to ask bim, who he was; for they face well enough that it was the

Ggg 2 Lord.

13 ο Κυριος εστιν. ερχεται ουν ό Ιπσους, και λαμβανει τον αρτον, και διδωσιν αυτοις, 14 και το οψαριον όμοιως. τουτο πόπ τριτον εφανερωθη ό Ιπσους τοις μαθηταις άυτου,

εγερθεις εκ νεκρων. 15 OTE OUR MOIGTHOUR, RETEL τω Σιμωνι Πετρω ο Ιπσους, Σιμων Ιωνα, αγαπας με πλειον τουτων? λεγει αυτώ, ναι Κυριε, συ οιδας ότι φιλω σε. λεγει αυτώ, βοσκε τα αρνια 16 μου. λεγεί αυτώ παλιν δευτερου, Σιμων Ιωνα, αγαπας με? ASTEL AUTW, VAL KUDIS, OU OLδας ότι φιλω σε, λεγει αυτω, ποιμαίνε τα προβατα μου, I 7 REFEL QUTW TO TRITON, SIMWY Ιωνα, φιλεις με? ελυπηθη ό Πετρος, ότι είπεν αυτώ το τριτον, " φιλεις με ?" και . ειπεν αυτώ, Κυριε, συ παντα οιδας; συ Γινωσκεις ότι φιλω σε. λεγει αυτω à Ιπσους, βοσκε τα προβατα μου. 18 αμην αμην λεςω σοι, ότε ης VEWTEROS, ELWYVUES GEAUTON. και περιεπατεις όπου ηθελες: GTAV DE PREAGRE, EKTEVELS τας χειράς σου, και αλλος σε ζωσει, και οισει όπου ου 19 θελεις. Τουτο δε ειπε, σημαινων ποιω θανατώ δοξασει τον Θεον. και τουτο ειπων, λεγει αυτω, ακολουθει

uoi.

Lord. Jesus then advanc'd, 13 and taking bread, he gave them some, and fish likewise. this was the third time that 14 Jesus appear'd to his disciples, after he was risen from the dead.

So when they had dined, 15 Fefus faid to Simon Peter, Simon fon of Jonas, do you love me more than thefe do? yes, Lord, said be, you know that I love you. Jefus reply'd, feed my lambs. then be ask'd bim 16 the second time, Simon for of Jonas do you love me? yes, Lord, said be; you know that I love you. Fesus reply'd, seed my sheep. Je-17 sus said to bim the third time. Simon fon of Jonas, do you love me? Peter was grieved at his asking him the third time, " do you love me?" and be faid to bim, Lord, you know all things; you know that I love you. Jefus faid to bim, feed my sheep. I tell you for certain, tho' 18 when you was a youth you girded your felf, and rambled where you had a mind : yet when you are old, your bands shall be streich'd out, and another shall gird thee, and lead thee where you will be unwilling to go. this he said to 19 signify to Peter by what death he should glorify God. and when he had spoken this, he said to bim, follow me.

20 Επιστραφείς δε ο Πετρος βλεπει τον μαθητην όν ηταπα ο Ιησους, ακολουθουν-TA. CC KAI AVETEGEV EV TW δειπνώ επι το στηθος αυ-TOU, KAI ELTE, KUPLE, TIS 21 εστιν ο παραδιδούς σε ? του-TOV IDEN O TIETPOS REFEL TO Inσου, Kupie, ουτος δε τι? 22 REFEL AUTW O INDOUG, EAR AU-TOV BEXW HEVELY EWS EDXOHAL. τι προς σε? συ ακολουθει 23 μοι. εξηλθεν ουν ο λογος ουτος εις τους αδελφους, ότι ο μαθητης εκείνος συκ αποθνησκει: και ουκ ειπεν αυτω ο Ιπσους, ότι ουκ αποθνή-TKEL: ANN. EAY AUTON BENW HEVELY EWS EPXOHAL, TI TOOS $\sigma \varepsilon$?

24 Ούτος εστιν. ὁ μαθητης ὁ μαρτυρων περι τουτων, και ραψας ταυτα: και οιδαμεν ότι αληθης εστιν ή μαρ-25 τυρία αυτου. εστι δε και αλλα πολλα όσα εποιησεν ό Ιησους, άτινα εαν γραφηται καθ έν, ουδε αυτον οιμαι τον κοσμον χωρησαι τα γραφριενα βιβλια.

Then Peter turning about, 20 faw the favourite disciple of Jesus was behind; the same who leaned next to Fesus at supper, and said, Lord, which is he that is to betray you? upon feeing him, Peter faid 21 to Jesus, Lord, and what shall become of bim? Jesus 22 said, if I will bave bim stay till I come, what have you to do with that? do you follow me. which occasion d 23 a flying rumour among the brethren, that John should not die: tho' Jesus had not said, he shall not die: but, if I will have him stay till I come, what have you to do with that?

This is the disciple who tes-24 tisteth of these things, and we know that his testimony is true. the 25 other transactions of Jesus are so numerous, that if these were to be particularly descried, I imagine the world would be overwhelm'd with the books that should be written.



414 NOTES on the first of St. J O H N.

C. t. v. 1. Ev APXH my of AOFOE. St. John having writ his gospel in opposition to the visionary doctrine of Cerinthus, a sketch of his herefy may serve to set the evangelist in a clearer light. Trenzus lib. 1. c. 26. Ed. Bened. fays, "One Cerinthus in Afia " maintain'd, the world was not made by the supreme God, but * by a certain power very different from that PRINCIPALITY, who " is over the universe, and unacquainted with the God, who is " over all. he added, that lesus was not born of a Virgin, for "this feem'd to him impossible; but was the fon of Joseph and " Mary, having no pre-eminence in this respect, though he had "with respect to justice, prudence, and wildom. that after his " baptism, Christ descended upon Jesus, from that PRINCIPALITY, "who is over all, in the figure of a dove; and then declar'd the un-" known father, and perform'd miracles: but at length Christ fled from Jesus back again, and Jesus suffered, and rose again; but "CHRIST had continued impassible, being of a spiritual nature." and in lib. 3. c. 11. he says, " John the disciple of the Lord publish'd his "gospel to obviate the errors propagated by Cerinthus, and long be-" fore started by the Nicholaitans, a branch of the Gnostics, to con-" found them, and convince them that there is but one God, who " made all things by his Word: and that they were mistaken in fay-" ing, the Creator of the world was one Being, and the Father of the " Lord another: and the Son of the Demiurgus was different from " Christ, who was another of the superiour Beings, who continuing " impassible, descended upon Jesus, the Son of the Demiurgus, and " fled back again to his PLEROMA: that the Arche is the Monogenes, " and the Locos the Son of Monogenes: that this world of ours " was not made by the FIRST God, but by some very subordinate - Power, separated from all communication with those Beings that " are invisible and anonymous."

reans; for the Valentinians said, that their sour principles, viz. 1. the Pro-Arche or Bythus, i. e. prosound; 2. Sige, i. e. silence; 3. Nus, i. e. mind, who was call'd Monogenes, Arche, and Father of the Logos; 4. Alethera, i. e. truth; were the original Tetractys of Pythagoras, the root from whence all things were derived. see Iron, l. 1. c. 1. lib. 11. c. 14. and the Book of Wisdom, whose author was a Pythagorean, (C. VIII. v. 20. being virtuous, I obtain'd a body of a good constitution) chap. XVIII. 15. "thine Almighty Logos leap'd down from heaven out of thy royal throne, like a surious warrior into the midst of a land of defituation, bearing his keen sword, the ensign of his just power: he stood upon the earth, and reach'd to the heaven." this is the angel that desiroyed the sirst-born o orderous to the total total the sirst-born of orderous the theory with

Cerinthus feems to have borrowed his notions from the Pythago-

Topole χρηται τοις ακολουθοις αυτου ΛΟΓΟΙΕ, δυς ονομαζειο εθος ΑΓΓΕΛΟΤΕ.

"he that follows God is necessarily attended by his ministring Logol,
commonly called Angels." and, de unius Imperio, ΛΟΓΟΕ δε εετεν
εικών Θεου, δε δυ συμπας δ κοσμος εδημιουρίειτο, "the Logos is the image
of God, by whom the whole world was framed."

Jefus Christ, says, & Colon. 8 de Inouevos Gen κατα τ'ανακαιον συνοδοι-

796, 797, 826, 903, 904. Origen begins the third fection of Com. in Joan. thus, "that which was " produc'd in him was light, and that life was the light of men.-two " things are to be diffinctly confidered, and their difference to be accu-" rately weigh'd. first, the Logos is in the Principle (ARCHE.) fecondly, " the Lave is in the Logos: but the Logos was not produced in the " PRINCIPLE; because the Principle never was without reason: " wherefore it is faid in the PRINCIPLE was the Logos. but now " Live was not existing in the Locos, but was produced, Live be-" ing the Light of men : for till he became man, he was not the " Live of men, again, it was not that which was produced in the " PRINCIPLE, that was the Life, but that which was in the Logos." " Some Copies, which probably are right, have, that which was pro-"duc'd in him is Life. wherefore, &cc." and in the fame fection he gives the reason why it is said, "LIFE was produc'd in him," vix. because he is the cause of eternal life to men. compare John v. 26. as the father bath life in himself: so hath he given to the son to have life in himself. and 2 Tim. i. 10. he brought immortal life to light thro' the gospel, with 1 John v. 11. God has given us eternal life, and this life is in his son.

V. 14. Μονοζενης, the word only-begotten, as apply'd here, conveys no idea to the mind. the correspondent Hebrew word Ichid, is render'd by the LXX αξαπητος, beloved. Wifd. vii. 22. there is in wisdom πνευμα νοερον, άξιον, Μονεζενες. Vis intelligens, fanéta, fui generis, s. unica. an intelligent power—the only one of its kind. Timzus Locrus de Anima Mundi.—παντα ταλλα εν αυτφ περιαχεν, ένα, ΜΟΝΟΓΕΝΗ. Gen. xxii. 2. ΟΝΙΥ] μονοζενη (only-begotten) that is, αξαπητον (beloved) as Aquila renders it. for these two significations are promiseuously us'd by the lewish and Greek writers. Grotius a. h. l.

C. v. 4. This verse is not in the Cambridge MS. of Beza, either in the Greek, or Latin, nor in Colbert. 8. nor in the Coptic version. the first part to 6 our mouros is not in Paris. 7. see Dr. Mills, and Prol. 433. In the MS. of the King's library at Paris, num. 4582. being the new testament in Latin, writ in capitals, the verse is in the margin writ by a later hand. in the Greek MSS. n. 2242, n. 2860, n. 3424. it is mark'd as suspected. in the Gr. MS. n. 2441. all from subsequences to the end of v. 5. is wanting. in n. 1905. it is only in the margin in a smaller character. see Kuster's preface to Dr. Mills's N. T.

T PAERIE

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ACTS of the

ATION AHOETOARK.

HOLY APOSTLES.

ON HEY TOWTON NOτον εποιησαμην περι παντων, ώ Θεοφιλέ, ών ποξατο ο Ιπσους ποιείν τε 2 και διδασκειν, αχρι τις ήμερας ΕνΤειλαμενος Τοις αποστολοις δια πνευματος άγιου, όυς εξ-3 ελεξατο, ανεληφθη, οις και παρεστησεν έαυτον ζωντα μετα το παθειν αυτον, εν πολλοις τεκμηριοις, δι' ήμερων τεσσαρακούτα οπτανομενος αυτοις, και λεγων τα περι της βασιλειας του Θεου. 4 και συναλιζομένος παρηγείλεν αυτοις απο Ιεροσολυμιον μη χωριζεσθαι, αλλα περι-PLEVELY THY ETAFFELLAY TOU TATPOL, IN THOUTATE HOU. οτι Ιωαννης μεν εβαπτισεν ύδατι, ύμεις δε βαπ-Τισθησεσθε εν πνευματι άζίς Γιώ ου μετα πολλας ταυτας ήμερας.

N my former treatile, i I gave an account, O Theophilus, of all the attions and dottrine of Jesus, to the time of his affumption, after be had given the apostles he had chosen, the orders they were to execute by the boly spirit. to whom also he shewed 3 bimself alive after his passion, of which they had many proofs, during the forty days be appear'd to them, and inform'd them about the reign of the Messias: being with 4 them when they were affembled, be order'd they should not depart from Jerusalem, but wait for what the father had promis'd, which, faid he; I mention'd. " * for John " indeed baptized with wa-

6 Οι μεν ουν συνελθοντες επηρωτων αυτον, λεγοντες, Κυριε, ει εν τω χρονω τουτω αποκαθιστανεις την βα-7 σχειαν τω Ισραπλ? ειπε " ter; but ye shall be bap-" tized with the holy ghost,

" not many days bence."

Being therefore in his prefence, they asked him, saying; Lord, is this the time when you will restore again the kingdom to Israel? and he said

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^{*} Mat. iii. 11. John xiv. 16. xv, 26. xvi. 7.

δε ποος άυτους, ουχ ύμων εστι Γνωναι χοονους η καιρους ους ο πατηρ εθετο εν τη ιδια εξου-8 σια. αλλαληνεσθε δυναμιν επελθοντος του άγιου πνευματος εφ' ύμας: και εσεσθε μοι μαρτυρές εν τε Ιερουσαλημ και εν παση τη Ιουδαιά και Σαμαρεία, και έως εσχατού της [ης.

Kai Tauta Eltwy Breποντων αυτων επηρθη, και νεφελη ύπελαβεν αυτον απο 10 των οφθαλμων αυτων. WE ATENICONTEC HOAV EIG TON ουρανον, πορευομένου αυτου, και ιδου ανδρες δυο παρεισ-Τηκεισαν αυτοις εν εσθητι 1 1 AEUKN. OL KAL ELTOV, " AY-" δρες Γαλιλαιοι, τι έστη-KATE EMBRETONTES EK TON " ουρανον ? ουτος ο Ιπσους ό αναληφθεις αφ' ύμων ELC TOV OUP AYON, OUT WE Eλευσεται ον τροπον εθε-" ασασθε αυτον πορευομενον EIS TON OUPANON. ύπεστρεψαν εις Ιερουσαλημ απο ορούς του καλουμένου EXALWYOS, O EGTLY EFFUS TEPOUσαλημ, σαββατου εχον όδον. 13 Και ότε εισπλθον, ανεβησαν εις το ύπερωον, ου πσαν

καταμενουτες ο, τε Πετρος και Ιωαννης, και Ιακωβος και Ανδρεας, Φιλιππος και Θωμας, Βαρθολομαιος και Ματθαιος, Ιακωβος Απφαιου, και Σιμών ο Ζηλωτης, και Ιου-

δας

faid to them, it is not for you. to know the times or the seafons, which the father bath reserv'd in his own disposal. but ye shall receive the in- 8 fluence of the boly spirit, which will descend upon you: and ye shall be witnesses for me, in ferusalem, in all fudea, and in Samaria, and to the remotest part of the earth.

After this discourse, while 9 they beheld, he was taken up, and a cloud received bim out of their fight. and as they 10 were looking stedfastly toward beaven, as be mounted up, on a sudden, two men appear'd before them robed in white, who faid, " ye men II " of Galilee, wby stand ye " gazing up to beaven? this " same Jesus who is taken up " from you into beaven, shall " descend in the same manner " as ye have seen bim ascend " thither." then they return- 12 ed to Jerusalem, from the mountain of olives, which is a sabbath-day's journey from it.

When they were arrived 12 there, they went up into an upper room, where Peter, John, James, Andrew, Philip, Thomas, Bartholomew. Matthew, James the son of Alpheus, Simon the Zelot, and Judas the brother of James Hhh used

14 δας Ιακωβου. ουτοι παντες πσαν προσκαρτερουντες ομοθυμαδον τη προσευχή συν γυναιξι, και Μαρια τη μητρι του Ιπσου, και συν τοις αδελφοις αυτου-

Και εν ταις ήμεραις ταυταις αναστας Πετρος εν μεσω των μαθητων, ειπεν, ην ΤΕ ΟΧΛΟς ΟΥΟματών επι το αυ-16 TO WE EKATON ELKOOIN, ANDESC αδελφοι, εδει πληρωθηναι την **Γραφην (Ταυτην,) ήν προειπε** το πνευμα το άγιον δια στοματος Δαβιδ, περι Ιουδα Του Γενομενου όδητου Τοις 17 συλλαβουσι του Ιησουν. ότι κατηριθμημένος ην εν ήμιν, και ελαχε τον κληρον της 18 διακονιας ταυτης. δυτος μεν **Ουν εΚΤησατο** χωριον εκ μισ÷ θου της αδικιας: και πρηγης Γενομένος ελακήσε μέσος, και εξεχυθή παντα τα σπλαςχ-19 να αυτου. και γνωστον ε-FEVETO TAGI TOIS KATOIKOUGIY Ιερουσαλημ, ώστε κληθηναι Το χωριον εκεινο Τη ιδια διαλεκτω αυτων, Ακελδαμα, Τουτεστι, χωριον αιματος. 🗪 🏋 εγραπται γαρ εν βιβλώ ψαλμων, " Γενηθητω ή επαυλικ " αυτου ερημος, και μη εστω
" ο κατοικων εν αυτη." και,
" την επισκοπην αυτου λα21 " βοι έτερος." δει ουν των συνελθοντων ήμιν ανόρων εν παντι χρονώ, εν ώ εισπλθε και εξηλθεν εφ ήμας ο Κυριος

used to resort, and unani-14 mously persevere in prayer with the women, Mary the mother of Jesus, and his brethren being prejent.

At that time the disciples 15 being affembled, to the number of about an hundred and twenty, Peter rose up in the midlt of them, and faid, men 16 and brethren, the trediction which the boly choft made, by the mouth of David, concerning Judas, who was guide to those that seiz'd Jefus, must bave been accomplished. be 17 was of our number, and shared in the functions of this ministry, but after be bad 18 purchased a field with the reward of bis iniquity, be fell down, his belly burft, and all his bowels gushed out : a 19 fast so generally known to the inbabilants of Jerusalem, that they called the field in their tongue, Aceldema, that is to fay, the field of blood. for it is written in the book of 20 psalms *, " let bis babita-" tion be desolate, and let no " man dwell therein:" and + " let another take possession " of bis charge." wherefore 21 of those who have accompanied us all the time that the Lord Jefus convers'd a-

enong

In Tous.

22 Ιπσους, αρξαμένος απο του βαπτισματος Ιωαννου έως THE THECKE THE AVENTOON AO πιων, μαρτυρα της αναστασεως αυτου γενεσθαι συν ή-22 μιν ένα Τουτών. και εστησαν δυο. Ιωσπο τον καλουμενου Βαρσαβαν, δε επεκληθη Ιουστος, και Ματθιαν. 24 KAI TEOGEUZALLEVOL ELTOV, " OU Κυρις, καρδιογνωστα παν-" των, αναδειξον ον εξελεξω " εκ Τουτων των δυο. λα-BEID TON KAMPON THE BLAKEγιας ταυτής και αποστολης, εξ ής παρεβη Ιουδας. " ποοευθηναι εις τον τοπον 26" τον ιδιον." και εδωκαν και εδωκαν κληρους αυτων, και επεσεν ο κληρος επι Ματθιαν, και συγκατεψηφισθη μετα των ένδεκα αποστολων.

Και εν τω συμπληςουσθαι τας ημέρας της πεντηκοστης, ησαν απαντες ομοθυμαδον ε-2 πι το αυτο. και εξενετο αφνώ EK TOU OUDAYOU NXOS WOTES φερομένης πυσης βιαίας, και επληρωσεν ολον τον οικον ου 3 ησαν καθημένοι. και ωφθησαν αυτοι: διαμερίζουεναι דאשססמו שסבו שטפסכה באמאוσε τε εφ' ένα εκαστου αυ-4 Των. και επλησθησαν 2παντες πνευματος άξιου, και πρξαντο λαλειν έτερακ γλωσσαις, καθως το πνευμα εδίήου αυτοις αποφθετεσθαι. **5** πσας δε εν Τερουσαλημ κατοικουίτει Ιουδαίοι, ανδρές

ຍທາງອີດເວ

mong us, from bis baptism by 22 John, to the day of his afsumption, we should chuse one to be a witness with us of his refurrection. accordingly they 23 presented two, Joseph called Barsabas, who was sirnamed Justus, and Matthias, and they prayed, saying, "thou 24 " Lord, who knowest the " bearts of all men, show " us which of these two " thou bast chosen, that be 25 " may be admitted to this " apostolick ministry which " Judas abandoned, to go " to bis own place," and 26 baving drawn lots; the lot fell upon Matthias, who was added to the eleven anostles.

When the day of pentecost was come, they all met together with one accord. when all of a fudden there came a iound from beaven, like that of an impeluous wind, which filled all the bouse where they were, and there appeared several little stanta. and fut upon each of them: and they were all filled with 4 the boly ghost, and began to speak in different languages, as the spirit gave them utterance, now many devout Jews were residing at Jerusalem, who came from all quarters

EUNABEIG, AND HAVTOG EDVOUG 6 των ύπο τον ουρανον. Γενο-HEYNG DE THE OWNIG TAUTHS. συνηλθε το πληθος και συνεχυθη, ότι πκουον έις εκαστος τη ιδια διαλεκτώ λαλουν-7 Των αυτων. εξισταντο δε (TRAVIES) KAI EPAULIALOV, DE-**ΓΟ**ΥΤΕΣ (προς αλληλους,) ουκ ιδου παντες ουτοι εισιν οι λα-8 λουντεςΓαλιλαιοι? και πως ήusic akovousv skaotoc tn idia SIANEKTW THEWY EN THE EFEVYNOTH-9 μεν? Παρθοι και Μπδοι και E-AAHITAI, KAI O KATOIKOUVTES την Μεσοποταμιαν, Ιουδαιαν τε και Καππαδοκιαν, Ποντον **ΙΟ και τον Ασιαν,** Φρυτιαν τε και Παμφυλιαν, Αιτυπτον, και τα μερη της Διβυης της κατα Κυρηνην, και οι επιδημουντες Ρωμαιοι, Ιουδαιοι ΙΙ ΤΕ Και προσπλυτοι, Κρητες και Αραβες, ακουομέν λα-NOUNTWN AUTWN TAIC HUETEραις γλωσσαις τα μεγαλεια 12 του Θεου. εξισταντο δε παν-Τες και δίηπορουν, αλλος προς αλλον λεγοντές, τι αν θελοι 13 τουτο ειναι ? ετεροι δε δια-XAEUALOVTES EXELON, OTI INEU-

κους μεμεστωμενοι εισι.

14 Σταθεις δε Πετρος συν τοις ένδεκα, επηρε την φωνην άυτους, και απεφθες έατο αυτοις, Ανδρες Ιουδαιοι, και οι κατοικουντες Ιερουσαλημ άπαντες, τουτο ύμιν γνωστον εστω, και ενωτισασθε τα ρημα-

of the world. and upon the 6 rumour of this event, the multitude came together, and were confounded, every man bearing the disciples speak in his own language. Struck 7 with astonishment and admiration, they said to one another, are not these men who are speaking, all Galileans? bow comes it then & that we bear every man talking in our own native tongue? Parthians, Medes, 9 Elamites, the inhabitants of Mesopotamia, Judea, Cappadocia, Pontus, Afia, Phry- 12 gia, Pamphylia, Egypt, the parts of Libya about Cyrene, foreigners from Rome, Jews, and profelytes, Crete, and 11 Arabians, we bear them all proclaiming in our tougues the wonderful works of God. and they were all amazed, 12 and perplex'd, saying one to another, what can the meaning of this be? others 12 in derision said, these men are full of sweet wine.

But Peter standing up with 14 the eleven, and raising his voice, said to them, ye men of Judea, and all ye that dwell at Jerusalem, he this known to you, and observe what

15 ρηματα μου. ου Γαρ. ώς ύμεις ύπολαμβανετε, όυτοι μεθυουσιν, εστι ταρ ώρα τριτη 16 της ήμερας. αλλα τουτο εστι το ειρημενου δια του 17 προφητου Ιωηλ. " και εσ-Tal EV Tals EOXATALS 11μεραις λεγει ὁ Θεος εκχεω AND TOU TVEUHATOS HOU " επι πασαν σαρκα: και " προφητευσουσιν οι υίοι υ-" μων και αι θυγατερες υ-" μων, και οι νεανισκοι υ-🤾 μων ορασεις οψονται, και δι πρεσβυτεροι ύμων ενυπ-" νια ενυπνιασθησονται. και בי דב באו דסטק לסטאסטק עוסט και επι τας δουλας μου εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις εκχεω απο του πνευματος μου, και προφητευσουσι. και δωσω τερατα εν τω ουρανώ ανώ, και σημεία επι της της κατω, αιμα και πυρ και ατμιδα καπ-20" νου. ο πλιος μεταστρα-ONDETAL EIG OKOTOG, KAL N σεληνη εις άιμα, πριν η ελθειν Την ημεραν Κυριου την μεγαλην και επιφανη. " KAL ESTAL, TAS OS AV ETIκαλεσηται το ονομα Κυ-22 " ριου, σωθησεται." δρες Ισραπλιται, ακουσατε τους λογους τουτους: Ιπσουν τον Ναζωραιον, ανδρα απο του Θεου αποδεδειγμενον εις ύμας δυναμεσι και τερασι και σημειοις οις εποιησε δι' au-

I say. these are not drunk, 15 as you suppose, since it is but the third bour of the day. but this is the accom- 16 plishment of what was said by the prophet Joel*, " it 17 " shall come to pass in the " last days (saith God) I " will pour out of my fpi-" rit upon all flesh: and " your fons and your daugh-" ters shall propbefy, and " your young men shall see " visions, and your old men " dream dreams: and on 18 " my servants, and on my " bandmaidens I will pour " out of my spirit in those " days, and they shall pro-" phely: and I will shew 19 " prodigies in the heavens. " and figns on the earth; " blood, and fire, and va-" pour of smoke. the sun 20 " shall be turned into dark-" ness, and the moon into " blood, before that great and " illustrious day of the Lord " shall come. and then who-21 "ever shall call on the " name of the Lord, shall " be saved." ye men of 22 Israel attend to what I Say; Jefus of Nazareth was a man whom God distinguished among you, by miracles, by prodigies, and figns, which God did by him in the midst of you, as you your

αυτου ό Θεος εν μεσω ύμων. 22 καθως και αυτοι οιδατε. τουτον τη ώρισμενη βουλη και προγνωσει του Θεου εκδοτον (λαβοντες) δια χειρων ανομων προσπηξαντες αγειλετε. 21 ον ο Θεος ανεστήσε, λυσας τας ωδινας του θανατου, καθοτι ουκ πν δυνατον κρατεισ-25 θαι αυτον ύπ' αυτου. Δα-βιδ γαρ λεγει εις αυτον, "προωρωμην τον Κυριον ενωπιον μου δια παντος, ότι εκ δεξιων μου εστιν, ίνα μη 26" σαλευθω. δια τουτο ευφρανθη ή καρδία μου, και " ηγαλλιασατο ή γλωσσα " μου: ετι δε και ή σαρξ μου κατασκηνωσει επ' ελπιδι. ότι ουκ εγκαταλει-Ψεις την Ψυχην μου εις άδου, ουδε δωσεις τον όσιον ζζ σου ιδειν διαφθοραν. εγνωζε ρισας μοι όδους ζωης: πλης ρωσεις με ευφροσυπις μετα Του προσωπου σου." δρες αδελφοι, εξον ειπειν μετα παρόπσιας προς ύμας περι του πατριαρχου Δαβιδ, ότι και ετελευτησε και εταφη, και το μνημα αυτου εστιν εν ήμιν α-30 ΧΡΙ Της ημέρας ταυτής. προφητης ουν ύπαρχων, και ειο δως ότι όρκω ωμοσεν αυτω ό Θεος εκ καρπου της οσφυος αντου καθισαι επι του θρονου au-

your selves also know: bim, 23 being delivered by the determinate counsel and for eknow_ ledge of God, ye bave taken, and by means of the wicked, bave crucified and flain: whom God bath raifed up, 24 baving delivered bim from the pains of death: because it was not possible that be should be overpower'd by it. for David fays concerning 25 bim ", " I had the Lord " akways present before me, " be is on my right hand, " that I should not be mov-" ed. therefore did my beart 26 " rejoice, my tongue was " glad: and my body shall " rest in bope. because thou 27 e wilt not leave my foul in " the grave, nor will thou " give thine boly one a prey " to corruption, thou balt 28 " made known to me the ways of life; thou shalt " make me full of joy by thy " presence." men and bre-20 thren, let me with affurance tell you of the patriarch David, who died and was buried bere, bis fepulchre being with us to this day : that, as 30 be was a prophet, and knowing that God had fworn to bim +, to place the fruit of b.

* Pal. xvi. 8. † Pal. cxxxii. 1.1. The Lord hath fworn in truth unto David, he will not turn from it, of the fruit of thy body will I fet upon thy throne.

προιδων ελαλησε 21 AUTOU: περι της αναστασεως του Χειστου, " ότι ουτε εγκα-" τελειφθη (ή ψυχη αυτου) " εις αλου, ουδε ή σαρξ αυ-32" του ειδε διαφθοραν." του-TOV TOV INGOUN ANEGTNOEN O SOG, OU TRAVTER PLEIS EQUEY 22 μας Τυρές. Τη δέξια ουν Του OSOU UYWGEK, THE TE ETAT-**Γελιαν του άξιου πνευματος** καβων παρά του πάτρος, EČEKES TOUTO O VUY UMSIS BRE-34 TETE KAL AKOUETE. OU FAD Δαβιδ ανεβη εις τους ουρα-YOUS : RETEL DE COUTOS, " ELTEY " ο Κυριος τω Κυριω μου, εως αν θω τους εχθρούς σου υ-" ποποδίον των ποδων σου." 2600 DANUS OUR TIVEOKETE πας εικος Ισς απλ, ότι Κυειον και Χριστον αυτον ο Θεος εποιησε, τουτον τον Ιησουν ον ύμεις εσταυρωσατε.

37 Ακουσαντες δε κατενυγησαν τη καρδία, ειπον τε
προς τον Πετρον και τους
προς τον Πετρον και τους
προις αποστολους, τι ποιησοιεν, ανόρες αδελφοι?
38 Πετρος δε εφη προς αυτους,
μετανοησατε, και βαπτισθητω έκαστος υμών επι τω
ονοματι Ιπσου Χριστου εις
αφεσιν άμαρτιών, και ληψεσθε την δωρεαν του άριου
39 πνευματος. υμίν γαρ εστιν
ή επαγγελία και τοις τεκνοις
ύμων,

bis loins upon bis throne : foreseeing this, be spoke of the 21 resurrection of Christ, when be said, " that his foul was " not left in the grave, nei-" ther did his body undergo " corruption." 'tis this Jesus 32 whom God bath raised up, of which we all are witnesses. therefore being by the right 33 band of God exalted, and having received of the father the promise of the holy spirit, be has diffused that spirit, the effects of which ye now fee and bear. for David is not 24. ascended to beaven: yet be faith himself * " the Lord " said to my Lord, sit thou " on my right hand, until 25 " I make thy foes thy foot-" stool." therefore let all the 26 bouse of Israel know assuredly, that God hath made that same Jesuswbom ye bave crucified, both Lord and Christ.

Now when they heard 37 this, their hearts were struck with remorfe, and they said to Peter, and to the rest of the apostles, men and brethren, what shall see do? Peter replied, repent, and 38 he haptized every one of you in the name of Jesus Christ, for the remission of sins, and ye shall receive the gist of the holy spirit. for the pro-39 mise is to you, and to your chil-

DULLY, KAL TAGI TOIS EIS HA-אסמי, ססטנ מי אסססגמאבטיי-ACT TOU KURIOS O DEOS THIWY. ETE-DOIS TE MOTOIS TRELOGI DIE-MADTUPETO, KAL TAPEKANEL, LETWY, OWONTE AND THE reveas the okoliae tauths. **ΔΙ οι μεν συν αποδεξαμενοι Τον** λογον αυτου, εβαπτισθησαν: και προσετεθησαν τη ήμερα EKELYN YUXAL WOEL TOLOXIXLAL. 12 πσαν δε προσκαρτερουντες τη διδαχη των αποστολων. kai Th . Kolywyla , Kai Th KAAGEL TOU APTOU. 42 Tais TROOTEUXAIS. EFEVETO DE παση ψυχη φοβος: πολλα ΤΕ ΤΕΡΑΤΑ ΚΑΙ σημεία δια των αποστολών εξίνετο.

ΔΑ Παντες δε όι πιστευοντες HOAV ETI TO AUTO, KALEI-45 Χον άπαντα κοινα. και τα κτηματα και τας υπαρξεις επιπρασκου, και διεμερίζου αυτα πασι, καθοτι αν τις 46 xpelay eixe. Kat' nuepay Te προσκαρτερουντες δμοθυμα-DOD EN TW LEDW, KAWNTER TE KAT' OIKOV APTOV, HETELAHβανον τροφικ εν αγαλλιασει 47 Kai agenornti Kapdias, ai-VOUNTES TON GEON, KALL EXON-Τες χαριν προς όλου τον **λαον.** ο δε Κυριος προσετιθει τους σωζομενους καθ' ήμεραν Τη εκκλησια.

Επι το αυτο δε Πετρος και Ιωαννης ανεβαινον εις το ιερον επι την ώραν της προ-

σευχης

children, and to all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God shall call. and with many other 40 discourses did be conjure and exbort them, to save themselves from that depraved generation. then they that 41 embraced bis doctrine, were baptized: and there were about three thousand converts made that very day. they continued stedfastly in 42 the apostolical dostrine of a community, and in breaking of bread, and in prayers. and all the people were al- 43 larm'd at the many prodigies and miracles which were done by the apostles.

All that believed were u- 44 nited together, and bad all things in common, so that 45 they sold their possessions and goods, and distributed the money to every one as bis occasions required. and con-16 tinuing daily with one accord in the temple, and breaking bread from house to house, they did eat their meals with gladness, and simplicity of beart, praising God, and 47 showing benevolence to all the people. and the Lord encreased the church daily with new converts.

One day as Peter and John 1
were going together to the
temple, at the ninth hour,
which

2 GEUXIIS THU EVVATHY, KAI TIC ανηρ χωλος εκ κοιλιας μητρος αυτου υπαρχων, εβασταζετο: ον ετίθουν καθ' ήμεραν προς την θυραν του ίερου Την λεγομένην Ωραιάν. TOU ALTEIN ENEMHOOUNDY TIAρα των εισπορεύομενων εις το 3 IEPOV. OC LÓWY TETPOV KALIW-AVVIN LIENTONTAS ELOTEVAL ELS Το ίερον, πρωτα ελεπμοσυ-4 νην (λαβείν.) ατενίσας δε Πετρος εις αυτον συν τω Ιωαννη, είπε: βλεψον εις ήμας. 5 o de emeixen autoic, moordoκων τι παρ αυτων λαβειν! δ ειπε δε Πετρος, αργυριον και χρυσιού ουχ ύπαρχει μοι ί ο δε εχω, τουτο σοι διδωμι: εν τω ονοματι Ιπσου Χριστου του Naturatou efetral kat Teri-7 πατει. και πιασάς αυτον της δεξιας χειρος ηγειρε: παραχρημα δε εστερεωθησαν αυτου αι βασεις και τα σφυρα. και εξάλλομενος εστη, και περιεπα-Τει : και εισηλθε συν αυτοκ εις το ίερου, περιπατων και αλλόμενος, και αινων 9 Θ EOV. KAL ELÕEV AUTOV π AS δ λαος περιπατουντά και αι-IO YOUVTA TOY Θ EOV. ETERLY ω σ KOV Τε αυτον ότι όυτος ην ο προς Την ελεημοσυνήν καθημένος επι τη Ωραια πυλη του ίερου: και επλησθησαν θαμβους και εκστασεως επι τω συμβεβηκοτι αυτω.

Κρατουντός δε του ιαθεν-Τος χωλου τον Πετρον και Iω-

which was the bour of prayer, they were carrying a man 2 who had been lame from his birth; one whom they daily laid at the gate of the temple called, Beauty-gate; to ask alms of those that pass'd into the temple. be seeing Peter and John going into the temple, asked alms of them. Peter and John baving their eyes upon bim. Peter said, look on us. at which he look'd very attentively, expecting to receive something of them. then Peter said, silver and 6 gold have I none; but such ds I bave I give thee: in the name of Jesus Christ the Nazarene, rise up and walk. and taking him by the right 7 band, be list bim up; and immediately bis feet and ancle-bones received strength. fo 8 that he fell a leaping, and walking, and entred with them into the temple, walking, and leaping, and praising God. all the people saw 9 bim walking and praising God. and knowing it was io he who us'd to fit begging at the Beauty-gate of the temple, they were filled with wonder and amazement at such an event:

As the lame man who was 18 cured, held Peter and John,

Ιωαννήν, συνεδραμε προς αυ-TOUS TAS O NAOS ETITH OTOX Τη Καλουμενή Σολομωνος, εκ-12 fausoi. idwy de Hetoog a-TEKPINATO TOO TON LAON: Ανδρες Ισραπλίται, Τι θαυμαζετε επι τουτώ, η ημιν τι ατενίζετε, ώς ιδια δυναμει η ευσεβεια πεποιπκοσι 13 TOU TEPITATELY AUTOU? O Θεος Αβρααμ και Ισαακ και LAKWB, O DEOG TWV TATEFWY ημων εδοξασε τον παιδα άυτου Ιπσουν, ον ύμεις παρεδωκατε, και πενπσαεθε κατα προσωπου Πιλατου, κρι-14 VAVTOS EKELYOU ATTOLUELV. Uμεις δε του άγιον και δικαιον πριπσασθε, και ητησασθε ανδρα φονεα χαρισθηναι υ-15 μιν: τον δε αρχητον της LWING ATTENTELVATE, ON O GEOG ηγειρεν εκ νεκριαν, ου ήμεις **16 μαρτυρές εσμέν. και έπι τη** TIOTEL TOU OVOLUTOS AUTOU, Τουτον ον θεωρειτε και οιδα-Τε, εστερεώσε το ονομα αυ-Tou: και ή πιστις ή δι' αυ-Του εδωκεν αυτώ την όλο-Κληριαν ταυτήν απεναντι 17 παντων ύμων. KAU YUY, Aδέλφοι, οιδα ότι κατα αγνοιαν επράξατε, ώσπερ και οί 18 αρχοντες ύμων. ο δε Θεος ά προκατηγγείλε διω στομα-Τος παντων των προφητων αυτου, παθειν τον Χριστον, 19 επληρωσεν ουτω. μετανοη-GATE OUV KAI ETIGTPEWATE, **ΒΙς Το εξαλειφθηναι** ύμων τας αμαρ-

the people all in surprize ran to Solomon's porch, where they were. which Peter 12 observing, thus addressed them, ye men of Ifrael, why are ye so surprized at this event? or why do you look so earnestly on us, as though by our own power or piety, we had caus'd this man to walk? the God of Abra-13 bam, of Isaac, and of Jacob, the God of our fathers, bath glorified bis son Jesus; whom we delivered up, and renounced in opposition to Pilate. who was determined to let bim go. but ye 14 renounced him that was holy and just; you interceeded for the life of a murderer, but 15 killed the prince of life, whom God bath raised from the dead; whereof we are witnesses. it is the faith which 16 we have in him, that has procured strength to this man whom ye see and know: yea. the faith which is by him, bath given him this perfect foundness in the presence of you all. and now, brethren, 1" I know it was through ignorance, that both you and your rulers, bave acted thus, but 18 thus it is that God has accomplished what he had foretold by the mouth of all his prophets, that Christ should suffer: repent therefore, and 19 be

άμαρτιας : όπως αν ελθώσι καιροι αναψυξεως απο προ-20 σωπου του Κυριου, και απο-TTEINT TOV TOOKEXELDITHEYOU 21 ύμιν Ιησουν Χριστον: ον δει ουρανον μεν δεξασθαι αχχι χρονων αποκαταστασεως παντων ών ελαλησεν ο Θεος δια στοματος άςιων άυτου 22 προφητων απ' αιωνος. Μω-החק עבי (דמף חדסה דסעק חם-" ότι προφη-TEPAS) ELTEV: " την ύμιν αναστησει Κυ" ριος ο Θεος ύμων εκ των ζε αδελφων ύμων, ώς εμε: αυτου ακουσεσθε κατα "παντα όσα αν κακπση α προς ύμας. εσται δέ, πασα ψυχη, ήτις αν μη ... ακουση του εκεινου, εξολοθρευθησεται προφητου EK TOU LAOU! KAI TAYτες δε οι προφηται απο Σαμουπλ και των καθεξης, όσοι ελαλησαν, και κατης είλαν 25 τας ήμερας ταυτας, ύμεις ECTE VIOLTWY TROOPTWY, KAL της διαθηκης ής διεθετο ο Θεος προς τους πατερας ήμων, λειων προς Αβρααμ: " και τω σπερματι σου εν-" ευλογηθησονται πασαι αί 26" πατριαι της Γης." ύμιν πρωτου ο Θεος αναστησας του παιδα άυτου (Ιησουν.) απεστειλέν αυτον ευλογουντα υμας, εν τω αποστρεφειν έκαστον απο των πογηριών ύμων.

be converted, that your fins may be blotted out, suben the times of refreshment shall come from the presence of the Lord. who shall send Jesus Christ, 20 who has been beforehand prepar'd thereto, but must re- 21 side in beaven, till the time of the restitution of all things, of which God has spoken from the beginning by the mouth of his boly prophets. for Moses 22 said to the fathers*, " a pro-" phet shall the Lord your "Godraise up unto you, of " your bretbren, like unto " me; observe whatever be " shall say to you. and who-22 " ever be be that will not " bear that prophet, shall " be destroyed from among
the people." afterwards 24
Samuel and all that prophesied after bim, bave likewise soretold these times. ye are the children of the 25 prophets, and of the covenant which God made with our fathers, when be faid to Abraham, " all the " families of the earth shall "be bleffed in your poste-" rity." it is to you that God 25 first of all sent bis son Jefus, baving raised bim up to bless you, provided you all renounce your iniquities. Iii 2 Wbile

^{*} Deut. xviii. 15, †Gen. xii. 3.

Λαλουντων δε αυτων προς ΤΟΥ ΛΑΟΥ, ΕΠΕΟΤΠΟΩΥ Αυτοις OL LEDELS KAL O STPATHEOS TOU ίερου, και οι Σαδδουκαιοι, 2 διαπονουμενοι δια το διδασ-KELV AUTOUS TOV NAOV, KAL KATAITENNELY EV TW INGOV THE AVACTACIV THE EK VE-3 κρων. και επεβαλον αυτοις TAC XEIDAC, KAI EBENTO EIC THphoty Ele Thy audion: my rap 4 έσπερα ηδη. πολλοι δε των ακουσαντων τον λογον, ε-TIOTEUDAY: KAI ETEVNON O Aριθμος των ανδρων ώσει χι-RIAGES TEVTE. Εγενετο δε επι την αυριον

ουναχθηναι αυτων τους αρχοντας και πρεσβυτερους και Γραμματεις εις Ιερουσαλημ: 6 και Ανναν τον αρχιερεα, και Καιαφαν, και Ιωαννην, και Αλεξανδρον, και όσοι πσαν 7 εκ Γενους αρχιερατικου. και OTHORYTES AUTOUS EV TW HEσω, επυνθανοντο: εν ποια δυναμει η εν ποιω ονοματι 8 εποιησατε τουτο ύμεις? τοτε Πετρος πλησθεις πνευμα-דסל מדוסט, בוחב חססל מטדסטל: αρχούτες του λάου, και πρέσ-3 BUTEPOI TOU LOPARIN, EL MUSIC σημερον ανακρινομεθά επι ευεργεσια ανθρωπου ασθενους, τινι ουτας σεσωσται; 10 γνωστον εστω πασιν υμιγ και παντι τω λαω Ισραπλώ-TI SY TW OYOUATI INGOU XCIGπου του Ναζωραιου, ον υ-HELS SOTAUSWOATS, ON O DEOS

While they were speaking to the people, the priefts, the captain of the temple, and the Sadduces came upon them, being displeas'd that 2 they taught the people, and maintain'd the resurrection from the dead in the person of Jesus. and they laid bands 3 on them, and put them in prison, till the next day: for it was now evening. bowever, many who heard 4 Peter's discourse, believed, to the number of about five thousand people.

On the morrow, therulers, 5 fenators, and dollors of the law, then at Jerusalem, assembled, with Annas the high 6 priest, Caipbas, John, and Alexander, and as many as were of the pontifical family. and baving caused Peter and 7 John to appear, they asked, by what influence, or by what authority have you done this? then Peter filled with the bo- 8 ly spirit, said to them, Rulers of the people, and senators of Israel, since we are 9 this day to be examined about the cure of a cripple, and by what means he was recovered; be it known to you all, 10 and to all the people of Ifrae!, that by the name of Jesus Christ the Nazarene, whom ye crucified, whom God raised from the dead, even by him doį lį

MITEIDEN EK VEKCON, EN TOUTO OUTOS TAPEGTTIKEY EVWTION U-1 Ι μων ύτικ. δυτος εστιν ό λιθος ο εξουθενηθεις ύφ' ύμων των οικοδομουντων, ό Γενο-Ι 2 μενος εις κεφαλην Γωνιας, και ουκ εστιν εν αλλω συδενι ή σωτπρια: ουτε γαρ ουομα εστιν έτερον ύπο τον ουρανον το δεδομενου εν ανθρωποις, ευ ώδει σωθηναι ήμας. 13 GEWDOUNTES OF THE TOU Πετρου παροπσιαν και Ιωαννου, και καταλαβομένοι ότι ανθρωποι αγραμματοι εισι και ιδιωται, εθαυμάζου, επε-**ΓΙνωσκον Τε αυτους ότι συν** 14 τω Ιπσου ησαν, τον δε ανθρωπον βλεποντες συν αυτοις έστωτα, τον τεθεραπευμένον, I TOUGED EIXON ANTEIMEIN. KENEUσαντες δε αυτους εξω του συνεδριου απελθείν, συνεβα-16 λου προς αλλπλους, λεγου-TES, TI TOINTOHEY TOIS AYθρωποις τουτοις? ότι μεν γαρ FYWOTON OTHELON FEFONE & AU-TWY, TAGI TOIS KATOIKOUGIY Ιερουσαλημ φανερον, και ου 17 δυναμεθα αρνησασθαι. αλλ ίνα μη επι πλειου διανεμηθη εις του λαους απειλη απειλησωμεθα αυτοις μηκετι RARELY ETTI TW OVOLUTTI TOU-18 τω μπδενι ανθρωπων. και KANEGAVTES AUTOUS, TAPTIγειλαν αυτοις το καθολου μη φθεγγεσθαι μπδε διδασκειν επι 19 Τω ονοματι του Ιπσου. Πετρος και Ιωαννής αποκρι-

doth this man stand here before you entirely recover'd.
this is the stone which was i i
rejected by you builders, but
is become the chief of the
angle. Salvation is not to be 12
had by any other: for there
is no other name under heaven
given to men whereby we
can be saved.

Now when they faw the bold- 12 ness of Peter and John, and perceived that they were illiterate, and of the lower rank of men, they were surprized; but the they knew that they had been Jesus's disciples, yet 14. seeing the man who was cured standing with them, they could not tell what to reply. having therefore order'd them 15 to withdraw from the council, they conferred among themselves, saying, what shall 16 we do to these men? for that indeed a notable miracle bath been done by them is manifest to all that dwell in Jerusalem, and we cannot deny it. but to prevent its spreading 17 any further among the people, let us charge them with threats not to speak for the future to any man in that name. So they called them 18 in, and commanded them not to speak or teach upon any account, in the name of Jesus. but Peter and John made 19 answer

BENTES TOOS AUTOUS, ELTONI ει δικαιού εστιν ενωπιον του Θεου, υμων ακουείν μαλλον 20 π Του Θεου, κρινατε. ου δυναμεθα γαρ ήμεις, ά ειδομεν KAL TROUGAUSY, UT NATELY. 21 οι δε προσαπειλησαμενοι απελυσαν αυτους, μηδεν ευρισκούτες το πως κόλασωνται αυτους, δια τον λαον, στι παντες εδοξαζον τον Θεον 22 επι Τω Γεγονοτι· ετων γαρ ην πλειονών Τεσσαρακοντα ο ανθρωπος εφ' όν εγεγονει το GHILLION TOUTO THE LAGEWE 23 Απολυθεντες δε πλθον προς TOUS IDIOUS KAI AMNITEINAV όσα προς αυτους οι αρχιερεις 24 και οι πρεσβυτεροι ειπον. οι δε ακουσαντες, εμοθυμαδον πραν φωνήν προς τον Θεον, και ειπου, Δεσποτα, συ ο Θεος ο ποιησας τον ουρανον και την την και την θαλασσαν, και παντα τα εν αυ-25 TOIS: δ δ ia σ TOMATOS Δa βιδ του παιδος σου ειπων, ίνα τι εφρυαξαν εθνη, και " RAOI EMERETHOAV KEVA? 26" πασεστησαν δι βασιλεις " της γης, και οι αρχοντες συνηχθησαν επι το αυτο " κατα του Κυριου και κατα 27" του Χριστου αυτου." συmxonaav cap en annoeias ev

דח המאצו דמטדח בחו דטי מ-

τιου παιδα σου Ιπσουν, ον

εχρισας, Ηρωδης τε και Πον-

τιος Πιλατος, συν εθνεσι και

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answer, do you yourselves judge, whether it be right in the fight of God, to obey you rather than God. for 20 we cannot avoid publishing what we have seen and beard. so when they had fur- 2 I ther threatned them, they let them go, not finding it practicable to punish them, because of the people, who all glorified God for that which was done. for the man who 22 was so miraculously cured, was above forty years old.

As foon as they were dif- 22 charg'd, they went to their bretbren, and reported all that the chief priests and senators bad faid to them: at 24. the relation of which they unanimously lift up their voice to God, and said, Lord, thou art the God who hast made the beaven, the earth, the sea, and all that is therein: who by the mouth of thy fer- 2.3 vant David hast said *, " why did the beathen rage, " and the people imagine " vain things? the kings 26 " of the earth stood up, and " the rulers were gathered " together against the Lord, " and against bis Christ." for it was truly against thy 27 boly child Jesus, whom thou bast anointed, that Herod and Pontius Pilate, with the Gentiles,

28 λαοις Ισραπλ, ποιησαι όσα ή χειρ σου και ή βουλη σου 29 προωρισε Γενεσθαι. και τα νυν Κυριε επιδε επι τας απείλας αυτων, και δος τοις δουλοις σου μετα παρρησιας πασης λαλειν τον λογον σου, 30 εν τω την χειρα σου εκτεινείν σε εις ιασιν, και σημεία, και τερατα γινεσθαι δια του ονοματος του άγιου παιδος σου Ιησου.

3 1 Και δεηθεντων αυτων εσαλευθη ό τοπος εν ώ ησαν
συνηςμενοι: και επλησθησαν
άπαντες πνευματος άςιου,
και ελαλουν τον λοςον του
Θεου μετα παρρπσιας.

32 Του δε πληθους των πιστευσαντων ην ή καρδια και ή ψυχη μια: και συδε εις τι των ύπαρχοντων αυτώ ελεγεν ιδιον ειναι, αλλ' ην αυτοις άπαντα κοινα.

33 Και μεγαλη δυναμει απεδιδουν το μαρτυριον οι αποστολοι της αναστασεως TOU KUPLOU INGOU, XAPIS TE μεγαλη ην επι παντας αυ-34 TOUS. OUDE TOP ENDERS TIS ύπηρχεν εν αυτοις, όσοι ταρ ΚΤηΤορες χωριών η οικιών υπηρχον, πωλουντές εφέρον Τας Τιμας των πιπρασκο-35 μενών, και ετιθούν παρα τους ποδας των αποστολών: διεδιδοτο δε έκαστω καθοτι αν 36 TIC XDELOW ELXEV. IWOTIC DE, O επικληθεις Βαρναβας ύπο των αποστολων, ο εστι μεθερμπtiles, and the people of Ifrael, united themselves in this city, to effect what thy power and 28 thy wisdom pre-determined to be done. and now, Lord, 29 behold their threatnings: and enable thy servants to deliver thy word with freedom, by displaying thine hand in 30 miraculous cures, and produgies, which by the name of thy holy child Jesus shall be done.

When they had prayed, 31 the place where they were assembled, trembled; they were all filled with the holy spirit, and they spake the word of God with holdness.

Now the whole body of 32 believers were but one heart, and one foul: no one look'd upon what he possessed, as his own, but every thing was held in common.

Great was the power by 33 which the apostles attested the resurrection of the Lord Jesus: and they were all greatly savoured by the people. for there was no 34 poor among them, because as many as had lands or houses, sold them, and brought the value, which they laid down 35 at the apostles seet: and they distributed it to every man as his occasions required. among 36 the rest one Jeseph, who by the apostles was surnamed Barnahas (that is to say, the

νευομενον, ύιος παρακλησεως, Λευιτης, Κυπριος τω Γενει, 37 ύπαρχοντος αυτώ αγρου, πωλησας ηνεγκε το χρημα, και εθηκε παρα τους ποδας των αποστολών.

αποστολων. Ανηρ δε Τις Ανανιας ονοματι, συν Σαπφειρη τη τυναικι άυτου επωλησε κτημά. 2 KAL EVOTOLOTO ATO THE TIμης, συνειδυίας και της τυ-VAIKOS AUTOU, KAI EVETKAS HEρος Τι, παρα Τους ποδας Των 3 αποστολων εθηκέν, είπε δε Πετρος, Ανανια, διατι επληοωσεν ο Σατανας την καρδιαν σου, ψευσασθαι σε το πνευμα το άτιου, και νοσοισασθαι από της τιμής του 4 XWDIOU? OUXI HEVOV OOI Eμενε, και πραθεν εν τη ση εξουσια ύπηρχε? Τι ότι εθου εν τη καρδία σου το πραγμα τουτο? ουκ εψευσω ανθρω-5 ποις, αλλα τω Θεω. ακουων δε Ανανιας Τους λογους τουτους, πεσων εξεψυξε: και εγενετο φοβος μεγας επι παν-Τας Τους ακουούτας Ταυτά. 6 ανασταντες δε οι νεωτεροι GUVEGTEINAY AUTOY, KAI EEE-7 VETKANTES EDAWAY. ETENETO δε ώς ώρων Τριων διαστημα, και ή τυνη αυτου μη ειδυια 8 το Γεγονος εισπλθεν. απεκριθη δε αυτή ο Πετρος, είπε HOL, EL TOGOUTOU TO XWELOW απεδοσθε? ή δε ειπε, ναι, τοfon of confolation) a Levite, and a native of Cyprus, fold 37 an estate he had, and brought the money, and laid it at the apostles feet.

Now there was a certain 1 man named Ananias subo with Sapphira his wife, fold a possession, and kept back 2 part of the price, his wife also being privy to it, and brought the rest which he laid at the apostles feet. upon 3 which Peter Said, Ananias, bow could fatan inspire thine beart to lye to the holy ghost, and to keep back part of the price of the land? was not 4 the estate your own estate? and was not the price for which it was fold, all in your own bands? bow came such a design as this in your beart? thou bast not lyed unto men, but unto God. at 5 these words Ananias sell down dead upon the fpot: which firuck the minds of all that beard of it with great dread. and some young men came 6 and wound bim up, then carried bim out, and buried bim. about the space of three 7 bours after, his wife, not knowing what had bappen'd. came in. when Peter ad- 8 dressing bimself to ber, tell me, said be, bave you sold the land for such a price?

ο σουτου. ο δε Πετρος ειπε προς αυτην, Τι ότι συνεφωνηθη ύμιν πειρασαι το πνευμα Κυριου ε ιδου οι ποδες των θαιναντων τον ανδοα σου. επι τη θυρα, και εξοισουσι 10 σε. επεσε δε παραχοημα παρα τους ποδας αυτου, και εξενινζεν: εισελθοντες δε δι VEAVIOROL EUDOV AUTHV VERDAV. και εξενεγκαντες εθαψαν προς 11 του ανδρα αυτης. και ετενετο φοβοι μεται εφ' όλην THY EKKANGIAY, KALETI TAYτας τους ακουοντας ταυ-TZ.

 $\Delta i\alpha$ of $T\omega v$ acteur $T\omega v$ αποστολων εγινετο σημεια και Τερατα εν τω λαω πολλα: και πσαν όμοθυμαδον άπαντες εν τη στοα Σολο-13 μωντος. Των δε λοιπων ουδεις ετολμα κολλασθαι αυτοις: αλλ εμεγαλυνέν αυ-14 Τους ο λαος. μαλλον δε προσετιθέντο πιστευοντές τω Κυριω, πληθη ανδρων τε και 15 τυναικών. ώστε κατα τας πλατειας εκφερείν τους ασθενεις, και τιθεναι επι κλινων και κραββατων, ίνα ερχο-MEYOU METPOU KAY N OKIA E-16 πισκιαση Τινι αυτων. συνπρχετο δε και το πληθος των περιέ πολεων εις Ιερουσαλημ, φεροντες ασθενεις και οχλουμενους ύπο πνευματων ακαθαρτων: οιτινες εθεςαπευοντο άπαντες.

yes, said she, for so much. then Peter said to ber, bow comes it that you have confpir'd together, to tempt the fpirit of the Lord? fee there at the door the men that are come from burying thy busband, and they shall carry thee out likewise. in the in- 10 stant she fell down dead at his feet: and the young men came in, found ber dead, carried ber out, and buried ber by her bustand. which af-II fetted the whole affembly, and all that beard of it with great dread.

Thus were many signs and 12 wonders wrought among the people, by the apostles, who us'd to meet in Solomon's porch with great unanimity: but the people who reverenc'd 12 them, did not venture to approach near them. the num-14 ber of those who believed in the Lord, both men and women, increas'd more and more. insomuch that they 15 brought the sick into the streets, and laid them on beds and couches, that at the leaft, the shadow of Peter might cover some of them, as he pass d by. multitudes came 16 likewise from the neighbouring cities to Jerusalem, bringing their sick, and those who were tormented with impure Spirits: who were all cured. Kkk

AVACTA:

17 Αναστας δε ο αρχιερευς και παντες οι συν αυτω, ή συσα αιρεσις των Σαδδουκαιων, επλησθησαν ζηλου, 18 και επεβαλον τας χειρας αυτων επι τους αποστολους, και εθεντο αυτους εν τηρησει 19 δημοσια. αρελος δε Κυριου δια της νυκτος ηνοίζε τας θυρας της φυλακης, εξαραρων 20 τε αυτους, είπε, πορευεσθε, και σταθεντες λαλειτε εν τω ιερω τω λαω παντα τα ρη-21 ματα της ζωης ταυτης. α-

κουσαντες δε εισηλθον ύπο τον ορθρον εις το ίερον, και εδιδασκον. παραγενομενος δε ό αρχιερευς και οι συν αυτώ, συνεκαλεσαν το συνεδριον και πασαν την γερουσιαν των ύιων Ισραηλ, και απεστειλαν εις το δεσμωτηριον, 22 αχθηναι αυτους. οι δε ύπη-

22 αχθηναι αυτους. οι δε ύπηρεται παγαγενομενοι ουχ έυρον αυτους εν τη φυλακη, αναστρεψαντες δε απηγει-

23 λαν, λεγοντες, ότι το μεν δεσμωτηριον έυρομεν κεκλεισμενον εν παση ασφαλεια, και τους φυλακάς έστωτάς προ των θυρων: ανοιξαντες δε, εσω ουδενα έυρομεν.

24 Ως δε ηκουσαν τους λογους Τουτους ο, τε ίερευς και ο στρατηγος του ίερου και οι αρχιερεις, διηπορουν περι αυτων, τι αν γενοιτο τουτο. 25 παραγενομενος δε τις απηγγειλεν αυτοις, λεγων, ότι ιδου, οι ανδρες ους εθεσθε εν τη

Then the high priest, and 17 all that accompanied bim, who were of the fast of the Sadducees, being filled with indignation, went and feized 18 on the apostles, and put them in the common prison. but 19 an angel of the Lord opened the prison-doors by night, and baving brought them out, faid to them, go, fland in the 20 temple, and declare to the people, the whole doctrine of life. when they beard that, 21 they entred into the temple early in the morning, and taught, in the mean time, the high prieft, and those of bis party, being arrived at the council-chamber, jummon'd all the Jewish senate to meet, and fent to the prison to bring the apostles before them. but 22 the officers who went there not finding them in the prison, returned, and made this report, the prison we found 23 thut very secure, and the keepers profeed before the doors: but when we had opened it, we found no body within.

Upon hearing this, the 24 bigh priest, the captain of the temple, and the chief priests wonder'd kow this could be. when summed the men whom ye order'd to prison, are standing in the temple.

φυλακή, εισίν εν τω ίερω EOTWIEC KAL OLDAOKOVIEC TOV 26 λαον. ΤΟΤΕ απελθων ο στοατητος συν τοις ύπηρεταις η-Γατεν αυτους, ου μετα βιας: εφοβούντο ταρ τον λαονίνα 27 μη λιθασθωσιν. αγαγοντες δε αυτους εστησαν εν τω συνεδριω: και επηρωτησεν 28 αυτους ο αρχιερεύς, λειών, ου παραγγελια παρηγγειλαμεν ύμιν μη διδασκειν επι τω ονοματι τουτω? και ιδου, πεπληρωκατε την Ιερουσαλημ της διδαχης ύμων, και βουλεσθε επαγαγείν εφ' ήμας το άιμα του ανθεωπου τουτου. 29 αποκριθεις δε ό Πετρος και δι αποστολοι, ειπον, πειθαρκειν δει Θεω μαλλον η αν-30 θεωποις. ὁ Θεος των πατερων ήμων ητειρεν Ιησουν, όν ύμεις διεχειρισασθε κρεμασαν-31 τες επι ξυλου. τουτου δ Θεος αρχητού και σώτηςα ύψωσε τη δεξια άυτου, δουναι μετανοιαν το Ισςαπλ, 32 και αφεσιν άμαρτιων. ήμεις μαρτυρές των ρηματων τουτων, και το πνευμα δε το άτιου, ὁ εδωκευ ὁ Θεος τοι: πειθαρχουσιν αυτώ. Oi de akoudantes diemoi-

οντο, και εβουλευούτο ανε-34 λειν αυτους. αναστας δε τις εν τω συνεδριω Φαρισαιος, ονοματι Γαμαλιπλ, νομοδιδασκαλος, τιμιος παντι τω λαω, εκελευσεν εξω βραχυ Τι Τους αποστολους ποιησαι.

and teaching the people. up-26 on which the captain went with his officers, and brought them, without offering any violence, for fear of being flaned, be and bis men, by the people. when they bad 27 brought them, they fet them before the council: and the bigh priest asked them, say-28 ing, did not we strictly command you, not to teach in this name? and yet you have spread your doctrine through ferujalem, and you endeavour to make us responsible for this man's blood, then 29 Peter and the other apostles made answer, we ought to obey God rather than men. the God of our fathers raised 30 up Jesus, whom ye slew, and hanged on a tree. bim bath 31 God rais'd by his power to be the author of salvation, by giving repentance to Ifrael, and the remission of their sins. and we are bis witnesses in 32 what we say, and so is the boly spirit, whom God bath given to those that obey bim.

When they heard that, 33 they were so enraged, they confulted to take away their lives. when a Pharifee, 34 named Gamaliel, a dostor of law, who was respected by all the people, rose up in the council, and moved the apc-Kkk 2

EITE

35 EITE TE TOOS QUTOUS, " QUδρες Ισραπλιται προσεχετε ξαυτοις επι τοις ανθρω-TOIC TOUTOIC, TI MEXILETE 36" πρασσείν. προ γαρ τουτων των ημερών ανεστη Θευδας, λεγων ειναι τινα έαυτον, ώ προσεκολληθη αριθμος ανδρων ώσει τετρακοσιων: ός ανηρεθη, και παντες όσοι επειθοντο αυτώ διελυθησαν, και εε Γενοντο εις ουδεν. μετα τουτον ανεστη Ιουδας δ Γαλιλαιος, εν ταις ήμεες ραις της απογραφης, και ATTECTHOE LAOV IKAVOV Cπισω άυτου: κάκεινος απωλετο, και παντες όσοι επειθουτο αυτώ, διεσκορπισθη**σ**αν. και Τα νυν λεγω ύμιν, αποστητε απο " των ανθρωπων τουτων, KAL EAGATE AUTOUS: OTI εαν η εξ ανθρωπων ή βου-An auth n to Eprov touτο, καταλυθησεται. ει δε εκ Θεου εστιν, ου δυνασ-" θε καταλυσαι αυτο, μηποτε και θεομαχοι έυρεθητε."

40 Επεισθησαν δε αυτώ: και προσκαλεσαμενοι τους αποστολους, δειραντες παρηςγειλαν μη λαλειν επι τώ ονοματι του Ιησου, και απε41 λυσαν αυτους. ὁι μεν ουν
επορευοντο χαιροντες απο
προσωπου του συνεδριου, ότι
ύπερ του ονοματος αυτου

fles might withdraw for some time, and then he said, " ye 35 " men of Israel, be cautious " how you proceed with re-" gard to these men. for 36 " some time ago one Theudas " started up, pretending to be fomething extraordinary, " who was join'd indeed by " about four bundred men: " but be was no sooner put " to death, than his follow-" ers all dispers'd, and were " reduced to nothing. after 37 " this man, Judas of Gali-" lee appear'd, at the time of " the registry, and sedue'd " many people: he also pe-" rished, and all bis fol-" lowers were dispersed. my 38 " opinion therefore is, not " to meddle with these men, " but to let them go on: " for if the design be a " buman projett, it will " fall of it felf. but if it 39 e be from God, you cannot « defeat it; perbaps you " may be found warring a-" gainst beaven."

To him they agreed: and 40 after the apostles were called in, and scourged, they charged them not to speak in the name of Jesus, and then releas'd them. out they went 4x from the council, full of joy, that they were counted worthy to suffer shame for the name of Jesus.

* Lukeii. 2. Joseph. Ant. Jud. Lib. XVIII. c. t.

κατηξιωθησαν ατιμασθηναι. 42 πασαν τε ήμεραν εν τω ίερω και κατ οικον ουκ επαυοντο διδασκοντες και ευαγγελίζομενοι Ιησουν τον Χριστον.

Εν δεταις ήμεραις ταυταις πληθυνοντων των μαθητων. εγενετο γογγυσμός των Ελληνιστων προς τους Εβραιους. ότι παρεθεωρουντο εν τη δίακονια τη καθημερινη αί χηραι 2 αυτων. προσκαλεσαμένοι δε οί δωδεκα το πληθος των μαθητων, ειπον: ουκ αρεστον εστιν ήμας καταλειψαντας τον λογον του θεου, διακονειν τραπεζαις. επισκεψασθε συν, αδελφοι, ανδρας εξ ύμων μαρτυρουμένους έπτα, πληρεις πνευματος άγιου και σοφιας, όυς καταστησομέν 4 ETIL THE XOEIAS TAUTHS. HUEIS δε τη προσευχη και τη δίακονια του λογου προσκαρτερησομέν. και ηρέσεν ο λογος ενωπιον παντος του πληθους. και εξελεξαντο Στεφανου, ανδρα πληρη πιστειύς και πνευματος άγιου, και Φιλιππον, και Προχορον, και Νικανορα, και Τιμωνα, και Παρμεναν, και Νικολαον προ-6 σπλυτον Αντιοχεα, ους εσ-Τησαν ενωπιον των αποστολων: και προσευξαμενοι επεθηκαν αυτοις τας χειρας. 7 Kai o horos Tou Geou nutave, και επλήθυνετο ο αριθμος των μαθητων εν Ιερουσαλημ σφο-

δρα:

Jefus. and every dayeither in 42 the temple or in private houses they continued to preach and proclaim Jesus to be the Christ.

At that time, as the num- 1 ber of the disciples was multiplied, the Hellenists murmured against the Hebrews, because their widows were neglected in the distribution that was made daily. the 2. twelve therefore affembled all the disciples, and said, it is not fit that we should leave the word of God, to mind what relates to your meals. wherefore, brethren, chuse 3 out of your number seven persons of good reputation, full of the boly spirit and wisdom. who may have the management of this affair: whilft 4 we shall continue our applications to prayer, and to preaching. this proposition 5 pleased the whole assembly: and they chose Stephen, a man full of faith and of the boly spirit, Philip, Prochorus, Nicanor, Timon, Parmenas, and Nicolas a proselyte of Antioch. these they 6 presented to the apostles: who after prayer gave them imposition of bands. thus the 7 word of God was spread; and the number of disciples encreased very much at Jeru/aδρα: πολυς Τε οχλος των ιερεων υπεκουον Τη πιστει.

Στεφανος δε πληρης χαρι-TOC KAI DUVANEWS ETTOISI TE-DATA KAI OTHELA HEFALA EV TW NAW. AVECTHOUND DE TIVES TWY EK THE GUVATWING THE πεγομένης Λιβερτίνων, και Κυρηναιων, και Αλεξανδρεων, και των απο Κιλικιας και AGIAS, GULTTOUVTES TW $\Sigma T \epsilon$ -10 pavw. Kai ouk ioxuov avtiστηναι τη σοφιά και τω ΙΙ πνευματι ώ ελαλει. TOTE ύπεβαλον ανδρας λεγοντας: ότι ακηκοαμέν αυτου λαλουντος ρηματα βλασφημα εις 12 Μωσην και Τον Θεον, συνε-KINDGAY TE TOY NAOY KAI TOUS -πρεσβυτερους και τους γραμ-MATEIS, KAI ETIGTANTES OUνηρπασαν αυτον, και ηγα-13 γον εις το συνεδριον. εστη-JAY TE MAPTURAS WEUDEIS. λεγοντας, ο ανθρωπος όυτος ου παυεται όπματα λαλων κατα του τοπου του άξιου 14 και Του νομου. ακηκοαμέν γαρ αυτου λεγοντος, ότι inσους ὁ Ναζωραιος ουτος κα-Ταλυσει ΤΟΥ ΤΟΠΟΥ ΤΟυΤΟΥ, και αλλαξει τα εθη άπα-15 ρεδωκεν ήμιν Μωυσης. ATEVIOANTES EIS AUTON ATTANτες οι καθεζομενοι εντώ συ-, νεδριω, ειδον το προσωπον αυτου ώσει προσωπον αγγελου. Ειπε δε ο αρχιερευς: ει 2 αρα ταυτα ουτως εχει? δ rusalem; and a numerous body of priests embrac'd the faith.

Now Stephen full of grace & and power, did great wonders and miracles among the people. when some out of the a several synagogues, belonging to the freed men, to the Cyrenians, Alexandrians, and to these of Cilicia, and of Afia, came to dispute with Stephen. but as they were 10 not able to withfland the force of that sublime knowledge which appeared in his discourse, they suborned men, 11 robo said, we have beard bim speak irreverently of Moses, and of God, and 12 they stirred up the people, the fenators, and the doctors of law, who came and feiz'd bim, and brought bim to the council, where they produc'd 12 false witnesses, who said, this man is continually inveighing against the boly tlace, and against the law. for we 14 bave heard him fay, that Jesus the Nazarene shall destroy this place, and change the customs which Moses delivered us. and all that 15 fat in the council, looking stedsastly on him, saw an air of majesty in his aspett.

Then said the high priest, 1 are these things so? Stephen 2

δε

δε εφη. Ανδρες αδέλφοι και πατερες, ακουσατε: ο Θεος της δοξης ωφθη τω πατοι ήμων Αβρααμ οντι εν τη Μεσοποταμία, πρινη κατοική-3 σαι αυτον εν Χαρραν, και ειπε προς αυτου, εξελθε εκ THE THE GOU KAL EK THE GUT-דביצומל ססט, אמו לבטבס בול דחי 4 ην αν σοι δείξω. Τοτε εξέλ-OWY EK THE XANDAIWY, KATW-KNOEV EV XACOAV. KAKEIBEV. μετα το αποθανείν τον πατερα αυτου, μετωκισεν αυ-TOVELS THY FUY TAUTHY ELS ה אי טעבול צעי המדסוגפודב. אמו συκ εδωκεν αυτώ κληρονομιαν εν αυτη, ουδε βημα ποδος, και ιπητειλατο αυτφ δουναι εις κατασχέσιν αυτήν, και τω σπερματι αυτου μετ' αυτου, υ ουκ ουτος αυτώ τεκνου. ελαγιησε δε οντως ο Θεος, " ότι εσται το σπερμα αυτου παροικού εν τη αλλοτρια, και δουλωσουσιν αυτο και KAKWOOVOIY ETH TETPAKO-" σια. και το εθνος, ώ εαν δουλευσωσι, κρινω ερω, ειπεν ο Θεο:, και μετα " ταυτα εξεκευσονταί, και λατρευσουσι μοι εν Τώ το-πω τουτω." και εδωκεν αυτω διαθηκήν περιτομής, KAL OUTWEETERNOS TONIOAAK, KAL TEPLETELEN AUTON TH nμερά Τη ογδοή, και ο Ισαακ τον Ιακωβ, και ο Ιακωβ τους δωδεκα πατριαρχας. 9 και οι πατριαρχαι ζηλωσανanswer'd, my brethren, and you my fathers, lend your attention. The God of glory appeared unto our father Abraham, when bewas in Mesopotamia, before he dwelt in Charran, and said 2 to him, quit your country, and your kindred, to go to the land which I shall shew thee. thereupon he went out 4 of Chaldea, and dwelt in Charran: from thence, after bis father's death, be removed him to this very country where you now dwell. be gave him no inheritance 5 in it, not even a foot of land: yet be promised to give it to bim for a possession, and to bis posterity after him, the be bad then no child. God 6 declar'd likewife, " " that bis " posterity should sojourn in " a strange land, where they " Should be enslaved and a-" bused sour bundred years. " and the nation to whom 7 " they shall be in bondage, " will I judge, said God: and " after that shall they come " forth, and serve mein this " place." at length be gave 8 him the covenant of circumcifion: accordingly Abraham circumcifed his fon Isaac eight days after he was born, Isaac was father of Jacob, who was father of the twelve patriarchs. the patriarchs be- 9

TEC. TOV TWO TO ATTEGOVTO ELC ALTUTITON: KOLL TO O GEOC TO HET AUTOU. KALEELINETO AUτον εκ πασων των θλινεων ZUTOU. KAI EDWKEY AUTW XAριν και σοφιαν εναντιον Φαραω βασιλέως Αιτυπτου, και KATEGTHOEV AUTOV HOULEVOY επ' Αιτυπτον και όλου του ΙΙ ΟΙΚΟΥ άυτου. ηλθε δε λιμος υν בינים און עוד עוו Αιτυπτου και Χανααν, και θλινις με-**Γαλη: και ουχ έυρισκον χορ**τασματα οι πατερες ήμων. 12 ακουσας δε Ιακωβ οντα σιτα εν Αιγυπτω, εξαπεστειλε τους πατερας ήμων πρωτον. 12 KAL EV TW DEUTEPW, AVETVWρισθή Ιωσηφ τοις αδελφοις άυτου, και φανερον εξενετο τω Φαραω το Γενος του Ιω-14 σηφ. αποστείλας δε Ιωσηφ μετεκαλεσατο τον πατερα άυτου Ιακωβ, και πασαν την συγγενειαν άυτου εν ψυ-15 χαις έβδομηκονταπεντε. κατεβη δε Ιακωβ εις Αιγυπτου, KAL ETENEUTHOEV AUTOS KAL 16 οι πατερες ήμων. και μετετεθησανεις Συχεμ, και ετεθησαν εν τω μνηματι ο ωνησατο Αβρααμ τιμης αργυριου παρα των ύιων Εμμορ 17 του Συχεμ. καθως δε ηγισεν ο χρονος της επαγγελιας ής ωμοσεν ο Θεος τω Αβρααμ, πυξησεν ο λαος και ε-18 πληθυνθη εν Αιγυπτώ, αχρις ου ανεστη βασιλευς έτερος, 19 ος ουκ ηδει τον Ιωσηφιούτος

ing jealous of Joseph, sold bim into Egypt: but God was with bim, be deliver- 19 ed bim out of all bis afflictions, and gave bim wisdom to become acceptable to Pharaoh king of Egypt; who made bim governor of Egypt, and all his boushold. in the mean time a famine spread over all the land of Egypt and Chanaan, so that our sathers did not know where to get provisions. but when Jacob beard . . there was corn in Egypt, be fent our fathers there. at the 12 fecond voyage fofeph difer-ver'd bimfelf to his brethren; and Joseph's kindred were made known to Pharaob. after this, Joseph fent [4 to invite bis father Jacob to come with all his kindred. being threefcore and fifteen persons. so Jacob went down 12 into Egypt, and died, he and our fathers, and were 16 transported to Sychem, and laid in the sepulchre that Abraham bought for a sum of money of the sons of Emmor the father of Sychem. now while the time was 17 approaching to accomplish what God had fworn to Abraham, the people grow numerous in Egypt, till ano- 18 ther king arose who knew not Joseph. this prince cm- 19 ploy'd all bis arts against

κατασοφισαμένος το Γενος ήμων, εκακωσε τους πατερας ήμων, του ποιειν εκθετα τα βρεφη άυτων, εις το μη ζωο-20 TOVELOBAL. EN W KALFW STEVNθη Μωσης, και ην αστειος τω Θεω, οι ανετοαφή μήνας τρεις εν τω οικώ Του πατρος άυτου. 21 EKTEBEVTOK DE AUTOU AVELλετο αυτον ή θυτατηρ Φαεαω, και ανθρεψατο αυτον 22 έαυτη εις ύιου. και επαιδευθη Μωση: παση σοφία Αιτυπτιων, ην όε δυνατος εν 23 λογοις και εργοις. ώς δε επληρουτο αυτώ τέσσαρακονταετης χουνος, ανεβή επι THY KARBIAN AUTOU ETIOKEψασθαι τους αδελφους άυ-24 Του Τους ύιους Ισραπλ. και ιδων Τινα αδικουμένου, ημυνατο. και εποιησεν εκδικησιν τω καταπουουμένω παταξας 25 TOV ALTUATION. EVOLULE DE συνιεναι τους αδελφους άυτου ότι ὁ Θεος δια χειρος αυτου διδωσιν αυτους σω-Theray: or be on ournear. 26 τη δε επιουση ήμερα ωφθη AUTOIC MAXOMEDOIS, KAI OUνηλασεν αυτους εις ειρηνην, ειπων, ανδιες, αδελφοι εστε ύμεις, ίνατι αδικειτε αλλη-27 λους? ό δε αδικών τον πλησιού, απωσατο αυτού, ει-TWY, TIC OS KATEOTHOSY ASχουτα και δικαστην εφ' ή-28 μας? μη ανέλειν με συ θε-REIS, OF TOOTION AVEINES XOES

our nation, and persecuted our fathers, by obliging them to expose their young children, in order to extirpate the race. in which time Moses was 20 born, who was exceeding fair. and nourished in his father's bouse three months: and 21 when he was exposed, Pharaob's daughter caused him to be taken up, and maintain'd for her adopted son. at length Mofes was instruct- 22 ed in all the sciences of the Egyptians, and bad great influence by bis counsels and actions. when he was full 22 forty years old, be took the resolution to visit his brethren the children of Israel. and 24 sceing one of them abusd, be defended bim, and avenged the injury by killing the Egyptian: for he supposed bis 25 brethren would have perceiv'd by this, that God design'd to make bim the in-Strument of their deliverance; but they did not perceive it. the next day seeing some that 26 were fighting, he would have persuaded them to agree, saying, firs, ye are brethren; wby do ye injure one another? but he that did his 27 neighbour the injury repelled Moses, saying, who made thee a ruler and a judge over us? will you kill me as you.28 kill'd the Egyptian yesterday?

29 TOV ALTUTTION? EDUTE OF Μωσης εν τω λογω τουτω. KALE EVETO TAPOLKOS EV TO MAδιαμ ου εγενησεν ύιους δυο-30 και πληρωθεντων ετων τεσσαρακοντα, ωφθη αυτω εν τη ερημω του ορους Σινα ATTEXAS KUDIOU EV OXOTI TU-3 Ι ρος βατου. ο δε Μωσης ιδων. εθαυμασε το όραμα, προσ-EPROMEYOU DE ŒUTOU KŒTŒVOTIσαι, εγενετο φωνη Κυριου προς 32 αυτον, " Ειω ο Θεος των πατερων σου, ό Θεος Α. βρααμ, και ο Θεος Ισαακ, KAI Ó ΘΕΟς ΙΑΚωβ." EVTCOμος δε Γενομένος Μωστις ουκ 33 ετολμα κατανοπσαι. δε αυτώ ο Κυριος, " λυσον το ύποδημα των ποδων σου, ο γαρ τοπος εν ώ έσ-τηκας, γη άγια εστιν. ιδων ειδον την κακωσιν του ACOU HOU TOU EV ALTURTO, ... και του στεναςμου αυτων πκουσα, και κατεβην εξε-... λεσθαι αυτους, και νυν " δευρο, αποστελω σε εις 35" Αιγυπτον." τουτον τον Μωυσην ον πρνησαντο, ει-MOVTES, TIS OF KATEGINGEN · αρχοντα και δικαστην? τουτον ο Θεος αρχοντα και λυ-TOWTHY ATTECTEINEY OUV XEIGI αιτελου του οφθεντος αυτώ εν 36 τη βατω- ουτος εξηγαγεν αυτους, ποιησας τερατα και σημεία εν τη Αιτυπτου, και

at these words Moses fled, 29 and went to reside in the land of Madian, where he became the father of two fons. when forty years were ex- 30 pired, there appeared to bim in the wilderness of mount Sina, an angel of the Lord in a flaming bush. Moses 31 was astonished at this vision: and as be drew near to observe it, he beard the voice of the Lord, which faid to bim, * " I am the God of thy 32 " fathers, the God of Abra-" bam, the God of Isaac, and " the God of Jacob." and Moses trembled so, be durst not observe any longer. then 33 faid the Lord to him, " put " off thy shoes from thy feet: " for the place where thou " standest is boly ground. I 34 " bave seen, I have seen the " afflittion of my people which " is in Egypt; I have beard " their groaning, and am " come down to deliver them. " come immediately, and I " will send you into Egypt." this Moses whom they resu- 25 sed, saving, who made thee a ruler and a judge? the very same did God send to be a ruler and a deliverer by the bands of the angel that appeared to him in the buft. be it was, who delivered 36 them by doing prodigies and miracles in the land of Egypt, in

εν ερυθρα θαλασση, και εν τη ερημώ, ετη τεσσαρακον-27 Τα. όυτος εστιν ο Μωυσης ό ειπων τοις ύιοις Ισραπλ, " προφητην ύμιν αναστησει " Κυριος ο Θεος ύμων εκ των αδέλφων ύμων ώς εμε, αυ-38" του ακουσεσθε." ουτος ECTIV O TEVOLEVOS EN TE EKKANσια εν τη εςημώ, μετα του αιτελου του λαλουντος αυτω EV TW OPEL ZIVA, KALTWY TA-Τερων ήμων, οι εδεξατο λο-20 για ζωντα, δουναι ήμιν. ώ ουκ ηθελησαν ύπηκοοι τενεσ- $\theta \alpha i$ or $\pi \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \epsilon \epsilon \tau \mu \omega \nu$, $\alpha \lambda \lambda^{2} \alpha$ πωσαντο, και εστραφησαν ταις καρδιαις αυτων εις Αι-40 TURTON, ELMONTES TW AA-" ποιησον ήμιν θεους όι προπορευσουται ήμων, δ γαρ Μωσης ουτος ός εξηγα-TEN THAC EK THE ALTURTOU, OUR OLGAILEY TI FEFOYEY AU-41" Tw. Kal EUOOXOTOINGAY EV Tais muspais ekeivais, kai aνηςαζον θυσιαν Τω ειδωλω, και ευφραινούτο εν τοις ερτοις 42 Των Χειρων αυτων. εστρεψε δε ο Θεος, και παρεδωκεν αυτους λατρυείν τη στρατία του ουρανου, καθως γεγραπται εν βιβλω των προφητών, μη σφάγια και προσηνεγκατε μοι ετη τεσ-" σπρακοντα εν τη ερημω, 43 " οικος Ισραπλ ? και ανελα-βετε την σκηνην του Μο-

in the red fea, and in the wilderness for forty years. this is that Moses who said 37 to the children of Ifrael *, " a prophet inall the Lord " your God raile up unto " you of your brethren, like " unto me; bim shall ye " bear." 'twas be that was 28 in the affembly with our fathers in the wilderness, and with the angel that spoke to bim on mount Sina: and delivered the oracles to him by word of mouth for our use. bim our fathers would not o-39 bey, but rejested him, and they return'd to their Egyptian disposition. + " make us 40 " gods, said they to Aaron, " to be our guides: for as " for this Mofes, who brought " us out of the land of Egypt, " we know not what is be-" come of bim." 'twas 41 then they made a calf, and offered sacrifice to the idol, triumphing in the works of their own hands. then God 12 lest them, and abandon'd them to the worship of the celestial army; as it is written in the book of the prophetst, "Oye house of Israel, " is it to me that ye bave of-" fered victims, and facrifi-" ces, for the space of forty " years in the wilderness? " on the contrary, ye carried 43 Lll 2

* Deut. xviii. 45, 48.

+ Exod. xxii.1.

λox,

‡ Amos v. 25.

" λοχ, και το αστρον του " Θεου υμων Ρεμφαν, τους τυ-" πους ους εποιπσατε προσ-KUYELY AUTOIS, KAL METOIκιω ύμας επεκεινα Βαβυ-44 " λωνος." ή σκηνη Του μαρ-TUPIOU NY TOIS TATPAGIN nμων εν τη ερημώ, καθώς διεταξατο ο λαλων τω Μωση, TOING AL AUTHY KATA TOY TU-45 πον ον έωρακει. ην και ειστιγαγον διαδεξαμενοι οι πατερες ήμων μετα Ιησου εν τη κατασχεσει των εθνων, ών εξωσεν ο Θεος απο προσωπου των πατερων ημων, έως των 46 ήμερων Δαβιδ, ός έυρε χαριν EVWITION TOU GEOU, KAI HTHσατο έυρειν σκηνωμά τω Θεω 47 Ιακωβ. Σολομων δε ωκοδο-48 μησεν αυτώ οικον. αλλ' ουχ ο ύψιστος εν χειροποιητοις (ναοις) κατοικει, καθως δ προφητης λεγει, " δ ουρανος 49 προφητής λεγεί, μοι θρονος ή δε τη ύποποβίου των ποδων μου, ποιον οικον οικοδομπσετε μοι? " λεγει Κυριος, η τις τοπος " της καταπαυσεως μου? 50" ουχι τι χειρ μου εποιπσε 51" ταυτα παντα?" ροτραχηλοί, και απεριτμη-Τοι τη καρδια και τοις ωσιν, ύμεις αει τω πνευματι τω ά-**Γ**ιφ αντιπιπτετε, ώς δι πα− 52 TEPES DILLEY KAL DILEIS TIVA των προφητων ούκ εδιωξαν οι πατερες ύμων ? και απεκ-

" thetabernacle of * Moloch, " and the star of your god+ " Remphan, figures which " ye made to worship them: " wherefore I will transport " you beyond Babylon." our 44 fathers had the tabernacle of witness in the wilderness, as be bad appointed, ordering Moses to make it according to the model that be bad feen. which our fathers and Joshua 45 baving received, they carry'd it into the territory of those nations whom God drove out upon their arrival: where it staid to the time of David, who was favoured by God, 46 and desired to bave a settled tabernacle for the God of Facob. it was Solomon bow- 47 ever that built bim a temple. altho' the most high does not 48 dwell in temples made with bands; as the prophet faid t, " heaven is my throne, and 49 " earth is my footstool: what " bouse will ye build me? " faith the Lord: or what " is the place of my rest? " bath not my hund made 50 " all these things?" stubborn 51 people, whose hearts and ears like the uncircumcifed, are always averse to the boly spirit: as your fathers did, fo do ye. was there ever any 52 prophet whom your fathers did not persecute? bave they not

TEI-

‡ Ela. lxvi, 1°

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Τειναν Τους προκαταγγειλαντας περι της ελευσεως του δικαιου, ου νυν ύμεις προδο-53 ται και φονεις γεγενησθε. οιτινες ελαβετε τον νομον εις διαταγας αγγελων, και ουκ εφυλαζατε.

54 AKOUOVTES DE TAUTA, DIEπριοντο ταις καρδίαις αυτων, και εβρυχον τους οδον-55 Τας επ' αυτον. ύπαρχων δε πληρης πνευματος άγιου, α-Τενισας εις Τον ουρανον, ειδε δοξαν Θεου, και Ιπσουν έστωτα εκ δεξιων του ΘΕ-5600. Kai ElTEV, LOOU, BEWεω Τους ουςανους ανεωτμενους, και τον ύιον του ανθρωπου εκ δεξιων έστωτα του Θεου. 57 κραξαντες δε φωνη μεραλη. συνέσχον τα ωτα άυτων, και ωρμησαν όμοθυμαδον επ 58 αυτον. και εκβαλοντες εξω της πολεως, ελιθοβολουν. και οι μαρτυρες απεθεντο τα ίματια άυτων παρα τους ποδας νεανιου καλουμένου Σαυλoυ.

59 Και ελιθοβολουν τον Στεφανον επικαλουμένον και λεγουτα, "Κυριε Ιπσου, δεξαι 60" το πνευμα μου." θεις δε τα γονατα εκραξε φωνη μεγαλη, "Κυριε, μη στησης "αυτοις την άμαρτιαν ταυ"την." και τουτο ειπων, εκοιμήθη. Σαυλος δε ην συνευδοκών τη αναιρεσει αυτου.

not flain those who predicted the coming of that just person whom you have so lately betrayed and murder'd? you, 53 I say, who received the law by the administration of angels, but have not however observ'd it.

When they heard these 54. things, they were transported with rage, and gnashed their teeth against bim. but be, 55 full of the holy spirit, fix'd bis eyes towards heaven, and faw the glory of God, and Jesus standing at the right band of God. and be said, 56 there I fee the beavens open. and the son of man standing on the right hand of God. then they broke out into a 57 loud cry, and stopping their ears, fell upon bim all at once. then they dragg'd bim 58 out of the city, and stoned bim: the false witnesses having laid down their clothes at a young man's feet, whose name was Saul.

Thus they stoned Stephen, 59 while he was calling upon God, and saying, "Lord "Jesus, receive my spirit." and on his knees he cried with 60 a loud voice, "Lord, lay not "this sin to their charge." and having said this, he expired and Saul was accessory to his death.

EFEVETO DE EN EKELVII TII 19μερά διωτμος μετάς επι την EKICATION THE EN TEROGOAUμοις, παντές τε διεσπαρησαν κατα τας χωρας της Ιουδαιας και Σαμαρειας, πλην των 2 αποστολων. συνεκομισαν δε τον Στεφανου ανδρεί ευλα-Вец, как ежоптачто кожеα τον μεγαν επ' αυτω. Σαυ-AUG DE EXULIAIVETO THE EKKANσιαν, κατα τους οικους είσπορευομένος, συρών τε ανδρας και τυναικας, παρεδιδου 4 ΕΙς Φυλακην. οι μεν ουν δία-STAPENTES SITTLEON EVAPTERI-LOMENON TON YOLON'

5 Φιλιππος δε κατελθων εις πολιν της Σαμαρειας, εκηρυσσεν αυτοις τον Χριστον.
6 προσειχον τε οι οχλοι τοις λεγομενοις ύπο του Φιλιππου
όμοθυμαδον, εν τω ακουειν
αυτους και βλεπειν τα σηγ μεια ά εποιει. πολλων γαρ
των εχοντων πνευματα ακαθαρτα, βοωντα μεγαλή φωνη, εξηρχετο: πολλοι δε παραλελυμενοι και χωλοι εθερα8 πευθησαν. και εγενετο χαρα
μεγαλη εν τη πολει εκεινη.

At that time the persecution was so violent against the church at Ferusalem, they were all dispers'd through the regions of Judea and Samaria, except the apostles, and some devout men who 2 carried Stephen to bis burial, making great lamentation over bim. as for Saul, 3 be made bavock of the Church, entring into their bouses, whence he dragg'd away both men and women, to throw them into prison. but they that were dispers'd, 4 preach d the gospel wherever they went.

Philip being arrived at 5 Samaria, preached Christ to them, the people attended 6 with great unanimity, hearing his discourses, and observing the miracles he wrought, for the impure spirits, with 7 great outcries, came out of many that were possessed: many paralytic, and lame people were cured, which caused 8 great joy in that city.

One Simon was then resi- 9 dent in that place, who pretended to be something extraordinary, and by his magical practices had so enchanted the people of Samaria, that they 1Q all followed him, both old

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μεγαλου, λεγοντες, συτος εστιν ή δυναμις του Θεου ή ΙΙ μεγαλη. προσειχον δε αυτω, δια το ίκανω χρουω ταις μαrsiais εξεστακεναι αυτους. 12 ότε δε επιστευσαν τω Φιλιππω ευαγγελιζομενώ τα περι THE BADINSIAS TOU DEOU. KAI του ονοματος του Ιησου Χριστου, εβαπτίζοντο αν-13 GES TE KAI TUVAIKES. O DE Σιμων και αυτος επιστευσε. και βαπτισθεις πυ προσκαρτερων τω Φιλιππω, θεωρων TE OTHERA KAI BUVAHSIC HISTAπας Γενομένας, εξιστατο.

14 AKOUGAVTSS OF OLEV TEPOGOλυμοις αποστολοι ότι δεδεκται ή Σαμαρεία τον λογον TOU GEOU, ATTECTEINAY TOOS αυτους τον Πετρον και Ιωις αννην. Οιτινές καταβαντές προσηυξαντο περι αυτων, οπως καβουσι πνευμα άτιον. 16 OUTE LAD HIS EN, OUDEN COTEN επιπεπτωκος, μονον δε βεβαπτισμένοι ύπηρχον εις το 17 ονομα του Κυριου Ιπσου. τοτε επετιθουν τας χειρας επ' αυτους, και ελαμβανον πνευτ 8 μα άγιον. Θεασαμενος δε ό Σιμων ότι δια της επιθεσεως των χειρων των αποστολων διδοται το πυευμα το άγιου, προσηνεγκέν αυτοις χρηματα, 19 λεγων, δοτε κάμοι την εξουσιαν ταυτην, ίνα ώ αν επιθω τας χειρας, λαμβανη

TYEUUA

and young. this man, said they, is the plenipotentiary of God. no wonder they were II so attack'd to one, who bad for a long time infatuated them with his arts. but when 12 they had embraced the doctrine of Philip, concerning the kingdom of the Messas, and the authority of Jesus Christ, they were baptized, both men and women. Simon bimself became a proselyte: and after be was baptized, be continued with Philip, and was transported at the fight of the miracles and prodigies which be perform'd.

Now when the apostles 14 who were at Jerusalem, beard that the Samaritans had embraced the word of God, they sent Peter and John, who upon their ar- 15 rival, prayed for them that they might receive the boly spirit. (for as yet be bad 16 not descended on any of them: they baving only been baptized in the name of the Lord Jesus) the apostles therefore 17 gave them imposition of bands, and they received the boly spirit. when Simon saw that 18 the boly spirit was given by imposition of the bands of the apostles, he offered them money, saying, give me too this 19 power, that on whomsoever I lay bands be may receive

20 TVEULA dILOV. TIETOOS DE EI**πε ποος αυτον. το αργυριον** σου συν σοι ειπ εις απωλειαν. OTI THY δωρεάν Του Θεου ενομισας δια κρηματων κτασ-21 Pai. OUK EGTI GOI MEDIS OUDE κληρος εν Τω λοιώ τουτώ, ή ταρ καρδια σου ουκ εστιν ευ-22 DELOC EVENTION TOU DEOU. HE-Τανοήσον ουν από της κακιας σου ταυτης, και δεηθη-Τι Του Θεου, ει αρα αφεθησεται σοι ή επινοια της καρδίας 22 σου. εις Γαρ Χολπν πικριας και συνδεσμον αδικιας όρω σε ον-24 τα. αποκριθεις δε ο Σιμων ειπε, δεηθητε ύμεις ύπερ εμου προς του Κυριον, όπως μπδεν επελθη επ' εμε ών ειρηκατε. 25 οι μεν ουν διαμαρτυραμενοι, KAL ZAZNOAVTES TOV ZOTOV του Κυριου, ύπεστρεψαν εις Ιερουσαλημ, πολλας ΤΕ Κωμας των Σαμαρειτων ευηγελισαντο.

Αγγελος δε Κυριου ελαλησε προς Φιλιππον, λείων, αναστηθι και πορευου κατα μεσημβριαν, επι την όδον την καταβαινουσαν απο Ιερουσαλημ εις Γαζαν, άυτη 27 Εστιν Ερημος. Και αναστας επορευθη, και ιδου, ανηρ Αιθιον ευνουχος, δυναστηςΚανδακης της βασιλισσης Αιθιοπων, ός ην επι πασης της γαζης αυτης, ός εληλυθει προσκυνησων εις Ιερουσαλημ. 28 ην τε ύποστρεφων, και καθημενος επι του άρματος άυ-

the boly spirit. but Peter 20 faid unto him, thy money perish with thee, for thinking that the gift of God may be purchased with money. thou hast no manner of share 21 in this gift: for thy beart is not right in the fight of God. repent therefore of this thy 22 wickedness, and pray to God. to forgive, if it be possible, this suggestion you have entertain'd. for I perceive 23 you are upon the brink of mifery, led captive by your fin. Simon answered, do you pray 24 to the Lord for me, that nothing like what you mention may befall me. after this 25 the apostles having certified and preached the word of the Lord, returned to Jerufalem, preaching the gospel by the way in many villages of the Samaritans.

Now an angel of the Lord 26 spoke to Philip, saying, arife, and go toward the fouth, by the way that leads from Jerusalem to Gaza, in the defart. accordingly be de-27 parted: and met a man of Ethiopia, an eunuch of great authority under * Candace queen of the Ethiopians, and was ber bigb-treasurer: be bad been at ferufalem, to perform the duties of a proselyte, but was now upon bis 28 return, and fat in his chariot

* Queen of Meroc.

TOU,

TOU, KAI AVEFIVE OKE TOV TOO-20 Φητην Ησαιαν. ειπε δε το πνευμα τω Φιλιππω, προσελθε, και κολληθητι τω αρ-30 ματι τουτω. προσδραμών δε ο Φιλιππος ηκουσεν αυτου αναγινωσκοντος τον προφητην Ησαιαν, και είπεν, αρα **ΓΕ ΓΙνωσκεις ά αναγινωσκεις ?** 21 ο δε είπε, πως γαρ αν δυναιunv, ear un Tis odninon ue? παρεκαλέσε τε τον Φιλίππου αναβαντα καθισαι συν αυ-32 τω. * η δε περιοχη της [ραφης ην ανετινώσκεν, ην άυτη, ως προβατού επι σφαζηύ πχθη, και ώς αμνος εναν-" TION TOU KEIFONTOS AUTON αφωνος, ουτως ουκ ανοιγει 33 " το στομα άυτου. εν τη παπεινώσει αυτου ή κρισις " αυτου, πρθπ: την δε γε-" บะลง ลบтоบ тเร อิเทเทธะ-" ται? ότι αιρεται απο της 34" γη; ή ζωη αυτου." αποκριθεις δε ο ευνουχος τω Φιλιππω, ειπε, δεομαι σου, περι Τινος ο προφητής κεγει τουτο ? περι έαυτου, η περι 35 ETSPOU TIVOS ? AVOIEAS DE O DIλιππος το στομα άυτου, και αρξαμενος απο της γραφης Ταυτικ, ευηγελισατο αυτώ ώς δε επορευον-36 Tov Inoouv. Το κατα την όδου, ηλθου έπι Τι ύδωρ, και φησιν δ ευνουχοι, ιδου υδωρ, Τι κωλυει με 37 βαπτισθηναι ? [είπε δε δ ΦΙλΙΠΠΟς, ΕΙ πΙσΤΕυείς εξ 0λης της καρδίας, εξεστιν. ano-

riot, reading the prophet Esaias. then the spirit said un- 20 to Philip, go near, and advance to his chariot. Philip 30 ran to him, and bearing bim read the prophet Esaias, said, do you understand what you read? bow can I, an- 21 fwer'd be, without some expositor? and he desired Philip to mount, and fit with bim. the passage of the scrip-32 ture which he read, was this, " he was led as a sheep " to the flaughter, and like " a lamb before bis shearer; " was dumb, so opened he not " bis mouth: in bis humili- 22 " ation be was judged, be " was taken off: and who " shall describe the men of " his time? for the land " bas taken away bis life." and the eunuch answered Phi- 34 lip, and said, pray, of whom does the prophet say this? of himself, or of some other? then Philip enter'd upon the 25 subject, and show'd how the whole passage was applicable to Jesus. as they pur- 36 fued their journey, they came to a place of water: and the eunuch said, see, here is water; what should hinder my being baptized? [and 37 Philip said, if you believe with all your heart, you may. and be answered, I do believe that Jesus Christ is the Mmm

* L XX. IG. liii. 7.

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αποκριθεις δε ειπε, πισ-Τευω Τον ύιον Του Θεου ειναι 28 TOV INGOUN XPIGTON *.] KAI EKENEUGE GTNVAL TO ADMA, KAL κατεβησαν αμφοτεροι εις το ύδωρ, ο, Τε Φιλιππος και ο ευνουχος, και εβαπτισεν αυ-39 Τον. ότε δε ανεβησαν εκ του ύδατος, πνευμα Κυριου ήςπασε τον Φιλιππον, και ουκ ELDEN CEUTON OUKETL O EUNOUXOC. επορευετο ταρ την ίδον άυ-**ΔΟ ΤΟυ** Χαιρων. Φιλιππος δε έυρεθη εις Αζωτον, και διερ-XOLLENOS EUNITENICETO TAS TOλεις πασας, έως του ελθειν αυτον εις Καισαρειαν.

Ο δε Σαυλος ετι εμπνεων ATTEINIK KAL POVOU ELS TOUS μαθητας του Κυριου, προ-2 σελθων τω αρχιερει, ητησα-ΤΟ παρ αυτου επιστολας εις Δαμασκον προς τας συνατωτας, όπως εαν Τινας έυρη της όδου οντας ανδρας τε και τυναικας, δεδεμενους αταγή εις Ιερουσαλημ.

fon of God.] fo be ordered 38 the charioteer to stop: and they went down into the water, both Philip and the eunuch: and be baptized him. when they were come 39 out of the water, the spirit of the Lord caught away Philip, that the eunuch faw him no more: and he purfued his way with joy. but 40 Philip was found at Azotus: and raffing on, be preached in all the cities, till be came to Cesarca.

Saul still breathing out no- I thing but threats and slaughter against the disciples of the Lord, went to the high priest, and demanded letters for the synagogues of Damascus, that if be found any of this feet, whether men or women, be might bring them bound to Jerusalem.

As

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*V.37. This verse is not in the Complutensian edition; nor in the MSS. of Stephens 3. s. s. sf. the Alexandrian MS. a Greek MS. of Erasmus. Magdal. new Col. 2. Lincoln. Montfort. Laud. 2. eight MSS. of Cardinal Barbarini. Petav. 1.3. Cantab. 1. Beza 2. Covel. 2, 3. Mount Sinah. Leicest. Battier. 2. Vienna. Seidel. nor in the Coptic, the Syriac, and Ethiopic versions; nor in the Latin MS. of Beda; nor in Chrysostom. Grotius thinks it an interpolation; and Dr. Mills says, that the verse should be left out of so many of the most valuable and most antient manuscripts, either by the negligence or the fraud of transcribers, is really incredible: that most probably it was at first only a marginal nore, which at length slipt into the text, the very early, because the Vulgat, Irenxus, Cyprian, and the very antient MS. of Laud, have it, but with some variation; a farther proof of its being supposititious. he concludes, by thinking it was borrowed from v. 9. cap. 10. of the Ep. to the Romans. Vid. a. h. l. & Prol. 37 r.

Εν δε τω πορευεσθαι, εγε-VETO AUTON EFFICEIN TO DAμασκώ, και εξαιφνής περιεστραψεν αυτον φως απο του A ουράνου. Και πεσων επι Την [ην, ηκουσε φωνην λεγουσαν αυτώ, Σαουλ, Σαουλ, Τι ק עב פושונון ? בוחב פב, דון בו, Κυριε ? ο δε Κυριος ειπεν : εςω ειμι Ιπσους ου συ διωκεις. [σκληρον * σοι προς κεντρα 6 πακτίζειν. Τρεμών τε και θαμβων ειπε, Κυριε, Τι με θελεις ποιπσαι? και ο Κυριος προς αυτον.] αλλ αναστήθι και εισελθε εις την πολιν, και λαληθησεται σοι τι σε δει 7 ποιειν. οι δε ανδρες δι συνοδευοντες αυτώ, ειστηκεισαν EVVEOL, AKOUOVTES HEV THS OWνης, μηδενα δε θεωρουντες. 8 ηγερθη δε ό Σαυλος απο της נחל, מעבשון עבישט לב דשט סםθαλμων άυτου, ουδενα εβλεπε, χειραγωγουντες δε αυτον. 9 εισηγαγού εις Δαμασκούς και ην ήμερας τρεις μη βλεπων, και ουκ εφατέν, ουδε επιεν.

ιο Ην δε τις μαθητης εν Δαμασκώ ονοματι Ανανιας, και ειπε προς αυτον ο Κυριος εν

As be was on his journey, 3 and near Damascus, on a sudden, a light from heaven surrounded bim, and be fell 4 to the ground, and heard a voice which said to him, Saul, Saul, why persecutest thou
me? and he said, who art 5 thou, Lord? and the Lord said, I am Jesus whom thou persecutest: [it is bard for thee to kick against the goad. then trembling with the fright 6 Saul said, Lord, what will thou have me to do? and the Lord said to bim, dut rife, and go into the city, and you shall be told what you must do. the mean while the men who 7 accompany'd bim, remain'd astonish'd, bearing a voice, but seeing no one. at length 8 Saul rose from the ground; and when he opened his eyes, be could not see: so that they led bim by the band, and brought him to Damascus, where he was three days 9 without fight, and did neitheir eat nor drink.

Now there was a disciple 10 at Damascus, named Ananias, to whom the Lord said
Mmm 2 in

*All from Summe to axia avantum is not in the Complutentian edition, nor in any of the fourteen MSS. of R. Stephens, nor of Laud. 2, 3. new Col. 1, 2. Magdal. Lincoln.eight of Barbarini, Cantab. 2. Petav. 1, 3. Covel. 2, 3, 4. Mount Sinah, Leicett. Bar. 2. Montfort, Vien. Seidel, nor in the Coptic, or Syriac versions, nor in Chrysostom. Erasmus, Beza, Crotius, &c. conclude it was borrowed from Acts xxii. 10. and xxvi. 14. see Dr. Mills 2. l. & Prol. 881.

δραματι, Ανανια, όδε ειπεν. 11 thou erw, Kupie. o de Kupios προς αυτον, αναστας πορευθητι επί την φυμην την καλουμενην Ευθείαν, και ζητησον ενοικια Ιουδα Σαυλον ονοματι, Ταρσεα, ιδου ταρ 12 TOOTEUXETAI. KAI EIDEV EN Oραματι ανδρα ονοματι Ανανιαν εισελθοντα, και επιθεντα άυτω χειρα, όπως ανα-12 βλεψη. απεκριθη δε ο Ανανιας, Κυριε, ακηκοά απο πολλων περι του ανδρος τουτου, όσα κακα εποιήσε τοις 14 αγιοις σου εν Ιερουσαλημ. και ώδε εχει εξουσιαν παρα των αρχιερεων, δησαι παυτας Τους επικάλουμενους το ουο-15 μα σου. ειπε δε προς αυτον ο Κυριας, πορευου, ότι σκευος EKALOFIIC HOL EUTLY OUTOS, TOU βαστασαι το ονομα μου ενωπιου εθνων, και βασιλεων. 16 ύιων τε Ισραπλ. εςω ςαρ ύποδείξω αυτώ όσα δει αυτον ύπερ του ονοματος μου πα-17 θειν. απηλθε δε Αυανιας. και εισηλθεν εις την οικιαν, KAL ETIBEIS ET' AUTOV TAS XELρας, είπε, Σαουλ αδελφε, ό Κυριος απεσταλκε με (Ιησους) ο οφθεις σοι εν τη όδω ή πρχου όπως αναβλεψης, και πλησθης πυευματος άπιου. ₹ 8 και ευθεως απεπεσον απο των οφθαλμων αυτου ώσει λεπιδες, ανεβλεψε Τε, και ανασ-

in a vision. Ananias! and be faid, Lord, bere I am. and the Lord faid unto him, 11 arife, and go to the street called Straight, and enquire at the bouse of Judas, for one Saul of Tarsus: sor be is there at prayer. (at that very in- 12 stant Saul saw in a vision the said Ananias come in, and put his hand on him, to restore his sight.) then Ana- 13 nias answered, Lord, I bave heard from many that this man bas done a world of mischief to thy saints at Ferusalem: be is now here. 14 and is impower'd by the chief priests, to imprison all that make profession of thy name. go, said the Lord to him: 15 för be is the instrument I bave chosen, to bear my name to the Gentiles, to kings, and to the children of Ifrael. for I will make bim 16 fee bow much be must suffer for my name. Ananias there- 17 fore departed, and being arrived at the bouse, he put bis bands on Saul, and said, brother Saul, the Lord, even Jesus that appeared to you on your journey bitber, bath fent me, that you might obtain your fight, and be filled with the boly spirit. immediately 18 there fell from bis eyes something like scales, and he recover'd bis fight; upon which

τας εβαπτισθη και λαβων
19 τροφην, ενισχυσεν. εξενετο
δε (ό Σαυλος) μετα των εν
Δαμασκω μαθητων ήμερας
τινας.

20 Και ευθεως εν ταις συνα
ςως αις εκπρυσσε τον Ιπσουν,

ότι όυτος εστιν ό ύιος του

21 Θεου. εξισταντο δε παντες

όι ακουοντες, και ελεγον, ουχ

όυτος εστιν ό πορθησας εν Ιε
ρουσαλημ τους επικαλουμενους το ονομα τουτο, και ώδε

εις τουτο εληλυθει ίνα δέδεμενους αυτους αγαγή επιτους

22 αρχιερεις ? Σαυλος δε μαλλον ενεδυναμουτο, και συνεχυνε τους Ιουδαιους τους κατοικουντας εν Δαμασκώ,

συμβιβαζων ότι όυτος εστιν

ό Χριστος.

ό Χριστος. 22 Ως δε επληρουντο ήμεραι ίκαναι, συνεβουλευσαντο οι 24 Ioudaioi avereir autor. Efνωσθη δε τω Σαυλω ή επιβουλη αυτων. παρετηρουν Τε τας πυλας ήμερας ΤΕ και νυκτος, όπως αυτον ανελωσι. 25 λαβοντες δε αυτον οι μαθηται γυκτος, καθηκαν δια του TEIXOUS, KANAGANTES EN GTU-26 ριδι. παραγενομένος δε (δ Σαυλος) εις Ιερουσαλημ, επειρατο κολλασθαι τοις μαθηταις, και παντες εφοβουντο αυτον, με πιστευοντικότι 27 εστι μαθητης. Βαρναβας δε ETILABOUEVOS AUTOV, προς τους αποστολούς, και

διπ-

be instantly arose, and was baptized. and when he had 19 taken some soud, he was refresh'd. after which Saul staid some time with the disciples at Damascus.

Immediately be maintain-20 ed in the synagogues, that Jesus was the son of God. the audience were all ama-21 zed, and said, is not this be that persecuted the professor of this dostrine at Jerusalem, and came here on purpose to carry them prisoners to the chief priests? however Saul 22 still gain'd ground, and confounded the Jews of Damascus, proving that Jesus was the Messias.

A good while after, the 23 Jews conspir'd to kill bim: but Saul was appriz'd of their 24 plot. and as they were night and day upon the watch at the gates, in order to kill bim, the disciples took bim 25 by night, and let him down the wall in a basket, when 26 Saul was come to Jerusalem, be try'd to affociate bimfelf with the disciples: but they were all afraid of bim, and could not be perfuaded that be was a disciple. thereupon 27 Barnabas took bim with bim to the apostles, and related to them bow the Lord bad

διη πο ατο αυτοις πως εν τη οδώ ειδε τον Κυριον, και στι εκαλπσεν αυτώ, και πως εν Δαμασκώ επαρρπσιασατο εν 28 τω ονοματι του Ιπσου. και πν μετ αυτών εισπορευομενος εις Ιερουσακπμ, και παρρπσιαζομενος εν τω ονοματι του 29 Κυριου Ιπσου. εκαλει τε και συνεί πτει προς τους Ελληνιστας, δι δε επεχειρουν αυσιστας, δι δε επεχειρουν αυσιστας ανέλειν. επιγνοντες δε δι αδέλφοι κατηγαρον αυτον εις Καισαρειαν, και εξαπεστειλαν αυτον εις Ταρσον.

AL HEY OUY EKKANOLAL KAB όλης της Ιουδαίας και Γαλί-ZAIAC KAI ZAHAPELAC EIXOV EIρηνήν, οικοδομουμέναι και πορευομεναι τω φοβω του Κυριου, και τη παρακλησει Του άγιου πνευματος επλη-32 θυνοντο. εγενετο δε Πετρον διερχομενον δια παντων, κατελθειν και προς τους άγιους τους κατοικουντες Δυδδαν. 33 EUPE DE EKEL ANDPWHON TINA AM VEAN OVOLLATI, EL ETWY OKTW κατακειμένον επι κραββατώ, 34 ος την παραλελυμένος. και ειπεν αυτώ ο Πετρος, Αινεα, ιαται σε Ιπσους ο Χριστος, αναστηθι, και στρωσον σεαυτω. και ευθεως ανεστη-35 KML ELDOV AUTOV HAYTES OF KA-Τοικουντες Δυδδαν και τον Σαρωναν, οιτινές επέστρεψαν ETTI TON KUPLON.

36 Εν Ιοππή δε τις ην μαθητρια ονοματι Ταβιθα, ή διερμηνευομενη bad appear'd to him on his journey, and bad spoken to him, and how publickly Saul had preach'd at Damascus in the name of Jesus. then 28 he convers'd freely with the apostles at Jerusalem: and he 29 openly preach'd in the name of the Lord Jesus, and disputed against the Hellenists, who therefore plotted against his life: which when the bre-30 thren knew, they brought him down to Cesarea, and sent him away to Tarsus.

Then the churches in all 31 Judea, Galilee, and Samaria, were unmolested and establish'd, and by their religious conduct, and the affistance of the boly spirit, grew more extensive. now as Peter was 22 making a general visitation, he went to Lydda to see the converts in that city, where 33 finding a man named Eneas. a paralytic, who had kept bis bed eight years, Peter 34 said to bim, Eneas, Jesus, who is the Messiah, gives. thee health: rise, and make your bed your self: upon which be immediately rose. and all that dwelt at Lyd-35 da, and Saron, saw bim, and became converts to the Lord.

At Joppa there was a 36 disciple named Tabitha, that ερμπνευομενη λεγεται Δορκας, άυτη ην πληρης αγαθων εργων και ελεημοσυνων ών ε37 ποιει. εγενετο δε εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις ασθενησασαν αυτην αποθανειν, λουσαντες δε αυτην εθηκαν εν ύπερωω.
38 εγγυς δε ουσης Δυδδης τη Ιοππη, δι μαθηται ακουσαντες ότι Πετρος εστιν εν αυτη, απεστειλαν δυο ανδρας προς αυτον, παρακαλουντες μη οκησαι διελθειν έως αυτων.

39 Αυαστας δε Πετρον συνπλθεν αυτοις, όν παραγενομενον ανητατον εις το υπερώον, και παρεστησαν αυτω πασαι άι χηραι κλαιουσαι, και επιδεικνυμέναι χιτώνας και iματια όσα εποιει μετ' αυτων 40 ουσα ή Δορκας. εκβαλων δε εξω πανται ὁ Πετρος, θεις τα **ΓΟνάΤα προσπυξάΤο, και ε**πιστρέψας προς το σωμα, ειπε, Ταβιθα, αναστηθι. ή οε πνοιξε τους οφθαλμους άυτης, και ιδουσα τον Πετρον, 4 ι ανεκαθισε. δους δε αυτη χειρα, ανεστησεν αυτην, φωνησας δε τους άτιους και τας χηρας, παρεστησεν αυτην 42 ζωσαν. Γνωστον δε εΓενετο καθ όλης της Ιοππης, και πολλοι επιστεύσαν επι τον 43 Κυριον. εγενετο δε ήμερας ίκανας μειναι αυτον εν Ιοππη παρα τινι Σιμωνι βυρσει.

is in Greek, * Dorcas: this woman was very active in all the offices of benevolence and charity. She happen'd 37 to fall sick at that time, and died: after they had bath'd her body, they laid her out in an upper chamber. as 38 Lydda was near Joppa, and the disciples having heard that Peter was there, they sent two men to him to desire he would come to them without delay.

Peter immediately went 39 with them, and when be was come, they conducted him to the upper chamber: and all the widows advanc'd to him weeping, and shew'd the robes and garments which Dorcas made while she was with them. but Peter turn'd 40 them all out, and kneeled down and prayed, then turning towards the body, Tabitba, said be, arise immediately. The opened ber eyes: and when she saw Peter, she sat up. Peter lent her 4E. bis band, and lift ber up; and baving called the saints and widows, he presented her alive. this was foon spread 42 thro' all Joppa; and many believed in the Lord. so that 42 Peter staid there a considerable time with one Simon a tanner.

Amp de tic no en Kaisaρεια ονοματι Κορνηλιος, έ-KATOVTAOXNS EK GATELONS THE καλουμένης Ιταλικής, ευσέβης και Φοβουμένος Τον Θέον, συν παντι τω οικω άυτου, ποιων ΤΕ ΕΧΣΠμοσυνάς πολλάς τω λαω, και δεομένος του Θεου 3 διαπαντος. ειδεν εν όραματι φανερως, ώσει ώραν εννατην THE THEFAS, AFTELOW TOU GEου εισελθοντα προς αυτον, και ειποντα αυτώ, Κορνπ-**4** λιε. ο δε ατενισας αυτω. και εμφοβος Γενομενος, ειπε, τι εστι Κυριε? ειπε δε αυτω, άι προσευχαι σου και άι ελεπμοσυναι σου ανεβησαν εις μνημοσυνον ενωπιον του Θ ε-5 ου. και νυν πεμινον εις Ιοππην ανδρας, και μεταπεμιναι Σιμωνα ος επικαλειται 11ε-6 τρος. ουτος ξενίζεται παρα

7 Ως δε απηλθεν ό αργελος ό λαλων αυτώ φωνησας δυο των οικετών άυτου, και στρατιώτην ευσεβη των 8 προσκαρτερουντών αυτώ, και εξηγησαμένος αυτοις άπαντα, απεστείλεν αυτους εις την Ι-

τινι Σιμωνι βυρσει, ώ εστιν

οικια παρα θαλασσαν.

9 Τη δε επαυριον οδοιπορουντων εκεινων, και τη πολει εςγιζοντων, ανεβη Πετρος επι το δωμα προσευξασθαι, περι 10 ώραν έκτην. ες ενετο δε προσπεινος, και ηθελε ς ευσασθαι, παρα-

In Cesarea there was a centurion of a cobort in the Italic legion, whose name was Cornelius, a religious man, and was 2 a proselyte, together with all bisfamily: be gave much alms to the people, and was affiduous in his prayers to God. one day about the ninth hour, 3 be clearly face in a vision an angel of God, who addrest bimself to bim, and said, Cornelius! and when be looked on bim, be was afraid, and said, what is it, Lord? and be faid to bin. thy prayers and thine alms bave been observ'd and ap. prov'd by God. fend mef- 5 fengers immediately to Joppa, for one Simon, whose sirname is Peter: be lodges 6 with one Simon a tanner, whose house is by the sea-side.

As soon as the angel that 7 spoke to Cornelius was departed, he called two of his domesticks, and a devout soldier, one of those that were in waiting: and after he had & related to them the whole affair, he sent them to Joppa.

On the morrow as they q were on their journey, and drew nigh the city, Peter went upon the leads to pray, about the fixth hour, and to being feiz'd with hunger, he

vouci

παράσκευαζοντων δε εκεινων; επεπεσεν επ' αυτον εκστασις.

1 και θεωρει τον ουρανον ανεωςμενον, και καταβαινον (επ' αυτον) σκευος τι ως οθονην μεςαλην, τεσσαρσιν αρχαις δεδεμενον, και καθιεμενον επι 12 της γκ. εν ω υπηρχε παντα

12 Της Γης. εν ψ ύπηρχε παντα τα τετραποδα, και τα έρπετα της Γης, και τα πετει-

τ 3 να του ουρανου. και εγενετο φωνη προς αυτον. αναστας

14 Πετρε, θυσον και φαςε. ὁ δε 1 Ιετρος ειπε, μηδαμως, Κυριε, ότι ουδεποτε εφαςον παν

*5 κοινον η ακαθαρτού. και φωνη παλιν εκ δευτερου προς αυτον, ά ο Θεος εκαθαρισε,

16 συ μη κοινου. Τουτο δε εξενετο επιτρις. και παλιν ανεληφθη το σκευος εις τον ουρανον.

17 Ως δε εν έαυτω διππορει δ Πετρος τι αν ειπ το όραμα δ ειδε, και ιδου, οι ανδρες δι απεσταλμενοι απο του Κορνηλιου, διερωτησαντες την οικιαν Σιμωνος, επεστησαν επι

18 τον πίλωνα. και φωνησαντες επυνθανοντο ει Σιμων ὁ επικαλουμένος Πέτρος ενθάδε ξενίζεται.

19 Του δε Πετρου διενθυμουμενου περι του όραματος, ειπεν αυτώ το πνευμα, ιδου, 20 ανδοες ζητουσι σε. αλλα αναστας καταβηθι, και πορευου συν αυτοκ, μηδεν διακρινομένος, διοτι ερω απεσ-21 ταλκα αυτους. καταβας δε

Π÷

would have had something to eat: but while they were making it ready, be fell into a trance, when he saw the 11 beaven open, and something descending in the form of a great sheet, ty'd at the four corners, and let down to the earth: in it were all 12 forts of quadrupeds, reptiles, and birds. and a voice 18 faid to bim, rife, Peter: kill and eat. but Peter said, 14 not fo, Lord; for I bave never eaten any thing that is common or unclean. and 15 the voice spake to him again the second time, don't call that common, which God calls clean. this was done 16 thrice: and then the sheet was taken up into beaven.

While Peter was perplex-17 ed about the signification of this vision, the messengers from Cornelius baving enquir'd out Simon's bouse, arriv'd at the gate, and cal-18 ling somebody, ask'd, whether Simon Peter lodg'd there.

As Peter was still pon-19 dering upon the vision, the spirit said to him, there are people below, who enquire for you. rise therefore, 20 get thee down, and go with them, without hesitating: for I have sent them. then Pe-21

Nnn

Πετρος προς τους ανδρας, ειπεν, ιδού, ετω είμι ον ζητειτε, τις ή αιτια δι ήν πα22 ρεστε? οι δε είπον, Κορνηλιος έκατονταρχης, ανηρ δικαιος και φοβουμενος τον Θεον, μαρτυρουμενος τε ύπο δλου του εθνους των Ιουδαίων,
εχρηματισθη ύπο αγγελου άγιου μεταπεμψασθαι σε είς
τον οικον άυτου, και ακου23 σαι ρηματα παρα σου. είσκαλεσαμένος ουν αυτους, έξεγισε.

Τη δε επουρίον αναστας EENARS OUR AUTOIS, KAI TIVES των αδελφων των απο της 24 Ιοππης συνηλθον αυτω. και THE FRAUCION SIGNATION EIG THY Καισαρείαν. ο δε Κορνηλίος ην προσδοκών αυτους, συγκα-REGALENOS TOUS GUTTEVEIS QUτου και τους αναγκαιους φι-25 λους. ώς δε εγενετο εισελθειν τον Πετρού, συναντήσας αυτω ο Κορυπλιος, πεσων επι τους ποδας, προσεκυνησεν. 26 ο δε Πετρος αυτον ητειρε, λεγων, αναστηθι, κάτω αυτος 27 ανθρωπος είμι. και συνομιλών αυτώ, εισηλθε, και έυρισκει συνεληλυθοτας πολλους. 28 εφητεπρος αυτους, ύμεις επιστασθε ώς αθεμιτον εστιν ανδει Ιουδαίω κολλασθαι η προσερχεσθαι αλλοφυλώ, και εμοι ο Θεος εδειξε μπδενα κοι-. νου η ακαθαρτου λεγειν αυ-.29 θρωπου. διο και αναντιςέντως πλθον μεταπεμοθείς.

ter went down to the meffengers; and faid, I am the
person you look for: what
occasion brought you bither?
they answered, Cornelius the 22
centurion, a man of probity
and piety, one that has an
universal good character among the Jews, was divinely admonish d by an boly angel to send for you to his
bouse, to hear what you had
to say to him. then he invited 23
them in, and they lodged there.

On the morrow, Peter departed with them, and some of his brethren from Joppa accompanied him. the 2.1 next day they arriv'd at Cefarea: where Cornelius expetted them, having invited bis kinsmen and intimate friends, to his house. as Pe- 25 ter was coming in, Cornclius met bim, and prostrated bimfelf at bis feet, but Peter 16 rais'd bim, faying, stand up; I am but a man, as well as you. and as be discours'd 27 with bim, be went in, where finding many persons assembled ; you know, faid he, bow 28 unlawful it is for a Jeso, to frequent a stranger, or even to go to his bouse: but God bath shewed me, that I should not look upon any man as common and unclean. for 29 which reason I came withous demur, as soon as I knew

πυνθανομαι ούν, τινι λογω 30 μετεμιγασθε με? και ο Κουνηλιος εφη, απο τεταρτής THEPAS HEXEL TAUTHS THE Wρας, πμην νησΤευων, και Την εννατην ώραν προσευχομενος εν τω οικώ μου, και ιδου, α-VNO ECTH EYWTION HOU EV EC-31 θητι λαμπρα. και Φησι. " Κοονηλιε, εισηκουσθη σου ποροπαίς εισπουστή σου ή προσευχή, και αι ελεήμοσυναι σου εμνησθησαν ενωπιον Του Θεου. " ψου ουν εις Ιοππηυ, και " μετακαλεσαι Σιμώνα ος ε-" πικαλειται Πετρος, ουτος " ξενίζεται εν οικία Σιμώνος " βυρσεως παρα θαλασσαν, (ός παραγενομένος παπησει 33" סטו.") בצמעדוו סטי בתבעψα προς σε, συ τε καλως εποιησας παρατενομένος. νυν ουν παντες πμεις ενωπιού του παρεσμέν, Θεου παντα τα προστεταςμενα 24 σοι ύπο του Θεου. ανοιξας δε Πετρος το στομα αυτου ειπεν, επ' αληθειας καταλαμβανομαι ότι συκ εστι προ-35 σωποληπτης ο Θεος, αλλ' εν παντι εθνει ά φοβουμενος αυτον, και εργαζομενος δικαιοσυνην, δεκτος αυτώ εστι. 36 דטן אסרטן סין מדינסדנואנ דטו; υιοις Ισραπλ, ευαγγελιζομένος. ειοηνην δία Ιπσου ΧοισΤου... όυτος εστι παντων Κυριος, 37 υμεις οιδατε το τενομενον ρημα καθιόλης της Ιουδαιας, αρξαμείος από της Γαλιλαίας, μ ET α

your message: I ask therefore upon what account you fent for me? then Cornelius 20 said, it is now four days ago that I was fasting, and while I was at prayers in my boufe, about the ninth hour, a man in bright attire presented himfelf before me, and faid, "Cor- 21 nelius, thy prayer is heard, " and God has approved " thine alms, send therefore 32 " to Joppa, for one Si-" mon, whose surname is " Peter; be is lodged in " the bouse of one Simon a " tanner, by the fea-fide. " who, when he is arriv'd, " will give you information." immediately I fent to you : 33 and you have done well to come. now here we are all in the presence of God, to bear whatever he has given you in charge, then Peter thus 24 began, now I plainly perceive that God is no respecter of persons: but in every na- 35 tion, he that feareth him, and acts justly, is acceptable to bim. this was what he 36 communicated to the children of Ifracl, praclaiming falvation by fejus Corist, who is the Lord of all mankind. you know, bow his fame 37 spread from Galilee through all Judea, after the baption which John bad preach'd:

μετα το βαπτισμα ο εκπ-28 ρυξεν Ιωαννης, Ιπσουν Τον απο Ναζαρετ, ώ εχρισεν αυτον ο Θεος πνευματι άτιω και δυναμει, ος διηλθεν ευεργετων KAL LUMEYOU TAYTAG TOUG KAταδυναστευομενους, ύπο του διαβολου, ότι ό Θεος πν μετ' 30 AUTOU. KAI MUEIS EO HEV HAD-Τυρες παντων ών εποιησεν εν τε τη χωρά των Ιουδαιων και εν Ιερουσαλημ, ον και ανειλον κρεμασαντες επι ξυλου. AD TOUTON O GEOG HEELDE TH TOLTH ήμερα, και εδωκεν αυτον εμ-A I DAVN TEVEOURI, OU TAVTI TW λαω, αλλα μαρτύσι τοις προκεχειροτονημένοις ύπο του Θεου, ήμιν, οιτινες συνεφατομέν και συνέπισμέν αυτω 12 HETA TO AVACTHVAL AUTOV EK νεκρων. και παρηγείλεν ήμιν κπρυξαι τω λαω, και διαμαρτυρασθαι ότι αυτος εστιν ό 43 ώρισμενος ύπο του Θεου κριτης ζωντων και νεκρών. τουτω παντες οι προφηται μαρτυρουσιν, αφεσιν άμαρτιων λαβειν δια του ονοματος αυ-ΤΟυ παντα Τον πιστευοντα ELS AUTOV.

44 Ετι λαλουντος του Πετρου τα ξηματα ταυτα, επεπεσε το πνευμα το άχιον επι παντας τους ακουοντας τον λο-45 FOV. KAI EEETTHOAY OLEK TEριτομης πιστοι όσοι συνηλθον τω Πετρώ, ότι και επι τα εθνη ή δωρεα Του αξιού πνευ-46 ματος εκκεχυται. ηκουού ταρ

bow Jesus of Nazareth di-38 vinely inspired by the boly spirit, and with miraculous · power, went about doing good, and bealing all that were under the oppression of the devil : because God was with bim. we are witnesses of all 39 bis transactions, both in Judea, and at Jerusalem. bowever, they put him to death, even that of the cross. but 40 God raised him up the third day, and showed him openly, not to all the people, 41 but to those witnesses, which God had before chosen: to us. I say, who did eat and drink with bim after he rose from the dead. and be command- 42 ed us to publish, and to testify to the people, that he was the person whom God bad constituted to be the judge of the living, and of the dead. be is the person 42 to whom all the prophets give this attestation, that all who believe in him, shall receive remission of fins, by bis authority.

Peter was yet speaking, 44 when the holy spirit descended on all that beard bim. all 45 the Jewish converts, who came with Paul, were aftonished to see that the gift of the boly spirit was disfused likewise among the Gentiles. for they beard them express 46 tbeir

αυτων

CHAP. XL. αυτων λαλουντων Γλωσσαις. KAL HETARUVOYTWY TOY GEOV. 47 TOTE ATTEXPIBIT OTTETPOS, UNτι το ύδωρ κωλυσαι δυναται τις, του μη βαπτισθηναι TOUTOUS. OITIVES TO TVEULOS το άτιον ελαβον καθως και ή-48 μεις ? προσεταξε τε αυτους βαπτισθηναι εν τω ονοματι του Κυριου. Τοτε πρωτησαν αυτον επιμειναι ήμερας τινας. Ηκουσαν δε οι αποστολοι και οι αδελφοι οι οντες κατα την Ιουδαιαν, ότι και τα εθνη εδεξαντο τον λογον του Θεου. 2 KAI OTE AVEBN TISTOOS EIS IEροσολυμα, διεκρινοντο προς AUTOV OI EK TEPITOUNG, ZETOYτες, ότι προς ανδρας ακροβυστιαν εχοντας εισπλθες, και 4 συνεφαγες αυτοις. αρξαμενος

δε ο Πετρος εξετιθετο αυτοις καθεξης, λεγων, εγω ημην εν πολει Ιοππη προσευχομενος, και ειδον εν εκστασει όραμα, καταβαινον σκευος τι ώς οθονην μεγαλην, τεσσαρσιν αρχαις καθιεμενην εκ του ουρανου, και πλθεν αχρις εμου. 6 εις ήν ατενισας κατενοουν, και ειδον τα τετραποδα της

 7 ουρανου. πκουσα δε φωνης λεγουσης μοι, αναστας Πετρε,
 8 θυσον και φαγε. ειπον δε, μηδαμως, Κυριε, ότι κοινον η

γης, και τα θερια, και τα έρ-

πετα, και τα πετείνα του

ακαθαρτον συδεποτε εισπλθεν 9 εις το στομα μου. απεκριθη δε μοι φωνη εκ δευτερου εκ

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their praises to God in divers languages. then Peter 47 said, can we refuse the water of baptism to such as bave received the boly spirit as well as we? so be 48 directed they should be baptized in the name of the Lord. after which they desired him to stay some time with them.

In the mean time, the I apostles, and the brethren, who were in Judea, heard that the Gentiles bad likewise receiv'd the word of God. and when Peter was 2 return'd to Jerusalem, the Jewish converts objected to bis conduct, and ask'd bim, 3 wby did you go to eat with the uncircumcised? but Pe- 4 ter represented the whole affair to them, saying, as I 5 was at prayers in Joppa, I faw something like a great Sheet, tied at the four corners, which descended from beaven, and came just to me. as I was considering it 6 very attentively, I faw feveral quadrupeds, wild beafts, reptiles and birds. then I 7 beard a voice, which faid, rise, Peter; kill and eat. but I said, Lord, by no means: for I never did eat any thing impure, and defiled, but the voice from heaven address'd it self to me again, and

TOU OUPAVOU, à O DEOS EKA-10 θαρισε, συ μπ κοινου. Του-TO DE EJEVETO ETIL TOIS, KAI παλιν ανεσπασθη απαντα 11 εις τον ουρανον. κάι ιδου εξαυτης τρεις ανδρες επεστησαν επι Thy olklay εν ή ημην, απεσταλμενοι απο Καισα-12 DELAS TROS ME. ELTE DE MOLTO πνευμα συνελθειν αυτοις, μηδεν διακρινομένου. πλθον δε συν εμοι και δι έξ αδελφοι ου-TOI, KAI ELOTA DOLLEV ELS TOY OL-Ι 2 ΚΟΥ ΤΟυ ανδρος. απηΓΓΕΙλΕ ΤΕ THE TWE EIGE TOV AFTERON EN τω οικω άυτου σταθεντα KAI EIMOVTA AUTW, AMOGTEI-LOV EIG IOTHIN, KAI HETAπεμψαι Σιμωνα τον επικα-14 λουμένου Πέτρου, νέ λαλησει ρηματα προς σε, εν οις σωθηση συ και πας ο οικος 15 σου. εν δε τω αρξασθαι με λαλείν, επέπεσε το πνευμα το άριον επ' αυτους, ώσπερ 16 και εφ' ήμας εν αρχή. εμνησθην δε του ρηματος του Κυριου, ώς ελεγεν, "Ιωαν-" νης μεν εβαπτισεν ύδατι,
" υμεις δε βαπτισθησεσθε εν 17 " πνευματι άγιω." την ισην δωρεάν εδωκέν αυτοις ο Θεος ώς και ήμιν, πισ-Τευσασιν επι τον Κυριον Ιησουν Χριστον, εγω τις ημην δυνατος κωλυσαι τον Θεον ? 18 AKOUTAVTES DE TAUTA, nσυχασαν, και εδοξαζον τον Θ EOV, REFOUTES, APA TE KAL

and faid, don't call that impure, which God has purified. this was done three 10 times, and then the whole scene was mounted to beaven. at that very instant three men, II dispatch'd from Cesarea to me, were just arrived at the bouse. where I was. and the fpirit 12. bid me make no difficulty of going with them. thefe fix bretbren accompany'd me, and we went together to the man's bouse. be told us bow 13 be bad feen an angel, who bad presented himself to him, and bad said, send to Joppa, to fetch Simon, surnam'd Peter: who will give you such 14 instructions, as will be the means of saving both you and all your family. and while I1: was speaking to them, the boly spirit descended upon them, as it did on us, at the beginning. then I remember'd 16 that * expression of the Lord, " Johnbaptized with water, " but ye shall be baptized " with the holy spirit." if 17 therefore God has bestow'd the same favour upon them. as on us, after we had believed on the Lord Jesus Christ, how could I make any opposition to the divine will? Having beard this, they 18

* Acts i. 5.

TOIS

were appeas d, and glorified God, saying, God bas then

granted

τοις εθνεσι ο Θεός την μετανοιαν εδωκεν εις ζωην.

19 Οί μεν ουν διασπαρεντες απο της βλιψεως της Γενομενης επι Στεφανω, διηλθον έως Φοινικης και Κυπρου και Αντιοκειας, μηδενι λαλουντες τον λογον ει μη μονον Ιουδαι-20 οις. ησαν δε τινες εξ αυτων ανδρες Κυπριοι και Κυρηναιοι, ειτινες εισελθοντες εις Αντιοχειαν, ελαλουν προς τους Ελληνας, ευαγγελίζομενοι τον 21 Κυριον Ιησουν. και ην χειρ Κυριου μετ αυτων, πολυς τε αριθμος πιστευσας επεστρεψεν επι τον Κυριον.

22 Ηκουσθη δε όλογος εις τα WTA THE EKKANOLAS THE EV IEροσολυμοις περι αυτων, και εξαπεστειλαν Βαρναβαν έως 23 Αντιοχειας. ός παρατενομενος και ιδων την χαριν του Θεου, εχαρη, και παρεκαλει παντας τη προθεσει της καρδιας προσμένειν τω Κυριώς 24 ότι πν ανηραγαθος, και πληρης πνευματος άγιου και πισ-Τεως. και προσετεθη οχλος 25 ικανος τω Κυριω. εξηλθε δε εις Ταρσον ο Βαρναβας αναζητησαι Σαυλον, και έυρων autou, neafer autor eic Ay-26 Τιοχειαν. εγενετο δε αυτους ενιαυτου όλου σύναχθηναι εν τη εκκλησια, και διδαξαι οχgranted falvation likewise to the gentiles, on the terms of their repentance.

. In the mean time they who 10 were dispers'd upon the persecution that arose after Stephen's time, bad travell'd as far as Phenicia, Cyprus and Antioch, without preaching the gospel to any, but Fews only. some of them 20 were of Cyprus and Cyrene, and upon their arrival at Antioch they address'd themselves to the Greeks, and preach'd to them the Lord Fesus. and as the divine as-21 fistance accompany'd them, a great number of persons believed and became converts.

Of this the church at 7e-22 rusalem being apprized, they order'd Barnabas to go to Antioch; who upon his arrival 23 there, was glad to see such esfelts of the divine grace, and exborted them all to remain firmly attach'd to the christian profession: for be was a good 24 man, and full of the boly spirit and of saith: so that many converts were added to the church. at length Barnahas 25 departed to Tarjus in quest of Saul, and baving found him, be conducted bim to Antioch: where they resided a whole 26 year with that church, and instructed abundance of disciples,

λον ίκανον, χρηματισαι τε πρωτον εν Αντιοχεία τους μαθητας Χριστιανους.

Εν ταυταις δε ταις ήμεραις κατηλθον απο Ιεροσολυμων 28 TOOONTALEIS AVTIOXEIAV. aναστας δε έις εξ αυτων ονοματι Αγαβος, εσημανε δια ΤΟυ πνευματος, λιμον μεγαν μελλειν εσεσθαι εφ' όλην την οικουμενην, όστις και εγενετο 20 επι Κλαυδίου Καισαρος. Των δε μαθητων, καθως ηυπορειτο τις, ώρισαν έκαστος αυτων εις διακονιαν πεμιναι τοις κατοικουσιν εν τη Ιουδαια α-20 δελφοις, ο και εποιπσαν, αποστειλαντες προς τους πρεσβυτερους δια χειρος Βαρναβα

και Σαυλου. KAT' EKELVOV DE TOV KALPOV επεβαλεν Ηρωδης ο βασιλευς τας χειρας κακωσαι Τινας των 2 ATO THE EKKAMOIAS. AVEINE δε Ιακωβον τον αδελφον Ιωαννου μαχαιρα. ιδων δε ότι αρεστον εστι τοις Ιουδαιοις, προσεθετο συλλαβειν και Πετρου, πσαν δε αι ήμεραι 4 Των άζυμων, ον και πιασας εθετο εις φυλακπν, παραδους τεσσαρσι τετραδιοις στρατιωτών φυλασσείν αυτον. βουλομένος κατα το πασχα αναγαγείν αυτον τω λα-5 ω. ο μεν συν Πετρος ετηρείτο εν τη φυλακη, προσευαπ δε ην εκτενης Γινομενη ύπο Της εκκλησιας προς του Θεου

ύπερ

ples, and thefe disciples were the first that were denominated Christians.

About that time some pro- 27 phets came from ferufalem to Antioch: and one of them 28 named Agabus soretold by the fpirit, that there should be a great famine, thro' all the world: which accordingly bappen'd in the reign of Claudius Cesar. then the disciples 29 determin'd to send, each of them answerably to bis abilities, some relief to the brethren residing in Judea: which they actually perform'd, 30 and fent it by the bands of Saul and Barnabas to the presbyters at Ferusalem.

About that time, king He- 1 rod Agrippa began to persecute some of the church, he 2 caus'd James the brother of John to be beheaded. and 3 perceiving that the Jews were pleas'd with this, he proceeded to secure Peter during the feast of unleavened bread: baving apprehended 4 Peter, be put bim into prison, appointing a detachment of fixteen foldiers to guardbim, intending to bave bim brought to publick execution, after Easter. thus Peter was kept 5 in prison, but the Church prayed to God, without ceaf6 ύπεο αυτου. ότε δε εμέλλεν αυτον προαγειν ο Ηρωδης, τη VUKTI EKEIVII IN O TETOOC KOIμωμενος μεταξυ δυο στρατιωτων, δεδεμενος άλυσεσι δυσι, φυλακες τε προ της θυρας ετηρουν την φυλακην. 7 και ιδου, απέλος Κυριου ε-TEOTH, KAL DWG ENALUWED ED τω οικηματι. παταξας δε την πλευράν του Πετρού, ηγειρέν αυτού, λεγων, αναστα εν TAXEL KAL ELETEGOV AUTOU R & LANDEIC EK TWY XEIDWY. ELTE TE O AFTENOS TOOS AUTON, TEειζωσαι, και ύποδησαι τα σανδαλια σου: εποιησε δε ουτω, και λεγει αυτώ, περιβαλου το ιματιον σου, και ακολουθει ο μοι και εξελθων ηκολουθει αυ-Tω. και ουκ ηδει ότι αληθες εστιτο Γινομενον δία του αγγελου,

Τιτο Γινομενον δία του αγγελου, 10 εδοκει δε δραμα βλεπειν. διελθοντες δε πρωτην φυλακην και δευτεραν, πλθον επι την πυλην την σιδηραν, την φερουσαν εις την πολιν, ήτις αυτοματη ηνοιχθη αυτοις, και εξελθοντες προηλθον ρυμην μιαν, και ευθεως απεστη δ αγγελος απ² αυτου.

ΕΚΟΙ Α΄ Αυτου.

Και ο Πετρος Γενομένος εν εαυτώ, είπε, νυν οιδα αλπθως ότι εξαπεστείλε Κυριος τον αγγελον αυτου, και έξειλετο με εκ χειρος Ηρωδου, και πασικ της προσδοκίας του 12 λαου των Ιουδαιών. συνιδων τε ηλθέν επι την οικιαν Μαριας της μητέος Ιωαννου,

ing, for bim. now the very 6 night preceding the day which Herod design'd for his execution, Peter bound with two chains, was sleeping between two soldiers, while the other guards secured the prifon door; when an angel of the Lord suddenly appear'd and fill'd the room with light, and touching Peter on the side, awak d bim, saying, rise, be quick. and immediately bis chains sell from bis bands. put on your girdle, continu'd the angel, and bind on your sandals: which he did. throw your cloak over you, said the angel, and follow me. so be went out after the angel without knowing that what the angel had done, was real; but thinking it was all a vifion. when they had pass'd 10 the first and second guard, they came to the iron-gate that leads to the city, which open'd to them of itself: so they went out and pass'd together thro' one street: when all of a sudden the angel quitted Peter.

Then coming to himself; now, said he, I know for cer-II tain, that the Lord has sent his angel, and has deliver'd me from the hands of Herod, and from what the Jews were in expestation of. then 12 recollecting where he was, he went to the house of Mary the

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του επικαλουμένου Μαρκου, ου πσαν ίκανοι συνηθοίσμε-1 3 νοι και προσευχομένοι. Κοουσαντος δε του Πετρου την θυραν του πυλωνος, προσηλθε παιδισκη ύπακουσαι, ονο-14 ματι Ροδη. και επιτνουσα την φωνην του Πετεου, απο THE XAPAS OUR HYOLES TOV TUλωνα, εισδραμουσα δε απης-TEINEY EGTAVAL TOY TIETDOY 15 προ Του πυλωνος. όι δε προς αυτην ειπον, μαινή? ή δε διισχυρίζετο ουτως έχειν. δε ελεγον, ο αγγελος αυτου 16 εστιν. ο δε Πετρος επεμένε κρουων, ανοιξαντις δε ειδον 17 αυτου, και εξεστησαν. κατασεισας δε αυτοις τη χειρι σιταν, διητησατο αυτοις πως o Kupios autov etnyagev ek της φυλακης, ειπε δε, απας-Γειλατε Ιακωβω και τοις aδελφοις ταυτα. και εξελθων επορεύθη εις έτερου το-TOY.

18 Γενομενης δε ήμερας, ην ταραχος ουκ ολιγος εν τοις στρατιωταις, τι αρα ό Νε19 τρος εγενετο. Ηρωδης δε επιΣητησας αυτον, και μη έυρων, ανακρινας τους φυλακας, εκελευσεν απαχθηναι, και κατελθων απο της Ιουδαιας εις την Καισαρειαν, διετριβεν.

mother of John, surnam'd Mark, where many were afsembled at prayers. when he 12 bad knock'd at the door of the gate, a servant named Rhoda came to ask who was there. upon bearing Peter 14 tell bis name, instead of opening the gate, the ran, out of joy, to tell them, that Peter was there. are you mad? 15 said they. but she persisting that it was even so, they reply'd, it is then his angel. as 16 Peter still continued knocking, they let him in, and feeing it was be, they were extremely surpriz'd: but he stade a 17 sign to them with his hand, to be filent: and related to them, how the Lord had brought him out of the prison. go, said be, and acquaint fames and the other brethren with this affair. after which he departed and went to another vlace.

As foon as it was day, the 18 foldiers were in a world of confusion to know what was become of Peter. Herod ba-19 ving caus'd diligent search to be made, without being able to find him, after examining the guards, he order'd them to execution. after which he departed from Judea, and went to Cesarea, where he

resided.

20 Ην δε θυμομαχών Τυριοις και Σιδωνιοις, ομοθυμαδον δε παρησαν προς αυτου, και πεισαντες Βλαστον τον επι του κοιτωνος του βασιλεως. ητουντο ειρηνην, δια το τρε-. Φεσθαι αύτων την χωραν α-21 πο της βασιλικής. Τάκτη δε ήμεςα ο Ηρωδης ενδυσαμένος εσθητα βασιλικήν, και καθισας επι του βηματος, εδημη-22 FOREL TIPOS OUTOUS. O DE Onμος επεφωνει, Θεου φωνη, και 22 ουκ ανθρωπου. παραχρημα δε επαταξεν αυτον αγγελος Κυριου, ανθ' ών ουκ εδωκε την δοξαν τω Θεω, και τενομενος σκωληκοβρωτος, εξεψυξεν.

24 Ο δε λογος του Θεου πυξανε
25 και επληθυνετο. Βαρναβας
δε και Σαυλος υπεστρεψαν
εξ Ιερουσαλημ, πληρωσαντες
την διακονιαν, συμπαραλαβοντες και Ιωαννην τον επικληθεντα Μαρκον.

Τα Την ουσαν εκκλησιαν προφηται και διδασκαλοι, ό, τε Βαρναβας και Συμεων ό καλουμενος Νιζες, και Λουκιος ό Κυρηναιος, Μαναην τε Ηρωδου του τετραρχου συν2 τροφος, και Σαυλος λειτουργουντων δε αυτων τω Κυ-

Herod was then making 20 warlike preparations against the Tyrians, and Sidonians: but they unanimously sent a deputation to court: where baving gain'd Blastus the king's chamberlain, they brought matters to an accommodation : for their country was subsisted by the king's territorys. one court-day, He- 21 rod array'd in bis robes of state, and seated upon the throne, made a publick oration: at which the people 22 gave a shout, saying, it is the voice of a God, and not of a man, but at the instant 23 an angel of the Lord sinote bim, because be did not glorify God: so that he became a prey to worms and died.

In the mean time, the word of God made continual 24 progress, and after Barnahas and Saul had executed their 25 commission, they return d to Jerusalem, and took with them John who was surnain'd Mark.

Now there were several prophets and teachers in the church of Antioch, as Barnahas, Simeon surnam'd Niger, Lucius of Cyrene, Manaen who had been brought up with Herod the tetrarch, and Saul. as they were ministring to the Lord, and Ooo 2 salt-

Κυριω και νηστευοντων, ειπε TO TIVEULIA TO ATION, ADODIσατε δη μοι τον τε Βαρναβαν και τον Σαυλον εις το ερ-FOY O TOOKEKANHAL AUTOUS. TOTE VNOTEUO AVTEC KAL TIPOσευξαμένοι, και επιθέντες τας χειρας αυτοις, απελυσάν. 4 ουτοι μεν ουν εκπεμφθεντες ύπο του πνευματος του άγιου, κατηλθον εις την Σελευ-KELAY. EKELBEY TE ATTETALUGAY 5 εις Την Κυπρον. και γενομενοι εν Σαλαμινι, κατηγελλον Τον ROTON TOU GEOU EN TAIS OUναςωςαις των Ιουδαιων, ειχον δε και Ιωαννην ύπερετην.

Διελθοντες δε όλην την νησον αχρι Παφου, ευρον Τινα ματον ψευδοπροφητην Ιου-7 εαιου, ώ ονομα Βαριπσους, ός ην συν τω ανθυπατω Σεριω Παυλώ, ανδρι συνετώ, ου-Τος προσκαλεσαμένος Βαρναβαν και Σαυλου, επεζητησεν ακουσαι τον λογον του 8 Θεου, ανθιστατο δε αυτοις Ελυμας ὁ ματος, όντω ταρ μεθερμηνευεται το ονομα αυτου, ζητων διαστρεψαι τον ανθυ-MATON AND THE MICTEWS. ο Σαυλίος δε ο και Παυλος πλησθεις πνευματος άξιου, 10 Kai atevidas eis autov, eiπεν, "ω πληρης παντος δοκαι πασης βαδιουργιας, υιε διαβολου, εχθρε πασης " δικαιοσυνής, ου παυση " διαστρεφων τας όδους Κυfasting, the boly spirit said to them, separate me Barnabas and Saul, for the work to which I have destin'd them. accordingly, after baving fast- 3 ed and prayed they gave them imposition of bands, and dismiss'd them, being thus ap- 4 pointed missionarys by the boly spirit, they went to Seleucia, where they embark'd for Cyprus. when they were 5 arrived at Salamis, they preach'd the word of God in the synagogues of the Jews, and had John for their affistant.

Having travers'd the isle 6 as far as to Paphos, they found a Jew there nam'd Barjesus, who was a false prophet and magician: be 7 was with the proconful Sergius Paulus, a man of prudence: who sent for Barnabas and Saul, defiring to bear the word of God. but 8 Elymas (a name which fignifies* Magus) opposed them, endeavouring to seduce the proconsul from the faith. then Saul, who was nam'd likewife Paul, full of the boly spirit, look d fixedly upon bim, and said, " thou beap 10 " of imposture and mischief, " offspring of the devil, and " enemy to all justice, wilt se thou not cease to pervers " mer

CLOD

^{*} In the Arabic language.

איני אומי ביש בער בער אומי איני אומי איני אומי איני אומי איני אומי איני אומי איני איני איני איני איני איני איני ιδου, χειρ του Κυριου επι σε, και εση Τυφλος, μη " βλεπων τον ήλιον αχρι "καιρου." παραχρημα δε επεπεσεν επ' αυτον αχλυς και σκοτος, και περιαγων εζητει 12 χειραγωγους. Τοτε ιδων ο ανθυπατος το Γεγονος, επιστευ-GEV, EKANNOGOMEVOG ETTI TH ι 2 διδαχη του Κυριου. αναχθεντες δε απο της Παφου ά περι τον Παυλον, πλθον εις Περγην της Παμφυλίας, Ιωαννης δε αποχωρήσας απ' αυτων, ύπεστρεψεν εις Ιεροσολυμα.

14 Αυτοι δε διεκθοντες απο της ΤΕργης, παρεγενοντο εις Αυτιοχείαν της Πισιδίας, και εισελθοντες εις την συναςωςην τη ήμερα των σαββατων, ε-15 καθισαν. μετα δε την αναγνωσιν Του νομου και Των προφητών, απεστείλαν οι αρχισυναζωζοι προς αυτους, λεγοντες, Ανδρες αδελφοι, ει τις εστι λογος εν ύμιν παρακλησεως προς τον λαον, λε-16 ετε. αναστας δε Παυλος, KAI KATAGEIGAS TH XEIFI, EIπεν, ανδρες Ισραηλιται, και οι φοβουμενοι τον Θεον, α-17 κουσατει ο Θεος του λαου Τουτου (Ισραπλ) εξελεξατο τους πατεράς ήμων, και τον λαον ύψωσεν εν Τη παροικια εν τη Αιγυπτιο, και μετα

βεα-

" men from the right ways "of the Lord? bis band II " is falling upon thee, thou " shalt be blind, and not " see the sun for some time." immediately his eyes were covered with obscurity and darkness; so that he grop'd about for somebody to lead bim by the band. the pro-12 conful feeing the fact, embraced the faith, being struck with admiration of the christian doctrine. after which 12 Paul and his company set out from Paphos to Perga in Pamphilia, where John quitted them in order to return to Terusalem.

From Perga they went to 14 Antioch in Pisidia, and going to the synagogue on the sabbath-day, they took their places, and after the lesson 15 out of the law and the prophets was finish'd, the heads of the synagogue sent this message to them; Men and bretbren, if you have any instruction to offer to the people, deliver it. thereupon 16 Paul stood up, and baving made sign with his hand for their attention, he said, men of Israel, and ye that fear God, give audience. the God 17 of Israel made choice of our fathers, and exalted the people when they sojourn'd in Egypt, from whence he condisted

βραχιονος ύψηλου εξηγαγεν 18 αυτους εξ αυτης. και ώς TEGGAPAKOVTAETH XPOVOV E-TPOPOPOPHOTEN OUTOUS EN TH Ι 9 ερημω. και καθελων εθνη έπ-TA EV IN KAVAAV, KATEKANρονομπσεν αυτοις την την αυ-20 των. και μετα ταυτα, ώς ETEGI TETPAKOGIOIS KAI TEYτηκοντα, εδωκε κριτας έως 2 Ι Σαμουπλ. Του προφητου. κακειθεν πτησαντο βασιλεα. KAI EOWKEY AUTOIS O €505 TOV Σαουλ ύιον Κις, ανδρα εκ φυλης Βενιαμίν, ετη τεσσαρα-22 ΚΟΥΤά Και μεταστήσας αυτον, ηγειρεν αυτοις τον Δαβιδ εις βασιλεα, ώ και ειπε μαρτυρησας, " έυρον Δαβιό τον του Ιεσσαι, ανδρα κατα " την καρδίαν μου, ός ποιησει παντα τα θεληματα 23" μου." Τουτου ο Θεος απο Του σπερματος κατ επαιτελιαν ηγειρε τω Ισραπλ. σωτη-24 ρα Ιπσουν, προκηρυξαντος Ιωαννου προ προσωπου της εισοδου αυτου βαπτισμα με-Τανοιας παυτι τωλαω Ισ-25 ραπλ. ώς δε επληρου ο 1ωavyng Tov Sponov, Exere, TIνα με ύπονοειτε ειναι ? ειμι εγω, αλλ' ιδου, ερχε-"Ται μετ' εμε, ου ουκ ειμι " αξιος το ύποδημα των πο-" δων λυσαι"

dutted them by the terror of bis arm. for forty years be 18 maintain'd them in the wilderness. after that be distri-19 buted to them by lot the territorys of seven nations, which be destroyed in Canaan. af- 20 ter these transactions, which lasted about four bundred and fifty years, be gave them judges to the time of the prophet Samuel: when hav- 21 ing demanded a king, God gave them Saul the son of Cis, of the tribe of Benjamin: the government of both having lasted sorty years, God 22 removed Saul, and rais'd up David to be their king, to whom he gave this testimonial, "* I bave found David " the son of Jesse: he is a " man most acceptable to me, " and be will execute all my " orders." it is of his poste-23 rity that God, pursuant to his promise, bas rais'd up Jesus to be the saviour of Ifracl. before his appearance, John 2; bad preach'd the baptism of repentance to all the people of Ifrael, and in the discharge of 25 bis mission, be faid, " who do " you think I am? I am not " the Messias. but there " comes another after me, " whose shoes I am not wor-" thy to untie." It is to you, my brethren, 26

who are the children of Abra-

Pfal. lxxxix.21.

* 1 Sam. xiii, 14.

bam.

26 Ανδρες αδελφοι, ύιοι Γενους Αβρααμ, και οι εν ύμιν φοβουμενοι

BOULEYOU TOV GEOV. VILLY O'NOτος της σωτηριας ταυτης α-27 πεσταλη. όι Γαρ κατοικουν-Τες εν Ιερουσαλημ, και οι αο-XOUTES AUTWY, TOUTON ATNOπσαντες, και τας φωνας των προφητών τας κατα παν σαββατον αναγινωσκομενας, 28 κρινάντες, επληρωσάν. και μπδεμιαν αιτιαν θανατου έυρούτες, ητησαντο Πιλατον 20 αναιρεθηναι αυτον. ΤΕΝΕσαν παντα τα περι αυτου Γεγραμμενα, καθελοντες απο του ξυλου, εθηκαν εις 30 μνημειον. ό δε Θεος πρειρεν 31 AUTOV EK VEKPWY. OS WOON επι ήμερας πλειους Τοις συναναβασιν αυτω απο της Γαλιλαιας εις Ιερουσαλημ, όι Τινες νυν εισι μαρτυρες αυτου προς 22 TOY NAOY. KAI MUSIC UHAC EUαγγελιζομέθα την προς τους πατερας επαγγελιαν γενομε-YMY, OTI TAUTHY O GEOGEK**πεπληρωκε Τοις ΤΕΚΥΟΙς αυ**των ήμιν, αναστησας in-33 σουν, ώς και εν Τφ γγαλμφ τω * πρωτω Γεγραπται, " υ -34" γεγεννηκα σε." ότι δε ανεστησεν αυτον εκ νεκρων, μηκετι μελλοντα υποστρεφειν εις διαφθοραν, συτως ειρηκεν, " ότι δωσω ύμιν τα " ὀσια Δαβιδ τα πιστα."

bam, and to all who fear God among you, that this salutary news is sent. as for 27 the inhabitants of ferusalem. and their senators, by their not knowing robo be was, and by condemning bim, they have. accomplished the declarations of the prophets, which are read every sabbath-day: al-28 though they could not convict bim of any thing capital, yet they demanded of Pilate, that be should be put to death. af-29 ter they had accomplished all that was written concerning bim, be was taken down from the cross, and laid in a sepulchre: but God raised 30 bim from the dead: and 21 for many days be was seen by those, who had accompany'd bim from Galilee to Jerusalem: and they are now bis witnesses to the people. to 22 you therefore we declare, that the promise which God had made to the fathers, he has now perform'd to us, who are their children, by his baving raised up Jesus again. agreeable to what is written 33 in the first psalm, " thou " art my son, this day have " I begotten thee." and to 34 show that he rais'd him from the dead, never more to return to corruption, be said thus , " I will faithfully per-

35 dio Kai en etero refei, " ou δωσεις τον όσιον σου ιδειν 26" διαφθοραν." Δαβιδ μεν γαρ ιδια γενεα ύπηρετησας τη του Θεου βουλή, εκοιμήθη, και προσετέθη προς τους πα-Τερας αυτου, και ειδε διαφθο-37 ράν. ον δε ο Θεος ηγειρεν, ουκ 38 ειδε διαφθοραν. Γνωστον ουν εστω ύμιν, ανδρες αδελφοι, ότι δια τουτου ύμιν αφεσις 39 άμαρτιων κατας ελλεταί. και απο παντων ων ουκ ηδυνηθητε εν τω νομω Μωσεως δικαιωθηναι, εν τουτώ πας όπισ-40 τευων δικαιουται. βλεπετε ουν μη επελθη εφ' ύμας το ειρημένον εν τοις προφηταις, ες ιδετε οι καταφρούπται, και " θαυμασατε, και αφανίσ-" θητε, ότι εργον εγω εργαζο-" μαι εν ταις ήμεραις ύμων, ό « ου μη πιστευσητε, εαντις « εκδιηγηται υμιν."

42 Εξιοντων δε εκ της συναγωγης των Ιουδαιων, παρεκαλουν τα εθνη εις το μεταξυ σαββατον λαληθηναι άυτοις 43 τα ρηματα ταυτα. λυθεισης δε της συναγωγης, ηκολουθησαν πολλοι των ξουδαιων και των σεβομενων

" perform the promises, which " I made to David." where- 25 fore in another place* be fays, et thou shalt not suffer thy " boly one to see corruption." for David, after be had serv'd 36 in his time the designs of providence, died and was buryed with his fathers, and was subject to corruption. be, whom God bath raised, was not subject to corruption. know then, my brethren, it is by 38 bim, that the remission of sins isoffer'd to you: by bim, every 39 one who believes, is purged from all that guilt, for which the law of Moses had made no such provision, take care 40 then, that what the prophets predicted may not bappen to you †, " consider you despi-41 " sers, be surprized and "turn pale, for I shall " perform a work in your " days, which you will not " believe, whoever shall de-

When Paul and Barnabas 42
When Paul and Barnabas 42
were gone out of the Jewish
synagogue, the Gentiles defired them to entertain them
on the same subject, the following sabbath. when the 43
assembly was separated, many
Jews and religious proselytes

fol-

προσηλυτων τω Παυλώ και τω Βαρναβα, διτινες προσλαλουντες αυτοις, επειθον αυτους επιμενειν τη χαριτι του Θεου.

Τω τε ερχομενώ σαββατω σχεδον πασα ή πολις συνηχθη ακουσαι τον λογον του A5 DEOU. IGOVTES DE ON TOUDAION τους οχλους, επλησθησαν LAROU, KAI AVTEREFOU TOIS ύπο του Παυλου λεγομενοις 16 βλασφημουντες. παρόησιασαμενοι δε ο Παυλος και ο Βαςναβας, ειπον, ύμιν πν αναγκαιον πρωτον λαληθηναι τον λογον του Θεου, επειδη δε απώθεισθε αυτον, και ουκ akious krivete kautous The αιωνιου ζωης, ιδου, στρεφο-47 μεθα εις τα εθνη. ουτω γαρ εντεταλται ήμιν ο Κυριος, τεθεικά σε εις φως εθνων, " Του ειναι σε εις σωτηριαν " έως εσχατού της Γης." 48 ακουοντα δε τα εθνη εχαιρον, και εδοξαζον τον λογον του Κυριου, και επιστευσαν όσοι πσαν τεταγμένοι εις ζωπν 49 αιωνίον. διεφερετο δε ο λογος του Κυριου δι όλης της χω-50 ρας. οι δε Ιουδαιοι παρω-Τρυναν τας σεβομενας τυναικας και τας ευσχημονάς, και Τους πρωτους της πολεως, και επηγειραν διωγμον επι τον Παυλον και τον Βαρναβαν, και εξεβαλον αυτους απο των

followed after, to whom the apostles address d themselves, and exhorted them to persevere in the divine dispensation.

The next sabbath-day al- AL most the whole city assembled to bear the word of God. when the Jews law such a A.S. crowd, they were fill'd with resentment, and oppos'd what Paul bad advanc'd, even to blasphemy. but Paul and 46 Barnabas told them boldly, you indeed were the first, to whom the word of God was to be preach'd: but since you reject it, and judge your own selves unworthy of eternal life, be affur'd, we shall make the same offer to the Gentiles : for thus has the Lord com-A7 manded us *, " I bave ap-" pointed you to be a light to " theGentiles, that you should " bring salvation to the re-" motest parts of the earth." when the Gentiles heard this, 48 they received the word with joy, glorifying the Lord: and as many as were dispos'd to eternal life, believed, and 49 the word of the Lord spread through the whole country. but the Jews baving ani-50 mated the women of quality of their religion, and the leading men of the city, raifed a persecution against Paul Ppp

5 Ι όριων άυτων. ὁι δε εκτιναξαμενοι τον κονιορτον των ποδων άυτων επ΄ αυτους, πλ-5 ² θον εις Ικονιον. ὁι δε μαθηται επληρούντο χαρας και πνευματος άριου.

ΕΓΕΥΕΤΟ δΕ ΕΥ ΙΚΟΥΙώ, ΚΑΤΑ TO AUTO ELETENBELY AUTOUS FLC την συναζωζην των Ιουδαιων και λαλησαι ουτως πιστευσαι Ιουδαίων τε και 2 Ελληνων πολυ πληθος. α δε antibourtes loudator emmer-DAY KAL EKAKWOAY TAG WUχας των εθνων κατα των α-2 δελφων. Ικανον μεν συν χρονου διετριψαν παρρησιαζομενοι επι τω Κυριώ τω μαρ-Τυρουντι τω λοιω της καριτος άυτου, διδοντι σημεια και τερατα τινεσθαι δια των 4 χειρων αυτων. εσχισθη δε το πληθος της πολεως, και οι μεν ησαν συν τοις Ιουδαιοις. οι δε συν τοις αποστολοις. 5 ώς δε εγενετο όρμη των εθνων τε και Ιουδαιων συν τοις αρχουσιν αυτων, υβρισαι και λιθοβολησαι αυτους, συνιδοντες κατεφυγον εις τας πολείς Της Αυκαονίας, Δυστραν και Δερβην, και την περιχω-7 ρου. κάκει πσαν ευαγγελίζο-MEDOL.

and Barnabas, and banish'd them from their territorys. so they shook off the dust of 51 their feet against them, and went to Iconium. and the 52 disciples were filled with joy, and with the boly spirit.

Being arriv'd at Iconium, they went both together to the Tewish synagogue, where they discours d in such a manner. that a great number both of Tews and of Greeks believed. but the dishelieving Tews 2 practis'd upon the Gentiles. and inflam'd their minds against the brethren. bowever the apostles stay'd there a considerable time, being infpir'd with great resolution by the Lord, who gave his attestation to the evangelical dollrine, by the prodicus and miracles, which he did by their hands. so that the 4 people of the city were divided, some siding with the Jews, and others with the apostles. upon this the Gen- z tiles and the Jews, supported by their magistrates, made an insurrection in order to use violence against them, and even to stone them : of which 6 they were apprized, and fled to Lystra and Derbe, citys of Lycaonia, and to the adjacent country, where they 7 preach'd the gospel.

8 Και τις ανηρ εν Δυστροις αδυνατος τοις ποσιν εκαθητο, χωλος εκ κοιλιας μητροκ αυτου, ός ουδεποτε περιεπεπατη9 κει. ουτος ηκουε του Παυλου λαλουντος, ός ατενισας αυτώ, και ιδων ότι πιστιν 10 εχει του σωθηναι, είπε μεγαλη τη φωνή, αναστηθι επιτους ποδας σου ορθος. και ήλλετο, και περιεπατει.

TT OLDE OXNOLLOOVTES O ETTOSnoen o Mauroc, empan thy σωνην άυτων, Δυκαονιστι λεγοντες, οι θεοι ομοιωθέντες ανθρωποις κατεβησαν προς 12 huac. EKAROUV TE TOY HEY Βαρναβαν, δια, του δε Παυλου, Εςμπυ, επειδη αυτος ην Ι 3 ο ήγουμενος Του λογου-LEPEUS TOU ALOS TOU OUTOS TOO THE TOXEWS, TRUPOUS KAN στεμματα επι τους πυλωνας EVERKAS, OUV TOIS OXXDIS HOE-14 RE QUELY. AKOUTAYTES DE DE αποστολοι Βαρναβας και Παυλος, διαρφηξαντες τα iματια αυτων, εισεπηδησαν 15 EIG TOU OXENEN, KPAKONTES, KAI REPORTES, " ANDPES TITAUTA TOLLITE? KAL THEIR OHOLO-· अवस्ति ह्याह्म ग्रीमा व्यक्ति " ποι, εναγγελίζομενοι υμας απο τουτων των ματαιων " επιστρεφειν επι τον Θεον " τον ζωντα, ός εποιησε τον ουράνου και Την την και " την θαλασσαν, και παν-16" τα τα εν αυτοις, ός εν

Now at Lystra there was 8 a man, who could not stand upon his feet, he was born a cripple, and had never walked about. one day he 9 heard Paul preach, who sixing his eyes upon him, and perceiving that he expected to be cured, he said to him aloud, 10 rise and stand right upon your feet: upon which he leap'd up and walk'd,

When the people fawwhat 11 Paul bad done, they cry'd out in the Lycaonian tongue, the Gods have affum'd a buman form, and are descended among us. Barnabas, they 12 stiled Jupiter; and Paul. Marcury, because he was the chief speaker. even the priest 13 of Jupiter, whose statue was at the city-gates, brought oxen and garlands there, and together with the people, would have offer'd facrifice to the apostles. but Paul and 14 Barnabas being apprized of it, tore their clothes, and throwing themselves among the crowd, cry'd out, " firs, 15 " what are you going to do? " we are but men as well as " you, and we exhort you to renounce these vanities, " and turn to the living " God, who made the bea-" ven, the earth and the " fea, and all that they con-" tain: who in past ages to

Ppp z

ταις παριοχήμεναις Γενεαις ειασε παντα τα εθνή πορευεσθαι ταις όδοις άυτων.

17 και τοι τε ουκ αμαρτυρον εαυτον αφηκεν, αταθοποιων, ουρανοθεν ήμιν ύετους δίδους και καιρους

" καρποφορους, εμπιπλων " Τροφης και ευφροσυνής τας

18" καρδίας ήμων." και ταυτα λεγοντες, μολίς κατεπαυσαν τους οχλούς του μη θυείν αυτοις.

19 Επηλθον δε απο Αντιοχειας και Ικονιου Ιουδαιοι, και
πεισαντες τους οχλους, και
λιθασαντες τον Παυλον, εσυρον εξω της πολεως, νομι20 σαντες αυτον τεθναναι, κυκλωσαντων δε αυτον των μαθητων, αναστας εισηλθεν εις
την πολιν, και τη επαυριον
εξηλθε συν τω Βαρναβα εις
Δερβην.

21 Ευαγελισαμενοι Τε την πολιν εκεινην, και μαθητευσανΤες ίκανους, ύπεστρεψαν εις
την Λυστραν και Ικονιον και
22 Αντιοχειαν, επιστηριζοντες
Τας ψυχας των μαθητων,
παρακαλουντες εμμενειν τη
πιστει, και ότι δια πολλων
θλιψεων δει ήμας εισελθειν εις
23 την βασιλειαν του Θεου. Χειροτονησαντες δε αυτοις πρεσβυτερους κατ' εκκλησιαν,
προσευξαμενοι μετα νηστειων, παρεθεντο αυτους τω Κυριω εις όν πεπιστευκεισαν.

" bas let all Nations proceed

" in their own ways. ne-17

" vertheles be sufficiently

" display'd himself by his be
" nesicence to mankind, in

" giving us rain from hea
" ven, and fruitful scasons,

" replenishing our hearts

" with food and gladness."

but whatever they could say, 18

it was with difficulty that
they restrain'd the people
from sacrificing to them.

Now some Jews being ar-19 riv'd from Antioch and Iconium, work'd so upon the people, that they stoned Paul,
and dragg'd him out of the city, supposing be had been
dead, but the disciples being 20
gather'd about him, he rose up
and went into the city, from
whence he departed the next
day with Barnahas to go to
Derbe.

After they had preach'd 21 the gospel in that city, and made many disciples, they retook the road to Lystra, Iconium and Antioch, encoura-22 ging the disciples, exhorting them to persevere in the faith, representing that it is thro much tribulation that we must enter into the kingdom of God. and after they had by prayers 23 and fastings establish'd Pastors for them in every church, they recommended them to the Lord in whom they had believed.

24 Kai διελθοντες Thy Πισιδίαν. 25 πλθον εις Παμφυλιάν. και AAANGAVTES EV MEPTI TOV AOτου, κατεβησαν εις Αττα-26 λειαν. κακειθεν απεπλευσαν εις Αντιοχειαν, όθεν πσαν παςαδεδομενοί τη χαριτι του Θεου εις Το εργον ο επληρω-27 σαν. παραγενομενοι δε και συναγαγοντές την εκκλησιαν. avnitilav oga exolnoev o Θεος μετ' αυτων, και ότι πνοιξε Τοις εθνέσι θυραν πισ-28 τεως. διετριβον δε χρονον OUK ONLY OUT TOK MAON-Tais.

Kai Tives Katerboutes and της Ιουδαιας, εδιδασκον τους αδελφους, ότι εαν μη περι-Τεμνησθε Τω εθει Μωυσεως, ου νασθε σωθηναι. Γενομενης στασεως και Επτησεώς : Κολιγης τω Παυλώ και τω Β τρναβα προς αυτους, εταξαν αναβαίνειν Παυλον και Βαρναβαν και Τινας ανλους εξ αυτων προς τους αποστολους και πρεσβυτερούς εις Ιερουσαλημ, περι του ζητηματός Τουτου. οι μεν ουν προπεμφ-BENTER WITO THE EKKANDIAG, OIποχοντο την Φοινικήν και Σαμαρειαν, εκδιπγουμένοι Την επιστροφην των εθνων, και εποιουν χαιραν μεγαλην πασι 4 τοις αδελφοις. παραγενομενοι δε εις Ιερουσαλημ, απεδεχθησαν ύπο της εκκλησιας

lieued; at length they passa24 thro' Pifidia, and came to Pamphilia: and baving 25 preach'd the word in Perga, they went to Attaha: from 26 thence they sailed to Antioch. where they had been recommended to the favour of God. for the commission, which they bad now discharg'd. when 27 they were arrived, and had assembled the Church, they related what great things God bad wrought by them, and bow be bad opened the door of faith to the Gentiles: and they 28 resided there a considerable time with the disciples.

However some that arrived 1 from Judea, told the Gentile converts, unless you are circumcifed agreeably to the law of Moses, you cannot be faved. upon which Paul and Bar- 2 nabas baving warmly contested the point with them, it was refolved, that Paul and Barnabas and some others should go to Ferusalem to confult the apostles upon this question. so they set out, ac- 3 companied part of the way by the church, and pass'd thro' Phenicia and Samaria, relating the conversion of the Gentiles, which gave great joy to all the brethren. and 4 being arrived at Jerusalem, they were received by the church, by the apostles, and

presbyters,

και Των αποστολών και των πρεσβυτερών, ανηγείλαν τε όσα ο Θεοκ εποιπσε μετ' αυ5 των, εξανεστασαν δε τινες των απο της αιρεσεως των Φαρισαιων πεπιστευκοτες, λεγοντες, ότι δει περιτεμνείν αυτοικ, παραγγελλείν τε τηρείν τον νομον Μωυσεως.

Συνηχθησαν δε δι αποστο-K. λοι και οι πρεσβυτεροι ιδειν 7 TEPL TOU LOTOU TOUTOU. TOX-ANG DE GUENTHOEWS PENDIENNS αναστας Πετρος είπε προς αυτους, ανδρες αδελφοι, ύ-HEIC ETIOTAGE OTI AG' THEpwy apxaiwy o Geog en huir εξελεξατο δια του στοματος HOU AKOUGAL TA EDIN TOU NO-FOR TOU EURITERIOU, KAI THE-8 TEUGAL KALO KAPOLOGINGTING Seok ELIZPTUPNOEV AUTOIC, SOUR AUTOK TO THEUHA TO ATTOY. n Kaduc Kai mun, Kai ouder die-KOIVE HETAEU THUN TE KAL AN-TWV, TH TISTEL KARANSAC IOTAL KAPÔLAL AUTWY. YWY DUY TI TEIPALETE TON GEON, ETI-BELYEL CUTOV ETTL TOV TPEXENTALON דשו וומלות היים מים שולו אולים TEPEC THUMY, OUTE THESE STATE 11 σαμεν βαστασαι ? αλλα δια της χαριτός Κυρίου Ιπσου (XDIGTOU) TIGTEUOHEV GWθηναι, καθ ον Τροπον κάκει-DOL.

12 Εσιγησε δε παν το πληθος, και πκουον Βαρναβα και Παυλου εξηγουμενων όσα εποιησεν presbyters, to whom they related all that God had done by them. but some of the seet 5 of the Pharisees who had embraced the faith, started up, pretending that the Gentiles ought to be circumcised, and observe the law of Moses.

The apostles therefore, and 6. the presbyters assembled to deliberate upon this affair. and after the question had 7 been much canvass'd, Peter rose up, and said, my brethren, you know that a confiderable time since God chose me from among you to preach the gospel to the Gentiles, and bring them to the faith. God 8 who knows their bearts has granted them a testimonial, by giving them the boly spirit, even as be did to us: making na difference between a us and them, baving purified their hearts by the faith. why 10 therefore do you tempt God to put a yoke upon the neck of the disciples, which neither we nor our forefathers were able to hear? but we believe II that it is by the favour of the Lord Jesus Christ, that we are to be sav'd, as well as tbey.

The whole assembly were 12 very filent, whilst Barnahas and Paul related what miracles and prodigies God had

1 wrought

δ Θεος σημεία και τερατά εν τοις εθνεσι δι' αυτών.

META DE TO OUTOAL AU-TOUC, ATTEKPION TAXWBOK, NEτων, ανδρες αδελφοι, ακου-14 σατε μου. Συμεων εξηγησα-TO KARBUS APOUTON O DEOS Eπεσκεψατο λαβείν εξ εθνων 15 λαον τω ονοματι άυτου. και Τουτώ συμφωνουσιν δι λογοί των προφητών, καθώς τε-" рета таита а-16 martai, ναστρεψω, και ανοικοδο-" μπσω Την σκηνην Δαβιδ "
Την πεπτωκυιαν, και τα " κατεσκαμμενα αυτης α-" νοικοδομπσω, και ανορθω-17" סש מעדחץ, סדשה מי בגלח-" דחששטוי פו גמדמאטודוסו " των ανθρωπων τον Κυριον, και παντα τα εθνη εφ' ους ETTIKEKATTAL TO OVOMA MOD επ' αυτους, λεγει Κυριος ο ποιων ταυτα (παντα.)" 18 γνωστα απ' αιωνος εστι τψ Θεω (παντα) τα εργα αυ-19 του. διο εγω κρινω μη παρενοχλειν τοις απο των εθνων ETIGTPEPOUGLY ETI TOV GEOV, 20 αλλα επιστειλαι αυτοις του απεχεσθαι απο των αλισηματων των ειδωλων, και της אינועד (אמו דטט אינואדטע,) 21 και του αιματος. Μωστκ γαρ εχ Γενεών αρχαιών κατα πολιν Τους κηρυσσοντάς αυτον εχει, εν Ταις συναζωζαις κατα παν σαββατον αναγινωσκομενος.

wrought among the Gentiles

After they bad done fpeak 12 ing, James affum'd the difcourse, and faid, my brethrens give me your attention. Simon 14. bas related bow God began to visit the Gentiles, to thuse from among them a people confectated to his name. and 15 this is agreeable to the oracles of the prophets: as it is written, we after this I will res 16 ee turn and build again the " tabernacle of David, which " is fallen down: I will re- 17 56 pair its rains, and raife it " up; that the rest of manw. kind, even all the nations. " That profess my name, man " seek the Lord. be that does 18 " all these things, is the Lord " bimself that has faid it." for the works of God are all known to bim from the beginning of the world. where Iq fore my opinion is not to dif-... quiet the Gentile converts : but only to write to them, that 20 they abstain from the pollutions of idols, from fornication, from animals that are ftrangled, and from their blood. for as to the law of Moses, that 2 z has been published in every city a confiderable time, being read in the synagogues every sabbath-day.

22 Τοτε εδοξε τοις αποστολοις και τοις πρεσβυτεροις
συν όλη τη εκκλησια, εκλεξαμενους ανδρας εξ αυτων
πεμψαι εις Αντιοχειαν, συν
τω Παυλω και Βαρναβα, Ιουδαν τον επικαλουμενον Βαρσαβαν, και Σιλαν, ανδρας
ήγουμενους εν τοις αδελφοις,
23 γραψαντες δια χειρος αυτων
ταδε.

Οι αποστολοι και οι πρεσ-BUTEDOI * (KAI OI) AGENDOI, TOIS KATA THY AUTIOXEIAY και Συριαν και Κιλικιαν αδελφοις τοις εξ εθνων, χαιρειν. 2 A ETTELON NKOUGALLEY OT I TIVES EE πιων εξελθοντες εταραξαν ύμας λογοις, ανασκευαζοντες TOC WUXOC VILLY, (REPORTED περιτεμινεσθαι, και τηρείν τον νομον,) οις ου διεστειλαμεθα. 2 ς εδοξεν ήμιν Γενομενοις όμοθυμαδου, εκλεξαμενους ανδρας πεμwai proc buac, our toic aγαπητοις ήμων Βαρναβα και 26 Παυλω, ανθρωποις παραδεδωκοσι τας ψυχας άυτων ύπερ του ονοματος του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χριστου. 27 απεσταλκαμεν ουν Ιουδαν και Σικαν, και αυτους δια .λογου απαγγελλοντας τα αυ-28 τα. εδοξε γαρ τω άγιω πνευματι και ήμιν, μηδεν πλεον επιτιθεσθαι ύμιν βαρος πλην

Then the apostles, the pres-22 byters, and the whole church thought it proper to select some out of their own body to accompany Paul and Barnahas to Antioch: such as Judas surnam'd Barsahas, and Silas, leading men among the brethren, whom they charg'd 23 with this letter.

The aposties, the presbyters, and the brethren, to the Gentile bretbren at Antioch. in Syria, and Cilicia, send greeting. Whereas we have 24 been apprized, that some who went from us, bave embarass'd you with their discourse, and unsettled your minds, maintaining, that you ought to be circumcifed, and to observe the law, though we gave them no such injunction: after having been as-25 sembled, we unanimously judg'd it proper to send particular deputies to you, with our beloved Barnabas and Paul, men that have ex-26 posed their lives for the name of our Lord Jesus Christ. we 27 therefore send Judas and Silas to inform you in person of this affair. for by the boly 28 spirit it seemed good to us, to lay no greater burthen upon

TWY

you,

^{*} V.23. πρεσβυτεροι αδελφοι Alex. Cant. Barb. 1. Colb. 6. Vulg. Irenaus. Pacian. Athenai. Dr. Mills thinks this the true reading. v. Prol. 1350.

29 των επαναγκες τουτών, απε χεσθαι ειδωλοθυτών, και άιματος (και πνικτου) και πορνειας, εξ ών διατηρουντες εαυτους, ευ πραξετε, ερρώσθε.

30 Οι μεν ουν απολυθεντες πλθον εις Αντιοχείαν, και συναγαγοντες το πληθος, επε-21 δωκαν την επιστολην. αναγνοντες δε, εχαρησαν επι 32 τη παρακλησει. Ιουδας δε και Σιλας, και αυτοι προ-שחדמו סידונ, לום אסוסט שפאλου παρεκαλεσαν τους αδέλ-33 φους, και επεστηρίζαν. ποιησαντες δε χρονον απελυθη-סמי עבד' בוףחיחה מדם דשי מδελφων προς τους αποστο-34 λους. [* εδοξε δε τω Σιλα 35 επιμειναι αυτου.] Παυλος δε και Βαρναβακ διετριβον εν AUTIOXEIA, δίδασκοντες και EUATTELICOMEVOI, META KAI É-Τερών πολλων, τον λογον του Κυριου.

36 Μετα δε τινας ήμερας είπε Παυλος προς Βαρναβαν, επιστρεψαντες δη επισχεψωμεθα τους αδελφους κάτα πασαν πολίν, εν άις κατηγείλαμέν τον λογον του Κυριου, πως you; than these necessary injunctions a that you abstain 29 from what has been sacrificed to idols, from bload, from the slesh of strangled animals, and from fornication: you will do well to preserve your selves from these practices, farewel.

Being thus dispatch'd, they 30 went to Antioch , where having affembled all the faithful, they deliver'd the letter: from the reading of which, 31 they were affested with joy at the comfortable contents. as for Judas and Silas, they 32 being also prophets, they confolated and confirm dethe brethren by several discourses. and after they bad stay'd 33 there some time, with the good wishes of the brethren, they had leave to go to the apostles. bowever Silas thought 34. fit to stay at Antioch, where 35 Paul and Barnabas continued, teaching and preaching the doctrine of the Lord, with many others.

Some time after, Paul faid 36 to Barnabas, let us return to visit all those cities, where we have preached the word of the Lord, to see what condition the brethren are in upon

* This Verse is not in the Alex. Land. 3. Baroc. Cant. 2. Pet. 1. Hunt. 1. Sinah. Covel. 2, 3. Mont. Magdal. N. Col. 2. Leic. Bas. 2. Lu. Coptic, Syriac, Arabic versions: nor in many Latin MSS. Dr. Mills pleads it is an interpolation. see his argument a. h. l.

 $\mathbf{Q}qq$

27 TOL EXOUGI. BADYABAS DE E-Βουλετο συμπαραλαβείν τον Ιωαννην Τον καλουμένουΜας-28κου. Παυλος δε ηξιου. του αποσταντα απ' αυτών άπο Παμφυλιας, και μη συνέλ-BOYTA AUTOK EIG TO EDFOY, UN 29 συμπαραλαβείν Τούτον. εγενετο ουν παροξυσμος, ώστε αποχωρισθηναι αυτους απ' αλληλων, τον τε Βαργαβαν παραλαβοντα τον Μαρκον, ΔΟ ΕΚπλευσαι εις Κυπρον. Παυλος δε επιλεξαμένος Σιλαν, εξηλθε παραδοθείς τη χαριτι του Θεου ύπο των αδελφων. 41 SINEXETO DE TITU EUPLAY KAL Κιλικιαν, επιστηρίζων τας

EKKAMOLOK. Κατηντήσε δε εις Δερβην και Δυστραν, και ιδου, μα-ONTHE TIE THE EKELL OVOLUTE Τιμοθεος, ύιος τυναικός Ιουδαιας πιστικ, πατρος δε Ελ-2 Annos. OS EMERTUCEITO UTO των εν Αυστροκ και Ικονιώ 3 αδέλφων. Τουτον εθέλησεν ό Παυλος συν αυτω εξελθειν, και λαβων περιετεμέν αυτον, δια τους Ιουδαιους τους ον-TAS EN TOIS TOTTOIS EKELVOIS, ηδεισαν ταρ άπαντες τον πατερα αυτου ότι Ελλην ύπηρ-4 χεν. ώς δε διεπορευοντο τας πολεις, παρεδιδουν αυτοις φυλασσειντα δογματα τα κεκριμένα ύπο των αποστολων και των πρεσβυτερών των εν 5 Ιερουσαλημ. αι μεν ουν εκ-KAEGIAI EGTECEOUVTO TH HIG- upon which Barnahas pro- 27 pos'd to take John surnam'd Mark, with them, but Paul 38 did not think it proper to take one that had quitted them at Pamphylia, refusing to accompany them in their ministry. and the contention was 39 fo sharp between them, that they separated: so Barnabas took Mark, and failed to Cyprus. but Paul chose Silas, 40 and baving been recommended by the brethren to the favour of God, be departed, and A1 passing through Syria and Cilicia, be settled the churches tbere.

Paul arrived then at Derbe 1 and Lystra, where there was a disciple named Timothy, whole mother was a Jewish convert, but his father a Greek. as the brethren of 2 Lystra and Iconium gave bim a good charatter, Paul had a mind he should accompany bim. so be took bim and bad bim circumcifed, out of regard to the Jews of that country, who all knew his father was a Greek. as they A pass d through the cities, they recommended it to the faithful to observe the decisions, made by the apostles and presbyters at Jerusalem. were the churches established in the faith, and daily grew

TEL. KAL ETERIOGENOU TW A-6 ριθμω καθ ήμεραν. διπλθον δε Την Φευγιαν και την Γαλατικην χωράν, κωλυθέντες απο TOU ATIOU TIVEUMATOS NANH-GAL TON LOTON EN TH AGIA. 7 ελθοντες κατα την Μυσιαν, ETEIPACON EIG THY BIBUNIAN πορευεσθαι, και ουκ ειασεν αυτους το πνευμα Τισου. 8 HADEABOYTES DE THY MUGIAY. ο κατεβησανεις Τρωαδα. οραμα δια της νυκτος ωφθη τω Παυλω, ανηρ τις ην Μακεδων έστως, παρακαλων αυτον, και λεγων, " διαβας εις "Μακεδονιάν, βοηθησον ήμιν." 10 ώς δε το όραμα ειδεν, ευθεως ELATHORIES EEEABELV EIG THU Μακεδονιαν, συμβιβαζοντες ότι προσκεκληται ήμας ο Κυριος ευαγγελισασθαι αυτους. 11 αναχθέντες ουν απο Τρωαδος. ευθυδρομησαμεν εις Σαμοθρα-KNY, TH TE ETIONOTI EIG NECE-12 MONIN, EKEIBEN TE EIG DINITπους, πτις εστί πρωτη της μεριδος της Μακεδονιας πολις. KONWIE. THEY OF EV TOUTH τη πολει διατριβοντες ήμερας τ ? Τινας. Τη Τε ήμερα των σαββατων εξηλθομεν εξω της πολεως παρα ποταμον, ου EVOLUČETO TOOTEUXTI ELVAL, KAL καθισαντες ελαλουμεν ταις 14 GUVEA BOUGAIC FUVAIEL. KAI TIC γυνη ουρματι Δυδια, πορφυραπωλις, πολεως θυατειρων, σεβομενη τον Θεον, ηκουεν,

more numerous, but after 6 they had travers'd Phrygia and Galatia, they were order'd by the boly spirit not to preach the gospel in Asia: being therefore arrived in 7 Mysia, they essayed to go into Bithynia, but the spirit of Tesus would not allow it: so they pass d by Mesia, and 8 came to Troas, there Paul o had a vision in the night. a Macedonian appear'd to bim. and thus address'd bim, "pass " on to Macedonia, and come " to our relief." immediate- 10 ly after he bad had this vision, we endeavoured to go into Macedonia, concluding from thence, that the Lord bad called us to publish the gospel there. we embark'd II therefore at Troas, and sail d directly to Samothracia, and the next day landed at Neapolis. from thence we march- 12 ed to Philippi, the chief city of that part of Macedonia, and a colony. baving stopp'd there some days, we went 12 out of town on the fabbath towards the river, where the Jews were allowed to bave an oratory. So we took our 14 places, and convers'd with the women, that came there. one of them was named Lydia of Thyatira, a trader in purple, and a Jewith profe-

* Inco. See Dr. Mills a. h. l. & Prol, 748.

τκ ο Κυριος διηνοίζε Την καρδιαν, προσεχειν τοις καλου15 μενοις ύπο του Παύλου. ώς .
δε εβαπτισθη, και ο οικος αυτης, παρεκαλεσε, λεγουσα,
ει κεκρικατε με πιστην τω
Κυριω εινάι, εισελθοντες εις
τον οικον μου, μεινατε. και
παρεβιασατο ήμας,

16 ΕΓΕΥΕΤΟ δε πορευομενων ήμων εις προσευχήν, παιδισκην τινα εχουσαν πνευμα
* Πυθωνα απαντησαι ήμιν,
ήτις εργασιαν πολλην παρειχε
τοις κυριοις αυτης, μαντευο17 μενη. αυτη κατακολουθησασα τω Παυλω και ήμιν,
εκραζε λεγουσα, όυτοι οι ανθρωποι, δουλοι του Θεου του
ύνισ-

lyte. She heard us: and the Lord inclin'd her heart to attend to what Paul said. So 15 that having been haptized with her family, she made us this request, if you think me sincere in my profession, pray come and lodge at my house; and she prevail'd upon us.

One day as we went to the 16 oratory, we happen'd to meet a slave, who had the spirit Python, and was very gainful to ber masters by telling of fortunes. as she followed 17 Paul and the rest of us, she cried out, these men are the servants of the most high God, who show you the way

* Hubera, Plutarch in his discourse de Oracul. detectu, says, essays they who were formerly cal'd Euryclites; are now call'd Pythons." Pytho was a city of the Delphi, and they who delivered the responses were call'd Pythons, or Belly-speakers; who having the art of speaking with the mouth shut, the sound thereby seemed to come from the Belly. So Galen in his glossay to Hippocrates explains it essays the serve in explains in a superfiction and the chorus in Aristophanes's Vespee complain of the ill usage the author had met with from some of his brother poets, who ow'd their compositions to his instruce, having enter'd as it were into em, and there vented his comical essusions, just like the spirit of divination in Eurycles.

πιτούρων προβδην ετερείει ποιήταις Μιμησαμενός την Ευρυκλεούς μαντείαν και διαυοίαν, Εις αλλοτρίας Γαστερας ενδύς μωμιρδίκα πολλα χραςθαι.

Upon which the scholiast observes, "this Belly-speaker Eurycles was "faid to have prophesy'd by means of a demon, that was in him: so "that prophets ever after were call'd Belly-speakers and Euryclites, from "Eurycles, who was the first practitioner in that way." in which the scholiast was greatly mistaken. for the woman that had a familiar spirit, I Samuel xxviii. 7. is call'd by the LXX. ssamplesso, a Belly-speaker. and they always render the Hebrew word Aunoth, (which comes from Aun, that is, the Belly) by ssamplesso, i.e. Belly speakers.

UNICTOU ELCIP. OFFIRE KAS-Ταςτελλουσιν ήμιν όδον σω-18 THOLES. TOUTO DE EMOLEI EMI πολλας ήμερας: δίαπονηθεις δε δ Παυλος, και επιστρενιας, TW TVEUMATI EITE. TADAT-FEXXW GOLEV TW OVOLUTTI INσου Χριστου, εξελθειν απ' autik. Kai etimber auti Ti 19 woon. BONTER DE OL KUPLOL OU-דווכ סדו בצוות טבע ח בתחוב דווב EDTAGIAC AUTWY, ETILABOUE-DOL TON TIAUNON KAL TON EL-AAV. EIAKUGAV EK TIIV AFORAV 20 STI TOUS APXOVFAG. KAI TOOG-ATATONTES AUTOUS TOIS OTPA-THIOIC, ELTION, OUTOL OL ANθρωποι εκταρασσουσιν ήμων την πολιν. Ιουδαιοι ύπας-2 I XOVTEC, KAI KATATTENLOUGIY sθη α ουκ εξεστιν ήμιν παραδεκεσθαι, ουδε ποιείν, Ρω-22 Maiois Outi. Kai Guyesteoth O OXAGS KAT AUTUM KAL O στρατηγοι περιροπέσεντες συτων τα ίματια, εκελευον ραβ-22 δίζειν, πολλας τε επιθέντες αυτοις πληγας, εβαλον εις φυλακην, παραγγειλαντες τω δεσμοφυλακι ασφαλως Τηρείν 24 autous. & maparterian touαυτην ειληφως, εβαλεν αυ-TOUS EK THY EGWTEPRY OUNA-KNY, KAI TOUS TOORS AUTWY πσφαλισατο εις το ξυλον.

25 Κατα δε το μεσονυκτιον Παυλος και Σιλας προσευχομενοι ύμνων τον Θεον, επηκροωντο δε αυτων δι δεσμιοι. 26 αφνω δε σεισμος εξενετο με-[ας,

to Sabyation. this she did 18 for several days, till Paul tir'd with it turn'd about, and said to the spirit, in the name of Jefus Christ Lcommand you to ques ber 1 and instantly he come out. her masters finding they bad.19 lost such a prospect of gains Seized upon Paul and Silas, and havel'd them to the publisk place before the magistrates having presented them 20 to the Officers, they faid, thefe men, subo are fesus, raife great disorders in our city. and preach fuch maxims, as 21 it is not lawful for Romans, as we are to admit or practise, upon this the populace 22 rofe upon them, and the Offisers ordered them to be stript ond scourg'd. after they had 23 been severely lash'd, they were thrown into prison, the jayler being charg'd to keep them. safe. in consequence of 24 this order be thrust them into the inner prison, and made their seet fast in the Bocks.

At midnight Paul and Si- 25 las went to prayers, and fang praises to God, which the other prisoners heard: when 26 all of a sudden there was such

τας, ώστε σαλευθηναι τα θεμενια του δεσμωτηριου, ανεωχθησαν τε παραχρημα άι θυραι πασαι, και παντων τα 27 δεσμα ανεθη. εξυπνος δε ΓΕνομένος ο δεσμοφυλάξ, και ιδων ανεωτμένας τας θυρας της φυλακτις, σπασαμένος μα-XAIPAN, EMENDEN ÉAUTON A-VALPELY. VOILL CON EKTEDEUTEVAL 28 Τους δεσμιους. εφωνησε δε φωνη μεγαλη ό Παυλος, λετων, μπδεν πραξης σεαυτω KAKOV, ATAYTEG PAP EGHEV EV-20 θαδε. αιτησας δε φωτα εισεπηδησε, και εντρομος Γενομενος προσεπεσε τω Παυλω και 30 τω Σιλα. και προαγαγων αυ-Τους εξω εφπ, κυριοι, Τι με 31 DEL MOIEIN INCE OWOW? OF DE ELTON, TIGTEUGON ETT TON KUριου Ιπσουν (Χριστου) και סשלחסיו סט אמן ס סוגפי סטעי 32 και ελαλησαν αυτώ τον λοτου **του** Κυριου, συν πασι 33 TOK EV Tṛ OKKIÆ ŒUTOU. παραλαβων αυκους εν εκεινη THE WOOD THE PURTOE, ENOUGEN απο των πληςων, και έβαπγισθη αυτος και δι αυτου 34 παντες παραχρημα. αναγα-TWY TE AUTOUS EIS TOY OLKOY άυτου, παρεθηκε τραπεζαν. KAI MTANNIAGATO TAYOKKI TEπιστευκώς τω Θεώ.

35 Ημερας δε Γενομενης απεσ-Τειλαν δι στρατηγοι τους ραβδουχους, λεγοντες, απολυσον τους ανθρωπους εκει-36 νους. απηγειλε δε δ δεσμοσυλαξ

such a great earthquake, that the foundations of the prison were shaken: immediately all the doors opened, and the fetters dropp'd from the prifoners, the jayler waking, and 27 feeing the prison-doors open. drew bis fword, designing to dispatch bimself from the anprebension that the prisoners bad escaped. but Paul call d 28 to bim aloud, and said, do thy self no barm, for we are all bere. then baving called 29 for a light, be ran in, and with trembling fell down before Paul and Silas; and 30 bringing them out, he faid, firs, what must I do to be faved? believe, said they, 31 on the Lord Jesus, and you shall be saved, you, and your family, then they declared 22 the word of the Lord to bim, and to all bis family. at the 33 fame time of night be washed their stripes, and immediately be was baptized, be, and all that belonged to him. then 24 be conducted them to his bouse, and gave them an entertainment; and be and bis samily were affected with joy, for baving believed in God.

When it was day the offi-35 cers sent their serjeants to bid the jayler let the men go. so 36 the jayler told Paul, the magistrates had order? d them to be

Φυλαξ Τους λογους ΤουΤους προς του Παυλον, ότι απισταλκασιν οι στρατηγοι, ίνα aronulate, you our etenlor-37 TEC, TODEVETUE EN EIPTHIN. δε Παυλος εφη προς αυτους, δειραντες ήμας δημοσια, ακα-Τακριτους, ανθρωπους Ρωμαιους υπαρχοντας, εβαλον εις φυλακην, και νυν λαθρα ήμας εκβαλλουσιν? ου ζαρ, αλλα ελθοντει αυτοι ήμας 38 εξαγαγετωσαν. ανηγειλαν δε τοις στρατηγοις οι ραβδουχοι τα οπματα ταυτα, και εφοβηθησαν ακουσαντες ότι Ρω-39 μαιοι εισι. και ελθοντες παρεκαλεσαν αυτους, και εξα-FATOVTES NOWTHY ELEXBEIN THE EČENBONTEC DE EK THC 40 TONEWS. φυλακης εισηλθον προς την Audian, Kai idontes Tous aδελφους, παρεκαλπσαν αυτους, και εξηλθον.

1 Διοδευσαντες δε Την Αμφιπολίν και Απολλωνίαν, ηλθον εις Θεσσαλονικην, όπου ην ή συναγωγη των Ιουδαίων.
2 κατα δε το ειωθος τω Παυλω εισηλθε προς αυτους, και επισαββατα τρια διελεγετο αυτοις απο των γραφων, διανοιζων και παρατιθεμένος ότι τον Χριστον εδει παθείν και αναστηναι εκ νεκρων, και ότι συτος εστιν ό Χριστος Ιησους, όν εγω καταγγελλω υμίν.

4 Και τινες εξ αυτων επεισθησαν, και προσεκληρωθη-

σαν

be discharg'd. depart then, faid be, and go in peace. but 37 Paul replied, they have publickly scourg'd us, who are Romans, without any trial, they have thrown us into jayl, and now do they give us a private discharge? no, let them come themselves and release us. the serjeants baving 38 reported what be said, to their officers, they began to be apprehensive upon bearing they were Romans. so they 39 came, and by persuasions brought them out, and defired them to leave the city. then they quitted the prison, 40 and went to Lydia's boufe, where finding the brethren, they gave them an exbortation, and departed.

Having pass'd thro' Amphipolis and Apollonia, they arriv'd at Thessalonica, where there was a synagogue. Paul, 2 as was his custom, us'd to go there, and for three sabbathdays discours'd to the Jews from the scriptures, explaining them, and setting it to view, that the Messalon was to suffer and rise again from the dead: and that Jesus, whom he denounc'd to them, was that very Messalon.

Some of them believed, and 4 join'd themselves to Paul and

Silas,

σαν τω Παυλώ και τω Σι+ NA, TWO TE GEBONEVIOU EN-AMEN TOAN TABOL TURKS KWY TE TWY TOWTWY OUR ON-5 JUI. Enawoavter de di avel-BOUNTES TOUGASON KAL TOOG-RABOMENON TWO ATOPALLON TIυας ανδρας πονηρούς, και οχ-MONOCHORVIEC, EBOOUBOUR THE TIGALLY, ENIGTOLYTES TE TH OL-Να Ιασορος, εξητουν αυτοικ σουτει δε αυτους, εσυρον τον LATONE KEL TIVAS EDENDOUS ENI TOUR MODITARXAK, BOWY-TEG. OTI OI THY OIKOUMENTY &-PAGTATWGAVTEC, BUTOL KAL 7 ενθαθε παρειστο όνς ύποδε-SEKTAL LAGWY, KAL OUT OF TAX TEL ATTENANTI TWO DOJUATUN -Καισαρος πραττουσι, βασι-REA REPORTES ETEPOR EIRAI. Inεταραξαν δε τον οχ-8 σουν. λου και τους πολιταρχας α-9 KOUOVTAK TAUTA. KAI NAβοντες το έκανον παρα του Ι-EXTOROG KEN TWY ADITION, IZ-TRECHEAT AUTOUC.

10 Οι δε αδελφα ευθεως δια της νοκτος έξεπεμιγιαν πον τε Πευλον και του Σιλαν εις Βεροιαν, άτινες παραγενομενοι, εις την συναγωγην των Ιου-11 δαιων απρεσαν. όυτοι δε ησαν ευγενεστεροι των εν Θεσσανλονική, όιτινες εδεξαντο του λογον μετα πασης προθυμιας, καθ ήμεραν ανακρινοντες τας γραφας, ει εχοι 12 ταντα όυτως. πολλοι μεν

Silas, besides a great number of Greek proselytes, and several women of distinction. but the unbelieving Jewsthro' 5 envy, by the affistance of some loofe strolers, rais'd a mob. fet the whole city in an uproar, and attack'd Jason's bouse, thinking to find them there, and deliver them up to the populace, but not find- 6 ing them, they dragg'd Jason and some of the brethren to the magistrates, crying out, thefe that have been every where the disturbers of the publick peace, are come bither also, and have been entertain'd by Jason. they all 7 act in defiance of the edicts of Cefar, pretending there is another king, one Jesus. the people, and the magistrates upon bearing this were allarm'd: bowever baving ob- 9 lig'd Jason and the rest to give fecurity, they let them <u></u>0.

Immediately the brethren 19
fent away Paul and Silas by
night to Berea, where being
arriv'd, they went into the
fynagogue, the Jews there 11
were of a more generous temper than those of Thessalonica: for they very readily
embrac'd their dostrine, and
daily examin'd, whether it
was conformable to the scriptures, so that many of them 12

OUV EE AUTWY ETIGTEUGAY, KAL των Έλληνιδων Γυναικών των ευσχημονων, και ανδρων ουκ 13 ολιτοι. ώς δε ετνωσαν οι απο της Θεσσαλονικής Ιουδαιοι. OTI KAI EV TH BECOIA KATHTτελη ύπο του Παυλου ό λοτος TOU ΘΕΟυ, πλθον κακει, σα-LEVOYTES TOUS OXXOUS

Eυθεως δε ΤΟΤΕ ΤΟΥ ΠΑυλον εξαπεστειλαν οι αδελφοι πορευεσθαι έως επι την θαλασσαν, ύπεμενον δε ό, τε 15 Σιλας και ό Τιμοθεος εκει. δε καθιστωντες τον Παυλον, ητατον αυτον έως Αθηνων, και λαβουτες ευτολην προς τον Σιλαν και Τιμοθεον, ίνα ως ταχιστα ελθωσι προς αυτον.

εξπεσαν. En de Tais Admuais exdexoμενου αυτους του Παυλου, παρωξυνετο το πνευμα άυτου εν αυτώ, θεωρουντι κα-Τειδωλον ουσαν Την πολιν. 17 διελεγετο μεν ουν εν τη συναγωγη τοις Ιουδαιοις και τοις σεβομενοις, και εν τη άξορα κατα πασαν ήμεραν προς 18 τους παρατυγχάνοντας. τινες δε των Επικουρειων και των Στωικών φιλοσοφών συνεβαλλον αυτώ, και τινες ελεγον, " Τι αν θελοι ο σπερ-" μολογος ουτος λεγειν ?" οι δε, " ξενων δαιμονιών δο-KEI KATASTENEUS ELVAI," ÕTI τον Ιπσουν και την αναστασιν αυτοις ευηγελιζετο.

believed, besides a considerble number of women of distinction, and of men, that were Greeks. but when the 12 Jews of Thessalonica were inform'd that Paul had preached the word of God at Berea, they went thither to stir up the populaçe.

Upon this the brethren im- 14 mediately sent Paul away to the sea-coast, but Silas and Timothy staid there. bow-15 ever Paul's guides attended bim to Athens: where they left bim, after baving received bis orders for Silas and Timothy to come to bim with all speed.

While Paul was expetting 16 them at Athens, he was grieved to the foul to see the whole city o'er-spread with idols. be disputed therefore in the 17 Synagogue with the Jews, and the proselyted Greeks: and in the publick place daily with those he met. there certain 18 Epicurean and Stoick philosophers encountred him: " what does this mounte-" bank mean?" said some: " be seems to proclaim some " strange deitys," said others: because he talk'd to them of Jesus and the refurrettion.

One

19 Επιλαβομενοι ΤΕ αυτου, επι τον Αρειον παγον ηγαγον, λεγοντες, δυναμεθα γνωναι τις ή καινη άυτη ή ύπο σου λα20 λουμενη διδακη? ξενίζοντα γαρ τινα εισφερεις εις τας ακοας ήμων, βουλομεθα ουν γνωναι τι αν θελοι ταυτα εισίι επιδημούντες ξενοι εις ουδεν έτερον ευκαιρούν, η λεγειν τι και ακουειν καινότερον.

22 Σταθεις δε ό Παυλος εν μεσω του Αρειου παγου, εφη, ανδρες Αθηναιοι, " παντα ώς δεισιδαιμονεσ-" τερους ύμας θεωρω. διερχομενος γαρ και αναθεωρων τα σεβασματα ύμων, έυρον και βωμον εν ώ επετετραπτο, αγνωστώ Θεω. ον ουν αγνοσυντες ευσεβειτε, του-" Τον εςω καταςςελλω ύμιν. ό Θεος ο ποιπσας τον κοσμον και παντα τα εν αυτω, δυτος ουςανου και της " Κυριος ύπαρχων, ουκ εν Χειροποιητοις ναοις κατοι-« κει, ουδε ύπο χειρων ανθρωπινων θεραπευεται, προσδεομένος τίνος, αυτος δι-· δους πασι ζωπν και πνοην και τα παντα. εποιπσε Τε εξ ένος (άιματος) παν εθνος ανθρωπων κατοικείν επιπαν το προσωπον της

One day they conducted 19 bim to the Areopagus, and faid to bim, may we know what this new dostrine is, which you publish? for 20 what you fay founds so very strange, we should be glad to know what it means. now 21 the Athenians, and the foreigners residing at Athens generally amus'd themselves about nothing, but hearing and spreading of news.

Then Paul being plac'd in 22

the middle of the Areopagus,

faid thus, " I observe, O " Athenians, that you are " in a manner too devout. " for confidering, as I pass d 23 " along, the deitys, which " you adore, I met with an " altar that had this inscrip-" tion, TO THE UN-" KNOWN GOD. " that GOD whom you " worship without know-" ing bim, is the same that " I denounce to you. the 24 "GOD who made the " world and every thing " therein, and is the Lord " of beaven and earth, does " not dwell in temples erett-" ed by men: he receives 25 " no service from their offi-" ciousness: be is self-suffi-" cient: it is be that gives to " all their life and breath and

" every thing they have. he 26

^{*} The place where the senate us'd to meet.

ρης, ορισας προστετα<u>ςμε-</u> YOUR KAIPOUR, KAI TAC OPOθεσιας της κατοικιας αυ-TWY, CHTELY TOY GEOVE ADA SE WINNAONOEIAU AU-TOY KAL EUPOLEY, KALTOITE ου μακραν απο ένος έκασ-~ του ήμων υπαρχοντα. εν מעדש דמף לשעני, אמו אוνουμέθα, και έσμεν, ώς και ζ Τινες Των καθ' ύμας ποιητων ειρηκασι. ΤΟΥ ΓΑΡ " ΚΑΙ ΓΕΝΟΣ ΕΣΜΕΝ. 29" Γενος ουν υπαρχοντες του Θεου, ουκ οφειλομεν νομι-" ζειν χουσώ η αργυρώ η λιθω, χαραγματι Τεχνης και ενθυμεσεως ανθεωπου, το θειον ειναι όμοιον. עטס איז אוי איניסעסעג איני אויני אויני עוני אויני אויני אויני אויני ας υπεριδων ο Θεος τανυν παραγγελλει τοις ανθρω-" ποις πασι πανταχου με-

" be bas deduced all man-" kind from one parent, to " inhabit the furface of the " whole earth, having pre-" establish'd the appointed " periods, and the boundarys " of their dominions: by 27 " which they might enquire, " and by due reflection in-" vestigate the supreme be-" ing, although he be not " far from every one of us: " for in him we live, are 28 " moved, and do exist: even 😘 as some of your own * " poets bave said, WE " ARE EVEN HIS OFF-" SPRING. since then swe 29 " are the offspring of God, " we should not imagine that " the Deity bears any resem-" blance to the form which " Gold, or Silver, or Stone " bas receiv'd from buman " art and industry. God bas 30 " been

" Τανοειν.

* Aratus, who flourish'd about the year 280 before Jesus Christ, begins his Phenomina thus:

Εκ ΔΙΟ C αρχωμεσθα, τον ουδεποτ' ανδρες εωμεν Αρβητον. μεςται δε ΔΙΟ C πασμι μεν αξυιαι, Παςαι δ'ανθρωπων αξοραι: μεςτη δε θαλασσα, Και λιμενες: παντη δε ΔΙΟ C κεχρημεθα παντες. ΤΟ ΤΙΑΡ ΚΑΙ ΓΕΝΟ C ECMEN. δ δ'ητιος ανθρωποισε Δεξια σεμαινει.

From Jove begin: 'tis HE demands our fong,
For every town and every crowd of men
Of Jove are full: both sea and land are full.
Where e'er we move, of Jove we stand possess'd,
For we his offspring are. benevolent
HE points out GOOD to ALL.

3 1 Τανοςιν. διοτι εστησεν ή
" μεραν εν ή μελλει κρινειν
" την οικουμενην εν δικαιο" συνη, εν ανδρι ώ ώρισε,
" πιστιν παρασχών πασιν,
" αναστησάς αυτον εκ νεκρων."

32 Ακουσαντες δε αναστασιν νεκρων, οι μεν εχλευαζον: οι δε ειπον, ακουσομεθα σου 33 παλιν περί τουτου, και όυτως ο Παυλος εξπλθεν εκ με-34 σου αυτων. τινες δε ανδρες κολληθεντες αυτώ, επιστευσαν, εν οις και Διονυσιος ο Αρεοπαγιτης, και ετεροι συν αυτοις,

Μετα δε ταυτα χωρισθεις ο Παυλος εκ των Αθηνων, ηλ-2 θεν εις Κορινθον- και έυρων τινα Ιουδαιον ονοματι Ακυλάν, Ποντίκον τω Γενει, προσςατως εληλιθοτα απο της Ιταλιας, και Πρισκιλλαν τυναικα αυτου, δια το διατεταχεναι Κλαυδιον χωριζεσθαι παντας τους Ιουδαιους απο της Ρωμης, προσηλθεν 3 αυτοις, και δια το ομοτεχνον. ELVAL, EMEVE TAD AUTOIC, KAL ειργαζετο, ησαν γαρ σκηνο-4 ποιοι τη Τεχνή. διελεγετο δε εν τη συναγωγη κατα παγ σαββατού, επιθε τε Ιουδαί...

" been pleas'd to over-look
this state of ignorance: but
now be enjoins all men every where to repent: be-31
cause be has fix'd the day,
when he will judge in equity, by that man, whom
he has appointed thereto:
of which he has given full
proof to all the world, by
having raised him from

When they heard of the 32 refurrection of the dead, some made it a matter of ridicule: others said, we will hear you again upon this subject; upon which Paul left the as-33 sembly. however, there were 34 some who adher'd to him, as Denis the Areopagite, a woman named Damaris, and others with them.

After this Paul left Athens and arriv'd at Corinth: where a having found a Jew nam'd Aquila, a native of Pontus, who lately came from Italy, with his wife Prifcilla, because Claudius had order'd all the Jews to quit Rome; he went to them: and being of the same trade, he liv'd with them, and follow'd the husiness of tent-making every sabbath he disputed in the synagogue, and try'd to gain upon the Jews and the Greek

5ους και Ελληνας. ὡς δε κά-Τηλθον απο της Μακεδονιάς ο, τε Σιλας και ο Τιμοθεος, συνειχετο τω πνευματι ο Παυλος, διαμαρτυρομενος τοις Ιουδαιοις τον Χριστον Ιπσουν. 6 αντιτασσομενων δε αυτων και βλασφημουντων, εκτιναξαμενος τα ίματια, ειπε προς αυτους, το άιμα υμών επι

" Την κεφαλην ύμων, κάθα" ρος εςω, άπο του νυν εις
" τα εθνη πορευσομάι."

7 Και μεταβας εκείθεν, πλθεν εις οικιαν Τινος ονόματι " Iουστου, σεβομένου τον Θεον, ου ή οικια πν συνομορουσα τη 8 συναγωγη. Κρισπος δε ο αρχισυναγωγος επιστεύσε τω Κυριώ συν όλω τω οικώ αυτου, και πολλοι των Κορινθιών ακουοντες επιστεύον, και ριος δι όραματος εν νυκτι τω Γιαυλώ, μη φοβου, αλλα καλει, και μη σιωπησης, το διοτι εγω ειμι μετα σου, και ουδεις επιθησεται σοι " και ουδεις επιθησεται σοι "

" Του κακωσαι σε, διοτι λα" ος εστι μοι πολυς εν τη
11" πολει ταυτη." εκαθισε
τε ενιαυτον και μπνας εξ, δι-

τε ενιαυτον και μπνας εξ, διδασκων εν αυτοις τον λογον του Θεου.

12 Γαλλιωνος δε ανθυπατου οντος της Αχαιας, κατεπεσ-

* Al. Treou. fee Dr. Mills.

proselytes: and when Silas and Timothy were arrived from Macedonia, Paul with great concern remonstrated to the Jews, that Jesus was the Messiah: but as they opposed him with investives, he shook this garment, and said, you your selves be answer- able for your own destruction, I am clear: and for the future I shall address my self to the Gentiles."

When he had lest them, he went to the bouse of one Justus a proselyte to Judaism, who lived near the synagogue: however Crispus, the chief ruler of the synagogue, believed on the Lord with all his family, as well as many of the Corinthians, who heard Paul, and were baptized. then the Lord said to Paul o in a vision by night, " be " not afraid, but speak, and " be not filenc'd: (fince I 10 e am with thee, and no " man shall lift up bis band " so as to burt thee:) for " my people in this city are " numerous." so be continu-11 ed there a year and a half preaching the word of God among them.

When 4 Gallio was pro-12 conful of Achaia, the Jews made

[#] The der brother of Seneca the philosopher.

τησαν διοθυμαδον δι Ιουδαιοι τω Παυλώ, και ηγαγον 12 αυτον επι το βημα. λειον-Τεί, ότι παρα τον νομον όυτος αναπειθεί τους ανθρωπους Ι 4 σεβεσθαι Τον θεον. μελλοντος δε του Παυλου ανοιγείν το στομα, ειπεν ο Γαλλιών προς τους Ιουδαιους, " ει μεν ην αε δικημα τι η ραδιουργημα « πονηρου, ω Ιουδαιοι, κατα κογον αν ηνεσχομην υμων. τουτων ου Βουλομαι ει+ τουτων ου βουλομαι ει-16" אמו." אמו מדווא מספי מע-17 τους απο του βηματος. επιλαβομενοι δε παντες (α Ελληγες) Σωσθενην τον αρχισυναγωρού, ετυπτού εμπροσθεν του βηματος, και ουδεν Τουτων τω Γαλλιώνι εμε-ZEV.

18 Ο δε Παυλος ετι προσμενας ήμερας ίκανας, τοις αδελφοις αποταξαμενος, εξεπλει εις την Συριαν, και συν αυτώ Πρισκιλλα και Ακυλας, κειραμενος την κεφαλην εν Κεγχρεαις, ειχε γαρ ευχην. 19κατηντησε δε εις Εφεσον, κακεινους κατελιπεν αυτου, αυτος δε εισελθων εις την συναγγωγην, διελεχθη τοις Ιουδαιγωγην, διελεχθη τοις Ιουδαιγλειονα χρονον μειναι παρ

au-

made a general insurrection against Paul, and carry'd bim to his tribunal. this fel-13 low, faid they, would persuade us to set up a way of worship inconsistent with our law. and when Paul wa: 14 going to speak, Gallio said to the Jews, " if it were a " matter of some injustice or something immoral, O " Tews, it would be rea-" sonable to bear you out. " but since it is about dis- 15 " putable matters, about " names, and your own law, " you may decide that among " yourselves: for I won't " take cognizance of such as-" fairs." upon which he or- 16 der'd them to withdraw. but 17 the Greeks in a body fell upon Softbenes the chief ruler of the synagogue, and heat him before the tribunal: whilft Gallio was unconcern'd about the matter.

Paul still continued a con-18
siderable time at Cerinth, and
then taking his leave of the
brethren, he set sail sor Syria,
with Priscilla and Aquila,
who had his head shav'd in
Cenchrea upon account of a
vow. being arriv'd at Ephe-19
sus, he lest them there, and
went himself to the synagogue,
where he disputed with the
Jews, who desired him to 20
stay longer with them, but
he

21 άυτοις, ουκ επενεύσεν, αλλ απεταξατο αυτοις, ειπων, (δει με παντως την έοςτην Την ερχομένην ποιησαι εις Ιεοοσολυμα) παλιν ανακαμψω προς ύμας, του Θεου θελον-TOS. KAL AVINXON ATTO THE E-2.2 Φέσου. και κατελθων εις Καισαρειαν, αναβας, και ασπασαμένος Την εκκλησιαν» 22 κατεβη εις Αντιοχείαν. ποιησας χρονον Τινα, εξηλθε, διεσχοιιενος καθεξης την Γαλατικήν χωράν και Φρυγιάν, επιστηριζων παντας τους μα- $\theta n \tau \alpha s$.

24 Ιουδαίος δε Τις Απολλως ονοματι, Αλεξανδρευς τω Γενει, ανπρ λογιος, κατηντήσεν εις Εφεσον, δυνατος ων εν ταις 2 5 Γραφαις. δυτος πν κατπχημεενος Την όδου του Κυριου και ζεων τω πνευματι, ελαλει και εδιδασκεν ακριβως τα περι του Ιπσου επισταμένος μονον 26 το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου. ουτος τε πρέατο παρρπσιαζεσθαι εν τη συναζωζη. σαντες δε αυτου Ακυλας και Πρισκιλλα, προσελαβοντο αυτον, και ακριβεστερον αυτω εξεθεντο την του Θεου 27 όδον. βουλομένου δε αυτου διελθειν εις την Αχαιαν, προτρεψαμενοι όι αδελφοι εγραψαν τοις μαθηταις αποδεξασθαι αυτον, ός παρατεbe would not consent to it:
for, said be, in taking bis 21
leave, I must necessarily keep
the approaching feast at Jerusalem: after which I will
return to you if God permit.
having sail'd from Ephesus, 22
be went ashore at Cesarea,
where he saluted the church,
and then proceeded to Antioch.after he had stay'd there 23
some time, he departed and
pass'd through all Galatia
and Phrygia, where he encourag'd the disciples.

In the mean time a Yew, 24 nam'd Apollos, born at Alexandria, a man of letters, and vers'd in the scriptures. arriv'd at Ephesus. he had 25 been instructed in the doctrine of the gospel, and being full of zeal, be baranqued with great affiduity about what related to Jesus, though be bad been only instituted in the baptism of John. baving 26 talk'd with great freedom in the synagogue, Aquila and Priscilla, who had beard bim, invited bim bome; and gave bim a more distinctview of the gospel. and being de-27 termin'd to pass into Achaia, the brethren who advis'd bim to it, writ to the disciples to

* Dr. Mills thinks all from det to Isposoduma to be an interpolation, it not being in the Alexand. Laud. 3. N. Col. 1. Barb. 1. Colbert. 6. Vel. nor in the Coptic, Yulgate, Æthiopic versions. see P. ol. 1202.

νομενος συνεβαλετο πολυ τοις πεπιστευκοσι (δια της χα-28 ριτος.) ευτονως γαρ τοις Ιουδαιοις διακατηλεγχετο δημοσια, επειδεικνυς δια των γραφων, ειναι τον Χριστον Ιησουν.

ELEVETO OF EN TW TON A TONλω είναι εν Κορίνθω, Παυλογ διελθοντα τα ανωτερικα μεon. ealeiv eic Eperov, Kai èv-2 ρωντινας μαθητας, ειπε προς AUTOUS, EL TYEUMA ATION ENA-BETE THOTEUGANTES ? ON DE ELπου (προς αυτον) αλλ' ουδε EL TIVENHA ACION ESTIN, MKOU-3 GAMEN. ELTE TE TOOK AUTOUK, EIC TI OUV EBARTIO ONTE? OF DE ειπον, εις το Ιωαννου βαπ-4 Τισμα. ειπε δε Παυλοκ Iω-AVVIK HEY EBATTIOE BATTIOμα μετανοιας, τω λαω λεγων, ELS TOV EPXONEVOY HET' GUTOV ίνα πιστευσωσι, τουτεστιν, εις τον (Χριστον) Ιησουν. 5 ακουσαντες δε εβαπτισθησαν εις το ονομά του Κυριου Ιηκαι επιθεντος αυτοις 6 *oev*. του Παυλου τας χειρας, πλθε το πλευμα το άγιον επ' αυ-Τους, ελαλουν ΤΕ Γλωσσαις, ησαν δε οἰ 7 Και προεφητέυον. παντες ανδρες ώσει δωδεκα.

receive him. when he was arrived, he was, by the divine favour, very ufeful to those, who had received the faith for he strenuously dis-28 puted with the Jews in publick, proving from the scriptures that Jesus was the Messiah.

Whilst Apollos was at Co-z rinth, Paul, having pass'd through the upper provinces of Asia, arrived at Epbesus, where finding some disciples, be said to them, did you re- 2 ceive the boly spirit, when you made profession of your faith? they answer'd, we bave not so much as heard of a boly spirit. what hap- 2 tism then, said be, did you receive? they replied, the baptism of John. upon sobich 4 Paul said, John indeed administer'd the baptism of repentance, but with this admonition, that they should believe in him, who was to come after, that is, in Jesus the Messias. when they heard 5 this, they were initiated by baptism into the christian profession and Paul having given 6 them imposition of bands, the boly spirit came upon them, and they spoke foreign languages, and prophesied: the number of them being about twelve.

Εισελθων δε εις την συναγωγην, επαροησιαζετο, επι μηνας τρεις διαλεγομένος, και πειθων τα περι της βασιλειας Q TOU GEOU. WE DE TIVE CEOKANρυνοντο και επειθούν, κακολοτουντες την όδον ενωπιον του πληθούς, αποστάς απ' αυτων, αφωρισε τους μαθητας, καθ ήμεραν διαλετομενος εν τη σχολη Τυραννου τι-10 205. TOUTO DE ETEVETO ETTE Eτη δυο, ώστε παντας τους KATO:KOUVT AS THY AGIAN Aκουσαι τον λυγον του Κυριου Ιουσαίας τε και Ελληνας. 1 1 δυναμείς τε ου τας τυχουσας εποιει ό Θεος δια των χειρων 12 Παυλου, ώστε και επι τους ασθενουντας επιφερεσθαι απο του χρωτος αυτου σουδαρια η σιμικινθια, και απαλλασσεσθαι απ' αυτων τας νοσους, τα τε πνευματα τα πονηρα εκπορευεσθαι.

Των περιερχομενων Ιουδαιων εξορκιστων ονομαζειν επι τους εχοντας τα πνευματα τα πονηρα το ονομα του Κυριου Ιπσου, λεγοντες, " ορκιζω ύμας τον Ιπσουν, ον ο "Πανασος

At length Paul went to 8 the synagogue, where he spoke with great freedom, and for three months he conferr'd with them to perfuade them of the truth of the evangelical kingdom. but some of them 9 being such obdurate infidels as to inveigh against the institution before the populace, be retired, and taking the disciples with bim, be instructed them daily in the school of one * Tyrannus. this he conti-10 nued for two years; so that the Jews and profelytes of that part of Asia beard the doctrine of the Lord Jesus. the mi- 17 racles which God wrought by the ministry of Paul being of fuch an extraordinary nature, that by applying the handker-12 chiefs, or aprons that had touch'd bis skin, to the diftemper'd, they were cured, and the evil spirits came out of the puffeffed.

Upon this, certain vaga-13
bond fews, who were + exorcifts, pretended to cure demoniacs by pronouncing the name
of the Lord fesus: their form
being this, "I adjure you
"by fesus whom Paul
"preaches."

*The Syriac has Turnus, a common name among the Jews.

† They were mountebanks, who pretended to cure diseases, and disposses demons, in the name of the God of Abraham, by pronouncing certain gibberish words, and making use of certain specifics, which, as they said, Solomon invented. Joseph. Antiq. Jud. Lib. VIII. c. 2.

Sſſ

14" Παυλος κηρυσσει." ησαν δε Τινες ύιοι Σκευα Ιουδαιου αρχιερεως έπτα, οι τουτο ποι-15 ουντες. αποκριθεν δε το πνευμα το πονηρον, ειπε, " τον Ι-HOOUN TIVEOKE, KAI TON Παυλονεπισταμαι, υμεις δε 16" TIVES EGTE?" KAI EPARROμενος επ' αυτους ο ανθρωπος εν ώπν το πνευματο πονηρον, και KATAKUPIEUTAV AUTWV. ITXUσε κατ' αυτω, ώστε τυμνους KAI TETPAUHATIOHEVOUS EKOU-TT TELV EK TOU OLKOU EKSLYOU. TOUTO δε εγενετο γνωστον πασιν Ιουδαιοις τε και Ελλησι τοις κατοικουσι την Εφεσού, και επεπεσε φοβος επιπαντας αυ-TOUS, KAI EMETALUVETO TO 0του Κυριου Ιπσου. πολ-NO TE TWY TETIGTEUKOTWY πρχοντο, εξομολοτουμένοι και αναγγελλουτες τας πραξεις 19 άυτων. ίκανοι δε των τα περιέργα πραξαντων, συνενεγκαντες τας Βιβλους, κα-Τεκαιον ενωπιον παντων, και συνεψηφισαν τας τιμας αυτων, και έυρον αργυριου μυ-20 ριαδάς πεντε. ουτώ κατα κράτος ο λογος του Κυριου 2. MUZAVE KAL LOXUEV. ÚS ĎE Eπληρωθη ταυτα, εθετο ο Παυλος εν τω πνευματι, διεκθων την Μακεδονιαν και Αχαιαν, πορευεσθαι εις Ιερουσαλημ: ειπων, ότι μετα το Γενεσθαι με εκει, δει με και 22 Ρωμπν ιδειν. αποστειλας δε

" preaches." these practi- 14 tioners were seven in number. the sons of Sceva a Jew, one of the chief priests. but the 15 evil (pirit faid to them, " 7e-" sus I know, and Paul I " know; but who are ye?" the man who was policis'd 16 immediately leaft upon them, got the better, and used them so roughly, they were fore'd to fly out of the bouse, cover'd with nothing but their wounds. this was known to 17 all the Jews and Greeks, that lived at Epbesus, who were all seiz'd with fear, and the name of the Lord Jesus was exalted. many that believed 18 came to confess, and give an account of their past actions. many that had practis'd ma- 10 gical arts, brought the books and publickly threw them into the fire: the value by computation amounting to fifty thousand pieces of silver. thus the christian doctrine 20 flourish'd and prevail'd. af-21 ter this, Paul had a design to pass thro' Macedonia and Achaia in his way to Jerusalem: purposing when be bad been there to make a vifit to Rome. be fent there- 22 fore Timothy and Erastus, two of bis affiftants in the ministry, before to Macedo

* About fix thousand two hundred and fifty pounds sterling, the Jewish shekel weighing half an ounce.

εις την Μακεδονιαν δυο των διακονουντων αυτώ, Τιμοθεον και Εραστον, αυτος επεσχε χρονον εις την Ασιαν.

23 EFEVETO DE KATA TOV KAL-FOY EKELYOY TAPAXOS OUK OXIFOS 24 περι της οδου. Δημητριος γαρ Τις ονοματι, αργυροκοπος, ποιών ναους αργυρούς Αρτεμιδος, παρειχετο τοις τεχνι-25 Ταις εργασιαν ουκ ολιγην. ους συνθροισας, και τους περι τα Τοιαυτα εργατας, ειπεν, "αν-" δρες επιστασθε ότι εκ ταυ-" της της εργασιας ή ευπορια 26" ήμων εστι. και θεωρειτε " KAL AKOUETE OTL OU LOVOY " Εφεσου, αλλα σχεδον πα-" σης της Ασιας ο Παυλος OUTOS TEITAS HETEOTHOEV IKAYOV OXAOY, AEFWY OTI " ουκ εισι οι δια χειρων Γινο-MENOL. OU MOVON DE TOUTO κινδυνευει ήμιν Το μερος εις απελεγμου ελθείν, αλλα και το της μεγαλης θεας " Αρτεμιδος ίερον εις ουδεν " λογισθηναι, μελλειν δε και καθαιρεισθαι την μεγαλειοτητα αυτης, ήν όλη ή " Ασια και ή οικουμενή σε-28" βεται." ακουσαντες δε, και Γενομένοι πληρεις θυμου, " μεγαλη EKPALOV REPORTES, 29 " η Αρτεμις Εφεσιών." και επλησθη ή πολις όλη συγχυσεως, ώρμησαν τε όμοθυμα-

ιδον εις το θεατρον, συναρ-

nia; but stay'd bimself in A-

It was then a tumult bap-22 pen'd at Ephesus upon account of the christian sect. for 24 one Demetrius, a silver-smith, who made little models of Diana's temple, and so furnish'd a deal of employment to the workmen in that trade, sum-25 mon'd the company, and thus address'd them, " tho' you " know, sirs, it is by this. " craft that we are in such " plight, yet your own eyes 26 " and ears have inform'd " you, that not only at E-" phefus, but almost through-" out all Asia, this Paul by " bis persuasions bas turn'd " the heads of a world of " people, afferting, that thefe " are Gods of our own ma-" king, and not really fuch. " so that not only our profes-27 " fion runs the risk of being " vilified; but the temple of " the great goddess Diana " will be depreciated, and ber " majesty, so rever'd thro " all Asia, and the whole " world, will be discarded." at these words, they were fir'd 28 with indignation, and cry'd out, " great is Diana of the " Ephefians." and the subole 29 city was fill'd with confusion: all crouded in a body to the Siff 2 thea-

πασαντές Γαίον και Αρίσταοχον Μακεδονας, συνεκδη-30 μους του Παυλου. του δε Παυλου Βουλομένου εισέλθειν εις τον δημον, ουκ ειών αυ-31 τον οι μαθηται. και των Ασιαρχών ουτές αυτω φιλοι, πεμψαντες προς αυτον, παρεκαλουν μη δουναι έαυτον εις το θεατρον. 32 αλλοι μεν ουν αλλο Τι εκρα-LOV, THE FOR THE EKKANOIA OUT-KEXULEYN, KAI OL TALLOUK OUK πδεισαν τινος ένεκεν συνελή-EK DE TON OXXOU **3**3 λυθεισανπροεβιβασανΑλεξανδρον, προβαλοντων αυτον των 100δαιων, δ δε Απ.ξανδρος κα-Τασιισαι την χειρα, ηθελεν 34 απολογεισθαι τω δημω. πιγνοντες δε ότι Ιουδαιος εστι, φωνη εγενετο μια εκ παντων, ώς επι ώρας δυο κράζοντων, μεγάλη ή Αρτεμις Εφεσιων." καταστειλας δε ό γραμματευς τον οχλον, φη-" ανδρες Εφεσιοι, τις ζε γαρ εστιν ανθρωπος ός ου τος Γινωσκει την Εφεσιών πολιν νεωκορον ουσαν της με-36" Διοπεταίν -Διοπετους ? αναντιρήητων ουν οντων τουτων, δεονεστινύμας κατεσταλμενους υπαρχείν, και μηδεν προπετες πραττειν. Γετε γαρ τους ανδρας του-

theatre, dragging with them Gaius and Aristarchus, both of Macedonia, who had travell'd with Paul. upon this 20 Paul was bent upon going to the populace, but was pre-31 vented by bis disciples, and by the primates of Asia, who were his friends, and fent to desire be would not venture to the theatre: there the mob 32 were in the utmost riot, some bawling out in one cry, some in another, and the greatest part at a loss to know why they were met. at last Alex-22 ander was disengag'd from the croud, and accus'd by the Jews. then he waved his band, desiring to make bis defence before them all. but 24 when they knew he was a Jew, they cry'd out one and all for the space of two hours, "great " is Diana of the Ephefians." at length the town-clerk ap- 25 peased the people, and thus began, " who is there, O " Ephesians, that does not " know, that the city of E-" phesus is the guardian of " the temple of the great Dia-" na, and of her statue, which " fell from heaven: since this 36 " is incontestible, it behoves " you to be easy, and free " from any rash conduct: for 37 " the men you have brought " bere, bave neither plun-

" der d

" τους

^{*} Oaze is not in the Alexand. Cantab. Laud. 3. fix of Barbarini, Petav. 2. N. Col. 1. Colbert. 6. nor in the Vulgate, Syriac, Euthalius.

Τους ουτε ιεροσυλους, ουτε βλασφημουντας την Θεον ύμων. ει μεν ουν Δημητριος και οι συν αυτώ τεχ**νιται προς Τίνα λόγον ε**χουσιν, αγοραιοι αγονται, και ανθυπατοι εισιν, εγκα-« λειτωσαν αλληλοις, ει δε Τι περι έτερων επιζητειτε, EV TH EVVOUW EKKANGIA E-40" πιλυθησεται. και ταρ κινδυνευομεν εγκαλεισθαι στασεως περι της σημερου, μηδενος αιτιου ύπαρχοντος " περι ου δυνησομεθα απο-" δουναι λογον της συστρο-41" OTIC TAUTTIC." και Ταυτα ειπων, απελυσε την εκκλη-

Μετα δε το παυσασθαι Τον θορυβον, προσκαλεσαμενος ο Παυλος τους μαθητας, και ασπασαμεύος, εξηλθε πορυθηναι εις την Μακεδονιαν. διελθων δε τα μερη εκεινα, και παρακαλεσας αυτους λογω πολλω, πλθεν εις την Ελλαδα. ποιποιας τε μπνας τρεις, Γενομενης αυτώ επιβουλης ύπο των Ιουδαιζου μελλουτι ανα*γεσθαι εις την Συριαν, εγενετο* γνωμη του υποστρεφείν δια 4 Μακεδονίας. συνειπέτο δε αυτω αχρι της Ασιας Σωπατρος Βεροιαίος, Θεσσαλονικεων δε, Αρισταρχος, και Σεκουνδος, και Γαιος Δερβαιος, και Τιμοθεος, Ασιανοι δε, 5 Τυχικός και Τροφιμός. ου-TOI TOOSTOOTES ELEVOY THAS EN

Τρωαδί. ήμεις δε εξεπλευσα-

" der'd your temples, nor in-" veigh'd against your god-" dess. if Demetrius and the 38 " other artists, that are with " him, can lay their action " against any man, the law " is open, and the procon-" ful is near; let them be-" gin their process. but if 39 " the contest be about other " matters, it may be decided ... " in a regular affembly, for 40 " werun the risk of being an-" fwerable for this day's fedi-" tion: there being no justifi-" able occasion for such a com-"motion." baving thus ba-41 rangued them, be broke up the

affembly. This disturbance being over, Paul sent for the disciples, took bis leave and departed for Macedonia. after 2 baving visited the faithful in those parts, and given them many exhortations, be went to Greece. there he stay'd three 2 months; and then the Jews conspiring to surprize bim at his embarkation for Syria, it was thought adviseable he should return thro' Macedonia. Sopater of Berea, Aristarchus 4 and Secundus of Thessalonica, Gaius of Derby and Timothy, Tychicus and Trophimus both Asiatics, all accompanied bim to Afia, and then advanc'd before and waited for us at Troas. after the feast of unleaven'd bread

μεν μετα τας ήμερας των Α-Συμών απο Φιλιππων, και MABOLLEY TOOK GUT OUS EIG THY Τρωαδά αχρις ημερων πεντε, ου διετριναμεν ήμερας έπτα. 7 εν δε τη μα των σαββατων. συνηςμενων ήμων του κλασαι αρτον, ο Παυλος διελειετο AUTOIC, MENNOU EELEVAL THE-WAUDION. WARETEINE TE TON 8 ROPOV MEXPL METOVUKTION. nσαν δε λαμπαδες ίκαναι εν Τω .บ์สะออออ จับ ทุนยา บาทกุนยาด. o Kalmuevos de Tis veavias ovo-MATI EUTUXOS ETI TOS BUDIDOS. . καταφερόμενος ύπνω Βαθει. SIGNETOMENOU TOU PLAUNOU ETI TITUS KATEVEX BEIG ATTO TOU UNIOU, EXECEV AND TOU TOI-OTEFOD KATW, KAL noon VE-10 κρος. καταβας δε ο Παυλος . επεπεσεν αυτώ, και συμπεοριλαβων είπε, μη θορυβείσθε. ή ταρ ψυχη αυτου εν αυτω 11 εστίν. αναβας δε, και κλα-· GAC APTOV KAL PEUGALEVOC, εφ ίκανον τε διμλησας αχρι 12 αυτης, ουτως εξηλθεν. τον δε τον παιδα ζωντα, και παρεκληθησαν ου μετριως.

Ημεις δε προελθοντες επι το
13 πλοιου, ανπχθημεν εις την
Ασσου, εκειθεν μελλοντες αυπχαμβανειν του Παυλου,
ουτω γαρ ην διατεταγμενος,
14 μελλων αυτος πεζευειν. ως
δε

we fail d from Philippi, and in five days we join'd them at Troas, where we flay'd seven. on the first day of the 7 week we assembled to break bread, when Paul, who was to depart on the morrow. gave them a sermon, which lasted till midnight, in the 8 upper chamber where we were assembled, * several lamps were burning: and as 9 Paul continued bis discourse a great while, a young man, named Eutychus, who was fitting in the window, was seiz'd with a deep sleep, which quite o'er-came bim; so that he fell down from the third story, and was taken up dead, fo Paul went down, 10 and stooping over him, he embraced bim, and said, don't trouble your felves; for his life is in bim. then Paul 11 went up again, and baving broken bread and eaten, he reassumed bis discourse till break of day, and then departed. but the young man was 12 brought in alive and well, 10 the joy of the whole affembly.

As for us, we embark d, and sail d to Association, where by 13 appointment Paul was to be taken aboard, designing himfelf to go thither by land, meeting with him at Association, 14

* By this circumstance it is infinuated the casements were open.

δε συνεβαλεν ήμιν εις την Ασσου, αναλαβοντές αυτον πλτη θομέν εις Μιτυληνην. KÆKELθεν αποπλευσαντες, τη επι-OUON KATNYTHOAUEV AYTIKOU. Χιου, τη δε έτερα παρεβαλο-HEY EIG ZAHOY, (KAI HEIVAYTEG εν Τρωτυλλιω) τη εχομενή 16 natous eig Mianton, expire ταρ ο Παυλος παραπλευσαι την Εφεσον, όπως μη Γενηται αυτω χρονοτριβησαι εν τη Ασια, εσπευδε τας, ει δυνα-Τον ην αυτώ, την ήμεραν της Πεντηκοστης Γενεσθαί εις Ιεεοσολυμα.

17 Απο δε της Μιλητου πεμ-WAS ELS EGEGOD, METERATAEσατο τους πρεσβυτερους της i S ekkanotas. Les de maperevouτο προς αυτού, είπεν αυτοίς, ύμεις επιστασθε, απο πρωτης ήμερας αφ ής επεβην εις την Ασιαν, πως μεθ' υμων τον παντα χρονον εγενομην, 19 δουλευων τω Κυριω μετα πασης ταπεινοφροσυνής, και δακρυων και πειρασμών, των συμβαντων μοι εν ταις επι-20 βουλαις Των Ιουδαιων. ουδεν ύπεστειλαμην των συμφεροντων, του μη αναγγειλαι υμιν και διδαξαι ύμας δημο-21 σια και κατ' οικους, διαμαρ-Τυρομένος Ιουδαιοις τε και Ελ-ANOI THE EIG TOY DEON HETA-VOIAY, KAI TIGTLY THY EIGTON Κυριον ήμων Ιπσουν Χριστον. 22 και νυν ιδου, ετω δεδεμενος

τφ πνευματι πορευομαι εις

3c_

we took him in and arrived at Mitylene: from thence 15 we hore away: the next day we came off Chios, and the day after we pass d by Samos, landing at Trogyllium, and arrived at Miletus the next day. for Paul had de-16 termined not to go ashore at Ephesus, to avoid losing time in Asia: because he was eager to get to Jerusalem, if possible, by the day of pente-cost.

At Miletus be sent a mes-17 sage to the pastors of the church at Ephefus, to come to bim: and when they were 18 arriv'd be told them, you know bow I have always bebav'd towards you from the first day of my arrival in Asia: bow I bave serv'd 19 the Lord with all refignation, with tears, and trials occasion'd by the insidious practices of the Jews: that I have 20 conceal'd nothing that might be useful to you, but bave inform'd you of it, and instructed you therein, both in publick and in private: remonstra-21 ting both to Jews and Gentiles the advantages of a fincere repentance, and of believing in our Lord Jesus22 Christ. but now I am fix'd in my resolution to go to Jerusalem,

CHAP. XX.

IEPOUTANIU. TA EV AUTH OUναντησοντα μοι μη ειδως. 22 πλην ότι το πνευμα το άγιον κατα πολιν διαμαρτυρεται HOL TETON " OTI DETHA HE KAL 24 " θλιγεις μενουσιν." αλλ' ουδενος ποιουμαι, ουδε εχω Την Ψυχην μου Τιμιαν εμαυτω, ώς τελειωσαι τον δρομον μου, και την διακονιαν ήν ελαβον παρα του Κυριου Ιησου, διαμαρτυρασθαι το ευ-CITEALON THE XAPITOS TOU GE-25ου. και νυν ιδου, εγω οιδα OTI OUK ETI OWEODE TO TOOσωπον μου ύμεις παντές, εν όις διπλθον κπρυσσων την βα-26 σιλειαν του Θεου. διο μαρ-Τυρομαι ύμιν εν Τη σημερον ήμερα, ότι καθαρος εςω απο 27 του άιματος παντων. ου γαρ UTECTELAMIN TOU UN AVAIγειλαι ύμιν πασαν την βου-28 λην του Θεου. προσεχετε ουν ξαυτοις, και παντι τω **ποιμ**νιω, εν ώ ύμας το πνευμα το άπον εθετο επισκοπους. **ΤΟΙμαίνειν Την εκκλησιαν του** Θεου, ην περιεποιησατο δια 20 Του ιδίου άιματος. εςω ςαρ αιδα ότι εισελευσονται μετα την αφιξιν μου λυκοι βαρεις εις ύμας, μπ φειδομένοι του 30 ποιμυιου. και εξ ύμων αυτων αναστησονται ανδρες λαλουντες διεστραμμενα, του αποσπαν τους μαθητας οπι-31σω αύτων. διο Γρηγορειτε,

rusalem, without any apprebenfion of what may befal me there: save what the boly 22 spirit in every city declares, " that bonds and afflictions " wait for me." things that 24. little affect me, nor is life fo much my concern, as to finish my course, and the charge I receiv'd from the Lord Jefus, to attest the declaration of the divine savour. and 25 now * I am persuaded you will none of you see my face any more: whilft I have been among you, I have proclaim'd the kingdom of the Messias: I therefore declare 26 to you at this present time, that I am not responsible for the ruin of any: for I have 27 acquainted you with the whole dispensation of God without reserve. be therefore upon 28 your guard to secure your selves, and the whole flock over which the holy spirit has made you overseers, to feed the church of God, which be bas purchased with bis own blood. for I know when 20 I am gone, you will be op_ presi'd by wolves, that will not spare the flock. nay, a- 30 mong your own body some will start up to vent their intricate conceits, and draw d number of followers, be then 31

* Considering the malicious temper of the Jews, Paul had reason to be apprehensive: but providence frustrated their designs, and favour'd Paul's return to Asia. see 2 Tim. iv. 13——20.

μνημουευοντες ότι τριετιαν YUKTA KAL MUSPAV OUK ETTAUσαμην μετα δακουων νουθε-32 TWV EVA EKACTOV. KAL TAνυν παρατιθεμαι ύμας, (αδελφοι) τω Θεω και τω λο-Γω της χαριτος αυτου, Tω δυναμενω εποικοδομησαι, και δουναι ύμιν κληρονομιαν εν 33 TOK THATHEVOK TAGIV. τυριού η χρυσιού η ξματισμού 34 ουθένος επεθυμήσα. δε Γινώσχετε ότι τάις χρειais mou kai tois ougi met εμου ύπηρετησαν αι χειρες 35 άυται. παντα ύπεδειξα ύμιν, ότι όυτω κοπιωντας δει αντιλαμβανεσθαι των ασθενουντων, μνημονευείν τε των λογων του Κυριου Ιπσου, ότι AUTOS ELTE, " MAKAPLOV EGTI " διδουαι μαπλου η παμβα-νειν."

36 Και Ταυτα ειπων, θεις τα γονατα άυτου, συν πασιν 37 αυτοις προσπυξατο. ίκανος δε εγενετο κλαυθμος παντων, και επιπεσοντες επι τον τραχηλον του Παυλου, κατεφι-38 λουν αυτον, οδυνώμενοι μαλιστα επι τω λογω ώ ειρηκει, ότι ουκετι μελλουσι το προσωπον αυτου θεωρειν, προεπεμπον δε αυτον εις το πλοιον. 1 Ως δε εγενετο αναχθηναι ήμας αποσπασθεντας απ' αυτων, ευθυδρομησαντες ηλθο-

MEN EIG THY KOW, TH DE EETIG EIG

עווד

upon the watch, and remember, that for three years I bave not ceased by night, or by day to warn every foul of you, even with tears. and 22 now, my brethren, I recommend you to God, and to bis gracious dispensation, which is able to improve you, and secure to you the inheritance with those who are sanstify d. I have not defir'd to get from 33 any one either filver, or gold, or apparel. you your felves can 34 witness, that what was necessary for myself and those who were with me, thefe very bands bave fupply d. my 35 constant example has shown you that the disabled should be assisted by your labours, remembring the words of the Lord Jesus, who said, " # " is a greater bappiness to " give than to receive."

After this discourse, be 36 kneeled down, and prayed with them all, then melted 37 into tears, they fell upon his neck and kissed him, being 38 more particularly afflicted at his having said, "they should "see his face no more." and then they conducted him to the ship.

After we were parted from it them, and clear of land, we made directly for Cos, the

The Podor, Ka Keiber eic Ila-2 Ταρα. και έυροντες πλοιον διαπερων εις Φοινικήν, επι-3 βαντες ανηχθημέν. αναφα-VENTES BE THE KUTCON, KAL KATANITONTEC AUTIN EUWNU-HOY, ETTLEOLIEVELS EUGLAY, KAL κατηχθημέν εις Τυρον, εκεισε TAP MY TO WADION AMOGOOTI-4 ζομένον τον γομού. και ανευροντες τους μαθητας, επεμειναμέν αυτου ήμερας έπτα, OLTIVES TW MAUNIN ENEROY SLA του πνευματος, μη αναβαι-5 νειν εκ Ιερουσαλημ. ότε δε εγενετο ήμας εξαρτισαι τας πμερας, εξελθοντες επορευομεθα, προπεμποντων ήμας παν-TWO GUY FUVAIEL KAL TEKVOLS, έως εξω της πολεως, και θεν-ΤΕς Τα Γουατα επι του αιγια-6 λου, προσπυξαμέθα και ασπασαμενοι αλληλους, επεβη-HEN EIG TO MYLDION, EKELVOL DE UNEOTREWAY EIG TA ISIA.

Ημεις δε Τον πλουν διανυσαντες, απο Τυρου κατηντησαμεν εις ΠΤολεμαιδα, και ασπασαμενοι τους αδελφους, εμειναμεν ήμεραν μιαν παρ 8 αυτοις. τη δε επαυριον εξελθοντες πλθομέν εις Καισαρείαν, KEL EIGENBONTES EIS TON OIKON Φιλιππου Του ευαγγελιστου, TOU OUTOS EK TWY ETTA, EHEI-9 ναμέν παρ' αυτώ. τουτώ δε πσαν θυγατερες παρθενοι τεσ-10 σαρες προφήτευουσαι. επιμενοντων δε ήμων ήμερας πλειούς, κατπλθε τις απο της

next day to Rhodes, and from thence to Patara: where finding a vessel bound to Phxnicia, we went aboard, and put off. baving made Cy- 3 prus, leaving it to the North, we took our course to Syria, and landed at Tyre, where the ship was to unlade her cargo. we staid seven days 4. with the disciples we met there: who told Paul from the holy spirit, that he should not go to Ferufalem, that 5 time being ended, see departed, being conducted by them in a body with the women and children quite out of the city, where we kneeled down on the shore, and prayed. then baving taken our leave 6 of one another, we embark'd and they went home.

From Tyre we fail'd to 7. Ptolemais, which ended our voyage, we faluted the bretbren there, and staid a day with them, on the morrow 3 we fet out, and arriv'd at Cefarea, and scent to the house of. Philip the evangelist. with whom we lodg'd: be o was one of the seven deacons, and had four daughters all virgins, prophetesses, after 10 we had been there feveral_idays, a prophet arrivid from Judea, one Agabus, wbo

Ιουδαιας προφητης ονοματι ΙΙ ΑΓαβος, και ελθων προς ήμας, και αρας την ζωνήν του Παυλου, δησας έαυτου τας χειράς και τους ποδάς, είπε. TADE RETEL TO THEUMA TO άγιον, τον ανδρα, ου εστιν ή ζωνη άυτη, ουτω " δησουσιν εν Ιερουσαλημ οι Ιουδαιοι, και παραδωσου-12" σιν εις χειρας εθνων." ώς δε πκουσαμέν ταυτα, παρε-KALOUMEN THEIS TE KAI OF ENTOπιοι, του μη αναβαινείν αυτον 13 εις Ιερουσαλημ. απεκριθη δε ο Παυλος, Τι ποιειτέ, κλαιοντες και συνθρυπτοντες μου τπν καρδίαν? ετω ταρ ου μονου δεθηναι, αλλα και αποθανείν εις Ιερουσαλημ έτοιμως εχω ύπερ του ονοματος του 14 Κυριου Ιπσου. μη πειθομενου δε αυτου, ήσυχασαμεν, ειποντες, το θελπμα του Κυ-15 ριου Γινεσθω. μετα δε τας ημερας ταυτας επισκευασαμενοι ανεβαινομέν εις Ιερουι 6 σαλημ. συνπλθον δε και των μαθητων απο Καισαρειας συν ήμιν, ατούτες παρ ώ ξενισθωμεν, Μνασων Τινι Κυπριώ, αρχαιώ μαθητη. 17 Tevousywy de nuwy eig Iepoσολυμα, ασμενώς εδεξαντο 18 ήμας οι αδελφοι. Τη δε επιουση εισηει ο ΓΙαυλος συν ήμιν προς Ιακωβον, παντές τε

παρεγενοντο οι πρεσβυτεροι.

ETTOL-

19 και ασπασαμένος αυτους εξητειτο καθ' έν έκαστον ών

who made us a visit. when it taking Paul's girdle, bound bis own feet and bands. and faid, " thus faith the " bely spirit, so shall the " Jews at Jerusalem bind " the man, that owns this " girdle, and deliver bim " into the bands of the Gen-" tiles." upon bearing this, 12 we and some of the city intreated him not to go to Jerusalem. but Paul replied, 13 what do you mean by afflitting me thus with your tears? I am not only ready to meet my chains, but even to die at Ferusalem, for the name of the Lord Jesus. be being 14 then inflexible, we desisted, saying, the will of the Lord be done. after this we pre-15 par'd for our journey to Jerusalem. some of the disci-16 ples of Cefarea accompany'd us, bringing with them one Mnason of Cyprus, an old disciple, at whose house we were to lodge.

When we were arriv'd 17 at Jerusalem, the brethren receiv'd us with joy. the 18 next day Paul went with us to James, where all the paftors assembled. after baving 19 faluted them, be gave a particular account of what God Ttt 2 bad

ETTOLINGTEN & SESS EN TOIS Ethers dia The Diakoviae au-20 TOU. OL DE AKOUTANTES Eδοξαζου του Θεου ειπου τε αυτω, Θεωρεις αδέλφε, ποσαι μυριαδές εισιν Ιουδαιων TWY TETIOTEUKOTWY, KALTAYτες ζηλωται του νομου ύπαρ-21 XONDI. KATTIKHONDAY DE TE-פו ססט, סדו מדססדמסומי לו-. δασκεις απο Μωσεως τους κα-TA TA EDVI (TAYTAS) 100-Salous, recur un meriteureir autous ta tekva, unde tois 22 EDSOL TEPLTATELY. TI OUY EG-TIZ TAYTUK DEL TINBOK OU-VEZBEIN, AKONTONTAL TAD OTI 22 Ελπλυθας. Τουτο ουν ποιη-בסט ס ססו אברסוובט, בוסני חווני ANDDER TEGGAPER EUXTH EXONTER 24 εφ εαυτων. Τουτους παρα-, λαβων, άγνισθητι συν αυτοις, 🗼 και δαπανήσον επ' αυτοις, ί**υα ξυρησωνται την κεφαλην,** και Γνωσονται παντες ότι ών κατηχηνται περι σου ουδεν ECTIV. ANNA OTOIXEIC KAI AU-25 ΤΟς ΤΟΥ ΥΟΙΙΟΎ Φυλασσων. περι δε των πεπιστευκοτων εθvwv nusic execteilanes, kpi-VOLUTES (LENDEN TOLOUTON THρειν αυτους) " ει μη φυλασσεσθαι αυτους το, τε ει-" δωλοθυτον, και το αίμα, « אמו דיואדטי, אמו דסף אנו-26 " αν." τοτε ο Παυλος παραπαβων τους ανδρας, τη εχο-

bad wrought by his ministry among the Gentiles, upon 20 bearing this, they gave glory to God: and thus address'd Paul, you see, brother, bow many thousand believing Jews there are, all bowever zealous for the law. now they 21 bave beard that you instruct the Tews that are among the Gentiles to abandon Mofes, by telling them they must not circumcise their children, nor observe the establish'd rites. what then is to be done? 22 they will necessarily be all assembled, for they can't but bear, you are come. yield 23 then to our advice: there are four men bere, who have made a vow: these take, 24 and perform the rites * of purification with them, contributing to the expence of baving their heads shawd: this will convince them, what bas been reported of you, is all groundless, and that you stick to the observances of the law. as for the believing 2. Gentiles, we have given them by letter this decision, " they need only take care " to abstain from meats of-" fered to idols, from blood, " from the flesh of animals frangled, and from fornication.22 accordingly Paul 26 went to the men, and the next

μενη ήμερα συν αυτοις άξνισθεις εισηεί εις το ίερον, διας-Γελλων την εκπληρωσιν των ήμερων του άζνισμου, έως ου προσηνεχθη ύπερ ένος έκαστου αυτων ή προσφορα,

27 DIC DE EMENDOV ÀL ÉTTA nμεραι συντελεισθαι, οι απο της Ασιας Ιουδαιοι θεασαμενοι αυτον εν τω ίερω, συνε-XEON TRAVTA TON OXNON, KAL επεβαλον τας χειρας επ' αυ-28 τον, κραζοντες, "ανδρες Ισ-" ραπλιται, βοηθειτε, ουτος εστιν ο ανθρωπος ο κατα " Του λαου και Του νομου KAL TOU TOWOU TOUTOU " παντας πανταχου διδασ-" KWY, ET! TE KA! ENANYAC " ELONGATER ELS TO LEPON, KAL

" KEKOLYWKE TOV ATION TOTTON " κεκοινωκε τον άτιον τοπον 29" τουτον." πσαν γαρ προεωρακοτες Τροφιμον τον Εφεσιον εν τη πολει συν αυτώ, ον ενομιζον ότι εις το ίερον ει-30 onfares à Mauros. Ekivnôn ΤΕ ή πολις όλη, και εγενετο συνδρομη Του λαου, και επιλαβομενοι του Παυλου, έιλκον αυτον εξω του ιερου, και ευθεως εκπεισθησαν α θυραι. 21 ζητουντων δε αυτον αποκ-TEIVAL, AVEBN PAOK TW XIλιαρχω της σπειρης, ότι όλη 32 συνκεχυται Ισρουσαλημ. ά εξαυτης παραλαβων στρα-TIWTAS KAI EKATOVTAPXAS, κατεδραμεν επ' αυτους. οι δε ιδοντες

next day was purified with them; then entring into the temple, he declar d how long the time of the purification was to last, and when the offering was to be made for each of them.

The seven days being al-27 most expir'd, the Asiatic Jews seeing bim in the temple. rais'd a tumult, and fell upon bim, bawling out, " men of 28 " Ifrael, belp: this is the " man that every where in-" veighs upon all oceafions " against the people, against " the law, and against this " place, where they have " brought Greeks too to pro-" fane this boly place." (for 20 baving seen Trophimus an Ephesian with him in the city, they imagin'd Paul had conducted bim into the temple.) the whole city was in 30 an uproar, the people crouded together : they seized Paul, dragg'd bim out of the temple, and then shut the gates. as they were busy upon his 3 z execution, news came to the commander of the cobort, that the whole city was in an uproar. immediately be beaded 32 a detachment, with his centurions, and march'd briskly to them; who, upon seeing the officer and his men, left

LOOVTES TOV XILLADXOV KAL τους στρατιωτας, επαυσαν-ΤΟ ΤυπΤΟΥΤές ΤΟΥ ΠΑυλον. 33 ΤΟΤΕ ΕΠΙσας ο ΧΙλιαρχος ΕπΕχαβετο αυτου, και εκελευσε δεθήναι άλυσεσι δυσι και επυνθανετο τις αν ειη, και τι 34 εστι πεποιηκως. αλλοι δε αλλο Τι εβοών εν Τω οχλω. μπ δυναμενος δε Γνωναι Το ασφαλες δια τον θορυβου, ε-KEZEUGEV AFEGBAL AUTON EIG 35 την παρεμβολην. ότε δε ειενετο επι τους αναβαθμους, συνεβη βασταζεσθαι αυτον ύπο των στρατιωτων δια 36 Thy BIAN TOU OXXXVI. 11KOλουθει γαρ το πληθος του λαου, κραζον, " aipe au-37" דסי." μελλων Τε εισαγεσθαι εις την παρεμβόλην ό Παυλος, λεγει τω χιλιαρχω, ELECTI HOLETELY TI TOOG OF? ο δε εφη, Ελληνιστι γινωσ-38 KEIC? OUK APA OU EL O ALγυπτιος ὁ προ τουτων των ήμερών αναστατωσας και εξα-TATWY ELS THY EPHHOY TOUS TE-Τρακισχιλιους ανδρας των σι-39 καιριων? ειπε δε ο Παυλος. ειω ανθρωπος μεν ειμι Ιουδαι-OF TAPOTEUS, THE KINIKIAS OUK ασημού πολεως πολιτής, δεομαι δε σου, επιτρεψον μοι 40 λαλησαι προς τον λαον. επιτρεψαντος δε αυτου, ό Παυλος έστως επι των αναβαθμων κατεσεισε τη χειρι τω λαω, πολλης δε σιζης γενομενικ, προσεφωνησε τη Εβραιδι διαλεκτώ, λεγων:

off beating Paul. the com- 33 mander advanc'd, seiz'd bim, and order'd to load him with two chains: then demanded who he was, and what he in the bubbub 24 bad done. some cry'd one thing, some another: so that not being able to get any information for the tumult, he order'd bim to be carried to the castle. as be was mounting the stairs, 2. the foldiers bore bim up thro' the violence of the people, who were all pressing after, 36 roaring out, " away with " bim." just as be was en-37 tring into the castle, Paul faid to the officer, may I be favour'd with a word? you can speak Greek then, faid be? are not you the 38 Egyptian, who lately made an insurrection at the head of four thousand banditti in the desart? Paul replied, I am 39 a Jew of Tarsus in Cilicia, a citizen of that famous city: and I beg you would give me leave to speak to the people : which being granted, Paul 40. then standing upon the stairs made a fign with bis band to the people, who being very filent, be rais'd bis voice, and thus address'd them in the Hebrew tongue:

CHAP. XXX

Ανδρες αδέλφοι και πα-Τέρες, ακουσατε μου της προς ύμας νυν απολοτιας, 2 ακουσαντες δε ότι τη Εβραιδί διαλεκτώ προσεφωνει αυτοις, μαλλον παρεσχού ήσυχιαν. 3 KAI PHOID, ETW ELW AND IOUcaios, γεγεννημένος εν **Τα**ρσω The Kirikias, avateboaume-VOS ĈE EV TR TONSI TAUTH, παρα τους ποδας Γαμαλιπλ πεπαιδευμένος κατα ακοιβειαν του πατρωού νομού, ζηγ.ωτης ύπαρχων του Θεου, καθως παντές ύμεις έστε ση-4 MERON, OR TAUTHO THO ODON Eδιωξα αχρι θανατου, δεσμευων και παραδιδους εις Φυλακας ανδρας Τε και Γυναικας. 5 ώς και ο αρχιέρευς μαρτυρεί μοι, και παν το πρεσβυτεριου, παρ' ών και επιστολας δεξαμένος προς τους αδελφους, εις Δαμασκον επορευομήν, αξων και τους εκεισε οντας, δεδεμενους εις Ιερουσαλημ, ίνα 6 Τιμωρηθωσιν. εΓενετο δε μοι πορευομένω και εξείζοντι τη Δαμασκώ περι μεσημβριαν. εξαιφνής εκ Του ουράνου περιαστραψαι φως ίκανον περί εμε. επέσον τε εις το εδαφος, και πκουσα φωνής λεγούσης μοι, " Σαουλ, Σαουλ, Τι " με διωκεις?" εςω δε απεκριθην, τις ει Κυριε? ειπε τε προς με, "εγω ειμι Ιπσους ο " Ναζωραιος, ον συ διωκεις." 9 ει δε συν εμοι οντες το μεν φως εθεασαντο, την δε φωνην ουκ

πκουσαν

My bretbren, and fathers, 1 pray bear what I have to say for my self. when they 2 perceiv'd he salk'd Hebrew. they were the more filent. then be faid, I am a Few, 3 a native of Tarfus in Cilicia. but had my education in this city: at the feet of Gamaliel I was instructed in the law. and in the exact decisions of our fathers, and was as religiously zealous as you are at this time. for I persecuted A this fest even to death, throwing them into chains and prifons both men and women: this the high-priest and the 5 senate know too well: from them I receiv'd my warrant directed to the Jews of Damascus, where I went, to bring the converts there in chains to Jerusalem, in order to be punished. as I was up- 6 on the road, advanc'd near Damascus, about mid-day, all of a sudden a great light from beaven broke all around me. I fell to the ground, and 7 beard a voice pronounce thefe. words, " Saul, Saul, wby " persecutest thou me?" I 8 answered, who art thou, Lord? it answered, " I am " Jesusthe Nazarene whom " thou dost persecute." the 9 company actually saw the light, but did not bear the voice

ηκουσάν του λαλούντος μοι. 10 ειπον δε. Τι ποιπσω. Κυριε ? O DE KUDIOS ELTE TOOS HE, a**ναστας πορευού εις Δαμασ-**KOV KAKEL GOL NANHONGETAL TEPL TANTON ON TETAKTAL 11 où moinoai. Le de ouk eveβλεπον, απο της δοξης του Φωτος εκεινου, χειράγωγουμεγος ύπο των συνοντών μοι. 12 πλθον εις Δαμασκον. Ανανιας δε τις, ανηρ ευσεβης κατα τον νομον, μαρτυρουμένος UTO TAYTWY TWY KATOIKOUY-13 των Ιουδαιων, ελθων προς HE, KAI ETIOTAS EITE HOL. Σαουλ αδέλφε, αναβλεψον. κά τω αυτη τη ώρα ανεβλεψα 14 εις αυτον. ό δε ειπεν, ό Θεος των πατερων ήμων προεχειρισατο σε τνωναι το θελημα άυτου, και ιδειν τον δικαιον, και ακουσαι φωνην εκ του 15 OTOHATOC AUTOU. ότι εση μαρτύς αυτώ προς παντάς ανθρωπους, ών έωρακας και 16 πκουσας. και γυν Τι μελλεις? αναστας βαπτισαι, και απολουσαι τας άμαρτιας σου, επικαλεσαμένος το ονομά του 17 Κυριου. εγενετο δε μοι ύποστρεψαντι εις Ιερουσαλημ, KAL TROOTEUXOMEYOU HOU EN TW ίερω, γενεσθαι με εν εκστασει. 18 και ιδείν αυτον λεγοντα μοι, " OTEUODY, KAL ELENDE EV ταχει εξ Ιερουσαλημ, δι-« οτι ου παραδεξονται σου " την μαρτυριαν περι εμου." κάrω

of bim that spoke to me, then 10 I faid, Lord, what must I do? and the Lord answer'd, arise, go to Damascus; there you will be informed what you are to do. but as I had 1 1 lost the use of my eyes by the splendor of that light, I was led by the hand to Damatcus, by those who were with me. there one Ananias a re- 12 ligious observer of the law. who had the good word of all the Jews in that place, came to see me, and being 12 introduc'd, be said, brother Saul, receive thy sight. and instantly I saw bim. then he 1.4. said, the God of our fathers bas fingled you out to be acquainted with his will, to fee the just one, and to bear the words of his mouth: that you might testify to all 15 men, what you have feen and beard. why should you now 16 delay? arife, be baptized, and cleansed from your fins, by invoking the name of the Lord. at length being re- 17 turn'd to Jerusalem, one day as I was praying in the temple, I fell into a trance. then 13 I saw JESUS, who said to me, " make baste, and " go out of Jerusalem im-" mediately: for they will " not receive the attestations " you would give of me." Lord.

19 κά ω ειπον, Κυριε, αυτοι επιστανται ότι εςω ημην φυλακιζων και δερων κατα τας
συναςωςας τους πιστευοντας
20 επι σε. και ότε εξεχειτο το
αίμα Στεφανου του μαρτυρος
σου, και αυτος ημην εφεστως;
και συνευδοκων (τη αναιρεσει αυτου) και φυλασσων τα
ίματια των αναιρουντων αυ2 ι τον. και ειπε προς με, "πο" ρευου, ότι εςω εις εθνη μακραν εξαποστελω σε."

Ηκουον δε αυτου αχρι τουτου του λοτου, και επηραν την φωνην αυτών, λειοντες, " αιρε απο της της τον τοι" ουτον, ου γαρ καθηκεν αυ-23" τον ζην." κραυγαζοντων δε αυτων, και βιπτουντων τα ίματια, και κονιορτον βαλ-24 NOVTWY EIG TON AEPA, EKENEUσεν αυτον ο χιλιαρχος είσαγεσθαί εις την παρεμβολην, ειπων μαστιξιν ανεταζεσθαι αυτου, ίνα επιγύω δι' ήν αιτιαν ουτως επεφωνουν αυ-25 τω. ώς δε προετείνεν αυτον τοις ιμασιν, ειπε προς τον έστωτα έκατονταςχον ο Ιίαυλος, ει ανθρωπον Ρωμαιον και ακατακριτον εξεστίν 26 υμιν μαστίζειν? ακουσας δε ο έκατονταρχος, προσελθων απηγείλε Τω Χιλιαρχώ, λε- ωv ,

Lord, faid I, they know 19 it is I that imprison d those who believed on thee, and caus'd them to be scourged in the assemblies: that I was 20 present, when the blood of the marryr Stephen was shed, that I abetted the slaughter, and watch'd the cloves of those who slow him, but the 21 Lord said to me, "he gone, "for I will send you far bence, even to the General tiles."

Till that word, the Jetos 22 bad given sthete attention. but then they broke out into a full cry, wout of the " world with fuch a fellow: " for it is not fit be should " live." thus they roar'd, 22 and threw off their cloaks. and scatter'd dust in the air? when the commanding officer 24 order'd bim to be brought into the castle, and put to the question by the lash, in order to find out the reason of their exclamations against him. as they were tying him 25 with thongs, Paul said to the centurion, does the law allow to scourge a Roman citizen, and without any trial? upon 26 bearing that, the centurion went to acquaint the bead officer.

* St. Paul infinuares, the Jews would credit what he should say in favour of the Christians the more readily, for his having so lately been a persecutor of them.

TWY, OPAL TI MEXILE TOURING & ταο ανθρωπος όυτος Ρωμαιος 27 בסדו. אוסססבת לשט לב ל אותו-MOXOC ELTEN MUTW. LETE HOL, συ Ρωμαιος ει ?· ο δε εφη, ναι. 28 απεκρίθη τε ο χιλιαρχος, εγω **ΤΟλλου ΚΕΦαλαίου Την πολί-**TELAY TAUTHY EKTHOAUHY. δε Παυλος εφη, εγω δε και 29 Γεγεννημαι. ευθεως ουν α∽ RESTROWN ARE AUTOU OF HEAL-MONTEC AUTON AVETALEIV, KAI O XINIMPXOS DE EDOBHON, ETITνους ότι Ρωμαιος εστι, και 20 OTI THE CUTTON DEDEKWE. TO DE επαυσιού βουλομένος γνωναι TO ACOANES, TO, TI KATHγορειται παρα των Ιουδαιων. ENUTED AUTON, KAL EKENEUTED " OUVENBELV TOUC APXLEPEIC, KAIL όλον το συνεδριού, και κατα-TATWY TOV TIAUNOY, ESTHOEY EIC AUTOUC.

ATEMORY DE O TIRUNOS TW συνεόριω, ειπεν, " ανόρες α-" ספאסטו, ברש אמסח סטעבוι οπου αγαθη πεπολιτευμαι τω Θεω αχρι ταυτικ της ημερας." ο δε αρχιερεικ Ανανιας επεταξε τοις παρεστωσιν αυτώ, τυπτειν 3 αυτου το στομα. τοτε ο Παυλος προς αυτον είπε, " Τυπτείν σε μέλλει ὁ Θεος, " TOIXE KEKOVIAHEVE, KAI OU καθη κρινών με κατα τον νομον, και παρανομων κελευεκ με τυπτεσθαί?" 4 or de mapeotwites elmon, Ton

officer, take care, said be, what you do; for this man is a Roman. then the bead 27 officer came to bim, and faid, tell me, are you a Roman? be answer'd, yes. the officer 28 rejoin'd, my freedom cost me a considerable sum. but I bad it, said Paul, by right of birth. immediately those 29 who were going to put him to the question, withdrew: the commander himself being under some apprehension for baving order'd bim to be bound. as he was resolv'd to 30 know for certain, the next day, what the Jews laid to bis charge, be took off bis chains, and summon'd the chief priests, and the council to appear, when Paul was brought, and presented before them.

Then Paul directing bim- 1 self to the council, thus said, " bitberto I bave liv'd strict-" ly conscientious, as God " knows." at which the 2 bigh priest Ananias order'd those that were near bim to strike bim on the face: which 3 made Paul say, " may God " strike thee, thou plaister'd " wall: you sit to judge me " according to law, and in " defiance of the law you " order me to be struck!" what, said the standers-by, 4 do you revile the high priest

αρχιερεα του Θεου λοιδορείς?
5 εφη τε ο Παυλος, ουκ ηδείν, αδέλφοι, ότι εστιν αρχιερεύς, γεγραπται γαρ, " αρχοντα "του λαου σου ουκ ερείς κα- κως."

Γνους δε ο Παυλος ότι το έν μερος εστι Σαδδουκαιων, το δε έτερον Φαρισαιών, εκραζεν εν τω συνεδριω, " ανδρες αδέλφοι, ετω Φαρισαιος ειμι, νιος Φαρισαι-" ου, περι ελπιδος και α-" ναστασεως νεκρων εγω κρι-" νομαι." Τουτο δε αυτου λαλησαντος, εγενετο στασις των Φαρισαιών και των Σαδδουκαιων, και εσχισθη το 8 πληθος. Σαδδουκαιοι μεν γαρ λεγουσι μπ ειναι αναστασιν, μπδε αγγελου, μπτε πνευμα, Φαρισαιοι δε όμολογουσι τα 9 αμφοτερα. εγενετο δε κραυ-**Γη μεγάλη. και αναστάντες** οι Γραμματεις του μερους των Φαρισαιών διεμαχούτο, λε-LOALEC, " ONGEN KERON ENDIQκομεν εν τω ανθρωπω του-" τω, ει δε πνευμα ελαλπσεν 10 " αυτω, παργελας." πολλπι δε Γενομένης στασεώς, ευκαβηθεις ο χικιαρχος μη δία-

10 αυτω, η αργελος. πολ
λης δε γενομενής στασεως, ευλαβηθεις ο χιλιαρχος μη διασπασθη ο Παυλος υπ αυτων, εκελευσε το στρατευμα
καταβαν άρπασαι αυτον εκ
μεσου αυτων, αγειν τε εις την
παρεμβολην.

11 Τη δε επιουση νυκτι επιστας αυτώ ο Κυριος ειπε, Θαρof God? Paul replied, E 5 did not consider, brethren, that he was the high priest; it is indeed written *, "thou " shalt not speak evil of the "ruler of thy people."

But as Paul knew that 6 one part of the Sanhedrim were Sadducees, and the other Pharisees, he cried out, my bretbren, " I am a Pha-" rifee, the fon of a Pha-" rifee, and I am now pro-" secuted for believing the " resurrection of the dead." at these words the Pharisees 7 and the Sadducees were all in confusion, the whole afsembly being divided: for 8 the Sadducees maintain, there is neither refurrection, nor angel, or spirit, whereas the Pharisees acknowledge both: the clamour was great, and 9 the Scribes taking part with the Pharisees, grew warm in the debate, and said, " we " find no barm in this man; « perbaps a spirit or an " angel bas spoke to bim." but the tumult growing worse, 10 the tribune apprehensive that Paul might be torn to pieces among them, order'd a detachment to secure bim by force of arms, and bring bim to the castle.

The night following, the 11 Lord appear'd to him, and Uuu 2 faid,

σsι

^{*} Exod. xxii.28.

TEL (TLAUNE) WE TOP DISHAP-TUPW TA TEPL ENOU ELS IEPOUσαλημι ούτω σε δει και είς 12 RISHINY HARTURNOAL. FEVOREune de nuesace nomo avrec de Ιουδαιοί συστροφην, ανεθε-· MATIGAY EAUTOUS REPORTES, MITE GAILU. MITE THEIR EWG ου αποκτεινωσι τον Παυλον: 12 NOWY OF MACLOUS TEGGROUNCYτα οι τρωτην την συνωμο-14 TIAY TETROLPHKOTEC OLTIVES ποσσελθαντές τοις αρχιέρευσι KAI TOIS TREABUTEROIS ELTONS " αναθεματι ανεθεματισαμεν εαυτούς, μπθένος γευσασ-Εθαι έως ου αποκτεινωμέν 15 τον Παυλον. νυν ουν υ-HER SHOANDATE TO XIN-« αρχώ συν τω συνεδριώ, ο-« πως (αγκιον) αυτον καταγαγυ προς ύμας, ώς μελ-πρητας διαγινώσκειν ακριες βεστερον τα περι αυτου, Hueis de, Apo Tou estigai ce auton, etoipoi espen teu " AVENEU AUTOV!"

16. Ακουσας δε ό τος της αδελφης Παυλου, το ενεδρον,
παραγενομενος και εισελθων εις
την παρεμβολην, απηγειλε
17 τω Παυλω. προσκαλεσαμενος δε ό Παυλος ένα των έκατονταρχων, εφη, τον νεανιαν τουτον απαγαγε προς τον
χιλιαρχον, εχει γαρ τι απαγλαβων αυτον ηγαγε προς τον
χιλιαρχον, και φησιν, ό δεσμος Παυλος προσκαλεσαμε-

said, Paul, take courage; for the same remonstrances that you have made concerning me at Jerusalem, you must likewise make at Rome. when it was day, some Jews, 12 that bad form'd a conspiracy, engag' dibemselves by an oath. not to eat, or drink, till they had kill'd Paul. the conspi-13 rators, who were above forty in number, went to the chief 14 priests and senators, and said, we bave bound our Jelves " by oath not to ent till we " bave slain Paul. if you 15 " will move it then to the " tribune in the name of the " Sanbedrim, to fend bim " bere to-morrow, under co-" lour of examining his af-"-fair with more solemnity, " we shall take care to dis-" patch bim, and make a " Short end of his journey."

Paul's fister's son bearing 16 of the ambuscade, went to the castle, and being admitted, told Paul; who having 17 sent for one of the centurions, said, introduce this young man to the tribune, for he has something to communicate to him. accordingly he 18 went along with him, and having introduc'd him to the tribune, he said, Paul,

YOU HE TOWTHOE TOUTON TON VEAVIAY AFATELY TOOK OE, E-19 XOYTA TI NANNOAL GOL ETI-RABOMENOS DE TIS XEMOS QUτου ο χιλιαρχος, και αναχωρησας κατ ιδιαν, επυνθανετο TI ECTIV O EXEK ATTATTEINAL 20 μοι ? ειπε δε, ότι α Ιουδαιοι συνέθεντο του ερωτησαι σε όπως αυριον εις Το συνεδριον καταγαγης του Παυλου, ώς μελλοντες τι ακριβεστερον 2 1 πυνθανεσθαι περι αυτου. συ OUV UN REIORN AUTOIC, EVEδρεύουσι ταρ αυτον εξ αυτων ανδοες πλειους τεσσαρακοντα, όιτινες ανεθεματισάν έ-AUTOUC MITE PATELY, MITE **Ήιειν έως ου ανελωσιν αυτον.** και νυν έτοιμοι εισι, προσδε-XOPENOL THE AND GOO ENAILE-22 λίαν. ὁ μεν ουν χιλιαρχος ATEXUTE TOV VEAVIAV, TAparreixas undevi ekxaxnoai OT! TAUTA EVERAVLOTAS TIPOS 23 με, και προσκαλεσαμενος δυο TIVAS TWY EKATOVTAPXWY, EI**πεν, ετοιμασατε στρατιω**τας διακοσιους, όπως πορευθωσιν έως Καισαρειάς, και ίππεις εβδομπκοντας και δεξιολαβους διακοσιούς, απο τρι-24 The weat the yuktor. Kthyn τε παραστησαι, ίνα επίβιβασαντες τον Παυλον διασωσωσι προς Φηλικα Τον η-25 ΓΕμονά. Γραγιάς επιστοληγ TEPLEXOUTAY TOY TUTOY TOU-TOY.

who is in custody fent for me, and desired me to introduce this young man, who bas something to tell you. then to the tribune taking bim by the band, retir'd with bim in private, and ask'd, what be had to say, the Jews, said 20 be, have agreed to defire you would send Paul down to-morrow to the council under the pretext of examining bim more strictly, but don't 28 believe them; for above forty of them lie in ambush, bowing bound themselves by octh not to eat or drink till they bave kill'd bim: they are already prepar'd, and only wait your answer, then the 22 tribune dismiss'd the youth with this charge, don't tell any one, that you have given me this information. then cal-23 ling two of his centurions. draw out, said be, two bundred foot, seventy borse, and two bundred archers, ready to march to Cefarea by * the third hour of the night; let 24 them take care to see Paul mounted, and convoy bim safe to governour Feliu. at the 25 same time be writ a letter to Felix to this purport.

Kany-

CLAU-

Nine a-clock at night.

26 Κλαυδίος Δυσιας τω κρα-Τιστω πεμονι Φηλικι χαιδειν.

27 Τον ανόρα τουτού, συλληφθεντα ύπο των Ιουδαιων, και μελλοντα αναιρεισθαι ύπ αυτων, επιστας συν τω στρατευματι εξειλομην αυτον, μαθων ότι Ρωμαιος εσ-

28 τι. βουλομενος δε γνωναι την αιτιαν δι ην ενεκαλουν αυτω, κατηγαγον τον εις το συ-

29 νεδριον αυτών, ον έυρον εγκαλουμενον περι ζητημάτων του νομου αυτών, μηθεν δε αξιον θανατου η δεσμών εγκλημα

30 εχοντα. μπνυθεισης δε μοι επιβουλης εις τον ανδρα μελλειν εσεσθαι (ύπο των Ιουδαιων) εξαυτης επεμιγα προς σε παραιτειλας και τοις κατηγοροις λεγείν τα προς αυτον επι σου. ερρώσο-

31 Οι μεν ουν στρατιωται κατα το διατετα μενον αυτοις, αναλαβοντες τον Παυλον, ηγαγον δια της νυκτος εις την

32 Αντιπατριδα. Τη δε επαυριον εασαντες Τους ίππεις ποευεσθαι συν αυτώ, υπεστρε-

ευεσθαί συν αυτώ, υπεστρε33 ψαν εις την παρεμβολην. οιτινες εισελθοντες εις την Καισαρείαν, και αναδοντες την
επιστολην τω ήτεμονι, παρεστησαν και τον Παυλον
αυτώ.

34 Αναγνους δε (ὁ ήγεμων) και επερωτησας εκ ποιας επαρχιας εστι, και πυθομενος ότι the most excellent governour FILIX wishes health.

- The Jews having feiz'd 27 this man, were just upon the point to dispatch him, when I march'd with a body to his rescue; baving been inform-28. ed be was a Roman, I bad bim brought before their Sanbedrim, to bear what crime they laid to his charge, but 29 I found their accusation turned upon certain topics of their law, and contain'd nothing that was capital, or that deserv'd imprisonment : and 30 baving intelligence that the Jews bad form'd a conspiraey against bim, I immediately sent bim to you, directing bis accusers to lay their charge before you. farewel.

The soldiers pursuant to 31 order took Paul, and conducted him by night to Antipatris. on the morrow they 32 march'd back to the castle, baving lest him to the custody of the horse: who upon 33 their arrival at Cesarea, delivered the letter to the governour, and presented Paul

to bine.

The governour having read 34 the letter, ask'd Paul of what province he was, and being inform'd he was of Cilicia,

35 απο Κιλικιας. διακουσομαι σου, εφη, όταν και οι κατηγοροι σου παραγενωνται. εκελευσε τε αυτον εν τω πραιτωριω του Ηρωδου φυλασσεσθαι.

 Μετα δε πεντε ήμερας κατεβη ὁ αρχιερευς Ανανιας μετα των πρεσβυτερων, και ρητορος Τερτυλλου τινος ὁι τινες ενεφανισαν τω ήγεμονι
 κατα του Παυλου. κληθεντος δε αυτου, ηρέατο κατηγορειν ὁ Τερτυλλος, λεγων.

γορειν ο Τερτυλλος, λεγων. " Πολλης ειρηνής τυγκα-VOYTES DIA GOU. KAI KA-Τοςθωματων Γινομενων τω εθνει τουτώ δία της σης προνοιας, παντή τε και πανταχου αποδεχομεθα, κρατιστε Φηλιξ, μετα πασης ευχαριστιας. ίνα δε UN ETI TREION DE EFROTTW, παρακαλω ακουσαι σε ή-באד הם הד אשוסדעעם כשון באוεικεια. ευροντες γαρ τον ανδρα Τουτον λοιμον, και ΚΙΨΟυΥΤα στασεις πασι τοις Ιουδαιοις τοις κατα την οιπρωτοστατην KOUMEYNY, τε της των Ναζωραιων άι-פבסבשנ, סג אמו דם ובססט בπειρασε βεβηλωσαι, ον και EKPATNOAHEV, KAL (KATA τον ήμετερον νομον ηθελησαμεν κρινειν. παρελθων δε Δυσίας ο χιλιαρχος, με-" τα πολλικ βιας εκ των χειρων ήμων απηγαζε, κε-

λευσας τους κατηξορους

αυ-

you shall be beard, said be, 35 when your accusers are come: and then order'd him to the guard-room at Herod's palace.

Five days after the fove- 1
reign pontiff Ananias arriv'd
and some of the senators, who
with one Tertullus a pleader,
appear'd before the governour
as plaintists against Paul. so
Paul was call d, and Tertullus thus open'd the charge.

"The bappiness our na- 3
"tion enjoys, most noble Fe"lix, by the wisdom of your
administration, affects us
too sensibly not to be acknowledg'd every where,
and uponall occasions, with
the utmost gratitude. but 4

" not to trespass upon you too far, be pleased to bear what I have to say in brief, with your usual indulgence. this man is known to be a

" pernicious fellow that goes
" about the world to raise se" ditions among the Jews:

" he is the ringleader of the " selt of the Nazarenes, and 6

" bas attempted to prophane
" the temple: we fecur'd
" him, and would have

" try'd bim by our law: but 7
general Lysias interpos'd,
and with open force took

bim out of our bands, or 8 dering bis accusers to ap-

" pear

"παρ ου δυνηση αυτοκ α"νακρινας πέρι παντων του"των επιγνωναι, ών ήμεις κα"της ορουμεν αυτου." συνεπεθεντο δε και οι Ιουδαιοι,
φασκοντες ταυτα όυτως εχειν-

10 Απεκριθη δε ο Παυλος. νεμσαντος αυτώ του ήτιμονος REFELD, EX TORRENT ETWO OVTA OF KOLTIN TWE EDVEL TOUTW Eπισταμένος, ευθυμώς τα πε-11 ρι εμαυτου απολογουμαι, δυ-שמעבשמע שמע דעשאמנ סדנ סט TRELOUG ELUI MOL MUEDAL n DEκαδυο, αφ ής ανεβην προσ-12 Κυνησων εν Ιερουσαλημ. και OUTE EY TW IEPW EUPON HE TOOK Τινα διαλεγομένου, η επι-THOTAGIN HOLOUVTA OXXXIV, OUTE EN TAIS GUNATWEAKS, OU-12 TE KATA THY TOXIV: OUTE παραστησαι δυνανται περι IAWY YUY KATTITOPOUGI HOUμολογω δε τουτο σοι, ότι κα-דמ דחי סוססי חי אבן סטסני בוρεσιν, ουτω λατρευω τω πατριώ Θεώ, πιστευών πασι τοις κατα τον νομον και TOIC TOOPTTAIC FEFDAULEVOIC. I E ENTING EXCUS ELS TOS GEON, TO KAL AUTOL DUTOL TOOT DEXOV-Tai, avactaciy merreiy e--σεσθαι (νεκρων) δικαιων Τε -16 και αδικων. εν τουτω δε αυ-TOK GOKW, ATPOOKOTON OUV-ELONOIN EXELU TOOK TON GEON και τους ανθρωπους διαπαν-17 TOG. OF ETWY OF TALLOYWY

" pear before you. if you please to interrogate bim yourself, you will find the whole charge to be truly laid." this the Jews confirm'd by declaring it was all fast.

Then the governour fign'd 10 to Paul to reply; who faid, I enter upon my defence with the greater confidence, by considering you have govern'd this nation several years: pos- 11 fibly you are apprized, that it is not above twelve days fince, that I went to Jerufalem to worship. they nei-12 ther found me in conference with any one in the temple, nor working up the people either in the assemblies or in the streets: so far are they from 13 proving what they lay to my charge. I do indeed own, 14 that I serve the God of our nation according to the discipline they call felt: and believe whatever is written in the law and in the prophets. I bave the fame expectations IK from the DEITY, which they themselves entertain, that of the refurrection both of the just and of the unjust. and tis 16 my endeavour to preserve a conscience free from reproach both with respect to God, and with respect to men. after 17 several years absence I came

παρεγενομην ελεημοσυνας ποιησων εις Το εθνος μου, και
18 προσφορας. εν οις έυρον με
ήγνισμενον εν τω ιερω, ου μετα οχλου, ουδε μετα θορυ19 βου (τινες δε απο της Ασιας Ιουδαιοι) ους εδει επι
σου παρειναι, και κατηγορειν
20 τι εχοιςν προς με. ή αυτοι
ουτοι ειπατωσαν ει τι έυρον
εν εμοι αδικημα, σταντος μου
21 επι του συνεδριου, η περι μιας ταυτης φωνης, ής εκραξα
έστως εν αυτοις, ότι περι
κρινομαι σημερον ύφ υμων.

2.2 Ο δε Φηλιξ ανεβαλετο αυτους, ακριβεστερον ειδως τα περι της όδου; ειπων; όταν Λυσιας ό χιλιαρχος καταβη, διαγνωσομαι τα καθ ύμας:

23 Διαταξαμένος τε τω έκατονταρχη τηρεισθαι αυτον, εχειν τε ανεσιν, και μηδενα κωλυειν των ιδιων αυ24 του υπηρετειν αυτω: μετα
δε ήμερας τινας παραγενομένος
δ Φηλιξ συν Δρουσιλλη τη
ιδια γυναικι άυτου ουση Ιουδαια, μετεπεμψατο τον Παυλον, και ηκουσεν αυτου περι
λ5 της εις Χριστον πιστεως. διαλεγομένου δε αυτου περι δικαιοσυνης και εγκρατειας και του
κριματος του μελλοντος εσεσθαι,

to Jerusalem, * with contributions for my brethren, and oblations for the temple: there 18 religiously employ'd some Asiatic Jews found me, without crowd or tumult: and 19 bere they ought to have appear'd, if they bad any thing to object against me. or let 20 these now declare, if they could convict me of any misdemeanor, when I was brought before the Sanbedrim: unless 21 it be, that I did indeed break out into this expression, + it " is for the refurrection of the " dead, that I am now call d " into question."

Then Felix adjourn'd them, 22 faying, I shall inform myself more particularly of this seet, and when general Lysias comes, I will give you a full

bearing.

Felix then order'd a centu-23
rion to take Paul into his
custody, without confining him
so as to hinder his friends from
waiting upon him. some time 24
after he came to Cesarea
with his wife Drusilla, a
fewes, when sending for
Paul, he heard him discourse
about the Christian faith,
but as he was treating of jus-25
tice, temperance, and a future judgment, Felix greatly
alarm'd, said, "withdraw
XXX" for

θαι, εμφόβος Γενομενος ὁ Φη-עסא עטע פאטע פאטע ZIE CETEKCION. MODEUOU, KALPON DE META-« λαβων μετακαλεσομαισε." 26 άμα και ελπιζων ότι χοηματα δοθησεται αυτω ύπο του Παυλου. (όπως λυση αυτον.) SIO KAI TUKVOTEDOV AUTOV ME-Ταπεμπομένος, ώμιλει αυτω. 27 διετιας δε πληρωθεισης ελαβε διαδοχον ο Φηλίξ Πορκιον Φηστον, θελων τε χαριν καταθεσθαι τοις Ιουδαιοις ο Φηλιέ, κατελιπε τον Παυλον SESELLEYOV.

Φηστος ουν επιβας τη επαρχια, μετα τρεις ημερας ανεβη εις Ιεροσολυμα απο 2 Καισαρειας. ενεφανισαν δε αυτω ο αρχιερευς και οι πρωτοι των Ιουδαιων κατα του Παυλου, και παρεκαλουν αυ-3 του, " αιτουμενοι χαριν κατ « αυτου, όπως μεταπεμψη-« ται αυτον εις Ιερουσα-" λημ," ενεδραν ποιουντες AVENSIV AUTOV KATA THY O-A δον. ό μεν ουν Φηστος απεκοιθη τηρεισθαι τον ΓΙαυλον εν Καισαρεια, έαυτον δε μελ-5 λειν εν ταχει εκπορευεσθαι. οι ουν δυνατοι εν ύμιν, φησι, συτκαταβαντες, ει τι εστιν εν τω ανδρι τουτω, κατηρορειτωσαν αυτου.

Διατριψας δε εν αυτοις ήμερας πλειους οκτώ η δεκα, καταβας εις Καισαρειαν, τη επαυριον καθισας επι του βηματος, εκελευσε τον Παυλον " for the present; and when
" I am at leisure, I will
" send for you." this he fre-26
quently did, and convers'd
with him upon the presumption that Paul would have
offer'd him mony in order 27
to obtain his discharge. but
two years after he was succeeded by Porcius Festus,
who to oblige the Jews lest
Paul under consinement.

Three days after his arri- 1 val in the province, Festus went from Cefarea to Ferusalem: when the high priest 2 and the chief of the Jews waited upon him with an information against Paul, " de- 3 " firing the favour he might " be fent for to Jerusalem." they having prepar'd meafures to affassinate bim upon the road. Festus answer'd, 4 that Paul was in custody at Gesarea, where he design'd to be bimself e'er long: the 5 most considerable, said be, among you may go with me, and if he has committed any crime, let'em begin the process.

Having staid above eight, be nay ten days, he went to Cesarea, and on the morrow mounting the tribunal; he order'd Paul to be brought beη αχθηναι. παραγενομένου δε αυτου, περιεστησαν όι απο Ιεροσολυμών καταβεβηκοτες Ιουδαιοι, πολλα και βασεα αιτιωματα καταφερούτες, ά 3 ουκ ισχυον αποδείξαι, απολογουμενου αυτου, " ότι ου-TE EIG TOY VOLOY TWY I-" ουδαίων, ουτε εις το ίερον, " ουτε εις Καισαρα τι ήμαρ-" ουτε εις Καισαρα τι ήμαρ-" τον." ο Φηστος δε τοις Ιουδαιοις θελων χαριν καταθεσθαι, αποκρίθεις τω Παυλω είπε, θελείς εις Ιεροσολυμα αναβας, εκει περι τουτων 10 κρινεσθαι επ' εμου ? ειπε δε ο Παυλος, " επι του βημα-" τος Καισαρος έστως ειμι, ου με δει κρινεσθαι, Ιου-" δαιους ουδεν πδικπσα, ώς και συ καλλιον επιγινωσ-11" κεις. ει μεν γαρ αδικω, και αξιον θανατου πεπραχα " τι, ου παραιτουμαι το α-" ποθανειν, ει δε ουδεν εστιν ών ουτοι κατητορουσι μου, " ουδεις με δυναται αυτοις " χαρισασθαι, Καισαρα ε-12" πικαλουμαι." Τοτε ο Φηστος συλλαλησας μετα του συμβουλιου, απεκριθη, " Καισαρα επικεκλησαι, ε-" πι Καισαρα πορευση,"

13 Ημερων δε διαγενομενων Τινων, Αγριππας ο βασιλευς και Βερνική κατηντήσαν εις Καισαςειαν, ασπασομενοι τον 14 Φηστον. ώς δε πλειους ήμερας διετριβον εκει, ο Φηστος

fore him. when be appear'd, 7 the Jews, who were come from Jerusalem presented themselves b. fore Festus, and loaded Paul with abundance of accusations, which they were not able to prove. to 8 this he answer'd, " I have " not been guilty of any mif-" demeanour, either against s the law, or against the " temple, or against Cesar." but Festus willing to oblige the 9 Jews ask'd bim, will you confent to go to Ferufalem, and take your trial before me there? " I stand, said 10 " Paul, to the tribunal of " Cefar, where I ought to " be judged. to the Jews I " bave done no wrong, as you " yourself very well know. if 11 " I am guilty of any capital " crime, I am contented to " die. but since their accu-" sations are all groundless, " that I may not be sacrificed " to their humour, I appeal " to Cefar." upon this, 12 Festus having deliberated with his council, answer'd, " fince you have appeal'd to " Cefar, to Cefar you shall " go."

Some days after, king A- 13 grippa and Bernice came to Cesarea to make Festus a visit. as they continued there for 14. some time, Festus represented Paul's case to the king: Fe-Xxx 2

τω βασιλει ανέθετο τα κατα τον Παυλον, Χειών, ανηρ τις KACTACKERELLULEVOS UTTO Ι 5 Φηλικος, δεσμιος, περι ου, Γενο-MEYOU HOU EIG LEPOTONUHA, Eνεφανισαν οι αρχιερεις και οι πρεσβυτεροι των Ιουδαιων, αιτουμένοι κατ αυτου δικην. 16 προς όυς απεκριθην, ότι ουκ εστιν εθος Ρωμαιοις χαριζεσθαι τινα ανθρωπον πριν η ο κατηγορουμένος κατα προσω-TOV EXOL TOUS KETTISOPOUS, TOπον τε απολογιας λαβοι περι 17 του ετκληματος. συνελθοντων ουν αυτων ενθαδε, αναβολην μηδεμιαν ποιησαμενος. τη έξης καθισας επι του βηματος, εκελευσα αχθηναι τον 18 ανδρα. περι ου σταθεντες οι KATTOPOL OUDELLIAV AITIAV E-19 πεφερον ών υπενοουν εςω, ζη-Τημάτα δε Τινά περί της ιδιας δεισιδαιμονιας ειχον προς αυτον, και περι τινος Ιπσου τεθνηκοτος, ου εφασκευ δ 20 Παυχος ζην. απορουμένος δε ETW EIG THY TEPL TOUTOUY L'nτησιν, ελετον ει βουλοιτο πορευεσθαι εις Ιερουσαλημ, κάκει κρινεσθαι περι τουτων. 21 του δε Παυλου επικαλεσαμενου τηρηθηναι άυτου, εις την του Σεβαστου διαγνωσιν, εκελευσα τηρεισθαι αυτον, έως ου πεμινω αυτον προς Και-22 σαρα. Αγριππας δε προς Τον Φηστον εφη, εβουλομην και αυτος του ανθρωπου ακου- $\sigma \alpha i$. $\delta \delta \epsilon$, $\alpha u \rho i \delta \nu$, $\phi n \sigma i \nu$, α κουση αυτου- $\mathbf{T}_{\mathcal{D}}$

lix, said be, bad left bere a certain prisoner: and when I 15 was at Jerusalem, the chief priests and senators of the Tews made their appearance, and demanded to have justice against him. I told them, it 16 was not the custom of the Romans to deliver up any man, till be was accus'd and confronted by bis accusers, and bad an opportunity of pleading to the charge. the next 17 day after they were com, to avoid delay, I mounted the tribunal, and order'd the man to be brought. when his ac- 18 cusers appear'd, they did not charge bim with any such crimes as I imagined they would. they objected certain 19. articles that related only to their superstition, and to one Jesus that was dead, but Paul afferted be was alive. being at a loss bow to deter-20 mine such an affair, I ask'd him if he would go to Jerusalem, and take bis tryal there. but Paul having 21 made his appeal, infifting to bave bis cause refer'd to the cognizance of the emperor, I order'd bim into custody, till I could send him to Cefar. thereupon Agrippa told Fef- 22 tus, be himself should be glad to hear the man. 10-morrow, said Festus, you shall bear bim.

23 Τη ουν επαυριον ελθοντος TOU APPLITTA KAL TIK BEDVIKIK μετα πολλης φαντασίας, και ELTENBOYTWY ELS TO AKPOATH-PLOY OUT TE TOIS XINIAPXOIS, και αυδρασι τοις κατ' εξοχην ουσι της πολεως, και κελευσαντος του Φηστου, ηχθη ό 24 Παυλος. και Φησιν ό Φηστος, " Αγριππα βασιλευ, "και παυτες όι συμπαρου-" τες ήμιν ανδρες, θεωρειτε " τουτον περι ου παν το " πληθος των Ιουδαιων ενε-TUXON HOL EN TE IEDOGOLUμοις και ενθαδε, επιβοωντες μη δειν ζην αυτον μη-25" κετι. ερω δε καταλαβομενος, μηδεν αξιονθανατου αυτον πεπραχεναι, και AUTOU DE TOUTOU ETIKANE-" σαμενου τον Σεβαστον, ε-26" κρινα πεμπειν αυτον. περι ου ασφαλες τι γραψαι τω " Κυριω ουκ εχω. διο προης ας ον αυτον εφ' ύμων, και μαλιστα επι σου, βασιλευ Αγριππα, όπως της α-" νακρισεως Γενομενης, σχω " τι γραψαί. απογον γαρ " μοι δοκει, πεμποντα δεσμιον, μη και τας κατ' αυσ " Του αιτιας σημαναι:

Αγριππας δε προς τον Παυλον εφη, επιτρεπεται σοι υπερ σεαυτου λεγείν. Τοτε ο Παυλος απελογείτο, εκτείνας

525 On the morrow Agrippa 22 and Bernice came in great state, and being introduc'd into the court attended by the officers and the principal men of the city, Festus gave the word, and Paul was brought to the Bar, then 24 Festus said, "King Agrippa, " and you that are here pre-" fent, you fee the man, a-" gainst whom a numerous " body of the Jews have been " practising with me both at " Jerusalem, and in this ci-"ty, urging with vebe-" mence, that he should not " be fuffer'd to live. but 25 " finding be bad done no-" thing that deserv'd death, " I have resolved to send " him to the emperor, to whom he bad appealed. " as I have no certain ac-26 " count to communicate to " the emperor my master, I " caus'd bim to appear be-" fore this affembly, and be-" fore you, king Agrippa, in " particular, that after be is " examin'd, I may know, " bow to represent the affair; " for it seems to me absurd to 27 " send a prisoner without ex-" pressing the crimes laid to " bis charge."

Then Agrippa said to Paul, you are at liberty to make your defence, upon which Paul disengaging his hand from

2 την Χειρα, Περι παντων ών εςκαλουμαι ύπο Ιουδαιων, Βασιλευ Αγριππα, ήπημαι εμαυτον μακαριον, μελλων απολογεισθαι έπι σου σημερον. α μαλιστα Γνωστην οντα σε παντων των κατα Ιουδαιους εθων τε και ζητηματων. διο δεομαι σου, μακροθυμώς α-4 κουσαι μου. Την μεν ουν βι-WOLV HOU THY EK VEOTHTOC, την απ' αρχης Γενομενην εν τω εθνει μου εν Ιεροσολυμοις. ισασι παντες δι Ιουδαιοι. 5 προγινωσκοντες με ανωθεν, εαν θελωσι μαρτυρείν, ότι κατα την ακριβεστατην άιρεσιν της ημετερας θρησκειας εζησα 6 Papisaidoc. Kai vuv en enπιδι της προς τους πατηρας ήμων επαγτελιας γενομένης υ-TO TOU GEOU, EGTIKA KOLVO-7 μενος. εις ήν το δωδεκαφυ-AOV THEOR EN EKTEVELA VUKTA KAI THEPAY LATPEUOV ELTILEI καταντησαι, περι ής εκπιδος εγκαλουμαι, βασικευ (Α-Γριππα) ύπο των Ιουδαιων. 8 τι απιστον κρινεται παρ' ύ-MIN, EL O GEOC VERPOUS EFEIDEL : 9 είω μεν ουν εδοξα εμαυτώ προς το ονομα Ιπσου του Ναζωραιου δειν πολλα εγαντια 10 πράξαι. όκαι εποιπσά εν Ιεροσολυμοις και πολλους Των άτιων ετω φυλακαις κατεκλεισα, την παρα των αρχιερεων εξουσιαν λαβων, αναιρουμενων τε αυτων κατηνεγκα

from bis cloak, thus made bis plea. I think myself hap- 2 py, king Agrippa, in baving this opportunity of vindicating myself in your presence, from every thing the fews have laid to my charge: for I know 3 you are fully acquainted with the Fewish customs and controversies: and therefore I beg the indulgence of your attention. what course of life 4 I led at Jerusalem, where I was brought up from my youth among those of my own nation, is known to all the Jews. they 5 can testify, if they will, that I early profess'd myself a Pharisee, a member of the most rigorous sett of our religion: and now I stand ar- 6 raign'd for expetting the accomplishment of the divine promise made to our fathers. which our twelve tribes by 7 their continual services, night and day, bope themselves to obtain: yet for that hope, king Agrippa, do the Jews now accuse me. you may think it 8 something incredible that God should raise the dead: I my- 9 self too once thought myself oblig'd strenuously to oppose the professors of Jesus the Nazarene, as I actually did at Je-10 rusalem, where numbers of converts I threw into jail, by warrant from the bigh priests: and when they were

τι ψηφού. και κατα πασας Τας συναγωτας πολλακις Τιμωρων αυτουκ, εναικαζον βλασφημείν: περισσώς τε εμμαινομένος αυτοις εδιωκον έως και εις τας εξω πολεις. 12 EV OIG KAI MODEUOUEVOG EIG THV Δαμασκον μετ' εξουσιας και επιτροπης (της παρα) των 12 admierewy, nueras means, ka-Τα Την όδον ειδον, βασιλευ, ουρανοθεν ύπερ την λαμπροτη-Τα Του ηλιου, περιλαμψαν HE OW; KAL TOUS OUT EMOL TO-I 4 PEUOMEDOUC. TAYTWY TE KA-Ταπεσοντων ήμων εις Την την. ηκουσα φωνηνλαλουσαν προς με, και λεγουσαν τη Εβραιδι διαλεκτω, "Σαουλ, Σαουλ, τι με διωκεις? σκπηρον σοι " προς κεντρα λακτιζειν." 15 हु के वेह सम्राप्त, माद स Kupie ? o δε ειπεν, εςω ειμι Ιπσους όν 16" συ διωκεις. αλλα αναστηθι, και στηθι επι τους " ποδας σου, εις τουτο γαρ ωφθην σοι, προχειρισασθαι σε υπηρετην και μας-" τυρα ών τε ειδές, ών τε " οφθησομαι σοι, εξαιρουμενος σε εκ του λαου και των " εθνων, εις όυς νυν σε αποστέλλω, ανοίξαι οφθαλ-" μους αυτων, του επιστρεψαι απο σκοτους εις φως, και της εξουσιας του Σα-" τανα επι τον Θεον, του λαβειν αυτους αφεσινάμαρτιών, και κληρον εν TOIS

put to death, I myself was an accomplice. it was I that per- ix secuted them from synagogue to synagogue, and tortured them even to blaspheme: and ... in the transport of my rage I pursued them to foreign cities. with such views, authorized 12 by commission from the bigh priests. I was on the road to Damascus: when at mid-day, 12 Oking, a light from beaven exceeding the splendor of the sun, broke all around me, and those that accompanied me. we were all struck down: 14 when I beard a voice directed to me pronounce these words in the Hebrew tongue, " Saul, "Saul, why dost thou perse-" cute me? it is dangerous for " thee to kick against the " goad." I answer'd, who art 15 thou, Lord? be faid, " I am "Jesus, whom thou perse-" cutest. but rise upright upon 16 " thy feet: for I have ap-" pear'd to thee inorder to esta-" blish you my minister in " testifying both what you " bave seen, and what I shall " bereaster show to you by de- 17 " livering you from this peo-" ple, and from the Gentiles " to whom I now fend thee, " to open their eyes, and to 18 " turn them from darkness to " light, and from the power " of Satan unto God, that they

^{*} A sharp stick with which they urg'd the oxen at the plough.

" τοις ήγιασμενοις, πιστει 19" τη εις εμε." οθεν, βασιλευ Αγριππα, ουκ εγενομπν απειθης τη ουρανιώ οπτασια, 20 αλλα Τοις εν Δαμασκώ πρωτον και Ιεροσολυμοις, εις πα-GAV TE THY XWPAY THE IOUδαιας, και τοις εθνεσιν, α-TATTELLOV HETAVOELY, KAL Eπιστρεφείν επί τον Θεον, αξια της μετανοιάς εργα πρασσον-21 τας. ένεκα τουτων με οι Ιουδαιοι συλλαβομενοι εν τω ίερω, επειρωντο διαχειρισασ-22 θαι. επικουρίας ουν Τυχών THE TRAPA TOU OSOU, AXOLTHE ήμερας Ταυτης έστηκα, μαρ-Τυρουμένος μικρώ Τε και με-Γαλω, ουδεν εκτος λεγων ών ΤΕ Ο προφηται ελαλησαν μελλουτων Γινεσθαι, και Μω= 23 σης, " ει παθητος ὁ Χριστος, ει πρωτος εξ αναστασεως " νεκρων φως μελλει κατας-" FEXTEIN TW NAW KAI TOIC εθνεσι.

24 Ταυτα δε αυτου απολο
γουμενου, ο Φηστος μεγαλη

τη φωνη εφη, " μαινη Παυ" λε, τα πολλα σε γραμ" ματα εις μανιαν περιτρε25" πει." ο δε, ου μαινομαι,
φησι, κρατιστε Φηστε, αλλ

αληθειας και σωφροσυνης ρη26 ματα αποφθεγγομαι. επισΤαται γαρ περι τουτων ο βασιλευς, προς ου και παρρησιαζομενος λαλω, λαυθανειν
γαρ αυτον τι τουτων ου πειθομαι ουδεν, ου γαρ εστιν εν
γωνια

" they may receive forgivece ness of sins, and partake of " the inberitance of the faints, " by believing on me." this 10 beavenly vision, king Agrippa, I presently obey'd: first 120 warn'd the people of Damafcus, of Jerusalem, of all Judea, and then the Gentiles, to repent, and turn to God, by acting suitably to their repentance. for fuch a conduct the 2: Jews seiz'd upon me in the temple, designing to affassinate me; but by the divine favour 22 I am still preferv'd alive, testifying to the fmall and to the great nothing but what Moles and the prophets have predicted should bappen : that Christ should suffer : 23 that be should be the first " that was to rife from the

" that was to rife from the dead: and that he should enlighten both the Jews

" and the Gentiles."

As be was thus making his 2 a defence, Festus broke out into this exclamation, "Paul; you "are mad: much study has "turn'd your brain." I am 23 not mad, said he, most noble Festus, but what I say, is very sound truth. the king is 26 inform'd of these things, to whom I address myself with the greater considence, being persuaded he is sully apprixed of these matters, that were far from being transacted

Γωνια πεπραγμένον Τουτο.

27 πιστευεις βασιλευ Αγριππα τοις προφηταις? οιδα ότι 28 πιστευεις. ο δε Αγριππας προς τον Γιαυλον εφη, εν ελιγω με πειθεις Χριστιανον γε-29 νεσθαι. ο δε Παυλος ειπεν, ευξαιμην αν τω Θεω, και εν σλιγω και εν πολλω ου μονον σε, αλλα και παντας τους ακουοντας μου σημερον, γενεσθαι τοισυτους όποιος κάγω ειμι, παρεκτος των δεσμων τουτων.

30 (Και ταυτα ειποντος αυτου) ανεστη ο βασιλευς και ο ήτεμων, η τε Βερνικη και οι
31 συγκαθημενοι αυτοις. και αναχωρησαντες ελαλουν προς
αλληλους, λεγοντες, " ότι " ουδεν θανατου αξιον η δεσ" μων πρασσει ο ανθρωπος
2" όυτος." Αγριππας δε τω
Φηστω εφη, απολελυσθαι
εδυνατο ο ανθρωπος όυτος, ει
μη επεκεκλητο Καισαρα.

Ως δε εκριθη του αποπλειν πιας εις την Ιταλιαν, παρεδιδουν τον τε Παυλον και τινας έτερους δεσιωτας έκατονταρχή, ονοματι 1ουλιφ, σπειρης Σεβάστης, επιβαντες δε πλοιώ Αδραμυττηνώ, in private. king Agrippa, 27 don't you give credit to the prophetic writings? I know you do. but Agrippa reply'd 28 to Paul, you almost perfuade me I shall be a christian! I pray God, said 29 Paul, that not only you, but all that now bear me, were both almost and altogether such as I am, the circumstance of my bonds excepted.

When he had said this, 30 the king, the governour, Bernice, and all that were seated near them, rose up: and being retired, they de-31 clar'd to one another, "this man has done nothing that deserves either death or imprisonment:" nay, A-32 grippa said to Festus, "this man might have been discharg'd if he had not ap"peal'd to Cesar:"

When it was refolv'd; that we should sail for Italy, Paul and other prisoners were delivered to the custody of one fulius, a centurion of a cohort in Augustus's legion; we embark'd in a vessel of 2 Adra-

* St. Chrysostom thought what Agrippa said, was meer banter. **
ohiso, Toutset: Tapa misses, as if he had said, you little persuade me to be a Christian. our subseave a Haudes ti settly su ohiso, and a submisse of et ohiso, dio nai thee toute attempts of subsection, dio nai thee toute attempts and subsection but thought it was "the same as it ohiso (in a little time) and made answer accordingly:
"so illiterate was he?" Chrysost: Vol. 111. p. 901. Edit. Savil.

Yуу

THING. BEARDYTEC TREID ETTL TOUCKETA THY AGIAN TO TOUCH avinchines, oviocouv muy Aοισταρχου Μακεδονοκ Θεσσα-3 NOVIKEWS. TH TE ETERA KAτηχθημέν εις Σιδωνα, φιλαν-BOWTHE O LOVAIDS TO FLAV-AW XOTO AMENOG ETTET DEWE TOOK τους φιλους πορευθέντα, επι-4 MENELAG TUXELY. KAKELBEY Aναχθεντες ύπεπλευσαμεν την Κυπρον, δια το τους ανεμους 5 ELVAL EVAVTIOUS. TO, TE TEλατος το κατα την Κιλικιαν και Παμφυλιαν διαπλευσαν-TEC. KATHABOUEN EIG MUDA THE Δυκιας. κάκει έυρων ο έκα-Τονταρχος πλοιον Αλεξαν-

ένεβιβασεν ήμας εις αυτο. Εν ίκαναις δε ήμεραις βρα-BUTTHOOUNTES, KALL MONIS TENOμενοι κατα την Κνιδον, μη προσεωντος ήμας του ανεμου, υπεπλευσαμεν την Κεπτην κατα Σαλμωνην, μολις τε παραλεγομένοι αυτην, ηλθο-HEV EIG TOTON TINA KAROUHSνον Καλους λιμενας, ώ εγγυς 9 ην πολις Αασαια, ίκανου δε χρονου διαγενομενου, και οντος πόπ επισφαλούς του πλοος, δια το και την νηστειαν ηδη παρεκηκυθεναι, παρηνει 10 ο Παυλος, λεγων αυτοις, "αν-" όρες, θεωρω ότι μετα υ.-

SOLVOY TREOVER THY ITARIAY,

Adramyttium, designing to soaft it along Afia, and fet fail with Aristarchus a Macedonian of Thessalonica. the next day we touch'd at 2 Sidon, where the centurion, who was very civil to Paul, gave him leave to go, and refresh bimself at his friends. from thence we put off, and 4 made our coast north of Cyprus, the wind being contrary, after baving travers'd the sea of Cilicia and Pamphylia, we arriv'd at Myra, a city of Lycia, there the 6 centurion met with a ship of Alexandria, bound for Italy, and put us on board.

For several days we made 7 very little fail, and baving scarce got sight of Cnidus, the wind being against us, we bore away between Salmone and Crete: with much 8 ado we weathered the cape and got to Belbaven near Lasea. having lost a good o deal of time, and failing being now dangerous, for * the fast was now over, Paul gave them this warning, " my 10 " friends, said be, I foresee " our voyage will be attend-" ed with great difficulties, " and

* Of expiations. Lev. xxiii. 27. in the latter end of September, and beginning of October.) Post hoc tempus (XVIII Kal. Octobr.) usque in III Idus Novemb. INCERTA NAVIGATIO EST, ET DISCRIMINI PROPIOR. Veget. de Re Milit. lib. v.c. 9.

βρεως

βρεως και πολλικ ζημιας ου μονον Του φορτιου και Του πλοιου, αλλα και των " ψυχων ήμων μελλειν εσεσ-11" θαι τον πλουν." ο δε έκατονταρχος τω κυβερνητή και τω ναυκλιποω επειθετο μαλλον η τοις ύπο του Ιλαυ-1 2 λου λεγομενοις. ανευθετου δε του λιμένος ύπαρχοντος προς παραχειμασιαν, οι πλειους εθεντο βουλην αναχθηναι κάκειθεν, ειπως δυναιντο καταντησαντές εις Φοινικά πάρα-Χειμασαι, λιμενα της Κρητης βλεποντα κατα Διβα και 12 κατα Χωρον. υποπνευσαντος δε Νότου, δοξαντές της προθεσεως κεκρατηκεναι, α-PAYTES AGGOV TAPELETONTO 14 Την Κρητην. μετ' ου πολυ δε εβάλε κατ' αυτής ανεμος Τυφωνικός, δ καλουμένος Ευτ 5 ρακυλων. συναρπασθεντος δε Του πλοιου, και μη δυναμενου αντοφθαλμείν τω ανεμώ. . 16 επιδοντες εφερομεθα. νησιον δε τι ύποδραμοντες καλουμενον Κλαυδην, μολις ισχυσαμεν περικρατεις Γενεσθαι της 17 σκαφης, τίν αραντες, βοηθειαις εχρωντο, ύποζωννυντες το πλοιον, φοβουμενοι τε μπ εις Την Συρτιν εκπεσωσι, Χαλασαντις το σκευος, όυτως 18 εφεροντο. σφοδρως δε χειμαζομενων ήμων, τη έξης εκβο-19 λην εποιουντο, και τη τριτη αυτοχειρές την σκευην του πλοιου ερριψαμεν. Mn-

" and no small risk of losing " not only the ship and car-" go, but our lives too." however, the centurion mind- 11 ed the pilot and the ship's owner more than be did Paul's prediction. for as that 12 baven could not cover us from the storm, most were of opinion to bear away, and try to put in at Phenice, where we could ride fafe, the port lying by fouth-west, and north-west. a gentle breeze 13 at fouth, secure of gaining their point, they weigh'd anchor, and coasted close under Crete: but soon after it 14 blew a florm from north-east, which bore so upon the ship, 15 we could not go upon the wind, but were forc'd to let ber drive. when we were nigh 16. the ife Clauda, we had much ado to boist in the skiff. this 17 done, all bands aloft they frapp'd the ship tought with ber cables, and for fear of striking upon * the sands, they struck the main sail, and so drove. the next day the 18 storm work'd the ship with great fury; they threw some of ber lading over board: and the third day we lent 19. our bands to send the tackling after.

Yyy 2 For.

20 Μητε δε ήλιου, μητε ασ-Τρων επιφαινοντών επι πλει-OVAC THEPAC: XELHWYOC TE OUK OXITOU ETIKEILLEVOU. XOITTON περιηρείτο πασα ελπις του 21 σωζεσθαι ήμας, πολλης δε ασιτιας ύπαρχουσης: ΤΟΤΕ σταθεις ο Παυλος εν μεσω αυτων, ειπεν, " εδει μεν, ω ανδρες, πειθαρχησαντας " μοι, μη αναγεσθαι απο " της Κρητης, κερδησαι τε την ύβριν ταυτην και την 22 " Епшач. как тачич та-" ραινω ύμας ευθυμειν : απο-" βολη γαρ ψυχης ουδεμια " εσται εξ ύμων, πλην Του " πλοιου. παρεστη γαρ μοι 23 " πλοιου. παρευ...
Τη νυκτι ταυτη αργελος " Του Θεου ου ειμι, ώ και " λατρευω, λεγων, μη φο-" βου Παυλε, Καισαρι σε " δεί παραστηναι, και ιδου, KEXAPIOTAL GOL O GEOS KEXAPIOTAL TOUCH TALONTAC HE-" τα σου.διο ευθυμειτε ανδρες, " πιστευω γαρ τω Θεω, ότι " ουτως εσται καθ' ον τρο-26" πον λελαληται μοι, εις γησον δε τινα δει ήμας εκπεσειν."

27 Ως δε Τεσσαρεσκαιδεκατη νυξ εγενετο διαφερομενων ήμων εν τω Αδρια, κατα μεσον της νυκτος ύπενοουν οι ναυται προσαγείν τινα άυτοις 28 χωραν. και βολισαντες, έυ-

For several days, we had 20 not seen either sun or stars: the tempest still bore band: all our hopes of escape quite funk, and our spirits droop 2x with fasting: when Paul presented bimself, and said, " well, my friends, it bad " been, if I could have pre-" vail'd upon you, to bave " sav'd your selves all this " perplexity and loss by stay-" ing at Crete. yet now 122 " advise you to discard your " fears: your lives are all " safe, though the vessel will " be lost. for an angel of 23 " that God ", whose minister " I am, and whom I ferve, " this night appear'd to me, " and said, Paul, be not a- 24 " fraid: you must be brought " before Cefar: and upon " your account, the whole " company now with you, " will God preserve. take 25 " courage then, my friends, " for I have this confidence " in God, that what has " been told me, shall be ef-" felled, notwithstanding we 26 " must be shiptorack'd upon " some island."

It was the fourteenth night 27 that we had been driving up and down in the Adriatick sea, when the ship's crew about midnight suspected they were making to land: they 28 threw

CON

ρον ορισιας εικοσι, βραχυ δε διαστησαντες, και παλιν βο-MOANTES, EUPON OPPULAS DE-29 καπεντε. φοβουμένοι τε μηπως εις Τράχεις Τοπους εκπεσωμέν, εκ πρυμνής είψαντες αγκυρας τεσσαρας, πυχοντο 30 ήμεραν Γενεσθαι. Των δε ναυτων ζητουντων φυρείν εκ του **Άλοιου, και ΧαλασανΤων Την** σκαφην εις την θαλασσαν, προφασει ώς εκ πρωρας μελ-31 DOVTWY ATKUPAC EKTEIVELY, EIπενό Παυλος τω έκατονταρχη, και τοις στρατιωταις, " εαν μη ουτοι μεινωσιν εν " τω πλοιώ, ύμεις σωθηναι 32" ου ουνασθε." Τοτε οι στρατιωται απεκοψαν τα σχοινία της σκαφης, και ει-33 ασαν αυτην εκπεσείν. αχρι δε ου εμελλεν ήμερα γινεσθαι, παρεκαλει ο Παυλος άπαντας μεταλαβειν τροφης, λεγων, " τεσσαρεσκαιδεκατην ση-" μερον ημεραν προσδοκων-TEL, AGITOI DIATENEITE, 34 " μποεν προσπαβομενοι. διο παρακαλω ύμας προσλα-... βειν τροφης, τουτο γαρ τρος της υμετερας σωτητι ριας υπαρχει, ουδενος γαρ " ύμων θρίξ εκ Της κεφαλης 35" πεσειται." ειπων δε ταυτα, και λαβων αρτον, ευχαριστησε τω Θεω ενωπιον παντων, και κλασας πρξατο 36 εσθιειν. ευθυμοι δε Γενομενοι παντες, και αυτοι προσελα-37 βοντο τροφης ήμεν δε εν τω πλοιω

threw the line and founded twenty fathom water : a little further they sounded again. and came to fifteen fathom: then for fear of striking upon 29 the rocks, they dropt four anchers aftern, and lay impatient for the day, but the 30 crew under pretext of dropping their anchors to moor. bad boifted out the boat; designing to make off: upon 31 this Paul said to the centurion and bis men, " except " the crew stay aboard, you " can't be safe:" and im-22 mediately the soldiers chopt the cable, and set the boat adrift. while they were wait-33 ing for day, Paul advis il the whole company to take some refreshment: " these " fourteen days, said be, " you have been very ab-" ftemious, and not made a " meal: therefore, pray, 34 " take something to recruit " your strength: and be af-" fur'd every one of you shall " be preserv'd." baving said 35 this, he took bread, and gave thanks to God, the whole company present: then be broke it and began to eat, at which they all took heart 36 and fell a eating likewise, the 37 whole number then on board being two bundred and fe-

TRANSPER TRAVER WESCH! Die-38 KOSTIKI EBBOUMKOVTKEE, KOproderies de Troque, exoupi-LOV TO TROIDY, EXBARROLEVOL TON GITON EK THE BANGGAN. 39 ore de muspa erevero, The prin OUR EXECTIVISTICAL KONTON DE TIVA KATEVOOUV EXOVTA AILIAπου, εις ον εβουπεύοντα, ει ουνατου, εξωσαι το πλοιου. 40 KM TAC ATKUPAC TEPLENOUTES YEND EK THY BANGGAR. a-MA AVENTER TAR LEUKTHOL-ME TON TINDARION, KAL ETA-PAUTES TON APTEMONA TH THEovon. Kateixov eig Tov ai-TIMAON MEDIMEGOVYES DE EIS 41 TOTON SIBANAGOON PAUKEL-TANTHY VAUY, KAN H HEV. TOOL-PAL EDGLO AUTA EUSLINEV ACTORNEU-TOO, ThOS APUMBA EXUETO UTO 42 TIK BIAG TWY KUMATWY. δε στρατιωτων βουλη εγένετο ένα τους δεσμωτας αποκτει-VWOI, MITTIC EKKONUMBIOTOC 43 διαφυγοι. ο δε εκατονταρχος, Βουπομενος διασωσαι τον -Τλαυλον, εκωλυσεν αυτους TOU BOUNHURTOS, EKENEUTE TE τους δυναμενους κολυμβαν, **Επορρ**ίψαντας πρωτούς επί 44TH THE ELEVAL, KAL TOUR ROL πους, ους μεν επι σανισιν, ους WE ET TIVOU TON ATTO TOU Ήποιού και ουτως εγενετο παντας διασωθηναι επι την την. 1 Takar Stanwhytes, TOTE E-

φε επι τινών των απο του πλοιού και ουτως εγενετο παντας διασωθηναι επι την την.

1 και διασωθεντες, τοτε επερυωμεν οτι Μελιτη ή νησος fo
2 καλειται. οι δε βαρβαροι ο

venty six. when they had 28 eat enough, they threw the wheat over board to ease the ship : at day-break they 39 made an unknown land, with a creek, where they resolv'd, if it were possible, to run the ship ashore. accordingly, 40 baving beaved in their anchors, they drove with the sea, then loos'd the belm, bois'd the mizen-fail to wind. and made to shore: when 41 falling into the confluence of two currents, they ran the hip a-ground: where the fore-castle stuck fast and would not give, but ber stern was shatter'd by the violence of the waves. the soldiers 42 propos d to dispatch the prisoners, for fear any of them Should from for their lives; but the centurion, who had 43 a mind to save Paul, prevented their design: and order'd all that could swim immediately to get off to shore, and the rest to get upon the 44 planks, or other pieces of the wreck: and by this means it bappen'd that they all came safe to land.

Having thus escaped, we so found we were upon the isse of Malia: where the inha- 2 bitants.

TAPEIXOU OUTHU TUXOUTAY OIλανθρωπιαν ύμιν, αναυταντες ταρ πυραν, προσελαβοντο παντας ήμας, δια τον ύετου τον εφεστωτα, και δια το 3 Ψυχος, συστρεψαντος δε του Παυλου φουτανων πληθος, και επιθεντος επι την πυραν, εχιδυα εκ της θερμης εξελθουσα 4 καθηψε της χειρος αυτου. ώς δε ειδον δι βαρβαροι κρεμαμε-YOU TO UNCLOY EK THE XELDOS QU-Του, ελεγού προς αλληλους, παντως φωνευς εστιν ο ανθρωπος ουτος, ον διασωθεντα εκ της θαλασσης ή δικη ζην 5 OUK LAGEY. O MEY OUY, ATTO-Τιναξαμένος το θηριον εις το 6 πυρ, επαθεν ουδεν κακον. δε προσεδοκων αυτον μελλειν πιμπρασθαί, η καταπιπτείν αφνω νεκρον. επι πολυ δε αυτων προσδοκωντων και θεωρουντων μπδεν α ποπον εις αυτου γινομενου, μεταβαλ-NOMEYOU EXELON GEON AUTON ELval.

7 Εν δε Τοις περι Τον Τοπον εκεινον ύπηρχε χωρια τω πρωτω Της νησου, ονοματι Ποπλιω, ος αναδεξαμενος ήμας,
τρεις ημερας φιλοφρονως εξενι8 σεν. εγενετο δε τον πατερα
του Ποπλιου πυρετοις και δυσεντερια συνεχομενον κατακεισθαι, προς ον ο Παυλος
εισελθων, και τροσευξαμενος,
επιθεις τας χειρας αυτώ, ια9 σατο αυτον. Τουτου ουν γενομενου.

bitants, as much barbarians. as they were, received us with great humanity. they kindled a fire, and lecur'd us from the falling rains, as well as the cold: when 3 Paul baving taken up some brush-wood and laid it upon the fire, a viper started out from the heat, and feiz'd upon bis band, the barbari- 4 ans feeing the venomous creature bang fast to bis band. faid to one another, this man is a murderer, no doubt : for, escaped from the wreck, the divine justice still purfues bim to death. but Paul 5 shook off the animal into the fire without baving receiv'd any burt. bowever, they ex- 6 petted to bave seen bim swell, or suddenly die away. but when they had waited a good while, and faw no barm come to bim, they were of another opinion, and faid be was a God.

The chief of the island, gone Publius, had his estate in that quarter: he entertain'd us with diet and lodging for three days with great civility. Publius's father hap—8 pening then to lie sick of a sever, and a dysentery, Paul made him a visit, pray'd by him, gave him imposition of hands, and cur'd him, upon 9 this several that were indisposed

νομενου, και ο λοιποι οι εχον-Τες ασθενιας εν τη νησφ, προσηρχοντο, και εθεραπευ-10 οντο. οι και πολλαις τιμαις ετιμησαν ήμας, και αναγομενοις επιθεντο τα προς την χρειαν.

Μετα δε τρεις μηνας ανηχθημεν εν πλοιω παρακεχειμα-ROTI EN TH VHOW, AREEAVOOIνω, παρασημώ Διοσκουροις. 12 KAI KATAXBEVTES ELS SUDAKOU-12 GAS, ETTEMELVAMEN THEPAS TOEIS. οθεν περιελθοντες κατηντήσα-MEN EIG PHTION, KAI HETA HIAN THEORY ETTIFEVOLUTION VOTOU, 1 4 δευτεραιοι πλθομεν εις Ποτιοου ευροντες αδελφους. παρεκληθημεν επ' αυτοις επι-1 5 μειναι ήμερας έπτα, και όυτως είς Την Ρωμήν ηλθομέν. κειθεν οι αδελφοι ακουσαντες τα περι ήμων, εξπλθον εις απαντησιν ήμιν αχρις Αππιού φορου και Τριων ταβερνων, ους ιδων ο Παυλος, ευχαριστησας τω Θεω, ελαβε θανσoc.

ΟΤε δε πλθομεν εις Ρωμπν,
(ὁ ἐκατονταρχος παρεδωκε
τους δεσμιους τω στρατοπεδαρχη) τω Παυλώ επετραπη
μενειν καθ' ἐαυτον, συν τω
τ συλασσοντι αυτον στρατιωτη. εγενετο δε μετα ήμερας τρεις συγκαλεσασθαι τον

pos'd in the island came to Paul, and were cur'd, showing their respect by ma-10 ny presents, and furnishing us with provisions upon our departure.

After baving been there 11 three months, we embark'd on board the Castor and Pollux from Alexandria, that bad put in there by bard weather: we landed at Syr4-12 cuse, and stay'd there three days, from thence we turn'd 12 to the wind, and arriv'd at Rhegium: the next day the wind being at fouth, we came in two days to Puteoli: where 14 finding some bretbren, they destr'd us to stay with them seven days, after which we let out for Rome: the bre-15 thren there having had news of us, came as far as Appiiforum, and the Three inns to meet us: whom when Paul faw, be gave thanks to God. and was greatly encourag'd.

Upon our arrival at Rome, 16
the centurion deliver'd the
prisoners to the captain of
the guard: but Paul was
allow'd to be at private
lodgings, under * the custody
of a soldier. three days af-1ter, Paul sent sor the chief

* Being chain'd to him: a ring at one end of the chain being lock'd upon Paul's right wrift, the other end being fastned in like manner to the soldier's left wrift.

TI OUT ON TOUS ONT AS TWO IOUδαιων πρωτους: συνελθοντων δε αυτων, ελεγε προς αυτους, ανδρες αδελφοι, ετω συδεν εναντιον ποιπσας τω λαω. η τοις εθεσι τοις πατρωοις. " δεσμιος εξ Ιεροσολυμών πα-" ρεδοθην εις τας χειρας των 18 " Ρωμαιων: οι Τινες ανακριναντες με εβουλοντο απολυσαι, δια το μηδεμιαν αι-" τιαν θανατου ύπαρχειν εν εμοι. αντιλεισντων δε των "Ioudaiwy, nvarkao ono E-" πικαλεσασθαι Καισαρά, " ουκ ως Του εθνους μου εχων 20" Τι κατηγορησαι. δια ταυ-" דווי סטי דווי מנדומי אמף ב-" καλησα ύμας ιδειν και " προσπαπήσαι, ένεκεν γαρ " της ελπιδος του Ισραπλ « Την άλυσιν ταυτην περι-21 " KELHAL." OR DE TROS AUTON ELTOV, THEIR OUTE PRAHHATA περι σου εδεξαμεθα απο της Ioudaias, oute maparevousivos τις των αδέλφων απητείλεν TI ENARMOE TI TEPI GOU TOVIT-22 ρου. αξιουμεν δε παρα σου ακουσαι ά φρονεις, περι μέν rap The aiperewe Tauthe Tuwστον εστιν ήμιν ότι παντα-XOU AVTINETETAL.

23 Ταξαμενοι δε αυτώ ήμεραν, ήκον προς αυτών εις
την ξενιαν πλειονες, δις εξετιθετο διαμαρτυρομενος την
βασιλειαν του Θεου, πειθών
τε αυτους του Ιπσου, απο

of the Tews: and when they were assembled, be said to them, " my brethren, tho" " I bave done nothing a-" gainst the Jews, or a-" gainst the customs of our " fathers, I was made a pri-" foner at Jerusalem, and of put into the hands of the "Romans: who, after my 18 " examination, would bave " discharg'd me, as baving " done nothing that was " capital. but the Jews op- 19 " posing it, I was oblig'd " to appeal to the emperor : " not having however any " design to accuse them. for 20 " this reason I desir'd to see " and talk with you ; it be-" ing for the expectation of " Ifrael that I am subject " to " this chain." they re- 21 ply'd, we have receiv'd no letter from Judea concerning you; nor bave any of our bretbren that are arrived, faid any harm of you. but 22 we should be glad to know your fentiments: for as to this sect, we are sensible it is every where inveigh'd against.

Having therefore set bim 23
a day, they came in great
numbers to his lodgings;
where he explain d and confirm d the reality of the gospel-dispensation, from mornZzz ing

ΤΕ ΤΟυ νομου Μωσεως και Των προφητών, απο πρωι έως 24 έσπερας. και όι μεν επειθοντο τοις λεγομενοις, οι δε η-25 אוסדסטי. מסטעששטים לב סי-ΤΕς προς αλληλούς, απέλυοντο, ειπουτος του Παυλου φημα έν, ότι καλως το πνευμα το άτιον εκακπσε δία Ησαιου του προφητού προς 26 τους πατερας πιων, λεγον, πορευθητι προς τον λαον toutov, kai είπον, ακοη ακουσετε, και ου μη συ-VETE, KAI BRETTOVTES BRE-WETE, KAL OU UN LONTE. Eπαχυνθη ταρ ή καρδία του ACOU TOUTOU, KAL TOLS Wσι Βαρεως ηκουσαν, και τους οφθαλμους άυτων εκαμμυσαν, μιποτε ιδωσι τοις οφθαλμοις, και τοις ε ωσιν ακουσωσι, και τη καρδία συνωσι, και επιστρεψωσι, και ιασωμαι 28 " מעדסענ." דישסדטי סטי בס-TW VILLY OT L TOIS EQUEOUY &πεσταλή το σωτηριού του Θεου, αυτοι και ακουσονται. -29 [και ταυτα αυτού ειποντος, απηλθον οι Ιουδαιοι, πολλην EXOVTES EN ÉQUTOIS GULTITH- $\sigma i \nu$.

ing to night, enforcing what the writings of Moses and the prophets had affirm'd concerning Jesus. some be-24 lieved what he had faid, but others did not believe : fo not 25 being able to agree, they resir'd, upon Paul's baving told them, that the boly (pirit had very justly said to our fathers by the prophet Esaias *, " go to this peo- 26 e ple and fay, bearing you " shall bear, and shall not " understand; and seeing " ye shall see, and not perse ceive. for the beart of this 27 " people is become gross, " their ears are dull of " bearing, and their eyes " bave they closed; left they " should see with their eyes, " and hear with their ears. " and understand with their " beart, and be converted " and I should heal them." take notice therefore, that 23 the offers of divine salvation are fent to the Gentiles. and they will receive them. [+baving said this, the Jews 20 went out, warmly debating it among themselves.]

* EG. vi. 9.

+ This verse is not in the Alexandrian MS. nor in Laud. 1. 3. both writ in capitals; nor in Colb. 6. besides several old MSS. mentioned by Erasmus: nor in the Syriac, Coptic, and old Italic versions. Dr. Mills says, "he does more than suspect it to be an interpolation, instances of which frequently occur in this book of the ACTS." vid. Prol.

30 Εμεινε δε ο Παυλος διετιαν όλην εν ιδιώ μισθωματι, και απεδεχετο παντας τους εισ31 πορευομενους προς αυτον, κηρυσσών την βασιλείαν του Θεου, και διδασκών τα περι του Κυριου Ιησου Χριστου μετα πασης παρέησιας, ακολυτώς.

After this, Paul staid two 30 whole years in a house he had hired, and gave access to all that visited him, preach-31 ing the kingdom of God, and instructing them in all things relating to the Lord Jesus Christ, with the utmost freedom, without being molested.

Chap. II. 30. To mara supra avastrassiv tov Koletov.] This is not in the Alex. Barb. 1. nor in Irenaus, the Armenian, Coptic, Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic versions, nor in the first edition of Erasmus. Dr. Mills makes no doubt it was an interpolation. see his remark, a. h. l. & Prol. 1201.

Chap. X. 6. Ouros Auser sor, Tr der rouery.] This is not in Steph. 3. s. s. s. s. Alexand. Laud. 2, 3. Sinah, Magdal. Montf. Lincol. N. Col. 1, 2. feven MSS. of Barbarini, Cantab. 2. Pet. 1, 3. Genev. Cov. 2. Balil. 2. Vien. Seidel. nor in the Coptic, Syriac, Arabic versions, nor in the Complutensian edition.

Verse 21. Τους αποσταλμενους απο του Κοργηλιου προς αυτον.] This is not in Stephens β. λ. δ. ι. φ. Alex. Cantab. Magd, N. Col. 1, 2, Laud. 3. Petav. 1, 3. six MSS. of Barbarini, Cantab. 2. Cov. 2, 3, 4. Genev. Sinah. Euthal. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic versions. see Prol. 970.

Ch. XXIV. 6. all from sava row to sap in v. 8. is wanting in the. Alexand. Cantab. 2. Petav. 1. Hunt. 1. Magdal. Lincol. N. Col. 1. Baf. 2. Lu. Cov. 3. M. Sin. and the Coptic Version, besides several Latin MSS. mention'd by Beda, and many Greek MSS. by Erasmus, who observes that he found those words, but in one MS. writ in small Characters, and then in the margin only; concluding it might be taken out of Lysias's letter, Chap. xxiv. 7.

Chap. XXVIII. 16. O SHATOVTARXOG, Sec. is not in Alex. Barb. 1. Pet. 3. Valefian Lections, nor in the Vulgate or Syriac versions, nor in Chrysostom. Leger and Dr. Mills think it an interpolation. see Prol. 881.

Mat. III. II. Kau zupi] is not in the fix MSS. of Stephen's f. & g. C. I.B. nor in Selden. 2, 3, 5. Bodleian. I, 2, 4, 5, 6. Wheel. I, 3. Googe. Gonvil. Magdal. Lincol. Laud. 2, 5. Roe. Colbert. I. Parif. 1, 3, 8. More I. Bafil I. Emman. Theophilact. Euthym. nor in the Complutenfian edition, made from the Vatican and several other the most valuable MSS. but Jerom, Augustin, Hilary, Cyprian, Theodorus, Herael. Macarius Ægypt. Chrysost. Cyril, Origin, Justin Martyr. the Arabic, Pers. Æthiop. Coptic, Syriac, and Vulgate vertions, besides several very antient MSS. own the expression. see Dr. Mills's different sentiments a. h. l. compar'd with Prol. 690, 1098, 1177.

Chap. VI. 13. Que on sorm ---- es; rove answers] is not in Steph.

B. Cantab. nor in the Vatican MSS. in Uncial letters, supposed to have been writ about 1200 years ago; nor in an antient MS. mentioned by

Sau

Saubert. it is not in the Coptic, Vulgate, Arabic, Saxon versions. Tertullian, Cyprian, Jerom, Chromatius, Ambrose, Augustin, nor the Complutensian edition. the Greek Catena in the emperor's library says, this passage is wanting in some Codes. has described Latinis omnibus ignota, says Grotius. Chrysostom is the first that mentions and explains it, about the same time that the Gothic and Syriac versions were made; in which it occurs, tho with respect to the latter F. Simon thinks it an interpolation, as likewise in the Apostolic Constitutions I. 3. c. 18. Dr. Mills says, it is extremely probable, that this clause was originally borrowed from the Greek liturgys, as the Complutensian editors observe in the margin of their work. see Dr. Mills Prol. 385, 888, 1098, 1360.

Appy] is not in the very antient MSS. of Cambridge, befides feveral mention'd by Beza. the Vulgate indeed, as interpolated by Jerom, has it: but it is not in many Latin MSS. particularly two very antient ones in the Bodleian library, befides feveral very antient Greek MSS. I make no doubt, adds Dr. Mills, it was borrowed from the custom of the antient church, who concluded the prayer with that term as

" a publick mark of their approbation."

Chap. XVII. 35. Ina manger, &c. to the end of the verse, is not in any of R. Stephens's 15 MSS. nor in the Alexandrian, Cantab. Hunting. Gale. Lincol. N. Col. 1. Googe. Gonv. Ephes. Eman. Roe. six Bodleian MSS. Magdal. Laud. 1, 2. ten MSS. of Barbarini, sive of Selden, Wheel. 3. Cypr. Bunckel. Perron. Vien. 3. Colbert. n. 4078, 4112, 5149. Paris. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. Lips. Uster. 1, 2. Colb. 1, 3, 5. Covel. 1: nor in the Coptic, Syriac, Æthiopic, Arabic versions; nor in Origin, Theophylast: Titus Bostr. Euthym. Hilar. Augustin; nor in many Latin MSS. particularly a very antient one in the Bodleian library: nor in the Complutensian edition. it was borrow'd from John XIX. 24. and crept from the margin into the text.

The End of the First Volume.



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LONDON:

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патлот

TOT

АПО Б Т О А О Т н пробрама 1 от Б

ЕПІБТОЛН.

ΑΥΛΟΣ, δουλος Ιησου Χριστου, κλητος αποστολος, αφωρίσμενος εις ευαγγελιον Θ εου, δ προεπητειλατο δια των προφητωνάυτου εν Γραφαις άξιαις, TEPL TOU VIOU AUTOU, TOU FEνομενου εκ σπερματος Δαβιδ 4 κατα σακα, του ορισθεντος ύιου Θεου εν δυναμει, κατα πνευμα άτιωσυνης, εξ αναστασεως γεκρων Ιπσου Χριστου 5 του Κυριου ήμων, δι δυ ελαβομεν χαριν και αποστολην εις ύπακοπν πιστεως εν πασι Τοις εθνεσιν, ύπερ Του ονομα-6 TOS AUTOU, EN OIS EGTE KAI Uμεις, κλητοι Ιησου Χριστου, 7 πασι τοις ουσιν εν Ρωμή, α-ΓΑπητοις Θεου, κλητοις, α̈-Γιοις, χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο Θεου πατρος ήμων, και Κυριου Ιπσου Χριστου.

Πρωτον μεν ευχαριστω τω
 Θεω μου δια Ιπσου Χριστου
 Vo L. II. περί

THE

EPISTLE

O F

PAUL the Apostle

To the ROMANS.

AUL, a servant of Jesus Christ, called to be an apostle, chosen to declare the gospel dispensation, which 2 God bad promised by bis prophets in the holy scriptures. with relation to his son Jesus Christ our Lord, who was of the lineage of David as to bis body, but as to his boly spirit 4. miraculously declared to be the son of God, by his resurrection from the dead: by whose favour I have received the office of an apostle to bring the Gentiles every where in the obedience of faith preached in bis name : among whom Jesus 6 Christ has also called you: to all the beloved of God, the saints by this vocation, who are in Rome, grace to you, and peace from God our father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ.

First, I thank my God 8 through Jesus Christ for you A all,

περι παντων ύμων, ότι ή πισ-TIC DUWY KATATTENDETAL EV O-9 λώ τω κοσμώ, μαρτύς γαρ HOI ECTIV O GEOG. W NATPEUW EV TW TVEULATI HOU, EV TW EUAFFERIW TOU VIOU AUTOU, WS αδιαλείπτως μυειαν ύμων ποι-ΙΟ Ουμαι, παντοτε επι των προσευχων μου δεομενος, ειπως ηδη ποτε ευοδωθησομαι εν τω θεληματι του Θεου, ελθειν ΙΙ προς ύμας. επιποθω γαρ ιδειν ύμας, ίνα τι μεταδω καρισμα ύμιν πνευματικούς εις 12 το στηριχθηναι ύμας: Του-ΤΕστι, συμπαρακληθηναι εν ύμιν δια Της εν αλληλοις πισ-13 Τεως, ύμων Τε και εμου. Ου BEXW DE GUAS AFVOEIN, ABEX-Φοι, ότι πολλακις προεθέμην ελθειν προς ύμας, και εκωλυθην αχρι του δευρο, ίνα καρπού Τινα σχω και εν ύμιν, $\kappa \alpha \theta \omega \varsigma \kappa \alpha \iota \epsilon \nu \tau \sigma \iota \varsigma \lambda \sigma \iota \tau \sigma \iota \varsigma \epsilon \theta -$ 14 VEGIV. ENANGI TE KAI BAFBA-POIS, GODOIS TE KAL AVONTOIS 15 οφειλετης ειμι, όυτω το κατ' εμε προθυμον και ύμιν Τοις εν 16 Ρωμη ευαγγελισασθαι. ου γαο επαισχυνομαι το ευαγγελιον, δυναμις γαρ Θ εου εστιν εις σωτηριαν παντι τω πιστευοντι, Ιουδαιώ τε πρωτον και Ελ-Anvi.

17 Δικαιοσυνή ταρ Θεου εν αυτω αποκαλυπτεται εκ πιστεως εις πιστιν, καθως τετραπται,

all, that your faith is celebrated through the whole world. for God is my witness, to o whom I am entirely devoted, in preaching the gospel of his fon, that I constantly make mention of you, in my prayers, requesting, if it be God's will, 10 that I might now at length have the happiness of coming to you. for I long to fee you, 11 that I may impart to you some spiritual gift, in order to establift you: or indeed that we 12 may bave mutual confolation from the faith which is in commen to you and to me. now I 13 would not have you ignorant, my brethren, that I often purposed to come to you, tho I bave been bindered bitberto. that I might be useful among you as well as among other Gentiles. I owe what fer- 12 vice I can do to the Greeks, and to the Barbarians, to the learned, and to the illiterate. fo, that as far as it depends 13 upon me, I am ready to preach the gaspel to you also, who are at Rome. for I am not a- 16 shamed of the gospel, since it is divinely effectual to falvation, to everyone that believes, to the Jew first, and then to the Gentile.

There it is that divine juf-17 tification is revealed to be wholly by faith: as it is writ-

Γραπται, " ο δε δικαιος εκ "πιστεως ζησεται." αποκαλυπτεται γαρ οργη Θεου απ' ουράνου επι πάσαν άσεβειαν και αδικιαν ανθρωπων των την αληθείαν εν αδικια 19 κατεχούτων, διοτί το γνωστον του Θεού, φανέρον εστίν εν αυτοις, όταρ Θεος αυτοις 20 εφανερωσε. Τα γαρ αορατα αυτου απο κτισεως κοσμου, τοις ποιημασι νοουμένα καθοραται, ήτε αιδίος αυτου δυναμις και θειοτης, εις το ειναι 2 Ι αυτους αναπολος πτους: διοτι EVOUTES TOV ΘΕΟΝ, OUX WS ΘΕον εδοξασαν, η πυχαριστησαν, αλλ' εματαιωθήσαν εν τοις διαλογισμοις άυτων, και εσκοτισθη ή ασυνετος αυτων 22 καρδία. φασκοντες είναι σο-23 φοι, εμωρανθωσαν, και ηλλαξαν την δοξαν του αφθαρ-Του Θεου εν ομοιωματί εικονος φθαρτου ανθρωπου, και πε-Τεινων και τετραποδων και 24 έρπετων. διο παρεδωκεν αυ-TOUS O GEOS EN TAIS ETIBULIAIS των καρδιών αυτών εις ακαθαρσιαν, του ατιμαζεσθαι τα σωματα αυτων εν έαυ-25 TOIS, OI TIVES HETHARAEAN THY αληθείαν Του Θεου εν τω ψευδει, και εσεβασθησαν και ελατρευσαν τη κτισει παρα TOV KTIGAVTA, OC EGTIV EU-ROTHTOGER TOUS ALWVAS. a-26 μην. δια τουτο παρεδωκεν αυτους ο Θεος εις παθη ατι- $\mu \alpha \zeta$

written, " * the just shall " live by faith." there the di-18 vine wrath is revealed from beaven against all impiety, and injustice of men, who wickedly suppress the truth. because what should be known 10 of God they are acquainted with; for God hath manifested it unto them. for ever 20 since the creation of the world, bis eternal power and divinity, things in themselves invisible, are clearly seen, being perceived by the things that are made; so that they are without excuse: because when 21 they knew God, they did not with gratitude glorify him as God, but their reasoning became extravagance, and their minds, void of judgment, were involv'd in darkness. pre-22 tending to be wife, they became fools: the bonour due to 22 God, who is immortal, they transferr' dto idols representing men, who are mortal, to birds and beafts, and infects. where-24 fore God abandon'd them to the impure passions of their own hearts, so that they themselves dishonour'd their own bodies; they changed the true 25 God for an idol, and adored and served the creature more than the creator, who is blessed for ever. amen. for 26 this cause God gave them up A 2

μιας, άιτε γαρ θελειαι αυτων μετηλλαξαν την φυσικην χρησιν εις την παρα φυσιν. 27 όμοιως δε και όι αρρένες αφεντες την φυσικην χρησιν της θηλειας, εξεκαυθησαν εν τη ορεξει άυτων εις αλληλους, αρρεμς εν αρρέσιν την ασχημοσυνην κατεργαζομενοι, και την αντιμισθιαν, ήν εδει, την πλανης αυτων εν έαυτοις απολαμβανοντες.

28 Και καθως ουκ εδοκιμασαν TOV GEOV EXELY EV ETILYWOEL, παρεδωκεν αυτους ο Θεος εις αδοκιμον νουν, ποιειν τα μη 29 καθηκοντα, πεπληρωμένους παση αδικια (πορνεια) πονηρια, πλεονεξια, κακια, μεστους φθονου, φονου, εριδος, δολου, 30 κακοηθείας, ψιθυριστας, καταλαλους, θεοστυγεις, υβριστας, ύπερηφανους, αλαζονας, εφευρετας κακων, γονευσιν α-31 πειθεις, ασυνετούς, ασυνθετους, αστοργούς, ασπονδούς, 32 averenhovas. OF TIVES TO DI-KAIWHA TOU GEOU ETITYOVTES, ουκ ενοπσάν, ότι οι τα τοιαυτα πρασσοντές αξιοι θανατου εισιν, ου μονον δε όι ποιούντες αυτα, αλλα και οι συνευδοκουντες τοις πρασσουσι.

Ι Διο αναπολογητος ει, ώ ανθρωπε πας ο κρινων. εν ώ γαρ κρινεις τον έτερου, σεαυτον κατακρινεις, τα γαρ αυto infamous passions: for even the sex perverted the instinct of nature: and the men un-27 naturally leaving the sex, were instamed with mutual passions, which they shamefully indulged, and received in their own persons, the retribution that was justly due to such enormities.

As they did not feek the fa-28 vour of God, by worshipping bim, God gave them over to a depraved sense, to act unworthy of buman nature; they 29 were full of all injustice, fornication, mischief, covetousness, malice; full of envy, murder, contention, fraud, malignity; wbisperers, back- 20 biters, enemies of God, injurious, proud, vain, inventers of vices, disobedient to parents, void of judgment, fide- 21 lity, and natural affection; implacable, and unmerciful: who knowing the divine rule 22 of right, did not perceive that they who commit such things are worthy of death, and not only they who do the same, but they who give countenance to those that do them.

Thereforethou art inexcusa- is ble, O man, whosoever thou art, that condemnest another, for by condemning them, you condemn yourself; since you

tbat

2 τα πρασσεις ό κρινων. οιδα-HEY DE OT! TO KPILLE TOU GEOU εστι κατα αλήθειαν επιτους τα Τοιαυτα πρασσοντας. 2 λοτίζη δε τουτο, ώ ανθρωπε ό κρινών τους τα τοιαυτα πρασσοντας, και ποιων αυτα, ότι συ εκφευξή το κριμα 4 TOU DEOU? IN TOU TROUTOU Της χρηστοτητός αυτου, και Της ανοχής, και της μακροθυμιας καταφρούεις, αγνοών OTI TO XPNOTOV TOU DEOU EIG 5 HETAVOIAN DE APEL? KATA DE Την σκληροτητά σου και αμετανοπτον καρδίαν, θησαυριζεις σεαυτώ οργην εν ήμερα οργης, και αποκαλυψεως δι-6 καιοκρισιας του Θεου, ός α ποδωσει έκαστω κατα τα ερ-7 γα αυτου, τοις μεν καθ ύπομονην εργου αγαθου, δοξαν και τιμην και αφθαρσιαν ζη-8 TOUTI, COMY ALWHOY: TOIS DE εξ εριθειας, και απειθουσι μεν τη αληθεία, πειθομένοις δε τη 9 αδικια, θυμος κάι οργη. θλιψις και στενοχωρία επί πασαν ψυχην ανθρωπου του κα-TECTALOUSYOU TO KAKOV, IOUδαιου Τε πρωτον και Ελληνος. 10 δοξα δε και Τιμη και ειρηνη παντι τω εργαζομενώ το αγαθον, Ιουδαιώ Τε πρωτον και ΙΙΕλληνι. ου γαρεστι προσωποληψια παρα τω Θεω.

12 Οσοι γαρ ανομως ήμαρτον, ανομως και απολουνται, και οσοι εν νομφ ήμαρτον, δια νο-

that condemn them do the fame things. but we know that the 2 judgment of God against those who commit fuch crimes, is just. do you think then, O man, 2 who dowhat you condemnin others, that you shall escape the judgment of God? or do you 4. despise the riches of his kindness, and forbearance, and long-suffering, not considering that the kindness of God invites you to repentance? bow- 5 ever by your impenitence, and the insensibility of your beart. you treasure up for yourself wrath against the day of wrath, and of the revelation of the righteous judgment of God, who will render to e- 6 very man according to bis actions: eternal life to those, 7 who by patient continuance in well doing, feek for glory, bo-nour, and immortality; but 8 unto those who are contentious. and do not yield to the truth. but give way to injustice, indignation and wrath, triby- o lation and anguish to every one that doth evil, to the Few first, and also to the Gentile. but glory, bonour, and peace, 10 to every man that alls right. to the Jew first, and also to the Gentile: fince with God 11. there is no respect of persons.

For as many as have sinned 12 without the law, shall also perish without the law: and

13 μου κριθησονται, ου ταρ δι ακροαται του νομου δικαιοι παρα τω Θεω, αλλ' οι ποιηταί του νομου δικαιωθησον-14 Ται. όταν ταρ εθνη τα μη VOLLOV EXOVTA, QUOEL TA TOU νομου ποιωσιν, ουτοι νομον MIN EXOYTES, EAUTOIS ELOIL VO-15 MOS, OLTIVES EVOSIKYUYTAL TO εργου του νομου γραπτον εν ταις καρδιαις άυτων, συμμαρτυρούσης αυτών της συνείδησεως, και μεταξυ αλληλων των λογισμων κατηγο-POUVTWY, I KAI ATTOLOTOUME-16 νων, εν ήμερα ή κρινει ο Θεος τα Κρυπτα των ανθρωπων. κατα το ευαγγελίον μου, δια Inσου Χριστου.

17 Ει δε συ Ιουδαιος έπονομαζη, και επαναπαυη τω νομω, και καυχασαι εν Θεω, 18 και Γινωσκεις το θελημα, και δοκιμαζεις τα διαφεροντα, KATTIXOUUSVOS EK TOU VOLLOU, 19 πεποιθας τε σεαυτον όδητον ειναι Τυφλων, φως Των εν 20 σκοτει, παιδευτην αφρονών, διδασκαλον νηπιων, εχοντα Την μορφωσιν της γνωσεως και της αληθείας εν τω νομώ. 2 1 ο ουν διδασκων έτερον, σεαυτον ου διδασκεις? ο κπρυσσων μπ κλεπτειν; κλεπτεις? 220 ASTWY HIT HOLKEUSLY, HOLKEU-

as many as bave sinned under the law, shall be condemned by the law, * in the day, when 16 according to my gospel, God shall judge the secret actions of men by Jesus Christ. for 12 not the bare hearers of the law, but they who observe the law, are fuch as shall be justified, before God. when the 14 Gentiles who have not the law, do by nature what the law prescribes, the' these have not the law, they are a law to themselves: for they shew 15 that the duties prescribed by the law, are written in their bearts, their consciences bearing witness to it, by their own reasonings alternately accusing and excusing them.

Tis true, you bear the name 17 of a Jew, you depend upon the law, and boast of your worship: you know the divine 13 will, and what is contrary thereto, baving been educated in the law: you think you are 19 a guide to the blind, a light to those who are in darkness, an 20 instructer of the ignorant, a teacher to the weak, because you have a clear view of the true meaning of the law. you 21 therefore who instruct others don't you instruct yourself? you who preach against steal-22 ing, do you steal? you who declaim against adultery, do

* N. B. The English answering to the 16th verse of the Greek is transpord, to make the sense more distinct.

εις? ὁ βδελυσσομενος Τα ει23 δωλα, ἱεροσυλεις? ὁς εν νομφ
καυχασαι, δια της παραβασεως του νομου τον Θεον ατι24 μαζεις? το Γαρ ονομα του
Θεου δι' ύμας βλασφημειται
εν τοις εθνεσι, καθως Γεγραπται.

HEPITOUN MEN TOP WOENEL, εαν νομον πρασσης: εαν δε παεαβατης νομου ης, ή περιτομη 26 σου ακροβυστια Γεγονέν. εαν ουν ή ακροβυστια τα δικαιωματα του νομου φυλασση, ουχι ή ακροβυστια αυτου εις 27 περιτομην πορισθησεται? και κρινει ή εκ φυσεως ακροβυστια τον νομον Τιλουσα, σε Τον δια γραμματος και περιτομης 28 παςαβατην νομου? ου ταρ ο εν τω φανερω, Ιουδαιος εστιν, ουδε ή εν τω φανερώ, εν 29 σαρκι, περιτομη: αλλ ο εν τω κρυπτω, Ιουδαιος, και περιτομη καρδίας, εν πνευματι, ου Γραμματι, ου ο επαινος ουκ εξανθρωπων, αλλ' εκ TOU GEOU.

Τι ουν το περισσον του Iουδαιου, η τις ή ωφελεια της
τεριτομης? πολυ, κατα παντα τροπον. πρωτον μεν ότι
επιστευθησαν τα λογια του
Θεου.

you commit adultery? you who abbor idols, do you commit facrilege? and you, who 23 glory in the law, do you difbonour God by the violation of the law? for (as it is 24 written) * the name of God is blasphemed among the Gentiles by your miscarriages.

Circumcifion indeed is an 25 advantage, if you keep the law: but if you violate the law, your being a Jew makes you no better than a beathen. if therefore an uncircumci-26 sed Gentile keep the moral precepts contained in the law. shall not be be reckon'd, as if be were circumcifed? and 27 shall not a Gentile, tho' be is not actually circumcifed, if he fulfil the law, condemn thee, who, the literally circumcised, dost yet transgress the law? for it is not the Few 28 in outward appearance, neither is it the external mark of circumcision: but it is the few, 29 who is so inwardly, and it is the circumcision of the beart. according to the spiritual; not the literal sense, which have the approbation, I do not say of men, but of God.

What advantage then halb the Jew? or what benefit'is there from circumcifion? much z every way: chiefly, because they were intrusted with the

* Ifa. lii. 5. Ezech. xxxvi. 20.

Ocov. Ti jap, el natornoav Τινες? μη ή απιστια αυτων A THE TIGTLE TOU GEOU KATAD-THOSE ? UN TEVOLTO, TIVEOBW SE O BEOG ANTIBAG. THAT SE AVθρωπος ψευστης, καθως ΓΕγραπται, " όπως αν δικαιωθης εν τοις λογοις σου, και " νικησηκ εν Τφ κρινεσθαι σε. ει δε ή αδικια ήμων Θεου δικαιοσυνην συνιστησι, τι EPOULEY ? μn arbitog $\delta \Theta E$ -OS O ETIGEPOUT THE OFTHE ? κατα ανθρωπον, λεγω, μη ב דביסנדם, באבו אשל אסויבו ס GEOG TON KOCHON? EL FORD ή αληθεια Του Θεου εν Τω εμώ ψευσματι επερισσευσεν εις την δοξαν αυτου, τι ετι κάτω ως άμαρτωλος κρινομαι? Και μη καθως βλασφημουμέθα, και καθως φασι τινες ήμας λεγείν, ότι ποιησωμέν τα κακα, ίνα " ελθη τα αγαθα? ών το κριμα ενδικον εστι." ουν ? προεχομεθα? ου παντως, προητιασαμεθα ταρ Ι-10 ουδαιούς Τε και Ελληνάς παντας υφ' άμαρτιαν ειναι. καθως Γεγραπται, " ουκ εστι או " פוגמוסג סטפ בנג, סטג בסדוי 12 6 OUNIWY, OUR ECTIV O EK-TITWY TOV GEOV. HAVTES εξεκλιναν, άμα πχρειωθησαν, ουκ εστι ποιων χρη-« στοτητα, ουκ εστιν έως

oracles of God. for what if 3 some betrayed their trust? shall their unfaithfulness render the faithfulness of God of 4 no effect? by no means; yea, let God be acknowledged to be true, tho' men should be all deceivers; as it is written. " * that you might be justi-" fied in your sayings, and " might overcome when you " are judged." but say you, "if 5 " our unfaithfulness displays " the veracity of God, what " Shall we say? is it not in-" justice in God to inslict pu-" nishment?" not at all: for then bow could God judge the world? " but, say you, " if the veracity of God bath " appeared more illustrious " thro my unfaithfulness, why " then am I condemned as a " sinner? and why may we S " not do evil, that good may " come?" which is slanderously reported to be our maxim, by some, whose condemnation is just. " bow then " are we better than they?" why, not at all: for we have already convicted both Tews and Gentiles, of being all under the guilt of sin. as it is 10 written, " + there is none " righteous, no not one: there 11 " is none that understandeth, " there is none that seeketh " after God. they are all gone 1?

" ÉVGS.

* Pfal. li. 6. + Pfal. xiv. 3.

13 " ένος. ταφος ανεωρμενος δ λαρυτέ αυτων, ταις γλωσσαις αυτων εδολιουσαν, ιος ασπιδων ύπο τα χειλη αυτών: ών το στομα α-15 " ב בי המנ אוגנומה רבעבו. סצבול οι ποδες αυτων εκχεαι αιμα. συντριμμα και ταλαιπωρια εν ταις όδοις αυ-" Των. και όδον ειρηνης ουκ 18" εγνωσαν. Ουκ εστι φοβος
" Θεου απεναντι των οφ-Θεου απεναντι των οφ-" θαλμων αυτων."

19 Οιδαμεν δε ότι όσα νομος λετει, Τοις εν Τω νομφ λαλει, υα παν στομα φραίπ, και ύποδικος Γενηται πας ο κοσμος 2070 Θεω. δίστι εξεργων νομου ου δικαιωθησεται πασα σαρξενωπιον αυτου, δια ταρ νομου επιγνωσις αμαρτιας. 21 νυνι δε χωρις νομου δικαιοσυνη Θεου πεφανερωται, μαρτυρουμένη ύπο του νομου και 22 των προφητων. δικαιοσυνη δε Θεου δια πιστεως Ιπσου Χριστου, εις παντας τους πιστευοντας, ου ταρ εστι δι-23 αστολη. παντές ταρ ήμαςτου, και ύστερουνται της 24 δοξης Του Θεου: δικαιουμενοι δωμαν τη αυτου χαριτι, δία της απολυτρωσεως της εν 25 Χριστω Ιπσου, όν προεθετο ό

" out of the way, they are to-" gether become unprofitable, " there is none that doth good. " no not one. # their throat 12 " is an open sepulchre; with " their tongues they have used " deceit; † the poison of asps " is under their lips: || whose 14 ce mouth is full of curfing and " bitterness. ** their feet are 15 " fwift to shed blood, de-16 " struction and misery are in " their ways: and the way 17 " of peace have they not "known. + there is no fear 18 " of God before their eyes." Now we know that what- 19 ever the law fays, it fays to those who are under the law: that every one may be silenced, and all the world plead guilty before God. for by the obser- 20 vation of the law no one shall be justified in his sight, since it is the law that takes cognizance of sin. but the divine 21 justification certified by the law and the prophets, is now clearly proposed independently of the law: that divine justi-22 fication, which by faith in Jesus Christ is extended to all, that believe; for there is no. distinction: for all baying23

sinned, all bave forfeitea e-

his unmerited favour through the redemption that is by Jesus

ternal glory: being justified by 24

Christ: whom God had or-25 Vol. II. **Θ**εος * Pfil. v. 10. + cxl. 5. # x. 7. ** Ifa. lix. 7. ++ Pfil. xxxvi. 2.

Θεος ίλαστηριον (δια της πιστεως) εντω αυτου άματι. εις ενδειξιν της δικαιοσυνής άυτου, δια την παρεσιν των προγετουστων άμαςτηματων. 26 εν τη ανοχη του Θεου, προς ενδείξιν της δικαιοσυνής αυ-TOU, EY TW YUY KAIPW, EIC TO בושו מעדסי לוגמוסי, גמו לו-KALOUVTA TOV EK TLOTEWS IN-27 GOU. TOU OUN TI KAUXTIGIC? εξεκλεισθη. δία ποιου νομου? TWY EDIWY? OUXI, ANDA DIA 28 VOLLOW THOTEWS. DOFT COME BOX γαρ πιστει δικαιουσθαι αν-20 θρωπον, χωρικ εργων νομου. η Ιουδαιων ο Θεος μονον? ουχι $\delta \epsilon \kappa \alpha \iota \epsilon \theta \nu \omega \nu ? \nu \alpha \iota \kappa \alpha \iota \epsilon \theta \nu \omega \nu.$ 30 ETELTED ELL O DEOL, OL DIKALW-TEL TEDITOLINY EK TITTEWS, KAL ακροβυστιαν δια της πιστε-31 ως. νομον ουν καταργουμέν δια της πιστεως? μη Γενοιτο, αλλα νομον ίστωμεν.

Τι ουν ερουμεν " Αβρααμ " Τονπατερα ήμων ευρήκεναι "κατα σαρκα?" ει Γαρ Αβρααμ εξ εργων εδικαιωθη, εχει καυχήμα, αλλ ου προς 3 τον Θεον. Τι Γαρ ή Γραφη λεγει? " επιστευσε δε Αβρα- " αμ τώ Θεω, και ελογισθη 4 " αυτώ εις δικαιοσυνήν." Τώ δε εργαζομενώ ο μισθος ου λο γίζεται κατα χαριν, αλλα

dained, thro' faith, to be the propitiatory vietim by bis blood, for the manifestation of bis goodness, by patiently pasfing over their past transgresfions: to manifest, I fay, bis 26 goodness at this time: that be might appear to be just, and the justifier of him who believes in Jesus. what reason 27 then is there for boasting? it is excluded. what, by the ceremonial law? no: but by the law of faith. for we con-28 clude, that a man is justified by faith, without observing the legal rites. is God the 29 God of the Jews only, and not of the Gentiles? surely he is of the Gentiles too; since it is 30 one God, who will just ify both the Jews and the Gentiles, through faith. do we then 21 make the law useless by our dostrine of faith? by no means : on the contrary, it is we that observe the law.

How then can we affert, to that Abraham our father obtained this from circumcifion?" for if Abraham was justified by works, he had matter of pretention, whereas he had no such claim from God. for what saith the fripture? "Abraham be-"lieved God, and it was "counted to him for rightcounted as a favour to him

τω δε κατα το οφειλημα. μη εργαζομένω. πιστευοντι δε επι του δικαιουντα του ασεβη, λογίζεται ή πιστις αυ-6 του εις δικαιοσυνήν, καθαπερ και Δαβιδλεγει τον μακαρισμού του αύθρωπου, ώ ό Θεός λογιζεται δικαιοσυνην 7 χωρις εργων, " μακαριοι ών αφεθησαν αι ανομιαι, και ών επεκαλυφθησαν άι ά-" µартіаі. µакаріос атр ю ου μη λοςισηται Κυριος άμαστιαν.

Ο μακαρισμος ουν ουτος, επι την περιτομην, η και επι την ακροβυστιαν? λεγομεν γαρ ότι ελογισθη τω Αβρααμ ή 10 πιστις εις δικαιοσυνήν. πως OUN EXOPICABLE EN MEDITOMIN οντι, η εν ακροβυστια ? ουκ εν περιτομή, αλλ' εν ακρο-ΙΙ Βυστια. και σημειον ελαβε περιτομής, σφραγιδά της δι-KALOGUYNS THE THOTEWS THE EN τη ακροβυστια, εις το ειναι αυτον πατερα παντων των πιστευοντων δι ακροβυστιας, εις το λογισθηναι και αυτοις 12 Την δικαιοσυνην: και πατερα TEPITOUTS, TOIS OUK EK TEPIτομης μονον, αλλα και τοις OTOIXOUGI TOIS IXVEGI THE EV that has done good actions, but as a debt: whereas he that trusts in God to be made righteous, tho' he has not done such actions, shall find his faith accounted as righteousness. even as David also fpeaks of the happiness of the man whom God accounted righteous independently of his works, "* happy are they whose iniquities are for"given, and whose sins are

" covered. bappy is the man 8
to whom the Lord will not
account sin."

Is this happiness then for 9 the circumcifed only, or for the uncircumcifed also? for we say that faith was accounted to Abrabam for righteousness. bow was it then 10 accounted? whilft be was circumcifed, or uncircumvifed? be was not then circumcifed, but uncircumcised: and be re- 11 ceived the sign of circumcision, as a seal of the justification by that faith, which the uncircumcised bave: that he might be the father of all those who believe, tho' they are uncircumcised, that it might be accounted to them also for righteousness: and the father of 12 the circumcifed, that is of those who are not barely circumcifed, but who imitate that faith which

τη ακροβυστια πιστεως του πατρος ήμων Αβρααμ.

12 Ου γαρ δια νομου ή επαι-Γελία Τω Αβρααμ, η τω σπερματι αυτου, τον κληρονομον αυτον είναι του κοσμου. αλλα δια δικαιοσυνής πιστε-14 ως. ει Γαρ α εκ νομου, κλη-POVOMOL, KEKEYWTAL 'N TIOTIS. και κατηρηται ή επαγγελια. I ZO TAP VOLOS OPTIV KATEPTALE-Tal, OU FAP OUK EGT! VOLOS, 16 ουδε παραβασις. δια τουτο εκ πιστεως, ίνα κατα χαριν, εις το ειναι βεβαιαν την επαιτελιαν παντί τω σπερμα-TI, OU TW EK TOU VOLLOU HO-YOU, ANNA KALTWEK TIGTEWS Αβρααμ, οξεστι πατηρ παν-17 των ήμων, καθως ΓεΓραπται, " ότι πατερα πολλων εθνων " τεθικα σε," κατεναντι ου Σπιστευσε Θεου, του ζωοποιουντος Τους νεκρους, και καλουντος τα μη οντα ικ ονε R Τα. ος παρ' ελπιδα επ' ελπιδι επιστευσεν, εις το Γενεσθαι αυτον πατερα πολλων εθνων, κατα το ειρημενου, " ου-🔨 τως εσταιτο σπερμασου." 10 και μη ασθενησας τη πιστει, ου κατέγοησε το ξαυτου σωμα (ηδη) νενεκρωμενον, έκατουταετης που υπαρχων, και την νεκρωσω της μητρας which our father Abraham had, heing yet uncircumcifed.

Besides, the promise that be 12 should possess the world was not made to Abraham, or to bis posterity in consideration of the law, but with regard to the righteousness by saith. for 14 if they only who are of the law bave right of possission, faith is made ujeless, and the promise becomes of no effect. because the effect of the law 15 is punishment : for if there bad been no law, there could bave been no transgression. therefore the inheritance is of 16 faith, that it might be mearly of favour, to the end the , romife might be affured to all bis posterity, not to that fart only who have the law, but to that also who have the faith of Abraham, the father of us all, as it is written, " * I have 17 " made thee a father of many " nations," then existing in the fight of God, whom he believed, who gives life to the dead, and calls forth things that are not, as if they were: be it was who against hope 18 believed inhope, that be fould become the father of many na-. tions, according to what was told bim, " so shall thy pos-" terity be:" far from being 19 weak in faith, unconcern'd at bis own bodily decay, being then about

20 Σαρρας. εις δε την επαγγε-TIAN TOU SEOU OU DIEKPION TH απιστεια, αλλ' ενεδυναμώθη τη πιστει, δους δοξαν τω 21 Θεω, και πληροφορηθεις ότι ο επηγελται, δυνατος εστι 22 και ποιησαι. διο και ελογισ-22 θη αυτω εις δικαιοσυνην. Ουκ 24 ε[ραφη δε δι αυτον μονον." ότι ελοτισθη αυτώ, αλλα και δι ήμας, δις μελλει λογίζεσθαι, τοις πιστευουσιν επι τον εγειραντα Ιπσουν τον Κυριον 25 ήμων εκ νεκρων, ός παρεδοθη δια τα παραπτωματα ήμων, και ηςερθη δια την δικαιωσιν ກໍ່ແພນ.

Δικαιωθέντες ουν εκ πισ-Τεως, ειρηνην εχομέν προς Τον Θεον δια Του Κυριου ήμων Ιπ-2 σου Χριστου. δί ου και την προσαζωζην εσχηκαμέν (Τη πιστει) εις την χαριν ταυτην εν ή έστηκαμεν, και καυχωμεθα επ' ελπιδι της δοξης του 3 Θεου. ου μονον δε, απλα και καυχωμέθα εν ταις θλιψεσιν, ειδοτες ότι ή θλιψις 4 ύπομουπν κατεργαζεται, ή δε ύπομονη δοκιμην, η δε δοκιμη S ελπιδα. ή δε ελπις ου καταισχυνει, ότι ή αζαπη του Θεου εκκεχυται εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων δια πνευματος άγιου του 6 δοθεντος ήμιν. έτι ταρ Κρισ-

about an hundred years old, and at Sarab's incapacity of child-hearing, he was not in-29 credulously diffident of the divine promise; but was strong in faith, and did bonour to God, by the full persuasion be 21 bad, that what he had promised, be was able also to perform. and therefore it was ac- 22 counted to bim for righteousness. now this faying, "that it was 22 " accounted to bim," was not written for bis sake alone, but 24 for us also, to whom it shall be accounted, if we believe on bim that raised up fesus our Lord from the dead, who 25 was delivered for our offences, and was raised again for our justification.

Therefore being justified by faith, we have peace with God, through our Lord Jesus Christ, who has given us access by faith to that degree of favour, we are in, by robich we triumph in the hopes of divine glory, and not only 3 so, but we triumph in tribulation also, knowing that tribulation worketh patience; and patience, probation; and 4 probation, hope: now hope will not deceive us, because the love of God is diffused thro' our bearts, by the boly spirit which is given to us; for at 6 the appointed time Christ died

for

TOS

τος οντων ήμων ασθενων, κατα χαιρον ύπερ ασεβων απε-7 θανε. μολις γαρ ύπερ αδικου τις αποθανειται, υπερ γαρ του αγαθου ταχα τις και 8 Τοχμά αποθανείν. συνίστησι δε την έαυτου αγαπην εις ήμας ὁ Θεος, ότι ετι άμαρτωλων οντων ήμων, Χριστος ύ-9 περ ήμων απεθανεί πολλώ ουν μαπλον, δικαιωθεντες νυν εν τω αιματι αυτου, σωθησομεθα δι' αυτου απο της ορ-10 γης. ει γαρ εχθροι οντες κατηλλατημέν τω Θεω δια του θανατου του ύιου αυτου. πολλω μαλλού καταλλατεύτες σωθησομεθα εν τη ζωη 11 αυτου. ου μονον δε, αλλα και καυχωμενοι εν τω Θεω δια του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χρισ-דסט, אני טעע דחי אמדמאλαςτιν ελαβομεν.

12 Δια τουτο ώσπεο δι' ένας ανθρωπου ή άμαρτια εις τον κοσμον εισηλθε, και δια της άμαρτιας ο θανατος, και ουτως εις παντας ανθρωπους διπλθεν, εφ' ώ παντες ήμας-13τον. αχρι γαρ νομου αμαρτια πν εν κοσμώ, αμαρτια δε ουκ ελλοτειται μη ουτος νο-14μου. αλλ'εβασιλευσεν όθα-. νατος απο Αδαμ μεχρι Μωσεως, και επι τους μη άμαρτησαντας επι τω διωιωματι της παραβασεω: Αδαμ, ος εστι τυπος του μελλουτος. 15αλλ' ουχ ώς το παραπτωμα, ουτω και το χαρισμα.

for us, when we were in a belpless, sinful state. now 7 for a wicked man no one would willingly die; but for a benefactor some bave readily offer'd to die. but bere- 8 in bath God displayed his love towards us, in that Christ died for us, even while we were yet sinners. much more 9 then being now justified by his blood, shall we thro' bim be delivered from the wrath to come. for if, when we were 10 enemies, we were reconciled to God by the death of his son: much more being reconciled, shall we be saved by his life. and not only so, but we 11 have present joy in God, throughour Lord Jesus Christ, by whom we have now obtained the reconciliation.

Wherefore, as by one man 12 sin entered into the world, so death by this sin; and thereby death passed upon all men, who all by his means became mortal. sin indeed was in 13 the world all the time before the law: but then fin is not punished when there is no law. nevertbeless death reign- 14 ed from Adam to Moses, even over those who had not finned by violating a positive law, as did Adam, who is the type of him that was to 15 come: but yet the damage of the fall does not exactly correspond

ει Γαρ Τω Του ένος παραπτωματι οι πολλοι απεθανον, πολλω μαλλον ή χαρις του Θεου και ή δωρεα εν χαριτι τη του ένος ανθοωπου Ιησου XSIGTOU EIG TOUG TOXXOUGE-16 περισσευσε. και ουχ ώς δι ένος αμαστησαντος, το δωρημα, Το μεν γαρ κριμα εξ έ-VOK ELG KATAKPIHA, TO DE XAεισμα εκ πολλων παραπτω-4 7 ματων, εις δικαιωμα. ει Γαρ τω του ένος παραπτωματι δ θανατος εβασιλευσε δια του ένος, πολλω μαλλον οι Την περισσειαν της χαριτος και της δωρεας της δικαιοσυνης λαμβανοντες, εν ζωη βασιλευσουσι δία του ένος Ιπσου Χριστου.

Αρα ουν εκ δι ένος παραπτωματος, εις παντας ανθρωπους, εις κατακριμα, δυτω και δι' ένος δικαιωματος, εις παντας ανθρωπους, εις δικαι-19 ωσιν ζωης. ώσπερ γαρ δια της παρακοής του ένος ανθρωπου αμαρτολοι κατεσταθησαν οι πολλοι, ουτω και δια της υπακοης του ένος δικαιοι κατασταθησονται δι 20 πολλοι. νομος δε παρεισηλθεν ίνα πλεοναση το παραπτωμα. ου δε επλεονασεν ή άμαςτια, ύπερεπερισσευσεν ή 21 Χαρις. ίνα ώσπερ εβασιλευσεν ή άμαρτια εν τω θανατώ, ουτω και ή χαρις βασιλευση δια δικαιοσυνής εις ζωήν αι-

 $\omega \nu \iota o \nu_{2}$

respond to the advantages of the divine favour : for the through the fall of one, mankind became mortal, yet this is greatly over-ballanced by the favour and bounty of God, in the benevolence of one man, Fesus, Christ, to all mankind. neither is the gift, as was the 16 fall by one sin: for the sentence of condemnation, was for one offence; but the divine favour extends to justification from a multitude of sins. for 17 the death reigned thre' the single offence of one, they who receive the most valuable favour, even the gift of righteousness, shall much more eafily reign by the life of one, even Jesus Christ.

Therefore as by one offence all men fell under condemnation: even so by one ast of righteousness, all men are restored to life. for as by one 19 man's disobedience many receiv'd the punishment of sinners, so by the obedience of one shall many receive the reward of the righteous. the law was 20 introduc'd, that the greatness of the fall might fully appear; but the more sin display d its enormity, the divine favour was so much the more trans-21 cendent, that as sin prevailed unto death, even so might the divine favour prevail by righ-

teou[nefs

ωνιον, δια Ιπσου Χριστου του Κυριου ήμων

Τι ουν ερουμεν, επιμενωμεν τη άμαρτια, ίνα ή χαρις 2 TALOVAON? UN TEVOLTO, OIτινες απεθανομέντη άμαρτια, 2 TWEETI ENGOLEY EV AUTH? " απνοειτε ότι όσοι εβαπτισ-Onkey EIG XDIOTON INGOUN, EIG τον θανάτον αυτου εβαπτισ-▲ θημέν ? συνεταφημέν αυτω δια του βαπτισματος εις του θανατου, ίνα ώσπερ ηγερθή Χριστος έκ νεκρων δια της δοξης του πατρος, ουτω KAI THISIS EN KAINOTHTI COMS 5 περιπατησωμέν. ει γαρ συμφυτοι Γεγοναμεν Τω ομοιωματι του θανατου αυτου, αλλα και της αναστασεώς εσομε-6 θα. τουτό Γινωσκοντές, ότι ό παλαιος ήμων ανθρωπος συνεσταυρωθη, ίνα καταρ**τηθη το σωμα της αμαρτιας,** Του μπκετι δουλευειν ήμας τη γ αμαρτια. ο γαρ αποθανών δεδικαιωται απο της άμαρ-8 τιας. ει δε απεθανομέν συν 9 Χριστω, πιστευομέν ότι και συζησομεν αυτώ, ειδοτες ότι Χριστος εγερθεις εκ νεκρων, ουκ ετι αποθνησκει, θανατος TO AUTOU OUK ET! KUCIEUE!. O CAP απεθανε, τη αμαρτια απε-

θανεν εφαπαξ, ο δε ζη, ζη τω

teousness unto eternal life, thro' Jesus Christ our Lord.

Do we then conclude thus, let us continue in fin, that the divine favour may be more fully display'd? God forbid, 2 that we who have dird to fin should live any longer therein. * don't you know that when 3 we were all baptized in the name of Jesus Christ, we were plunged into a state figurative of bis death. therefore 4 we are buried with him by being plunged into a fort of death: that as Christ was raised up from the dead into a state of glory with the father, even fo we also should proceed to a new state of life. for if we resembled bim with regard to death, certainly we shall likewife do fo with regard to bis refurrettion: confidering this, that our vicious passions were crucified with him, that the body of sin being destroyed, we might not any longer be vassals tofin. for by its being dead, we are set free from sin. since then we died with Christ, we are persuaded that we shall also live with him: knowing that 9 Christ being raised from the dead, is to die no more; death bath no more dominion over bim. for as to bis death, he to died upon the account of fin once for all; but as to his be-

ing

11 Θεφ. ουτω και ύμεκ κοτίζεσθε, εαυτους νεκρους μεν ειναι τη αμαρτια, ζωντας δε τω Θεφ εν Χριστω Ιπσου τω Κυριω ήμων.

12 Μη ουν βασιλευετω ή άμαρτια εν τω θνητω ύμων
σωματι, εκ το ύπακουειν αυτη (εν ταις επιθυμιαις αυ13 του.) μηδε παριστανετε τα
μελη ύμων όπλα αδικιας τη
άμαρτια, αλλα παραστησατε έαυτους τω Θεω, ως
εκ νεκρων ζωντας, και τα μελη ύμων όπλα δικαιοσυνης τω
14 Θεω. άμαρτια γαρ ύμων ου
κυριευσει, ου γαρ εστε ύπο
νομον, αλλ ύπο χαριν:

15 Τιουν? αμαρτησομέν, ότι ουκ εσμεν ύπο νομον, αλλ ι 6 ύπο χαριν ζ μπ Γενοιτο. OLÔATE OTI À MACIOTAVETE Èαυτους δουλους εις ύπακοην. δουλοι εστε ώ ύπακουετε, ητοι άμαρτιας εις θανατον, η 17 ύπακοης εις δικαιοσυνήν ? Χαρις δε τω Θεω, ότι πτε δουλοι της άμαρτιας, ύπηκουσατε δε εκ καρδιας εις όν παρεδοθη-18 τε τυπον διδαχης. ελευθερωθεντες δε απο της αμαρτιας, εδουλωθητε τη δικαιοσυνη. 19 ανθρωπινον περω, δια την ασθενειαν της σαρκος υμων. ώσπερ ταρ παρεστησατε τα μελη ύμων δουλα τη ακαing alive, he lives to the glory of God for ever. in like 11 manner confider your selves as dead to fin; but alive to God, through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Let not fin therefore reign 12 in your mortal body, by making you flaves to the lufts thereof. neither yield your 13 members as instruments to iniquity: but yield yourselves unto God, as being alive after baving been dead; and your members as instruments of righteousness. for then 14 sin shall have no dominion over you: because you are not under the legal, but under the gospel dispensation.

What then? Shall we fin, 15 because we are not under the law, but under the gospel? by no means. know ye not, 16 that to whom ye subject your selves vassals at command, bis vassals you are whom you thus obey; the vassals either of fin to destruction, or of obedience to justification? but 17 God be thanked, that you, who were the vassals of sin, bave sincerely obeyed in the manner the gospel prescribed. being then set free from sin, 18 ye became the servants of righteousness. (I allude to ci-19 vil affairs, because of your unacquaintedness with spiritual matters:) as then you made

θαςσια και τη ανομια εις την ανομιαν. ουτω νυν παςαστησατε τα μελη υμών δουλα τη δικαιοσυνή εις άτιασμον. 20 ότε γαρ δουλοι ητε της άμαςτιας, ελευθεροι ητε τη δικαιο-21 JUVN. TIVA OUV KAPTOV EL-XETE TOTES ED OIL VIN ETICLO-XUVEGUE ? TO TAP TEXOS EKEL-22 νων, θανατος, νυνι δε ελευθερωθεντες απο της αμαρτιας δρυλοθεντες δε τω Θεω, εχετε ν καρπον ύμων εις άτιασμον, το δε τελος. ζωην αιω-2 2 νιον. Τα ταρ οψωνια της άμαρτιας, θανατος, το δε χαρισμα του Θεου, ζωπ αιωνιος εν Χριστω Ιπσου τω Κυριω nawy.

Η αγνοείτε, αδελφοί, τινωσκουσι γαρ νομού λαλω, OTI O VOLOS KUPISUSI TOU AVθρωπου εφ' όσον χρονον ζη? 2 ή γαρ ύπανδρος γυνή τω ζωντι ανδρι δεδεται νομω, εαν δε αποθανή ο ανήρ, κατήρ-**Γηται απο του νομου του αν-**3 δρος αρα ουν ζωντος του ανδρος μοιχαλις χρηματισει, εαν Γενεται ανδρι έτερω, εαν δε αποθανή ο ανής, ελευθερα εστιν απο του νομου, του μπ ειναι αυτην μοιχαλιδα, τενο-4 μενην ανδρι έτερω. ώστε, αδελφοι μου, και ύμεις εθανα-Τωθητε τω νομω δια του

made your natural faculties subservient to impurity, and all manner of vice; make them now subservient to virtue and boliness. for when 20 ve were the vassals of fin, ye were not in the service of virtue. what benefit had you 21 then in those things whereof you are now albamed? fince they terminated all in death. but now being fet free from 22 fin, and actually in the fervice of God, the present advantage you reap is boliness, and the future everlasting life. for the wages of fin is 23 death: but the gift of God is eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Know ye not, brethren, 1 (for I speak to Jews acquainted with the law) that the law bath authority over a man, till it be abrogated? now a married woman is 2 bound by the law to her living busband: but if her busband dieth, she is released from the marriage-contract. wherefore she will be reputed 3 an adulteress if she become another man's during her busband's life: but if ber busband dies, she is clear from that law, from the imputation of being an adulterefs, though she become another man's. thus, my bre- 4. thren, the law is become dead

σωματος του Χριστου, εις το Γενεσθαι ύμας έτερω τω εκ νεκρων εγερθεντι, ίνα καρπο5 φορπσωμεν τω Θεω. ότε γαρ πμεν εν τη σαρκι, τα παθηματα των άμαρτιων τα δια του νομου, ενπργείτο εν τοις μελεσιν ήμων, εις το καρπο6 φορπσαι τω θανατω νυνι δε κατηργηθημεν απο του νομου, αποθανοντες εν ώ κατείχομεθα, ώστε δουλευείν ήμας εν καινοτητι πνευματος, και ου παλαιοτητι γραμματος.

Τι ουν ερουμεν? ὁ νομος ἀμαρτια? μη Γενοιτο, αλλα
την ἀμαρτιαν ουκ εγνων ει μη
δια νομου. Τηντε Γαρ επιθυμιαν ουκ ηδειν, ει μη ὁ νομος
ελεγεν, "ουκ επιθυμησεις."
8 αφορμην δε λαβουσα ή άμαρτια δια της εντολης, κατειργασατο εν εμοι πασαν επιθυμιαν. χωρις γαρ νομου άμαρρις νομου ποτε, ελθουσης δε
της εντολης, ή άμαρτια α-

dead with respect to you by the body of Christ; that you might be subject to another. even to him who is raised from the dead, that we should bring forth fruit unto God. for when we were in the carnal state of the law, the sinful passions of that state set our animal faculties to work in the service of death. but 6 now we are delivered by the death of the law, which held us in bondage: that we might ferve according to the living spirit, and not in the dead letter of the law.

Do we then conclude, that 7 the law is the cause of sin? by no means; but * I sould not have had fuch a notion of sin, had it not been for the law: for I should not bave known concupifcence was a sin, unless the law had said. " thou shalt not covet." but 8 sin receiving strength by the commandment, wrought in me all manner of concupifcence. for before the law sin appear'd dead. then it was q I once liv'd secure; but when the probibition came, fin exerted it self, and I was in a dying

veCnoev.

* It is certain St. Paul does not here mean himself, tho' he speaks in the first person, to soften what would be offensive, if delivered in a direct way. instances of this figure you have Ch.iii. 7. I Cor.iii.4. iv. 6. xiii. 2. Gal.ii. 18. so in this chapter, the law, death and sin are all represented as persons.

10 νεζησεν, εγώ δε απεθανον, אמו ביטסבטח עוסו חל בעדסאח ה בוכ τι ζωην, άυτη εις θανατον, ή ταρ άμαρτια αφορμην λαβου- σα δια της εντολης, εξηπα-THOSE HE. KAI OL AUTHO ATTEK-12 TELVEY. $\dot{\omega}\sigma TE \dot{o} \mu EV VOLOG \dot{\alpha}$ -Γιος, και ή εντολη άγια και 13 δικαια και αγαθη. Το ουν αγαθον, εμοι Γεγονε θανατος ? μη Γενοιτο, αλλα ή άμαρτια, ίνα φανη άμαρτια δία του αγαθου μοι κατεργαζομενη θανατον, ίνα Γενηται καθ΄ ύπερβολην άμαρτωλος ή ά-Ι 4 μαρτια δια της εντολης. οιδαμεν Γαρ ότι όνομος πνευματικος εστιν, εγω δε σαρκικος ειμι, πεπραμενος ύπο την ά-15 μαρτιαν. ο γαρ κατεργαζομαι, ου Γινωσκω: ου Γαρ ο θελω, τουτο πρασσω, αλλ' ο 16 μισω, ΤουΤο ποιω. ου θελω, τουτο ποιω, συμ-17 φημι τω νομω ότι καλος. νυνι 'δε ουκ ετι εςω κατερςαζομαι αυτο, αλλ ή οικουσα εν εμοι 18 άμαςτια. οιδα γαρ ότι ουκ OIKEL EV ELLOI, TOUTEOTIV EV TH σαρκι μου, αταθον. το ταρ θελειν παρακειται μοι, το δε κατεργαζεσθαι το καπον, ουχ 19 ευρισκω. ου γας, ο θελω, ποιω αγαθον, αλλ' ό ου θελω ²⁰ κακον, τουτο πρασσω. ει δε ό ου θελω εγω τουτο ποίω, OUK ET! ETW KATEFTALOMAI AU-Το, αλλ' ή οικουσα εν εμοι

dying condition: and the com- 10 mandment which leads to life was instrumental to my ruin. for fin getting power by the II commandment, deceived me, and by it slew me. wherefore 12 the law is boly; and the commandment boly, and just, and good. was it then good 13 that brought death upon me? no, but it was sin, that fin might show it self by being able to bring death upon me by means of that which is good; that fin, I fay, by the commandment might appear to be exceedingly destructive. for we know that the law is 14 spiritual: but I am carnal, fold a flave to sin. what I do 15 I allow not: for what my mind leads me to, that do I net; but what I have an aversion to, that I do. if then 16 I do what I in my mind am against, the consent of my mind is, that the law is right. now then, it is not wholly I 17 that do it, but the finful pafsions that dwell in me. for I18 experience, that in the carnal part of me dwells no good: for it is familiar to me, to will, but not to execute that which is good. for 19 the good that I purpose to do, I do not: but the evil which I resolve against, that I do. now if I do that which my 20 mind is against, it is not meeriy

21 ajuantia. Euritki ana ton VOLLOW TWO BEXONT! ELLOW THOLELY TO KALLOV. OTI ENOI TO KALKOV 22 TADAKEITAI. GUVINGOUAI FAD TW YOUW TOU GEOU KATA TOY 23 εσω ανθρωπον. βλεπω δε έ-ΤΕΓΟΥ ΥΟΜΟΥ ΕΥ ΤΟΚ ΜΕΧΕΘΙ ΜΟυ αντιστρατευομένον τω νομω Του νοος μου, και αιχμα-RUTICOUTA HE TO YOUW THE AHAPTIAS TW OVTL EV TOIS 24 μελεσι μου, Ταλαιπωρος εΓω ανθρωπος, τις με ρυσεται εκ του σωματος του θανατου 25 Τουτου? Χαρις δε τω Θεω δια Ιπσου Χριστου του Κυριου ήμων. αρα ουν αυτος εςω Τω μεν νοι δουλευω νομω Θεου, τη δε σαςκι, νομω άμαρ-TIAC.

Ουδεν αρα νυν κατακριμα τοις εν Χριστω Ιπσου, μη κα-2 τα σαρκα περιπατουσιν, δ **Γαρ νομος Του πνευματος της** ζωπς εν Χριστω Ιπσου, πλευθερωσε με απο του νομου της αμαρτιας και του θανατου. 3 το γαρ αδυνατον του νομου, εν ω πσθενει δια της σαρκος, O GEOK TON ECUTOU DION TELLψας εν ομοιωματι σαρκος àμαςτιας, και περι άμαρτιας, KATEKPIVE THY AHAPTIAY EV TH A σαρκι. ίνα το δικαιωμα του νομου πληρωθη εν ήμιν Τοις μη κατα σαρκα περιπατου-

meerly I that do it, but fin that dwells in me. I find 21 then a settled custom, that evil is objected in my way whenever I have a mind to ast well: for my mind takes 22 delight in the law of God, but I perceive in the animal 22 part of me another law warring against the law of my mind, and bringing me into captivity to the law of fin. which is in my animal part. O wretched man that I am. 21 what shall deliver me from this body of death? the di-25 vine grace thro' Jesus Christ our Lord. so then, with the mind I my felf am devoted to the law of God; the my carnal inclinations are enslaved to the law of sin.

Sentence of death therefore shall not pass upon those cbristians who do not lead a vicious life. for the christian dispensation of a spiritual life bas set me free from the legal state of sin and death. God baving fent bis 3 own son invested with a body like that of finful men, as a facrifice for fin, thereby destroyed its power; which the law could not effect, buman nature being in such a corrupted state. so that the moral obligations of the law might be fulfilled by us, in living according to the spiritual,

5 σιν, αλλα κατα πνευμα. ΓΧΟ ΚΑΤΑ σαρκα ουτες, τα της σαρκος φρουουσιν, όι δε κατα πνευμα, τα του πνευ-6 ματος. το γαρ φρονημα της σαρκος, θανατος, το δε φρο-VIIHA TOU TVEUHATOS. LWI 7 και ειρηνη. διοτι το φρονημα της σαρκος, εχθρα εις Θεον. Τω γαρ νομω του Θεου ουχ υποτασσεται, ουδε γαρ 8 δυναται. οι δε εν σαρκι οντες, Θεω αρεσαι ου δυνανται. 9 ULLEIC DE OUK ETTE EN TAPKI, αλλ' εν πνευματι, ειπερ πνευμα Θεου οικει εν υμιν. TIC TYSULA XPLOTOU OUK EXEL. 10 OUTOS OUK EGTIV QUTOU. EL DE Χριστος εν ύμιν, το μεν σωμα νεκρον δι' άμαρτιαν, το δε πνευμα, ζωη δια δικαιο-ΙΙ συνην. ει δε Το πνευμα Του EFEICANTOS INGOUN EK NEKDWN OI-KEL EN DILLY, O ETELPAC TON XPLOτον εκ νεκρων. ζωοποιήσει και τα θνητα σωματα ύμων, δια TOU EVOLKOUNTOS QUTOU TIVEUματος εν ύμιν.

12 Αρα ουν, αδέλφοι, οφεί-RETAL EGHEN OU TH GAPKI, TOU 13 κατα σαρκα ζην. ει ταρ κα-TA GACKA LITTS, MENASTE Aποδυπσκείν, ει δε πνευματι τάς πραξείς Του σωματος θα-VATGUTE,

ritual, and not the carnal tenor thereof: for they that are sensually affected, abandon themselves to sensuality. but the spiritual pursue their spiritual entertainments. now 6 sensual inclinations lead to death; but spiritual affections to a life of tranquillity. because a sensual disposition 7 of mind is averse to God: for it is not subject to the divine law, nor indeed can it be. so that they who are 8 in a carnal state, cannot be acceptable to the divine being. as for you, you are not in a such a state, but in a spiritual one, provided the divine spirit dwell in you. now if any man bave not the spirit of Christ, be is none of bis. and if Christ be in you, 10 tho' the body is mortal in confequence of fin; the spirit gives life by justification, for if the 11 spirit of bim that raised up Jesus from the dead, dwell in you; be that raised up Christ from the dead, shall likewise restore your mortal bodies to life, by bis spirit that dwelleth in you.

You are, therefore, bre- 12 thren oblig'd to oppose your sensual passions; for if you 13 lead a sensual life, you will be miserable: but if through the spirit you mortify the affellions.

IAVATOUTE, LEGEGOE. OGOLFAD πνευματι Θεου αγονται, ου-I 5 TOLELO LY VIOL OEOU. OU TAPEλαβετε πνευμα δουλειας πα-NIV EIS DOBOY, AND ENABETE πνευμα ύιοθεσιας, εν ώ κρα-16 ζομέν. Αββα ο πατήρ. αυτο το πνέυμα συμμαρτυρει τω TVEULATI NULL OTLEGUEV TEK-17 va GEOU. EL DE TEKVA, KAL κληρονομοί, κληρονομοί μεν Θέου, συγκληρονομοί δε Χρίστου, ειπερ συμπασχομεν, ίνα 18 και συνδοξασθωμέν. λογίζομαι γαρ ότι ουκ αξιά τα παθηματα του νυν καιρου προς Την μελλουσαν δοξαν α-19 ποκαλυφθηναι εις ήμας. ή γαρ αποκαραδοκία της κτισεως την αποκαλυψιν των ύιων του Θεου απεκδεχεται. 20 τη γαρ ματαιοτητι ή κτισις ύπεταςπ, ουχ έκουσα, αλλα δια τον ύποταξαντα: επ' ελ-21 πιδι, ότι και αυτη ή κτισις ελευθερωθησεται απο της δου-ASIAG THE OBOPAGEIG THE ENEUθεριαν της δοξης των τεκνων 22 του Θεου. οιδαμεν δε ταρ ότι πασα ή κτισις συστεναζει και συνωδίνει αχρι του 23 νυν. ου μονον δε, αλλα και αυτοι την απαρχην του πνευματος εχοντες, και ήμεις αυτοι εν έαυτοις στεναζομεν, ύιοθεσιαν απεκδεχομένοι, την απολυτεωσι: του σωματος

fections of corrupted nature. you will be bappy. as many 14 as are actuated by the spirit of God, they are the sons of God. for the spirit you have 15 received is not servile to keep you still in fear; but it is the spirit of adoption, whereby we cry Abba, that is, father. the same spirit testifies 16 to our spirit, that we are the children of God. and if chil-17 dren, then beirs; beirs of God, and joint-beirs with Christ; although we now suffer with bim, that we may also be glorified with him. for 18. I consider, that the sufferings of this present life are infinitely over-ballanc'd by that glory which shall bereafter be discovered to us. mankind impa-19 tiently desire that the divine being would display himself to bis creatures, who were 20 not, by their own choice, expos'd to this uncertain state, but by virtue of him, who subjected them thereto: and 21 therefore hope to be removed from this slavish condition of mortality to the free inheritance of devine glory. for we 22 know that the whole creation groans, and labours with general pain even to this day. and not only they, but even z's those who have the first fruits of the spirit, even we our selves de inwardly groan for

muse v.

عززة

24 ήμων. Τη Γαρ ελπιδι εσωθημεν. ελπις δε βλεπομενη, ουκ
εστιν ελπις, ό Γαρ βλεπει τις,
25 τι και ελπιζει? ει δε δ ου
βλεπομεν, ελπιζομεν, δι' υπομονης απεκδεχομεθα.

26 Ωσαυτως δε και το πνευμα συναντιλαμβανεται ταις ασθενειαις ήμων, το γαρ τι προσευξωμεθα καθο δει, ουκ οιδαμεν, αλλ αυτο το πνευμα ύπερεντυγχανει ύπερ ήμων 27 στεναγμοις αλαλπτοις. ὁ δε ερευνων τας καρδίας, οιδε τι το φρονημα του πνευματος, ότι κατα Θεον εντυγχανει ύπερ άγιων.

28 Οιδαμεν δε ότι τοις αγαπωσι τον Θεον παντα συνεργει εις το αγαθον, τοις κατα
29 προθεσιν κλητοις ουσιν, ότι
όυς || προεγνω, και προωρισε
συμμορφους της εικονος του
υίου άυτου, εις το ειναι αυτον πρωτοτοκού εν πολλοις
30 αδελφοις. όυς δε προωρισε,
τουτους και εκαλεσε, και όυς
εκαλεσε, τουτους και εδικαιωσεν, όυς δε εδικαιωσε, τουτους και εδοξαζε.

the fruit of our adoption, by
the deliverance of our body
from corruption. for we are 24
faved but by hope: but hope
fupposes things not yet present;
for how can a man hope for
what he has now in posses,
sion? but if we hope for 25
what is yet to come, our patience does necessarily intervene.

"The spirit likewise softens 26 our affictions: for being at a loss to apply for the most proper relief; the spirit it self affects us with those pious ejaculations, which we can't well express. and he that 27 penetrates into the heart approves what the spirit desires, because what he demands for the saints is agreeable to the divine will.

We know too, that all 28 things co-operate for the good of those who love God, who, pursuant to his purpose, has now called them: for whom he 29 before approved, he predisposed to follow † the example of his son, who was to condust them all as their ‡ elder brother; but whom he pre-30 disposed, he calls: and whom he has called, he justifies: and whom he has justified, he glorisies.

What

 T_{i}

^{*} See ver. 16. + Phil.iii. 10, 12. # v. 17. Heb. ii. 9, 10, H Ch. vii. 15. xi. 2.

31 TI OUV EPOUMEY TIPOS TAUτα? ει ο Θεος ύπερ ήμων, Τις 32 καθ ήμων ζός τε του ιδίου ύιου ουκ εφεισατο, αλλ' ύπεο ήμων παντων παρεδωκεν AUTON, THUS OUXI KAL OUY AUτω τα παντα ήμιν χαρισε-33 Tai? TIS ETKANSOEL KATA EKNEKTWY GEOU? GEOG O DI-ZAKAIWY? TIS O KATAKPIVWY? Χειστος ο αποθανών, μαλnow de kai ereplais, os kai eu-TIV EV DEELO TOU DEGU, OCKAL ις εντυγχανει ύπερ ήμων. Τις πμας χωρισει από της αταπης του Χριστου? θλιψίς, η στενοχωρία, η διωρμός, η πιμος, η τυμνότης, η κινουνος, 26 η μαχαιρά? κάθως γεγράπται, " ότι ένεκα σου θανα-" τουμεθα όπην την ήμεραν, " ελογισθημέν ως προβατα 37 " σφαςτι: " αλλ' εν Τουτοις πασιν ύπερνικωμεν δια 38 του αταπησαντυς ήμας. πεπεισμαι ταρ ότι ουτε θανατος, ουτε ζωη, ουτε αργελοι, ουτε aexai, oute duvalueis, oute ενεστωτα, ουτε μελλοντα, 39 ουτε ύψωμα, ουτε βαθος, ουτε τις κτισις έτερα δυνησεταιήμας χωρισαι από της αγαπης του Θεου, της εν Χριστώ Ιησου τω Κυριώ ή- $\mu\omega\nu$.

Αληθειαν λεγω εν Χριστω, ου ψευδομαι, συμμαρτυρουσης

What shall we conclude 31 then from this? if God be for us, who can be against us? he that spared not his 32 own son, but delivered bim up for us all, will be not with him likewife freely give us all things? who shall 33 plead against God's elect? shall God who justifieth them? who shall condemn them? 34 shall Christ that died, year rather, that is rifen again, who is even at the right hand of God, and makes intercession for us? what shall 25 separate us from the love of Christ? shall tribulation, or distress, or persecution, or famine, or penury, or peril, or sword? for as it is writ- 36 ten *, " for thy fake we are " sacrificed every day; we " are counted as sheep for " the slaughter:" yet after 37 all we are more than conquerors, through him that loved us. for I am fully per-38 suaded, that neither death, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor powers, nor things present, nor things to come, neither the high, nor 39 the low, nor any other creature, shall be able to separate us from the love of God by Christ Jesus our Lord.

I call Christ, and the bo- 1
ly spirit to witness with my
D cox-

Vol. II.

* Pfal. xliv. 23.

σης μοι της συνειδησεώς μου 2 εν πνευματι άτω, ότι λυπη μοι εστι μεγαλη, και αδιαλειπτος οδυνη τη καρδία μου. 3 πυχομην γας αυτος εγω αναθεμα ειναι απο του Χοιστου ύπερ των αδελφων μου των 4 συζενών μου κατα σαρκα, οι τινες εισιν Ισραπλιται, ών ή ύιοθεσια, και ή δοξα, και άι διαθηκαι, και η νομοθεσια, και ή λατρεια, και άι επαιτε-5 hiai, we of hatepes, kal ex ών ο Χριστος το κατα σαρ-KA. O WY ETTL TAYTWY GEGS ευλογητος εις τους αιωνας. αμην.

6 Ουχόιον δε ότι εκπεπτωκέν ο λογοκ του Θεου, ου γαρ παντες οι εξ Ισραπλ, ουτοι 7 Ισραπλ, ουδ' ότι εισι σπερμα Αβρααμ, παντες τεκνα, αλλ' εν Ισαακ κληθησεται σοι σπερμα." Τουτεστιν, ου τα τεκνα της σαρκος, Ταυτα Τεκνα Του Θεου, αλλα τα τεκνα της επαργελιας, 9 λογίζεται εις σπέρμα, επαςreales rap o aoros outos, "ka-TA TOV KAISOV TOUTOV E-" λευσομαι, και εσται τη 10" Σαρρα ύιος." ου μονον δέ, αλλα και Ρεβεκκα, εξ ένος κοιτην εχουσα, Ισαακ του ΙΙ πατρος ήμων. μηπω γεννηθεντων, μηδε πραξαντων

conscience, that I speak the truth without quile, when I fay, that I have great bea- 2 viness, and continual forrow in my beart. for I could wift 3 to be as one anathematiz'd from the christian church for my brethren, who are of the fame race as my felf, who are Ifraelites; who had the adoption, the glory, the covenants, the law, the form of divine worship, and the promises; who are the offspring of the patriarchs, and of whom as to the flish Christ came, * who is over all, God bleffed for ever. Amen.

However, the divine pro- 6 mife cannot but have its effeet. for they are not the whole of Ifract, who are descended from Ifrael; nei- 7 ther are they who are the race of Abrabam, all children: but 'tis faid, " in 1-" saac shall thy posterity be " called." that is, the chil- & dren by natural defect are not thereby the children of God: but the children of the promise are along confidered as his posterity, for the words of of the promife run thus, " at this time I will come, and " Sara shell have a son." this appears too from the cafe to of Rebecca, who conceived twins by our father Isaac. for 11 before

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^{*} See the note at the end of this epistie.

Τι αγαθον η κακον, ίνα ή κατ εκλογην προθεσις του Θεου μενη, ουκ εξ εργων, αλλ' εκ 12 του καλουντος, ερρήθη αυτη, " ότι ο μειζων δουλευσει τω 13 " ελασσονι," καθως γεγραπται, " τον Ιακωβ ηγαπησα, " τον δε Ησαυ εμισησα."

14 Τι ουν ερουμεν ε μπ αδικια παρα τω Θεω ε μπ Γενοιτο, 15 τω Γαρ Μωση λεγει, "ελεη"σω ον αν ελεω, και οικτει16" ρησω ον αν οικτειρω." αρα ουν ου του θελοντος, ουδε του τρεχοντος, αλλα του ε17 λεουντος Θεου. λεγει Γαρ ή Γραφη τω Φαραω, στι εις αυτο τουτο εξηγειρα σε, "όπως ενδειξωμαι εν σοι την "όυναμιν μου, και όπως δι"αΓΓΕΝΉ το ονομα μου εν ον θελει, ελεει, όν δε θελει, σχληρυνει.

19 Ερεις ουν μοι, τι ετι μεμφεται ? " τω γαρ βουλημα-" τι αυτου τις ανθεστηκε ?"
 20 μενουνγε, ω ανθρωπε, συ τις

before they were born, and bad done neither good or evil, that the distinction which God had purposed to make might appear to be, not in consideration of their actions, but of his own free call, it 12 was said to her, "the elder "shall serve the younger." as it written, " fucob 13" have I loved, but Esau I have discarded."

What do we say then? 14 is there injustice in God? God forbid. for be faith to 15 Moses, + " I will show fa-" vour to whom I will show " favour, and I will have " compassion on whom I will " have compassion." so that 16 this is a matter not dependent on him that wills or runs, but on God, who shews mercy. for 17 tis said in scripture to Pharaob +, " even for this same " purpose bave I raised thee " up, that I might show my " power in thee, and that " my name might be declared " throughout all the earth." thus some be pursues with bis 18 favours, and abandons others to their obduracy, according as be thinks fit.

But you will object, why 19 does he then find fault? for \$ "who can refift his will?" nay, but, O man, who art 20 thou

* Mal. i. 2, 3. + Exod. xxxiii. 19. + Gen. l. 19. 2 Chron. xx. 6,

CHAP. IX.

EL O AVTATOKOLVOLEVOS TO Θεω? μη ερειτοπλασμα τω πλασαντι, "τι με εποιπσας 21 " ουτως ? " TOUK EXEL EE-OUTION O KEDAMEUS TOU TIT-AOU, EK TOU AUTOU DUDAματος ποιησαι, ο μεν εις TIMIN OKEVOY, O DE EIS α -22 Τιμιαν? ει δε θελων ό Θεος ενδειξασθαι την οργην, και γνωρισαι το δυνατον άυτου, πνεγκεν εν πολλη μακροθυμια **TKEUM OPFMS KATMPTIGUEVA EIS** 23 απωλειαν, και ίνα γνωριση τον πλουτον της δοξης άυ-TOU EMI OKEUM ELEOUS, & MOO-24 η Τοιμασεν εις δοξαν? ους και εκαλεσεν ήμας, ου μονον εξ Τουδαιων, αλλα και εξ εθνων. 25 ώς και εν τω Ωσηε λεγει, καλέσω Τον ου λαον μου, AAOV HOU, KAL THY OUK n-... Γαπημενην, ηςαπημενην. και εσται, εν τω τοπω ου ερρηθη αυτοις, ου λαος μου ύμεις, εκει κληθησονται ύιοι 27" Θεου ζωντος." Ησαιας δε κραζει ύπερ του Ισραπλ, εαν η ο αριθμος των ύιων " Ισραπλ ως π αμμος της " θαλασσης, το κατα-28 " λειμμα σωθησεται. του γαρ συντελων και συντεμνων ποιπσει Κυριος

thou, to raise a dust against beaven? shall the pitcher fay to bim that formed it, wby bast thou made me " thus?" is not the potter 21 the master of his own clay, of the same mass to make one veffel for use and ornament and another for a meaner purpose? if the divine Being 22 bas patiently bore with those objects of his displeasure, that bad been working out their own destruction, why may be not reveal bimself to make them feel bis vindittive power, and display his infinite 23 goodness to such objects of mercy, as be had prepared for glory? to fuch as we, whom 24 be bas called, both from among the fews, and from among the Gentiles, as be faith 25 bimself in Osce, * " I will " call them my people, which " were not my people; and " ber, beloved, which was " not beloved. and it shall 26 " come to pass, that in the " place where it was said " unto them, ye are not my " people; there shall they be " called, the children of the " living God." Esaias also 27 breaks out concerning Ifrael, " + tho' the number of the " children of Israel be as the " sand of the sea, a remnant " only shall be saved. for in 28 " ballancing

... επι * Ch. ii. 23.

3. † Ch. x. 22.

29 " επι της Γης." και καθως προειρηκεν Ησαιας, " ει μη " Κυριος Σαβαωθ εγκατελι- " πεν ήμιν σπερμα, ώ Σο- όδομα αν εγενηθημεν, και ώς Γομοςρα αν ώμοιωθη- μεν ?"

30 Τι ουν ερουμεν ? ότι εθνη τα μη διωκοντα δικαιοσυνην. κατελαβε δικαιοσυνην. δικαιοσυνών δε την εκ πιστεως. 21 Ισραπλ δε διωκων νομον δι-KALOGUUMS, EIS VOLLOV (DIKALO-22 συνής) ουκ εφθασε? διατι? ότι ουκ εκ πιστεως, αλλ' ώς εξ εργων (νομου) προσεκοψαν γαρ τω λιθώ του προσκομματος. 33 καθως Γειραπται, "ιδου, Τι-" θημι εν Σιων λιθον προσ-" κομματος, και πετραν " σκανδαλου, και πας όπισ-" τευων επ' αυτώ, ου κα-" ταισχυνθησεται.

1 Αδελφοι, ή μεν ευδοκια Της εμης καρδίας, και ή δεησις ή προς του Θεον, ύπερ του Ισραηλ εστιν εις σωτηριαν. 2 μαρτυρω γαρ αυτοις ότι ζηλου Θεου εχουσιν, αλλ΄ ου 3 κατ επιγυωσιν. αγνοουντες γαρ την του Θεου δικαιοσυνην, και την ιδιαν (δικαιοσυνην) ζητούντες στησαι, τη δικαιοσυνή του Θεου ουχ 4 υπεταγησαν. Τελος γαρ νο" ballancing the account, the
" Lord will leave a small
" remainder upon the land."
and as Esaias said before †, 29
" except the God of heaven
" had left us a remnant, we
" had been as Sodoma, and
" brought to the state of Go" morrha."

What shall we bence con- 30 clude? that the Gentiles who sought not after justice, have obtained justice, even to that which is by faith: but Israel, 21 who followed the law of justice, bath not attained to the law of justice. wby? be- 22 cause they sought it not by faith, but indeed by the works of the law: for they stumbled at that stumbling-stone; as it 33 is written *, " behold, I lay " in Sion a stumbling-stone, " and a rock of offence: and " whosoever believeth in " bim, shall not be ashamed."

Brethren, my bearty defire and prayer to God for Ifrael is, that they may be faved, for I bear them witness, that they have a zeal for God, but not guided by true knowledge, because being ignorant of the justice which is of God, and going about to establish a justification of their own, they have not submitted themselves to that which is of God, for the end of the law 4 was

μου

* Ch. viii. 14. xxviii. 16.

μου Χριστος, εις δικαιοσυνην παντι τω πιστευοντι.

Μωσης γαρ γραφει την δι-5 καιοσυνην Την εκ Του νομου. " ότι ό ποιησας ανθρωπος, " ζησεται εν αυτη " ή δε εκ πιστεως δικαιοσυνή ουτω λεγει, " μη ειπής εν τη καρδια σου, τις αναβησεται εις τον ουρανου? τουτ Εστι Χριστον καταγαγείν. ή, τις καταβησεταί εις " την αβυσσον ε τουτ εστι χριστου εκ νεκρων αναγα-" [ειν. " αλλα Τι ε εγγυς σου το έπμα εστιν εν τω στοματι σου, και εν τη καρδια σου, τουτ' εστι το ρημα της 9 πιστεως δ κηρυσσομεν, δ-Τι εαν όμολογησης εν τω στοματι σου Κυριον Ιπσουν, και πιστευσης ευ τη καρδία σου OTI O GEOG AUTON MELDEN EK 10 νεκρων, σωθηση. καρδια ταρ RIOTEUETAI EIC ÕIKAIOOUVIIV. στοματι δε ομολογειται εις τι σωτηριαν. λεγει γαρ η γραα πας ο πιστευων επ' Ф77, αυτώ, ου καταισχυνθησεται.

12 Ου γαρ εστι διαστόλη Ιουδαιου τε και Ελληνος, ο γαρ αυτος Κυριος παντών, πλουτων εις παντάς τους επικάλουμένους

* Deut.xxx. 12.

was to bring men to Christ, that every one who believeth, might be justified.

For Mojes describes the s justice that was to be bad by the law, thus *: " the man " who performeth the things " bere required, shall have " life thereby." but the juf- 6 tification which is by faith, speaks in this manner; " say " not in thine heart, who " shall ascend into heaven, " in order to bring Christ " down from above? or, 7 " who shall defeend into the " deep, in order to bring up " Christ again from the " dead?" what does it say " more? the word is nigh thee. " let it be inthymouth and in " thy beart:" that is the word of faith which we preach, for 9 if you openly confess, that Felus is the Lord, and fincerely believe, that God has raised bim from the dead, you shall be saved. for with 10 the heart man believeth unto righteousness, and with the mouth confession is made unto salvation. for the scripture 11 faith +, " who soever believ-" eth on him, shall not be " ashamed."

In reality there is no dif-12 ference between the few and the Gentile: they have all the same Lord, who is bountiful

+ Efa.xxvii.16.

3 λουμενους αυτον. " πας γαρ " ος αν επικαλεσηται το ο-" νομα Κυςιου, σωθησεται."

14 ΤΙως ουν επικαλεσονται εις ου ουκ επιστευσαν? πως δε TIGTEUGOUGIV OU OUK NKOUσαν ? πως δε ακουσουσι χω-15 τις κηρυσσούτος δι πως δε κηουξουσιν, εαν μη αποσταγωσι? καθως γεγραπται, " ώς water of modes Twy EUωραίοι οι ποσε.
" αργεκιζομένων ειρηνην, Των 16" ευας τιζομενών τα α-" [αθα." αρα ή πιστις εξ akons, n de akon dia on-17 ματος Θεου. αλλ' ου παντες ύπηκουσαν τω ευας-This Healas pap refel, Kucie, TIS ETIGTEUGE TH " מגני דישום." מתתם תבן ש, 18 mm our meduday? menounce, " εις πασαν την την εξηλθεν " ο φθοςτος αυτων, και εκ " TA TECATA THE OLKOUMENTS 19" τα επματα αυτων." αλλα λείω, μη ουκ είνω Ισραηλ? πρώτος Μώσης λέγει, " εςω παραζηλωσω υμας επ' ουκ εθνει, επι εθνει α-" συνετω παροργιω ύμας." 20 Ησαιας δε αποτολμα, και ASTEL, " EUPLAND TOIS EME MA ζητουσιν, εμφανής εξένο-" μην Τοις εμε μη επερωτω-

bountiful to all that call upon him. * " whoever shall 13 " call upon the name of the " Lord, shall be saved."

" Lord, shall be saved." But bow, say you, shall the they call on him on whom they have not believed? and how shall they believe in him of whom they bave not beard? and bow shall they bear with- 15 out a preacher? and bow shall they preach except they be sent? as it is written +, " bow beautiful are the feet " of those who preach the " gospel of peace, and bring " glad tidings of good things!" tis true, faith comes by 16 preaching, and preaching is by the divine appointment. but 17 all do not obey the gospel. for Esaias saith, " Lord, who " bath believed our report?" Ireply, have they not beard? 18 on the contrary, " their voice " fpread thro' all the earth. " and their words to the re-" motest inhabitants there-" of 1." but still I ask, did 19 not Israel know this? first, \$ Moses saith, " I will pro-" voke you to jealoufy, by " those that are no people, " and by a foolish nation I will " anger you." but Esaias is 20 more express, and fays, " I " was found of them that " sought me not; I was " made manifest to them that

໌ σι."

* Joel ii. 32. † Ifa. lii. 7. || Ifa. lxv. 1, 2.

Pfal. xix. 5. # Deut. xxxii. 21.

21 "σι." προς δε τον Ισραηλ λεγει, "όλην την ήμεραν εξε-"πετασα τας χειρας μου προς λαον απειθούντα και αντιλεγοντα."

" avtilepovta." Δεγω ουν, μη απωσατο ο Θεος τον λαον αυτου? μη **ΓΕΥΟΙΤΟ. Και Γαρ εΓω Ισραπλι-**Της ειμι, εκ σπερματος Αβρα-2 αμ, φυλης Βενιαμιν. ουκ απωσατο ο Θεος τον λαον άυτου, ον προεγνω. η ουκ οιδα-TE EV HALA TI REFEL TI FRAMM? ώχ ΕνΤυΓΧανει τω Θεω κατα του Ισραπλ, (λεγων,) " Κυ-" ριε, τους προφητάς σου απεκτειναν, και τα θυσιαστηρια σου κατεσκα-" ψαν: κάζω ύπελειφθην " μονος, και ζητουσι την " " Τουσην μου " " « Τουσην μου " » « Τουσην μου " » « Τουσην μου " « Τουσην μου " » « Τουσην μου ψυχην μου." αλλα τι λεγει αυτώ ο χρηματισμος ? κατελιπον εμαυτω έπτακισχιλιους ανδρας, διτινες " ουκ εκαμψαν σονυ τη Βα" αλ." ουτως ουν και εν Τω νυν καιρώ λειμμα κατ' εκ-6 ROTHY XAPITOS FEFOVEY. EL DE XXPITI, OUK ETI EE EFFWY, E-TEL TI XAPIS OUK ETI FIVETAL χαρις.

7 "Τι ουν, ὁ επίζητει Ισραπλ, τουτου ουκ επετυχεν?" ή δε εκλογη επετυχεν, ὁι δε λοιποι επωρωθη8 σαν, καθώς γεγραπται, "ε"δωκεν αυτοις ὁ Θεος πνευμα κατανυξεως, οφθαλμους
του

* 1 Kings xix. 10, 18.

" asked not after me. and 21 to Ifrael be fays, " all day "long I bave stretched forth my bands to an incredulous and rebellious people."

You will say then, bath 1 God discarded his people? by no means, for I my self am an Israelite, of the posterity of Abrabam, of the tribe of Benjamin. God bath not 2 discarded his people whom he formerly approv'd, don't you know what the scripture jays of Elias? how he complain'd to God against Israel, in these 3 words, * " Lord, they bave " killed thy prophets, and " digged down thine altars; " and I alone am left, and " they seek my life also." but what faid the cracle to 4 bim? " I have referved to "my self seven thousand " men, rubo bave not bowed " the knee to Baal." in like 5 manner at this time there is also a remnant chosen by the divine favour; and if it be by favour, it is not upon the account of merit. for then mercy would not be mercy.

"What then, bath not If- 7
"rael obtained what he
"fought for?" no, but the
chofen remnant have obtained it, and the rest are obdurate to this day, as it is S
written +, "God bath gi-

" ven

† If2, vi. 9.

" тои ил въежен, как шта " του μη ακουείν, έως της σημερον ήμερας." και Δα-βιό λεγει, " γινηθητω ή τραπεζα αυτων εις πατιδα. · και εις θηραν, και εις σκαν-" δαλον, και εις ανταποδομα 10 " αυτοις. σκοτισθητωσαν " οι οφθαλμοι αυτων του μη βλεπειν, και τον νωτον " αυτων διαπαντος συγκαμ-" ψον."

11 Λεςω ουν, "μη επταιδαν, " ίνα πεσωσι?" μη ξενοιτο. αλλα τω αυτων παραπτωματι ή σωτηρια τοις εθνεσιν. εις το παραζηλωσαι αυτους. 12 ει δε Το παραπτώμα αυ-Των πλουτος κοσμού, και το πτημα αυτων πλουτος εθνων. ποσώ μαλλον το πληρωμα ₹3 αυτων ? ύμιν γαρ δε λεγω τοις εθνεσιν, εφ' όσον μεν ειμι ετω εθνων αποστολος, την 14 διακονιαν μου δοξασω, είπως παραζηλωσω μου την σαρ-KA, KAI OWOW TIVAS EE AU-15 των. ει γαρ ή αποβολη αυτων, καταλλατη κοσμου, τις ή προσληψις, ει μη ζωη εκ " ven them up to a state of " insensibility; so that their " eyes could not see; and " their ears could not bear." and David says *, " let 9 « their table be made a snare. " and a trap, and a gin. " and a recompence for their " iniquity. let their eyes be 10 " darkned, so as not to see. " and let their back be con-" tinually bowed down." You will say then, "were 11 " they suffer'd to sumble " meerly for their ruin?" no: but that thro' their fall, salvation might be offer'd to the Gentiles, in order to provoke their + emulation. now if their fall be to the 12 advancement of the world, and the + few converts among them bring in whole numbers of the Gentiles: bow much more so will it be, when the Jewish body recover? this concerns you Gen- 13 tiles. for as I am the apostle of the Gentiles, I should do bonour to m; character, if I14 could by any means excite the emulation of my dear countrymen, in order to save some. for, if by rejecting 15 them, the world may be reconciled; what shall their restoration be, but a general resurrection?

* Pfal. lxix. 23.

NEKDON ?

‡ Ch. x. 19. + Ifa.xxxi. 8. their young men shall be few. sig rishua. Lxx. Vol. II.

Eı

16 Ει δε ή απαρχη άγια, και Το φυραμα, και ει ή ρίζα ά-17 Ma. Kai OI Kraboi. Ei DE TIνες των κλαδων εξεκλασθησαν, συ δε αγριελαιος ων ενε-KEYTOLOOMS EV AUTOIS, KAL OUTκοινωνος της διζης και της πίο-18 τητος της ελαιας εγένου, μη κατακαυχω των κλαδων. ει δε κατακαυχασαι, ου συ την ρίζαν βασταζεις, αλλ' ή ρι-19 ζα σε. ερεις ουν, " εξεκλασ-" θησαν οι κλαδοι, ίνα εςω 20" εγκεντρισθω." καλως, τη απιστια εξεκλασθησαν, συ δε τη πιστει έστηκας, μη ύψηλοφεονει, αλλα φοβου. 2 Ι ει γας ο Θεος των κατα φυσιν κλαδων ουκ εφεισατο, μηπως 22 ουδε σου φεισεται. ιδε ουν χρηστοτητα και αποτομιαν Θ εου, επι μεν τους πεσοντας. αποτομιαν, επι δε σε, χρηστοτητα, εαν επιμείνης τη XCHOTOTHTI, ETEL KALI OU EK-23 KONTHOTI. KAI EKELVOL DE, EAV μη επιμεινωσι τη απιστια, εγκεντρισθησονται. δυνατος Γαρ εστιν ο Θεος παλινεΓκεν-24 TPIGAL AUTOUS. EL FAP OU EK της κατα φυσιν εξεκοπης αγριελαιου, και παρα φυσιν ένεκεντρισθης εις καλλιελαιον,

Now if the * first-fruits 16 be boly, so is the whole product: and if the root be boly, so are the branches, if 17 then, some of the branches are broken off, and thou like a wild olive, were grafted in their place to partake of the root and sap of the oliveflock; don't triumph over the 18 branches: or if you do, remember the root is not dependent upon you, but you upon the root. you will fay 19 then, " the branches were " broken off, that I might " be grafted in." well, be 20 it so, for their incredulity they were broken off, and you by faith stand firm: be not then elated, but let this be your fear, lest God should zi not spare you, since be did not spare even the natural branches. confider then the 22 divine benignity, and his severity: bis severity to those who fell, and his benignity to you, provided you adbere thereto; otherwise you likewise will be lost off. nay, even 23 the Jews, if they don't continue still incredulous, shall be grasted in: since divine power can graft them in again. for if you were taken 24 from the wild olive, which was natural to you, to be grafted into a good olive-stock

ποσφ μαλλον όντοι όι κατα φυσιν, εγκεντρισθησονται τη ιδια ελαια?

25 Ου γαρ θελω ύμας αγνοειν, αδελφοι, το μυστηριον τουτο, ίνα μη ητε παρ έαυτοις φρονιμοι, ότι πωρωσις απο μερους τω Ισραπλ γεγονεν, αχρις ου το πληρωμα των εθ26 νων εισελθη. και όυτω πας Ισραπλ σωθησεται, καθως γεγραπται, ήξει εκ Σιων ό "ρυομενος, και αποστρεψει ασεβειας απο Ιακωβ. και άυτη αυτοις ή παρ εμου διαθηκη, όταν αφελωμαι τας άμαρτιας αυτων."

28 Κατα μεν το ευαγγελιον, εχθροι δι ύμας: κατα δε την εκλογην, αγαπητοι δια τους 29 πατερας. αμεταμελητα γαρ τα χαρισματα και ή κλησις 30 του Θεου. ωσπερ γαρ και ύμεις ποτε ηπειθησατε τω Θεω, νυν δε ηλεηθητε τη τουτών α-31 πειθεία. όυτω και όυτοι νυν ηπειθησαν τω ύμετερω ελεει, 32 ίνα και αυτοι ελεηθωσι συνεκλεισε γαρ ό Θεος τα παντα εις απειθειαν, ίνα τα παντα

of a different nature, with how much greater reason shall these who are the natural branches, be grafted into their own olive-tree?

I would not, brethren, 25 have you ignorant of this secret, (for fear you should presume too much on your selves) that blindness has fallen upon a part of Israel, until the time when the Gentiles shall be fully come in. and then all Israel shall be 26 saved: as it is written *, "there shall come out of Sion the deliverer, and fall turn away facob from his impiety. for this 27 is my covenant with them, "that I shall take away their

es fins." Though they are violently 28 prejudiced against the gospel upon your account: yet they are objects of favour upon the account of their baving been chosen out of respect to your fore-fathers. for the 29 divine gifts and vocation are irrevocable. as you in times 30 past did not obey God, yet bave now obtained mercy upon the occasion of their disobedience: so the Jews are 31 at present incredulous, by rea-Son of the mercy shown to you; so that they themselves are now to be pitied. for God 32 bath

* Ifa. liz. 10.

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33 ελεπση. ώ βαθος πλουτου και σοφιας και γνωσεως Θεου, ώς ανεξερευνητα τα κριματα αυτου, και ανεξιχνιαστοι αι 34 όδοι αυτου. Τις γαρ εγνω νουν Κυριου? η τις συμβουλος αυ-35 του εγενετο? η τις προεδωκεν αυτω, και ανταποδοθησεται 36 αυτω? ότι εξ αυτου, και δι' αυτου, και εις αυτον τα παντα. αυτω ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας. αμην.

Ταρακαλω ουν ύμας, αδελφοι, δια των οικτιρμών
του Θεου, παραστησαι τα
σωματα ύμων θυσιαν ζωσαν,
αιαν, ευαρεστον τω Θεω,
την λορικην λατρειαν ύμων,
2 και μη συσχηματίζεσθε τω
αιωνι τουτώ, αλλα μεταμορφουσθε τη ανακαινώσει
του νοος ύμων, εις το δοκιμαζειν ύμας τι το θελημα του
Θεου το αγαθον και ευαρεστον και τελειον.

3 Λερω γαρ δια της χαριτος της δοθεισης μοι, παντι τω οντι εν ύμιν, μη υπερφρονείν, παρ ο δει φρονείν, αλλα φρονείν είς το σωφρονείν, έκαστω ως ο Θεος εμερισε μετρον πισ-τεως. καθαπερ γαρ εν ένι σωματι μελη πολλα εχομεν, τα δε μελη παντα ου την αυ-

bath manifested to all the disobedient, that he would bave mercy upon all. O the 33 depth of the divine * goodness, wiscom, and contrivance! bow impenetrable are his decrees, and his ways past finding out! + for who baib 24 known the mind of the Lord. or who bath been his counfellor? who bath given any 25 thing to him, and he will repay it? for of bim, and 26 through him, and in him are all things: to whom be glory for ever. Amen.

I befeech you therefore, I brethren, by the mercles of God to you, that you prefeat your bodies a living victim, boly, acceptable unto God, as the fervice of a rational being, and he not conformed 2 to the prefent age: but he ye transformed by the renewing of your mind, that you may perceive what God requires of you is good, and acceptable, and perfect.

Now it is by virtue of my 3 apostolical commission, that I charge every man among you, not to entertain too high an opinion of himself; but modestly consider, that tis God who has dealt to every man his proportion of spiritual gifts. for as there are many 4 members in one and the same

body

† Isa. xi. 13, 14. Lxx.

עמד

* Sce Ch. ii. 4.

5 την εχει πραΐιν. Ουτως οι πολλοι έν σωμα εσμεν εν Χριστω, ο δε καθεις, αλλη6 λων μελη. εχοντες δε χαρισματα κατα την χαριν την δοθεισαν ήμιν διαφορα, ειτε προφητειαν, κατα την ανα7 λογιαν της πιστεως. ειτε διακονιαν, εν τη διδασκαδ διδασκων, εν τη διδασκαλια; ειτε ο παρακαλων, εν τη παρακλησει; ο μεταδιδους, εν απλοτητι; ο προισταμενος, εν σπουδη; ο ελεων, εν ίλαροτητι.

Η αγαπη, αιυποκριτος. αποστυγουντές το πονηρον, 10 κολλωμενοι τω αγαθώ. φιλαδελφια εις αλληλους φιλοστοργοί. Τη Τιμη αλλη-1 1 λους προηγουμένοι. Τη σπουόπ απ οκνηροι. Τω πνευματι ζεοντες. Τ ω καιρω δουλευον-12 Τες. Τη ελπιδι χαιροντες. η θλιψει ύπομενοντες. ποσσκαρτερουντες. 13 Tais + xpeiais Twy a rwy Koiωνηυντες. Την φιλοξενιαν 14 διωκοντες. ευλογειτε τους διωκοντας ύμας, ευλογειτε, και 15 μη καταρασθε. Χαιρείν μετα γαιροντων, και κλαιείν μετα

body, but all the members bave not the same office: so 5 we who are many, make all but one body in Christ, and every member subservient to one another, baving then dif- 6 ferent gifts, according to the respective favour bestowed upon us; if it be prophecy, let bim prophely according to the proportion of his gift. if 7 it be the ministry, let him attend on that ministry.; and be that teacheth, on teaching; he that exhorteth, on 8 exhortation: be that giveth, let bim be difinterested; be that presideth, let bim be diligent; be that sheweth mercy, let bim do it with cheerfulness.

Let love be without diffi- 9 mulation. abbor that which is evil, adhere to that which is good. in brotherly kindness 10 be passionately affected to one another; in honour prefer one another: in business be 11 not slothful, but of an active mind, making the best use of every incident. be joyful in 12 bope; be patient under affliction; persevere in prayer; distribute to the necessity of 13 the saints; cultivate bospitality. bless them who persecute you: bless them, but 15 curse not. rejoice with those that do rejoice, and weep with those

KAAI-

I See the note at the end of this epiftle.

16 κλαιουτων. Το αυτο εις αλληλους φρονουντες, μη τα ύψηλα φρονουντες, αλλα τοις ταπεινοις συναπαγομενοι. μη γινεσθε φρονιμοι παρ έαυτοις.

17 Μηδενι κακον αυτι κακου αποδιδοντες. προγοουμενοι καλα ενωπιον παντων ανθοωικπων. ει δυνατον, το εξ ύμων, μετα παντων ανθοω-TO TOU ELONYEUOYTES. τους εκδικουντές, αγαπητοι, αλλα δοτε τοπού τη οργη. Γεγραπται γαρ, " εμοι εκδικησις, ετω ανταποδωσω, Refei Kupios." Eau ouu Teiνα ο εχύρος σου, ψωμιζε αυ-TOV. EAV SIWA. MOTILE AUτον. τουτο γαρ ποιων, ανθρακας πυρος σωρευσεις επι 2 I THY KEDARMY AUTOU. HIT VIκω ύπο του κακου, αλλα νικά εν τω αγαθω το κα-KOY.

ΤΙασα ψυχη εξουσιαις υπερεχουσαις υποτασσεσθω.

ου γαρ εστιν εξουσια ει μη | υπο Θεου, αι δε ουσαι (εξουσιαι) υπο του Θεου τε
ταγμεναι εισιν ώστε ο αντιτασσομενος τη εξουσια, τη του Θεου διαταγη ανθεστηκεν, οι δε ανθεστηκοτες, έπαυτοις

those that weep. have the 16 same respect for one another. let not your behaviour be haughty, but soften'd to the condition of those below you. he not wise in your own conceits.

Render no man evil for 17 evil. mind such things as are approved not only by God, but by men. do all you can 18 to live peaceably, if it be possible with all mankind. dear breibren, avenge not 19 yourselves, but leave that to the resentment of another: for it is written *, " ven-" geance is mine; I will " repay, saith the Lord." therefore if thine enemy bun- 20 ger, feed him; if be thirft, give bim drink: for in so doing, you will heap coals of fire on bis bead +. be not 21 overcome by evil, but overcome evil by good.

Be every one of you subject to the ruling powers, for every ruler holds of God: the rulers in being are constituted by God. so that he who opposes the ruler, disobeys the orders of God: and will be punished too for resisting, by those very powers, rulers are 3 not

* Lev.xix. 18. Deut. xxxii. 35.

⁺ Prov. xxv. 20, 21. alluding to Chymists in melting down metals. others render it, in so doing you will expose them the more to divine punishment.

[See the note at the end of this epistic.

2 αυτοις κοιμα ληψονται. οι TO ADXOVES OUR ELOI DOBOS των αταθων εργων, αλλα των κακων. θελεις δε μη φοβεισθαι την εξουσιαν? Το ατα-Oor moisi, kai ekeis emaiyor ek **α αυτης. Θεου γαρ διακονος** EGTI GOI EIG TO AFABOV. δε το κακον ποιης, φοβου: ου ταρ εική Την μαχαιράν Φο-CEL: DEOU TAP DIAKOVOS EU-TIV. EKDIKOS EIS OFFNY TW TO 5 KAKOY TOAGGOVTI. DIO AVATκη ύποτασσεσθαι, ου μονον δια την οργην, αλλα και δια 6 την συνειδησιν. δια τουτο ΓΩΟ Και ΦΟΡΟυς ΤΕλΕΙΤΕ. **λει-**TOUGTON TOO DEOU ELOW, EIG αυτο τουτο προσκαρτερουντ τες. αποδοτε ουν πασι τας οφείλας: Τω τον φορού, Τον DOCOY: TW TO TEXOS, TO TEλος: τω τον φοβον, τον φο-BOY: TW THY THUNY, THY TEuny.

8 Μηδενι μηδεν οφειλετε, ει μη το αγαπαν αλληλους, ό γαρ αγαπων τον έτερον, νο-9 μον πεπληςωκε. το γαρ, "ου μοιχευσις, ου φοιευσεις, "ου κλεψεις, ουκ επιθυμη-σεις," και ει τις έτερα εστιν εντολη, εν τουτώ τω λογω ανακεφαλαιουται, εν τω, "αγαπησεις τον πλη-"σιον σου ώς σεαυτον."

not a terror to virtue, but to vice. would you then live without any dread of the civil power? do what is right, and you shall have bis commendation. for bis ad- 4 ministration is appointed by God for your good. but if you do wrong, you have reason to be afraid; for be bears not the sword in vain: be being the minister of God, to execute punishment upon malefastors. wherefore you ought to fubmit not only from an apprebension of punishment, but from a principle of conscience. for this is the reason why you also pay tribute, because under God, they are continually attending upon the publick 7 administration. render therefore to all their dues: tribute to whom tribute is due. custom to whom custom, reverence to whom reverence. bonour to whom bonour.

Owe no man any thing, but mutual love: for he that loves others hath fulfilled the glaw. for this, "thou shalt "not commit adultery, thou shalt not if shalt not hear feal, thou shalt not bear false witness, thou shalt "not cover;" and whatever social precept there he, it is reduced to this single head, "thou shalt love thy neighbour to as thy self." the benevolent

ουκ εργαζεται. πληρωμα ουν νομου ή αγαπη.

Και τουτο, ειδοτες τον καιρου, ότι ώρα ήμας ηδη εξ שאיטט ברבף איטענ. איטי דמף בן-**Γυτερον ήμων ή σωτηρια, η** 12 ότε επιστευσαμεν. שע או προεκοψεν, ή δε ήμερα ηττικεν. αποθωμεθα ουν τα ερτα του σκοτους, και ενδυσωμεθα τα όπλα του φωτος. 1 2 ώς εν έμερας ευσχημονώς περιπατησωμέν, μη κωμοίς και μεθαις, μη κοιταις και ασελrelais, un epidi kai Ender. 14 αλλ' ενδυσασθε τον Κυριον Ιπσουν Χριστον, και σαρκος προνοιαν μη ποιεισθε εις επιθυμίας.

Τον δε ασθενουντα τη πισ-Ŧ Τει, προσπαμβανεσθε, μη εις 2 διακρισεις διαλογισμων. μεν πιστευει φαγείν παντα, ο δε ασθενων λαχανα εσθιει. α ο εσθιων, τον μη εσθιοντα μη ELOUBEVEITE, KAI O UN EOBIWY. τον εσθιοντα μπ κρινετω. Θεος γαρ αυτον προσελαβετο. 4 συ τις ει ο κρινων αλλοτριον OLKETHY ? TW I BIW KUNW OTHκει η πιπτει : σταθησεται δε : δυνατος γαρ εστιν ο Θεος 5 OTHORI RUTOV. OF HEY KRIVEL ημεραν παρ ήμεραν, ός δε κοινει πασαν ήμεραν. έκαστος

never does wrong to his neighbour: therefore benevolence is the fulfilling of the law.

Consider likewise the pre-11 fent feason; that now it is bigh time to roufe out of fleep: for now is our salvation nearer than when we first believed. the night is far spent, the 12 day is at band: let us therefore throw off the habits of darkness, and be invested with the ornaments of light. let us behave with decency as 13 in open view; not with rioting and drunkenness, not with lewdness and brutality, not with strife and envy. but 14 imitate the Lord Jesus Christ, and by no means indulge any sensual desires.

A weak convert receive as a friend without regard to any difference of opinion. for one makes no difficulty of eating all forts of food: another is so scrupulous, he lives upon berbs. let not him that eateth, despise bim that does not; and let not him that refrains, pass censure on him that eateth: for God bath received him. who art thou 4 that judgest the domestick of another? bis staying or removal depends solely upon his master: yea, be shall be fixed: for God is able to establish bim. one man thinks one day fitter for religious wor-

εν τω ιδιω νοι πληροφορεισ-5 θω. ὁ φρονων την ήμεραν, Κυριω φρούει, [και ο μη φρονων Την ήμεραν, Κυριώ ου φρουεί] και ὁ εσθιων, Κυριω εσθιει, ευχαρισίει ταρ Θεω- και ό μη εσθιων, Κυριω ουκ εσθιει, και ευκαρισθει 7 τω Θεω. ουδεις ταρ ήμων έaulω Ln, και ουδεις εαυίω α-8 ποθυπσκει. εαν τε γαρ ζωμεν, τω Κυριω ζωμέν, εαν τε αποθνησκωμέν, τω Κυριω αποθνησκωμέν. Εαν τε ουν ζωμέν, εαν τε αποθνήσκωμέν, η του Κυριου εσμεν. εις τουλο γαρ Χριστος και απεθανε (kai avecth) kai Encey, iva KAL YEKPOY KAL CONTON KUDI-בס בטסח. סט סב דו אףניבול דטא αδελφον σου? η και συ τι εξουθενεις τον αδελφον σου ? πα:λες γαρ παρασλησομεθα τω βημαλι του Χρισλου. " ζω εγω, τι εξεραπίαι γαρ, " λεγει Κυριος, ότι εμοι καμ-" ψει παν γονυ, και πασα " γλωσσα εξομολογησείαιτω " Θεω."

12 Αρα ουν έκασλος ήμων περι εαυλου λογον δωσει τω Θεώ. 13 μηκελί ουν αλληλούς κοινώμεν.

hip than another: another thinks every day alike. let every man follow the perfuation of his own mind. he that ob- 6 serves a day, and be that obobserves it not, ast both from a sense of duty. betbateats, consisiders it as the bounty of his Lord, for begiveth Goathanks and be that forbeareth to eat, considers his forbearance as enjoined by his Lord, and giveth God thanks for the rest. for we neither live, nor die, 7 as if we were our own masters, if we live, our life is 8 appropriated to the Lord; and if we die, we die as bis fervants: whether we live therefore or die, we are the Lord's. for to this end Christ 9 both died, and rose, and revived, that he might he Lord both of the dead and living. why then dost thou judge thy 10 brother? or why dost thou think contemptibly of thy brother? since we shall all of us be brought before the judgment-seat of Christ. for it 11 is written *, " as I live, " saith the Lord, every knee " shall bow to me, and e-"very tongue shall give " praise to God?"

Since then every one of 12
us shall give an account of
bimself to God; let us not 13
judge

* Ifa, xlv. 13.

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μεν. αλλα τουίο κριναίε μαλλον, το μη τιθεναι προσκομμα τω αδελφω, η σκανδα-14 λον. οιδα και πεπεισμαι εν Κυριω Ιπσου, ότι ουδεν κοινον δι έαυίου, ει μη τω λογιζομενω τι κοινον ειναι, εκεινω 15 κοινον. ει δε δια βρωμα ὁ αδελφος σου λυπειίαι, ουκ ετι καία αγαπην περιπαίεις. μη τω βρωμαίι σου εκεινον απολλυε ύπερ ὁυ Χριστος απεθανε.

16 Μη βλασφημεισθω ουν ή17 μων το αγαθον. ου γαρ εστιν ή βασιλεια του Θεου βρωσις και ποσκ, αλλα δίκαιοσυνη, και ειρηνη, και χαρα εν
18 πνευματι άγιω. ο γαρ εν τουτω δουλευων τω Κρισίω,
ευαρεσίος τω Θεω, και δοκιμος τοις ανθρωποις.

19 Αρα ουν Τα Της ειρηνης διωκωμεν, και Τα Της οικοδομης
20 Της εις αλληλους. μη ένεκεν
βρωμαλος καλαλυε Το εργον
Του Θεου. πανλα μεν καθαρα, αλλα κακον Τω ανθρωπω τω δια προσκομμαλος
21 εσθιολί. καλον Το μη φαγειν
κρεα, μηδε πιειν οινον, μηδε
εν ώ ο αδελφος σου προσκοπ22 Τει. συ πιολιν ην εχεις, καΤα σεαυλον εχε. ενωπιον Του
Θεου μακαριος ο μη κρινων έ-

judge one another any more: but rather come to this determination, not to put a Rumbling-block, or any thing in a brother's way, that may make him fall. I know, be- 14 ing fully affured by the Lord Jesus, that there is nothing unclean of itself: it is only so to bim that thinks it is unclean. now if your bro-15 ther be endanger'd by your eating, you violate the obligations of love: for such a matter as eating, will you risk bis life, for whom Christ died ?

Don't let our religion then 16 be expos'd to reproach. for 17 the gospel dispensation does not consist in meats and drinks, but in piety and peace, and spiritual joy. for he that thus 18 pays his allegiance to Christ, is acceptable to God, and approved of men.

Let us therefore purfue 19 those things which tend to peace, and mutual edification. do not for such a thing as 20 meat, pull down what God has been raising all things indeed are pure; but they become evil to him who by, eating giveth offence, it is 21 better to abstain from slesh, and wine, and every thing whereby year brother is in danger of falling off, keep 22 the persuasion you have, to

23 αυίον εν ώ δοκιμάζει. ό δε διακρινομένος, εαν φαγή, κατακεκρίδαι, ότι ουκ εκ πιστεως. παν δε ό ουκ εκ πιστεως, άμαβία εστιν.

24 Τω δε δυναμενώ ύμας στηριζαι καία το ευαργελιον μου και το κηςυρμα Ιησου Χριστου, καία αποκαλυψιν μυστηριου χρονοις αιωνιοις σε25 σιρημενου. φανερωθενίος δε
νυν δία τε ραφων προφηλικών κατ επιλαρην του αιωνιου Θεου, εις ύπακοην πιστεως, εις παντα τα εθνη γυω26 ρισθεντος. μονω σοφώ Θεώ, δια Ιησου Χριστου, ώ ή
δοξα εις τους αιωνας των
αιωνων. αμην.

1 Οφειλομεν δε ήμεις δι δυνατοι τα ασθενημαία των αδυναίων βασίαζειν, και μη έαυ-2 τοις αρεσκειν. έκασίος ήμων τω πλησιον αρεσκείω εις το 3 αγαθον προς οικοδομην. και γαρ ο Χρισίος ουχ έαυτω ηρεσεν, αλλα, καθως γεγραπται, † " οι ονειδισμοι των your own conscience. blessed is be that approves bimself to God, without making any difference about meats: for 23 be that makes a difference, is self-condemn'd, if be eats against his own persuasion: for every action of that kind is sin *.

Now to bim that is a-24 ble to establish you according to my gospel, and the preaching of Jesus Christ, conformable to the revelation of the mystery, which was kept secret from antient times, but now is laid open, and by 25 the writings of the prophets (according to the commandment of the eternal God) made known to all the Gentiles, to induce them to obey the faith: to God, I fay, 26 who is only wife, be glory thro' Jesus Christ for ever. Amen.

I add, we that are better inform'd ought to bear the infirmities of the weak, and not study our own pleasure. let every one of us consult the good of his neighbour to his edification. for even Christ did not consult his own satisfaction; but as it is written †, "the reproaches of them

* Here Marcion ended the Epissle, and rejected all the rest as spurious, as we learn from Origen, or rather Russians, in the Commencupon the place, see the note from Dr. Mills at the end of this Epissle, † Psal. ixix, 12.

0281-

" ονειδίζοντων σε, επεπεσον 4 " επ' εμε." όσα γαρ προεγραφη, εις την ήμετεραν δίδασκαλιαν προεγραφη, ίνα δια
της ύπομονης και της παρακλησεως των γραφων, την
ελπιδα εχωμεν.

5 Ο δε Θεος της ύπομονης και της παρακλησεως δωη ύμιν Το αυτο φρούειν εν αλληλοίς, 5 Kala Xololov Incour, iva ouoθυμαδον εν ένι στομαλι δοξα-Ζηίε τον Θεον και παίεςα του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου. 7 διο προσλαμβανεσθε αλληλους, καθως και ο Χρισίος προσεκαβείο ύμας εις δοξαν 8 Θεου. λεγω γαρ Ιπσουν Χριστον διακονον τετενποθαι περιτομης ύπες αληθείας Θεου, εις το βεβαιωσαι τας επαγγελιας 9 των πατερών, τα δε εθνη υπερ ελεους δοξασαι τον Θεον. καθως Γεγραπται, " δια του-" το εξομολογησομαι σοι εν " εθνεσι, και τω ονομαλι σου 10" ψαλω." και παλίν, λετει, " ευφρανθήλε εθνη μελα τι " του λαου αυτου." και παλιν, " αινείλε τον Κυριον " πανλα τα εθνη, και επαινεσαίε αυίον πανίες οι κα-12 " οι." και παλιν Ησαιας λεγει, " εσται ή ριζα του Ιεσσαι, και ο ανισίαμενος

"them that reproached thee

are fallen upon me."

now whatever was heretofore 4

writ, was writ for our inflrustion; that we through

patience and the comfortable promises of the scriptures

might have hope.

May the God of patience 5 and consolation, make you equally concern'd for one another, according to the example of Christ Jesus, that 6 ye may unanimously with one voice glorify God, even the father of our Lord Jefus Christ. wherefore be kindly 7 affected to one another, as Christ was to you, that you might glorify God. for I tell 8 you, that Jejus Christ was a minister to the Jews, to manifest the veracity of God in fulfilling the promises made to the fathers: and you Gen- 9 tiles ought to glorify God for bis mercy; as it is written, " for this cause I will con-" fess to thee among the Gen-"tiles, and fing unto thy name "?" and again the 10 feripture faith +, " rejoice, " ye Gentiles, with his peo-" ple." and elsewhere 1,11 " praise the Lord, all yé " Gentiles, and laud bim, " all ye people." besides # 12 Esaias saith, " there shall " be a root of Jeffe, and be ec that

~ αp-

* Pf. xviii. 15. + Deut. xxxii.43. | Pf. cxvii. 1. + Efa, xi, 10.

" αρχείν εθνων, επ' αυίω εθ-

13 Ο δε Θεος της ελπιδος πληρωσαι ύμας πασης καρας και
ειςηνικ εν τω πισθευειν, εις
το περίσσενειν ύμας εν τη ελπιδι, εν δυναμει πνευμαδος άΓιου.

Πεπεισμαι δε, αδελφοι μιου, και αυδος ετω περι ύμων, ότι και αυδοι μεσδοι εσίε αταθωσυνης, πεπληρωμενοι πασης γνωσεως, δυναμενοι και αλληλους νουθετείν. ικ τολμηροίερον δε εγραψα ύμιν, αθελφοι, απο μερους, ώς επαναυιμνησκων ύμας, δια την καριν την δοθεισαν μοι 16 υπο του Θεου, εις το ειναι με λειτουργον Ιπσου Χριστου εις τα εθνη, ιερουργούντα το ευafternou tou Θ eou, iva fevnται ή προσφορά των έθνων ευπροσδεκίος, ήτιασμενη ત્તપ્રદેશમાંથી છે.

17 Εχω ουν καυχησιν εν Χρισ18 τω Ιησου τα ποος Θεον. ου
γαο τολωησω λαλειν τι ων ου
καλειογασαλο Χρισλος δι εμου,
εκ ύπακοην εθνων, λογω και
19 εστώ, εν δυναμει σημειων και
τεραλών, εν δυναμει πνευματος Θεου, ώστε με απο Ιεγουσαλημ και κυκλώ μεχρι
του Ιλλυρικου πεπληρωκεναι
το ευαγγελιον του Χρισλου.

" that shall rise to reign over the Gentiles; in him shall the Gentiles hope."

Now the God of hope fill 13. you with all joy and peace in believing, that ye may abound in hope through the power of the holy spirit.

As to myself, I am per-14 fuaded, my brethren, that you abound in goodness, and in variety of knowledge, and are able to instruct one another. nevertheless, brethren, 15 I have writ to the Gentile part of you, and admonish'd you with the greater freedom by virtue of the commission that God has given me, to be 16 the minister of Jesus Christ to the Gantiles, officiating the gospel of God, that the Gentiles might be made an acceptable offering, being sanctified by the boly spirit.

I have therefore matter of 17 glorying thro' Jesus Christ, with respect to divine service. for I will not offer to 18 mention any thing, but what Christ has wrought by me, to make the Gentiles christians, both in profession and practice: by virtue of the mi-19 racles and prodigies wrought by the tower of the divine spirit; so that from Jerusalem, and the neighbouring country, quite to Illyricum,

20 ούθω δε φιλοθιμουμενον ευαγγελιζεσθαι, ουχ όπου ωνομασθη Χρισθος, ίνα μη επ' αλλο21 Ιριον θεμελιον οικοδομω: αλλα, καθως γεγραπται, " όις
" ουκ ανηγελη περι αυτου,
" οψονται, και όι ουκ ακηκοασι, συνησουσι."

22 Διο και ενεκοπλομπν τα πολλα του ελθειν προς ύμας. 2 3 YUYI GE LINKETI TOTTOV EXWY EV TOIC KALLIAGI TOUTOIC, ETITO-PLAY SE EXWY TOU ENBELY TOOG 24 ύμας ύπο πολλων είων. εαν πορευωμαι εις Την Σπανιαν, ελπίζω διαπορευομένος θεασασθαι ύμας, και ύφ' ύμων προπεμφθηναι εκει, εαν ύμων πρωίον απο μερους εμ-25 πλησθω. νυνι δε πορευομαι εις Ιερουσαλημ, διακονων τοις 26 άτιοις. ευδοκησαν γαρ Μακεδονια και Αχαια κοινωνιαν τινα ποιησασθαι εις πτωχους των άτιων των εν Ιερουσα-27 λημ. ευδοκησαν γαρ, και οφειλεται αυτων εισιν. EL FORD TOIS TYSUMATIKOIS AUTWY Eκοινωνησαν τα εθνη, οφειλου-OL KAL EN TOLG GAPKIKOLG NEL-28 Tourman aulois. τουίο ουν επίλεσας, και σφραγισαμενος αυλοις Τον καρπον Τουλον, απελευσομαι δι' ύμων εις την

I bave effectually preached 20 the gospel of Christ: yet so as studiously to avoid preaching it where Christ was owned, lest I should build upon another man's soundation; for, as it is written, "they 21 to whom he was not mentioned, shall see: and they that have not heard, shall understand."

This has chiefly hindred 2, me from coming to you. but 23 now there being no surther occasion for me in these parts, and baving bad a great defire these many years to vifit you; when I take my 12 journey into Spain, I bope to see you in my way, and be forwarded by you to that place, after baving for some time enjoy'd the pleasure of your company, but now I ar am going to Ferusalem, to distribute charity to the converis. for those of Macedonia 26 and Achaia, have thought fet to make a contribution for the poor converts at Jerusalem. they have thought fit, I fay, 27 and they owed them as much. for if the Gentiles have participated of their spirituals, they are bound on their fide to minister to them in their temporals. when I have dif- 28 patch'd this affair, and have secured to them this collection,

20 Σπαμαν. οιδα δε ότι ερχομενος προς ύμας, εν πληρωuali Eunorias Tou Xpiolou E-30 λευσομαι. παρακαλω δε υμας, αδελφοι, δια του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου, και δια της αγαπης του πνευματος, συναγωνισασθαι μοι εν 31 ταις προσευχαις ύπερ εμου προς τον Θεον, ίνα ρυσθω απο των απειθουνίων εν τη Ιουέχια, και ίνα τι διακονία μου ή εις Γερουσαλημ ευπροσδεκ-32 Tot fermial Tolt afloit, iva ev ×αςα ελθω προς ύμας δια θεληματος Θεου, και συνανα-33 παυσωμαι ύμιν. ο δε Θεος της εις πνης μετα πανίων ύμων. aumy.

Συνισ πμι δε ύμιν Φοιβην την αδελφην ήμων, ουσαν δι-ALGUOY THE EKKANOLAS THE EV 2 Κεγχρεαις, ίνα αυθην προσδ. ξησθε εν Κυριω αξιως των α,ιων, και παρασίη αυίη ενώ αν ύμων χρηζη πραζματι: και γαρ αυθή προσθαθις πολλων ετενηθη, και αυτου ε-3 μου. ασπασασθε Πεισκιλλαν και Ακυλαν Τους συνέρρους μου εν Χριστώ Ιπσου. 4 of tives Dates the Wuxus mou τον έαυτων τραχηλον υπεθη-KAY, GIC OUK ETW HOYOG EUXAειστω, αλλα και πασαι αι 5 EKKANOIAI TWY EOFWY. THY KAT' OLKOY AUTWY EKKANσιαν, ασπασασθε Επαινετον

I will come to you in my way to Spain. and I know 20 that when I do come, I shall come charged with the blefsings of Christ. in the mean 30 time, I conjure you, brethren, by our Lord Jesus Christ, and by the love of the (pirit, that you join with me in earnest prayers to God for me; that 31 I may be delivered from the unbelievers in Judea; and that the charitable service which I am employed about, for the converts at ferusalem. may be acceptable to them: that by the will of God we 32 may meet with joy, and rest together in peace. now the God 33 of peace be with you all. Amen.

I recommend to you Phebe 1 our fifter, who is a deaconess of the church at Kenchrea; receive ber for Christ's sake, 2 as becometh christians, and assist ber in every thing her business requires; for she bath affisted many hefides my self. salute Priscilla and A- 3 quila, my fellow-labourers in the gospel of Christ Jesus; who have for my life readily 4 exposed their own: to whom not only I, but all the churches of the Gentiles too give thanks. salute the church that is in 5 their bouse. salute my dear

Tov afamilov nov, or eoliv απαρχη της Ασιας εις Χρισ-6 τον. ασπασασθε Maplau ή τις πολλα εκοπιασεύ εις ή-7 μας. ασπασασθε Ανδρονικον και Ιουνιαν Τους συγγενεις μου, και συναιχμαλωίους μόυ. OITIVES ELOUV ETICTIMOL EN TOIS αποστολοις, οι και προ εμου 8 Γεγουασιν εν Χρισίω. ασπασασθε Αμπλιαν τον αγαπηο Τον μου εν Κυριω. ασπασασθε Ουρβανον Τον συνεργον ήμων εν Χριστω, και Σταχυν 10 τον αςαπήδου μου. ασπασασθε Απελλην Τον δοκιμον εν Χρισίω. ασπασασθε τους τι εκ των Αρισλοβουλου. πασασθε Ηρωδιωνα τον συ!-Γενη μου. ασπασασθε τους εκ των Ναρκισσου, τους οντας 12 εν Κυριω. ασπασασθε Τρυφαιναν και Τρυφωσαν τας κοπιωσας εν Κυριω. ασπασασθε Περσιδα την αιαπη-Την, ητις πολλα εκοπιασεν εν 12 Κυριω. ασπασασθε Ρουφον TOV EKNEKTOV EV KUPIO, KAI την μηθερα αυθου και εμου. 14 ασπασασθ: Ασυγκριτου, Φλε-**Γοντα, Ερμαν, Παθροβαν,** Ερμην, και τους συν αυτοις 15 αδελφους. ασπασασθε Φιλολογον και Ιουλιαν, Νηρεα και την αδέλφην αυτου, και Ολυμπαν, και τους συν αυ-16 τοις πανλας άριους. ασπασασθε αλληλους εν φιληματι άγω ασπαζονται ύμας αι εκκλησιαι πασαι του Χρισ-TOU. IIa-

Epenetus, who is the first christian convert of Alia. salute Mary, who spared no trouble upon our account. falute Andronicus and Junias my relations, and fellowprisoners, who are distinguish'd among the apostles, and were christians before me. salute Amplias, whom I value as a good christian. salute Urbane my affistant in 9 the cause of Christ, and my dear Stachys. falute Apelles, 10 an approved christian. salute the family of Aristobulus. fa-11 lute Herodion my kinsman. falute the family of Narciffus, who have embraced the gospel. salute Tryphena and 12 Tryphola, who labour for the Lord. falute my dear Persis, who laboured much in the gospel. salute Rusus 13 chosen by the Lord, and his mother and mine. falute A- 14 syncritus, Phlegon, Hermas, Patrobas, Hermes, and the brethren who are with them. falute Philologus, Julia, Ne- 15 reas, bis fifter, Olympas, and all the converts who are with them. faluie one an-16 ther with an boly kifs. all the churches of Christ beresalute you.

φοι, σκοπειν τους τας δίχοστασιας και τα σκανδαλα παρα την διδαχην ήν ύμεις εμαθείε ποιουνίας > και εκτ8 κλιναίε απ' αυίων. τοιούλοι τω Κυριω ήμων (Ιησου) Χεισίω ου δουλευουσιν. αλλα τη ξαυίων κοιλια, και δια της χοπολογιας και ευλογιας εξαπαίωσι τας καρδι-19 ας Των ακακων. ή Γαρ υμων ύπακοη εις πανίας αφικέίο. χαιρω ουν το εφ' ύμιν, θελω δε ύμας σοφους μεν ειναι εις το αγαθον, ακεραιους δε εις το 20 KAKOV. O DE DEOS THS EICHVHS συντειψει τον Σαλαναν ύπο τους ποδας υμων εν ταχει. ή χαρις Του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χοισίου μ:θ' ύμων. Ασπαζονίαι ύμας Τιμοθεος ο συνεργος μου, και Λουκιος και Ιασων και Σωσιπαe 2 7 poc, ol outtevels mou. παζομαι ύμας εγω Τερλιος ο Γραψας την επισλολην εν Κυ-

23 ριω. ασπαζείαι ύμας Γαιος

ό ξενος μου και της εκκλησιας όλης. ασπαζείαι ύμας Ε.-

ραστος ο οικονομος της πολε-

ως, και Κουαρίος ο αδελφος.

σου Χρισίου μεία πανίων ύ-

34 [ή χαρις Του Κυριου ήμων Ιη-

μων. αμην.

Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελ-

Now I beseech you, bre-17 tbren, mark those who cause divisions and revolts against the dostrine which you have learned; and avoid them. for such as these serve not 18 our Lord Fesus Christ, but their own selfishness; and by flourists and flattery, deceive the open-hearted simple. your 19 christianity is very well known in the world. I am glad therefore on your bebalf: but yet I would have you as expert in that which is good, as unprastis'd in what is evil. the God of 20 peace will foon bruife Satan under your feet. the grace of our Lord Jefus Christ be with you. Amen.

Timotheus my collegue, 21
Lucius, Jason, and Sosipater, my kinsmen, salute
you. I † Tertius, who wrote 22
this epistle, salute you in the
Lord. Gaius, with whom I 23
lodge, who purveys for the
church in general, salutes you.
Erastus the chamberlain of
the city salutes you; and
Quartus a brother. [the 24
grace of our Lord Jesus
Christ he with you all.
Amen.]

* See Ch. 1, 5, 8. xv. 18. † Silas and Terrius, both fignify the Third, which makes it probable, that Silas latinized his name here in writing to the Romans.

Ch. I. 32. 'Os rose, &c.] This reading is confirm'd by the authority of many of the fathers, and some of the most antient MSS, writ, Vol. II.

as is thought, above 1200 years ago: by the antient Latin version, made very near the time of the apostles, and by Clemens (contemporary with St. Paul) in his Epifle to the Corinthians; writ about ten years after St. Paul's to the Romans. see Dr. Mills at large upon the place, and Prol. 141, 142, 800, 916.

Ch. VIII. 1. Alac sale zeropea] is not in the Alexand, the Veles. readings: nor in the Vulgate, Syriac, Chrysost. Ambrose, Origen, or

Ruffinus. Dr. Mills thinks it borrowed from verse 4.

Ch. IX. 5. O we sate a willow.] Some of the learned have thought, that is we should be transposed to one in correspondence to the preceding in it includes to the gradispers—st we is Kristor—and so we is Oses, according to which reading the sense would be, the adoption, &c. was theirs—the patriarchs were theirs, Christ is descended from their progenitors, and God was theirs; which is an ingenious emendation, and would easily be admitted, if it could be authorized by any MSS. See Dr. Mills at large upon the place.

V. 28. Er dinasorvey, 67: 2000 our simmerou.] This is not in the A-lexand. Claromont. Roc. 2. nor in the Syriac, Æthiopic, Copt. Augustin.

Grotius thinks it an interpolation from the Lxx.

Ch. XI. 6. E. 3s et spfav, &c.] This, to the end of the verse, is not in Alexand. Claromont. Gr. Lat. German. Gr. Lat. Roc. 2. Borner, Gr. Lat. Veles. lect. Coptic, Vulgate, Origen, Ambrose, Chrysost. Theodoret. Estius says, it is in no Latin MSS. Erasmus, Zeger, Estius, Gro-

tins all pronounce it supposititious. see Prol. 679.

Ch. XII. 11. Raipe.] So it is read in Steph. 6. 2. if. the two very antient MSS. of Clermont. and German. both in the Greek and Latin. Inversal Latin MSS, mention'd by Jerom, Ruffinus, and Bede. Ambrose discards the common reading for this, which he strenuously defends. Cyprian. Ep. 5. and, it seems, Ignatius Ep. ad Polycarp. and the Vulgate, as Jerom says, Ep. 102. ad Marcel. consist this reading, adopted by Colinaus and Froben.

V. 13. Xpsiac.] The MSS of Clarom. Gr. & Lat. German. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Ambrose. some Latin MSS. mention'd by Origen (or Rushinus,) in Roman. Chrysolog. Serm. 120. Optatus lib. 2. & 4. contra Donasist. Augustin. Serm. 49. Hilary contra Constantium. sub sin. 21 read uverace, and so does Clemens Epist. ad Cor. c. 56. and Chrysostom. Hom. 3. in Epist. 2. to Tim. see Dr. Mills's argument for this reading, according to which, the sense is, Pray, remember your poor distant brethren. see Prol. 142, 449, 644, 864.

Ch. XIII. 1. TTO OSOU.] So it is read in the Alexand. Hunting. 1. N.Col. 2. Cantab. 2, 3. Covel. 2. Leicest. Basil. 2, Laud. 2. Lu. Chry-

soft. Occumen. and the Complutentian edition.

V. 1. de de augus elougias] elougias is not in Alexand. Claromont. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Barb. 1. Velef. lect. Borner. Gr. Lat. Vulgate, Coptic, Ethiopic, Irenarus, Ambrose, Augustin Epist. 54. ad Maceson.

V. 5. Avasay] is not in Clarom. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Lat. Irenzus, Ambrose, Origen (or Russian) in Rom. Augustin, the Scholiast under Sc. Jerom's name. Primas. nor in the Complutentian edition.

V. 9. Ou devoquafluquesic] is not in the Alexand. Clarom. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Sinah. Lincol. Petav. 3. Magdal. 1. Laud. 2. Cantao. 2. Roe. 2. Hunting. 1. Bafil. 2. N. Col. 2. Borner Gr. Lat. the Syriac vertion. Bafil, Ambrole, Theodorer, nor the Complutentian edition. fee Prol. 571.

Ch. XIV. 6. Ras à 144 Prover, &c.] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Barb. 1. Borner. Gr. Lat. Veles. lect. Vulgate, Coptic, Ethiopic, Origen, (or Ruffaus) Ambrose, nor in any of the Latin MSS. according to Estius. Erasmus, Zegerus, and others, think it an in-

terpolation.

V. 23. It is to be observed, that in all Stephens's MSS. in the Alex. Magdal. 1, 2. N. Col. 2. Lincol. Cantab. 2, 3. Hunting. 1. Roe 2. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Sinah. Basil. 2. Leicest: Vien. Laud. 2. Genev. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2, 3, 4. several MSS. mention'd by Origen, or Russinus, the Greek Lectionar. the Commentarys of Chrysostom, Theodoret, Theophylact, Occumenius, Theodulus, and others, besides the Complutensian edition: in all these, the three last verses of the 16th chapter are subjoin'd to the end of this 14th chapter. see Dr. Mills upon the place.

V. 27. Auwas Tou amount.] Steph. 3. Alex. Clar. & Ger. Gr. Lat. Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic, Ethiopic, Origen, or Ruffinus, Ambrofe,

Hilary lib. 4. de Trin.

Ch. XVI. 7. Agains.] Asias in Steph. 8. Alexand. Clarom. Lat. (and it seems the Greek.) Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Veles. left. the Vulgate, Coptic, Ethiopic Ambrose, Jerom, and the Scholiast under his name, and Origen, in Com. & Homil. 11. on Numb. Dr. Mills makes no doubt, this is the true reading. see Prol. 680.

V. 16. 72521.] Steph. & s. 12. Alex. Lincol. Barb. 2. Leic. Coptic, Vulgate, Arabic, Ethiopic, Origen, Ambrose, the Scholiast. see

Prol. 680.

V. 24. Steph 5. as it seems, the Alexandrian MSS. Origen on the Rom. the very antient Latin MSS. of Constance, as Erasinus says, and the Coptic, have not this verse.



патлот

THE FIRST

TOT

EPISTLE

ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΟΤ Η ΠΡΟΣ ΚΟΡΙΝΘΙΌΤΣ OF

PAUL the Apostle

EDIETOAH DEGTH

To the CORINTHIANS.

ΑΥΛΟΣ κληθος αποσίολος Ιπσου Χοιστου, δια θελημαίος Θεου, και Σωσθενης ο αδιλ-2 φος, τη εκκλησια Του Θεου τη ουση εν Κορινθώ, ήγιασμενοις εν Χρισίω Ινσου, κλη-TOIS ATIOIS, OUT TEST TOIL Eπικαλουμένοις το ονομά του Κυριου ήμων Ιμσου Χριστου, εν παιλι τοπω, αυλών τε και ήμων. Χαρις ύμιν και ει ηνη απο Θεου παίρος ημών, και

Kupisu Indou Xeid Tou. 4 Ευχαρισίω το Θεώ μου πανδόλε περι δμων, επι τη καρίλι **τ**ου Θεου τη δοθειση ύ-5 μιν εν Χρισίω Ιπσους ότι εν

παύλι επλουλισθήλε εν αυλώ, εν πανλι λοςω, και παση τνωσει, καθως το μαεθυριού του

Χρισίου εβεβαιωθη εν ύμιν. 7 ώσλε ύμας μη υσλερεισθαι εν μηδενι χαρισμαλι, απεκδεχομενούς την απολαλύψιν του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου.

👱 ός και βεβαιωσ= υμας έως

AUL appointed by the 1. divine will to be an apostle of Josus Christ. and Sollbenes our brother, to 2 the church of God which is at Corinth, to those who being santified by Christ Jesus, are faints by thet vocation, to all that any where invoke the name of Jefus Chrift, who is both their Lord and ours. grace 3 and peace be with you from God our failer, and from the Lord Jefus Chrift.

I continually give thanks to A God on your behalf, for the favour be bas bestowed on you thro' Jesus Christ; in your 5 being enriched by him in every gift, with all that light and knowledge, whereby the testi- 6 meny we gave concerning Christ was confirmed among you. so that you will be defi- 7 cient in no gift; during your expellation of the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ: and 8

God

τελους ανεγκλήθους εν τη ήμερα του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου) Χριστου. πισθος ο Θεος, δι ου εκληθηθε εις κοινωνιαν του υιου αυθου Ιησου Χρισθου του Κυριου ήμων.

10 Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελcoi, δια του ονομαίος του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισίου. ινα το αυλο κετηλε παυλες, και μη η εν ύμιν σχισμάτα, ητε δε καθηρισμένοι εν τω αυτω νοι, και εν τη αυλη τνωμη. ι ι εδηλωθη γαρ μοι περι ύμων, αδέλφοι μου, ύπο των Χλοης, 12 ott epides en umin eigi. Nerw δε τουλο, ότι έκασλος ύμων λεγει, "εγω μεν ειμι I Ιαυλου. " εςωδε Απολλω, εςω δε Κη-13" φα, εςω δε Υαιρισται δ Χριστος ? μη Παυλος εσίαυρωθη ύπερ ύμων, π εις το ονομα Παυλου εβαπ-14 τισθηίε ? ευχαρισίω τω Θεω οτι συθενα ύμων εβαπίισα, 15 ει μη Κρισπου και Γαιου, ίνα un τις ειπη ότι εις το εμον oι 6 νομα εβαπίισα, εβαπίισα δε και τον Σλεφανα οικον, λοιπον ουκ οιδα ει Τινα αλλον 17 εβαπλισα. ου γαρ απεσλειλε με Χεισίος βαπίιζειν, αλλ' ευαττελίζεσθαι, ουκ εν σοφια λότου, ίνα μη κενώθη ὁ σἶαυρος του Χρισίου.

God will confirm you to the end, that ye may be unaccufed in the day of our Lord Jesus Christ. for he, who has called you to the communication of his son Jesus Christ our Lord, will make good his promise.

Now I beseech you, bre- 10. thren, by the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, to maintain all the same dostrine, to suffer no divisions among you; but to be perfettly united in the same mind, and in the same judgment. for I have been 11 inform'd, my brethren, by some of Chloe's family, that there are contentions among you. I mean that one or o- 12 ther of you cries out " I am of "Paul, and I of Apollos, and I " of Cephas, and I of Christ." 13 is the school of Christ divided? was Paul crucified for you? or were you baptized into the name of Paul? I thank God, 14 I baptized none of you, except Crispus and Gaius: lest any 15 should say, I had bastized into mine own name. true, I bap- 16 tized the family of Stephanas: but I don't know that I baptized any other besides. for 17 Christ did not send me to baptize: but to preach the gospel: the' not with the preaching of the wife, left the cross of Christ should have been binder'd in its efficacy.

18 Ο λογος γαρ ὁ του σίαυρου ΤΟΙς μεν απολλυμενοις μωρια εσλι. Τοις δε σωζομενοις ήμιν 19 δυναμις Θεου εσίι. ται γαρ, " απολω την σο-" φιαν των σοφων, και την συνεσιν των συνείων αθε-20" τησω." που σοφος? που γραμμαίευς? που συζηίηλης του αιωνος τουίου? ουχι εμωρανεν ο Θεος την σοφιαν 2 Ι Του κοσμου (Τουίου?) επειδη TAP EV TH GODIA TOU SEOU OUK είνω ο κοσμος δια της σοφιας Τον Θεον, ευδοκησεν ο Θεος δια της μωριας του κηρυγματος σωσαί τους πισθευούλας. 22 επειδη και Ιουδαιοι σημεια αίθουσι, και Ελληνές σοφιαν . 2 2 ζηλουσιν, ήμεις δε κηρυσσομέν Χρισίον εσίαυρωμενον, Ιουδαιοις μεν σκανδαλον, εθνεσι 24 de mweiar, auloic de toic kanτοις Ιουδαιοις τε και Ελλησι Χρισίον Θεου δυναμινκαι Θεου 25 σοφιαν. ότι το μωρον του Θεου, σωφοίερον των ανθρωπων εσλι, και το ασθενες του Θεου, ισχυροίερον των αν-26 θρωπων εσίι. βλεπείε γαρ την κλησιν ύμων, αδελφοί, ότι ου πολλοι σοφοι καλα σαρκα, ου πολλοι δυναίοι,

For the the doctrine of 18 the cross seems folly to those that perish: yet we that are to be faved, do feclits energy is divine. for it is writ-19 ten *, " I will destroy the " wisdom of the wife, and " will bring to nothing the " understanding of the pru-" dent." + where is the 20 wife? where is the scribe? where is the disputant of this age? bas not God prov'd the wisdom of this world to be downright folly. for where- 21 as the world, with all their learning, did not distinguish the characters of his divine wifdom, in his works, it pleased God to fave those who believe, by preaching, which they counted folly. while the 22 Jews require signs, and the Greeks seek wisdom: we 23 preach Christ crucified, an obstacle to the Jews indeed, and to the Gentiles foolishness: but to those who believe, both 24 Fews and Gentiles, he is the Christ, the power of God, and the wisdom of God. for 25 this divine dostrine, as foolish and weak as men may think it, far surpasses all theit wisdom, and baffles all their power.for consider, brethren, 26 that not many worldly wife, not many men of power, not many men of birth are among 304

27 ου πολλοι ευγεύεις, αλλα τα μωρα του κοσμου εξελεξαλο ο Θεος. (ίνα τους σοφούς καταισχυνή, και τα ασθενή του κοσμου εξελεξαλο ο Θεος) ίνα 28 Kalaioxum Ta ioxupa: Kai TA ALEYN TOU KOO HOU. KALTA εξουθενημενα εξεκεξα]ο ο Θεος. τα μη ονία, ίνα τα ονία κα-29 ταργηση, όπως μη καυχηση-Ται πασα σαρξ ενωπιον αυ-20 του. εξαυίου δε ύμεις εσίε εν Χρισίω 1ησου, ός εγενηθη ήμιν σοφια απο Θεου, δικαισσυνη Τε και άγιασμος και απολυ-31 Ιρωσις: ίνα, καθως Γεγραπ-Ται, "ο καυχωμένος, εν Κυριω καυχασθω."

1 Καςω ελθων προς ύμας, αδελφοι, πλθον ου καθ ύπεροχην λοςου η σοφιας, καλαςγελλων ύμιν † το μαρλυριον
2 του Θεου. ου γαρ εκρινα του
ειδεναι τι εν ύμιν, ει μη Ιπσουν
Χρισλον, και τουλον εσλαυρω3 μενον. και εγω εν ασθενεια
και εν φοβώ και εν τρομώ
πολλω εγενομην προς ύμας.
4 και ό λογος μου και το κηρυγμα μου ουκ εν πειθοις ανθρώπινης σοφιας λογοις, αλλ εν
αποδείτει πνευμαλος και δυνα5 μεως, ίνα ή πισλις ύμων μη η

you that are called. but 27 God bath chosen those who are foolish in the opinion of the world, to confound the wife; and the weak men of the world to confound the mighty: those who were looked 28 upon by the world as vile, as despicable, as nothing, these bas God chosen to reduce their sufficiency to nothing, that no 29 man might glory before God: for from bim it is that ye be- 30 lieve in Christ Jesus, whom God bas made to us wisdom, and righteousness, and sanctification, and redemption: that, according as it is writ- 31 ten , " be that glorieth, " should glory in the Lord."

As for me, my brethren, when I appear'd among you, it was not to represent to you the divine mystery in sublime language, and with buman literature. for I did not think I 2 was to have any other knowledge among you, than that of Christ, a crucified saviour. I 3 was with you in weakness, in fear, and in great agony: my 4 discourse, and my preaching did not confift in the persuasive reasonings of buman wisdom, but in demonstrating the spiritual meaning of the seriptures: that your saith might 5

* Jer.ix.23,24.

[†] Steph. 3. Alex. Barb. 2. Cantab. 3. two antient MSS. mention'd by Bede. the Syriac, Coptic, Ambrose, read το μυσίμριου.

εν σοφια ανθρωπω», αλλ' εν δυναμει Θεου.

Σοφιαν δε λαλουμέν εν TOIS TENEIOIS, GODIAN DE OU του αιωνος τουίου, ουδε των αρχονίων του αιώνος τουίου των καλα τουμενών. λαλουμεν σοφιαν Θεου εν μυστηςιω, την αποκεκουμμένην, ήν προωρισεν ο Θεος προ των 8 αιωνων εις δοξαν ήμων. ήν ουδεις των αρχονίων του αι-WYOS TOUTOU ETYWKEY, EL TAP ετνωσαν, ουκ αν τον Κυριον της δοξης εσίαυρωσαν. αλλα καθως Γεγραπίαι, "ά οφ-" θαλμος ουκ ειδε, και ους " סעג אנסטסב, גמו באו גמף-" διαν ανθρωπου ουκ ανεβη, " α ητοιμασεν ο Θεος τοις αγαπωσιν αυλον." δε ο Θεος απεκαλυψε δια του πνευματος άυδου. TO TOP πνευμα πανία ερευνα, και 11 τα βαθη του Θεου. οιδεν ανθρωπων τα του ανθρωπου, ει μπ το πνευμα του ανθεωπου το εν αυζωί ουτω και τα του Θεου ουδεις οιδεν, ει μη το πνευμα του 💶 Θεου. ήμεις δε ου Το πνευμα του κοσμου ελαβομεν, αλλα

not be owing to human wisdom, but to the divine influence.

However, what we preach 6 is wisdom, to those who are thoroughly instructed: yet not the wisdom of this age, nor of the rulers of this age, who will foon come to nothing. but we explain that myste- 7 rious plan of divine wildom, which God had contriv'd before the ages, for our glory: which none of the rulers of 8 this age understood: for if they had, they would not have crucified the Lord of glory. but, as it is written , " eye 9 " bath not seen, nor ear " beard, neither have en-" tred into the beart of man, " the things which God hath " prepared for them that " love him." this is what 10 God bas revealed to us by bis spirit: for the spirit penetrates into all things, even the profound counsels of God. for who knows the thoughts I r of a man, but the spirit of man which is in him? even so the thoughts of God no one can know, but the spirit of God. now the spirit 12 which we have received, is

* There is some affinity between these words, and Isa. lxvi. 4. but Origen has observed, that the passage was intire in an Apocryphal book, under the name of Elias. and he observes, that the apostles, by virtue of their inspiration, could distinguish truth from salfehood, however blended together in a book. see Homily xxxv. upon Genesis, and his Presace to the Canticles. Clemens Romanus has cited this very passage as scripture: only instead of the words, for those that love bim, he reads, for those that expect him. Ep. to the Corinth sect. xxxiv.

πνευμα το εκ του Θεου, ίνα ειδωμεν τα ύπο του Θεου χατο οισθεντα ήμιν. ά και λαλουμεν ουκ εν διδακζοις ανθοωπινης σοφιας λογοις, αλλ' εν διδακδοις πνευμάδος, πνευμά-TIKOIS TIVEUWALIKA OUTKOIYOVι 4 Τες. Ψυχικος δε ανθρωπος ου δεχείαι τα του πνευμαίος του Θεου, μωρια ταρ αυτω εσίι. και ου δυναλαι τνωναι, ότι is Trevualikus arakpirelai. obe πνευμαλικός ανακρίνει ταπαντα, αυλος δε ύπ' ουδενος α-16 νακρινθαι. Τις γαρ εγνω νουν Κυσιου, ος συμβιβασει αυ-TOV? husis de vous Xoiolou e-XOUEY.

1 Και ερω, αδελφοι, συκ ηδυνηθην λαλησαι ύμιν ως
πνευμαλικοις, αλλ ώς σαρκικοις, ως νηπιοις εν Χριστω.
γαλα ύμας επολισα, και ου
βρωμα, ουπω ραρ ηδυνασθε,
αλλ ουδε ετι νυν δυνασθεελι ραρ σαρκικοι εσλε. όπου
ραρ εν ύμιν ζηλος και ερις,
ουχι σαρκικοι εσλε, και καλα

not the spirit of this world. but that which comes from God; that we might know what he has graciously bestowed upon us. this is what 12 we declare; not in the words which human wisdom, but which the holy spirit dictates; explaining spiritual things in a spiritual language. but the animal man does not 14 receive the effusions of the spirit of God; for they are foolishness to bim; neither can be understand them; because they are spiritually discerned, but they are all ex-15 pos'd to the judgment of the spiritual, whilf he himself is not subject to the judgment of any man. for * bow can be, 16 that does not know the mind of the Lord, instruct another? but as for us, we are acquainted with the mind of the Lord.

However, I could not I speak to you, my brethren, as to the spiritual, or as to the dispassionate, but as to novices in christianity. I have 2 fed you with milk, and not with meat: for hitherto ye were not able to bear it, nor have you yet sufficient strength. for you are still subject to your 3 passions. since envy, and strife, and divisions are among you, are you not actuated by the vices of the animal part?

H while

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av-

4 ανθρωπον περιπαλείλε ? όταν rap hern Tic, erw her eim Παυλου, έτερος δε, ειω Απολλω, ουχι σαρκικοί εσίε? 5 TIC OUN EOTI MAUNOS. TIC DE Απολλως, αλλ' η διακονοι δι ών επιστευσαίε, και έκασίω ώς ο Κυριος εδωκεν? εΓω εφυτευσα, Απολλως επολισεν. αλλ' ο Θεος πυξανεν. พ่อไร อบไร ก็ อบโรบพง ออไเ Ti, ουλε ο πολίζων, αλλ' ο αυ-8 ξανων Θεος. ο φυλευων δε και ο πολίζων έν εισιν, έκασ-Τος δε τον ιδιον μισθου λπΨελαι καλα του ιδιού κοπου.

Θεου γαρ εσμεν συνεργοι, Θεου Γεωργιον, Θεου οικοδομπ 10εσίε. καία την χαριν του Θεου την δοθεισαν μοι, ώς σοφος αρχιζεκζων θεμελιον τεθεικα, αλλος δε εποικοδομει. έκασιος δε βλεπείω πως εποι-11 κοδομει. Θεμέλιον Γαρ αλλον ουδεις δυναλαι θείναι παρα τον KEIMEVOV. OS EGILV INGOUS O 12 Χρισλος. ει δε Τις εποικοδομει επι τον θεμελιον τουίον, χρυσον, αργυρον, λιθους τιμιους, 12 ξυλα, χορίον, καλαμήν: έκασίου το εργον φανερον γενησείαι, ή γαρ ήμετα δηλωσει, ότι εν πυρι αποκαλυπίθαι, και έκασλου το εργον όποιον

while one cries I am Paul's A disciple, and another, I am Apollo's, are ye not vicious? who then is Paul, and who is 5 Apollos, but ministers by sobom ye have received faith according to the divine gifts imparted to each of them? I 6 bave planted, Apollos watercd: but God gave the increase. so then, neither is be 7 that planted any thing, nor be that watered: it is God only that gives the increase. be that planteth, and be that & wateretb. bave the fame design: and each shall receive bis proper reward, in proportion to his own labour.

For we are sellow labour- 9 ers employed by God: you are bis field, and bis manfion. ac- 10 cording to the freegift of God bestowed upon me, I, as a skilful architest, bave laid the foundation, and another builds thereon. but let every man take beed bow be builds thereupon, for no one can lay 11 any other foundation, than what is haid, which is, that Jesus is the Massias, now if 12 upon this foundation fornebody builds gold, silver, precious stones, wood, kay, stubble: be that builds fuch work, will 13 be expos'd. for the time of tryal will show it: it shall be discovered by the fire, which will put each fort of work to the

εσίι,

teft.

14 εσίι, το πυρ δοκιμασει. ει
τινος το εργον μενει ο επώκο15 δομησε, μισθον ληψείαι. ει
τινος το εργον καίακαησείαι,
ζημωθησείαι, αυίος δε σωθησείαι, ουίως δε ώς δια πυρος.

16' Ουκ οιδαλε ότι ναος Θεου εσλε, και το πνευμα Θεου οι-

17 κει εν ύμιν? ει τις τον ναον του Θεου φθειρει, φθερει αυθου ό Θεος, ό γαρ ναος του Θεου άγιος εσθε ύμεις.

18 μπόεις έαυλον εξαπαλαλω, ει Τις δοκει σοφος ειναι εν ύμιν εν Τω αιωνι Τουλω, μωρος γενεσ-

19 θω, ίνα Γενηλαί σοφος. ή Γαρ σοφια του κοσμου τουλου, μωρια παρα τω Θεω εσλί. Γε-Γραπλαί Γαρ, " ο δρασσομενος τους σοφους εν τη πα-

20" νους Για αυίων." και παλιν, "Κυριος Γινωσκει τους "διαλογισμους των σοφων,

21 " ότι εισι μαλαιοι." ώσλε μπδεις καυχασθω εν ανθρωποις. πανλα γας ύμων εσλιν.

22 είλε Παυλος, είλε Απολλως, είλε Κηφας, είλε κοσμος, είλε Κωπ, είλε θαναλος, είλε ενεστωλα, είλε μελλονλα; πανλα

23 ήμων εσίιν: ύμεις δε, Χριστου: Χρισίος δε, Θεου.

 Ουΐως ήμας λογιζεσθω ανθρωπος, ώς ύπηρελας Χρισλου, και οικονομούς μυσληριών Θε-2 ου. ώδε λοιπον, ζηλειλαι εν

TOIC

test. if the work abide which 14 somebody has built thereupon, he shall receive a reward. if that man's work should be 15 burnt, he will suffer loss: but should he himself escape, it will be as out of the fire.

Don't you know, that you 16 are the temple of God, and that the spirit of God dwells in you? if any man divide 17 the temple of God, bim shall God destroy: for you, who are the temple of God, are consecrated to bim. let no man 18 deceive himself: if any among you pretends to worldly wifdom, let bim commence fool, in order to be truly wife. for 19 the wisdom of this world is folly, in the eye of God: as it is written *, " be sur-" prizes the wise in all their " artifices," and again, " the 20 " Lord knows, that the " thoughts of the wife are " vain." therefore, let no one 21 glory in men: for all are yours: whether Paul or A-22 pollos, or Gepbas, or the world, or life, or death, or things present, or things to come; all are yours; and 23 you are Christ's; and Christ is God's.

Let men consider us, as the ministers of Christ, who dispense the divine mysteries.

now it is required in a stew- 2

* Job xv. 13. Pfal, xciv. Fr.

τοις οικονομοις, ίνα πισίος τις 3 έυρηθη. εμοι δε εις ελαχισίον εσ ιν ίνα υφ' ύμων ανακριθω, η ύπο ανθρωπινής πίμεςας. αλλ' ουδε εμαύδον ανακρινω. 4 ουδεν γαρ εμαυίω συνοιδα. αλλ' ουκ εν τουίω δεδικαιωual, o de avakolywy us. Ku-5 οιος εσίιν. ώσιε μη προ καιpou Ti Krivels, Ews av Exten o Κυριος, ός και φωλισει τα κουπία του σκοίους, και φανερωσει τας βουλας των καρδιων, και τολε ο επαινος τενησεζαι έκασζω από του Θε-OU.

6 Ταυία δε, αδελφοι, με-Τεσχημαίισα εις εμαυίον και Απολλω, δι' ύμας, ίνα εν ήμιν μαθηίε το μη ύπερ ὁ γεγραπίαι (φρονειν) ίνα μη έις ύπερ του ένος φυσιουσθε καία 7 του έτερου. τις γαρ σε διακρινει? τι δε εχεις ὁ ουκ ελαβες? ει δε και ελαβες, τι καυχασαι ώς μη λαβων?

Η οπ κεκορεσμενοι εσίε, πόπ επλουίπσαίε, χωρις ήμων εβασιλευσαίε, και οφελον γε

ard, that be be found faithful. as for me, it is a matter 3 of no great concern that I should be called to account by you, or any buman authorinot that I am my own judge; (for though I am not conscious to my self of any unfaithfulness, yet am I not bereby absolved:) but he that is my supreme judge, is the Lord. tberefore suspend your judg- 5 ment till the Lord comes, who will bring to light the fecrets of darkness, and expose the counsels of mens bearts: and then shall every man have his due reward from God.

These things, my brethren, a I have represented to you in my own person, and that of Apollos, out of respect to you: to show you how to moderate your esteem by the rule prescribed, that you may not be transported in savour of one rather than another. for who you diffinguished thee above another? or what have you, that you did not receive? now if you did receive it, why do you glory as if you had not received it?

You have already a fuffi- 8 ciency, you already abound, you live like princes in our absence: and would to God you did reign, that we too might

* Ch. III. 13. St. Jerom says, in the idiom of the Cilicians, where Paul learn'd Greek, a Day signifies Judgment.

εβασιλευσαίε, ίνα και πίμεις ο υμιν συμβασιλευσωμεν. δοκω ταρ ότι ὁ Θεος ήμας **το**υς αποσίολους εσχατους απεδειξεν ώς επιθανατιους, ότι θεα-Τρου εγενηθημέν τω κοσμω και το αττελοις και ανθοωποις. ήμεις μωροι δια ΧρισΤον, ύμεις δε φοονιμοι εν Χρισίω, ήμεις ασ-DEVERS, DILERS DE LOXUDOI, Uμεις ενδοξοι, ήμεις δε αλιμοι. 11 αχει της αελι ώρας και πεινω-HEV. KAI STYWHEV, KAI TUHνηλευομέν, και κολαφιζομέθα, 12 Kal aolalounev: Kal Komwμεν, εργαζομένοι ταις ιδιαις χερσι: λοιδορουμενοι, ευλο-TOULEY: διωκομένοι, ανεχομε-3 θα: βλασφημουμένοι, παρακαλουμεν: ως περικαθαρματα του κοσμου εγενηθημεν, πανίων περιψημα έως αςίι.

14. Ουκ εθερεπων ύμας Γραφω ταυία, αλλ' ώς τεκνα μου 15 αγαπήλα νουθείων. εαν γαρ μυςιους παιδαγωγους εχήλε εν Χρισίω, αλλ' ου ποπλους παίερας εν γαρ Χρισίω Ιησου δία του ευαγγελιου εγω 16 ύμας εγενησα. παρακαλω ουν ύμας, μμπίλαι μου γίνεσ-17 θε. δία τουίο επεμιγα ύμιν Τιμοθεον, ός εσίι τεκνον μου αγαπήου και πισίον εν Κυ-

might have the advantage of your administration. for it feems as if God bad exposed us apostles the last upon the stage, as persons appointed to death. for we are made a spectacle to the world, to angels, and to men. we are to made fools for our attachment to Christ, while you, who are christians too. Still pass for the wife: we are in poverty, but you are in tower: you meet with esteem. but we find contempt. to this I ! very day we fuffer both bunger, thirst, and penury: we are buffeted from place to place, as vagabonds: we 12. are fatigu'd by our manual toil: when reviled, we pray: when persecuted, we don't repine: and when we are de- 12 famed, we intreat: in a word, we are look'd upon as the dregs and scum of mankind, even to this day.

This I don't write to give 14 you any confusion, but by way of remonstrance, to you who are my dear children. for 15 though you may have ten thousand christian preceptors, you cannot have many fathers; since it was I that first instructed you in the gospel of Christ Jesus: and 16 therefore I intreat you, to copy after me. 'tis for this 17 end I have sent you Timothy,

çιψ,

ριφ, ός ύμας αναμνησει τας όδους μου τας εν Χρισίω, καθως πανίαχου εν παση εκκλησια διδασκω.

18 Ως μη ερχομενού δε μου προς ύμας, εφυσιώθησαν Τι19 νες. ελευσομαι δε ταχεώς προς ύμας, εαν ὁ Κυριος θεληση, και γνωσομαι ου τον λογον των πεφυσιώμενων, αλ20 λα την δυναμίν. ου γαρ εν λογώ ή βασιλεία του Θεού, αλλ' εν δυναμει.

Τι θελετε ? εν ραβοω ελθω προς ύμας, η εν αγαπη, πνευ-I HALL TE TOAOINIOS ? ONWS Aκουείαι εν ύμιν πορνεια, και τοιαυίη πορνεια, ήτις ουδε εν τοις εθνεσιν, ώσλε τυναικα τι→ 2 va Tou Halpos exeiv. μεις πεφυσιωμένοι εσίε, και ουχι μαλλον επενθησαζε, ίνα εξαρθη εκ μεσου ύμων ό το 3 EPROV TOULO MOINGAS? μεν απων τω σωμαλι, παρων δε τω πνευμαλι, ηδη κεκρικα ώς παρων, τον ουτω τουλο κα-4. Τεργασαμένου, εν Τω ονοματι του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισίου, συναχθενίων ύμων και του εμου πνευμαίος, συν τη δυναμει του Κυριου ήμων who is my dear disciple, and a faithful christian, who will inform you how I behave my self in every church where I teach the gospel of Christ.

Some make their boaft as 18 if I would not come to you. but if the Lord pleases, I19 will visit you very soon; and then I shall try, not what these boasters can say, but what they can do: for the gospel 20 dispensation does not consist in talk, but in power.

Which would you chuse, 21 that I should come to you arm d with resentment? or. in a mild and benevolent temper? we bave it from all quarters, that incest is tractis'd among you, and fuch as is not among the Gentiles, that of * a man's baving his father's wife. this you have 2 made a matter of levity, instead of being concern'd in discarding bim that has done such an action. as for me, 3 though I am absent in person, yet being present by my authority, with regard to him that bas committed this fast, I am come to the fame resolution. as if I was present, that is, 4 when you are affembled, and I virtually there, in the name of our Lord Jesus

Ιησου

* It feems as if he had married his mother-in-law, who had been repudiated by his father. See II. Cor. vii. 12.

5 Ιπσου Χρισίου, παραδουναι τον τοιούλον τω Σαλανα εις ολεθρον της σαρκος, ίνα το πνευμα σωθη εν τη ημερα του Κυριου Ιπσου Χρισίου.

Κυριου ιπσου κρισιου.

(Ου) καλον το καυχημα ύμων ουκ οιδαίε ότι μικρα ζυμη όλον το φυραμα δολοι? εκκαθαραίε την παλαιαν ζυμην, ίνα η η ενεον φυραμα, καθως εσίε αζυμοι, και γαρ το πασχα ήμων είυθη, Χριστος. ωσίε έοριαζωμεν, μη εν ζυμη παλαια, μηδε εν ζυμη κακιας και πονηριας (αλλ' εν αζυμοις ειλικρινείας και αληθείας.)

ΕΓΡΑΨΑ ύμιν εν τη επιστολη, μη συναναμιγνυσθαι το ποξενοις. ου πανίως τοις πορνοις του κοσμου τουίου, η τοις πλεονεκίαις, η άρπαζιν, η ειδωλολαίραις, επει ωφειλείε αρα εκ του κοσμου εξελιθείν. νυνί δε εγραψα ύμιν μη συναναμιγνυσθαι, εαν τις αδέλφος ονομαζομένος η πορνος, η πλεονεκίης, η ειδωλολατρικ, η λοιδορος, η μεθυσος,

Christ +, to deliver him up 5 to satan, to suffer corporal punishment, that his spirit may be saved in the day of the Lord Jesus Christ.

Your levity is very indecent: 6 don't you know that a little leaven infects the whole mass? purge out the old leaven, that 7 you may be a new mass, since you should be without leaven. for * Christ our paschal lamb has been sacrificed for us. therefore let us keep the 8 feast, not with old leaven, the leaven of malice and wickedness; but with unaffected sincerity and truth.

When I formerly writ to g you, not to keep company with the vicious: I did not mean 10 the vicious Gentiles, the mifers, ‡ the raparees, or with idolaters; for then you must have gone out of the world. but my meaning was, not to 11 keep company with any christian known to be vicious, or covetous, or an idolater, or a railer, or a drunkard, or rapacious,

+ Such a fort of excommunication was in use among the Essens." a person surprized in any gross offence, was expell'd their society; and they that were so punish'd, generally died a miserable death." Juseph. War of the Jews. Book II. c.11.

The Jews, during the seven days of the paschal feast, abstain'd from leavened bread. Justin Martyr, Dial. against Triphon, says, the Jews had castrated the book of Eistras, in which were these words, this passover is our saviour, and our resuge. to which, 'tis probable, St. Paul aluded.

|| This Epiffle is loft, among many other writings of the first ages. ‡ Kidnappers, who stole men to fell them for slaves, were then veey common. η άρπαξ, τω τοιουτώ μηδε
12 συνεσθιείν- τι γαρ μοι τους
εξω κρινείν ? ουχί τους εσω
13 ύμεις κρινείε ? τους δε εξω ό
Θεος κρινεί. εξαραίε τον πονηρον εξ ύμων αυίων.

Τολμα τις υμών, πράτμα EXWY TOOS TOY ETEROY, KOLνεσθαι επι των αδικων, και 2 ουχιεπι των άπων? η ουκ οιδα ε ότι οι άγιοι τον κοσμον KCIVOUOL? KALEL EV UHIV KOLνείαι ο κοσμος, αναξιοι εσίε α κριΙηριων ελαχισίων ? οιδαλε ότι αγγελους κρινουμέν ? A UNTIL TE BIWTIKA? BIWTIKA μεν ουν κριληρια εαν exnle, τους εξουθενημενους εν τη εκκλη-5 σια, τουλους καθιζέλε. ενΙροπην ύμιν λεγω. ούθως ουκ ενι εν ύμιν σοφος, ός δυνησεται διακριναι ανα μεσον του 6 αδέλφου αυίου? αλλα αδελφος μεία αδελφου κρινείαι. 7 και τουίο επι απισίων ? μεν ουν όλως ήτλημα ύμιν εσ-TIV, OTI KPIHALA EXELS HEB' ÉαυΙων. διαΙι ουχι μαλλον α-.δικεισθε ? διαλι ουχι μαλλον 8 αποσθερεισθε ? αλλα ύμεις αδικείλε και αποσλερείλες και Τουίο αδελφους.

pacious, no not even to eat with such a one. for what 12 have I to do to judge those who are without the church; but are not you to judge those that are within? those that are 13 without, God will judge, therefore expel the libertine from your community.

When any controverly ari- 1 ses among you, will any one presume to appeal to the Gentiles, and not to Christians? don't you know that thefe are 2 to judge the world? if the world is to be judg'd by you, are not you qualify'd to decide your petty causes? don't you know that we shall 3 be judges of angels? much more then of the affairs of life? if then you have the cog- 4 nizance of fuch matters, why do ye set those to judge who are despised by the church? I Speak it to your shame. what, 5 is there not a man of experience among ft you, capable of being arbitrator between his bretbren? but when a contest arises, you must refer the decision to insidels? beside, you are absolutely in the wrong in going to law with one another at all: why don't you rather take wrong? why do ye not rather suffer loss? nay, in 8 this case, you alt injuriously, and do damage even to your bretbren.

9 Η ουκ οιδαλε ότι αδικοι βασικειαν Θεου ου κκπρονομπσουσι? μη πκανασθε, ουτεπορνοι, όυλε ειδωκοκαλραι, όυλε μοιχοι, ουλε μακακοι, ουτε αρσενοκοιλαι, ουλε κκεπται, ουλε πλεονεκλαι, ουλε με θυσοι, ου κοιδοροι, ουκ άρπάζει βασικειαν Θεου κκπροτιομησουσι. και ταυλα τινες πλε, ακκα απεκουσασθε, ακκα ή μασθηλε, ακκα εδικαιωθηλε εν τω ονομαλι του Κυριου Ιησου Χρισλου, και εν τω πνευμαλι του Θεου ήμων.

12 Παθα μοι εξεσίν ? αλλ' ου πανία συμφερει, πανία μοι εξεσίν ? αλλ' ουκ εςω εξουσσιασθησομαι ύπο τινος.

13 "τα βρωμαία τη κοιλια, "και ή κοιλια τοις βρωμα-" σιν :" ό δε Θεος και ταυίην και ταυία και άργησει. το δε σιυμα ου τη πορνεια, αλλα τω Κυριω, και ό Κυριως και τον Κυριων η ειρε, και ύμας εξεςερει δια της δυναμεως αυίου.

15 Ουκ οιδαλε ότι τα σωμαλα υμων, μενη Χρισλου εσλιν ? αρα ουν τα μενη του Χρισλίου, ποιησω πορνης μενη ? 16 μη γενοίλοι ουκ οιδαλε ότι ό κολλωμενος τη πορνης έν σω-

Know you not that the un- 9 just shall not inherit the kingdom of God? be not deceived: neither the licentious. nor idolaters, nor adulterers, nor the effeminate, nor the brutal, nor thieves, nor mi- 10 fers, nor drunkards, nor revilers, nor raparees, shall inherit the kingdom of God. and fuch were some of you: II but you have been washed, you have been sanstified, you bave been justified in the name of the Lord fefus Christ, and by the spirit of our God.

Are all things lawful for 12 me? bowever, all things are not expedient: are all things lawful for me? bowever, I will not be a slave to any. "meat is design'd for the bel- 12 "ly, and the belly for meat:" true, yet God bas design'd both for destruction. now the body is not design'd for licentiousness, but for the glory of the Lord; fince the Lord died for the glorification of the body: for as God bath raised up the 14. Lord, so will be likewise raise us up to partake of bis own power.

Don't you know, that your 15 bodies are parts of Christ's mystical body? now, how can that which is Christ's, be made the property of a very creature? it cannot be, why, 16 don't you perceive, that where

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there

μα εσλιν? " εσονλαι ταρ, φη-" σιν, οι δυο εις σαρκα μ-17" αν. ο δε κολλωμενος τω 18 Κυριω, έν πνευμα εσλι. φευrele Thu Fopusian. παν άμαε]ημα ο εαν ποιηση ανθρωπος, εκίες του σωμαίος εσίιν, ο δε πορνευων, εις το 19 ιδίου σωμα άμας ανεί. η ουκ οιδαλε, ότι τα σωμαλα ύμων ναος του εν ύμιν άγιου πνευμαλος εσλιν, ου έχετε απο SEOU. KAL OUK EGTE ÉAUTON? 20 ηγοςασθηλε γαρ τιμης, δοξασαle on τον Θεον εν τω σωμαλι ύμων.

Περι δε ών εγραψαλε μοι, καλον ανθρωπώ Γυναικος μη 2 άπλεσθαι. δια δε τας πουνειας έκασλος την έαυλου τυvaika exelw, kai ekaoln tov ιδιον ανδρα εχείω. Τη τυναικι ο ανηρ Την οφειλην αποδιδοίω, όμοιως δε και ή τυνη τω 4 ανδει. ή τυνη του ιδίου σωmalos ouk ekonorakei, ann' o ανης, δμοιως δε και δ ανηρ που ιδιου σωμαίος ουκ εξουσι-5 αζει, αλλ' ή τυνη. μη αποοθερείδε αλληλους, ει μη Τι αν εκ συμφωνού προς καιρού, ινα σχολαζη τη προσευχή,

there is such an attachment. they are but as one person? for the scripture fays +, "they " two shall be as one." but be 17 that is attach'd to the Lord. is united to bim by one and the same spirit. flee licenti- 18 ousness. no other sin that a man commits does affect the church as a body: but the licentious commits a fraud against the whole body to which be belongs. what! know ye 19 not that your bodies are the temple of the boly spirit, which is in you, which you have from God, and that you are not your own? for you are 20 bought with a price: therefore glorify God in your body.

Now as to the question you 1 writ to me about ; " whether " it is best for a man not to c marry?" I answer, with 2 regard to the licentious, it is best for a man, to have his wife; and for a woman to bave ber busband. let the 3 husband discharge bis obligations to his wife: and likewife the wife to the bushand, the 4 wife bas not the right of her own person, but the bushand: and so likewise the busband bas not the right of his own person, but the wife. don't 5 desert one another, unless you mutually consent to retire for

και παλιν επι το αυδο συνερχησθε, ίνα μη πειραζη ύμας ο Σαλανας δια την ακρασιαν ο ύμων. τουδο δε λερω καλα συργυωμην, ου κατ' επίλατην. θελω ραρ πανλας ανθρωπους ειναι ώς και εμαυδον, αλλ' έκασλος ιδιον χαρισμα εχει εκ Θεου, ος μεν ουδως, ος δε όυδως.

β Λεςω δε τοις αγαμοις και ταις χηραις, καλον αυζοις εσ
γ τιν εαν μεινωσιν ώς κάςω. ει δε ουκ εςκρατευονλαι, γαμπσατωσαν. κρεισσον γαρ εσλι τοις δε γεγαμπκοσι παραγγελλω ουκ εςω, αλλ' ό Κυριος, γυναικα απο ανδρος μη χωρισθηναι.

11 εαν δε και χωρισθη, μενετω αγαμος, η τω ανδρι καταλλαγηλω: και ανδρα γυναικα μη αφιεναι.

12 Τοις δε λοιποις ετω λετω, ουχ ό Κυριος, ει τις αδελφος τυναικα εχει απισθον, και αυτη συνευδοκει οικειν μετ' αυτι του, μη αφιεθω αυθην. και αυτονη ήτις εχει ανόρα απισθον, και αυθος συνευδοκει οικειν μετ' αυθης, μη, αφιεθω αυθον. 14 ήτιασθαι ταρ ό ανηρ ό απισ-

a time, to the solemnity of prayer; and then come together again, lest satan make an attempt upon your continency. but as for the rest, I 6
speak it by way of counsel, and not of command. for I wish 7
that all men were as I myself am: but every man bath his proper gift from God, some one way, and some another.

As to the unmarried and 8 widows, I say, it is best for them to continue so, as I do. but if they have not the gift, 9 let them :narry: for it is better to marry than to be in pain. as to the married, I10 enjoin this rule, not as from my self, but from the Lord. that a woman should not leave ber busband: but if she bas 11 separated berself, let ber remain unmarried, or be reconciled to ber busband: and let not the bushand out away bis wife,

But as to the other cases, 12 which were not decided by the Lord; I say, if any brother has a pagan wise, who likes to live with him, let him not put her away. and if a wo-13 man has a pagan hushand, who likes to live with her, let her not leave him. * for the 14

* His wife being a member of the church, is holy, that is, a christian; and man and wife being but one, her husband is in some measure fanctify'd, that is, christianiz'd, as long as he likes to live with her.

Τος εν τη γυναικι, και ήγιασται ή γυνη ή απισίος εν τω ανόρι. επει αρα τα Τεκνα υμων ακαθαρία εσίι, νυν δε 15 άγια εσίιν. ει δε ό απισίος χωριζίαι, χωριζεσθω. ου δεδουλωίαι ό αδελφος η ή αδελφη εν τοις τοιουίοις: εν δε ειρηνή κεκληκεν ήμας ό Θεος ; 16 τι γαρ οιδας, γυναι, ει τον ανόρα σωσεις? ή τι οιδας, ανερ, ει την γυναικα σωσεις?

17 Ει μη έκασλο ώς εμερισεν δ GEOG. EKOGTOV WY KEKATIKEV O Κυριος, ουθω περιπαθείθω. και OUTWO EV TAIS EKKANDIAIS TA-18 σαις διαλασσομαι. **ω**πμενος τις εκληθη? μη επισπασθω. εν ακροβυσλια τις εκληθη? μη περιτεμνεσθω. 19 η περίδομη ουδέν εσθι, και ή ακοοβυσλια ουδεν εσλιν, αλλα 20 Τηρησις εντολων Θεου, έκασίος εν τη κλησει ή εκληθή, 21 EV TAVÍN MEVETO. DOUNOS EKληθης? μη σοι μελέlω, αλλ ει και δυνασαι ελευθέρος Γε-22 νεσθαι, μαλλου κοπσαι. ό γαρ εν Κυριώ κληθεις δουλος. απελευθέρος Κυριου εσλίν, δ-

unbelieving bushand is christianiz'd by the believing wife, and the unbelieving wife is christianizd by the believing busband : else were your children heathens: whereas they are christians. but if the infi-13 del will separate, let bim go: a brother or a fifter is not inflaved in such cases, but God bas called us to peace; for bow do you know, O wife, 16 but you may fave your busband? or bow do you know, O man, but you may fave your wife?

Whatever condition God 17 bas allotted to any man, let him go on in the same state be was in when he became a christian: this I give as a standing rule to all churches. does a Jew turn Christian ? 18 let bim not pretend to be uncircumcised: does a Gentile turn Christian? let him not become circumcised. circum-10 cision is nothing, and uncircumcifion is nothing, in comparison of obeying the divine commands. let every man con- 20 tinue in the same state be was in when he turn'd christian. were you called being a flave? 21 be not perplex'd about it; but if you can obtain your freedom, don't refuse it. for 22 the slave that turns christian, is the Lord's freedman: likewife, the freeman that beμοιως και ο εκευθερος κκπθεις, 23 δουκος εστι Χριστου. Τιμπς ηγορασθηίε ε μη γινεσθε δουκοι 24 α θρωπων. Εκαστος εν ώ εκκηθη, αδεκφοι, εν Τουίω μενετω παρα τω Θεω.

25 Περι δε των παρθενων επιταγην Κυριου ουκ έχω, γνω-ແກວ ບໍຣ ວີເວີເລແເ ເຣັດ ກາເຄາແຮນວດ ນ້-26 πο Κυριου πισθος ειναι. νομιζω ουν τουίο καλον ύπαςκειν δια την ενεσίωσαν αναςκην, ότι καλον ανθρωπω το 27 OUTWS SIVAL. SEGETAL TOVALh.? un Inse duoid. Deduσαι απο τυναικος? μη ζηλει 28 τυναικα. εαν δε και τημης, oux muxiles, και εαν τημη ή παρθενος, ουχημαςζε, θλινιν i: * Th GARKI EZOUGIV OF TOIουίοι. ετω δε ύμων φειδο-EZI.

29 Τουλο δε φημι, αδελφοι, ό καιρος συνεσλαλμενος το λοιπον εσλιν ίνα και οι εχονλες γυναικας, ώς μη εχονλες ωσι, 30 και οι κλαιονλες, ώς μη κλαιοιλες, και οι χαιρουλες, ώς μη χαιτονλες, και οι αγοταζουλες, 31 ως μη καλεχουμέχου, τουλώ, ώς μη καλαχρωμένοι. παραγει γαρ το σχημα του κοσμου του-

comes a convert is Christ's
fervant. have you been re-23
deemed from slavery? then,
don't turn slaves. hrethren, 24
let every man conscientiously
continue in the slate he was
in when he was converted.

As to the case of celibacy, I 25 have no positive instructions: vet my advice deserves to be regarded, as coming from one the divine favour has distinguished. I think therefore it 26 is best, considering the prefent distress, I say, it is best, for a single person to continue so still. are you contrac-27 ted to a wife? seek not to be disengag'd. are you disengag'd from your wife? don't look out for another; not that it an is a sin sor you to marry; nor is it so if a virgin marry; but they that do, will be troubled for their relations, and that I would prevent.

This I fay, bretbren, be-29 cause the time is coming, when they who have vives will be as those that have none; and 30 they that weep, as those that are unconcern'd; and they that rejoice, as those that do not; and they that buy, as those that have no possessions; and they that possessions; and they that possessions; and they that possessions; world, as those that can't make an ill use of it. for the scene of this world is continually

TOY.

32 του. Θελω δε ύμας αμεριμνους ειναι. ὁ αγαμος μεριμνα τα του Κυριου, πως αρεση
33 τω Κυριω. ὁ δε γαμησας μεριμνα τα του κοσμου, πως
34 αρεσει τη γυναικι. μεμερισθαι
ή γυνη και ή παρθενος : ἡ αγαμος μεριμνα τα του Κυριου,
ίνα η άγια και σωμαθι και
πνευμαθι, ἡ δε γαμησασα
μεριμνα τα του κοσμου, πως
αρεση τω ανδρι.

35 Τουίο δε προς το ύμων αυτων συμφερον λεγω, ουχίνα βροχον ύμιν επιβαλω, αλλα προς Το ευσχημον και ευπαρεδρον τω Κυριω απερισπασ-26 TWS. EL DE TIS AUX MUOVELV Eπι την παρθενον άυλου νομιζει, εαν η ύπερακμος, και δυτως οφειλει Γινεσθαι, ο θελει π oiellw, oux $\dot{\alpha}\mu\alpha\rho \dot{\alpha}\nu\epsilon i$, $r\alpha$ -27 μειλωσαν. ος δε έσληκεν έδραιος εν τη καρδια, μη εχων avarkny, ekouolav de exel TEρι του ιδιου θελημαίος, και τουλο κεκρικεν ευ τη καρδια άυτου, του τηρειν την έαυτου παρθενού, καλως ποιει. 38 WOTE KAL O EKFALLEWY, KA-AUG TOLEL, O DE UN EKTALLEUV. κρεισσον ποιει.

nually shifting. I would have you free from anxiety, the un-32 married is religiously concerned, how he may please the Lord: he that is married is 33 worldly concern'd, how he may please his wise, there is 34 the same difference between a married woman and a virgin: the last is religiously concern'd to be holy, both in body and mind: but she that is married is taken up with worldly cares to please her bushand.

And this I say for your 35 particular advantage, not to lay any constraint upon you, but as that which is most suitable to a state of uninterrupted attendance upon religion. if any man thinks it 36 would be a reflexion upon his manbood to be a stale batchelor, and so ought to marry; let him follow his bent, he is at liberty, let such marry. but be that has been steady 37 in bis purpose, and finds no necessity to alter it; if be is a master of his passion, and is beartily determin'd to keep bis virginity, it is well. so 38 that he who marries, does well; but he who lives single, may bave less trouble.

39 Γυνη δεδείαι εφ' όσον χροτον ζη ό ανηρ αυίπς, εαν δε
κοιμηθη ό ανηρ αυίπς, ελευθερα εσίιν ώ θελει γαμηθηναι,
40 μονον εν Κυριώ. μακαριώ ερα
δε εσίιν εαν όυτω μεινη, καία
την εμην γνώμην, δοκω δε κάγω πνευμα Θεου εχειν.

Περι δε Των ειδωλοθυτων, οιδαμεν ότι πανίες γνωσιν ε-χομεν. ή γνωσις φυσιοι, ή δε
 αγαπη οικοδομει. ει δε τις δοκει ειδεναι τι, ουδεπω εγνω κε καθως δει γνωναι. ει δε τις αγαπα τον Θεον, όυτος εγνωσίαι ὑπ' αυίου.

Α ΙΤερι της βρωσεως συν των ειδωλοθυίων, οιδαμεν ότι ουδεν ειδωλον εν κοσμώ, και 5 ότι ουδεις Θεος ει μη έις. και
[αρ ειπερ εισι λεγομενοι θεοι,
είξε εν συρανώ, είξε επι της
[ης: ώσπερ εισι θεοι πολλοι,
και κυριοι πολλοι. αλλ' ήμιν έις Θεος ό πατηρ, εξ όυ
τα πανία, και ήμεις εις αυίον,
και έις Κυριος (ησους Χρισίος,
δι' όυ τα παντα, και ήμεις
δι' αυίου.

Αλλ' ουκ εν πασιν ή τνωσιι, τινει δε τη συνειδησει του ειδωλου έωι αξίι, ως ειδωλοθυίον εσθιουσι, και συνειδησικ The wife is bound as long 39 as her husband lives: but if her husbnd he dead, she is at liberty to be married, if she pleases; provided it he to a christian. but she will be 40 happier, if she remain a widow, in my opinion: and I think the divine spirit suggests the same.

Now as to things offered to idols, 'tis certain that the knowledge you all pretend to have, swells you with pride, but' tis charity that edifieth, and if any man be conceited of his own knowledge, he knows nothing yet as beought to know it. but if a man love God, the 3 same is taught by him.

As to the eating therefore 4 of what is offered in sacrifice to idols, we know that the heathen deities have no real existence, and that there is but one God. for the' there 5 are several titular deities, both in beaven and on earth: fuch as the whole crowd of gods, and lords among the Gentiles; yet to us there is 6 but one God, the father, from whom are all things, and we in bim; and one Lord Jesus Christ, by whom are all things, and we by bim.

But every one has not this knowledge: for some still i-magine the idol represents a deity: and eat the meat un-

ειδησις αυθων ασθενής ουσα 8 μολυνέζαι. βεωμα δε ήμας ου παρισ]ησι τω Θεω, ουλε γαρ εαν φαγωμέν, περισσευομεν. ουλε εαν μη φαγωμεν, ύσ ερουμεθα. βλεπείε δε μπ⊶ πως η εξουσια ύμων αυλη TCOOKOWUA TEVATAL TOLS AG-10 θενουσιν. εαν γαρ τις ιδη σε, τον εχονία ενώσιν, εν ειδωnew kalakeinevov. ouxi n ouνειδησις αυλου ασθενους ονλος οικοδομήθηση αι εις το τα ει- $116\omega \lambda 000]\alpha$ Equiv ? Kai α πολείζαι ο ασθενών επι τη ση γνωσει αδέλφος, δι' όν Χρισ-12 τος απεθανεν. όυτω δε αμαθανονίες εις τους αδέλφους. και τυπιονίες αυίων συνειδησιν ασθενουσαν, εις 13 Χριστον αμαθανείε. περ ει βρωμα σκανδαλιζει τον αδελφον μου, ου μη φατω κρεα εις του αιωνα, ίνα μη του αδελφού μου σκανδαλισω.

1 Ουκ ειμι ελευθερος? ουκ ειμι αποσίολος? ουχι 1ησουν Χρισίον τον Κυριον ήμων εωρακα? ου το εργον μου ύ2 μεις εσίε εν Κυριω? ει αλλοις ουκ ειμι αποσίολος, αλλα γε ύμιν ειμι, ή γαρ σφραγις της 3 εμης απολογια τοις εμε ανα4 κρινουσιν, άυτη εσίι: μη ουκ εχομεν εξουσιαν φαγειν και

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der the notion of an offering to such a being: by which erroneous opinion they are infested with idolatry, meat 8 does not recommend us to God: if we cat, we are not the better men ; if we don't eat, we are not the worle. but take care that this liber- o ty of yours does not prove a scandal to the weak. for if 10 any man see you who have a just notion of idols, sitting at table in their temple, will not the person who is wrong in bis notions be incouraged to eat what is offered to idols, the' contrary to his own opinion? so that your notions 11 may endanger the life of thy weak brother for whom Christ died. but when you thus of- 12 fend against the brethren, by wounding their weak confeience, you fin against Christ. wherefore if my eating makes 13 my brother offend, I will never eat fleshrather than make my brother offend.

Am I not free? am I not an apostle? have I not feen fesus Christ our Lord? are not you become christians by my labour? if I am not an apostle to others, yet doubtless I am to you: for your being christians is the proof of my apostleship, my answer to a those who call me to account, is this: have we not a right 4

to

5 TIELY? HIT OUR EXQUEY EEOUσιαν αδελφην τυναικα περια-THE WE KAL OL NOLTHOL ATTOσλολοι, και οι αδέλφοι του 6 Kungu, kai Knoac? n ua-VOS STW KAI BARVABAS OUK Eχομεν εξουσιαν μη εογαζεσ- $7 \theta \alpha i$? Tis of palsue $\theta \alpha i$ i of ions סעשיוסוג אולב ל דוג שטובטבו AUTENWYA, KAI EK TOU KACπου αυλου ουκ εσθιει? η τις TOLUAIVEL TOLUVING KALEK TOU γαλακίος της ποιμυής g εσθιει? μη καλα ανθρωπον ταυία παπω? ή και ό νομος ταυία ου λεγει ε τν γαρ τω Μωσεως νομώ γεγραπίαι, "ου " οιμωσεις βουν αλοωνία." μη των βοων μελει τω Θεω ? ιο η εί ήμας πανίως λεγει? δί πιιας ταρ εγραφη, ότι επ' ελπιδι οφειλει ο αροβριών αρο-TELAY, KAL O ANOWY, ET' EN-11 สเดิเ ชอบ แย่โะหะเง. 🛮 ย**ากแยเร บ**ั μιν τα πνευμαλικα εσπειραμεν, μεγα ει ήμεις-ύμων τα 12 σαρκικά θερισομέν? ει αλλοι της εξουσιας ύμων μείεχουσιν, ου μακλου ήμεις? αλλ' συκ εχρησαμέθα τη έξουσια ταυίη, αλλα πανία oferomen, ina un erkonny TIνα δωμέν τω ευαγγελίω του

to meat and drink? bave 5 not we the liberty to take a christian woman with us in our travels, as well as the rest of the aposlies, as the brothers of the Lord, and Cephas did? or I and Barna- 6 bas, are we only excluded the privilege of not working? who ever serves in war at his 7 own charges? who plants a vineyard, and does not eat of the fruit? or who feeds a flock, and eats not of the milk of the flock? is this 8 only the voice of reason? does not the law express the same too? for it is written in the 9 law of Moses +, "thou shalt " not muzzle the mouth of " the ox that treadeth out " the corn" are oxen the objects of divine care? or is to it said, no doubt, for our · sakes? for our sakes, no doubt, this is written: that be who plows should plow in bope; and that he who thresheib should expect the advantage. if for your bene-11 fit we have fown spirituals, is it so extraordinary if we should reap some benefit from your temporals? if others 12 partake of your substance, bave not I a better title? nevertheless, I have not made use of this privilege; but bear with any thing rather

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13 Χρισίου. ουκ οιδαίε ότι όι ταίερα εργαζομένοι, εκ του ίερου εσθιουσιν? δι τω θυσιαστηριω προσεδρευονίες, τω θυσιασίηςιω συμμεριζονίαι? 14 ουτω και ο Κυριος διλαξε τοις το ευαγγελιου καλαγγελλουσιν, I S EK TOU EUAFTERLOU LAV. EFW δε ουδενι εχρησαμην Τουίων. ουκ ετραινα δε ταυία, ίνα OUT W FEYMAL EY ELLOL, KALOY τας μοι μαλλον αποθανείν, η Το καυχημα μου ίνα Τις κε-16 νωση. εαν γαρ ευαγγελίζωμαι. ουκ εσίι μοι καυχημα, avarkn rac pol etikeilal, ouat rap hoteolin ean hu enal-17 Γελίζωμαι. ει γαρ έκων τουτο πρασσω, μισθον εχω, ει δε ακων, οικονομιαν πεπισ-18 τευμαι. Τις ουν μου εσλιν δ μισθος? ίνα ευαγγελιζομένος αδαπανον θησω το ευαγγελιον (του Χρισίου) εις το μπ καλαχρησασθαι τη εξουσια וס שטט בי דש בטמןן באנש. באבטθερος γαρ ων εκ πανίων, πασιν εμαυίον εδουλωσα, ίνα 20 Τους πλειονας κερδησω. και εγενομην Τοις Ιουδαιοις ώς Ιουδαιος, ίνα Ιουδαιους κερδησω, τοις ύπο νομον ώς ύπο νομον, ίνα Τους ύπο νομον

than obstruct the gospel of Christ. don't you know, that 13 they who prepare the facrifices, do eat of the facrifice in the temple? and they who wait at the altar, have their portion from the altar? even 14 so has the Lord ordained ibat they who preach the gospel, should live by the gospel. but 15 I have not made use of these advantages, neither have I writ this to obtain such maintenance: for I had rather die for want, than be deprived of such matter of glorying, for in barely preaching 16 the gospel, I have nothing to glory in: because I am under an obligation to do it; yea, wo is unto me if I preach not the gospel, now if I do 17 this willingly, I have a reward: but if against my will, it is a dispensation of trust which must be discharged. whence then is my reward? 18 wby, from my preaching the gospel of Christ gratis, without making use of the privilege which the gospel gives me. for the' I am indepen- 19 dent of all men, yet have I subjected myself to all, ibat I might gain the more to the 20 Jews, I became as a Jew, that I might gain the Jews ; to those who are under the law, as under the law, that I might gain those who are under

21 κερδησω, Τοις ανομοις ώς ανομος, μη ων ανομος Θεώ,
αλλ εννομος Χρισίω, ίνα κερ22 δησω ανομους. εΓενομην Τοις
ασθενεσιν ασθενης, ίνα τους
ασθενεις κερδησω. Τοις πασι
Γεγονα Τα πανία, ίνα παν23 Τας σωσω. πανία δε ποιω
δια το ευαγγελιον, ίνα συγκοινωνος αυίου γενωμαι.

24 Ουκ οιδαλε ότι δι εν σλαδιώ τρεχονλες, πανλες μεν τρεχουστιν, εις δε λαμβανει το βραβειον? όυτω τρεχελε ίνα κα25 ταλαβηλε. πας δε δ αγωνιζομενος, πανλα εγκραλευλαι, εκεινοι μεν ουν ίνα φθαρλου σλεφανον λαβωσιν, ήμεις δε 26 αφθαρλον. εγω τοινυν όυτω τρεχω, ώς ουκ αδηλως, όυτω πυκλευω, ώς ουκ αερα δε 27 ρων. αλλ ύποπιαζω μου το σωμα, και δουλαγωγω, μηπως αλλοις κηρυξας, αυλος αδοκιμος γενωμαι.

Ου θελω γαρ ύμας αγυσευ, αδελφοι, ότι οι παλερες ήμων πανλες ύπο την νεφελην ησαν, και πανλες δια της θαλασσης διηλθον: και πανλες εις τον Μωσην εβαπλισακλο εν τη νεφελη και εν τη θαλασση, και πανλες το αυλο βρωμα πνευμαλικον εφαγον: και πανλες τω αυλο

under the law; to those who 21 are without the law, as without that law, (not as being under no law to God, but as under the law to Christ) that I might gain those who are without the law, to the weak 22 I became as weak, that I might gain the weak: I became all things to all men, that I might save all forts of men, and I do all for the 23 gospel's sake, that I may share in the benefits thereos.

You know, that in a race, 24 tho' all run, but one receives the prize: so run, that you may obtain. every one that 25 strives for the mastery, is extremely temperate: now, they do it to obtain a corruptible crown, but we an incorruptible crown, but we an incorruptible one. I therefore so run, 26 not as one that is distanc'd: I sight, but not with the air. but I mortify my body, and 27 bring it into subjection: lest after having been a herald to others, I my self should be thrown out.

I would not have you ig- a norant, my bretbren, that all our fithers were under the Cloud, all passed thro the sea: and were all hartized 2 into the M saica! institution by the cloud, and by the sea; they all eat the same si- 3 ritual meat, and all drank 4.

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αυλο πομα πνευμαλικον επιον: επινον γαρεκ πνευμαλικής ακολουθούσης πέλοας, ή δε πες τρα ην ο Χρισίος. αλλ' ουκ εν Τοις πλειοσιν αυίων ευδοκησεν ο Θεος, καλεσλοωθησαν 6 ταρ εν τη ερημώ. ταυία δε τυποι ήμων εγενηθησαν, εις το μη ειναι ήμας επιθυμήτας κακων, καθως κάκεινοι επεθυ-7 μησαν. μηθε ειδωλολαζεαι τινεσθε, καθως τινες αυλών, άσπερ γεγραπίαι, " εκαύ.σεν ס אמסג שמרבני אמו הובני, και ανεσΙησαν παιζειν." 8 μπός ποργεύωμεν, καθώς τίνες αυλων επορνευσαν, και επεσον εν μια ήμεςα εικοσίζεις χιλιαδές. μποε εκπειεαζωμέν τον Χρισίον, καθως τινες αυτων επειρασαν, και ύπο των το οφεών απωλονίο. μποε τοςτυζείε, καθως τινες αυίων ε**γος τυσαν, και απωλονλο ύπο** του ολοθεευίου.

11 Ταυία δε πανία τυποι συνεβαινον εκεινοις, εγραφη δε προς νουθεσιαν ήμων, εις όυς τα τελη των αιωνων κατην-12 Ιησεν. ώσιε ό δοκων έστα-13 ναι, βλεπείω μη πεση. πει-ρασμος ύμας ουκ ειληφεν ει μη ανθρωπινος: πισίος δε ο Θεος, ός ουκ εασει ύμας πειρασθήναι ύπερ ό δυνασθε, αλλα ποι-ησει συν τω πειρασμώ και την εκβασιν, του δυνασθαι

the same spiritual drink: (for they drank of what flowed from the spiritual rock: and that rock was Christ.) but 5 with the greater part God was not well pleased: for their carcasses were strown in the wilderness, now these 6 things were examples to deter us from longing after things that are pernicious, as they did. be not idolaters, as fome of them were; as it is written +, " the people fat " down to cat and drink. " and roje up to play." nei- S ther let us commit fornication, as some of them did, of whom three and twenty thousand fell in one day, neither let us pro- q voke Christ as some of them provoked bim, and were destroyed by ferpents, neither 10 murmur ye, as fome of them murmured, and were flain by the destroying angel.

All thesethings happened to 11 them for examples: and are written for our admonition, upon whom the ends of the ages are come. wherefore let 12 him that thinks he stands firm, take heed lest be fall. you 13 have met with no trials yet, but such as are common to men: and God who is faithful, will not suffer you to be tempted above your strength; but will with the temptation make

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ια ύμας ύπενετκειν. διοπερ, αταπηθοι μου, φευτείε απο της ις ειδωλολαζεειας. ώς φρονιμοις λετω, κριναίε υμεις ο φημι. 16 το ποίηςιον της ευλογιας ο SULOTOULLEY, OUXI KOLVWYLA TOU αιμαίος του Χοισίου εσίι? τον αεί το ύν κλωμέν, ουχι κοινωνία του σωμαίος του Χεισίου εσ-17 τιν? ότι είς αρίος, εν σωμα, δι πολλοι εσμέν, δι Γαρ Tailes EK TOU EVOS ACTOU METE-18 MOMEN. BRITTELS TON LODANA καία σαςκα, ουχι οι εσθιοντες τας θυσιας, κοινωνοι του ια θυσιασθηριού εισι? Τι ουν φημι? ότι ειδωλον τι εσίιν? η ότι ειδωλοθυλον Τι εσλιν ? 20 πλλ' ότι ά θυει (τα εθνη) ε δαιμονισις θυει, και ου Θεώ: ου θελω δε ύμας κοινωνους

make a way to escape, by enabling you to bear it. where- 14 fore, my beloved, flee from idolatry. I speak as to know- 15 ing men: be you your selves the judges of what I say, the 16 cup of benediction which we bless, is it not the communion of the blood of Christ? the bread which we break, is it not the communion of the body of Christ? for the bread be- 17 ing one, as many as we are, we are one body: for we are all partakers of that one bread. confider the custom of 18 the Jews by descent, are not they which eat of the facrifices, partakers of the altar? what say I then? that the 19 idol, or that what is offered in sacrifice to the idol, is a matter of consequence? no. 20 but that what the Gentiles facrifice, * they facrifice to + demons, and not to God: and

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+ Baruch iv. 5.

+ 1 Tim. iv. 1. Hierocles in his Comment upon Pythagoras's golden verses, observes, that " Angels, Demons, Heroes, are words promis-" cuoully us'd, to fignify the middle Order of Beings, stil'd by him " HPMAC ATATOTC, illustrious Heroes, who are perpetually contem-" plating the Creator, the first and best of Brings, to whom supreme " honour is due; and thine with beatific life, derived from HIM; with " respect to whom they are as the Light in respect of Fire, and as " the Son in respect of the Father, upon this account the Henoes are " justly still the Sons of God; for they were not from a mortal na-" ture, but proceeded from a cause infinitely simple, as light flows " from a luminous substance. now he that loves God, ought to love " likewife every Being that has the least resemblance to mim. and " fince they are the second in rank, they ought to have secondary ho-" nour: for honour wholly confifts in having a just idea of the dignity " of those we honour." but Demons in the scripture-stile means Devils, an order of Beings of which the Greeks had no idea, till they became acquainted with the Jewish Cabala.

2 ι Των δαιμονιων γιμόθαι. ου δυνασθε ποΙπριον Συριου πινειν, και ποΙπριον δαιμονιων: ου δυνασθε Τραπεζης Κυριου με-Τεχειν, και Τραπεζης δαιμοπων.

22 Η παραζηλουμεν τον Κυριον? μη ισχυροΓεροι αυθου εσ23 μεν? πανθα μοι εξεσθιν? αλλ
ου πανθα συμφερει: πανθα
μοι εξεσθιν? αλλ' ου πανθα
οικοδομει.

34 Mnôsiς το ξαυλου ζηλείλως αλλα το του έτερου έκασζος. 25 παν το εν μακέλλω πωλουυςνου εσθιέξε, μπδεν ανακρι-36 ນາຍໃຊ ອີເສ Την συνειδησιν. Του εαρ Κυριου ή rn, και το πλn-27 COUR AUTHS. EL DE TIS KAZEL ύμας των απισίων, και θεκείε πορευεσθαι, παν το παραλιθεμένον ύμιν εσθιέτε, μηanakeinones dia The our-28 ειδησιν. εαν δε τις (ύμιν) ειπη, Τουίο ειδωλοθυίον εσίι, ะภา ยองเยือ. อีเ อหยางงา ของ แทνυσανία, και την συνειδησιν. אם פיטיצופיוסוי לב הברש, מטאו דוזי έαυλου, αλλα την του έτερου. Ινα τι γαρ ή ελευθερια μου κρινείαι ύπο αλλης συνει-30 and seek ? Et as Elm xabilt heτεχω, τι βλασφημουμαι ύand I would not have you partake of the facrifices of demons. you should not drink 21 the cup of the Lord, and the cup of demons: you should not be partakers of the Lord's table, and of the table of demons.

Shall we provoke the Lord 22 to jealoufy? are we stronger than he? are all things law-23 ful for me? yet all things are not expedient: are all things lawful for me? yet all things do not edify.

Let no man confult barely 2. bis own interest: but over man that of others. what 23 ever is sold in the shambles, that eat, without making any ferupulous enquiry, for the 16 earth is the Lord's, and the sulness thereof. if any of the 27 unbelievers invite you to an entertainment, and you are disposed to go; whatever is set before you, eat, without asking any question cut of a scruple of conscience. but if 28 any man say to you, this is offered in sacrifice to an idol, don't eat, for his sake that mentioned it, and for conscience sake. when I say consci- 29 ence, I don't mean your own, but that of the other: for why should I expose my liberty to the censure of another man's conscience? if I30 am thankful for what I have.

31 περ ου εςω ευχαρισίω ? είθε ουν εσθιείε, είθε πινείε, είθε τι ποιείθε, πανία εις δοξαν Θε32 ου ποιείθε. απροσκοποι ςινεσθε και Ιουδαιοις και Ελλησι και τη εκκλησια του Θεου.
33 καθως καςω πανία πασιν αρεσκω, μη ζηθων το εμανίου συμφερον, αλλα το των πολλων, ίνα σωθωσι.

Μιμηίαι μου τινεσθε, κα-2 θως κάτω Χρισίου. επαινω δε ύμας, αδελφοι, ότι παντα μου μεμνήσθε, και καθώς παρεδωκα ύμιν, τας παρα-3 coosis καθεχείε. θελω δε ύμας ειδευαι, ότι πανδος ανδεος ή κεφαλη ό Χρισίος εσίι, κεφαλη δε τυναικός, ο ανηρ \$ κεφαλη δε Χρισίου, δ Θεος. α πας ανηρ προσευχομένος η προφηλεύων, καλα κεφαλης εxwy, kalaioxuvei Thy kepa-5 λην άλλου. πασα δε τυνη προσευχομενη η προφηλευουσα ακαλακαλυπτω τη κεφα-An. Kalaioxuvei Thy Kepaκην έαυλης: έν ταρ εσλικαι το 6 auto The Eumiliann El Tap ou หลาสหลวบทาไฮโละ เบาทา, หละ หระρασθω, ει δε αισχρον τυναικι το κειρασθαι η Ευρασθαι, κα-Τακαλυπλεσθω.

why should I chuse to be evil
spoken of for that for which
I give thanks? whether 31
therefore you eat or drink,
or whatsoever you do, do all
to the glory of God. give no 32
offence, neither to the Jews,
nor to the Gentiles, nor to
the church of God. thus I 33
endeavour to be acceptable to
all men in all things, not seeking my own advantage, but
that of others, so as they may
be saved.

Imitate herein my example as I do that of Christ. now I commend you, brethren, for remembring all my orders, and for keeping the rules I deliverea to you, but I would 3 bave you take notice, that the bead of every man is Christ; and the head of the wife, is the man; and the bead of Christ, is God. every man who prays or prophesies + having his bead covered, dishonoureth him who is his head: but every woman who prays 5 or prophesies with her head uncovered, dishonoureth the man who is her bead : for it is the same thing as if her head was shav'd. a woman 6 may as well have the tonfure, as not wear her veil: the one is as indecent as the other.

A-

+ John vi.38.

† For a man to be cover'd, look'd as if he was asham'd of being known, the well was a mark of subjection, and the being shav'd a mark of diffrace.

Anno men lad ank obsinsi κατακαλυπίεσθα Την κεφα-Any, ELXWY KAY BOEA GEOU 15παρχων, τυνη δε δοξα ανδρος א בסלוע. סע דמף בסלוע מעחר בא **Γυναικοί, αλλα Γυνπ εξ αν-**9 δρος. και γαρ ουκ εκλισθη ανηρ δια την Γυναικα, αλλα το Γυνη δια Τον ανδρα. δια Του-Το οφειλει ή τυνη εξουσιαν εχείν επι της κεφαλης, δια ΙΙ ΤΟυς αγγελους. πλην ουίε ανηρ χωρις συναικός, ούλε γυνη χωρις ανδρος, εν Κυ-12 ριω. ωσπερ γαρ ή γυνη εκ Του ανδρος, ουλω και ο ανηρ δια της γυναικος: τα δε παν-7α εκ του Θεου••

13 Εν ύμιν αυλοις κοιναλε, πρεπον εσλι γυναικα ακαλακαλυπλον τω Θεω προσευ14 χεσθαι ? η ουδε αυλη ή φυσις διδασκει ύμας, ότι άνηρ μεν εαν κομα, αλιμια αυλω

A man ought not to be 7 veil'd: be has the bonour of being invested with authority from God, and may glory in bis priority to the woman. for the man was not taken & from the woman: but the woman from the man, nor a was the man copied from the woman: but the woman from the man, therefore the wo- 10 man ought to be * veil'd. out of regard to the + angels. bowever, the man and 11 thewoman are equal with respect to the Lord, for as the 12 woman was taken from the man, so man is born of the woman: and all are from God.

Be you yourselves judges: 13 is it decent for a woman to pray to God without a veil? does not settled custom show 14 it is a shame for a man to

bave

* [Eξουσίαν] τεμβολαίον in the Velchan readings. καλυμμα, α veil, in Irenaus cited by Epiphanius. the women wore a veil as a fign of their having put themselves under the protection of the man's power.

[†] It was a settled opinion among the Jews, that the Angels were present in their synagogues. See Deut. xxxiii. 2. Pfal. cxxxviii. 1. In the presence of the Angels I will sing unto thee. Philo, in his treatise of social virtue, speaking of Moses, says, survediag exosests dia warder composition and speaking of Moses, says, survediag exosests dia warder composition of period function of the composition of the surface of the composition of the surface of the composition of the surface of the surface

15 εσίι, γυνη δε εαν κομα, δοξα αυίη εσίιν, ότι ή κομη ανίι 16 περιβολαιου δεδοίαι αυίη. ει δε τις δοκει φιλονεικος ειναι, ήμεις τοιαυίην συνηθειαν ουκ εχομεν, ουδε αι εκκλησιαι του Θεου.

17 Τουίο δε παραπτέλλων ουκ επαινω, ότι ουκ εις το κρεί!του, αλλ' εις το ήτλου συνέρι S χεσθε. πρωλον μεν ταρ συν-ECKOLEVWY ULWY EV TH EKKANσια, ακουω σχισμαία εν υμιν ύπαρχειν, και μερος Τι 19 πισίευω. δει ταρ κάι άιρεσεις εν ύμιν ειναι, ίνα οι δοκιμοι φανεροι τεσωνίαι εν ύμιν. 20 συνερχομενών ουν ύμων επι το αύλο, ουκ εσλι Κυριακον δειπ-21 νον φαρείν. έκασλος γαρ το ιδιου δειπνου προλαμβανει εν TW DATELY, KAL OS HEY TELVA. 22 ος δε μεθυει. μη γαρ οικιας OUR EXELS EK TO EUBLEU KAL TIVELY? IN THE EKKANGIAS TOU Θεου κ*α*λαφρονείλε, και καταισχυνείε τους μη εχονίας? Τι ύμιν ειπω? επαινεσω ύμας? εν τουίω ουκ επαινώ.

23 Ε΄ τω Γαρ παρελαβον απο του Κυριου, ο και παρεδωκα ύμιν, ότι ο Κυριος Ιπσους εν τη νυκίι η παρεδιδοίο, ελα-24 Ε΄ καρίον, και ευχαρισίπσας εκλασε, και ειπε (λαβείε, Vol. II. φα-

bave long bair? on the con-15, trary, such is an ornament to a woman: because it was given her as a sort of veil. but if any man has a mind to 16 be contentious, I answer, we have no such custom, nor any of the churches of God.

Now in what I am going 17 to say, I do not commend you. because your assemblies are not to your advantage, but to your prejudice. for first, I 18 hear, that when you come together in the church, you fall into parties; and I believe it is true of some of you. for there 19 must be factions among you, whereby it will appear who among you are the approved. when you thus affemble there-20 fore, this is not eating the Lord's supper. for in eating 21 every one strives to take bis own supper first, and while one is hungry, another is surfeited. what, have you no houses to 22 eat and drink in? or bave ye a contempt for the church of God, or is it to infull those who are in want? what shall I say to you? shall I commend such behaviour? I do not approve of it.

For I received it from the 23
Lord, and I inform'd you
of it: that the Lord Jefus,
the night in which he was
betrayed, took bread: and 24
when he had given thanks,
he

" φα[ε]ε) τουλο μου εσλι το σωμα το ύπερ υμων κλω" μενον, τουλο ποιείλε εις την 25" εμην αναμνησιν." ώσαυτως και το ποληριον, μελα το δειπνησαι, λε[ων, " τουλο " το ποληριον, ή καινη δια" θηκη εσλιν εν τω εμιω αίμα" τι, τουλο ποιείλε οσακις αν "πινητε, εις την εμην αναμνησιν."

26 Οσακις γαρ αν εσθιπίε τον αρίον τουίον, και το ποίπριον (τουίο) πινπίε, τον θαναίον του Κυριου καίαγελλείε, α-27 χρις ου αν ελθη. ώσιε ος αν εσθιη τον αρίον, η πινη το ποίπριον του Κυριου αναξιως, ενοχος εσίαι του σωμαίος και αιμαίος του Κυριου.

28 Δοκιμαζείω δε ανθρωπος έαυίον, και όυίως εκ του αρτου εσθιείω, και εκ του πο29 Τηριου πινείω. ό γαρ εσθιων και πινων αναξιως, κριμα έαυίω εσθιει και πινει, μη διακρινων το σωμα του Κυριου.
30 δια τουίο εν ύμιν πολλοι ασθενεις και αρρωσίοι, και κοιτους διεκρινομεν, ουκ αν εκριτους διεκρινομενοι δε, ύπο του Κυριου παιδευομεθα, ίνα μη συν τω κοσμω καίακριθω33 μεν. ώσίε, αδελφοι μου,

he brake it, and faid, "take,
"eat; this is my body, which
"is broken for you: this do
"in remembrance of me."
in the fame manner he took 25
the cup, after supper, and
faid, "this cup is the new
"covenant in my blood: this
"do ye, as oft as ye drink it,
"in remembrance of me."

As often then as ye eat this 26 bread, and drink this cup, ye make a declaration of the Lord's death till he come. so 27 that whosoever eats this bread, and drinks this cup without respect to the Lord, does make a criminal use of the body and blood of the Lord.

Let a man then sift and 28 approve bimself, and accordingly let him eat of that bread, and drink of that cup. for 29 be that cats and drinks in a difrespectful manner, not discriminating the Lord's body, eateth and drinketh to his own punishment. hence it is, 30 that many are weak and fickly among you, and no small number now sleep in their graves. for if we made such 21 a discrimination, we should not be punished, but when we are 32 punished, we are chastifed by the Lord, that we may not be condemned with the world. wherefore, my brethren, when 33

συνερχομενοι εις το φαγειν, 34 αλληλους εκδεχεσθε. ει δε τις πεινά, εν οικώ εσθιείώ, iνα μη εις κριμά συνερχησθε. τα δε λοιπά, ώς αν ελθώ, διαλάζομαι.

Τιερι δε των πνευμαλικων, αδελφοι, ου θελω ύμας αγνοειν. οιδαλε ότι εθνη ηλε, προς τα ειδωλα τα αφωνα, ώς αν
ητεσθε, απαγομενοι. διο γνωριζω ύμιν ότι ουδεις εν πνευμαλι Θεου (λαλων) λεγει αναθεμα Ιπσουν, και ουδεις δυναλαι ειπειν Κυριον Ιπσουν,
ει μη εν πνευμαλι άγιω.

Διαιρεσεις δε χαρισμαζων ς εισι, το δε αυλο πνευμα, και διαιρεσεις διακονιών εισι, και 6 ο αυίος Κυριος. και διαιρεσεις ενεργημαίων εισιν, ο δε αυίος Θεος, ο ενεργων τα πανία εν η πασιν. έκασζω δε διδοζαι ή φανερωσις του πνευμαλος προς 8 το συμφερον ώμεν γαρ δια του πνευμαίος διδοίαι λογος σοφιας, αλλώ δε λογος γνωσεως, καία το αυίο πνευμα: ο έτερω πισίκ, εν τω αυτω πνευμαλι, αλλω χαρισμαλα ιαμαίων, εν τω αυίω πνευ-10 μαλι : αλλφ δε ενεργημαλα δυ-. you come together to eat, stay for one another. and if any 34 one is press'd with hunger, let him eat at home; that ye may not otherwise meet with punishment. as for other matters, I will set them in order when I come.

Now concerning those who are spiritual, my brethren, I would not have you be mistaken. when you were Gentaken. when you were Gentaken, you know how you were seduced by your leaders, to the worship of dumb idols. wherefore I give you to understand, that no man who has the spirit of God, can pronounce Jesus anathema: and that no man can acknowledge Jesus to be the Lord, but by the holy spirit.

Now there are different gists, but the same spirit. and 5 there are different offices, but the same Lord. and there 6 are different operations, but it is the same God who performs them all in every one. now to particular men the 7 spirit gives particular gifts, that they may be difflayed to greater advantage, for to one 8 the spirit gives the knowledge of the prophetical writings; to another the same spirit gives the knowledge of the doctrines of religion; to an- 9, other faith; to another the gifts of bealing; to another to

tèe

ναμεων, αλλώ δε προφηθεια, αλλώ δε διακρισεις πνευματων, ετερώ δε γενη γλωσσων, αλλώ δε έρμηνεια γλωσσων.

1 πανθα δε ταυθα ενεργει το έν και το αυθο πνευμα, διαιρουν (ιδια) έκασθω καθως βουλεθαι.

12 Καθαπερ γαρ το σωμα έν EOIL, KAL HENT EXEL TONDAS πανία δε τα μελη του σωμάτος του ένος, πολλα ονία, έν εσλι σωμα, ουτω και ο Χρισ-13 τος. και γαρεν ένι πνευμαλι πίμεις πανθές εις έν σωμα εβαπτισθημέν, είλε Ιουδαιοι. EILE EXAMPS, EILE BOUNDI, EILE ελευθεροι, και πανίες εις έν τ 4 πνευμα επολισθημεν. και γας το σωμα ουκ εσίιν έν μελος. 15 αλλα πολλα. εαν ειπη ο πους, " ότι ουκ ειμι χεις. ουκ ειμι εκ του σωμαίος, ου παρα τουίο ουκ εσίιν εκ 16 του σωμαίος? και εαν ειπη το ους; " ότι ουκ ειμι οφ-" θαλμος, ουκ ειμι εκ του " σωμαΐος;" ου παρα του-TO OUK EOTH EK TOU OWNATOS? τη ει όλον το σωμα οφθαλμος, που ή ακοη? ει όλον ακοη, 18 που ή οσφρησις? νυνι δε ό Θεος εθείο τα μελη, έν έκασ-TOV AUTON EN TO OWNATE, KA-19 θως ηθελησεύ. ει δε ην τα πανία έν μελος, που το σω-20 Ma? VUV DE TONTA HEV HE-21 γ.η, έν δε σωμα. ου δυναίαι

the working of miracles; to another prophecy, to another discerning of spirits; to another other diversity of languages; to another the interpretation of languages. but all are II wrought by one and the same spirit, distributing to every one in particular, as he thinks sit.

For as the body is one, the' 12 it has many members, and all the members of that one body, tho' many, are one body: fo also is the body of Christ, for 13 by one spirit we have all been baptized, to be form'd into one body, whether Jews or Gentiles, flaves or free; and have been all made to drink of one spirit. the body is not 14 one member, but many, if the 15 foot should say, " because I " am not the hand, I am not " of the body;" is it therefore not of the body? and if 16 the ear should say, " because " I am not the eve, I am not " of the body;" is it therefore not of the body? if the 17 whole body were an eye, where would be the hearing? if the whole were bearing, where would be the smelling? now God disposed every one 18 of the members in the body as he thought fit, but if they 19 were all one member, where would be the body? thus, 20 tho' there are many members, yet there is but one body, and 21

δε οφθαλμος ειπειν τη χειρι. " XCELORY GOU OUK EXW:" n παλιν ή κεφαλη Τοις ποσι, χρειαν ύμων ουκ εχω. 22 αλλα πολλω μαλλον τα δοκουνία μελη του σωμαίος ασθενεσίερα ύπαρχειν, αναγκαια 22 Eoli. Kai a dokovusy aliuo-TEPA ELVAL TOU OWNATOS, TOU-TOIS TIMMY TEPIOTOSSPAY TEPIτιθεμεν, και τα ασχημονα ημων ευσχημοσυνην περισσο-24 TEPAV EXEL. TA DE EUGXNUOVA ήμων, ου χρειαν εχει. ο Θεος συνεκερασε το σωμα. τω υσερουνι περισσολεραν 25 δους τιμην, ίνα μη η σχισμα εν τω σωμαίι, αλλα το αυ-Το ύπερ αλληλων μεριμνωσι 26 τα μέλη. και είλε πασχει έν μελος, συμπασχει πανία τα μελη, είλε δοξαζελαι έν μελος. συγχαιρεί πανία τα μέλη.

27 Υμεις δε εσίε σωμα Χρισ-Του, και μέλη εκ μελους. 28 και ους μεν εθετο ο Θεος εν τη εκκλησια πρωίον αποσίολους, devispor acomias, Tollor diδασκαλους, επείλα δυναμεις, ειία χαρισμαία ιαμαίων, αν-**Γιληψεις, κυβερνησεις, Γενη** 29 γλωσσων. μη πανίκι αποστολοι? μη πανίες προφηίαι? μη πανίες διδασκαλοι? μη 30 πανίες δυναμεις ? μη παν-Τες χάρισμαλα εχουσιν ιαματων? μη πανίες γλωσσαις λαλουσι? μη πανίες διερ-אושטפטסט אוויי

the eye cannot say to the hand, " I have no need of thee:" nor again, the bead to the feet, " I have no need of " you." nay, those parts of 22 the body, which feem to be of the least account, are much more necessary.what we think 23 to be less honourable, is loaded with additional ornaments. and the less graceful have adventitious finery, of which 24 the graceful bave no need: but God has contrived the symmetry of the body, by beflowing an additional advantage where it seem'd to want it. that there might be no 25 schism in the body; but that the members should have the same mutual concern for one another. so that if one mem-26 ber suffer, they all suffer with it: or if one be bonoured. they partake of it.

Thus you are the body of 27 Christ, being the particular members of it. which God 28 has placed in the church, first apostles, next prophets, then teachers, after that miracles, thengists of healings, assistants, governours, interpreters of languages: are all apostles? 29 are all prophets? are all teachers? are all workers of miracles? have all the gifts 30 of healing? do all speak divers languages? do all in-

3 ι μηνευουσι ? ζηλουίε δε τα καρισμαία τα κρειτίονα. και είι καθ' ύπερβολην όδον ύμιν δεικνυμι.

Εαν ταις Γλωσσαις των ανθρωπων λαλω και Των αιτελων, αγαπην δε μη εχω, TETOVA XXXXXX TXWV. T KUM-2 βαλου αλαλαζου, και εαν εχω προφηθειαν, και ειδω τα ιυσημια πανία, και πασαν THY TYWOLY, KAL EAV EXW TAσαν την πισίιν, ώσιε opn με-OLOTAYSIV, AFATTIV DE UN EXW. ουθεν ειμι. και εαν ψωμισω παντα τα ύπαρχονία μου, και εαύ παραδω το σωμα μου ένα καυθησωμαί, αςαπην ΄ δε μη εχω, ουδεν ωφελουμαι.

4 Η αγαπη μακροθυμει, χρησιευείαι, (ἡ αγαπη) ου ζηλοι. (ἡ αγαπη) ου περπερευε5 ται, ου φυσιουίαι: ουκ ασχημονει, ου ζηίει τα ἐαυίης,
ου παροξυνείαι, ου λογιζείαι
6 το κακον: ου χαιρει επι τη αδικια, συγχαιρει δε τη αλη7 θεια. πανία σίεγει, πανία
πισίευει, πανία ελπιζει, παντα ύπομενει.

Η αγαπη ουδεποίε εκπιπίει.
 είλε δε προφηλειαι καλαργηθη-σονλαι, είλε γνωσσαι παυπονται, είλε γνωσις καλαργηθησε-9 ται. εκ μερους δε γινωσκομεν, και εκ μερους φροφητευ-

terpret? you are contesting 31 about the superiority of your gifts: but I point out to you a more excellent way.

For the' I should speak with the eloquence of men, and of angels, and not have social affellion, I should be like sounding brass, or a noisy cymbal. and 2 the I should have the gift of prophecy, and understand all mysteries, and all knowledge: and the' I had all the faith necessary to remove mountains, and bad no benevolence. would signify nothing. tho' I distribute my whole substance to the poor, and give my body to be burned, and bave not social affection, it profits me nothing.

Social affection is patient, is kind; is a stranger to envy; is not insolently vain, nor arrogant: does not behave indecently, is not self-interested, is not easily provoked, nor suspects any ill; it does not countenance injustice, but smiles upon virtue; it excuses all things, believes what is favourable, hopes for the best, and suffers the worst.

Social affection will never 8 fail: but as for prophecies, they shall be out of use; as for languages, they shall cease; as for knowledge, it shall vanish away, for our knowledge is 9 defective, and our prophesying

10 DIEV. OT AV DE ENOT TO TENELOY. TOIS TO EK MEDOUG KATAPINON-11 σε αι. ότε εμην νηπιος, ώς υηπιος ελαλουν, ώς νήπιος εφρούουν, ώς νητπιος ελογιζομην: ότε δε Γεγονα ανηρ, κατηρίηκα τα του νηπι-12 ου. βλεπομεν αρλι δί εσοπίρου εν αινιτμαίι, τοτε δε προσωπον προς προσωπον, αρίι τινωσκω εκ μερους, τοίε δε επιγνωσομαι καθως και ε-Ι 2 πεγνώσθην. νυνι δε μενει πιστις, ελπις, αγαπη, τα τρια ταυλα, μειζων δε τουλων ή arann.

τουξε δε τα πνευμαζικα, μαλ
τουξε δε τα πνευμαζικα, μαλ
τον δε ίνα προφηζευηζε. ό
γαρ λαλων γλωσση ουκ ανθρωποκ λαλει, αλλα τω Θεω. ουδεις γαρ ακουει, πνευ
μαλι δε λαλει μυστηρια. ό δε
προφηζευων, ανθρωποις λαλει
οικοδομην και παρακλησιν και
ταραμυθιαν. ό λαλων γλωσση, έαυλον οικοδομει, ό δε
προφηζευων, εκκλησιαν οικοδομει.

5 Θελω δε πανίας ύμας λαλειν γλωσσαις, μαλλον δε ίνα προφηίευπε. μειζων γαρ
ό ποοφηίευων η ό λαλων
γλωσσαις, εκίος ει μη διερμηνευη, ί:α ή εκκλησια οι-

is defestive. but when that to which is perfect is come, then that which is defective shall be laid aside. when I was a 11 child, I spake as a child, I understood as a child, I reasoned as a child: but when I became a man, I laid aside my childish ways. now we do but 12 indirectly see the faint images of things; but then the objects themselves will be before our eyes; now I have a partial knowledge, but then shall I know, even as I myself am known and now faith, bope, fo- 12 cial virtue, these three will all remain; but the most permanent of the three is social virtue.

Cultivate focial virtue; I then desire spiritual gifts, but chiefly that of explaining the prophetical writings. for he 2 that speaks in an unknown tongue, speaks not to men, but to God: for no man can understand the mysteries he delivers by the spirit. but he that 3 expounds, speaks to the edification, exhortation, and comfort of men. he that speaks in 4 an unknown tongue, edifies himself alone: but he that expounds, edifies the church.

I wish you all had the gift of 5 languages, but rather that you expounded: for greater is he that expounds, than he that speaks unknown languages, except he interpret what he jays,

tba!

6 κοδομην λαβη. νυνι δε, αδελφοι, εαν ελθω προς ύμας Γλωσσαις λαλων, Τι ύμας ωφελησω, εαν μη ύμιν λαλησω η εν αποκαλυψει, η εν Γνωσει, η εν προφηλεία, η εν διδαχη?

Ομως τα αψυχά φώνην διδονία, είλε αυλος, είλε κιθαρα, εαν διασίολην τοις φθος-Γοις μπ δω, πως Γνωσθησε-TAL TO AULOUMEYOU IN TO KI-8 θαριζομενον? και γαρεαν αδηλον φωνην σαλπιζέδω, Τις παρασκευασείαι εις πολεμον ? ο ουτω και ύμεις δια της Γλωσσης εαν μη ευσημον λογον δωίε, πως γνωσθησιίαι το NANDUMENON ? EGEODE PAP EIS 10 αερα λαλουνίες. τοσαυία, ει τυχοι, γενη φωνων εσ]ιν εν κοσμώ, και ουδεν (αυλων) α-ΙΙ Φωνον. εαν ουν μπ ειδω την δυναμιν της φωνης, εσομαι τω λαλουνίι βαρβαρος, και ο λαλων, εν εμοι βαρβαρος.

12 Όυδω και ύμεις, επει ζηλωδαι εσθε πνευμαθων, προς Την οικοδομην της εκκλησιας 13 ζηθείδε ίνα περισσευηθε. δίοπερ ὁ λαλων Γλωσση, προ-14 σευχεσθω ίνα διερμηνευη. εαν that the church may be edified by it. for instance, brethren, if 6 I deliver myself to you in an unknown tongue, what good shall I do you, except I deliver to you the meaning of what is said, whether it relate to revelation, to mystical knowledge, to prophecy, or to dostrine.

And even inanimate instru- 7 ments of found, whether pipe or barp, except they have a distinct variety of notes, bow can they express any significant tune? for if the trumpet give 8 an undistinguish'd sound, who shall prepare himself to the battle?inlikemanner,ifyouexpress o yourselves in words of obscure signification, you may as well talk to the wind, for how shall any comprehend you? there 10 are, it may be, as many different languages in the world as there are people, and none of them without signification. therefore if I don't know the 11 meaning of the language, with respect to him that speaks, I shall be a barbarian; and be that speaks shall be a barbarian to me.

But fince there is emulation 12 among you concerning spiritual gifts, seek to abound in the exercise of such gifts as tend most to the edification of the church. whereforelethim that speaketh 13 in an unknown tongue, pray for the gift of interpretation. for 14

iî

Γαρ προσευχωμαι Γλωσση, Το πνευμα μου προσευχείαι, δ νους μου ακαρπος εσ]ι. 15Τι ουν εσίι? προσευξομαι τιν πνευμαλι, προσευξομαι δε και τω νοι, ψαλω τω πνευμαλι, ψαλω δε και τω ι 6 νοι. επει εαν ευλογησης τω πνευμαλι, ο αναπληρων τον τοπον του ιδιωλου, πως ερει το αμην επι τη ση ευχαciolia? exción Ti Refeis, ouk 17 οιος. συ μεν Γαρ καλως ευxander, and o etepos our οικοδομείζαι.

18 Ευχαρισίω τω Θεω, παν-Των ύμων μαλλον Γλωσσαις 19 λαλων. αλλ' Εν ΕΚΚλησια θελω πενίε λογούς δια του νοος μου λαλησαι, ίνα και αλλους κατηχησω, η μυριους λογούς εν Γλωσση.

20 Αδελφοι, μα παιδία Γινεσθε ταις φοεσιν, αλλα τη κακια υππιαζετε, ταις δε 21 φρεσι τελειοι γινεσθε. εν τω νομω τετραπίαι, " ότι εν έ-"TEPOTAWOOOK, KAL EV XEI-" λεσιν έτεροις λαλησω τω " λαω τουίω, και ουδ' ου-" τως εισακουσονίαι μου, 22" λεγει Κυριος" ώσλε άι γλωσσαι εις σημείον εισίν, ου τοις πισίευουσιν, αλλα του απιστους ή δε προφη-TEIA, OU TOIS ATIGTOIS, AX-

 λZ

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if I pray in an unknown tongue, my spirit indeed prays. but my meaning is of no benefit to others. what then is to be done? 15 wby, I will pray by the (pirit. but my prayer shall be intelligible: I will fing by the spirit, but my bymn shall be intellicible. otherwise if you should 16 give thanks by the spirit in an unknown tongue, the bearer cannot but appear unlearned upon this occasion; bow then can be say Amen to thy thanksgiving? since be does not conceive what you fay. thy thankf- 17 giving indeed is right, but the other is not at all edified by it.

I thank God, I speak more 18 languages than you all: yet in 19 the church I had rather speak five words that convey my meaning to the instruction of others, than ten thousand words in an unknown tongue.

Brethren, be not childish in 20 understanding: be as innocent as babes, but use your understanding like men. in the law 2 1 it is written, " with men of " other tongues and other lips, " will I speak unto this peo-" ple: and yet for all that " will they not bear me, saith " the Lord." wherefore 22 longues are for a sign, not to believers, but to unbelievers: but expounding the prophets, not for unbelievers so much as for * Ifa.xxviii. 11, 12.

 2 2 $\lambda \alpha$ TOIS TIPSEVOUPIV. EAV ουν συνελθη ή εκκλησια όnn επι το αυλο, και πανλες Γλωσσαις λαλωσιν, εισελθωσι δε ιδιωθαι η απισθοι. ουκ ερουσιν ότι μαινεσθε? 24 Eau de marles apopuleuwoir, εισελθη δε τις απισίος, η ιδιωλης, ελεγχελαι ύπο πανλων, 25 ανακεινείαι ύπο πανίων. τα κουπία της καρδιας αυίου φανερα τινείαι. και ουίω πεσων επι προσωπον, προσκυνησει τω Θεω, απαιτελλων ότι ό 26Θεος ονίως εν ύμιν εσίι. ουν εσίιν, αδελφοι? όταν συνερχησθε, έκασλος ύμων διδαχην ε-WAZZHOY EXEL χει, Γλωσσαν εχει, αποκα-RUWIN EXEL, EPHINVEIAN EXEL, πανία προς οικοδομην τινέσ-27 0w. Elle TAWOON TIG ARNEL. καλα δυο, η το πλεισλου τρεις, και ανα μερος, και 28 έις διεομηνευείω. εαν δε μη η διερμηνεύλης, σιγαλω εν εκκλεσια, εαυίω δε λαλείω και 29 τω Θεω. προφηλαι δε δυο η τρεις παπείλωσαν, και οι απ-20 λοι διακοινείωσαν. εαν δε αλλω αποκαλυφθη καθημε-21 νω, ο πρωίος σιζαίω. δυνασθε ταρ καθ' ένα πανίες προφηθευειν, ίνα πανθες μανθανωσι, και πανίες παρακα-

for those who believe. when 22 therefore the whole church is assembled, and all speak different languages, if fuch as are either unlearned, or are unbelievers should come in, will they not fay you are all mad? but if you all expound, and an 2.4. unbeliever, or one unlearned come in, he is examin'd by all. be is tryed by all: the fecrets 25 of bis heart become manifell; and so falling down on his face. be will worship God, and declare that God is certainly among ft you. what is then 10 26 be done, my brethren? when you come together, one of you with a pfalm, another with a doctrine, another with a strange tongue, another with a revelation, another with an interpretation: let the whole be done to edification. and if 27 any man do speak in an unknown tongue, let but two speak, or three at the most, and that by turns: and let there be but one to interpret. but if there be no interpreter, 28 let bim keep filence in the church; and tacitly address himself to God. of the pro-29 phets let but two or three speak by turns, and let the others deliberate. if the meaning be re-30 vealed to another that fits by, let the first be silent. for ye 31 may all prophely one by one, that all may receive instruction

32 λωνίαι. και πνευμαία προ-Φηίων προφηλαις υπολασσε-33 Tai. OU Tap Eoliv akalaσΙασιας ό Θεος, αλλ' ειρηνης, ώς εν πασαις ταις εκκλησιαις των άτιων.

Αί τυναικες (ύμων) εν ταις EKKAnolaic oiralwoav. γαρ επιλελοαπίαι αυλαις **λ**αλειν, αλλ' ύπολασσεσθαι, 25 καθως και ό νομος λεγει. ει δε τι μαθείν θελουσίν, εν οικώ τους ιδιους ανδρας επερωταίωσαν. αισχρον γαρ εσ-Τι Γυναιξιν εν εκκλησια λα-A-W.

36 Η αφ' ύμων ο λογος του Θεου εξπλθεν? η εις ύμας μο-27 אסטג אמלחילחים בי ל בו דוג לסגבו προφηλης ειναι η πνευμαλικός, επιτινωσκείω ά γραφω ύμιν, ότι του Κυριου εισιν ενίολαι. 38 ει δε τις αγνοεί, αγνοείδω. 39 ώσλε, αδέλφοι, ζηλουλε το προφηθευειν, και το λαλειν 40 γλωσσαις μη κωλυείε. τα ευσχημονως και κα**λα τα**ξιν τινεσθω.

Γνωριζω δε ύμιν, αδελ-GOI, TO EVALLETIEN O EURITEλισαμην υμίν, ο και παρελαβείε, εν ώ και έσιπκαίε, 2 δί ου και σωζεσθε, Τινι λοτω ευηγγελισαμην ύμιν ει κα-

and exbortation. the pro-22 phetic gifts are to be subservient to the prophets. for God is 22 not the God of confusion, but of peace, in all christian assemblies.

Let your women be filent in 34 your affemblies: for they are not allowed to discourse there: but are to observe orders, as indeed * the law implies : and if 35 they defire to bave information about any point, let them confult their busbands at bome: for it does not become women to ask questions in the church.

What, did the gospel take 36 its rife from you? or was it communicated to you alone? if any one pretends to be a pro-37 phet, or to spiritual gifts, let bim be affured that the rules which I have here prescribed, are the commandments of the Lord. but if he will be blind, 38 I leave him to his blindness. wherefore, brethren, zealoufly 39 exercise the gift of prophecy, and don't probibit those that speak in an unknown language. let all things be done with de-40 cency, and without disorder.

What I have explained to 1 you, my brethren, is the gospel which I preached to you, which you bave received, and wherein you have persisted: by which 2 also you will be saved, if you foretain it as I preached it to M_2 you,

TEXELE,

Texele, eklos ei un eikn etio-

Παρεδωκα γαρ ύμιν εν πρωτοις ο και παρελαβους ότι Χομέδος απεθανέν ύπερ των αμαριων ήμων, καία τας 4 Γραφαί, και ότι είαφη, ότι εγηγερίαι τη τρίλη ήμερα, καία τας γραφας: και ότι ωφθη Κηφα, είλα τοις δωδε-6 κα. επείλα ωφθη επανω πεντακοσιοις αδέλφοις εφαπαξ, εξ ών οι πλειους μενουσιν έως acli, Tives de kai ekolunon-7 σαν. επείλα ωφθη Ιακωβω. είλα τοις αποσλολοις πασιν. 8 έσχαλον δε πανλων, ώσπερει τω εκιρωμαίι, ωφθη καμοι. ετω ταρ ειμι ο ελαχισίος των αποσίολων, ός ουκ ειμιίκανος καλεισθαι αποσίολος, διολι εδιωξα την εκκλησιαν του το Θεου. Χαριλι δε Θεου ειμι ο EIM, KAI TI XACIC AUTOU TI EICEμε, ου κενη εγενηθη, αλλα περισσολερου αυλων πανλων εκοπιασα, ουκ εςω δε, αλλ ή χαρις Του Θεου ή συν ε-ΙΙ μοι. είλε ουν εγω, είλε εκεινοι, ούλω κηρυσσομέν, και ούλως επιστευσαίε.

12 Ει δε Χρισίος κηρυσσείαι ότι εκ νεκρων εγηγερίαι, πως λεγουσι τινες εν ύμιν, " ότι ανασίασις νεκρων ουκ εσ-13 " τιν ?" ει δε ανασίασις you, unless you have believed without suspicions grounds.

I acquainted you chiefly with 3 what I received myjerf, that Christ died for our fins, as + the scriptures foretold: that be was buried, and rofe again the third day, as | the feriptures foretold: that he was 5 feen by Cepbas, then by the twelve: after that, be was 6 feen by above five bundred brethren at once : of whom the greater part remain alive to this day, but some are new dead. after that he was feen by James; then by all the apostles. and last of all, be was scen by me too, who am as it were an abortive; for I am 9 the meanest of the apostles, not worthy the name of an apostle, because I persecuted the church of God. it is by the divine 10 favour that I am what I am: and bis favour to me was not in vain; no, I laboured more than they all : yet it was not I, it was the divine favour which affifted me. but 11 whether I or they labour'd most, this is what we preach, and this is what you believed.

Now if it has been declared, 12 that Christ rose from the dead, how comes it, that some among you assert, "there is no re-"furrettion of the dead?" for if there he no resurrettion 13

+ Ifa. liii. 5.

vekpwy

∥ Jonas ii. 1.

VEKOWY OUK EGILY, OUDE XPIGTOS 14 Ernreclau. El de Xololos ouk ETHIEFTAL, KEVOV APA TO KMευτμα ήμων, κενη δε και ή 1 : πισλις ύμων. έυρισκομεθα δε KAI WEUDOHAETURES TOU GEOUS OTI EUAPTOPORUEV KATA TOU OSOU OTI MESICE TON XPIGTON, 15 OU OUR MELIDEN : EL PAP VEKPOL ουκ εγειρονίαι, ουδε Χοισίος ι - ετητερίαι. ει δε Χρισίος ουκ singeplai, μαλαια ή πισλις υ-Hay, Kat Eli Eole Ev Tais à-18 nacliais unwy, apa kai ol koiμηθενίες εν Χρισίω, απωλον-19 TO. ELEV TH Con Tauly MAπικοίες εσμέν εν Χρισίω μονον, εχεςινοιεροι πανίων ανθρωπων ECULY. Nuvi de Xpiolos emesplai εκ νεκρών, απαρχή των κε-21 κοιμημενών. επειδη γαρ δί ανθρώπου ο θαναίος, και δί ανθρωπου ανασίασις νεκρων. 22 ωσπερ γας εν τω Αδαμ παντες αποθνησκουσιν, ουλω και εν τω Χρισίω πανίκ ζωοποι-23 ηθησονίαι. Εκασίος δε εν τω ιδιφ ταςμαλι, απαρχη Χριστος, επειλα οι του Χρισλου, εν 24 τη παρουσια αυίου. είλα το τελος, όταν παςαδιδώ την

βασιλειαν τω Θεω και παίρι:

όταν καλαρτηση πασαν αρ-

χην και πασαν εξουσιαν και

" πανίας τους εχθρους ύπο

xalx

25 δυναμιν. ΄ δει τας αυλον βασι-Σευείν, ΄ αχρις δυ αν θη

26" τους ποδας αυίου." έσ-

of the dead, then Christ is not risen. and if Christ be not risen. 14 then our preaching is empty talk, and your faith even meer amusement. yea, and we are is no better than enthusiastic impostors by affirming that God raised up Christ, when he never did raise him up. for if the 16 dead are not raised, then was not Christ raised: and if Christ 17 was not raised, your faith is meer illusion, your sins are not yet forgiven. then they too 18 who died christians, are entirely lest, if our expectations 19 as christians all terminate in this life, we of all men are most to be pitied.

But Christ is actually ri- 20 sen, as previous to those who were dead. for fince by man 21 came death, by man the resurrection of the dead will likewise come. for as by Adam all 22 die, even so by Christ shall all be restored to life. but every 22 one in proper order: Christ bas the precedence, next they who were Christians shall rise at bis advent. and then will 24 be the end, when he shall deliver up the kingdom to God even the father; after having abolished all rule, and all authority, and power. for he must 25 reign, " till " God bas cast " all bis enemies under his " fect." the last enemy that 26 Mall

χαίος εχθρος καίαργειίαι ο θα27 ναίος. πανία γαρ ύπειαξεν
ύπο τους ποδας αυίου. όταν
δε ειπη ότι πανία ύποιείακίαι, δηλον ότι εκίος του
ύποιαξανίος αυίω τα παν28 ία. όταν δε ύποιαγη αυίω
τα πανία, τοιε και αυίος ό
υίος ύποιαγησεται τω ύποιαξανίι αυίω τα πανία,
ίνα η ό Θεος τα παντα εν
πασιν-

29 Επει Τι ποιπσουσινόι βαπ-Γιζομενοι ύπερ των νεκρων ? ει όλως νεκροι ουκ εγειρονίαι, fball be destroyed, is death, for be bath subjected all things 27 to him. but when it is said all things are subjected, it is plain that be is to be excepted, who did subject all things to him, and when all things shall 28 be reduced under subjection to him, then shall the son also himself be subject to him that put all things under his subjection, that God may be all in all.

If it be not so, what can 29 they effect who are baptized for the * dead? if the dead rise

* This passage has exercis'd the genius of the most learned Critics. fome of whom have despair'd of seeing the difficulty unraveli'd till ELIAS come. Jol Scaliger fays, the most fagacious interpreters have over-look'd the force of St. Paul's expression: there being a great difference between over veryow, and over you veryow; the first is general, this is emphatical and determinate: so that the meaning here is not that they were baptized for the dead in general, but for their deceased relations or friends in particular. again, it is not faid, TI TOLYTOMEN SILEIS, what can we effect; but, To Tuyougov & Bariconeros, What can they effect, who are baptized. St. Paul, far from countenancing the practice, reproaches them with ignorance of the divine difpensation, and endeavours to make them asham'd, v. 34. but what gave occasion to this superstition? Scaliger says, all the primitive christians, down to St. Augustin's time, and later, held the opinion, that the souls of the deceas'd, whether faints or finners, were lodg'd in the center of the earth, in expectation of the day of judgment. this Tertullian elegantly files, in candida expectare dism judicii, as candidates for the magistracy expected the votes of the citizens. Tertullian, in four passages of his works, St. Augustin, at large in his Enchiridium, Lactantius, and all the rest, maintain this opinion: making it however the prerogative of a martyr to step at once directly to Paradise. from this honest tener came the notion of Christ's descent into Hades, the abode of departed fouls: and several errors, which soon crept into the church. even in the apostles time, as Tertullian observes, there was an anniversary baptism instituted on the Kalends of February, in behalf of the deceased, with prayers to obtain some relief for them. but he denies that the apostle gave any countenance to such a practice. " Quid, " ait, sacient qui pro mortuis baptizantur, si non resurgunt? Viderit " Infli-

τι και βαπλιζονλαι ύπερ αυ-30 TU KAI MUEIC KIVOU-3) νευομέν πασαν ώραν ? καθ* ημεραν αποθνησκω, νη την vustspay kauxnow, ny exw εν Χρισίω Ιπσου τω Κυριω 32 ημων. ει καία ανθρωπον εθηςιομάχησα εν Εφέσω, τι HOL TO ODEROS? EL VEKPOL OUK εγειρονίαι, " Φαγωμεν και πιωμέν: αυριον ταρ αποθ-" *упо*коµеу." μη πλανασθε, " φθειρουσιν ηθη χρησθ' 34" όμιλιαι κακαι." εκνηψαλε δικαιως, και μη άμαρλανείε, ατνωσιαν γαρ Θεου τινές εχουσι: προς ενθροπην ύμιν refw.

35 Αλλ' ερει Τις, πως εγειρονται οι νεκροι ? ποιώ δε σω-36 μαλι ερχονλαι ? αφρον, συ ο σπειρεις, ου ζωοποιείλαι, εαν υπ

rise not at all, why are they then baptized for the dead? and why do we continually 30 expose our lives to danger ? I 21 am daily receiving new mortifications, witness your cruel boaftings against me, which I bear for the fake of Christ 7esus our Lord; besides, my en- 32 gaging with those monsters, as I may fay, at Ephefus, what advantage was it to me? if the dead don't rise, " let " us eat and drink, for " to-morrow we die." be not 22 deceived +: "vicious conver-" fation corrupts good morals." rouze from your fins, as is 34. but just ; for some of you have not the knowledge of God: I speak it to your shame.

But some will say, bow 35 will the dead be raised? with what kind of body will they appear? soolish as you are, 36

"Inflitutio ista: Kalendæ si forte Pebruaria respondebunt illi, pro mor"tuis perere. noli ergo apostolum novum auctorem aut consirmato"rem denotare, ut tanto magis sisteret carais resurrectionem, quanto
"illi qui vane pro mortuis baptizarentur, side resurrectionis hoc face"rent. Tertul. adv. Marcionem, 4." So that the apostle reasons with
them upon their own principles, and reduc'd them to the necessity
of owning themselves to be very absurd in denying the doctrine of the
resurrection. Grotius thinks, this refers to the practice of the church,
mention'd by Tertullian and St. Ambrose, in baptizing people by way
of proxy, for the catechamens, who died without baptism. though,
after all, the argument is equally conclusive upon the supposition that
St. Paul only alluded to the Lustrations, which the Gentiles celebrated
in the month of February, for their deceased friends.

Post superûm cultus vicino Februa mense Dat Numa cognatis Manibus interias.

OVID.

^{* 1}st. xxii. 13. 7 A figing of Meninder, cited by Athenaus, L 13. c. 3.

37 μη αποθανή. και ό σπειρεις, ου το σωμα το Γενησομενον σπειρεις, αλλα Γυμνον κοκκον, ει τυχοι, σίλου, η τινος 38 των λοιπων. ό δε Θεος αυτώ διδωσι σωμα καθως ηθελησε, και έκασλω των σπερμαλων το ιδιον σωμα.

39 Ου πασα σαςξ, ή αυλη σαςξ (αλλα) αλλη μεν ανθοωπων, αλλη δε κληνων. ann de ixouw, ann de 40 πληνών. και σωμαλα επουρανια, και σωμαία επιτεια, αλλ έτερα μεν ή των επου-. ςανιων δοξα, έτερα δε ή των 41 επιζειων. αλλη δοξα ήλιου. και αλλη δοξα σεληνες, και αλλη δοξα ασίερων, ασίηρ γαρ ασίερος διαφέρει εν δοξη. 42 ουτω και ή ανασίασις των νεκρων. σπειρείαι εν φθορα, 43 Ereplai ev appapora: oneiρείαι εν αλιμια, εγειρείαι εν δοξη: σπειρείαι εν ασθενεια, 44 દાદાદદીયા εν δυναμει: σπειρέλαι σωμα ψυχικον, εγειρείαι σωμα πνευμαλικον: (εσλι σωμα **Ψυχικον, και εσλι σωμα** 45 πνευμαλικον) ουλω και reτραπίαι, ετενείο ο πρωίος (ανθρωπος) Αδαμεις ψυχην ζωσαν, ο εσχαίος Αδαμ εις

the grain you fow, is not revived except it die. and what-37 ever you fow, you don't fow that body which shall afterwards appear, but only the bare grain of wheat, for instance, or of some other grain. but God gives it such a body, 38 as he thinks fit, to every seed its peculiar body.

All flesh is not of the same 39 kind: but there is one kind that belongs to men, another to beafts, another to fiftes, and another to birds. there 40 are celestial bodies, and bodies terrestrial : but the glory of the celestial is of one kind, and the glory of the terrestrial of another. the glory 41 of the fun is of one kind, the glory of the moon of another, and the glory of the stars still different; nay, one star differs from another star in glory. such will be the re- 12 furrection of the dead: the body is fown corruptible, it will be raised incorruptible. it is sown in dishonour, it 43 will be raised in glory: it is sown in decay, it will be raised in power: it is sown 44 an animal body, it will rife a spiritual body, there is an animal body, and there is a spiritual body, and so it is 45 written, the first man Adam was made an animating foul, the last Adam was made

46 πνευμα ζωοποιουν. απλ' ου ποωίον το πνευμαλικον, αλλα TO WUXIKO: ETELLA TO TUEU-47 μαλικον. ο πρώλος ανθρώπος ex the, xeixos: o osulecos au-48 θοώπος, εξ ουρανου. όιος ό xci co roloviol kal a xoikal και όιος ό επουρανιος, τοιου-49 TOU KAL OL ETTOUDAVIOL καθως εφορεσαμέν την εικονα του χοίκου, φορεσομέν και THY EIKOVA TOU ETTOUCAVIOU. 50 τουλο δε φημι, αδελφοι, ότι σας ξκαι άιμα βασιλείαν ΘΕου κληρονομησαι ου δυνανται, ουδε ή φθορα την αφθαισιαν κληρουομεί.

51 Ιοου, μυσίπριον ύμιν λεγω, παιλες μεν ου κοιμπθησομεθα, εν αλλαγησομεθα, εν αλλαγησομεθα, εν αλλαγησομεθα, εν πη εσχαλη σαλπιγί, σαλπισει γαρ, και όι νεκροι εγερθησουλαι αφθαρλοι, και ήμεις 53 αλλαγησομεθα. δει γαρ το φθαγλον τουλο ενδυσασθαι αφθαρσιαν, και το θνηλον τουλο ενδυσασθαι αφθαρσιαν, τουλο ενδυσηλαι αφθαρσιαν, και το φθαγλον τουλο ενδυσηλαι αφθαρσιαν, και το πουλο ενδυσημένος, και το θνηλον τουλο ενδυσημένος, και πολαγασιαν, τολε γενησεπαι αθανασιαν, τολε γενησεπαι αθανασιαν, τολε γενησεπαι αθανασιαν, τολε γενησεπαι αθανασιαν, τολε γενησεπαι ενδυσηλον ο γεγραμμένος, και ποθη ο θαναλος εις νισενησενος και ποθη ο θαναλος εις νισενηθος εις νισενηθερος και ποθη ο θαναλος εις νισενηθερος και συναλος εις

a vivifying spirit. but the 46 spiritual body was not first, but the enimal; and afterwards the spiritual. the first 47 man was formed from the dust of the earth: the second man was from beaven. as 48 was the terrestrial, such are they also that are terrefrial: and as is the celestial, fach also shall they be who are to. be celestial. for as we have 49 born the image of the terreftrial, so we shall bear the image of the celestial. this I50 fan, my bretbren, because the body, as it is at prefent, cannot possess the kingdom of God; and what is corruptible, can't enjoy incorruptibility.

I shall now tell you a very 51 great secret: we shall not all of us fleep, but we shall all be changed, in a moment, in 52 the twinkling of an eye, at the found of the last trumpet (for the trumpet shall sound) and the dead shall rife incorruptible; but as for us, we shall be changed. for this corrup-53 tible body must be invested with incorruptibility, this mortal be invested with immortality. but when this corruptible shall 54 be invested with incorruptibility, and this mortal with immortality, then shall be fulfilled that paffage of feripture, " * death is swallowed up for

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55 κος. που σου, θαναλε, το κενίρον? που σου, 56 άδη, το νικος? το δε κενίρον του θαναλου, ή άμαρτια, ή δε δυναμις της άμαρτιας, ό νομος. τω δε Θεω χαρις τω διδονλι ήμιν το νικος δια του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου 58 Χρισίου. ώσλε, αδελφοι μου αγαπηλοι, έδραιοι γινεσθε, αμελακινηλοι, περισσευονλες εν τω εργω του Κυριου παντολε, ειδολες ότι ό κοπος ύμων ουκ εσλι κενος εν Κυριω.

TIEPL DE THE TOPLAS THE ELS Ŧ τους άγιους, ώσπεο διελαξα ταις εκκλησιαις της Γαλατιας, δυτω και ύμεις ποιη-2 σαλε. καλα μιαν σαββαλων έκασῖος ύμων παρ' έαυλω τιθέω, θησαυρίζων ό, τι αν ευοδωλαι, ίνα μη όταν ελθω, 3 Tole horiai rivwolai. orav de παραγενωμαι, όυς εαν δοκιμαζηλε δι' επισλολων τουλους πεμψω απενεγκειν την χαριν 4 υμων εις Ιερουσαλημ. εαν δε η αξιον του καμε πορευεσθαι, συν εμοι πορευσονίαι.

5 Ελευσομαι δε προς ύμας όταν Μακεδονιαν διελθω, Μα- 6 κεδονιαν γαρ διερχομαι. προς ύμας δε τυχον παραμενω, π και παραχειμασω, ίνα ύμεις με προπεμινή ε όυ εαν πο-

"ever." "O death, where 55

"is thy sting? O grave,
"where is thy victory?" the 56
sting of death was sin; and
the strength of sin was the
law. but thanks he to God, 57
who has given us the victory,
thro' our Lord Jesus Christ.
therefore, my beloved bre-58
thren, he ye insteadly steady,
and continually surpassothers
in the work of the Lord,
knowing that he will not leave
your christian labour unrewarded.

Now as to the collection for 1 the converts at Jerusalem, do as I have directed for the churches of Galatia. every 2 sabbath-day let every one of you set apart something of what he has happily gain'd, for the common treasury, that there may be no collection when I come. and when I 2 come, I shall send such as you shall approve of, who will convey letters, and your kind present to Jerusalem, and if 4 it be so considerable as to induce me to go, they shall accompany me.

I shall come to you, by the 5 way of Macedonia: (for I pass thro Macedonia) and 6 perhaps I shall make some stay, if not pass the winter with you, that you may forward me on my journey, where

penomal.

7 ρευωμαι. ου θελω γαρ ύμας ασίι εν παροδώ ιδειν, ελπίζω δε χρονον Τινα επιμειναι προς ύμας, εαν ό Κυριος επίΙρεπη. 8 επιμενω δε εν Εφεσώ έως 9 της πενληκοσίης. θυρα γαρ μοι ανεώγε μεγαλη και ενεργης, και ανδικειμενοι πολλοι.

10 Εαν δε ελθη Τιμοθεος, βλεπε]ε ίνα αφοβως Γενηλαι προς ύμας, το Γαρ εργον Κυ11 ριου εργαζείαι ως και εΓω: μη τις ουν αυθον εξουθενηση, προπεμψαλε δε αυθον εν ειρηνη, ίνα ελθη προς με, εκδεχουαι Γαρ αυθον μελα των
12 αδελφων. περι δε Απολλω
του αδελφου, πολλα παρεκαλεσα αυθον ίνα ελθη προς ύμας μελα των αδελφων, και πανλω; ουκ ην θελημα ίνα νυν ελθη, ελευσελαι δε όταν ευκαιςηση.

13 Γρηγορείλε, σηνκέλε εν τη πισλει, ανδρίζεσθε, κραται14 ουσθε. πανλα ύμων εν αγαπη γινεσθω.

15 Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελφοι, οιδαίε την οικιαν
Στεφανα, ότι εσίιν απαρχη της Αχαιας, και εις διακονιαν τοις άγιοις εταξαν έ16 αυίους: ίνα και ύμεις ύποτασσησθε τοις τοιουίοις, και
πανίι τω συνεργουνίι και κο-

wherever I go. for I do not 7 design to see you in my passage thither, yet I hope to spend some time with you, if the Lord permit. I shall stay 8 at Ephesus, till whitsontide. for I have a very fair and 9 promising opportunity given me of propagating the gospel, tho there are many opposers.

If Timothy visit you, take 10 care he may be perfessly safe: for he labours in the cause of christianity, as well as I. let 11 no man therefore despise him: but condust him sufe, that he may come to me: for I and the brethren expest him. as 12 to brother Apollos, I earnestly entreat him to make you a visit, with the brethren: but he has not the least mind to it at present; however, he will be with you when a sit occasion offers.

Be upon the watch, stand 13 firm in the faith, behave your selves like men of sortitude: let all your transactions flow 14 from social affections.

You know brethren, that the 15 family of Stephanas were the first converts of Achaia, and have made it their business to be serviceable to christian converts: to such, I beseech you 16 be subservient, and to every one that bespeth us with his labours.

17 Χαιρω δε επι τη παρουσια Στεφανα και Φορίουναίου και Αχαικου, ότι το ύμων ύσιερημα αυίοι αυει 18 πληρωσαν ανευμα και το ύμων. επιγινωσκίιε ουν τους τοιουτους.

19 Ασπαζονίαι ύμας αι εκκηποιαι της Ασιας, ασπαζονίαι ύμας εν Κυριω πολλα Ακυλας και Πρισκιλλα, συν τη κατ' οικον αυίων εκκλη-20 σια. ασπαζονίαι ύμας οι αδελφοι πανίες ασπασασθε αλληλους εν φιλημαίι άριω. 21 ο ασπασμος τη εμη χειρι Ιαυλου.

22 Ει τις ου φιλει τον Κυριον Ιπσουν Χρισίον, πίω αναβε-23 μα, μαραν αθα. ή χαρις του Κυριου Ιπσου Χρισίου 24 μεθ΄ υμων. ή αγαπη μου μετα πανίων υμων εν Χρισίω Ιπσου. αμην. I am glad that Stephanas, 17
Fortunatus, and Achaicus are come: for what was wanting on your side, they have supplied, for they have qui-18 eted my mind as well as yours: therefore to such have a regard.

The churches of Afia, fa-19 lute you. Aquila and Prifcilla falute you with much christian affection, and so do the church that is in their bouse. all the brethren salute 20 you. salute one another with an boly kiss. I Paul salute 25 you, and with my own handwriting.

If any man love not the 22 Lord Jefus Christ, let him be accurst, the favour of our 23 Lord Jesus Christ be with you, present my love to e-24 very christian among you amen.

Ch. V. 1. Omuzte at is not in Steph. 2. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Barb. 1. Pet. 3. Velef. lect. Borner. Gr. Lat. Coptic, Vulgat. Tertul. de Pnd. c. 14. Epiphan. Ambrof. Augustin. Calaritan. see Prol. 701.

Ch. V. 6. Ou.] Several MSS, especially the Latin, have not our says St. Augustin, lib. 3. contra Parmen, he thinks it an ironical expression like that of Mark vii. 9. Rom. xi. 20. James ii. 19. Calaritan, and Ambrose leave it out, and so Dr. Mills thinks it should be. see Prol. 455, 455.

Ch. V. 6. Δελοι.] So the MSS, of Clermont, Gr. Lat. writ before St. Jerom's time, as the learned Morinus endeavours to prove. fo the MSS of St. Germ. (of the fameage) Lat. there being an biatus in the Greek.' Irenaus!. 4. c. 46. Calaritan. Ambrofe. the Scholiast under St. J. rom's name, and so the antient Vulgate, the Germ. MSS. Gal. v. 9. has—
τοΦιραμα δολοι ζεμπ, the last having crept from the margin. see Dr. Mills a.l. and Prol. 457.

Chap. VI. 20. Kai sv ta zwevuali, &c.] is not in the Alexand. Clarom. Cir. Lat. Germ. Cir. Lat. Barb. 1. Colbert. 7. Pet. 3. Velef. lect. Borner. Gr. Lat. Copic. Vulgat. Æthiopic, Tertul. Epiphan. Ambroic, the Scholaul under Jerom's name, Cyprian, Calaritan. Augustin, &cfee Prol. 1289.

Ch. VII. 3. Oping.] So Steph. 5. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Barb. 1. Pet. 3. Vulgat. Æthiopic. Clem. Alexandrin. Strom. 3. Origen, Tertul. Chrysost. Cyprian, Jerom, Augustin, Ambrose, Fulgentius. Erasmus, Zeger, Grotius, &c., think this the true reading. see Prol. 632.

Ch. VII. 5. The supplem near is not in Steph. 6. 10. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Roe 2. Pet. 3. Cov. 2. Colb. 7. Borner, Gr. Lat. Athiopic, Coptic, Clemens Alexandrin. Origen, Chrysost. Euthalius, Theophylact. Cyprian, the Scholiast, Hesychius. see Prol. 622,924.

Ch. VII. 39. Nour is not in the Alexand. Clarom. Gr. Lat. Ger. Gr. Lat. nor in a very antient Lat. MSS. in the Bodleian. Colb. 7. Barb. 1. Æthiopic, Coptic, Clem. Alexandrin. Baiil, Origen Com. in Mat. Tertullian, de Monog. c. 11. Cyprian, ad Quirin. Hieron. Ep. ad Ageruch. Augustin, Ambrole, Primatus, Sedulius, the Scholiast. Dr. Mills makes no doubt it is taken from Rom. vii. 2. see Prol. 632.

Ch. VIII. 4. Elegos] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Lin. Earb. 1. Roc. 2. Pet. 3. Colb. 7. Borner. Gr. Lat. Vulgat. Æthiopic,

Itenæus, Ambroie, the Scholiast, Euthalius. see Prol. 987.

Ch. IX. 22. $\Pi \alpha \hat{v}_{\alpha \varsigma}$.] Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Velef. lect. Vulgat. Syriac, Æthiopic, Clem. Alexandrin. Ambrose, the Scholiast, Tertullian, Augustin. iee Prol. 458, 1204.

Ver. 23. Havia.] Atex. Clar. Gr. Lat. Gerin. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Per. 2. Barb. 2. Veief. lect. Vulgat. Æthiopic. Chrysottom, Ambrose.

Ch. X. 28. Tou fap Rupiou, &c.] is not in Steph. ia. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Pet. 3. Baroch. Barb. 1. Cod. Thuanaus, Velef. lect. Vulgat. Syriac, Æthiopic, Arabic, Coptic, Augustin, Ambrose, the Scholiast, Chrysostom. nor in the Complut. edition, nor Colinaus.

Ch. XI. 24. Aaßele, Pafele] is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Pet. 3. Cov. 2. MS. Lat. Constantiens.

Ambroie, Euthalius. fee Prol. 988.

Ch. XV. 15. Eurep afa venpos our esergos at.] This is not in Chrom. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. N. Col. 2. Vulgate, Syriac, Irenxus, lib. 5. c. 13. Tertul. Theodoret. Ambrose. Quem non sustitavit, subaudi, si mortui non resurgunt, says Remigius. Zeger and Dr. Mills think it an interpolation. see Prol. 931.

Ver. 20. Efeveled is not in Steph. s. Alexand. Clarom. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Colb. 7. Barb. 1. Valgate, Coptie. Irenewas, 1. 5. c. 13. Origen, Com. in Mat. Chrysostem, Cyvil, contra Marcion, Rushinus, the Scholiast, nor Colineus's edition. Zeger, and Evatimus

think it should be left out.

Ver. 29, ὑπερ αὐ[ων.] So Steph. 5. 8. 10. Alexand. Claroni. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Barb. 2. Pet. 3. Roe. 2. Ceiler. 7. Covel. 2. 3. Velef. left. the Vulgate, Coptic, Origen, Com. in Mat. Dial. J. Marrion. Ambrofe, the Scholiaft. fee Prol. 682.

Ver. 47. O Kupios] is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. nor, it feems, in the Gr. Borner. Gr. Lat. Barb. 1. Velef. left. Vulgate, Athiopic in Cara. MSS. Voffan. Origen, Epiphanius, Cyril, Tertul. Cypian, Histy Augustin, Jerom, Ambrose, the Scholiast, Russianus, Pacianus, Sectiones, Sc.

ΑΥΛΟΥ

THE SECOND

ΤΟΥ

EPISTLE

TOAOTZOHA

O F

Η ΠΡΟΣ ΚΟΡΙΝΘΙΟΤΣ

PAUL the Apostle

ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ ΔΕΤΤΕΡΑ.

I

3

To the CORINTHIANS.

ΑΥΛΟΣ αποσίολος Ιησου Χρισίου δια BENNUALOR SEON. KAIL Τιμοθεος ο αδελφος, τη εκκλησια του Θεου τη ουση εν Κορινθω, συν τοις άπιοις πασι τοις ουσιν εν όλη τη Αχαια. Χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο Θεου παλοος ήμων, και Κυριου Ιησου Χρισίου.

 $\bigcap AUL$ an apostle of , Jesus Christ, by the divine appointment, and Timothy our brother, to the church of God, which is at Corinth, with all the christians throughout Achaia: favour, and peace be to you 2 from God our father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ.

Eurornics o Θ sos kai $\pi \alpha$ της του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Xpiolov, o malno Two oiklipμων, και Θεος πασης παρα- Α. Κλησεως: ὁ παρακαλων ήμας επι παση τη θλιψει ήμων, εις το δυνασθαι ήμας παρα-KARELY TOUGEY HAGH BLIWEL, δια Της παρακλησεως ής παρακαλουμέθα αυίοι ύπο του ς Θεου. ότι καθως περισσευει τα παθημαία του Χρισίου εις ήμας, όυτω δια Χρισίου περισσευει και ή παρακλησις 6 ήμων. είλε δε θλιβομεθα, υπερ της ύμων παρακλησεως, και σωλπριας, της ενεργουμε-

Bleffed be the God, and fa- 3 ther of our Lord Jesus Christ, the father of mercies, and the God of all consolation: who comforteth me in all my tribulations, that I may be able to comfort them who are in any trouble, by the comfort wherewith I myself am comforted of God. for as I have 5 greatly suffered for Christ, so I have been greatly comforted thro' Christ, but whe- 6 ther I am afflitted, it is for your consolation and relief. which is effected by your perseverance, patiently enduring tb:

νης εν ύπομονη των αυίων παθημαίων ών και ήμεις πασχομεν, είξε παρακαλουμεθα, ύπερ της ύμων παρακλησεως και σωίπριας, και ή ελπις ήμων βεβαια ύπερ ύγ μων. ειδοίες ότι ώσπερ κοινωνοι εσίε των παθημαίων, όυτω και της παρακλησεως.

Ου γαρ θελομέν ύμας αι-VOSIV. adentos, * UTED THE θλεινεως ήμων της Γενομενης ημιν εν τη Ασια, ότι καθ' υπεοβολην εβαρηθημεν ύπερ δυναμιν, ώσιε εξαπορηθηναι 9 ήμας και του ζην. αλλα αυλοι εν έαυλοις το αποκριμα του θαναλου εσχηκαμεν, ίνα แก สะสอเชื้อโรร เอนรง ธอ ร้องτοις, αλλ' επι τω Θεω τω 10 ETELPOVIL TOUS VEKDOUS. OS EK τηλικούλου θαναλου ερρυσαλο ที่ผลง, หละ อุ๋บยีสเ, ยง อ๋ษ ทา.πικαμεν ότι και είι ρυσείαι, τι συνυπουργουνίων και ύμων ύπερήνων τη δεήσει, ίνα εκ πολλων προσωπων το εις ήμας χαρισμα δία πολλων 12 ευχαρισίηθη ύπερ ήμων. γαρ καυχησις ήμων αυτη εστι, το μαρίυριον της συνειδησεως ήμων, ότι εν άπλοτηλι και ειλικρινεία Θεου, συκ εν σοφιά σαρκική, αλλ' εν χαρίλι Θεου ανεσλαφημεν εν τω κοσμω, περισσοίερως δε προς υμας.

13 Ου τας αππα τραφομεν ύμιν, αππ' η α ανατινωσκείε, the same sufferings which I also undergo: or whether I am comforted, it is for your consolation and relief, and the 7 hopes I had of you continue still the same, knowing that as you have had your share of suffering, so you will likewise have of consolation.

For I would not, brethren, 8 have you ignorant of that insupportable weight of affliction that over-whelm'd me fo in Afia that I despaired even of life: nay, I abandon'd my self to death, that I might not rely upon my felf for deliverance, but on God who raiseth the dead, and he did to deliver me from so terrible a death, and on him I have relied for further deliverance: especially, being assisted by It your prayers for me, fo that thanks may be returned by many, for the gracious deliverance procur'd me by their prayers. for this is to me 12 matter of glorying, the testimony of my conscience, that without artifice, and with religious sincerity, not by worldly wifdom, but by God's favourable assistance I bave behaved my felf towards all men, but more particularly to

In reality, we writ nothing 13 to you, but what you may

^{*} see. fee the note.

^{*} See : Cor.iv. 9. xvi. 5,6.7.

η και επιτινωσκέλε: ελπίζω δε ότι έως τελους επιγυω-14 ο εσθε. καθως και επεγνωίε THAS ATTO MEROUS. OTI KAUχημα ύμων εσμέν, καθαπέρ και υμεις ήμων, εν τη ήμερα 15 Του Κυριου Ιπσου: και ταυτη τη πεποιθησει εβουλομην προς ύμας ελθειν προλερον, ί-16 να δευλεραν χαριν εχηλε, και δι' ύμων διελθείν εις Μακεδονιαν, και παλιν απο Μακεδονιας ελθειν προς ύμας, και υφ υμιων προπεμφθηναι εις την τη Ιουδαιαν. Τουλο ουν βου-ASUOMSTOS, MIN TI APA TH Eλαφρια εχρησαμήν? η ά βουλευομαι, καλα σαςκα βουλευομαι, ίνα η παρ εμοι το 18 vai vai, kai to ou ou? 710τος δε ο Θεος, ότι ο λογος ή-עשט ס ארסה טעמה סטא ברבעבוס το ναι και ου. ό γαρ του Θεου ύιος Ιησους Χρισίος ο εν ύμιν δι' πιων κπρυχθεις, δι' εμου και Σιλουανου και Τιμοθέου. OUK EFEVETO VAI KAI OU, ANNA 20 ναι εν αυίω Γεγονεν. όσαι γαρ επαγγελιαι Θεου, εν αυίω το ναι, και εν αυίω το αμην, τω Θεω προς δοξαν δι' ήμων. 2 1 ο δε βεβαιων ήμας συν ύμιν εις Χρισίου, και χρισας ήμας, 22 Θεος: ὁ και σφραγισαμένος ήμας, και δους τον αρραβωνα του πνευμαλος εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων.

23 Ετω δε μαρίυρα τον Θεον επικαλουμαι επι την εμην ψυχην, ότι φειδομενος ύμων, ουκεί

perceive by the reading, and I trust you ever will perceive as some of you bave 14 already own'd, that I am matter of joy to you, as you will be to me in the day of the Lord Jesus Christ: in 15 this confidence I purposed to visit you before now, (that you might have again the like fatisfaction) not to call upon 16 you as I pass into Macedonia, but in my return from thence, to be conducted by you toward Judea. was this 17 design therefore the effect of levity? or do I design first one thing, and then another. as it best suits my worldly interest? God is my witness, 18 I never prevaricated with you. for what I, and Timo- 19 thy, and Silvanus preached concerning Jesus Christ, the son of God, is not inconsistent, but invariably the same. for 20 all the promises of God do center in bim, and are verifyed by him to the glory of God by our preaching, now 21 it is God who keeps you fix'd in the dostrine of Christ, who has appointed me, and 22 mark'd me with his feal, and given me the earnest of the spirit in my beart.

I call God to witness, and 23 may I die if it is not true, that the reason of my not com-

24 ουκείι πλθον εις Κορινθον. ουχ ότι κυριευομεν ύμων της πιστεως, αλλα συνεργοι εσμεν της χαρας ύμων: τη γαρ πισίει έσίηκαιε.

Εκρινα δε εμαυλω τουλο, I το μη παλιν ελθειν εν λυπη 2 προς ύμας. ει Γαρ εΓω λυπω บนสร. หลา Tic ยอโเง 6 ยงออลเνων με, ει μη ο λυπουμένος EE EMOU? KAI EFPAWA DHIV τουίο αυίο, iva un ελθων λυπην εχω αφ' ών εδει με χαιρειν, πεποιθως επι πανίας ύuas, oti n eun xapa, nav-4 των ύμων εσλιν. εκ ταρ πολλης θλιψεως και συνοχης καρδιας εγραψα ύμιν δια πολλων δακρυων, ουχ ίνα λυπηθηλε, αλλα την αςαπην ίνα γνωίε ήν εχω περισσοίερως εις ύμας.

5 Ει δε Τις λελυπηκεν, ουκ εμε λελυπηκεν, αλλ' απο μερους, ίνα μη επιβαρω παν-6 τας ύμας. ίκανον τω τοιου-τω ή επιθιμια άνθη ή ύπο των 7 πλειονων. ώστε τουνανθιον μαλλον ύμας χαρισασθαι, και παρακαλεσαι, μηπως τη περισσοθερα λυπη καθαποθη

coming yet to Corinth, was to avoid using any severity towards you not that I would 24 arbitrarily prescribe what you should believe, but rather encourage you to go on: for 'tis by faith you have stood.

But I purposed in my self, I I would not be the occasion of any uneasiness to you when I come again. why should I 2 make you uneasy, for who then could give me comfort, but those to whom I give uneasines? and I wrote to you 2 upon that disagreeable subjest, that when I came, I might not receive uncasiness from those from whom I ought to receive comfort, being perfuaded that you will all think yourselves interested to promote my fatisfaction. for out 4 of much affliction and anguish of heart, I wrote to you with many tears; not to make you uneasy, but to make you senfible of the overflowing tenderness which I have for you.

The affistion I have had, 5 comes only from a particular quarter, so that my resentment does not affect the whole church the punishment, which 6 was institled by the community, is sufficient on this occation. So that now you ought 7 rather to forgive, and comfort him, for fear he should be overwhelm? d by an excess

8 ο Τοιουίος. διο παρακαλω υμας κυρωσαι εις αυίον αγα9 πην. εις τουίο γαρ και εγραψα, ίνα γνω την δοκιμην υμων, ει εις πανία υπηκοοι
10 εσίε. ώδε τι χαρίζεσθε, και εγω, και γαρ εγω ει τι κεχαρισμαι, ώ κεχαρισμαι, δι υμας, εν προσωπώ Χρισμεν ύπο του Σαίανα: ου γαρ αυίου τα νοημαία αγνοουμεν.

12 Ελθων δε εις την Τρωαδα EIC TO EURITEALOU TOU XPIOτου, και θυρας μοι ανεωτμένης 13 εν Κυριώ, ουκ εσχηκά ανεσιν τω πνευμαλι μου, τω μη έυσειν με Τίλον τον αδελφον μου, αλλα απολαξαμένος αυτοις, εξηλθον εις Μακεδονιαν. 14 τω δε Θεω χαρικ τω πανδοlε θριαυβευονλι ήμας εν τω Χριστω, και την οσμην της γνωσεώς άυτου φανερουνί δί' 15 ήμων εν πανίι τοπω. ότι Χοισίου ευωδια εσμεν τω Θεω EN TOIS OW COLLEVOIS KAL EN TOIS 16 απολλυμενοις: δις μεν, οσμη θαναλου εις θαναλου, δις δε, οσμη ζωης εις ζωην, και προς 17 ταυία τις ουίως ίκανος? ου γάρ εσμεν, ώς δι λοιποι, κα-THASUOVIES TOU ROJOV TOU OEου, αλλ' ως εξ ειλικρινειας,

of sorrow. wherefore, pray, 8 convince bim of your affection to bim: for this was 9 one view I bad in writing, to bave this trial of you, whether you are intirely obedient. to whom you forgive any thing, 10 I also forgive: for if I have forgiven any thing, I forgave it, for your sakes (as Christ is witness) lest satan should have 11 got some advantage of us: for we are apprized of his artisices.

When an opportunity was 12 given me by the Lord to preach the gospel of Christ, upon my arrival at Troas, I was fo 12 uneasy in my mind for not finding Titus my brother, that taking my leave of them, I went from thence into Macedonia. but thanks be to God, 14. who maketh me triumph, thro' Christ, and spreads his bealing doctrine by me, in eevery place: for God is plea-15 sed to accept my christian labours, in favour both of those who are in a faving, and of those who are in a ruinous state: by the one my preach-16 ing is taken as a deadly poison, to the other it is a reviving potion. and who is fo sussicient for such a commission? for we are not like 17 others, who adulterate the word of God; but we preach the pure gospel of Christ, as I

ώς εκ Θεου, καθενωπιον του Θεου, εν Χρισθω λαλουμεν-

Αρχομεθα παλιν ξαυδους συνισδανειν ? ει μη χρηζομεν, ως Τινες, συσδαδικών επισδο-λών προς ύμας, η εξ ύμων συσδαδικών ? η επισδολη ήμων ύμεις εσδε, εγγεγραμμενη εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων, γινωσκομενη και αναγινωσκομενη υπο πανδων ανθρωπων: φανερουμενοι ότι εσδε επισδολη χρισδου διακονηθεισα ύφ ήμων, εγγεγραμμενη ου μελανι, αλλα πνευμαδι Θεου ζωνδος, ουκ εν πλαξι λιθιναις, αλλε εν πλαξι λιθιναις, αλλε

Πεποιθησιν δε τοιαυλην εχομεν δια του Χρισίου προς 5 τον Θεον, ουκ ότι ίκανοι εσμεν αφ' έαυλων λογισασθαι τι, ώς εξ ξαυίων, αλλ' ή ίκανοίης ήμων εκ του Θεου, 6 ος και ίκανωσεν ήμας διακονους καινης διαθηκής, ου γραμμαίος, αλλα πυευμαίος. Το γαρ γραμμα αποκίωνει, το δε 7 πνευμα ζωοποιει. ει δε ή διακομα του θαναίου εν γραμμασιν, ενέευσκωμένη λιθοίς, εγενηθη εν δοξη, ώσλε μη δυνασθαι αλενισαι τους ύιους Ισραπλ εις το προσωπου Μωσεως, δια την δοξαν του προσωπου αύλου, την καλαργου-8 μενην, πως ουχι μαλλον ή διακονια Του πνευμαλος εσται εν δοξη ? ει τας ή δια-

κονια της καλακρισεως, δοξα,

πολλω μαλλον περισσευσι ή

Ĉια-

received it from God, and as in the presence of God.

Do I begin again to commend my self? or need I, as
some others, commendatory letters to you, or from you? you
are my epistle, your conversion being writ in my beart,
known and read by all men:
which shows you to be the epistle of Christ, written by
my ministration, not with ink,
but with the spirit of the living God; not on tables of
stone, but on living tables of
the beart.

It is by Christ that I have A this confidence in God. not 's that I am fufficient of myself to effect any thing by the strength of my own reason: but my sufficiency is from God. who also bath enabled me to 6 be a minister of the new covenant, not of the literal sense, but of the spiritual meaning: it is the letter that denounces death, but the spirit gives life. now if the law engraven 7 on stone, the letter of whose fanttion is death, was delivered with such glory, that the children of Israel could not steadily behold the face of Muses, for the glory of his countenance, tho' it was tranfient; shall not the ministra- 8 tion of the spirit be more glorious? for if the ministration 9 διακονία της δικαιοσύνης εν 10 δοξη. και γαρ ου δεδοξασται το δεδοξασμένου, εν τουτω τω μέρει, ένεκεν της ύπερ-11 βαλλουσης δοξης. ει γαρ το καΐας γουμένου, δια δοξης, πολλώ μαλλού το μένου, εν δοξη.

12 Exores our tolaulny extre δα, πολλη παςέησια χοω-13 μεθα, και ου καθαπερ Μωσης εδιθει καλυμμα επι το προσωπον έχυλου, προς το μη αλενισαι τους ύιους Ισραηλ. EIG TO TEXOG TOU KATAPPOULLE-14 νου. αλλ' επωρωθη τα νοπιαλα αυλων. αχει ταρ της σημερού το αυλο καλυμμα επι Τη αναγνωσει της παλαιας διαθηκής μενεί, μη ανακαλυπλομενον, ό, τι εν Χρισίω 15 καλαργειλαι· αλλ' έως σημερον, ήνικα ανατινωσκείαι Μωσης, καλυμμα επι την 16 καρδιαν αυίων κειίαι. ήνικα δ αν επισίρεψη προς Κυριον, 17 περιαιρείδαι το καλυμμά. δε Κυριος το πνευμα εσίν, ου δε Το πνευμά Κυριου, εκει ε-18 λευθερια. ήμεις δε πανίες α+ νακεκαλυμμενώ ποοσώπω την δοξαν Κυριου καλοπλριζομενοι, την αυλην εικονα μ. Ταμορφουμεθα απο δοξης εις δοξαν, καθαπες απο Κυριου πνευμα-TO5.

of condemnation was illustrious, the ministration of righteousness will be much more
glorious. since that which distinguished the first had no
glory, when compared to that
of the other, which sar excell'd it. if that which was it
only temporary was glorious,
much more shall that which
is permanent be glorious.

Having then such an opi-12 nion of my ministry. I use great plainness of speech, and do not 12 att as Moles did, who threw a veil over bis face fo as to binder the children of Israel from perceiving the end of that which was to cease: be- 14 fides, their minds were greatly prejudiced: for that very veil would still have obstructed the understanding of the old testament, unless it bad been taken away by Christ. nevertheless, when Moses is 15 read, the veil upon their mind continues unto this day: but when their mind shall 16 turn to the Lord, that veil too shall be taken away. for 17 the spiritual meaning of the law centers in him, and the spirit of the law is gospelliberty: but as we lay afide 18 the veil, the divine light gradually informs the mind, according as we attend to that spiritual sense, which points ou! the Lord.

ALE TOUR EXONER THE DIE-KONIAN TAUINY, KAOWS MAEN-Onusy, OUR EKKAKOUHEY, AND απειπαμεθα τα κουπία της αισχυνής, μη περιπαλουνίες εν πανουρεια, μηδε δολουνίες τον ROPON TOU WEOU, ARRA TH Φανερωσει Της αληθειας συνισίωνες έαυίους προς πασαν συνειδησιν ανθρωπων, ενω-TION TOU GEOU. EL DE KALEO-TI KEKANULUEVOV TO EVATTEλιον ήμων, εν Τοις απολλυμε-4 νοις εσίι κεκαπυμμένου, εν όις ο Θεος του αιωνος τουίου ετυφλωσε τα νοημαία των απισίων, εις το μη αυτασαι (αυλοις) τον φωλισμον του EUAFFERIOU THE BOENS TOU Xcioi is os eolin eikun Tou 5 Seov. ou capéaulous knourσομεν, αλλα Χισίον Ιπσουν. Earlow Se. Ann Sucor Sea 6 Irony or over bear destroyer σεοίων φως λαμψαι, ός εnewery is tak kapilak nμω:, ποος αωλισμού της τυωσεως της δοίης αυλου εν η περσωπω Ιπσου Χρισίου. ε-XALEY OF TOY GIVERUPOY TOUτου ευ οσθρακινοις σκευεσιυ, ινα ή ύπερβολη της δυναμεως n Tou Seou, Kai un et nuov. Εν παιλι βλιβομένοι, αλλ' ου στενοχωρουμένοι : απορου-MEYOL, ANN OUR EXAMOROUMEνοι : διωκομένοι, αλλί ουκ εςκαλαπειπομένοι: καλαβαππο-MEDOL, AND OUR ATTONDUMEDOLS

10 Taylole The vekewald Too In-

σου

Therefore, baving by the I divine favour such a ministry, I exert myself: renouncing 2 all secret disbonesty, and void of all artifice, I deliver the word of God unadulterated, and recommend my self by urging the truth home to every man's conscience, as in the presence of God. but if our 2 gospel be obscure, it is so only to those who are lost: to those A unbelievers, whose minds the God of this world has so blinded, that the glorious lustre of the gospel of Christ, who is the image of God, does not enlighten them, for we preach z not our selves, but Christ Jefus the Lord, professing our selves your servants for bis Jake for God, who command- 6 ed the light to skine out of darkness, bath shined in our bearts, to enlighten others in the knowledge of the glory of God, which shines in the person of Jesus Christ, but this 7 treasure is lodg'd in such earthen veffels as we are, that the exceeding essicacy of it may appear to be from God, and not from us. I am press'd on every side, 8

I am press'd on every side, 8 yet not crush'd; perplexed, but not in despair; persecu- 9 ted, but not forsaken; dejected, but not destroyed; always bearing about in my 10 body the marks of sufferings

like

σου εν τω σωμαλι περιφεροντες, ίνα και ή ζωη του Ιησου εν τω σωμαλι ήμων φανερω-11 θη. αει γαρ ήμεις οι ζωνλες, εις θαναλου παραδιδομεθα δια Ιησουν, ίνα και ή ζωη του Ιησου φανερωθη εν τη θνηλη 12 σαρκι ήμων. ώστε ο μεν θαναλος εν ήμιν ενεργειλαι, ή δε ζωη εν ύμιν.

12 Εχούες δε το αυλο πνευμα της πισίεως, καία το [ε[ραμμενον, " επισίενσα, διο ε- " και ήμεις πισ-Τευομεν, διο και λαλουμεν. 14 ειδοίες ότι ό εγειράς τον Κυ-CION INGOUN, KAI THAC SIA Iησου ετερει, και παρασλησει 15 συν ύμιν: τα ταρ πανλα δι' ύμας, ίνα ή χαρις πλερνασασα, δια των πλειονων την ευχαρισλιαν περισσεύση 16 εις Την δοξαν Του Θεου. διο OUK EKKAKOUUSV. AZZ'ELKAL ο εξω ήμων ανθρωπος διαφθειρείαι, αλλ' ό εσωθεν ανακαινουλαι ήμερα και ήμερα. 17-Το Γαρ παραυλικα ελαφρον της θλιψεως ήμων, καθ' υπερβολην εις ύπερβολην, αιωνιον βαρος δοξης καλεργαζε-18 Ται ήμιν. μη σκοπουνίων ήμων τα βλεπομενα, αλλα τα μη βλεπομένα: τα γαρ βλεπομένα, προσκαιρα: τα δε μη βλεπομένα, αιωνία.

Οιδαμεν γαρ, ότι εαν ή επιγειος ήμων οικια του σκηlike those of Jesus, so that Jesus might be plainly prov'd to be alive by the sufferings of my body. for as long as III live I shall be exposed to death for the sake of Jesus might be made life also of Jesus might be made manifest by the preservation of our mortallise. so that I suffer 12 the influences of his death, while you only seel the effects of his life.

Having by the same spirit 12 the same faith as David bad when he faid, " " I believed. " and therefore have I (poken:" I also believe, and therefore I speak; knowing that he who 14 raised up the Lord Jesus, shall raise up me also by Jesus, and shall present me with you : for 15 all things are for your sakes, that the grace which was conferr'd upon many, might by the gratitude of so many, redound to the glory of God. for which 16 cause I am not discouraged, but the' my body decays, yet my mind is daily renewed. for the light affliction, which 17 I at present suffer, will be infinitely over-ballanced by an eternal weight of glory; for 18 I have no regard to the things which are visible, but to fuch as are invisible: ;înce visible things are temporary, but the invisible are eternal. For I know, that if my bo- 1

* Pfal. cxvi. 19.

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dy, which is but a tent for

my

υους καλαλυθη, οικοδομην εκ DEOU EXQUEY, OIKIAY AXELDOποιηίου, αιωνιον εν τοις ουρανοις. και ταρ εν τουίω aleva Cours. To olkninglov nμων το εξ ουρανου επενδυσασθαι επιποθουνίες. και εκδυσαμενοι, ου τυμνοι έυρεθησομεθα. και ταρ οι ου-TEC EV TW OKHVEL OF EVALOUED βαρουμένοι, εφ' ώ ου θελομέν εκδυσασθαι, αλλ' ะฆะษณิบσασθαι, ίνα καλαποθητο θνητον απο της ζωης. o δε κατεργασαμένος ήμας εις αυλο Τούλο, Θεος, ο δους ήμιν τον αρέαβωνα του πυευμαίος. 6 θαορουνίει ουν πανίοιε, και ειδοτες ότι ενδημουνίες εν τω σωμαλι, εκδημουμέν απο του Κυριου: δια πισλεως γαρ περιπαίουμεν, ου δια ειδους: 8 θαρρουμεν δε, και ευδοκουμεν μαλλον εκδημησαι εκ του σωμάλος, και ενδημησαι προς 9 τον Κυριον. διο και φιλολιμουμεθα, είλε ενδημουνλες, είλε εκδημουνίες, ευαρεσίοι αυίω ει-10 val. τους γαρ πανίας ήμας φανερωθηναι δει εμπροσθεν του βημαλος του Χρισλου, ένα κομισηλαι έκασλος τα ιδια Του σωμαίος, προς άεπραξεν, είλε αταθον, είλε κακον.

my lojourning upon earth, twere dissolved, I have what is not fram'd by buman art, but by the divine architeEt, a mansion eternal in the beavens, while I ? am thus incas'd, I groan with defire to bave that celestial vebicle superinduc'd: tho should I be divested of this bedy, I shall not even then be destitute of one. we that are in this tabernacle do groan under the burden of it: not that we defire to be divested of it, but we desire to have our celestial body, that this mortal state may vanish into immortality. now 5 be that bath prepared us for this very state, is God, who bath given us the spirit as a pledge of it. therefore being al- 6 ways certainly affur'd that whilft I sojourn in this body, I am absent from the Lord, (for Iregulate my conduct by my future expectations, not by vifible enjoyments:) in this affurance, I fay, I think it best to be quit of this body, and be present with the Lord. wherefore I 9 studiously encleavour, whether staying in it, or departing out of it, to be acceptable to bim. for we must all appear before 10 the tribunal of Christ; that every one may receive the retribution, according as bis actions in the body were either good or evil.

Ειδοτες ουν τον φοβον του Κυριου, ανθρωπους πειθομέν ? Θεω δε πεφαγερωμέθα, ελ-TILW DE KAI EN TAIS OUVEIDNσεσιν ύμων πεφανερωσθαι. 12 ου παλιν έαυλους συνισλανομεν ύμιν, αλλα αφορμην διδονίες ύμιν καυχημαίος ύπερ ήμων, ίνα εχηθε προς τους εν προσωπω καυχωμένους, και 13 ου καρδία. είδε γαρ εξεσίημεν, Θεω, είλε σωφρονουμεν, 14 ύμιν. ή ταρ αταπη του 15 Χρισίου * συνεχει ήμας, κρινανλας τουλο, ότι ει είς ύπερ πανίων απεθανεν, αρα οι παν-7ες απεθανον: και ύπερ παν-Των απεθανεν, ίνα δι ζων-Τες μηκείι έαυίοις *Έωσιν*, αλλα τω ύπερ αυίων αποθανονίι και εγερθενλί.

16 Ωσίε ήμεις απο του νυν ουδενα οιδαμεν καία σαρκα, ει
δε και ε[νωκαμεν καία σαρκα,
Χρισίον, 'αλλα νυν ουκ είι
17 [ινωσκομεν. ώσίε ει 'ις εν
Χρισίω, καινη κίισις: τα αρχαια παρηλθεν, ιδου [ε[ονε
καινα (τα πανία.)

18 Τα δε πανία εκ του Θεου του καταλλαξανίος ήμας έανίω

Shall I then who know this 1 x terrible judgment of the Lord. endeavour to appeale men? as for God, I am approved by bim, and I trust also you are convinced of my being fo approved. and this I fay, not to 12 commend myself again unto you, but to give you an occasion of glorying on my account, that you may confront those who make a false show of glorying. for if I glory even to 12 transport, my glorying is in God: if I am moderate, my glorying is for your service. to 14 this I am urg d by the love I bear to Christ, persuaded as I am, that if one died for all, then were all in a dring state: and that he died for all, that 15 they who are in a state of life should not live at their own discretion, but to the service of bim who died for them, and rose again.

Wherefore, henceforth I 16 have no regard to any man for his external appearance: for tho' I formerly look'd for worldly grandeur in the Meffiah, yet now I fee things in another light. therefore, if any 17 man he a christian, he is in a new creation: the old state of things is chang'd to one entirely new.

Now this is all owing to 18 God, who hath reconciled us

αυίω δια Ιπσου Χοισίου, και δονίος ήμιν την διακονιάν της ΙΟ Καταλλαιπο ώς ότι Θεος ην έν Χρισίω κοσμον καίαλλασσων εαυίω, μη λογιζομενος αυίοις τα παραπίωμα α αυίων, και BELIEVOS EN TILLY TON ADJON THE 20 καλαλλαγης. ύπερ Χρισλου ουν πρεσβευομεν, ώς του Θεου παρακαλουνίος δι' ήμων, δεομεθα ύπερ Χρισίου, καίαλ-1 λατείε τω Θεφ. τον ταρ μη rvorla αμαρλιαν ύπερ ήμων auacliaν εποιησεν, ίνα ήμεις γινωμεθα δικαιοσυνη Θεουεν αυίω.

Συγεργουνίες δε και παρακαλουμέν μπ εις κένον Τπύ χαριν του Θεού δεξασθαι ύ-2 mac. Lefel fap, δικίω επηκουσα σου, και εν ήμερα σωληριας εβοηθησα σοι." ιδου νυν καιρος ευπροσδεκίος, ιδου νυν ήμερα 3 σωπριας, μηδεμιαν εν μη÷ δενι διδούλες προσκοπηύ, ίνα μη μωμηθη ή διακονια ή∸ 4 μων. αλλ' εν πανλι συνισ-ΊωνΓες έαὐΓους ώς Θεου δία∽ Κούοι, εν υπομονή πολλή, εν θλιψεσιν, εν αναγκαις, εν 5 σθενοχωριακ, εν πλητάκ, εν ουλακαις, εν ακαλασλασιαις, εν κοποίς, εν αγρυπνείαις, εν 6 υπσίειαις, εν αγνοίπι, εν γνω≥ σει, εν μακροθυμια, εν χρη-જોગીમી, દુષ્ટ TVEQUAL લેંદાબુ, દુષ્ટ

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to bimself by Fesus Christ. and bath made us the ministers of this reconciliation; for it 10 is God that has reconciled the world to bimself, by Jesus Christ, by not imputing their sins to them; and bath committed to us the gospel of reconciliation. we then are ambassadors 20 for Christ, and 'tis God who makes you the offers by us: we pray you in the name of Christ. to make your peace with God. for be bath made bim who 2.1 knewno finto be a sin-offering for us, that we might be justified by God thro' him.

Invested then with such a commission, I beseech you let not the offers of divine favour be made to you in vain. for be faith, " * I have beard thee " in a favourable time, and in " the day of falvation have I " succoured thee." now this is the favourable time; this is that day of salvation as for us, we give no occasion of offence, that our ministry may not be blamed: but in all things I A approve myself as the minister of God, by great constancy in afflictions, in torments, indiftresses, from stripes, from imprisonments, from tumults, from labours, from watchings, from penury. I approve myself, by chastity, by knowledge, by meekness, by kindness, by

* Ifa. xlix. 8;

7 αγαπη ανυποκρίω, εν λοιω αληθειας, εν δυναμει Θεου, δια των όπλων της δικαίοσυνης των δεξιων και αρισ-8 τερων. δια δοξης και αλιμιας, δια δυσφημιας και ευ-**Φημιας: ώς πλανοι, και α-**9 πηθεις: ώς ατυρουμένοι, και επιτινωσκομένοι, ως αποθνησκονίες, και ιδου ζωμεν: ώς παιδευομενοι, και μη θανα-10 τουμένοι: ως λυπουμένοι, αει δε χαιρονίες: ώς πίωχοι, πολ-NOUS DE TROUTICOVIES: WE UNδεν εχονίες, και πανία καίεconfec.

11 Το σίομα ήμων ανεφρε προς υμας, Κορινθιοι, ή καρδία
12 ήμων πεπλαίνείαι. ου σίενοχωρεισθε εν ήμιν, σίενοχωρεισθε δε εν τοις σπλαγχνοις
3 ύμων. την δε αυίπν ανίιμισθιαν ώς τεκνοις λερω, πλατυνθηίε και ύμεις.

14 Μη Γινεσθε έτεροζυγουνίες απισίοις. τις γαρ μείοχη δικαιοσυνή και ανομια? τις δε κοινωνια φωίι προς σκοίος? 15τις δε συμφωνησις Χρισίω προς Βελιαρ? η τις μερις 16πισίω μεία απισίου? τις δε συγκαίαθεσις ναω Θεου μετ ειδωλων? ύμεις γαρ ναος Θεου εσίε ζωνίος, καθως ειπενό Θεος, "ότι ενοικησω εν αυίοις, και

by fanctity of mind, by undisquised benevolence, by the 7 preaching of truth, by the power of God, by the * arms of justice, both offensive and defensive, in bonour and dif- 8 grace, under infamy, and in repute: look'd upon as an impostor, while I say what is true; as unknown, and 9 yet celebrated; as dying, and yet I am alive; as chastised, but not flain; as forrowful, 10 though always cheerful; as poor, the inriching many; as baving nothing, though contented with every thing.

O Corintbians, my beart is 11
fo full, my tongue cannot be
filent: our affections are as 12
enlarged towards you, as
yours are contracted towards
us. I address myself to you as 13
a parent, be not you wanting
in the returns of silial respect
to me.

Are you not become affo-14 ciates with infidels? but what affinity is there between virtue and vice? and what communication has light with darkness? what concord can 15 Christ maintain with Belial? what concern has a believer with an infidel? and what 16 agreement hath the temple of God with idols? for ye are the temple of the living God; as God has said †, "I will "dwell"

euteri-

* 1fa. x. 3, 6. † Lev. xxvi. 11, 12.

εμπεριπαίησω, και εσομαι αυίων Θεος, και αυίοι ε-" σονίαι μοι καος. διο εξεκ-" θείε εκ μεσου αυίων, και αφορισθηίε, λεγει Κυριος, και ακαθαίδου μη άπίεσθε, κάτω εισδεξομαι υ-18" μας, και εσομαι ύμιν εις παίερα, και ύμεις εσεσθε μοι εις ύιους και θυγαλερας, λεγει Κυριος πανλοκραλωρ." TAUTAS OUN EXONES TAS EMAIγελιας, αγαπηλοι, καθαρισώμεν εαυίους απο πανίος μολυσμου σαρκος και πνευμαίος. επίλελουνλες άγωσυνην εν φοβω Θεου.

Χωρησαλε ήμας, ουδενα ηδικησαμεν, ουδενα εφθειραμεν» ουδενα επλεονεκ]ησα-2 HEV. OU TOOK KATAKPIOIN NEρω, προειρπκα γαρ ότι εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων εσίε εις το συναποθανείν και συζην. 4 πολλη μοι πατέπσια προς ύμας, πολλη μοι καυχησις ύπερ ύμων, πεπληρωμαι τη παρακλήσει, υπερπερισσεύομαι τη χαρα επι παση τη 5 OLIVEI MUWY. KAL TAP EXθονίων ήμων εις Μακεδονιαν. ουδεμιαν εσχηκέν ανέσιν ή σαρξ ήμων, αλλ' εν παι]ι θλιβομενοι, εξωθεν μαχαι, ε-6 σωθεν Φοβοι. αλλ' ό πα-ΓΆΚΑλων Τους Τάπεινους, παρεκάλεσεν ήμας, ο Θεος, εν

" dwell with, and walk a-" mong them; I will be " their God, and they shall be " my people. wherefore come 17 " out from among them, be ye " feparate, faith the Lord, " and touch not the unclean " thing; and I will receive " you, I will be a father un- 18 " to you, and ye shall be my " fons and daughters, faith " the Lord Almighty." fince I then, we have these promises, my dear bretbren, let us cleanse our selves from all impurity, whether of body or mind, perfesting boliness in the sear of God.

Receive me as one who has 2 wronged no man, who has corrupted no man, who has defrauded no man. I speak not this to your reproach: for I have aircady affured you, that I am so heartily well affected to you, I could live and die with you. I use 4 indeed great freedom of freech toward you, yet I greatly glory upon your account: I am filled with comfort, and my joy is still superiour to all my affliction. for when I came to 5 Macedonia, I had no respit from the trouble that befet me on every side ; oppositions from without, and apprehensions within. nevertheless, 6 God who comforteth those that are cast down, gave me

60711-

7 Τη παρουσια Τίδου: ου μονον δε εν Τη παρουσια αυδου,
αλλα και εν Τη παρακλησει
ή παρεκληθη εφ΄ ύμιν, αναςγελλων ήμιν Την ύμων επιποθησιν, Τον ύμων οδυρμον,
τον ύμων ζηλον ύπερ εμου,
ώσζε με μαλλον χαρηναι.

Οτι ει και ελυπησα ύμας εν τη επισίολη, ου μείαμεπομαι, ει και μεθεμεπομην. βλεπω γαρ ότι ή επισλολη εκείνη, εί και προς ώραν, ελυο πησεν ύμας. νυν χαιρω, ουχ ότι ελυπηθηλε, αλλ' ότι ελυπηθηλε εις μελανοιαν. ελυπηθηίε γαρ καλα Θεον, ίνα εν μηδενι ζημιωθηλε εξ ήμων. 10 ή γαο καλα Θεον λυπη μελανοιαν εις σωληριαν αμελαμελητον καλεργαζεται, ή δε του κοσμου λυπη θαναλον καλες-11 γαζείαι. ιδου γαρ αυίο τουτο το καία Θεον λυπηθηναι ύμας, ποστιν καθειργασώδο ύμιν σπουδηύ? αλλα απολογιαν, αλλα αγανακλησιν, αλλα φοβου, αλλα επιποθησιν, αλλα ζηλου, αλλ' εκδικησιν? εν πανλι συνεσθησαλε έαυλους άγνους ειναι εν τω τ 2 πραγμαλι. αρα ει και εγρα-WA DHIY, OUX ELYEKEY TOU Aδικησανίος, ουδε έινεκεν του αδικηθενίος, αλλ' έινεκεν του φανερωθηναι την σπουδην ήμων την ύπερ ύμων προς ύcomfort by the arrival of Titus: not barely by his fre- 7 fence, but by the confolation I received from you by him, when he acquainted me with your earnest desire to see me, with your concern, and your zeal for me; which greatly increas'd my joy.

For the' I was forry my 8 letter gave you some uneasiness, I do not repent of it, perceiving, that the uneafiness you had from that letter, did not dwell upon your minds. now I rejoice, not at your un- 9 easiness, but at your repentance which succeeded: for your forrow was a religious forrow, fuch as convinc'd you I had done you no wrong. for 10 religious forrow produces that falutary repentance, which we never regret: but worldly forrow preys upon life. 'tis I I observable, even this religious forrow which you had, wbat solicitude bas it not wrought in you, what apologics, what indignation, what fear, what defire, what zeal, yea, what revenge! so that by your whole conduct, ye have shown your selves to be clear from guilt in this matter. wherefore, my writing 12 to you so severely did not proceed from any prejudice * to bim, that had done the wrong, or from favour + to bim that

suffered

* To the forms + To the father. fee 1 Cor. v.

12 MAS, EVWITION TOU GEOU. τουλο παρακεκλημέθα επι τη παρακλησει ύμων, περισσο-Τεριος δε μαλλον εχαρημέν επι τη χαρα Τιτου, ότι αναπεπαυλαί το πνευμα αυλου 14 απο πανίων ύμων. ότι ει τι αυίω ύπερ υμων κεκαυχημαι. ου καθησχυνθην, αλλ΄ ως πανία εν αληθεια ελαλησαμεν ύμιν, όυλω και ή καυχησις πμων ή επι Τιτου, αληθεια 15 ετενηθη. και τα σπλαςχνα αυλου περισσολερως εις ύμας εσλιν, αναμιμνησκομενου Την πανίων ύμων ύπακοην, ώς μεία φοβου και τρομου εδετόξασθε αυίον. Χαιρώ ότι εν πανίι θαρρω εν ύμιν.

Γνωριζομεν δε ύμιν, αδελφοι την χαριν του Θεου την δεδομενην εν Ταις εκκλησιαις 2 της Μακεδονιας, ότι εν πολλη δοκιμη θλιψεως ή περισσεια της χαρας αυίων, και η καλα βαθους πλωχεια αυλων επερισσευσεν εις Τον πλουλον 3 της απλοίηλος αυλων. OTI καλα δυναμιν, μαελυρω, και 4 ύπερ δυναμιν αυθαιρείοι: μετα πολλης παρακλησεως δεομενοι ήμων, την χαριν και την κοινωνιαν της διακονιας suffered wrong, but to show my conscientious regard to your welfare. fo that your 12 comfort was no small satisfaction to me: yea, and I was the more exceedingly pleased for that cheerful tranquillity of mind which Titus received from the behaviour of you all. so that I am not ashamed of 14. the commendations I have formerly given you to bim; but as I bave always preached the truth to you, so in my commendation to Titus, Ibave said nothing but truth of you. and his affection to you is a- 15 bundantly increased, whilst be remembers your obedience, and that fear and reverence with which you all received him. my baving therefore such an . 6 entire confidence in you, does agreeably affect me.

I must acquaint you, brethren, with the contribution which the churches of Macedonia bave religiously made, who the' labouring under great trial of affliction, and extreme poverty, bave notwithstanding with exceeding cheerfulness contributed very liberally: being forward of themselves to the utmost of their power, (I bear them witness) yea, and beyond their power: earnestly intreating me to take 4 the gift, and the charge of conveying it to the converts at

Feru-

5 Της εις τους άγιους, και ου καθως ηλπισαμεν, αλλ' έ- αυλους εδωκαν πρωλον τω Κυ- ριω, και ήμιν δια θελημαλος Θεου.

Εις το παρακαλεσαι ήμας Τιτον, ίνα καθως προενηρξαλο, ουτω και επιλελεση εις ύμας και την χαριν ταυίην. γ αλλ ώσπερ εν πανίι περισσευείε, πισίει, και λοιω, και γνωσει, και παση σπουδη, και τη εξ ύμων εν ήμιν αςα-An, iva kai ev tauln th xa-8 pili mepioroeunte. ou kat' eπίλα την λειω, αλλα δία της έτερων σπουδης, και το της ύμε ερας αγαπης γνησιον δοκι-9 μαζων. Γινωσκείε γαρ την χαριν Του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισίου, ότι δι ύμας επίω-Χευσε, πλουσιος ων, ίνα ύ-HEIR TH EKELYOU TOWEL OF TROU-10 τησηλε. και γνωμην εν τουτω διδωμι: τουλο γαρ ύμιν συμφερει, οι Τίνες ου μονον Το ποιησαι, αλλα και το θε-🏓 λειν προενπρέασθε απο περυσı.

11 Νυνι δε και το ποιησαι επίθελεσαθε, όπως καθαπερ ή προθυμια του θελειν, όυτω και το επίθελεσαι εκ του ε12 χειν. ει γαρ ή προθυμια προκείθαι, καθο εαν εχή τις, ευπροσόεκδος, ου καθο ουκ εχει.
13 ου γαρ ίνα αλλοις ανεσις, ύμιν δε θλιψις, αλλί εξ ισοτηδος, εν τω νυν καιρω το

Jerusalem: and in this they out-did my expectation; such was the divine pleasure, they first gave themselves to the Lord, and then made me an offer to go themselves to Corinth.

I therefore defired Titus, as 6 he bad begun, to finish this contribution among you. that 7 as you excel in every thing, in faith, in language, mystical knowledge, in all virtue, and in your affection to us; I bope you will excel too in this charitable difposition. I don't 8 mean to prescribe to you, but that the zeal of others may show you are as sincercly wellaffetted. for you are sensible 9 of the beneficence of our Lord Jesus Christ: powersul as he was, for your fake be became poor, that you through bis poverty might be made rich. in this I only advise 10 you: it being for your credit, fince you have not only begun to execute it, but you were the first that form'd the design a year ago.

Pray then, dispatch this 11 affair; as you readily undertook it, as readily perform it, to the best of your abilities. sor 12 what a man gives with a ready mind, according to his abilities, is well received; but not when he goes beyond his circumstances. my meaning is not, 13 that you should be distrest d

2.

ύμων

ύμων περισσευμα εις το εκει14 νων ύσερημα, ίνα το εκεινων
περισσευμα γενή αι εις το ύμων ύσερημα, όπως γενή αι
15 ισοίης. καθως γεγραπίαι, "ό
"το πολυ, ουκ επλεονασε,
"και ό το ολιγον, ουκ ηλαττονησε."

16 Χαρκ δε τω Θεω τω δι-ספור באי מעלחי סידוסטלחי טπερ υμων εν τη καρδία Τι-17 του. ότι την μεν παρακλησιν εδεξαίο, σπουδαιοίερος δε ύπαρχων, αυθαιρείος εξ-18 πλθε προς ύμας. συνεπεμ-Wayer OF HET' avlov Tor aδίλφον, όυ ο επαινος εν τω ευαΓΓΕλιω δια πασων Των εκ-19 κλησιών, ου μονον δε, αλλα και χειρολουηθεις ύπο των εκκλησιών συνεκδημός ήμων» συν τη Χαριλιταυλη τη δια-KOVOULEYN UQ nuwy areas Thy αυλου του Κυριου δοξαν, και 20 προθυμιαν ύμων. σλεκλομενοι Τουλο, μπλις ήμας μωμπσυλαι εν τη άδροληλι ταυλη τη διακονουμενη υφ' ήμων: 21 προυσουμένοι κάλα ου μούον ενωπιον Κυριου, αλλα και ε-

νωπιον αιθρωπων.

22 Συνεπεμιμαμεν δε αυθοις Τον αδεκφον ήμων, όν εδοκιμασαμεν εν πολκοις πολκακις σπουδαιον ονία, νυνι δε ποκυ σπουδαιδιερον, πεποιθη23 σει πολκη τη εις ύμας- είθε υπες

to relieve others, I only recommend an equality; that as 14
your present sufficiency supplies
their wants, their sufficiency
may supply your occasions another way: and thus there will
be an equality. as it is written, 15
"be that had much, had no"thing over; and he that
"bad little, had no lack."

But thanks be to God, who 16 disposed Titus to be so industrious for you. for be not only 17 complyed with my exhortation, but being more than ordinarily concern'd, be voluntarily went to you; with whom 18 I have fent one of the brethren, who is not only diffinquish'd among all the churches. by his preaching the gospel, but was chosen by the churches 19 to accompany me with this collection; which service I undertook for the fake of Christ, and to encourage your generous design. this I did, to prevent 20 any suspicion that might be rais' d from my baving the management of so great a sum: always confidering what is 21 virtuous, with respect to God, and with respect to men.

I have sent likewise another 22 of our brethren, whose diligence I have experienced in several assaurance as to Titus, 23 he is my collegue, and assistance in your affairs: as to our bre-

* Exod. vvi. iS.

ύπερ Τιτου, κοινωνος εμος και εις ύμας συνεργος, είλε αδέλφοι ήμων, αποσίολοι εκκλησιών, 24 δοξα Χρισίου. Την ουν ενδείξιν της αγαπης ύμων, και ήμων καυχησεως ύπερ ύμων, εις αυλους ενδείξασθε εις προσωπον των εκκλησιών.

Περι μεν γαρ της διάκονιας της εις τους άγιους περισσου 2 μοι εσίι το γραφειν ύμιν. οιδα ταρ την προθυμιαν ύμων, ην ύπερ ύμων καυχωμαι Μακεδοσιν, ότι Αχαια παρεσκευασίαι απο περυσι, και δ εξ ύμων ζηλος ηρεθισε τους πλειουας. επεμινά δε τους αδελφους, ίνα μπ το καυχημα ήμων (το ύπερ ύμων) κενωθη εν τω μερει τουίω? ίνα καθως ελεγου, παρεσκευασ-4 μενοι ηλε: μη πως εαν ελθωσι συν εμοι Μακεδουες, και έυρωσιν ύμας απαρασκευαστους, καλαισχυνθωμεν ήμεις ίνα μη λεγωμεν ύμεις εν τη ύ-5 ποσλασει ταυλη. αναςκαιον ουν πησαμην παρακαλεσαι τους αδελφους, ίνα προελθωσιν εις ύμας, και προκαλαρ-Τισωσι την προκαλης τη μενην ευλογιαν υμων, ταυίην έτοιμην ειναι ουτως ώς ευλογιαν, και μη ώσπερ πλεονεξιαν. 6 τουίο δε, " ο σπειρων φει-"δομενως, φειδομενως και " θερισει: και ο σπειρων επ' " ευλογιαις, επ' ευλογιαις και

brethren, they are the deputies of the churches, and the glory of the christian profession. wherefore show how much 24, you love them, and how well you deserve the character I gave, you, before all the churches.

As to the relief of the con- 1 verts, it is superfluous for me to write to you. for I know 2 your generous propensity, and I mention'd it with applause to the Macedonians, that Achaia was ready a year ago; fo that your zeal has influenc'd many others. yet have I 3 fent the brethren, that my character of you may not appear to be groundless, with respect to that part wherein I faid, ye would be ready: for A if the Macedonians should come with me, and find you unprepared, bow shall I not to fay you, be askamed for baving had so little ground to boast of you? I thought it 5 therefore necessary to counsel the brethren to go before, and scitle the management of the contribution by this previous notice, that it might have such dispatch, as shows a bountiful, and not a niggardly temper. remember, & be who fows 6 " sparingly, shall reap also " sparingly: and he who fows " bountifully, shall reap alio es boun-

" θερισει." έκασΤος καθως προάιςείζαι τη καρδία, μη EK AUTING, IN EE AVAIKING. 1λαρον γαρ δοίπν αγαπα δ S Θεος, δυναλος δε ο Θεος πασαν χαριν περισσευσαι εις ύμας, ίνα εν πανίι πανίοις πασαν αυλαρκειαν εχονίςς. περισσευπίε εις παν εργου α-9 γαθον. καθως γεγραπίαι, "ε-" σκορπισεν, εδωκε Τοις πε-" νησεν, η δικαιοσυνη αυ-10" TOU MEVEL ELS TOV ALWVA." o δε επιχορητών σπερμά τω σπειρονλι, και αελον εις βρωσιν, χωρηγησαι και πληθυναι Τον σπορον υμων, και αυξησαι τα Γενημαία της δικαιοτι συνης ύμων. εν πανίι πλου-Γιζομενοι εις πασαν άπλο-Than hitis kalspracelai bi ήμων ευχαρισίιαν τω Θεω, 12 ύτι ή διακονια της λείδους τας ταυλης ου μονον εσλι προσαναπληρουσα τα υσερημαία Των άξιων, αλλα και περισσευουσα δια πολλων εύχα-13 ρισίιων τω Θεω δια της δοκιμής της διακονίας ταυθής δοξαζοίλις του Θεου επι τη υποίατη της όμολογιας ύμων εκ το ευατγελιον του Χρισίου, kai annoleli the koivovias 14 εις αυθους και εις πανίας, και αυίων δεπσει ύπες ύμων, ε-ทะทอ0อบริษม บนละ อิเล Tทบ บัπερβαλλουσαν χαριν πουΘεου

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" bountifully." let every man 7 give as be is disposed in bisown mind, without any regret or reluctance: for God loves a cheerful benefactor. and Godis 8 able to make every charitable gift redound to your advantage; that being always sufficiently supply'd in every thing, you may excel in every good work: as it is written, a " * be bath distributed, be " bath given to the poor: his " liberality remainetb for e-" ver." now he that furnishes 10 feed to the fower, and bread. for food, shall furnish and multiply what you fow, and increase the fruits of your liberality. so that being enriched it in every thing, you may becontinually beneficent to the glory of God by our thanksgiving. for the execution of this chari-12 table office, does not only supply the necessities of the converts, but by the thankfgivings of manyredounds also to the glory of God. baving this proof of you 12 by fuch a supply, they will glorify Godfor your profess'd fubjestion to the gospel of Christ, and for your liberal distribution to them as well as others; and you will have the advan- 14 tage of their earnest prayers, sor the exceeding favour God bas besterved upon them by you: twanks

εφ' ύμιν. χαρις δε τω Θεω επι τη ανεκδιητήθω αυθου δωρεα.

Αυλος δε εγω Παυλος πα-I οακαλω ύμας δια της πραolnlos και επιεικειας του Χριστου, ός καλα προσωπου μεν ταπεινος εν υμίν, απων δε 2 θαρρω εις ύμας: δεομαι δε το μη παρων θαρέησαι τη πεποιθησει ή λογιζομαι τολμησαι επι Τινας Τους λοΓΙζουενους ήμας ώς καλα σαρκα περιπαίουνίας. εν σαρκι γαρ περιπαλουνλές, ου καλά σαρ-4 κα σΙραίευομεθα, τα γαρ όπλα της σεραθείας ήμων ου σαρκικα, αλλα δυναία τω Θεω προς καθαιρεσιν οχυρω-5 μαζων: λογισμούς καθαιρούν-Τες, και παν υψωμα επαιρομενον καλα της γνωσεως του Θεου, και αιχμαλωλίζονλες παν νοημα εις την ύπακοην 6 του Χρισίου. και εν έτοιμω εχονίες εκδικπσαι πασαν παρακοπν, όταν πληρώθη ύμων ที่ บัส 🗷 Kon.

Τα καλα προσωπον βλεπείε? ει τις πεποιθεν έαυίω Χρισίου ειναι, τουίο λογιζεσθω πάλιν αφ' έαυλου, ότι καθως αυλος Χρισλου, ουλω και 8 nueic. Ear TE Fap Kai TEρισσολεροντι καυχησωμαι πε-F! Της εξουσιας ήμων, ής εδωκεν ο Κυριος ήμιν εις οικοδομην, και ουκ εις καθαιρεσιν

thanks be to God for his unspeakable gift.

I who am a person of a mean presence, when among you. but exert mufelf upon your account, when absent; I Paul intreat you by the meekness and gentleness of Christ, not to let me exert that au- 2 thority, when I am present, which I think to exercise against some, who censure me, as if I was alluated by worldly views. for the' I am 2 involvid with the world. I don't sustain the war with their poor arts; our military 4 arms are not fo defective, but divinely effectual to demolish all their ramparts; to level all the barriers they 5 contrive for obstructing the divine doctrine, and to make their pride captive to the authority of Christ. and I am G trepar'd, when you have difcharg'd your duly, to make examples of the rest for their disobedience.

Do ye judge of things by 7 the outward appearance? if any man is confident in himself, that be is Christ's, let bim from bimfelf conclude too, that as he is Christ's, even so are we. for though I should & more than ever magnify my authority, which the Lord bath given us for your improvement, and not for your ruin.

ύμων, ουκ αισχυνθησομαι. ο ίνα μη δοξω ώς αν εκφοβείν ι Ο ύμας δια Των επισίολων : ότι αι μεν επισίολαι, φησι, βαρειαι και ισχυραι, ή δε παcousia Tou swualos as beens, και ο λογος εξουθενημενος. .ΙΙ Τουίο λογίζεσθω ο τοιουίος. ότι όιοι εσμεν τω λογω δί επισίολων απονίες, τοιουίοι 12 και παρούλες τω εργώ. ου TO TOLUMEN ETKOWAIN OUT-KCIVAL EAUTOUS TIOL TWY EAUτους συνισίανονίων, αλλα aบใดเ ยง ยัลเปิดเร ยัลบใดบร แยτρουνίες, και συγκρινονίες έ**α**ນໂດນະ έαυໂοις ου συνιουσιν.

13 Huels de ouxi eis Ta ausτρα καυχησομέθα, αλλα κατα το μέρον του κανονος ου εμερισεν ήμιν ο Θεος μείρου 1 4 εφικεσθαι αχρι και ύμων. γαρ ως μπ εφικνουμένοι εις ύμας, ύπερεκλεινομεν έαυλους, αχρι γαρ και ύμων εφθασαμεν εν τω ευαπελιώ του 15 Χρισίου. ουκ εις τα αμείρα KAUXWHEVOL EV ANNOTCLOIC KOποις, ελπιδα δε εχούλες, αυζανομενης της πισθεως ύμων, εν ύμιν μεςαλυνθηναι καία τον κανονα ήμων εις περισσειαν: 36 εις τα ύπερεκεινα ύμων ευαςγελισασθαί, ουκ εν αλλο-Τριω κανογι εις τα ετοιμα

ruin, I should have no reafon to be ashamed; but that Q I may not feem as if I would strike a terror in you by letters: (for 'tis objected that 10 my letters are weighty and powerful, but my bodily presence weak, and my preaching contemptible) let such a 11 one depend upon this, that the same authority which appear'd in my letters, when I was absent, will appear in fact, when I am present. for 12 I dare not rank or compare my felf with some who variet themselves: but they making their felf-conceit the only standard whereb; to judge of themselves, show their want of judgment.

I will not boast of any thing 13 done without my province, but confine myfelf within that line by which God has mark'd out my bounds, and in which you are included. for I do not 14 stretch beyond my limits to take you in ; since in preaching the gospel of Christ, we are advanced even to you. I don't 15. assume to myself the credit of other men's labours in another province, but bope, that when your faith is increased, the bounds now prescribed will be enlarged by you yet farther; fo 16. that I may preach the gospel in the regions beyond you, and not assume the credit of things

Q 2; ready

17 καυχησασθαι. ὁ δε καυχωμενος, εν Κυριω καυχασθω. 18 ου ταρ ο έαυλον συνισλων, εκείνος εσλι δοκιμός, αλλ' όν ο Κυριος συνισθησιν.

ΟΦέλον ανειχέσθε μου μικοον τη αφροσυιή, αλλα 2 και ανέχεσθε μου. ζηλω ταρ ύμας Θεου ζηλω. ηρμοσαμην ταρ ύμας ένι ανδει παςθενον άζνην παρασίνσαι, τω 3 Χρισίω, φοβουμαι δε μηπως ώς δ οφις Ευαν εξηπαίησεν εν τη πανουργια άυτου, όυτω φθαση τα νοημαία υμών, απο της άπλοληλος * της εις 4 τον Χρισίον. ει μεν γαρ ό ερχομένος αλλον Ιπσουν κηρυσσει ον ουκ εκηρυξαμεν, η πνευμα έτερον λαμβανείε ο ουκ ελαβείε, η ευαγγελιον έ-Τερον ο ουκ εδέξασθε, καλως ηνειχεσθε. λογιζομαι ταρ μη-· δεν ύσΓερηκεναι των ύπερ λιαν 6 αποσίολων. ει δε και ιδιωτης τω λοζω, αλλ' ου τη γιώσει, αλλ' εν πανίι φανερωθει Τες εν πασιν εις υuas.

Η άμας Γιαν εποιπσα, εμαυλον ταπεινών ίνα ύμεις ύψωθηζε ? ότι δωρεαν το TOU GEOU EVALLEYION EUTI-Γέλισαμέν

* See the note.

ready prepared to my band, in another man's province but be 17 that glorieth, let him glory in the Lord. for not be that com- 18 mendeth bimfelf, but he whom the Lord commendeth, is the approved.

Would you could bear with me a little in my vanity, but indeed you do bear with me. for I 2 am jealous over you with religious jealoufy: fince I bave espoused you to one busband, that I may present you as a chaste virgin to Christ. but I 3 fear lest by some means or other, as Eve was beguiled by the fubtility of the serpent, your minds should be corrupted from the fimplicity that is due to Christ. if be that is come to 4 you, preaches another Jesus whom I have not preached, or if ye receive other gifts of the fpirit, than what ye have received from me, or another gospel, than what you have accepted, you might well bear with his pretensions: for I 5 think I am not at all inserior to the chiefest of the apostles. if mylanguage is inclegant, my 6 knowledge is not contemptible; but has been fully display'd among you on all occasions.

If I have degraded my- 7 self for your advantage by preaching the boly gospel to you gratis, is that fuch a tref-

8 Γελισαμην ύμιν ? αλλας εκ÷ κλησιας εσυλησα, λαβων οψωνιον, προς την ύμων διακονιαν, και παρων προς ύμας (και ύσζεοηθεις) ου καζεναοο κησα ουδενος. Το ταρ ύσίερημα μου προσανεπληρωσαν οι αδέλφοι ελθούλες απο Μακεδονιας, και εν πανλι αβαοη εμιν εμαυίον είπρησα (και 10 Τηςησω.) εσλιν αληθεία Χοισ-Του εν εμοι, ότι ή καυχησις auth ou oparnotau eic eue ev Τοις κλιμασι της Αχαιας. ιιδιαλι ? ότι ουκ αταπω ύμας? 12 ο Θεος οιδεν. ο δε ποιω, και ποιησω, ίνα εκκοψω την αφορμην Των θελονίων αφορunv, iva ev & kauxwilai, eu-13 ρεθωσι καθως και ήμεις. οι γαρ Τοιουίοι ψευδαποσίολοι, ερ-รุสโสเ อิอมเอเ, แย้เสธมานสโเζομενοι εις αποσίολους Χρισ-14 του. και ου θαυμασίου, αυτος ταρό Σαλανας μελασχημαλίζεται εις αιτελον φωλος. 15 ου μετα ουν ει και οι διακονοι αυλου μελασχημαλιζονλαι ώς διακουοι δικαιοσυνής, ών το τελος εσίαι καία τα εργα ແນໄພນ.

16 Παλιν λεγω, μη τις με δοξη αφρονα ειναι, ει δε μη γε, κάν ως αφρονα δεξασθε με, ίνα μικρον τι κάγω καυχη-17 σωμαι. ο λαλω, ου λαλω καία Κυριον, αλλ ώς εν αφροσυνη εν ταυίη τη ύπο-

trespals? by taking wages of 8 other churches, I may have injured them, to do you service. when I was present among you, o and in want, I was chargeable to no man; for the brethren which came from Macedonia. supplied my necessities: and as I have, so I always shall keep myself from being burdensome to you. I solemnly protest, no 10 man shall binder me of this applause, in the regions of Achaia. why so? is it because 11 Ilove you not? far otherwife, God knows. but this I12 do, and shall do, to make them drop their bire, who are so bent upon bire: and then indeed they will be as they pretend to be, like me. for 13 these are false apostles, deceitful workmen, difguised so as to pass for true apostles. and no wonder; for salan 14 bimself may put on the appearance of an angel of light. therefore it is not strange if 15 bis agents are so disguised as to appear like ministers of the gospel; but their end shall be answerable to their actions.

I say it again, let no man 16 think me vain; but if they do, yet as such, bear with me, that I too may applaud my self a little. what I say, 17 I say it not as an apostle, but as it were to indulge my vanity in this matter of boast-

σλασει

18 σλοει της καυχησεως. επει πολλοι καυχωνλαι καλα την σαρκα, κάτω καυχησομαι19 ήδεως ταρ ανεχεσθε των α20 φρονων, ερονιμοι σνες. ανεχεσθε ταρ, ει τις υμας καλαδουλοι, ει τις καλεσθιει, ει τις λαμβανει, ει τις επαιρεται, ει τις ύμας εις προσω21 πον δερει, καλα αλιμιαν λετω: ως ότι ήμεις ποθενησαμεν. εν ώ δ αν τις τολμα, εν αφροσυνή λετω, τολμω κάτω.

22 Εβραιοι εισι ? κάτω. Ισραπλίζαι εισι ? κάζω. σπερμα Αβρααμ εισί? κάτω. 23 διακονοι Χρισίου εισι? παραφρουων λαλω, ύπερ έγω: εν κοποις περισσολερως, εν πληταις ύπερβαλλονίως, εν φυλακαις περισσοίερως, εν θα-24 να οις πολλακις, ύπο Ιουδαιων πενλακις τεσσαρακονλα 25 παρα μιαν ελαβον. Τρις ερραβοισθην, άπαξ ελιθασθην, τρις εναυαγησα, νυχθημερον 26 εν τω βυθω πεποιηκα. οδοιποριαις πολλακις, κινδυνοις πολαμων, κινδυροις πησλων, κινδυνοις εκ Γενους, κινδυνοις εξ εθνων, κινδυνοις εν πολει, κινδυνοις εν ερημια, κινδυνοις εν θαλασση, κινδυνοις εν

ing. since many glory in out-18 ward advantages, I will glory too. for as wife as you are 19 your selves, you easily bear with the folly of others. if 20 a man impose upon you, if he preys upon you, if he makes a gain of you, if a man infults you, if he disgracefully assaults you, I mean it as to their reproaches, you take it all; as if I was inferior to 21 them. but whatever they pretend to, (I must be so vain) I pretend to the like.

Are they Helprews? so am 22 I: are they Ifraelites? fo am I: are they of the race of Abraham? so am I: are they 23 ministers of Christ? is it my vanity? I am more so: in toilsome labours I surpass them, in stripes I am exceedingly beyond them, in prisons I have been oftner, and frequently in the very jaws of death. from the Jews I have 24 five times received forty stripes save one. thrice was 25 I whip'd with rods, once was I stoned, thrice I was shipwreck'd; a night and a day I was floating on the deep: in my voyages I bave been 26 frequently in perils from rivers, in perits from robbers, in perils from my own countrymen, in perils from the Gentiles, in perils in the city, in perils in the country, in

ο η ΨευδαδελΦοις. Εν ΚΟπω και μοχθω, εν αγρυπνιαις πολ-RAKIC. EV RIMW KAI DIWEL, EV νησλειαις πολλακις, εν ψυχει 23 Kai rumvoluli. Xweik Twy Maρεκλος, ή επισυσλασις μου ή καθ' πμεραν, ή μεριμνα πασων 29 των εκκλησιών. Τις ασθενεί. KZI OUK AGOSYW? TIC OKAYδαλιζείαι, και ουκ εςω πυcounai ?

10 El Kauxaobal del Ta The ασθενειας μου καυχησομαι. 310 DEOS KAI TAIND TOU KUSIOU (ήμων) Ιησου Χρισίου οιδεν, O WY EUXOFINIOS EIS TOUS AIW-32 νας, ότι ου ψευδομαι. Δαμασκω ο εθναρχης Αρεία του βασιλεως εφρουρει την Δαμασκήνων πολίν, πιασαί 33 με θελων: και δια θυριδος εν σαρτανη εχαλασθην δια του τειχους, και εξεφυτον xuras aulou. Καυχασθαι δη ου συμφε-

ρει μοι. ελευσομαι γαρ εις οπίασιας και αποκαλυψεις 2 Κυριου. οιδα ανθρωπον εν Χρισίω προ είων δεκαίεσσαown, elle en ownali, our oica: elle eklos σου σωμαίος, ουκ οιδα : ο Θεος οιδεν : άρπατενία τον τοιουίον έως 3 Τρίου ουρανου. και οιδα Τον τοιουλον αυθρωπον, είλε εν σωμαλι, είλε εκλος του σωμα-TOG, OUR OLDA, O GEOG OLDEN, 4 ότι ήρπαζη εις τον παραδεισου, και πκουσεν αερπία

èn-

perils at sea, in perils among false brethren; expos'd to 27 toil, to fatigue, to frequent watchings, to bunger ana thirst, to frequent fastings, to cold and penury. besides these 28 troubles from without, that which crouds upon me daily. the care of all the churches. who is afflitted, and I not 29 fuffer? who is offended, and I not inflam'd?

If I must be compelled to 30 glory, I will glory on the account of my sufferings. the 21 ever-bleffed God, and father of our Lord Jesus Christ. knows that I speak truth. in 22 Damascus the governor for king Aretas, posted guards at the city-gates, with a defign to apprehend me: but thro 33 a window I was let down in a basket by the wall, and so escap'd.

Have not I reason to glo- 1 ry? for now I shall mention my visions and revelations from the Lord. I knew a 2 christian who above fourteen years ago, was snatch'd up even to the third beaven, whether in the body, I cannot tell; or whether out of the body, I cannot tell: God knows. but the I don't know 3 whether it was in the body, or out of the body, which God only knows, this I know, 4 that he was fuatch'd up into

para-

ρημαία, ά ουκ εξον ανθρωπω παπησαι.

Υπερ του τοιουλου καυχησομαι, ύπερ δε εμαυίου ου καυχησομαί, ει μη εν ταις 6 ασθενειαις μου. εαν ταρ θελησω καυχησασθαι, ουκ εσομαι αφρων, αληθειαν γαρ ερω· φειδομαι δε, μη τις εις εμε λογισηλαι ύπερ ο βλεπει με, 7 TI AKOUEL TI EE EMOU. KAL TI υπερβολη των αποκαλυψεων ίνα μη ύπεραιρωμαι, εδοθη μοι σκολοψ τη σαρκι, α τελος Σαλαν, ίνα μη κολαφιζη. * υπερ τουλου τρις τον Κυριον παρεκαλεσα, ίνα α-9 ποσίη απ' εμου. και ειρηκε μοι, " αρκει σοι ή χαρις μου: ή γαρ δυναμις μου εν ασ-" θενεια Τελειουίαι." Τα ουν μαλλον καυχησομαι εν ταις ασθενειαις μου, ίνα επισκηνωση επ' εμε ή δυναμις 10 Του Χρισίου. διο ευδοκω εν ασθενειαις, εν ύβρεσιν, εν αναγκαις, εν διωγμοις, εν σίενοχωριαις ύπερ Χρισίου. όταν γαρ ασθενω, τολε δυναλος ELHU.

τι Γεγονα αφρων * > ύμεις με
πναγκασαλε. εγω γαρ ωφειλον υφ' ύμων συνισλασθαι,
ουδεν

paradise, and heard such secrets as it is not lawful for a man to reveal.

I might glory in being the 5 man; but I will not glory in any thing relating to myjelf, unless it be my sufferings. the' 6 if I had a mind to glory, I might do it without vanity, for I should say nothing but what is true: but now I forbear, lest any man should ascribe more to me than my actions, or my preaching can justify, and left I should be 7 exalted above measure by the extraordinary revelations I bave bad, I was afflisted in my person, so that the messenger of satan insulted me; concerning which, I befought 8 the Lord thrice, to make him leave me. but be faid to me, 9 "my favour is sufficient sor thee: for my strength is " shown to be perfect by thy " weakness." with pleasure therefore will I glory in my infirmities, that the power of Christ may be seen to dwell in me. I take pleasure then 10 in insirmities, in reproaches, in necessities, in persecutions, in distresses for Christ's sake: for when I am afflisted, then it is I have fortitude.

Am I become vain? 'tis 1't you have forc'd me to it: for I ought to have been commended

* See the note.

ουδεν γαρ ύσθερησα των ύπερ λιαν αποσθολών, ει και ουδεν 12 ειμι. Τα μεν σημεια του αποσθολου καθειργασθη εν ύμιν εν παση ύπομονη, εν σημειοις και Τερασι και δυναμε-13 σι. Τι γαρ εσθιν ο ήτθηθηθε ύπερ τας λοιπας εκκλησιας, ει μη ότι αυθος εγω ου κα-Τεναρκησα ύμων ε χαρισασθε μοι την αδικιαν ταυθην.

14 Ιδου, τρίλον έτοιμως εχω ελθειν προς ύμας, και ου καλαναρκησω ύμων. ου γαρ ζηίω τα ύμων, απλ' ύμας. ου γαρ οφείλει τα τέκνα τοις γονευσι θησαυρίζειν, αλλ' οι 15 FOUSIG TOIS TEKNOIS. EFW DE nδισία δαπανήσω και εκδαπανηθησομαι ύπερ των ψυχων ύμων, ει και περισσοτερως ύμας αταπων, ήτλον 16 αγαπωμαι. εσίω δε, εγω ου καλεβαρησα ύμας, απλ' ύπαρχων πανουργος, δολω ύ-17 μας ελαβού. μη Τινα ών απεσίαλκα προς ύμας, δι' αυ-1 S Του επλεονεκ Ιπσα ύμας? παρακαλησα Τίλου, και συναπεσίειλα τον αδελφού, μη τι รสางเองเหมือนเง นั้นสุด ไม่โอรุ ริ อบ τω αυίω πνευμαίι περιεπα-THEALEY? OU TOIS AUTOIS IX-19 νεσι? παλαι δοκείλε ότι ύμιν απολοτουμέθα? καθενωπιου του Θεου, εν Χρισίω λαλουμεν, τα δε πανία, αγαπηθοι, ύπερ της ύμων οικο-Vol. II. Souns.

mended by you: fince I am not inferior to the chiefest of the apostles, tho' in myself I am nothing, the marks indeed 12 of an apostle I have shown among you by my extreme patience, by signs, and prodigies, and miracles. for in what 13 were ye inferior to other churches, except it be that I myself was not burdensome to you? an injury I hope you will easily forgive.

This is the third time I pur- 14

posed to come to you; but I will not be burdensome to you; for I feek not yours, but you: since it is not expected children should lay up for their parents, but parents for their children: on the contrary, I shall be 19 glad to facrifice myself and all I have for your service, even tho' it should bappen that the more I love you, the less I should be beloved. 'tis own'd 16 I did not put you to any charges missif: but was so crafty, as to over-reach you, by others. what, did I make a gain of you 17 by any body I fent to you? I18 defired Titus, and with him I sent a brother: did Titus make a gain of you? didn't we follow the same principles, and take the fame measures? do you think I have been ma-19 king excuses for not coming? as I am a christian, in the prefence of God, Thave, my beloved,

20 δομπε. φοβουμαι γαρ, μη πως ελθων συχ όιους θελω έυρω ύμας, κάγω έυρεθω ύμιν όιον ου θελείε, μη πως ερεις, ζηλοι, θυμοι, εριθειαι, καία-καλιαι, ψιθυρισμοι, φυσιω-21 σεις, ακαίασίασιαι: μη παλιν ελθονία με Ταπεινωση ό Θεος μου προς ύμας, και πενθησω πολλους των προημαρίηκοίων, και μη μείανομποανίων επι τη ακαθαρσια, και πορνεια, και ασελγεια ή επραξαν.

Τριλού τουλο ερχομαι προς บแสง. " เสเ ฮโดนสโอง อับอ " μας Ιυρων και Τριων σΊαθη-" σείαι παν φημα." προειρηκα και προλεγώ, ώς παρών το δευλερού, και απων νυν τοις προημαρληκοσι, και τοις λοιποις πασίν, ότι εαν ελθω εις το παλιν, ου φεισομαι, 3 ETEL BOKILITY ENTERS TOU EV Eμοι παπουνίος Χρισίου ός εις ύμας ουκ ασθένει, αλλα ουναίει 4 εν ύμιν. και γαρ ει εσίαυρω-On et aobeveias, anna In εκ δυναμεως Θεου, και τας ήμεις ασθενουμεν εν αυίω, αλκα ζησομέθα συν αυίω εκ . δυναμεως Θεου εις ύμας.

5 Εαυίους πειραζείε ει εσίε εν τη πισίει, έαυίους δοκιμα**ζείε: η ουκ επ**ιγινωσκείε έαυίους.

loved, in every thing confulted your advantage. yet I fear 20 when I do come I shall not find you such as I would, and that you will find me such as you least desire: I am afraid there are among you debates, envyings, animosities, strifes, backbitings, whisperings, arrogance, tumulis: and I am a-21 fraid, God will bumble me when I come again among you, and I shall bewail many who bave formerly sinned, and bave not yet repented of their impurity, their fornication, and dissolutioness.

This is the third time I am + coming to you : " in the mouth " of two or three witnesses " shall every word be esta-" blished." I told you once 2 before, and now being absent I write to forewarn you and all that have sinned, that when I shall arrive, I will not spare them; since you demand a 3 proof of my million from Christ. who with regard to you has Shown no want of power among you. for the be wascru- a cified with the appearance of weakness, vet he lives by the power of God; the' we are affiicted upon his account, we shall live with him by the power of God toward you.

Examine yourselves, when 5 ther you be in the faith; bring yourselves to the proof; are you

αύθους, ότι Ιπσους Χρισθος εν ύμιν εσίιν ? ει μη Τι αδοκιμοι 6 בכלב, בתחולש לב סדו חישםבםθε ότι ήμεις ουκ εσμεν αδο-7 KINOL EUXONAL GE TICOS TOY Θεον μη ποιησαι ύμας κακον μηδεν, ουχ ίνα ήμεις δοκιμοι φανωμεν, αλλ' ίνα ύμεις το KANOV TOINTE, THEIR DE WE A-8 δοκιμοι ωμεν: ου ταρ δυναμεθα τι καλα της αληθειας, αλλ' ύπερ. της αληθειας. 9 χαιρομέν γαρ όταν ήμεις ασbenomen, ousis de dunalor nie. τουίο δε και ευχομεθα, την το ύμων καλαρλισιν. δια τουλο ταυία απων γραφω, ίνα παεων υπ αποίουως χρησωμαι, καλα την εξουσιαν ήν εδωκε μοι ο Κυριος εις οικοδομήν, και ουκ εις καθαιρεσιν.

11 Λοιπον, αδελφοι, χαιρετε, καιχριζειθε, παρακαλεισθε, το αυθο φρονείθε, εικηνευεθε, και ό Θεος της αγαπης και ειρηνης εσθαι μεθ ύ-12 μων. ασπασασθε αλληγους 13 εν άγιω φιλημαθι. ασπαζον-14 ται ύμας όι άγιοι πανθες, ή χαρις του Κυριου Ιπσου Χρισθου, και ή άγαπη του Θεου, και ή κοινωνία του άγιου πνευμαθος, μεθα πανθων ύμων. αμην.

you so little acquainted with yourselves, as not to know whether Jesus Christ be in you? but if you are destitute of proofs, I trust you shall know 6 that we are not so destitute. now I pray God that I may 7 not punish you; not that I may show you my proofs to your cost, but that by your alling bonestly, I may be as if I had no proofs: for I can em- 8 play no power against the truth, but for the truth. I a am therefore glad when I am disarm'd by the strength of your integrity: and this is what I pray for, even your perfection. these things 10 therefore I write to you being absent, that when I come I may not use severity, according to the power which the Lord bath given me for edification, and not for destruction.

Finally, brethren, be cheer-II
ful: redress yourselves, encourage one another, be of one
mind, live in peace; and the
God of love and peace shall be
with you. salute one another 12
with religious affection all the 13
converts salute you the savour 14
of the Lord Jesus Christ, and
the love of God, and the communication of the Holy Spirit,
be with you all. amen.

Ch. II. 17. Anter.] Steph. s. 7.8. Clar. Germ. Borner. Gr. Leicest. Pet. 1, 3. Cantab. 2, 3. Laud. 2. Hunting. 1. Covel. 4. Genev. Basil. 2. Lucian. Vulgat. Syriac, Arabic, Chrysostom, Theodoret, Occumenius, and the Complutensian edition. see Prol. 989.

Ch. IV. 6. Av. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Lincol. the Vulgate, Æthiopic, Tertullian, Ambrosc. see Prol. 296.

Ch. V. 3. Εκδυσαμενοι.] Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. exfediati Lat. the Vulgate before it was corrected by Jerom, Tertulian. so St. Chrysostom interprets the place. Eis και εκδυσαμενοι, &c.] Τουλεδίι, καν αποθωμεθα το εωμα, ου χωρις εωμαίος εκει παιαθησωμεθα, αλλα και μεία του αυδου αφθαρίου svousvou. " that is, tho' we should lay aside this body, we shall not however appear without a body, but with the same only made incorruptible." yet this very Chrysostom, says Dr. Mills, rejects this reading for a wonderfully poor conceit, intirely foreign to the apostic's meaning. Eise και ενδυσαμενοι.) τουλεδίν, αθακρείων και σωμα αφθαρίον λαβουλες, ου supres ξυρεθησωμεθα δοίης και ασφαλείας, &c. " that is, though should we be invested with an incorruptible body, we should not however be divested of glory, and security, &c." see Dr. Mills's copious reasoning upon the place.

Ver. to. Ta idia.] Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Borner. á dia. but the Lat. propria. the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Tertullian, Origen, Ambrofiaster, Ambrosius ipse, Cyprian, Calaritan, Russin. Fulgentius, Scholiasses, Zeno, Pelag. Gennadius, and the Complutensian edition.

Grotius and Dr. Mills defend this reading. fee Prol. 473-

Ch. VIII. 4. Astarba: suas is not in Steph. 8.1. 12. 15. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Lincol. Covel. 2, 4. Cantab. 2. 3. Genev. M. Sinah. Magdal. 1, 2. N. Col. 2. Baroc. Barb. 3. Roe. 2. Pet. 2. Hunting. 1. Leicest. Veles. lect. Vien. Basil 2. two MSS. mentioned by Beza. the Vulgare, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Ambrosc, Augustin, the Scholiast, Chrysostom, Theodoret, Euthal. Theophylact. ice Prol. 882.

Ver. 19. Προδυμιαν ήμων.] So all Stephens's MSS. Borner. Gr. Las. the Let. of Clermont and St. Germain, definatam nostram voluntatem. N. Col. 2. Baroc. Cantab. 2, 3. Laud. 2. Magd. 1. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Lincol. Covel. 3. Basil. 2. Lucian. Aldus, the first edition of Erasimus. the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Augustin, Ambrose, Theodoret, and the Scholiass.

Ch. 1X. 4. Ev [n inodassi ravin.] Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Barb. 1. Velci. lect. the Vulgate, Coptic, Æthiopic, Augustin, the Scholias, Ambrose, Pelagius. The Ravynesse in the edition was borneyed from Ch. ii. 12. Gr. Prol. 22.

tions was borrowed from Ch. ii. 17. fee Prol. 475.

Ch. XII. 7. Iva un vaspanpona] is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lar. Germ. Gr. Lar. Borner. Gr. Lat. Velef. lect. Vulgate, Æthiopic, Iren. Augustir. Zeger and Dr. Mills think it an interpolation. see Prol. 1205.

Ver. 11. Kauxungures] is not in Steph. & Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Petav. 3. Magdal. 2. Covel. 4. Genev. Barb. 1. Velet. lect. Vulgate, Copue, Æthiopie, Ambroie, the Scholiaft, Eurhalius. fee Prol. 989.

Ch. XIII. 2. Tambol is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. and it feems the Gr. Borner. Gr. Lat. Barb. t. Veleil lect. the Vulgate, Æthlopic, 2070 Coptic, Ambrole.

патлот

THE

TOT

EPISTLE

ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΟΥ

O F

Η ΠΡΟΣ ΓΑΛΑΤΑΣ

PAUL the Apostle.

ЕПІЕТОЛН.

To the GALATIANS.

ΑΥΛΟΣ αποσίο-λος ουκ απ' ανθρω-πων, ουδε δι' ανθρωπου, αλλα δια Ιπσου Χρισίου, και Θεου παίρος TOU ETEIPAVIOS AUTOV EK VEKPWY, 2 και οι συν εμοι πανίες αδέλ-OOI, TAIS EKKANOIAIS THE FA-3 λαλιας: χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο Θεου παίρος, και Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Κρισίου, 4 του δονίος έαυλον ύπερ των άμαριων ήμων, όπως εξελη-**Ιαι ήμας εκ του ενεσ**Ιω**ίος αι**− ωνος πονηρου, καλα το θελημα του Θεου και παίρος ή-5 μων: ώ ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας Των αιωνων. αμην.

AUL an apostle (not from men, nor by man, but by Jesus Christ, and God the father who raised bim (rom the dead) and all 2 the brethren, who are with me, unto the churches of Galatia: grace be to you, and peace from God the father, and from our Lord Jesus Christ: who gave bimself for our fins, that be might deliver us from the vices of this present age, according to the will of God, even our father: to wbom be glory for ever and ever. amen.

6 Θαυμαζω ότι όυλω ταχεως μελαλιθεσθε απο του καλεσανλος ύμας εν χαριλι Χριστου, εις έτερον ευαγγελιον; 7 όους εσλιν αλλο, ει μη τινες είσιν όι ταρασσονλες ύμας, και θελονλες μελασλρεψαι το 8 ευαγγελιον του Χρισλου. αλI wonder you have so soon 6 deserted unto another gospel, from me, who called you by the grace of Christ; this can be 7 owing to nothing but your being practised upon by some, who would overturn the gospel of Christ. but the I, or an 8 angel

λα και εαν ήμεις η αγγελος εξ ουρανου ευαγέλιζη το ύμιν παρ ο ευπηγελισαμεθα ύμιν, 9 αναθεμα εσίω. ώ προειρηκαμεν, και αρίι παλιν λεγω, ει τις ύμας ευαγγελίζε αι παρ ο παρελαβείε, αναθεμα εσίω. 10 αρίι γαρ ανθρωπους πειθω η τον θεον? η ζείω ανθρωποις ηρεσκον, Χρισίου δουλος ουκ αν ημην.

ΙΙ Γνωριζω δε ύμιν, αδελφοι, Το ευαγγελιον το ευαγγελισθεν ύπ εμου, ότι ουκ εσίι καία 12 ανθρωπον. ουδε ταρ ετω παρα ανθειεπου παρελαβον αυτο. ουλε εδιδαχθην, αλλα δί αποκαλυψεως Ιπσου Χρισίου. 13 ηκουσαλε γαρ την εμην ανασ-Τοοφην ποίε εν τω Ιουδαίσμω, ότι καθ' ύπερβολην εδιωκον Την ΕΚΚΑΠσιαν ΤΟυ Θεου, και επορθουν αυίην. 14 και προεκοπίου ευ τω Ιουδαίσμω ύπερ πολλους συνη-TIKIWIAC EN TW JENEL HOU, TEρισσολερως ζηλωλης υπαρχων των παλρικων μου παραδο-15 σεων. ότε δε ευδοκησεν δ Θεος διαφορισας με εκ κοιλιας μπίρος μου, και καλεσας δια 16 της χαρίλος αυλου, αποκαπυ ται τον ύιου αυίου εν εμοι, ίνα ευαττελιζωμαι αυλον εν τοις εθυεσιν, ευθεως ου προσανεθεμην σαρκι και άιμαλι,

GUĞZ

angel from beaven should preach any thing to you for gospel, different from the gospell have preached unto you, let him be accursed. as I said 9 before, so say I now again, if any one preach any other thing to you for gospel, than what you have received, let him be accursed. for do I now ast in 10 obedience to men, or to God? or do I seek to please men? if I had hitherto pleased men, I should not have been the servant of Christ.

I certify to you, brethren, 11 that the gospel, which has been preached by me, is not the refult of buman artifice: for I neither received it from 12 man, nor was I taught it but by the revelation of Jesus Christ. you have beard of my 13 former behaviour, whilft I was of the Jewish religion, with what excessive violence I persecuted the church of God, and laid it waste: and that I 14 made a greater proficiency in Judaism than many my contemporaries of my own nation, being an extraordinary zealot for the traditions of my forefathers. but when it pleased 15 God, who ordained me from my birth, and called me by bis especial favour, to reveal bis fon to me, that I might preach 16 bim among the Gentiles, I did not thereupon apply my

17 ουδε ανπλθον εις Ιεροσολυμα προς τους προ εμου αποσίο-λους, αλλ. απηλθον εις Αραβιαν, και παλιν υπεσίζευτα εις Δαμασκου.

18 Eneila hela eln tela annθον εις Ιεροσολυμα ίσθορησαι Πείρου, και επεμεινα προς αυ-10 TOV MUSPAS DEKATEVIE - ETEρου δε των αποσίολων συκ ειδον. ει μη Ιακωβου του α-20 δέλφου Του Κυριου. Γραφω ύμιν, ιδου ενωπιον Του 21 DEOU, OTI OU WEUDOWAI. Eπείλα πλθον εις τα κλιμαλα της Συρίας και της Κιλικίας. 22 ημην δε αγνοουμένος τω προσωπω Ταις εκκλησιαις Της 22 Ιουδαιας Ταις εν Χρισίω, μονον δε ακουονίες ησαν, ότι δ διωκων ήμας πολε, νυν ευας-**Γελιζείαι την πισίιν ήν πόλε** 24 επορθει. και εδοξαζον εν ε-HOL TOY DEAY.

Επείλα δια δεκαλεσσαρων είων παλιν ανεβην εις Ιεροσολυμα μεία Βαοναβα, συμ-2 παραλαβων και Tilov. νεβην δε καλα αποκαλυψιν, και ανεθεμπν αυλοις το ευας-**ΓΕλιον ο κηρυσσω εν τοις εθ**νεσι, κατ' ιδιαν δε τοις δοκουσι, μη πως εις κενου Τρε-3 χω, η εδραμον. απλ' ουδε Τίλος ο συν εμοι, Έλλην ων,

felf to any man; neither went 17 I up to Jerusalem, to those who were apostles before me: but I went immediately to Arabia, and returned again to Damascus.

After three years, I went 18 up to Jerusalem, to see Peter. and abode with him fifteen days: but other of the 19 apostles saw I none, except James the Lord's brother. what I write to you, I call 20 God to witness is all true: afterwards I came into the 21 regions of Syria and Cilicia: but was personally unknown 22 to the churches of Christ in Judea, who had only heard, 23 that I, who formerly persecuted them, did now preach the gospel of faith, which I once endeavoured to suppress: and they glorified God upon 24 my account.

Fourteen years after Iwent up again to Jerusalem, with Barnabas, and took Titus also with me: and I went up ac- 2 cording to revelation, and communicated to them that gospel, which I preach among the Gentiles; but privately to those who were of note, lest the pains, that I have already taken, or may bereafter take in the gospel, should be in vain. bowever, Titus who was then with me, being a Greek, was not compelled to be cir-

CUTTS-

4 πναγκασθη περιμηθηναι. δια δε τους παρεισακίους ψευδαδελφους, άτινες παρεισηλθον καλασκοπησαι την ελευθεριαν ήμων ήν εχομεν εν Χρισίω Ιησου, ίνα ήμας καλαδουλω-5 σωνλαι. άς ουδε προς ώραν ειξαμεν τη ύπολαγη, ίνα ή αληθεια του ευαγγελιου δια-

μεινη προς ύμας. Απο δε των δοκουνίων ειναι τι, οποιοι πολε πσαν, ουδεν μοι διαφερει, προσωπον Θεος ανθρωπου ου λαμβανει. εμοι ταρ δι δοκουνίες, ουδεν η προσανεθενίο. αλλα τουναντιον, ιδονίες ότι πεπισίευμαι το ευαιτελιον της ακροβυστιας, καθω: Πέρος της πεοιτομης, ο γαρ ενεργησας Πείρω εις αποσίολην της περίομης, EVAPLINGE KAL EMOLEIC TA EBYN. 9 KAI TYOYIEC THY XAPIY THY BOθεισαν μοι Ιακωβος και Κηφας και Ιωαννης, οι δοκουντες σίνλοι ειναι, δεξιας εδωκαν εμοι και Βαρναβα κοινωνιας, ίνα ήμεις εις τα εθνη,

αυλοι δε εις την περιλομην. -10μονον των πλωχων ίνα μνη

μονευωμεν, ο και εσπουδασα

ανίο τουίο ποιησαι.

cumcifed: and as to the false 4
brethren, who insidiously crept
in to spy out our liberty which
we have by Christ Jesus,
that they might bring us into
servitude: I did not show 5
them the lest compliance by
way of submission, that the
doctrine of the gospel might
remain among you.

But as for those who were 6 men of real eminency, bow considerable soever they were beretofore, it does not any ways affect me; God accepts not the person of any man: for they who were of note. in conference with me, bad nothing new to add. on the -; contrary, when they perceived that I had the province of preaching the gospel to the Gentiles, as Peter bad that of preaching it to the Jews, (for 8 be that had wrought powerfully in Peter with respect to bis apostleship among the Jews, bad also wrought powerfully in me upon account of the Gentiles:) and when James, Pe- o ter, and John, who were esteemed to be pillars, perceived the favour that was bestowed on me, they admitted me and Barnabas into fellowship, and agreed, that we should go to the Gentiles, and they to the Jews, only they recommended 10 to us to get collections for the poor in Judea: which I was very careful to do.

OTE

OTE DE NAUE KNOWS EIG AVτιοχειαν, καλα προσωπον αυίω ανίεσίην, ότι καίεγνωσ-12 μενος ην. προ του ταρ ελθείν τινας απο Ιακωβου, μθα των εθνων συνησθιεν, ότε δε πλθον, ύπεσθελλε και αφωριζεν έαυλου, φοβουμένος τους 13 εκ περίλομης. και συνηπεκοιθησαν αυθω και δι λοιποι 1ουδαιοι, ώσλε και Βαρναβας συναπηχθη αυίων τη ύποτακρισει. αλλ' ότε ειδον ότι ουκ οεθοποδουσι προς την α-ANDELAY TOU EVASTERLOU, ELπον τω Πεζω εμπροσθεν πανίων, ει συ Ιουδαιος ύπαρχων, εθνικώς ζης, και ουκ Ιουδαικως, πως τα εθνή αναγκαζεις Ιουδαιζειν?

15 Ημεις φυσει Ιουδαιοι, και 16 ουκ εξ εθνων άμαρθωλοι, ειδοΤες ότι ου δικαιούλαι ανθρωπος εξ εργων νομου, εαν μη δια πισθεως Ιπσου Χρισθου, και ήμεις εις Χρισθον Ιπσουν επισθευσαμεν, ίνα δικαιωθώμεν εκ πισθεως Χρισθου, και ουκ εξ εργων νομου δικαιωθησελαι εξ εργων νομου πασα σαρξ.

But when Peter came to's t Antioch, I opposed bim to bis face, for be was to be blamed. for till certain Jews came 12 thither from James, he used to eat with the Gentiles, but when they were come, be withdrew and separated bimself, for fear of those, who were for circumcifion: and 13 the rest of the Jews distembled likewise with bim, insomuch that Barnabas bimfelf was carried away with their bypocrify. but when I saw, 14 they conformed not their condust to the truth of the gofpel, I said to Peter before them all: if you being a few, live after the manner of the Gentiles, and not according to that of the Jews, why do you constrain the Gentiles to judaize?

We are Jews by birth, and 15 not of the sinful race of the Gentiles, yet knowing that a 16 man is not justified by the works of the law, but by faith in Jesus Christ, even we have believed in Christ Jesus, that we might be justified by faith in him, and not by the works of the law, by which there is no justification.

Now if it be a fin to seek for 17 justification by Christ, then is Christ the minister of sin, which cannot be. on the con-18 trary, if I re-establish what I have demolished, I show my-

10 βαλην εμαυλον συνισλημι. rω rαρ δια νομου νομω απε⊷ 20 θανον, ίνα Θεω ζησω. Χριστω συνεσίαυρωμαι, ζω δε, OUR ELI ETW, En DE EU EUOL XOLOTOS. O DE YUY CW EY ORCκι. εν πισθει ζω τη του ύιου του Θεου, του αταπησανίος με, και παραδονίος έαυίον ύ-2 1 TED EUOU. OUK ABEIG THU XA-PLY TOU OSOU. EL TOP DIA VO-

μου δικαιοσυνη, αρα Χρισίος

δωρεαν απεθανεν.

Ω ανοπίοι Γαλαίαι, τις ύμας εβασκανε? δις κατ' οφθαλμους Ιπσους Χρισίος προεγραφη, εν ύμιν εσίαυρω-2 μενος. Τουίο μονον θελω μαθειν αφ' ύμων, εξ εργων νομου το πνευμα ελαβείε, η εξ 2 ακοπς πισίεως ? ουίως ανοητοι εσίε ? εναρξαμενοι πνευμαλι, νυν σαρκι επιλελεισθε ? 4 τοσαυία επαθείε εικη? ειγε 5 Kal Elkn. O OUV ETIXOPHTWY υμιν το πνευμα, και ενερτων δυναμεις εν ύμιν, εξ εργων νομου η εξ αχοπς πισίεως ?

Καθως Αβρααμ επισ]ευσε τω Θεω, και ελογισθη αυίω 7 εις δικαιοσυνην : Γινωσκείε αρα ότι οι εκ πισίεως, ουίοι 8 εισιν ύιοι Αβρααμ. δουσα δε ή γραφη ότι εκ πισ-Τεως δικαιοι Τα εθνη ο Θεος,. 7FOEU-

self a prevaricator. for by one 19 law, I am dead to the other law, that I might live unto God: I am crucified with 20 Christ, it is not I that now live. but Christ that liveth in me : the life I have in this body Iliveby faith in the sonof God, who loved me, and gave bimself for me. I do not frus- 21 trate the grace of God: for if just: fication be by the law, Christ died to no purpose.

O foolish Galatians, who I bath deluded you, you that bave bad the crucifixion of Fefus Christ represented to your view? this one thing I 2 defire to know of you, did you receive the [pirit by th: works of the law, or by the gospel preach'd to you? have you so little understanding, as baving begun in the spiritual doctrine of the gospel, to turn again to the law? have you 4 suffered so many things in vain? if it be in vain. be 5 therefore that ministreth the spirit to you, and worketb miracles among you, doth he it by the works of the law, or by the preaching of faith?

As Abraham believed God. 6 and it was accounted to bim for righteousness: so bence ye 7 know, that it is they who believe who are the children of Abraham. and the scripture 8 infinuating, that God would

justify

προευπητελισαλο τω Αβρααμ, ότι ευλογηθησονίαι εν σοι " πανία τα εθνη." ώσιε ὰ εκ πισίεως, ευλοςουνίαι συν τω 10 πισίω Αβρααμ. όσοι ταρ εξ εργων νομου εισιν, ύπο καλαρανεισι. Γεγραπλαι γαρ, " επικαλαραλος πας ος ουκ εμ-HEVEL EV TAGI TOIC PERPAU-" μενοις εν τω βιβλιώ του νομου, Του ποιησαι αυ-11" τα." ότι δε εν νομφ ουδεις δικαιουλαί παρα τω Θεω, " ότι ὁ δικαιος εκ 12" สเฮโเผร ไทธยิสเ." **૪૦,૫૦૬ ૭૫**૪ દળીણ દૂધ જાાળીકહ્યુંડ αλλ' ο ποιησας αυλα, ζη-" σελαι εν αυλοις." Χρισλος ημας εξηγοράσεν εκ της κα-Ταρας του νομου, Γενομένος ύπερ ήμων καλαρα, γεγραπλαι [αρ, "επικαλαραλος πας ο κρεμαμενος επι ξυλου." ίνα εκ τα εθνη ή ευλογια του Αβρααμ Γενηλαι εν Χρισλώ 1η-ססט, ועם דחש בהמרך באנמש דסט πνευμαίος καβωμέν δια της $\pi \omega \omega c$

15 (Αδελφοι) καλα ανθρωπον λεγω. όμως ανθρωπου κεκυρωμενην διαθηκην ουδεις αθεjustify the Gentiles thro' faith, gave Abraham an intimation of the gospel in these words, " in thee shall all nations be " bleffed." so that it is they 9 who believe, who are bleffed with Abraham, who did believe. but they that rest them-10 selves upon the works of the law, are obnoxious to the curse: for it is written, "+ cursed is " every one, who continueth " not in all things, which are " written in the book of the " law, to do them:" but that 11 no man is justified by the law in the fight of God, is evident: for, " I the just shall live by " faith." now the law does 12 not justify by FAITH, but fays, " be that DOES " these things shall live by " them." Christ bathredeemed 13 us from the curse of the law, being made a curle for us. (for it is written, " + cursed is " every one, that hangethupon "a tree.") that the blessing 14 promised to Abraham might come on the Gentiles thro' Jesus Christ; that we by believing might receive the fpirit that was promised.

Bretbren, I speak according 15
to the practice of men; contracts between men, when once
ratified, cannot be disannulled
or altered asterwards by any
S 2 man.

² Gen.xv. 6. † Deut.xxvii. 26. ↓ Hab. ii. 4. ** Lev.xviii. 5. ‡ Deut.xx. 23.

16 Τει η επιδιαλασσελαι. τω δε Αβρααμ ερόηθησαν αι επας-Γελιαι, και τω σπερμαλι αυ-του. ου λεγει, και τοις του. ου λεγει, "και τοις "σπερμασιν," ωχ επι πολλων, αλλ' ώς εφ' ενος, " και τω σπερμαλι σου," ά τη εσλι Χρισλος. Τουλο δε λεγω, διαθηκην προκεκυρωμένην ύπο του Θεου (* εις Χρισίου) δ עבות בוח דינוף מגססומ אמו דבוακονία γετονώς νομός ουκ α-KUDOL, EK TO KATAZINGAL THY 18 ETATTENIAV. EL TAP EK VOLLOU n kancovoula, ouk ell et eπαιτελίας, τω δε Αβρααμ δι επαγγελίας κεχαρισίαι ό Grac.

19 Τι ουν ο νομος? των πα
ταβασεων κατιν προσείθη,

ακρις ου ελθη το σπερμα

ώ επηγελίαι, διαίατεις δι?

20 αγελων, εν κειρι μεσίλου. ο

δε μεσίλης, ένος ουκ εσίεν, ο

δε Θεος, έις εσίω.

21 Ο ουν νομος καλα των επαρρελιών (του Θεου ?) μη ρενοίλο. ει ρας εδοθη νομος ό δυναμένος Δωοποιήσαι, οντώς αν εκ νομου ην ή δικαι-22 οσυνη. αλλα συνεκλισέν ή ρεαφη τα πανία ύπο άμαρτιαν, να ή επαργλία εκ πισίεως Ιπσου Χρισίου δοθη 23 τοις πισίευουση. προ του δε ελθείν την πισίιν, ύπο : ομον

man. now to Abraham and his 16 offspring were the promises made. be does not fay, "to " offsprings," as if be spoke of many; but as freaking of one, " and to the offspring, which means Christ. this therefore I 17 fay, that the law, which was not till four bundred and thirty years after, cannot difannut the promise, that was ratified before by God, fo as to fet the promise aside. now if the right 18 to the inheritance be from the law, it is no longer founded upon the promise; alibo' God made a donation of it to Abraban by promife,

"Vas the law?" it was added as a check to transgressors, till the offspring should come to whom the fromise was made; and it was ordained by angels with the intervention of a mediator. now a mediator sup- 20 poses two parties, of which God is but one.

Is the law then opposite to 21 the promises? by no means, for if there had been a law given, which could have given life, certainly justification should have been by the law, but the 22 scripture has declar dall guilty of sin, that the blessing promised on condition of faith in Irsus Christ might be given to those who believe. but before saith came, 23

* The Alexand. Colb. 7. Barb. 2. Vulgate, Coptic, Jerom, have not set Xresov. Dr. Mills thinks it should be left out. See his note.

· εφουρουμεθα, συγκεκλεισμενοι εις την μελλουσαν πισίιν 24 αποκαλυφθηναι. ώσλε ο νομος παιδαςωτος ήμων τετονεν εις Χρισίον, ίνα εκ πισίεως 25 δικαιωθωμέν ελθουσης δε της πισθεως, ουκ εθι ύπο παιδατωτου εσμεν. πανίες ταρ 26 υιοι Θεου εσλε δια της πίσ-27 Τεως εν Χρισίω Ιπσου. όσοι ταρ (εις Χρισίον) εβαπίισθη-28 τε. Χεισίον ενεδυσασθε. Ουκ ενι Ιουδαιος, ουδε Ελλην, ουκ EN GOUNDS OUGE EXEUBEDOS. ουκ ενι αρσεν και θελυ, παν-TECTAD DIMEIC EIC EOTE EV XDIO-29 τω Ιησου. ει δε υμεις Χριστου, αρα του Αβρααμ σπερ-HA EOTS, KAT ETATTENIAY κληρονομοι.

1 Λεγω δε, εφ' όσον χρονον, ο κληρονομος νηπιος εσίν, ουδεν διαφερει δουλου, κυριος 2 πανίων ων. αλλα ύπο επιτροπους εσίι και οικονομους αχρι Της προθεσμιας του πα-3 τρος. ουίω και ήμεις, ότε πμεν νηπιοι, ύπο τα σίοιχεια του κοσμου ημεν δεδουλωμετου, ότε δε ιλθε το πληρωμα του χρονου, εξαπεσίειλεν ο Θεος τον ύιον άυδου γενομενον ύπο νομον, ίνα τους ύπο μονον εξαγοραση, ίνα την ύιοθε-

came, we were shut up together. as prisoners under the custody of the law, 'till faith was to be revealed. so that the law was 24 our school-master to bring us to Christ, that we might be justified by faith. but now faith 2 = being come, we are no longer under a pedagogue. for you are 26 all the sons of God by faith in Christ Jesus. for as many of 27 you as bave been baptized into christianity, bave been invested as christians. there is now no 28 distinction of Jewor Greek of bond or free, of male or female: for you are all one in Christ Jesus. and if you belong 29 to Christ, you are Abraham's offspring, and bis beirs by virtue of the promise.

Now I say, that the beir, as long as be is achild, is in a state of servitude, the be is to be lord of all; being under tutors 🤏 and guardians, 'till the time prefix dby his father. even so we, wbilst we were children. were in a state of servitude to * the elements of the world. but when the time appointed . was accomplished, God sent forth his own son born of a woman, and subject to the law. to redeem those, who were un- 5 der the law, that we might receive

* The ceremonys of the law, which were as the ABC, the meer rudiments of religion, a great part of which was common to Jews and Pagans. See Heb. v. 12.

σιαυ απολαβωμεν. ότι δε εσλε ύιοι, εξαπεσλειλεν ό Θεος το πνευμα του ύιου αυλου εις τας καρδιας ύμων, κραξον,
Αββα, ό παλπρ. ώσλε ουκ ελι ει δουλος, αλλ ύιος, ει δε ύιος, και κλπρονομος Θεου δια χρισλου.

ANNA TOTE HEY OUR ELBOTES Я Θεον, εδουλευσαλε τοις μη 9 φυσει ουσι θεοις, νυν δε, γνονίες Θεον, μαλλον δε γνωσθενίες ύπο Θεου, πως επισθοεφείε πακιν επι τα ασθενη και πίωχα σίοιχεια, όις παπιν ανωθεν δουπευειν θεπείε ? 10 πμερας παραλποεισθε. unvac, kai kaipouc, kai eviφοβουμαι ύμας, μη πως εική κεκοπιακά εις ύμας. 12 γινεσθε ώς εγω, ότι κάγω ώς υμεις, αδελφοι, δεομαι υ-MOD.

13 Ουδεν με πδικησαλε: οιδα
Τε δε ότι δι ασθενειαν της

σαρκος ευηγελισαμην ύμιν το

14 προλερον, και τον πειρασμον

μου τον εν τη σαρκι μου

ουκ εξουθενησαλε, ουδε εξεπ
τευσαλε, αλλ. ώς αγγελον
Θεου εδεξασθε με, ώς Χρισ
15 τον Ιησουν. τις ουν ην ό

μακαρισμος ύμων! μαρλυρω

receive the adoption of sons.
and because ye are sons, God 6
bas sent forth the spirit of his
son into your hearts, crying
Abba, that is, father; so that 7
thou art no longer a bond servant, but a son: and if a son,
then an heir of God thro'
Christ.

When you did not know 8 God, you did service to those, who in reality are no Gods; but now that you know God, or q rather that you are favoured by bim, bowcan ye turn again to the weak and beggarly elements of the law, to which you desire again to be in bondage? observing as you do, the days, 10 the moons, the feasts and years. you make me apprebensive, 11 that the labour I have bestowed upon you will be all invain. I befeech you, brethren, be as 12 I am, for I was as you are.

It is not you that have done 13 me any injury: tho' you knew through what infirmity of the flesh I heretofore preached the gospel to you, yet you did not 14 despise me for the trial which attended my person, nor treated me with scorn; but received me as an angel of God, even as Christ Jesus. what 15 henedictions did you then pour out upon me! for I hear you

rap

τοις οφθαλμους ύμων εξορυτοις οφθαλμους ύμων εξορυτο ξανίες αν εδωκαίε μοι. ώσιε
εχθρος ύμων Γεγονα, αλπτη θευων ύμιν ε ζηλουσιν ύμας
ου καλως, αλλα εκκλεισαι
ύμας θελουσιν, ίνα αυίους ζητο παρείναι με προς
το μας. Τεκνία μου, όυς παλευ ωδίνω, αχις όυ μορφωθη
το Χεισίος εν ύμιν. ηθελον δε
παρείναι ποος ύμας αρίι, και
αλλαξαι την φωνην μου, ότι
απορουμαι εν ύμιν.

Λερίε μοι οι ύπο νομον θελονίες ειναι, τον νομον ουκ 22 ακουέε ε γεραπίαι γαρ, ότι Αβρααμ δτο ύισος εσχεν, ένα εκ της παιδισκης, και 23 ένα εκ της ελευθερας. αλλό ο μεν εκ της παιδισκής, κατα σαρκα γερενηίαι, ό δε εκ της ελευθερας, δια της ελευθερας, δια της εληγορουμένα, άυδαι γαρ εισιν άι δυο διαθηκαι, μια μεν απο ορους Σινα, εις δουλειαν γεν-

witness, that, had it been practicable, you would have pulled out your very eyes, and given them to me. am I now 16 become your enemy in contiming to tell you the truth? they court your affection but in not in a fair way; for they design to exclude me, that you might have the greater esteem for them. but it is just you should . R. cultivate my affection for you upon all proper occasions, and not only when I am present with you. my dear children, to bow am I in pain, till Christ be formed in you? I wish I 20 could be present this very moment with you, and fuit my discourse accordingly, for I . stand in doubt what to think of you.

But tell me, you that are 21 so willing to be under the law. why don't you confider the law? for it is there written, 22 Abraham had two sons, the one by a bond-maid, the other by a free-woman. be, who 22 was of the bond-woman, was born according to the ordinary course of nature; but he, who was of the free-woman, was born by virtue of the promise. these things have an allego-24 rical meaning: the two women signify the two covenants, the one from mount Sinai, which is represented by Agar, whose children were born in

CHAP. IV

25 νωσα, ήλις εσλιν Αγαρ. Το γαρ Αγαρ συσλοιχει τη νυν Ιερουσαλημ, δουλευει γαρ 26 μελα των τεκνων αυλης: ή δε ανω Ιερουσαλημ, ελευθερα εσλιν, ήλις εσλι μηληρ πανλων 27 ήμων. γεγραπλαι γαρ, ευ- φρανθηλι σλειρα ή ου τικ- τουσα, ήπεον και βοησον ή ουκ ωδινουσα, ότι πολ- λα τα τεκνα της ερημου μαλλον η της εχουσης τον ανδρα."

28 Ημεις δει αδελφοι, καλα Ισαακ, επαγγελιας τεκνα εσ-29 μεν. αλλ ώσπερ τολε ό καλα σαρκα Γεννηθεις εδιωκε τον καλα πνευμα, ουλω και 30 νυν. αλλα Τι λεγει ή γραφη? " εκβαλε την παιδισκην και τον ύιον αυλης. ου γαρ μη κληρονομηση ο ύιος της παιδίσκης με-" Τα Του νίου Της ελευ-31 " θερας." αδέλφοι, αρα, ουκ εσμεν παιδισκής τεκνά, αλλα της ελευθερας, τη επεύθερια ή Χρισίος ήμας ηλευθερωσε.

a state of servitude. this A-25 gar answers to the Jerusalem now in being, for she is in servitude with her children: but the beavenly Jerusalem 26 is represented by the free-woman, who is the mother of us all. for it is written, * " re- 27 " joice thou barren, that bear-" est not ; break out into loud " acclamations, thou that hast " not the travels of child-" birth, for more are the "children of the desolate; " than of her that bath an " bushand."

Now we, my brethren, as 28 Isaac was, are the children of the promise. but as then, be 20 that was born in theordinary course of nature; persecuted bim, who was born by an extraordinary power; even fo it is now. but what faith the 30 scripture? + " cast out the " bond-woman and ber son; " for the son of the bond-wo-" man shall not share the in-" beritance with the son of " the free-woman." fo then, 21 my bretbren, we are not children of the bond-woman, but of the free-woman, by virtue of that freedom which Christ bas procur'd for us.

STYKELE

Stand

* Ifa. liv. 1. St. Paul proves the christian church is the common mother of Jews and Gentiles: by applying what the prophet says of this barren woman, to the thurch of the Gentiles, which before the preaching of the gospel, did not produce any children consecrated to God.

† Gen. xxi. 10.

Strkele our, kai un maλιν ζυτω δουλειας ενεχεσθε. 2 ιδε, εγω Παυλος λεγω ύμινότι εαν περίλεμνησθε. Χοιστος ύμας ουδεν ωφελησει. 3 μαρλυρομαι δε πανλι ανθρωπω πεοιλεινοιιενώ, ότι οφειλελης εσίιν όλων τον νομον ποιησαι. A kalnernente and tou Keig-TOU. OI TIVES EV VOLUS BIKALουσθε, της χαρίλος εξεπεσα-5 TE. THEIR PAP THEUMAIL EK πισίεως ελπιδα δικαιοσυνής 6 απεκδεχομέθα. εν ταρ Χριστω Ιησου ουλε περίλομη τι ισχυει, ουλε ακοοβυσλια, αλ-NA TIOIS OF AFATTS EVER-**ΓΟυμενη.**

7 ΕΙρεχείε καλως, τις ύμας ανεκοψε (τη αληθεια μη πει8 θεσθαι?) ή πεισμονη ουκ εκ
9 του καλουνίος ύμας, μικρα ζυμη όλον το φυραμα δολοι.
10 ερω πεποιθα εις ύμας εν Κυριω, ότι ουδε αλλό φρονησείε, ό δε ταρασσων ύμας βασίασει το κριμα, όσις αν
11 η. ερω δε, αδελφοι, ει περίομην είι κηρυσσω, τι είι διωκομαι ε αρα καθηρηίαι το σκανδαλον του σίαυρου.

Stand fast therefore, and I be not hampered again with the yoke of bondage, take 2 notice, 'tis I Paul declare it to you, that if you are circumcifed, Christ shall be of no advantage to you. for 3 I testify to every man that is circumcised, that be is under an obligation to perform the whole law. Christ is of no 4 use to you, whoever of you seek to be justified by the law; you have lost all interest in the gospel-discensation. but as 5 for us, our minds are possessed with the hopes of justification by faith. for in the 6 christian-dispensation, neither circumcision avails any thing, nor uncircumcision, but an active benevolent faith.

You set out well in your 7 course: who bath obstructed your progress in the truth? this * opinionativeness does 8 not come from him that called you. a little leaven affects 9 the whole mass. I have con-10 sidence in you, that, through the Lord, you will be of the same mind with me, so that he who troubles you shall fall under the censure he deserves, whoever he be. as for me, 11 brethren, if I yet preach circumcision, why am I yet

per-

0÷

* About the necessity of circumcision.

12 οφελον και αποκοψονίαι οι
13 ανασία Ισυνίες ύμας. ύμεις
γαρ επ' ελευθερια εκληθηίε,
αδελφοι, μονον μη Την ελευθεριαν εις αφορμην τη σαρκι,
αλλα δια της αγαπης δου14 λευείε αλληλοις. ο γαρ πας
νομος εν ένι λογω πεπληρωται, εν τω, "αγαπησεις τον
"πλησιον σου ώς έαυ15" Ιον." ει δε αλληλους δακνείε και καίεσθιείε, βλεπείε
μη ύπο αλληλων αναλωθηΤε.

16 Λεγω δε, πνευμαλι περιπαλείλε, και επιθυμιαν σαρκος 17 ου μη Τελεσηίε. ή ταρ σαρξ επιθυμει καλα του πνευμαλος. το δε πνευμα καλα της σαρκος, ταυία γαρ ανλικειίαι αλ-Anxois, iva un à av bexile, 18 ταυία ποιής. ει δε πνευματι αγεσθε, ουκ εσθε ύπο νο-19 μον. φανερα δε εσλι τα εργα της σαρκος, άτινα εσίι, πορνεια, ακαθαρσια, ασελιεία, 20 ειδωλολαίρεια, φαρμακεια, εχθραι, ερεις, ζηλοι, θυμοι, εριθειαι, διχοσίασται, αιρεσεις, 21 φθονοι, μεθαι, κωμοι, και τα όμοια τουλοις, άπρολεςω ύμιν, καθως και προειπου, ότι οι τα τοιαυία πρασσοντες βασιλειαν Θεου ου κληρο-

persecuted? for then there would not be so much objection to the dollrine of the cross. I12 wish they who unsettle you were entirely circumcifed. for, 12 bretbren, you have been called to liberty. only abuse not this freedom as a pretext to vice, but in offices of love be as fervants one to another. for all 14 the law is comprehended in this one precest, " thou shalt love " thy neighbour as thyself." but if you bite and tear one ano- 15 ther, take beed that you be not consumed by one another.

I fay then, conduct your-16 selves by the spirit, and you will not then gratify the animal passions, for the vicious desires 17 are contrary to those of the spirit, and the inclinations of the spirit are contrary to those of the animal part; these are opposite to each other, so that you do not the things that you swould, but if you are governed 18 by the spirit, you are not subjest to the law. now the 19 effetts of vicious passions are manifeffly these, sornication, uncleanness, brutality, i- 20 delatry, poisoning, enmities, quarrels, emulations, animosities, strife, seditions, factions, envyings, drunkenness, re-21 vellings, and fuch like, concerning which I forewarn you now, as beretofore I have done, that they who practife fuch

22 νομπσουσιν. ὁ δε καρπος του πνευμαλος, εσλιν αγαπη, χαρα, ειρηνη, μακροθυμια, χρησλοίης, αγαθωσυνη, πισλις,
23 πραολης, εγκραλεια, καλα των
24 τοιουλων ουκ εσλι νομος. ὁι
δε του Χρισλου, την σαρκα
εσλαυρωσαν συν τοις παθη25 μασι και ταις επιθυμιαις. ει
ζωμεν πνευμαλι, πνευμαλι και
26 σλοιχωμεν. μη γινωμεθα κενοδοξοι, αλληλους προκαλουμενοι, αλληλους φθονουντες.

Αδέλφοι, εαν και προληφ-1 θη ανθρωπος εν Τινι παραπτωμαλι, υμεις δι πνευμαλικοι καλαρλίζελε τον τοιουλον εν πνευμαίι πραοίπίος, σκοπων σεαυίου, μη και συ πειρασ-2 θης. αλληλων τα βαρη βασταίτες και ουίως αναπληcwall Tov vollor Tou Xpla-3 TOU. EL FORD BOKEL TIC ELVOIL τι, μπδεν ων, έαυλον φρενα-4 Tala. To be ector earlow boκιμαζείω έκασίος, και τοτε εις έαυλον μονον το καυχημα έξει, και ουκ εις τον εξερον. 5 εκασίος γαρ το ιδιον φορίιον βασίασει.

6 Κοινωνείω δε δ καθηχουμενος τον πογον τω καθη7 χουνθι, εν πασιν αγαθοις. μη
ππανασθε, Θεος ου μυκθηριζηθαι, δ γαρ εαν σπειρη ανθρωπος, τουθο και θερισει.
8 ότι ο σπειρων εις την σαρκα
ε αυθου, εκ της σαρκος θερισει

ofo-

fuch vices, shall not inherit the kingdom of God. but the fruit 22 of the spirit is love, joy, peace, patience, sweetness of disposition, beneficence, saithfulness, meekness, temperance: against 23 such there is no law now they 24 who belong to Christ, have crucified the animal nature with the affections and passions thereof. if we live by the spi-25 rit, let us regulate our actions by the spirit: let us not be 26 vain-glorious, provoking one another, envying one another.

Brethren, if a man be o- 1 vertaken in a fault, do you, who are spiritual, restore bim with all gentleness, taking beed lest you yourselves be overcome by temptation. bear with one 2 another's infirmities, and fo fulfil the law of Christ. for if a man thinks himself to be considerable, when he is not, be deceives himjelf. but let 4 every one bring his own work to the test, and then be will bave matter of glorying in bimself alone, and not in another. for every man must be answerable for his own actions.

Let him that is instructed 5 in the word freely communicate his good things to him that teaches him. he not deceived, 7 God will not he mocked: for what a man foweth, that shall he also reap: he that soweth to 8. his vices, shall reap the deadly

T 2 fruit

φθοραν, ό δε σπειρων εις το πνευμα, εκ του πνευμαίος 9 θερισει ζωπν αιωνιον. το δε καλον ποιουνίες μπ εκκακωμεν, καιρω γαρ ιδιώ θερισομεν 10 μπ εκλυομενοι. αρα ουν ώς καιρον εχομεν, εργαζωμεθα το αγαθον προς πανίας, μαλισία δε προς τους οικειους της πισίεως.

Igele aluytkok anta luakμασιν εγραγκα τη εμη χειρι. 12 οσοι θελουσιν ευποοσωπησαι εν σαρκι, ουθοι αναγκαζουσιν ύμας περιλεμνεσθαι, μονον ίνα μη τω σίαυςω του Χεισίου 12 διωκωνίαι. ουδε γαρ οι περιτεμνομένοι αυλοι νομον φυλασσουσιν, αλλα θελουσιν ύμας περίλεμνεσθαι, ίνα εν τη ύμελερα σαρκι καυχησωνλαι. 14 εμοι δε μη Γενοίλο καυχασθαι ει μη εν τω σίαυρω του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισίου, δι' ου εμοι κοσμος εσλαυρωλαι, ις κάτω τω κοσμω. ουλε ταρ π epiloum τ i i σ xuei, oule α κροβυσλία, αλλα καινή κλι-**1**6 σις. και όσοι τω κανονι τουίω σλοικησουσιυ, ειρηνη επ' αυλους και επεος, επι τον Ισραέλ του Θέου. 17 TOU ADITION, KOTTON HOL HITδεις παρεχέω, εγω γαρ τα σλιτικάν του Κυριου Ιπσου εν τφ σωμαίι μου βασ-

18 Η χαρις του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου μεία του πνευμαίος ύμων, αδεκφοι.

A > B + B > C

fruit of bis vices; but be that fows to the spirit, shall of the spirit reap everlasting life, let is us then not be weary in doing good, for in due season we shall reap, if we be not tired, therefore as we have opportainly, let us do good offices to all men, especially to the samily of believers.

You fee how long a letter I 11 bave writ to you with my own band, they who defire to make 12 a figure in the world, constrain you to be circumcifed, only to avoid being persecuted for the cross of Christ. for even 12 they who are circumcifed, do not themselves observe the law in other respects; but they dedesire to have you circumcifed, that they may have matter of glorying upon that account. but 14 far be it from me that I should glory, save in the cross of our Lord Jesus Christ, by which the world is as contemptible to me, as I am to the world. for in 15 the dispensation of Jesus Christ. neither circumcifion availeth any thing, nor uncircumcifion, but the new creation. as many 16 as walk by this rule, peace and mercy be on them, even upon the Ifrael of God. from 17 benceforth let no man give me trouble; far I bear in my body the "marks of the Lord Jesus.

Brethren, the savour of our 18 Lord Jesus Christ he with your spirit. amen.

* See the note.

Ch.

Ch. I. 4. Tree Tree: Alexand. Clar. Germ. Borner, Magdal. 1. Cantab. 3. Covel. 2, 3. Petav. 1. Laud. 2. Gonvil. Seidel. Complut. ed. Origen, Occumenius.

Ch. II. 5. Oic ouds) is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. the Greek doubtful, Irenzus, Tertullian, the Scholiaft, Ambrose, (though he owns the Greek copys were counter) the Latin MSS. of Africa till St. Jerom's time, nay, all the Latin MSS. till the year 800, omitted usque, but very

unjustly, as Dr. Mills thinks. see his note upon the place.

Ver. 11. κηθας.] So Steph. 10. Alexand. Barb. 2. Petav. 3. Colb. 7. Covel. 2. Velef. lect. Vulgate, Coptic, Eufebius. and fo the antients certainly read it, fays the learned Pearfoo, Dif. 1. de Succef. prim. Epifcop. "for if Πέρος had been the reading, Gal. ii. 11, 14. there "never could have been any dispute, as there was, whether it was the "apostle, or one of the Lxx disciples, that Paul withstood at Antioch."

Ch. II. 14. IIuc.] So the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Lincol. Covel. 2. Colineus edition, the Vulgate, Syriac,

Æthiopic.

Ch III. 1. Ty anything my resteaters] is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Colb. 7. Syriac, Copric, Ambrose, Jerom, (who thought it an interpolation, because not to be found in Origen's MSS. though it was in some of less note.) Augustin, Chryfostom, Sedulius, Primasius, the Scholiast, Theophylact, Occumenius. Dr. Mills makes no doubt it was borrowed from Ch. V. 7. of this epistle. see Prol. 682.

Ver. 12. Ausperros] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Lincol. Vulgate, Æthiopic, Irenzus, Ambrose, Jerom, the Scholiast. Dr. Mills thinks it borrowed from the

Septuagint, Lev. xviii. 5.

Ver. 15. Αδιλφοι] is not in the Lincol. MSS, the Æthiopic, nor the Complutentian edition. Dr. Mills thinks it was borrowed from the

Lectionarys,

Chap. IV. 25. Eva opoc solor ev ry Apaßus.] This has all the marks of an interpolation: it is quite foreign to the argument, and serves only to perplex the apostle's reasoning, which without it appears very clear and coherent. See the most learned Dr. Bentley's arguments for throwing this scholion out of the text, in his episse annex'd to Malala's Chronicle, p. 96. "mihi certe tantopere placuit, atque adhuc placet hac lectio (sc. D. Bentleii) ut absque unanimi codicum in altera "issa lectione consensus foret, genninam eam intrepide pronunciarem." says Dr. Mills, Prol. 1306. as if there was any manuscript so old as Common Sense. see the note here above, Chap. III. 15. adsabor

SO Χρισίου Mat.i. 1. αχρειος Luc.xvii. 10. προσεχειν τοις λαλουμενοις ητο τευ Παυλου Acts xvi. 14. είω ειμε μεία σου, και xviii. 10. και δει κυ αυίον δεδεκως XXII. 20. και δυναμεως 1 Cor. ii. 4. αλλα εν αξυμοις ειλικρινειας και αλκθειας V. 8. κ ζήω ανθρωτοις αρεσκειν Gal.i. 10. και τα ρι Ερh.v. 20. και ου καία την τιξιν Ααρων λεβεσθαι Heb.vii. 11. Dr. Mills thinks are all interpolations, tho' they are in all the MSS. and versions except the Æthiopic. so Heb.xii. 15. ενοχλη MSS. Codd. summo consensu vetustissimo certe. & jam ab ipsis rei christianæ primordiis inolito errore. sus Dr. Mills, and even Dr. Whitby allows it should be alter'd; and the learned Kuster in Pref. to Dr. Mills's ed. on Marc.vii. 2. says, "he

"that has any critical sense, will easily perceive, rouled antifact is only a scholion that crept from the margin into the text." such without doubt is so assue deputation Heb. xi. 37. and adds, Eiva open easily so the Apasius, "non esse D. Pauli, sed scholiaste alicujus cum e"ruditissimo Bentleio statuo."

The MS. of C. Fr. Borner, writ in capitals above 800 years ago has this reading το Γαρ Σινα ορος εσίω εν τη Αραβια, ή συσθοιχουσα τη νυν Ιεροσολημ, &cc. which plainly betrays the interpolation: and all the puzzle will vanish by reading the whole thus μια μεν απο ορους Σινα, εις Βουλειαν Γεννωσα, ήτις εσίων ΑΓαρ, ή συσθοιχουσα τη νυν Ιερουσαλημ: δουλευει

3e, &c. fee Kufter's pref. and the note to Eph. i. t.

Chap. VI. 17. The marks of the lash, which St. Paul had so frequently sustain'd, see 2 Cor. 23, &cc. the Gentiles mark'd themselves with what they call'd fligmata, to distinguish to what Divinity they were particularly consecrated; and so slaves were mark'd for the security of the owner. St. Paul alludes to this practice, by saying he carries the marks of his sidelity to Jesus Christ.



патлот

THE

TOT

EPISTLE

ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΟΤ

OF

Η ΠΡΟΣ ΕΦΕΣΙΟΥΣ

PAUL the Apostle

ЕПІЕТОЛН.

To the EPHESIANS.

Τ ΑΥΛΟΣ αποσίοπος Ιπσου Χρισίου,
δια θεπημαίος Θεου,
τοις άγιοις τοις ουσιν (εν Εφεσω) και πισίοις εν Χρισίω
1 πσου. Χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη
απο Θεου παίρος ήμων, και
Κυριου Ιπσου Χρισίου.

PAUL an apostle of Jesus Christ, by the divine
appointment to the converts which are at Ephesus,
who stand firm in the faith of
Christ Jesus: grace he to you,
and peace from Godour father,
and from the Lord Jesus
Christ.

3 Ευλογηθος ο Θεος και πατηρ του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου
Χρισθου, ο ευλογησας ήμας
εν παση ευλογια πνευμαθικη
εν τοις επουρανιοις Χρισθω.
4 καθως εξελεξαθο ήμας εν αυθω
προ καθαβολης κοσμου, ειναι
ήμας άπους και αμωμους κατενωπιον αυθου εν αγαπη.
5 προορισας ήμας εις ύιοθεσιαν
δια Ιησου Χρισθου εις άυθον,
καθα την ευδοκιαν του θελη6 μαθος άυθου, εις επαινον δοξης
της χαριθος άυθου, εν ή εχα-

ρίουσεν ήμας εν τω ηταπη-

μενώ. εν ώ εχομεν την απο-

Aultwoin dia Tou anualog au-

TOU,

Bleffed be the God and father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who hath bleffed us with all the spiritual blessings in Christ's kingdom. according as be bad chosen us in himself before the foundation of the world, that we should be boly, free from vice, and devoted to virtue. baving predetermin'd to adopt us by Jesus Christ to be his children, according to the good pleasure of his own will, to display the glory of his grace, which has render'd us acceptable by his beloved son: who has by his blood obtained for us i he

του, την αφεσιν των παραπίωμαίων, καία τον πλου8 τον της χαριίος αυίου: ής επερισσευσεν εις ήμας εν πα9 ση σοφια και φρονησει, γνωρισας ήμιν το μυσίπριον του
θελημαίος άυίου καία την ευδοκιαν άυίου, ήν προεθείο εν
το αυίω, εις οικονομιαν του πληρωμαίος των καιρων, ανακεφαλαιωσασθαι τα πανία εν
τω Χρισίω, τα τε εν τοις
ουρανοις και τα επι της γης,
εν αυίω.

Εν ώ και εκληρωθημεν. προορισθενίες καία προθεσιν του τα πανία ενεργουνίος κατα την βουλην του θελημα-12 Τος αυίου, εις το ειναι ήμας εις επαινον της δοξης αυλου. τους προηλπικοίας εν τω 13 Χρισίω. εν ώ και ύμεις ακουσανίες τον λογον της αληθειας, το ευαγγελιού της σωτηριας ύμων, εν ώ και πιστευσανίες εσφρατισθηίε τω πνευμαλι της επαιτελιας τω 14 άτιω: ός εσίιν αρραβων της κληρονομιας ήμων, εις απολυθρωσιν * της περιποιησεως, εις επαινον της δοξης $\alpha v lov.$

15 Δια τουλο κάτω ακουσας την καθ' ύμας πισλιν εν τω Κυριω Ιπσου, και την αταπην την εις πανλας τους άπος τους, ου παυομαι ευχαριστων ύπερ ύμων, μνειαν ύμων ποιποι

the redemption, even the forgiveness of our sins, according
to the riches of his grace, out 8
of the over-slowing treasures
of his comprehensive wisdom
and contrivance. for he has 9
discovered to us the secret of
his will, that out of his meer
good pleasure, he had purposed
in himself, when the sull 10
time of the dispensation was
come, to reduce all things both
in heaven and on earth, under one head in Christ.

It is by him, that we have Is a share in the inheritance. which was before allotted to us, in consequence of bis design, +who executes the whole plan, as be bimself bad contrived it: that we should celebrate his 12 glory, who were the first that plac'd our bopes in Christ. by 12 wbom you also bave beard the word of truth, the gospel of your salvation: and baving believed in bim, ye were mark'd with the seal of the boly spirit, which was promised: and this is the pledge of our 14 inheritance, being given for the deliverance of bis peculiar people, to the display of his glory.

Wherefore baving heard of 15 the continuance of your faith in the Lord Jesus, and of your love to all christians, I conti-16 nually give thanks upon your account, making mention of

you

ποιουμένος επι των πρόσευ-17 Χων μου, ίνα ο Θεος του Κυοιου ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου, ο παίπο της δοξης, δώη ύμιν **πνευμα σοφιας και αποκα**λυψεως, εν επιγνωσει αυλου, 18 πεφωλισμένους τους οφλαλμους της καρδιας ύμων, εις το ειδεναι ύμας τις εσίιν ή ENTIC THE ENHOEWS AUTOU. KAL τις ό πλουδος της δοξης της KAMPOVOLIAS AUTOU EV TOIS A-19 Γιοις. και Τι Το ύπερβαλλον μετεθος της δυναμεως αυλου εις ήμας τους πισθευονθας κατα την ενεργειαν του κραίους 20 The loxube aulou, hy symp-**Γησεν εν Τω Χρισίω, εγειρας** aulovek vekpwy, kai ekalicev εν δεξια άυλου εν τοις επου-2 Ι ρανιοις, ύπερανω πασης αρχης και εξουσιας και δυναμεως και κυριοίπίος, και παν-Τος ονομαίος ονομαζομενου ου μονον εν τω αιωνι τουλω, αλλα και εν τω μελλον]ι. 22 και πανία ύπείαξεν ύπο τους ποδας αυίου, και αυίον εδωκε κεφαλην ύπερ πανία τη εκ-22 κλησια, ήτις εσίι το σωμα αυλου, Το πληρωμα πανία εν πασι πληρουμενου.

Και ύμας ονλας νεκρους τοις παραπλωμασι και ταις άμαρ τιαις ύμων, εν άις πολε περιεπαλησαλε καλα τον αιωνα του κοσμου τουλου, καλα τον

you in my prayers; that the 17 God of our Lord Fesus Christ, the father of glory, may give you the spirit of wisdom and revelation, whereby ye may know bim: an enlightned un- 18 derstanding, that ye may see what great expectations be bas called you to, and what abundant glory it is to the saints to be the lot of his inheritance. and bow exceedingly to great that power is, which he bas employ d upon us who believe, a power corresponding to that energy of his mighty strength; which he exerted 20 in Čbrist, when he raised bim from the dead, and fet bim at the head of his beavenly kingdom, * far above all the 21 principalities, all the powers, all the potentates, all the dominations, and whatever order can be named, not only in this age, but also in the age to come: for be has subjected all 2.2. things to bim, and constituted him supreme head of the church, which is his body, a 22 work compleatly finished in all its parts.

When you were in that defiruttive state of transgression and sin, in which you formerly liv'd, instuenc'd by the customs of this world, and by the

* These are the names of the different orders of angels, whose distinct offices St. Paul did not think proper to describe, and perhaps was not allowed to reveal. see 2 Cor. xii. 4.

αρχονία της εξουσιας του αερος, του πνευμαίος του νυν EVERTOUVIOC EV TOIC VIOIC THE 3 απειθειας, εν όις και πιμεις πανίες ανεσίραφημεν ποίε εν ταις επιθυμιαις της σαρκος ήμων. ποιουνίες τα θελημαία της σαρκος και των διανοιων. KAI THEY TEKYA QUOEL OPING, A WE KAI O LOITOI. O DE GEOC πλουσιος ων εν ελεει, δια την πολλην αγαπην αυλου ήν ηγα-5 Ander huas, kai orlas huas νεκρους τοις παραπίωμασι, συνεζωοποιησε τω Χρισίω, 6 xapili eole oeowouevoi: kai συνητειρε, και συνεκαθισεν εν τοις επουρανιοις εν Χοισίω Ι-7 noou, iva evõeiknlai ev Tois αιωσι τοις επερχομένοις τον ύπερβαλλονία πλουίον της χαρίζος αὐζου, εν χρησζοτηζι εφ' ήμας εν Χρισίω (Ιπσου.) 8 Th rap xapili edle σεσωσμενοι δια της πισθεως, και τουτο συκ εξ ήμων, Θεου το δω-9 ρον, ουκ εξ έργων, ίνα μπ τις 10 καυχησείαι. αυίου ταρ εσμεν ποιημα, κλισθενλες εν Χριστω Ιπσου επι εργοις αγαθοις, δις προηθοιμασεν ο Θεος ίνα εν αυδοις περιπαδησωμεν.

* prince of the aerial powers, the foirits that now actuate the incredulous: of which number 2 we all bave formerly been, leading our diffolute lives in gratifying the desires of our senfual imaginations: and were † indeed obnoxious to the divine displeasure, as other Gentiles were: then it was that God, 4 who is rich in mercy, thro' his great love, wherewith he loved us, did raise us all, who were a in that deadly state of fin, to life by Christ, for by grace ye are saved: be bath raised us 6 up together, and made us partakers of bis beavenly kingdom. that in the ages to come, 7 be might shew the immense riches of his gracious kindness towards us, through Christ Jesus. for by grace are ye faved, thro' faith (and that not from us: it is the gift of God) 9 but not by works, so that no man can boast: for he hath 10 made us a-new, and form'dus by Christ Jesus to do good works, for which God had before prepared us, that we might live in them.

 Δm

Where-

* This is agreeable to the theology of the Jews. by the prince of the air, the angel of death, satan, or the devil, they meant the same person; they said his proper name was Sammael, and his residence was in the inserior heaven, which we call the air. see Buxtors. Dist. Rab. col. 1495. Philon. confus. of lang. p. 234. the book, Mincha Chadrascha, says, the space between earth and heaven is all full of Spirits. see Grotius

† Possi fignifies truely, really, as in Gal. iv. 8. so the Syriac, Theophylact and Occumenius; and so the antients understood it, as Jerom says.

 \triangle to umuovevele orti $\hat{\mathbf{v}}$ uetc ποίε τα εθνη εν σαρκι, δι λεγομενοι ακροβυσλια ύπο της πεγομένης περίδομης εν σαρκι 12 xsicomoinlou, ot i nle ev Tw καιοω εκεινω χωρις Χρισίου, απηλλοΙοιωμενοι της πολίζειας του Ισραπλ, και ξενοι των δίαθηκων της επαζζελιας, ελmida un exovies, kai abeoi ev 13 Τω κοσμω. νυνι δε εν Χριστω Ιησου, ύμεις όι πολε ουτες μακράν, εγτυς εγενηθηλε εν 14 Tw aimali Tou Xpiolov. avτος ταρ εσίιν ή ειρηνη ήμων, ο ποιησας τα αμφοίερα έν, και το μεσολοιχον του φρατι κ μου λυσας, Την εχθραν εν Τη σαρκι άυλου, τον νομον των ενίολων εν δοςμασι καίαρτησας, ίνα τους δυο κλισή εν έαθω εις ένα καινον ανθρω-16 που, ποιων ειρηνην, και αποκαλαλλαξη τους αμφο-TEPOUS EN EN OWHALL TW OEW δια του σλαυρου, αποκλεινας 17 THY EXPRAY EV AUTO. KALENθων ευηγελισαλο ειρηνην ύμιν Τοις μακραν, και ειρηνην Τοις 18 EFFUE, OTI DE AUTOU EXOMEN την προσαγωγην οι αμφοίεροι εν ένι πνευμαλι προς τον πalερα.

Wherefore remember that II you were beretofore Gentiles. being denominated the uncircumcifed, by those who are the circumcised by a manual operation; that at that time 12 ye were without all knowledge of the Messab, being aliens from the common-wealth of Israel, and strangers to the covenants of promise, baving no bope, and living in the world without any true knowledge of God. but now you who 12 were formerly at a distance, are brought near by the death of Christ Jesus. for he is our 14 peace-maker, who hath united both Jew and Gentile, and bath by bis flesh broken down the middle wall of partition (which kept us at vari- 18 ance) by abolishing the dogmatical injunctions of the law, that having made the peace, be might incorporate the two into one new body under bimself; that be might recon- 16 cile both in one body unto God. by the cross, wherefore he destroyed the enmity that was between them: and being 17 come, be preached the glad tidings of peace to You who were afar off, and to us that were nigh. for thro' him both 18 of us bave access by the same spirit to the sather.

19 Αρα ουκ εκείι εσίε ξενοι και παροικοι, αλλα συμπολίζαι

Therefore now, you are 19 nomore strangers and soreign-

U 2

 $T\omega y$

Των άτιων και οικειοι Του 20 Θεου, εποικοδομηθενίες επι τώ θεμελιώ των αποσίολων και προφηίων, ονίος ακρογωνιαιου αυίου Ιησου Χρισίου: 21 εν ώ πασα ή οικοδομη συναρμολογουμενη αυξει εις ναον 22 άγιον εν Κυριω: εν ώ και ύμεις συνοικοδομεισθε εις καδοικήσηριον Του Θεου εν πνευμαίι.

Τουλου χαριν ετω Παυλος ό δεσμιος του Χρισίου (Ιησου) ύπερ ύμων των εθνων. 2 ειτε ηκουσαίε την οικονομιαν της χαρίζος του Θεόυ της δο-3 θεισης μοι εις ύμας, ότι καλα αποκαλυψιν εγνωρισε μοι το μυσ πριον, καθως προεγραψα 4 εν ολιζω, προς ο δυνασθε αναςινωσκονίες νοπσαι την συνεσιν μου εν τω μυσίηριω του 5 Xpiolous o ETEPAIS TEVEAIS OUK εγνωρισθη τοις ύιοις των ανθρωπων, ώς νυν απεκαλυφθη τοις άτιοις αποσλολοις αυλου και προφηλαις εν πνευμαλι. 6 " ειναι τα εθνη συγκληρονομα, και συσσωμα, και " συμμείοχα της επαγγελίας αυλου εν τω Χρισλω, δια " דסט בטמןן באנסט," סט בן בνομπν διακονος καλα την δωρεαν της χαρίλος του Θεου την δοθεισαν μοι καλα την ενεργειαν της δυναμεως αυίου: εμοι τω ελαχισθολερω παν-TWY

ers, but fellow-citizens with the saints, and domesticks of God's family, being built up-20 on the foundation laid by the apostles and prophets, whereof Jesus Christ himself is the main stone of the angle: on 21 which the whole structurerises which symmetry into a temple, consecrated by the Lord: who 22 by his spirit has likewise made you a part of this divine mansion.

This it is that makes me Paul a prisoner for Jesus Christ upon your account, O Gentiles; if so be you have beard of the 2 charge, which God has graciously dispensed to me for you Gentiles : baving revealed to me * the secret, I now mention d in short by thereading whereof you may perceive bow far I am let into the secret of Christ. which preceeding was 5 not discover'd to men, as now it is to bis boly aposles and prophets by the spirit; to wit, "that the Gentiles should 6 " be beirs as well as the Jews, " make one body together, and " partake of the divine pro-" mise in Christ by the gos-" pel." of this I was made 7 a minister, according to the gracious gift God bestowed on me, by the effectual operation of his influence: upon me, who 8 am the meanest of all chri-Stians.

* See Rom. xvi. 25. Ephel, i. 9, 11, 13, &c.

των των άτιων εδοθη ή χαρις auln. En Tois Euroin Euriteλισασθαι τον ανεξιχνιασίου ο πλουίον του Χρισίου, και φωτισαι πανίας τις ή οικονομια του μυσηριού του αποκε-ΚΕυμμενου απο των αιωνων εν τω Θεω, τω τα πανία 10 κλίσανλι. ίνα γνωρισθη (νυν) ταις αρχαις και ταις εξουσιαις εν τοις επουρανιοις, δια THE EKKAHOLAS, TO TOAUTOIKI-11λος σοφια του Θεους καλα שר שו בים דשט מושטשע, אי εποιησεν ευ Χρισίω Ιησου τω 12 Κυριω ήμων, εν ώ εχομεν την πατρησιαν και την προσαζωτην εν πεποιθήσει, δια της วาเฮโรเมร ภาปิดม.

13 Διο αιδουμαι μη εκκακειν εν ταις θλιψεσι μου ύπερ ύμων, ήτις εσδι δοξα ύμων. 14 τουδου χαριν καμπλω τα γοναλα μου προς τον παδερα (του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου 15 Χρισδου) εξ ου πασα παδρια εν ουρανοις και επι γης ονομα-16 ζελαι: ίνα δωη ύμιν καλα τον πλουδον της δόξης άψδου, δυναμει κραλαιωθηναι δια του πνευμαλος άυδου, εις τον εσω 17 ανθρωπον: καλοικησαι τον Χρισδον δια της πισδεως εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων.

18 Εν αγαπη ερρίζωμενοι και Τεθεμελιωμένοι, ίνα εξισχυstians, is this favour bestowed, that I should proclaim to the Gentiles the undiscoverable advantages by Christ; and display to all the world that mysterious dispensation, which from all past ages has been conceald in the secret purpose of God, who created all things: that the manifold 10 wisdom of God, in ordering bis beavenly kingdom, might by bis church be now made known, to princes and magistrates, in pursuance of that 11 dispensation which he made to former ages by Christ Jefus our Lord: by wbom we.12 bave freedom of access to God, with confidence, by faith in bim.

Wherefore I desire that 13
you be not dejected at the
tribulations I am under for
your sake, which are matter
of glory to you. for this cause 14
I how my knees unto the father of our Lord Jesus Christ,
from whom the whole fami- 15
ly in heaven and earth are
denominated his children: that 16
by his immense power he
would strengthen the faculties
of your minds by his spirit: so 17
that your souls may be possess'd with faith in Christ.

Be ye rooted and grounded 18 in social virtue, that you may

* The Jews still the Angels, the upper house, or, family of God: and Men, the lower house. See the note at the end of this epistle.

ση ε καλαλαβεσθαι συν πασι
τοις άγιοις, τι το πλαλος,
και μηκος, και ύψος, και βα19 θος, γνωναι τε την ύπερβαλλουσαν της γνωσεως αγαπην
του Χρισλου, ίνα πληρωθηλε
εις παν το πληρωμα του
Θεου-

20 Τφ δε δυναμενφ πανία ποιπσαι ύπερ εκ περισσου ών αιδουμεθα η νοουμεν, καλα την δυναμιν την ενεργουμενην 2 Ι εν ήμιν, αυδφ ή δοξα εν τη εκκλησια και εν Χρισδφ Ιησου, εις πασας τας γενεας του αιωνος των αιωνων. αμην.

Ταρακαλω ουν ύμας ερω ο δεσμιος εν Κυριω, αξιως περιπαίπσαι της κλησεως ής εκληθηίε: μεία πασης ταπεινοφροσυνης και πρασίπίος, μετα μακροθυμιας, ανεχομενοι αλληλων εν αγαπη, σπουδατονίες τηρειν την ένσιπία του πνευμαίος εν τω συνδεσμω της ειρηνης.

4 Εν σωμα και έν πνευμα, καθως και εκληθη ε εν μια ελπιδι Της κλησεως ύμων. 5 εις Κυριος, μια πιστις, έν 6 βαπλισμα, εις Θεος και πατηρ πανίων, ό επι πανίων, και δια πανίων, και εν πασδοθη ή χαρις καλα το μείρον της δωρεας του Χριστου. διο λεγει, "αναβας εις ύψος, "ηχμαλωλευσεν αιχμαλω-σιαν,

may be able to comprehend with all faints, what is the breadth, and length, and depth, and beight of this mystery: and be sensible of his exceed-19 ing love, in giving you the knowledge of Christ, that you may be filled with all the supplies of divine bounty.

Now unto him that is able 20 to do infinitely above what we ask or comprehend, by his power operating in us, unto 21 him be glory in the church, even by Christ Jesus, thro all the successions of suture ages. amen.

I therefore the prisoner for the Lord, beseech you to live suitably to the offers that have been made to you: with all bu-2 mility, meekness, and patience, bearing with one another in love sendeavouring to preserve 3 the spiritual union by your affectionate attachment to one another.

Being one body, acted by one 4
fpirit, since you all bave but
one expectation in view; there 5
is but one Lord, one faith, one
baptism, one God and father 6
of all, who is above all, and
through all, and in all. but 7
to every one of us a different
charge is given, according to
the distribution which Christ
bas made; wherefore 'tis said, &
"when he ascended up on
bigh,

* Pfal. lxviii. 19.

" σιαν, εδωκε δομαία τοις 9 " ανθρωποις." το δε, ανεβη, τι εσίιν ει μη ότι και καιεβη εις τα κατωίερα της
10 [πς? ὁ καίαβας, αυίος εσίι και ὁ αναβας ύπερανω παντων των συρανων, ίνα πληρωση τα πανία.

Και αυλος εδωκε, τους μεν, αποσίολους: τους δε, προconfact: Tous $d\varepsilon$, evar[exiolas]: τους δε, ποιμενας και διδασ-12 καλους: προς τον καλαρλισμον των άτιων, εις εργον διακονιας, εις οικοδομήν Του σω-13 μαλος του Κρισλου, μεχρι καταν ποωμεν οι πανίες εις την Evolula THS MISTEWS, KAI THS ETITYWOEWS TOU DIOU TOU OE-OU, EIG ANDOA TEXELON, EIG HE-Τρον ήλικιας Του πληρωμα-14 τος του Χρισίου: ίνα μηκείι ωμεν νηπιοι, κλιιδωνιζομενοι και περιφερομενοι πανλι ανεμω της διδασκαλιας, εν τη κυβεια των ανθρωπων, εν πανουργια προς την μεθοδειαν 15 της πλανης: αληθευονίες δε εν αςαπη, αυξησωμεν εις αυλον τα πανία, ός εσίιν ή κεφαλη. 16 ο Χρισίος: εξ ου παν το σωμα συναρμολογουμένον και συμβιβαζομενον δια πασης άφης της επιχορητίας (κατ' ενεργειαν) εν μείρω ένος έκασ-Του μερους Την αυξησιν Του σωμαίος ποιείλαι, εις οικοδομην ξαύιου εν αταπη.

"bigh, be made a number of captives, and gave gifts to men." now bis having afcended, what does it mean, but that be had descended into the lower parts of the earth? be 10 that descended, is the same too that ascended far above all beavens, to perfect all things.

It is be then that made some, II apostles: some, prophets: some, evangelists: and others, pastors, and teachers: thus fitly 12 qualifying bis servants for theirrespective offices, inorder to build up the body of Christ: till being united in a perfect 13 belief, and acknowledgment of the son of God, we grow up to that full state of maturity required by Christ: that we 14 should be no longer children, fluctuating, and carried about with every empty dostrine, by men vers'd in sleight and the crafty arts of deceit: but 15 being sincere in mutual love, may be entirely united to Christ, who is the head: from which the whole body 16 fitly framed, and compatted by the entire adherence and contribution of every part performing its respective function, increases and improves itself by the mutual concern of the parts.

17 Toulo our resw kai mad-Τυρομαι εν Κυριω, μηκείι υμας περιπαίειν, καθως και τα Etun Aspiralei, ev ualaiolnli 18 του νοος άυλων, εσκολισμενοι TH Siavoia, ovies annovoloi-WHEVOI THE COME TOU DEOU. δια την αγνοιαν την ουσαν εν αυλοις, δια την πωρωσιν 10 της καρδίας αυίων, όιλινες απηλιτηκοίες έαυίους παρεδω-KAY TH AGENTEIA. EIG EDTAσιαν ακαθαρσιας πασης εν 20 πλεονεξια. ύμεις δε ουχ ου-21 τως εμαθηλε τον Χρισλον, ειγε αυλον πκουσαλε, και εν αυλω εδιδαχθηίε, καθως εσίιν αλη-22 θεια εν τω Ιπσου: αποθεσθαι ύμας καία την προίεραν ανασθροφην, τον παλαιον ανθρωπον, του φθειρομενον καλα τας επιθυμιας της απα]ης: 22 ανανεουσθαι δε τω πνευμαλι 24 Του νοος ύμων, και ενδυσασθαι τον καινον ανθρωπον, τον καλα Θεον κλισθενλα εν δικαιοσυνη και δσιοληλιτης αληθειας. 25 Διο αποθεμενοι το ψευδος, λαλεί ε αληθείαν έκασ ος μεία του πλησιον αύθου, ότι εσ-26 μεν αλληλων μελπ. οργιζεσθε, και μη άμαρλανελε, ήνιος μη επιδυέω επι τω 27 " παροργισμώ ύμων," μπίε 28 διδοίε τοπον τω διαβολώ. ο κλεπίων μπκειικλεπίειω, μαλλον δε κοπιαίω, εργαζομενος το αγαθον ταις χερσιν, ίνα εχη μελαδιδοναι τω χρειαν ε-

This I say therefore, and 17 conjure you by the Lard not to live for the future as other Gentiles do, in the vanity of their minds, which are 0-18 verspread with darkness, and averse to a religious life, thro' their innate ignorance and obduracy: who without re- 19 morse, have abandon'd themselves to brutality, in gratifying every lewd unnatural passion. but you have learned 20 other things from Christ, if 21 you have beard of bim, and bave been taught the truth as be preach'd it: to quit 22 the vicious babits of your former conversation, corrupted by deceitful passions: and 22 to be renewed in your mind, by living like men formed a-24 new, after the image of God, in justice, sanctity, and

Wherefore leave off the 25 practice of lying, and let every man speak truth to his neighbour: for we are all members of one society. are you angry? 26 have a care you don't sin. "let "not the sun go down upon "your wrath," lest the devil 27 take hold of the opportunity. let 28 him that stole, steal no more: but rather let him labour, to encrease his fortune with his own hands, that he may have

29 χονδι. πας λογος σαπρος εκ του σλομαλος ύμων μη εκπορευεσθω, αλλ. είλις αγαθος προς οικοδομην της χρειας,
ίνα δω χαριν τοις ακουουσι.
30 και μη λυπείλε το πνευμα το
άγιον του Θεου, εν ώ εσφραγισθηλε εις ήμεραν απολυλρω31 σεως. πασα πικρια, και
θυμος, και οργη, και κραυγη,
και βλασφημια αρθηλω αφ
32 ύμων, συν παση κακια- γινεσθε δε εις αλληλους χρησδοι,
ευσπλαγχνοι, χαριζομενοι έαυλοις, καθω και ὁ Θεος (εν

Χρισίω) εχαρισαίο ύμιν.
Γινεσθε ουν μιμπίαι του Θεου, ως τεκνα αγαππία,

και περιπαίει εν αγαπη, καθως και ο Χρισίος ηγαπησεν ήμας, και παρεδωκεν έπαυίον ύπερ ήμων προσφοραν και θυσιαν τω Θεω, εις οσμην ευωδιας.

3 Πορνεια δε και πάσα ακαθαρσια η πλεονεξια μηδε
ονομαζεσθω εν ύμιν, καθως
4 πρεπει άριοις, η αισχροίης, η
μωρολογια, η ευθραπελία, τα
ουκ ανηκοθα, αλλα μαλλον
5 ευχαρισδία. Τουδο γαρ εσδε
γινωσκονδες, ότι πας πορνος,
η ακαθαρδός, η πλεονεκτις, ό
εσδιν, ειδωλολαδρής, ουκ εχει
κληρονομίαν εν τη βασιλεία
6 του Χρισδου και Θεού. μηδεις ύμας απαδαδω κενοις λογοις, δια ταυδα γαρ ερχεδαι

wherewithal to relieve the needy: let no obscene language 29 defile your mouth, use only such as tends to edification, that it may be beneficial to the bearers. grieve not the boly spirit 30 of God, by whom you are fealed against the day of deliverance: banish all resent-31 ment and indignation, anger, vebemence, detraction, andevery thing like malice, he mu- 32 tually kind; tender-bearted, forgiving one another, even as God for Christ's sake hath forgiven you.

Be ye therefore imitators of 1 God, as his dear children; live together in love, for 2 Christ loved us, and for us gave himself an offering and a sacrifice acceptable to God.

But fornication, and all impurity, or inordinate defire, let it not be approved by you, as being unworthy of christians: neither ribaldry, nor buffoonty, which they call pleasantry, but is indecent: be you rather exercised in social virtue. for this you know, that no licentious or dissolute person, no lewel libertine, that is, an ideal ater, hath any part in the kingdom of Christ, and of God. let no man missead you by cain reasonings: sor it is for

ή οργη του Θεου επι τους 7 ύιους της απειθειας, μη ουν 8 τινεσθε συμμελοχοι αυλων. η-TE TOP TOTE OKOTOS, YUY SE φως εν Κυριω, ώς Τεκνα φω-9 τος περιπαίειε: ο ταρ καρ-TOU TOU TYEUHATOL EY TAGH αταθωσυνη και δικαιοσυνη 10 Kai annosia: Bokina Consec Ti εσίιν ευαρεσίον * τω Κυριω. II KAI UN GUTKOLYWYELLE TOIS ED-FOIS TOIS AKAPHOIS TOU OKO-TOUS, MANNON DE KAI ENET-12 χείε. τα γαρ κρυφη γινομενα ύπ' αύΙων, αισχρον εδίι και 13 refer. Ta de marla ererχομένα, ύπο του φωίος φανερουλαι, παν ταρ το φανε-14 ρουμενού, φως εσίι. διο λε-[ει, " * εγειραι ο καθευδων, και ανασία εκ των νεκρων, και επιφαυσει σοι ο Χρισ-" TOS."

15 Βλεπείε ουν πως ακριβως περιπαίει ε, μη ώς ασοφοι, 16 αλλ ώς σοφοι, εξαγοράζομενοι τον καιρον, ότι αι ήμε-17 ραι πονπραι εισι. δια τουίο μη γινεσθε αφρονες, αλλα συνιενίες τι το θελημα του 18 Κυριου. και μη μεθυσκεσθε οινώ, εν ώ εσίιν ασωίια, αλλα πληρουσθε εν πνευμαίι, 19 λαλουνίες έαυίοις ψαλμοις και υμνοις, και ωδαις πνευμαίικαις, αδονίες και ψαλλονίες εν τη καρδία ύμων τω Κυριώ,

these vices, that the wrath of God lights upon the incredulous. don't you therefore be concern'd with them. you were 8 beretofore altogether in the dark, but now being enlightned by the Lord, behave as children of light: for the natural 9 effect of light, is universal benevolence, justice, and truth: consider what is acceptable to 10 the Lord; and be not accom- 11 plices in the fruitless practices of vice; on the contrary, condemn them. for it is a shame e- 12 ven to mention what they practife in secret. but whatever is 13 unjustifiable will be brought to light: and that will show them to be unjustifiable. wherefore 14 'tis said, " * awake thou that " fleepest, arise from the dead, " and Christ shall give thee " light."

See then that you behave 15 circumspettly, and not as sools, but as wise, weighing the cir-16 cumstances of the season, because the times are dangerous. wherefore be not imprudent, 17 but consider what is agreeable to the divine will. do not drink 18 to excess, for that tends to dissoluteness, but be regal'd with spiritual entertainments: ex-19 pressing yourselves in plalms, in hymns, and spiritual songs; and let your hearts heat the time,

20 ευχαρισ ουν ουν του Κυπαν ουν ήμων Ιπσου Χρισ ουν,
τω Θεω και πα ουν.

2 1 Υπολασσομενοι αλληλοις 22 εν φοβω Χρισλου. αι τυναικες, Τοις ιδιοις ανδρασιν τη πολασσεσθε, ως Τω Κυ23 ριω: ότι ό ανηρ εσλι κεφαλη της τυναικος, ως και ό Χριστος κεφαλη της εκκλησιας, και αυλος σωληρ του σωμα24 τος. αλλ ώσπερ ή εκκλησια ύπολασσελαι τω Χρισλω, όυλω και αι τυναικες τοις ιδιοις ανδοαστιν εν πανλι.

ουιω και αι τυναικες τοις ιδιοις ανδρασιν εν πανίι.

25 Οι ανδρες αγαπαίε τας τυναικας εαυίων, καθως και ο
Χρισίος ηγαπησε την εκκλησιαν, και έαυίον παρεδωκεν

26 ύπερ αυίης: ίνα αυίην άγιαση, καθαρισας τω λουίρω

27 του υδαίος εν ρημαίι, ίνα παρασίηση αυίην έαυίω ενδοξον,
την εκκλησιαν μη εχουσαν
σπιλον, η ρυίιδα, η τι των
τοιουίων, αλλ΄ ίνα η άγια

28 και αμωμος. ουίως οφειλουσιν οι ανδρες αγαπαν τας έαυίων τυναικας, ώς τα έαυίων

time, in concerts of praises tothe Lord, and this the burthen 20 of the song, "thanks he to "God, even the sather, for "his son Jesus Christ our "I ord."

Bemutually obsequious with 21 christian respect. Let married 22 women be fubmissive to their husbands, out of regard to the Lord. for the husband pre-23 sides over his wife, as Christ presides over the church: and he it is that preserves the whole body, as the church then 24 is subordinate to Christ, so let women be to their husbands upon all \uparrow occasions.

You busband, love your 25. spouse, even as Christ loved the church, and laid down his life for her: to sanctify and puri-26 fy her by the ablution of his word, that he himself 27 might make her appear illustrious to his own eye, a church without spot, or any thing like a defect; so as to be holy and irreprehensible. in like 28 manner ought men to love their wives, as their own ho-

dies :

* St. Jerom in his commentary upon the place, says, the words be fubmissive, is an interpolation, unlasseed not being in any of the Greek manuscripts. but Dr. Mills says, subdita sint is found to be the reading of the Latin of two old MSS. of Clermont and St. Germain, which he thinks were writ before St. Jerom's time.

† Clemens Alexand. fays, \(\pi \alpha v \) a \(\pi \) a

X 2

σωμαία. " δ αγαπων την " έαυλου Γυναικα, έαυλον α-29" Γαπα." ουδεις Γαρ πολε την έαυλου σαρκα εμισησεν, αλλ' εκΤρεφει και θαλπει αυτην, καθως και δ Χοισίος 30 Την ΕΚΚλησιαν, όΤι μελη εσμεν του σωμαίος αυίου (εκ της σαρκος αυίου, και εκ των 31 οσίεων αυίου.) " ανίι Του-" του καλαλειψει ανθρωπος " Τον παθερα αύθου και Την " μηθερα, και προσκολλη" θησεθαι προς Την Γυναικα αυίου, και εσούλαι οι δυο 32 εις σαρκα μιαν. Το μυσ-Τηριον Τουίο μετα εσίιν, εγω δε λεγω εις Χρισίου, και εις 33 Την εκκλησιαν. πλην και υμεις δι καθ' ένα, έκασλος την έαυλου τυναικα ουλως αταπατω ώς έαυλου, ή δε τυνη ίνα φοβηλαι τον ανδρα.

Τα τεκνα ύπακουείε τοις γονευσιν υμων εν Κυριω, τουτο γαρ εσίι δικαιον. " τιμα " τον παί ρα σου, και την " μηλερα," ήτις εσίιν ενίολη 3 πρωίη εν επαγγελία, " ίνα ευ σοι γενηίαι, και εση " μακροχρονίος επι της γης." 4 και δι παίερες μη παροργίζείε τα τεκνα ύμων, αλλ' εκίρε-

θεσιά Κυριου.
5 Οι δουλοι ύπακουείε τοις κυριοις καία σαρκα, μεία φοβου και τρομού, εν άπλοίπι της καρδίας ύμων, ώς τω

φείε αυία εν παιδεια και νου∽

Χρισίω, μη κατ' οφθαλμο-

dies: " be that loves his " wife, loveth himself." no 29 man was ever yet averse to bis own flesh; but nourisheth and cherisheth it, as the Lord doth the church: of 30 which we are the several parts constituting his body. the scripture says, " for this 31 " cause shall a man leave " bis father and mother, " and shall be united to bis " wife, and they two shall " be as one." these words 22 contain a very myflical fenfe, I mean in reference to Christ and the church. wherefore 33 let every one of you without exception, love bis wife even as bimself; and let the wife respect ber busband.

Children, obey your chriftian parents: for this is the
law. the first commandment 2
with a promise annexed, is,
"bonour thy father and mo"ther, that it may be well 3
"with thee, and thou mayst
be long-lived on the earth."
and you fathers don't exasperate your children: but instruct them in the discipline
and institution of the Lord.

Servants, be obedient to 5
your legal masters, with awful reverence and sincerity of
beart, as unto Christ: not 6
doing your work meerly out of

20-

δουλειαν ως ανθρωπαρεσκοι, αλλ' ως δουλοι Του Χρισίου, ποιουνίες το θελημα του Θε
ου εκ ψυχης: μετ' ευνοιας δουλευονίες ώς τω Κυριω, και ο ουκ ανθρωποις: ειδοίες ότι ο εαν τι έκασίος ποιηση αγαθον, τουίο κομιειίαι παρα του Κυριου, είλε δουλος, είλε ο ελευθερος και οι κυριοι τα αυία ποιείλε προς αυίους, ανιενίες την απείλην, ειδοίες ότι και ύμων αυίων ο Κυριος εσίιν εν ουρανοις, και προσωποληψια ουκ εσίι παρ' αυίω.

 $\alpha v l \omega$. Το λοιπου, αδελφοι μου, ενδυναμουσθε εν Κυριώ, και εν τω κράζει της ισχυος αυζου. 11 ενδυσασθε την πανοπλιαν του Θεου, προς το δυνασθαι ύμας σίπναι προς τας μεθο-1 2 δειας του διαβολου. OTI OUK εσλιν ήμιν ή παλη προς άιμα και σαρκα, αλλα προς τας αρχας, προς τας εξουσιας, TEO: TOUS KOTHOKEATORAS TOU σκοίους τουίου, προς τα πνευμαλικά της πουηριάς εν τοις τ 3 επουρανιοις, δια τουλο αναλαβείε την πανοπλιαν του Θεου, iva δυνηθηλε ανλισ-THURLEY TH HUSPA TH HOVNρα, και άπανλα καλεργασα-14 μενοι (σληναι.) σληλε περιζωσαμενοι Την οσφύν ύμων εν

αληθεια, και ενδυσαμενοι τον

15 θωρακά της δικαιοσύνης, και . ὑποδησαμενοι Τους ποδας εν ΕΤΟΙμάσια του ευαγγελίου της regard to their presence or their pleasure, but as the servants of Christ, in hearty obedience to the will of God: serve them with affection, as if it was to the Lord, and not to men: confidering that whatever good any man doth, be shall be rewarded for it by the Lord, whether he be a flave or free. and you masters bave o a just regard to them, by foftning your authority: knowing that both their and your master is in beaven, where there is no respect of persons with him.

Finally, my bretbren, place 10 your strength in the transcendent power of the Lord. put II on the set of divine armour, that ye may be able to stand against the wiles of the devil. for our conflict is not barely 12 with men, but with principalities, with potentates, with the princes of darkness, with wicked aereal spirits. wherefore invest yourselves 12 with the set of divine armour, that ye may be able to withstand in the difficult day, and baving overcome all to maintain your ground. ft and 14 firm, the belt of truth round your waist, lei justice invest you like mail: wing your 15 feet with the gospel of peace:

16είρηνης, επι πασιν αναλαβονίες Τον θυρεον Της πισίεως, εν ώ δυνησεσθε πανία τα βελη Του πονηρου τα πεπυρω-17 μενα σβεσαι. και Την περικεφαλαιαν Του σωίηριου δεξασθε, και Την μαχαιραν Του πνευμαίος, ο εσίι φημα Θεου.

18 Δια πασης προσευχης και δεησεως προσευχομένοι εν πανίι καιρώ εν πνευμαλί, και εις αυλο (Τουλο) αγρυπνουνλες εν παση προσκαρλερησει και δεησει περι πανλών των ά-19 γιων, και ύπερ εμου, ίνα μοι δοθη λογος εν ανοιζει του σλομαλος μου εν παρρησια, γνωρισαι το μυσληριον του ευαγρισαι το μυσληριον του ευαγρισανιαι, ώς δει με λαλησαι.

21 Ινα δε ειδηίε και ύμεις τα κατ' εμε, τι πρασσω, ύμιν γνωρισει Τυχικος ό αγαπηίος αδελφος, και πισίος διακονος 22 εν Κυριω: όν επεμινα προς ύμας εις αυίο τουίο, ίνα γνωτε τα περι ήμων, και παρακαλεση τας καρδίας ύμων. 23 ειρηνη τοις αδελφοις, και αγαπη μελα πισίεως απο Θεου παίρος και Κυριου Ιησου 24 Χρισίου. ή χαρις μεία παντων των των αγαπωνίων τον Κυ

AMHN

αφθαρσια..

ριον ήμων Ιησουν Χρισίον εν

cover all with the shield of 16 faith, to repel all the fiery darts of the adversary: let 17 salvation be your helmet, and the divine dollrine your spiritual sword.

Pour out your fouls un-18 to God upon all ocçasions, watching in prayer with all perseverance and supplication for all christians: in particu-19 lar for me, that I may have leave to speak without any restraint, and make known the mystery of the gospel, for 20 which I am an embassador, tho' in chains: that I may duely represent it to the full.

As to the state of my af-21 fairs, and bealth, Tychicus our dear brother, and faithful minister in the Lord, will very particularly acquaint you with them. I have fent 22 bim to you on purpose to acquaint you with our concerns, and to comfort your hearts. may our brethren have peace, 23 social affection, and faith from God the father, and the Lord Jesus Christ. grace he 2 1 with all those that have love uncorrupted for our Lord Jesus Christ. amen.

Chap. I. I. Ev Edeow. St. Basil fays, Tole Edeoloic eticledaus, Sc Trustouc humpsvois To ovil di extiverence ONTAE auloue idiatoviae avorantes ειπων, τοκ άξιοις ΤΟΙΣ ΟΤΣΙ, και πισίοις εν Χρισίω Ιησου: δυίω ίας και όι πιο ήμων παραδεδωκασι, και ήμεις εν τοις παλαιοις των ανίιβαθων ευρκmanner. " The Ephclians being in a peculiar manner united to the divine " BEING (Tu cole) by their superior knowledge, St. PAUL in his epistle " to them, in a peculiar manner stiles them, THOSE WHO ARE, saying, " to the faints, who are, and to the faithful in Christ Fesus. for thus " tradition has delivered it down to us, and thus we have found it in "the antient copies." hence lerom, in Comment. ad Ephel. 1. fays. " the curiofity of some has made them unnecessarily think, from that " expression of Moses, thus shalt thou say to the children of Ifrael, He " THAT IS, has fent me, that the faints, and faithful in Ephefus, were " address'd to with the stile of THOSE WHO ARE. but others think the " meaning is no more than if it had been faid, to the faints and faith-" ful that are at EPHESUS." now fince the Ephesians are no where mention'd thro' the whole epiffle, unless at the beginning, and there is nothing that peculiarly relates to them; but many things, not at all applicable to them, and which plainly enough prove, that those to whom it was writ, had never seen his person; Dr. Mills concludes, it was originally inferib'd to the LAODICEANS; but Tychicus, soon after his arrival at Landicea, going to the Ephelians, they chang'd the originul fo far only as to subititute Edico in the place of Acodineir. Marcion, who flourish'd anno 130, and liv'd at Sinope, not far from Laodicea, faid the epiftle was inferib'd to the Landiceans, as it was in his copy, which he had no interest to fallify. what if he had some odd notions, he was not so visionary, nor so virulent as Tertullian, who charges him with altering the title without any proof. how often does he exclaim against him for corrupting the scripture, when Marcion's readings were either genuine, or the interpolated scholia of the very orthodox? so Luke vi. 25. Marcion's copy had, " he is kind to the " ungrateful and wicked, " fuavis of adverfus ingratos & malos." upon this the witty father cries out, " Euge, Marcion, fatis ingeniose " detraxisti illi pluvias & soles, ne creator videretur." you have artfully robb'd God of his rain and his fun-shine, on purpose to strip him of his creatorship. a jest founded upon his own copy, which was abundantly interpolated, as here with, qui pluit super bonos & malos, & folem oriri facit super justes & injustos, which is not to be found in any one MSS or vertion of St. Luke now extant. with the same veracity he says Marcion cras'd out of St. Luke's gospel (Ch. iv. 11.) these words, " I came not to destroy the law or the prophers, but to fulfil them." this was another of Tertullian's tromperies: for, as Dr. Mills observes, this passage never was in Luke, unless in a Tertullianical copy, or some other of the same African stamp: all the MSS, versions and editions having the fame reading as Marcion's copy. but what can we expect from a writer that could intrepidly fay, " quis enim ne-" gabit DRUM CORPUS effe, etfi DEUS SPIRITUS eft?" Tertullian pag. 504. ed. N. Rigalt. Tertullian's authority therefore at least in this cale must go for nothing. most certainly it can be of no weight in competition with that of St. Paul, who fays in this epiftle, wherefore baving beard of your faith, Ch. i. 15. if you have heard of the charge, &c. Cli.

Ch. iii. 2, 4. things which the Ephesians could not be such strangers to, after having heard St. Paul for three years together. Acts xix. xx. 20, 27, 31. besides it appears from Coloss. iv. 16. the apostle writ a letter to the Laodiceans at the same time, when he writ to the Colossans; this inscrib'd to the Ephesians, was carried by the same messenger Tychicus, as that to the Colossans; there is a great conformity between these Epistles; and there is no mention any where made of St. Paul's having writ to the Ephesians; therefore this epistle was originally inscrib'd to the Laodiceans. however it be, nibil de Titulis interest, says Tertullian, cum ad omnes apostolus scripserit, dum ad quossam. See Dr. Mills's curious reasoning at large, Prol. 73—79.809.

Ver. 3. Kpielul ev Kpielu, in all the MSS. of Steph. Alexand. Clar. Lat. (and it feems the Gr.) Borner, Gr. Lat. Magdal. Cantab. 3. Lincol. N. Col. 2. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2. 4. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Chrysoftom, Ambrofe, Theodoret, Occumenius, the Scholiast, and the Complutensian edition. Dr. Mills thinks ev was added by way of illustra-

tion. fee Prol. 754.

Ver. 9. Κάζα την ευδοπειαν άυζου] is not render'd in the Syriac. άυζου is omitted in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. and it feems the Gr. Borner, Gr. Lat. Tertullian.

Ver. 11. Endupostypes | endustypes Alexand. Germ. Gr. Lat. Clar. Gr.

Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat.

Ver. 18. Kapdiac] so all Stephens's MSS. Alexand, Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. M. Sinah. Cantab. 2, 3. Laud. 2. Covel. 2. 4. Magdal. 1. Lincol. N. Col. 2. Baroc. Roe. 2. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Colbert. 7. Basil. 2. Veles. lect. Seidel. the Editions of Complut. and Colinæus, the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Tertullian, Chrysostom, Ambrose, Jerom, the Scholiast, Athanasius, Theophylast, Euthalius, Marcionis Canon. Lat. Pelagius, Rusinus. diametac, was substituted by way of illustration. see Prol. 748.

Ver. 22. Trep rav. a The enalmonal strep raseau Truv en. the Veles. readings. super omnem ecclesiam Vulgate, Germ. Lat. Ambrose in text and commentary, the Scholiast under Jerom's name. but Jerom and

fome Latin MSS, agree with the Greek.

Ch. II. 1. Αμαριαις] αμ. αυίων Alexand. αμι ύμων Steph. ε. θ. ια. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Roc. 2. Petav. 3. Lincol. Colinaus, Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic, Ambrose, Jerom, the Scholiast, Calaritan.

Ver. 5. Kapile] du th napile Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. (du napile Borner, Gr. Lat.) Velci. lect. the Vulgate, Ambrosc, the Scholiast,

Chrysostom takes no notice of xapii este seowe usva.

Ver. 7. Invov] is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr.

Lat. Æthiopic, Ambrose.

Ver. 8. Hum'] Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Petav. 3. Chrysostom in text and commentary, and the Vulgate, as appears from the Latin of the Clermont MSS, says Dr. Mills. see Prol. 884.

Ver. 17. Και τοις εγίος | και ειρηνήν τοις εγ. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Barbarini 1. Colinæus, Vulgate, Æ-

thiopic, Cyprian, Ambrose, Jerom, and the Scholiast.

Ch. III. 1. Indoud is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. and Gr. 23 it feems. Borner, Gr. Lat. Æthiopic, Ambrose.

Vere

Ver. 7. Erspau; Withour sv Steph. 8.8. L Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Cantab. 2. Laud. 2. M. Sinah. N. Col. 2. Hunting. 1. Baroc. Roc. 2. Petav. 1, 2. Lincol. Covel. 2.4. Genev. Colbert. 7. Leicest. Basil. 2. Vienna, Lucian, the Complutensian edition, the two first of Erasmus and Rob. Stephens, the Vulgate, Arabic, Æthiopic, Clemens Alexand. Origen, Cyril, Jerom, the Scholiast, Ambrole, Chrysostom, Theophylact, Theodoret, Occumenius. see Prol. 634. Ambrose connects sv zvsupast with what follows, saying, "the Gentiles were Coheirs, not with respect to the ceremonies of the Mosiles law, but to the spirit, that is, the evangelical doctrine." and so the Scholiast under Jerom's name.

Ver. 9. Outeroquia] all Stephens's MSS. Alexand. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Cantab. 2, 3. Magdal. 1. Velef. lect. Baiil. 2. Luc an, Lincol. N. Col. 2. Baroc. Roe. 2. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Hunting. 1. Genev. Covel. 2, 3, 4. the Complutentian and other editions, the Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic, Æthiopic, Chrysostom, in text and commentary. Tertullian, Cyril, Jerom, the Scholiast, the author of Dial. contra Marcian, Theodoret, The-

ophylact, Occumenius. see Prol. 731.

Ver. 14. Tou Kupsou haws Insou Xpsolou] is not in the Alexand. Colbert. 7. Æthiopic, Coptic, Jerom, nor in the Greek MSS. in Jerom's time, who in his commentary upon the place, says, this is an interpolation of the Latin Copies, and we should read to the father, without that addition, "that the name of God the father may be applied, not "to our Lord Jesus Christ, but to all rational creatures." nor does Chrysostom, Ambrose, or Theophylact, take any notice of those words in their commentaries, however they came into the text. but the very antient MSS. of Clermont, which is thought to be writ before Jerom's time, and as Dr. Mills vehemently suspects, that of St. Germain, because those two MSS. almost universally correspond, as well as the Latin of both, have those words: and the genuine Vulgate version too, as Jerom consesses, and probably the Greek copy from whence that version was made; for which reason the learned Dr. Mills espouses the common reading, and thinks it suits best with the aposite's reasoning.

Ver. 18. The nai Bates] fo Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner,

Gr. Lat. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Ambrose, the Scholiast.

Ver. 20. Ττερ παήα] is not in Theodoret. παήα without ύπερ Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. and the Vulgate.

Ch. IV. 5. Bis Kupios, ma nielis, av Bankema. Epiphanius fays this was

in the epittle to the Laodiceans. see note on Ch.i. 1.

Ver. 6. Ev massed for the Alexand. Covel. 2. the Coptic, Æthiopic, Ignatius, Pfeudo-Ignatius, Eusebius, Nazianzen, Chrysostom, Cyril, Epiphan. Athanas. Victorin. Jerom. Masse Steph. 7. of. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Lincol. N. Col. Laud. 2. Roe. 2. Hasil. 2. Petav. 1. 3. the Complut. ed. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Irenaus, Ambrose, the Scholiast. Dr. Mills thinks the Masse in some, and the Jusse in others, are only explanatory additions. See Prol. 299.

Ver. 9. Kalessu zpwjor | zpwjor is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. and Gr. (as Dr. Mills thinks) Borner, Gr. Lat. Petav. 3.

Coptic, Irenzus, Occumenius, Ambrose, Jerom, Calaritan.

Ib. Mepu is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. the Syriac, Irenzus, Tertullian, Ambrofe, Jerom, Calaritan. it was ad-

ded by way of explanation. fee Prol. 483.

Ver. 17. ADITA] is not in Steph. 12. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (and Greek Dr. Mills thinks) Borner. Gr. Lat. Roe 2. Colbert 7. Wechel. al. Colinæus, the Vulgate, Æthiopic, Clemens Alexand. Ambrose, Augustin, the Scholiast, Calaritan, Gildas. borrowed from Ch. ii. 3.

Ver. 19. Απηλίηκοῖες] Απηληικοῖες Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Irenæus in the old Latin verfion, and in the Greek fragments in Epiphanius, Augustin, Ambrose,
the Scholiast, Jerom, (who prefers however απηλίηκοῖες, which he would
have rendred indolentes or indolorii) Gildas, and others. Dr. Mills thinks
the Scribe might easily have mistaken TH for III. see Prol. 481. and
Chap. II. 12.

Ver. 28. Tais nepow] Tais idiais nepow Steph. 8. ia. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Laud. 2. Barbarini. 1. Roe 2. Leicest. Veles. lect. Syriac, Arabic, Ethiopic, and the Complutensian

edition. fee 1 Theff. iv. 11.

Ch. V. 5. Estel ista Alexand. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Baroc. Barbarinj. 3. Covel. 2, 3. Roe 2. Petav. 1, 2. Lincol. Vienn. Colinzus, the Vulgate, Arabic, Clem. Alexand. Chrysoftom, Text & Com. Cyprian, Augustin, the Scholiast, Occumenius, Hesychius, Suidas. see

Prol. 634.

Ib. O εξίν.] Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. 36 Lat. MSS. of Lovain, Veles. left. the Vulgate, Cyprian, Ambrose, Augustin, the Scholiast, and the Latin Commentators. St. Jerom, quod est idolis serviens (ὁ εξίν ειδωλαίρης, as it is in some Greek MSS. mentioned by Beza) fortasse rectius, says Dr. Mills, ὁ εξίν being the same here as τουλεδίντα the Syrian interpreter read η ειδωλαίρης, the Æthiopic, και ειδωλαίρης.

Ver. 9. Φωθος.] Steph. ε. ια. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Barb. 1. Roe 2. Veles, lect. Colinæus, Vulgate, Coptic, Syriac, Æthiopic, Ambrose, Text and Comment. Jerom, Text and Comment. Greg. Thaumat. Augustin, Theophylact, Calaritan. ir agrees better with the context, says Grotius. πνευμάρος was borrow'd from

Galat. Ch. V. 22. fays Dr. Mills.

Ver. 14. Syncellus fays, this is cited from an Apocryphal writing of Jeremiah. the marginal note of Huntington, and of two MSS. in the King's Library at Paris, affert the fame; from one of Elias's prophecies, says Epiphanius. others ascribe it to different authors, upon which St. Jerom makes this excellent remark: "when the apostles quote any testimonies from the prophets, and the Old Testament, which we can't find in our copies, we must not therefore immediately have recourse to the fooleries and whimsies of Apocryphal records; but take it for granted, such citations are justly ascribed to the Old Testament: though the apostles consulting the sense more than the words, have expressed themselves in such a manner, as to make it disticult to any, but the studious, to discover from whence they were borrowed."

Γ.). Επιφαυσει τοι δ Κυριες] επιφαυσεις του Χριεζου. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Ambrose, Augustin, in Pfal. 3. (but lib. Nat. & Grat. illuminabit te) Nolanus, Chrysostom, (who yet approves the common

reading.) Theodoret, but he observes, that surpauses so to Xpusion is found in some copies. Russians, Paulinus, Russians, &c., see Prot 481.

Ver. 17. Kupiou J Ossu Alexand. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Jerom, Augustin, the Scholiast, Gildas.

Ver. 19. Ty mapoia] rais napolais Alexand: Clar. Germ. Borner Gr.

Lat. Roc. z. Veici. lect.

Ver. 20. Τφ Θεφ και παίρι] και παίρι Θεφ Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ Gr. Lat. Θεω παίρι Syriac, Arabic, Θεφ without και παίρι Æthiopic, τφ παίτι και Θεφ Borner. Gr. Lat.

Ver. 21. Xpislov.] Steph. 3. 4. 4. Alexand. Laud. 2. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2.4. Roe 2. Lincol. N. Col. Petav. 3. Leicest. the Complutensian edition, and Colineus, the Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic, Æthiopic, Arabic, Chrysostom, Amorose, Augustin, the Scholiast, Xpislov Incov Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Genev. Incov Xpislov Borner Gr. Lat. Dr. Mills thinks the change was made of Xpislov into Occurs peculie posses, Xpislov occurs no where elie in scripture. See Prol. 635.

Ver. 23. Avloc] without was or sols. the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Bo new Gr. Lat. Barbar. 1. the Vulgate, Clemens Alexand.

Jerom Ambrose, the Scholiast.

Ve. 27. Avinv] Avios. Steph. 6. 12. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (and Dr. Mills thinks the Gr.) Roc 2. Covel. 2. Velef. lect. the Vulgate, Ambroie, Jerom, the Scholiast.

Ver. 29. Kupios | Kpiolos. Steph. ia. Alexand. Germ. Gr. Lat. Clar. Lat. (and Gr. Dr. Mills thinks) Barb. 2. Roe 2. Lincol. Petav. 3. Covel. 2. Leicest. Colinæus, the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopić, Tertullian, Jerom, Ambrose, the Scholiass, Augustin, Theodoret, Theophylass, Chrysostom.

Ver. 30. Ex The sagree aview, was en Town of som aview] is not in the Alexand. Colbert. 7. Æthiopic, Coptic. Grotius thinks it may be a marginal scholion. Dr. Mills, thinks it borrowed from Gen. ii. 22. Prol. 729.

Ch. VI. 7. 126 To Kupper:] Steph. e. 8. 1. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Las. Germ. Last. (Gr.) Borner Gr. Last. Laud. 2. Covel. 2, 4. N. Col. 2. Genev. Leicest. Hunting. 1. the Complutensian edition, Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Chrysostom, Jerom, the Scholiast.

Ver. 10. Αδελφοι μου] is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Æthiopic, Ambrosc, Jerom. αδελφοι without μου. Alexand. Borner Gr. Lat.

Roe 2. the Vulgate, and Scholiast.

Ver. 12. Tou answee] is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Velef. lect. Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic, Tertuilian, Cyprian, Ignatius Ep. interpol. Jerom, Ambrose, Augustin, the Scholiast, Calariranus, Pelagius. 'tis, no doubt, a marginal explication of Tou σχοδους, says Dr. Mills. Prol. 748.

Ver. 13. Ka esp[aouevos.] Alexand. Perfetti Vulgate, Borner Lat.

Ver. 14. Ouv] is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Cyprian.

Ver. 17. Astaobs] is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Ambroic, Calaritanus.

Ver. 18. Toulo] is not in the Alexand. Clar. Germ. Borner, Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. Colinœus, Vulgate, Ambrose, Jerom, Augustin, Basil, the Scholiast, Calaritanus.

Ver. 18. aspunvouses marsole] Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner

Gr. Lat. Syriac, Batil.

Ver. 10. Δοθκ.] Alexand. Clar. Germ. Borner. Cantab. 2. Laud. 2. N. Col. 2. Covel. 2, 3. Peray. 1, 2, 3. Lincoln. Roe 2. Colbert. 7. Genev. Leicest. Lucianus, Basil, Chrysostom, Theodorgt, Theophylact, the editions of Complutens, and Colingus.

Ver. 21. Havia] is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (and Gr.) Borner Gr. Lat. the Syriac, Ambrose, nor the Completensian edition. Dr. Mills thinks it borrowed from Col. iv. 7.



патлот

THE

TOT

EPISTLE

ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΟΥ

O F

H HPOE DIAINHHEIOTE

PAUL the Apostle

ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ.

To the PHILIPPIANS

ΑΥΛΟΣ και Τιμοθεος δουλοι Ιπσου
Χρισίου, πασι τοις
άγιοις εν Χρισίω Ιπσου, τοις
ουσιν εν Φιλιπποις, συν επισκοποις και διακονοις.

Χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο Θεου παίρος ήμων, και Κυ--

ριου Ιπσου Χρισίου. Ευχαρισίω τω Θεώ μού επι παση τη μνεια ύμων, 4 πανίοιε εν παση δεησει μου ύπερ πανίων ύμων μεία κα-5 ρας την δεησιν ποιουμενος, επι τη κοινωνια ύμων εις το ευαςς ελιον, απο πρωίης ήμε-6 και αχρι του νυν. πεποιθως αυίο τουίο, ότι δ εναρξαμένος EV UMIN EFFON AFABON, ETTILENEσει αχρις ήμερας Ιπσου Χρισ-7 του. καθως εσλι δικαιον εμοι τουλο φρονειν ύπερ πανλων ύμων, δια το εχειν με έν τη καρδια ύμας, εν τε τοις δεσμοις μου, και τη απολογια, και βεβαιωσει του ευαγγελιου,

PAUL and Timothy the fervants of Jesus Christ, to all the christians that are at Philippi, to the bishops, and to the deacons.

Grace and peace be with 2 you from God our father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ.

I thank God, for your re- 3 membrance of me, and I 4 never pray without praying for you all with joy, for your liberality to the gospel, from the first day to the present time. being persuaded that 6 be who has begun this good work in you will bring it to perfection against the appearance of Christ. it is but just 7 I should have this opinion of you, being sensible you make the dispensation I am under a common concern, with respect to my confinement, and

συγκοινωνους μου της χαρίος 8 πανίας ύμας ονίας. μαρίυς γαρ μου εσίιν ο Θεος, ως επιποθω πανίας ύμας εν σπλαγχ-9 νοις Ιπσου Χρισίου. και του-το προσευχομαι, ίνα ή αγαπη ύμων είι μαλλον και μαλλον και μαλλον περισσευή εν επιγνωσει 10 και πασή αισθησει, εις το δοκιμαζειν ύμας τα διαφερούλα, ίνα η ε ειλικρινεις και απροσκοποι εις ήμεραν Χρισ-11 του, πεπληρωμενοι καρπων δικαιοσυνης των δια Ιπσου Χρισίου, εις δοξαν και επαι-

νον Θεου. 12 Γινωσκειν δε ύμας βουλομαι, αδέλφοι, ότι τα κατ' Έμε μαλλον εις προκοπην του ε 3 ευαγγελιου εληλυθεν. wole . Τους δεσμους μου φανερους εν Χρισίω Γενεσθαι εν όλω τω πραίδωριω, και τοις λοιποις 14 πασι. και τους πλειονάς των αδελφων εν Κυριώ, πεποιθοτας τοις δεσμοις μου, περισσολερως τολμαν αφοβως τον 15 λογον λαλειν. Τίνες μεν και δια φθονον και εριν, Τινες δε και δι' ευδοκιαν τον Χρισίον 16 κηρυσσουσιν. οι μεν εξ εριθειας του Χρισίου καλαγτέλλουσιν ουχ άξνως, οιομένοι θλιψιν επιφέρειν τοις δεσμοις 17 μου: οι δε εξ αςαπης, ειδο-Τες ότι εις απολογιαν Του 18 suaffediou keihai. Ti fap?

of the gospel. for God is my 8 witness, that I love you with a christian tenderness. and 9 the favour I ask of him is this, that your kindness to me may be crown'd with farther improvements in knowledge and all prudence; that 10 being capable to distinguish what is best, you may remain stedsastly sincere until the day of Christ, abounding 11 in good works by Jesus Christ, to the glory and praise of God.

Now I would have you 12 know, my breibren, that what bas bappen'd to me, bas only conduc'd to the progress of the gospel; so that the whole court 13 and publick are well apprized that I am a prisoner upon the account of Jesus Christ. even 14 many of our brethren, encourag'd by my bonds, preach the word with greater freedom and intrepidity. it is 15 true, there are some who preach Christ out of a spirit of envy and contention; but others do it out of pure affection. those preach the gospel of 16 Christ, not in sincerity, but from a principle of contention, with a view to inflame the persecution against me: the others 17 att from affection, as knowing that I suffer for having defended the gospel. is it not how-18

πλην πανλι Τροπω, είλε προφασει, είλε αληθεία, Χρισλος Kalassenzelai, Kai ev Toulw χαιοώ, αλλα και χαρησομαι. 10 οιδα ταρ ότι τουλο μοι απο-Βησείαι εις σωίπριαν δια της ύμων δεησεως, και επιχορηrias του πνευμαλος **Ι**πσου 20 Χρισίου, καλα την αποκαραδοκιαν και ελπιδα μου. ότι εν ουδενι αισχυνθησομαι, αλλ' εν παση παρόησια, ώς παν-Tols, Kai VUV METANUVONGELAI Χοισίος εν τω σωμαίι μου, eile dia Lwns, eile dia bava-21 του. εμοι γαρ το ζην, Χριστος, και το αποθανείν, κερ-22 δος. ει δε Το ζην εν σαρκι, τουλο μοι καρπος εργου, και τι αιτησομαι ου γνωρισω. 23 συνεχομαι Γαρ εκ των δυο, THY ETIBULIAN EXWY EIG TO Aναλυσαι, και συν Χρισίω ειναι, πολλω μαλλον κρεισσον. 24 TO DE ETILLEVEIV EV TH GAPKI, 25 αναγκα: οΙεςον δι' ύμας. και τουλο πεποιθως οιδα ότι μενω και συμπαραμενω πασιν ύμιν, εις Την ύμων προκοπην 26 και χαςαν της πισίεως, ίνα Το καυχημα ύμων περισσευη εν Χρισίω Ιπσου εν εμοι, δια της εμής παρουσιάς πάλιν 27 προς ύμας. μονον αξιως του ευαργελιου του Χρισίου πολιτευεσθε, ίνα είλε επθων και ιδων ύμας, είζε απων, ακουσω τα περι ύμων, ότι σ]n-

ever someadvantage? fince in either way, whether it be occalionally, or professedly, Christ is preach'd; which is now, and always will be matter of joy to me. for I know that this shall 10 turn to my deliverance, thro your prayers, by the (pirit. which Jefus Christ will supply me with, agreeably to 20 that expectation and persuasion I have, that I hall not labour in vain; but as I always bave, so I shall still glorify Christ in my body, whether it be by life or by death: for if I live, I live to Christ; 21 and if I die, I gain. whether it 22 be an advantage to me or not still to lead this mortal life, what to chufe I cannot tell. I23 am doubly press'd between my desire to depart, in order to be with Christ, which is by far the best for ME; and my incli-24 nation to abide in this life, as being more advantageous for YOU: which consideration 25. persuades me that I shall abide, and even continue some time with you all, to improve your advancement in the faith, and to promote your joy: that 26 by my being present with you again, I may be the occasion of beightning your christian joy. only conduct yourselves in a 27 manner becoming the gospel of Christ, that cobes ber I come to fee you, or elfe am absent, I may

bave

κε εν ένι πνευμαλι, μια ψυχη συναθλουνίες τη πισίει
28 του ευαγγελιου, και μη πλυρομενοι εν μηδενι ύπο των αντικειμενων, ήτις αυλοις μεν
εσλιν ενδειξις άπωλειας, ύμιν
δε σχήπριας, και τουλο απο
29 Θεου. Ότι ύμιν εχαρισθη το
υπερ Χρισλου, ου μονον το εις
αυλον πισλευειν, αλλα και το
30 ύπερ αυλού πασχειν, τον αυτον αγωνα εχονλες διον ιδελε
εν εμοι, και νυν ακουελε εν εμοι.

Ει Τις ουν παρακλησις εν Χρισίω, ει Τι παραμυθιον αγαπης, ει Τις κοινωνια πνευμαίος, ει Τινα σπλαγχνα και 2 οικλιρμοι, πληρωσαίε μου Την χαραν, ίνα Το αυίο φρονηίε, Την αυίην αγαπην εχονίες, συμψυχοι, Το έν φρονουν-Τες.

3 Μπδεν καλα εριθειαν π κενοδοξιαν, αλλα τη ταπεινοφροσυνη αλλιπλους ή ουμενοι
4 ὑπερεχονλας ἐαυλων. μη τα
εαυλων ἐκασλος σκοπείλε, αλλα και τα ἐτερων ἐκασλος.
5 τουλο γαρ φρονεισθω εν ὑμιν
6 ὁ και εν Χρισλω Ιπσου. ὁς εν
μορφη Θεου ὑπαρχων, ουχ
άρπαγμον ή τησαλο το ειναι
7 ισα Θεω, αλλ ἐαυλον εκενω-

bave this account of you, that you are stedfastly of the same resolution, and unanimously contend for the faith of the gospel, without being under any 28 the least apprehension from your adversaries: this will be to them a sign of their ruin, and to you of falvation, by the divine appointment. for it is a 20 favour bestowed upon you, that you not only believe on Christ. but suffer also for bis sake, be- 20 ingengag din the same conflict, in which you saw I was formerly, and bear that I am at present engag'd.

If then there be any chriflian consolation, any charitable relief, any communion
of the spirit, if any tenderness
of compassion, compleat my joy, 2
by pursuing the same view,
living in mutual love, by being unanimous, and cultivating that barmony.

Do nothing out of a spirit of a contention, or for vain-glory, but modestly look upon others as if they were better than yourselves. let no man consult 4 only his private interest, but let every man consult likewise the interest of others. for the 5 same temper of mind ought to be in you as was in Christ Jesus: who the was the 6 timage of God, did not affect to appear with divine majesty, but divested himself thereof, by 7

σε, * 1 Cor. iv. 4. Col. i. 15. Heb. i. 3. σε, μορφην δουλου λαβων, εν ομοιωμαλι ανθρωπων Γενο8 μενος, και σχημαλι ευρεθεις ώς ανθρωπος, εταπεινωσεν έαυτον, Γενομενος ύπηκοος μεχρι θαναλου, θαναλου δε σλαυρου.
9 διο και ό Θεος αυλον ύπερυψωσε, και εχαρισαλο αυλώ ονομα το ύπερ παν ονομα, το ίνα εν τω ονομαλι Ιησου παν Γονυ καμψη επουρανιων και τι επιγειων και καλαχθονιων, και πασα Γλωσσα εξομολογησεται ότι Κυριος Ιησους Χριστος, εις δοξαν Θεου παλρος.

CHAP. 11.

12 Ωσ]ε, αξαπηλοι μου, καθω: πανίδιε ύπηκουσαίε, μη ε τη παρουσια μου μονον, αλλα νυν πολλω μαλλον εν τη απουσιαμου, μεία φοβου και τρομου την έαυλων σωληι ο ριαν καλεργαζεσθε: ο Θεος γαρ εσίν ο ενεργων εν ύμιν και το BENSIV KAL TO EVERTSIV, WITER τ 4 της ευδοκιας. πανία ποιείδε χωρις ΓοΓΓυσμων και διαλο-15 γισμων, ίνα γενησθε αμεμπίοι και ακεραίοι, Τεκύα Θεού αμωμηία εν μεσω Γενεας σκογιας και διεσθραμμενής, εν οις φαινεσθε ώ: φωσίπρες εν κοσ-16 μω, λογον ζωπς επεχονίες, εις καυχημα εμοι εις ημεραν Χριστου, ότι ουκ εις κενου εδραμον, συδε εις κενον εκοπιασα,

assuming the form of a fervant: being made in the likeness of men, and his whole exterior 8 showing nothing more than a meer man, be abased bimfelf. and carried bis submission so far as to die, even the death of the cross. wherefore God bas a bigbly exalted and given bim a name, which is above every name: that at the name of 19 Jesus both angels and men, the living and the dead, should pay their adorations, and that eve- 11 ry nation should confess that Fefus Christ is the Lord, to the glory of God the father.

Wherefore, my beloved, as 12 you have always obey'd the gospel, not only when I was with you, but much more now while I am absent, continue the work of your own falvation, whatever persecutions you apprebend: for it is God that in- 13 fluences your desires and endeavours, out of bis benevolence to you. do every thing 14 without murmuring and difputes: that you may be with- 15 out reproach, the inoffensive spotless children of God in the midst of a depraved and perverse generation (among whom you should shine as stars in the world, you, who display the 16 dostrine of eternal life) that in the day of Christ I may have the satisfaction of not having pursued my laborious course in

17 αλλ' εί και σπενδομαι επι τη θυσια και λειδουργια της πισ-Τεως ύμων, χαιρω και συγ-18 χαιρω πασινύμιν. Το δ' αυ-Το και ύμεις χαιρείε, και συγχαιρείε μοι.

10 Ελπίζω δε εν Κυριώ Ιησου, Τιμοθεον ταχεως πεμψαι ύμιν, ίνα κάτω ευψυχω, 20 Γνους Τα περι ύμων. ουδενα ταρ εχω ισοψυχον, όσλις rynσιως τα περι ύμων μεριμνη-21 σει. όι πανίες γαρ τα έαυτων ζηλουσιν, ου τα του 22 Χρισίου Ιησου. - של של עמד ו κιμην αύλου γινωσκίλε, ότι ώς malpi Texpor, our eucl e-SOUNEUGEN EIG TO EVAFTENION. ψαι, ώς αν απιδω τα περι 24 εμε, εξαυίπ. πεποιθα δε εν Κυριω, ότι και αυλος ταχεως 25 ελευσομαι. αναγκαιον δε n-**Γ**πσαμπν, Επαφροδίζου του αδέλφου και συνέργου και συσβρατιώλην μου, ύμων δε αποσίολον, και λειίουργον Της χρειας μου, πεμιναι προς υ-26 MAG ETELON ET LTOOWY NY TAYτας ύμας, και αδημονών, διολι πκουσάλε ότι πσθενήσε. 27 και γαρ ποθενποε παραπλησιον θαναίω. απλ' ὁ Θεος αυλου πλεπσεν, ουκ αυλον δε

vain. and if my blood should 17 ferve as a libation to ratify your faith, I should rejoice and congratulate with you all thereupon; and you too should 18 be glad and congratulate me upon that account.

However, I bope by the fa- 19 vour of the Lord Jesus to send Timothy to you very soon, that I may have some encouragement by knowing the state of your affairs: for there is no 20 one that is fo dear to me as be. and no one will more fincerely interest bimself in your concerns. the most consult their 21 private advantage, and neglest the dispensation of Jesus Christ. you know be bas 22 stood the test, and has serv'd with me in the gospel, as a son serves with his father. I hope 22 therefore to fend him to you as foon as I find what turn my affairs shall take: nay, I trust 24 in the Lord, that I myself too sball visit you very soon. bow-25 ever I thought it necessary to send you Epaphroditus my brother, my collegue in the ministry, and my fellow-soldier, whom you had fent to supply my wants: for be long'd to see 26 you all, and was greatly concern'd, that you should hear hewas fick. and indeed be was fick almost unto death: but 27 God bad pity on him, and not

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μονον, αλλα και εμε, ίνα μη λυπην επι λυπη σχω. 28 σπουδαιοΙερως ουν επεμψα αυΙον, ίνα ιδονίες αυΙον πα-λιν, χαρηίε, κά μω αλυπο-29 Τερος ω. προσδεχεσθε ουν αυΙον εν Κυριώ μεία πασης χαρας, και τους τοιουίους εν-30 τιμους εχείε: ότι δια το εργον του Χρισίου μεκρι θαναίου ηγισε, παραβολευσαμενος τη ψυχη, ίνα αναπληρωση το ύμων ύσιερημα της προς με λειιουργιας.

Το λοιπου, αδελφοι μου, χαιρείε εν Κυριω, τα αυία γραφειν ύμιν, εμοι μεν ουκ οκ-2 υπρού, ύμιν δε ασφαλές. βλεπείε τους κυνας, βλεπείετους KAKOUS EPTATAS, BRETTELE THY 3 Kalalounv. THEIS FAP ETHEY n περίδομη, δι πνευμαλι Θεω λαΙρευούΙες, και καυχωμενοι εν Χρισίω Ιπσου, και ουκ εν 4 σαρκι πεποιθοίες: καιπερετω εχων πεποιθησιν και εν σαρ-KI : EL TIC DOKEL ANNOC TETTOLθεναι εν σαρκι, εγω μαλλον: 5 TEPHOUN OKLANUEPOS, EK TEVOUS Ισραπλ, φυλης Βενιαμίν, Εβραιος εξ Εβραιων, καλα νο-6 μου Φαρισαιος, καλα ζηλου δ : ω K ω ν The EKKANGIAN, K α δ δικαιοσυνην Την εν νομώ Γενο-

on him only, but on me likewife, left I should have forrow upon forrow. I fent bim there- 28 fore with the greater dispatch, that I might have the less disquietude, by the satisfaction you will find in seeing bim again. receive bim then in the 29 Lord with all alacrity, and let such be the objects of your esteem: for be was upon the 20 brinkof death for the service of Christ, baving expos'd bis life to the greatest dangers, to perform those kind offices, which you could not do yourselves.

Finally, my brethren, rejoice in the Lord. it is not uneasy to me to write what I bave already faid, and it is an advantage to you. be upon your guard against snarlers, against the contrivances of the crafty, against the spurious breed; for 3 we are the genuine sons of Abraham, who worship Ged in the spiritual manner, and value no other dependance than that on Jesus Christ, without confiding in any external advantages: which I might do more justly than any other man can pretend to: being circum- 5 cised the eighth day, of the family of Israel, of the tribe of Benjamin, an Hebrew by descent, by sett a Pharisee. if 6 zeal is to be regarded, I perfecuted the church; if the integrity prescrib'd by the law, I

η μένος αμεμίπλος. αλλ' άτινα ην μοι κερδη, ταυία ή ημαι 8 δια τον Χοισίον ζημιαν. αλλα μενουντε και ήτουμαι παντα ζημιαν ειναι δια το ύπερεχον της γνωσεως Χρισίου Ιησου του Κυειου μου, δι' όν τα πανία εζημιώθην, και ήτουμαι σκυβαλα ειναι, τνα ο Χρισίον κερδήσω, και έυρεθω εν αυίω, μη εχων εμην δικαιοσυνήν Την εκ νομού, αλλα την δια πισλεως Χρισλου, την εκ Θεου δικαιοσυνήν επι τη 10 πισθει, Του γνωνάι αυθου, και την δυναμιν της ανασλασεως αυίου, και την κοινωνιαν των παθημαίων αυίου, συμμορ-11 Φουμενος τω θαναίω αυίου, ει πως καλανλησω εις την εξα-12 νασλασιν Τήν εκ νεκρων. Ουχ ότι πόπ ελαβον, η πόπ τε-Τελειωμαι. διωκω δε ει και καλαλαβω, εφ' ώ και καλεληφθην ύπο του Χρισίου In-13 σου. αδελφοι, εςω εμαυίον 14 ου πογίζομαι καλειπηφεναι, έν δε, τα μεν οπισω επιλανθανομένος, Τοις δε εμπροσθέν εκαλα σκοπου πεκλεινομένος, διωκω επι το βραβειον της ανω κλησεως του Θεου εν Χοισίω Ιησου.

55 Οσοι ουν τελειοι, τουλο φρονωμεν, και ει τι έτερως φρονείλε, και τουλο ο Θεος ύ-

am without reproach; these 7 advantages I renounce for Christ, nay I think them disadvantages when put in competition with the excellency of the knowledge of Jejus Chrift my Lord: for whose sake I abandon all these things, and count them as straw, that I may gain Christ, and be his true 9 disciple, not professing that justification, which is derived from the law, but that which is from the gospel, the justifi- 10 cation which God grants to those who acknowledge Christ and the power of his refurrection, who suffer after his example, and die to fin, as be died to the world, in order to 11 obtain the resurrection of the just. for I am not yet secure of 12 the prize, I have not yet finish'd my course: but I press to obtain the reward, which Jesus Christ invited me to. I 13 don't imagine, my brethren, that I am arriv'd at the goal; but this I do, unmindful of what is pass'd, I stretch towards that which is in view, I press towards the mark for 14 the prize to which God has called me from above by Jefus Christ.

Let us therefore, who have 15 been instructed, have this in view: and if you are sollicitous about any thing else, God will reveal even that unto you.

16 HIV ATOKANUWEL. THEY ELC O εφθασαμέν, τω αυλω σλοιχείν KAYOVI, TO AUTO DOOVELY. 17 συμμιμή αι μου τινέσθε, α δέλφοι και σκοπείλε τους ουτω περιπαλουνίας, καθως ε-18 χείε τυπον ήμας. πολλοι γαρ περιπαίουσιν, όυς πολλακις ENERGY UMIN, YUN DE KAI KAAI-WY RETW, TOUG EXPROUG TOU 19 σλαυρου του Χρισλου, ών το τελος απωλειά, ών όθεος ή κοιλια, και ή δοξα εν τη αισχυνη αυίων, οι τα επιτεια 20 Φρονουνίες. ήμων γαρ το πολιλευμα εν ουρανοις υπαρχει, εξ ου και σωληρα απεκδέχομεθα Κυριον Ιπσουν Χρισίον. 21 0 นยิสธาทนสิเธย To ชอนส της ταπεινωσεως ήμων συμμορφον τω σωμαίι της δοξης αυίου, καία την ενεργειαν του δυνασθαι αυλον και ύπολαξαι έαυΙω τα πανία.

Ωσίε, αδέλφοι μου αγαπηθοι και επιποθηθοι, χαρα και σιεφανος μου, ουίω σίπκθε εν Κυριω, αγαπηλοι. ευωδιαν παςακαλω, και Συντυχην παρακαλω το αυλο φρουείν εν Κυρίω. ναι ερώλω και σε συζυτε γνησιε, συλπαμβανου αυλαίς, άιτινες εν τω ευαγελιω συνηθλησαν μοι, μελα και Κλημενλος, και πων λοιπων συνερτων μου, ών τα ονομαία εν βιβλω ζω-275.

in the mean while. as we are 16 already advanced fo far, pur-. fue your course, and keep it still in view: treadin my steps, 17 my bretbren, and fix your eyes upon those who follow the example I give you. for there 18 are many that wander about. of whom I have frequently told you, and now repeat it with tears, that they are enemiestothe cross of Christ: who in the 10 end will be ruin'd, who place: their religion in fenfuality, their glory in that which is. their shame, and fix their thoughts upon this earth. but 20 we are the denifons of heaven, from whence we expett the faviour Jesus Christ our Lord. it 21 is he, that will changeour vile body into a like form with his glorious body, by displaying that power which is able to fubdue all things unto himself.

Wherefore, my dearly be- 1 loved bretbren, my joy and my crown, whom I long to fee, continue firm in your christian profession, my beloved. I con- 2 jure Euodias, and I conjure Syntyche to be perfettly united: in the Lord. yea, I intreat 3 thee too, my faithful collegue, to assist thein both, for they affisted me in the gospel, as well as Clement, and my other collegues, whose names are in the book of life.

4 Σαιρείε εν Κυριφ πανίδιε ε 5 παλιν ερω, χαιρείε. Το επιεικες ύμων γνωσθηίω πασιν ανθρωποις. ο Κυριο; εγγυς : 6 μηδεν μερκμυαίε, αλλ εν παντι τη προσευχή και τη δεησει μεία ευχαρισίιας τα αιτημαία ύμων γνωριζεσθω προς 7 τον Θεον. και ή ειρηνη του Θεου ή ύπερεχουσα πανία νουν, φρουρησει τας καρδιας ύμων και τα γοημαία ύμων εν Χρισίω Ιησου.

8 Το λοιπον, αδελφαι, όσα εσίν αλυθη, όσα σεμνα, όσα όσα όσα όσα προσφιλη, όσα ευφημα, ει τις αρείπ και ει τις επαινος, 9 ταυία λογίζεσθε. ά και εμαθέξε, και παρελαβέξε, και ηκουσαίε, και ειδέξε εν εμοι, ταυία πρασσείε, και ό Θεος της ειρηνης εσίαι μεθ ύμων.

10 Εχαρην δε εν Κυριφ μεγαλως, ότι ηδη πολε ανεθαλελε το ύπερ εμου φρονειν, εφ' φ και εφρονείλε, ηκαιρεισθε δε. 11 ουχ ότι καθ' ύσλερησιν λεγω, εγω γαρ εμαθου, εν όις ειμι, 12 αυλαρκης ειναι. οιδα και ταπεινουσθαι, οιδα και περισσευειν, εν πανλι και εν πασι μεμυημαι και χορλαζεσθαι Rejoice in the Lord alway: 4
I fay it again, rejoice. let 5
your meekness be known unto
all men. the Lord is coming: 6
be not in any manner of sollicitude, but in all your occasions
lay your requests before God by
prayer and supplication accompany'd by thanksgiving,
and the favour of God, which
surpasses all comprehension,
shall keep your bearts and
mind attach'd to Jesus Christ.

Finally, my brethren, 8 whatever has the character of truth, of dignity, of justice, of chastity, whatever can procure you esteem and reputation, in a word, if there he any thing virtuous or praise-worthy, let that he the object of your enquiry. practise what I 9 have taught, what you have learnt of me, what you have heard me preach, and seen me practise, this do, and the God of peace will then he with you.

Now I joyfully thank the 10 Lord, that your concern for me has at length reviv'd. not that you wanted the disposition, but only the opportunity. it is not my indigence that 11 makes me say this: for I have learn'd, in whatevever state I am, therewith to be content: I know how to be in want, I 12 know how to abound: every where, and in every circumstance, I have been prepar'd

KAL TELVATY, KAL TEDLOTEUELU 13 Kai volepeiolai. Tayla ioχυω ει Τω ενδυναμουνίκ με 14 (X010 0.) TAIN KARWS Enoingale, συγκοινωνησανίες 15 μου τη θλιψει. οιδαίε δε και DILEIG, DINITATIOIS, OTI EV APXII TOU EVALLENIOU, OTE εξπλθον απο Μακεδονιας, ουδεμια μοι εκκλησια εκοινωνη-GEN EIL YOLON BOGERY KAI YUτό ψεως, ει μη ύμεις μονοι: ότι KAL EV GEGGANOVIKU KALAπαξ και δις εις την χρειαν μοι 17 επεμιναίε. ουχ ότι επιζήλω το δομα, αλλ' επιζηίω τον καρπου του πλεουαζονία εις 18 λογον ύμων. απέχω δε παντα, και περισσεύω, πεπληρωμαι, δεξαμένος παρα Επα-Φοοδίλου τα παρ ύμων, οσμπν ευωδιας, θυσιαν δεκλην. 19 ευαρεσίον τω Θεω. ο δε Θεος μου πληρωσει πασαν χρειαν ύμων καία τον πλουίον άυτου, εν δοξη, εν Χρισίω Ιπ-20 σου. τω δε Θεω και παίοι ήμων ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας Των αιωνων. αμπν.

21 Ασπασασθε παν α άξιον εν Χρισίω Ιπσου. ασπαζονται ύμας οι συν εμοι αδελφοι. 22 ασπαζονίαι ύμας πανίες οι άξιοι, μαλισία δε οι εκ της Καισαρος οικιας.

23 Η χαρις του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου μεία του πνευμαίος ύμων.

AMHN.

for fulness or famine, for plenty or penury: to thefe 13 things I am equal, thre Christ who strengthens me. bowever, 14 you afted generously in assisting me in my necessity: and you 15 nourselves know, O Philippians, that when I first preach d the gospel, at my departure from Macedonia, Ireceiv' duo manner of assistance from any other church but yours; for 16 you feat more than once to Thessalonica to supply my occasions. not that I desire a 17 present; but what I desire is. that the fruits of your liberality may greatly redound to your own account. I have now re- 18 ceiv'd the whole, and have more than sufficient: I am loaded with the presents you sent by Epapbroditus, which I bave receiv'd as grateful incense, as a sacrifice which God accepts and approves. for 19 which may my God crown all your defires with glory by Christ Jesus. to Godour father 20 be glory for ever. amen.

Salute all the christian con-21 verts. the brethren who are with me salute you. all the 22 converts here salute you, particularly those of Cesar's houshold.

The grace of our Lord Je-23 fus Christ he with your spi-rit.

AMEN.

Ch. I. B. Mov.] Mor. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Barb. 2. Lincol. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Ambrose, the Scholiast, Chryfoftom.

Ver. 14. Aosov] Aosov vev Geou Steph. 6. 12. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Lincol. Laud. 2. Roe 2. Covel. 2. Colbert. 7. Leicest. Complutensian edition, Colinzus, Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic, MS. Chrysostom, Ciemens Alex. Ambrose, the Scholiass, Aosov Kupsov Borner Gr. Lat.

Ven. 18. πλην] έτι πλην Alexand. Laud. 2. Baroc. Petav. 2, 3. Covel.

2. Colbert. 7. Theophylact. non male, fays Grotius.

Ver. 23. [a2] & Ali Steph. MSS. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Cantab. 2, 3. Laud. 2. Sinah. Baroc. Roe 2. Petav. 1. Hunting. 1. N. Col. 2, 4. Genev. Magdal. 1. Lincol. Leicest. Basil. 2. the Complutensian edition, the two first editions of R. Steph. Colinzus, the Vulgate, Ambrose, the Scholiass, Occumenius.

Ver. 28. Mer is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.)

Borner Gr. Lat. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic.

Ch. II. 4. Σκοπουνίας.] Steph. ια. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Roc 2. Barb. 1. Covel. 2. Colb. 7. Velef. iect. Co.i-

næus, Vulgate, Bafil, Ambrofe, the Scholiaft, Athanasius.

Ver. 30. Παραβολ.] Alexand. Clar. Germ. Borner, Parabolatus de anima fua omnium, Lat. the Vulgate, Æthiopic, Ambrose, the Scholiass, Hesychius. Causabon, Scaliger, Salmassus, Grotius approve this reading. see Prol. 484. Pliny in his epistles explains the word, Periculosa, susque Graci melius exponunt παραβολά. Parabolant among the Romans were such as attended the sick with the hazard of their own lives.

Ch. III. 3. Octo Occu Steph. 3. 10. 10. Alexand. Borner Gr. Lat. Laud. 2. Cantab. 2, 3. N. Col. 2. Sinah. Roc 2. Lincol. Baroc. Magdal. 1. Pctav. 1, 3. Covel. 2, 3, 4. the Complutentian edition, Lucianus, Theodoret, some Latin MSS. quos perfidi falfaverant, says Ambrose, lib. 2. de Sp. fantt. Augustin de Trin. l. 1. c. 6. who says, many Latin, and all, or almost all the Greek MSS. have Occu, which reading Dr. Mills thinks was occasion'd by their mistaking avecuals for the Holy Spirit.

Ver. 11. The see verger.] Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Colb. 7. Covel. 2. Barb. 2. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Irenaus, Tertul. Ambroic, the Scholiast, Chrysostom, Calaritan. see Prol. 885.

Ver. 12. Ελαβον] η ηδη ευδικαιωμαι is added in Clar, Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Irenaus lib. 4. c. 22. Ambrosc. text & com. Tract. de fingularitate Cleric. it is an explanation of τε ελειωμαι, that crept from the margin into the text, says Dr. Mills.

Ver. 12. Insou is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr.

Lat. Colb. 7. Æthiopic, Clemens Alex. Tertull. Jerom.

Ver. 13. O. 700.] Steph. If Alexand. Clar. Laud. 2. Roe 2. Barbarini 5. Baroc. Petav. 1, 2. Coib. 7. Covel. 2, 4. Aldus, Froben, Colinæus, Æthiopic, Clemens Alexand. Ambrose, Theodoret, Occumenius, Chron. Alexand.

Ver. 21. En 70 severbas av. o] is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner Gr. Lat. Vulgate, Irenxus, Tertull. Ambrose, the Scholiast, Cyril Alex. see Prol. 922.

Ch. IV. 3. Nat epolot.] Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Cantab. 2, 3. Roe 2. Lincol. N. Col. 2. Barb. 8. Baroc. Magdal. 1. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2, 4. Sinah. edit. Complut. Aldus, Frqben, Colinæus, Vulgate, Arabic, Æthiopic, the Scholiast, Facundus, Theodoret, Occumentus.

Ver. 23. Tou Troupello; upor.] Steph. s. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Let. Gerin. Gr. Let. Roc 1. Colb. 7. Barb. 1. Covel. 2. Velef. lect. Vulgate, Athiopic, Coptic, Ambrose, the Scholiast.



T A T A O Y

THE

TOT

EPISTLE

AHOSTOAOT

OF

H HPOR KOAOREARIE

PAUL the Apostle

ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ.

To the COLOSSIANS.

Ι ΑΥΛΟΣ αποσίολος Ιπσου Χρισίου, δια θελημαίος Θεου, και 2 Τιμοθεος ὁ αδελφος, τοις εν Κολοσσαις άγιοις και πισίοις αδελφοις εν Χρισίω, χαρις ὑμυ και ειρηνη απο Θεου πατρος ἡμων (και Κυριου Ιησου Χρισίου.)

Ευχαρισίουμεν τω Θεω και παίρι του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου, πανίοιε περι ύμων 4 προσευχομενοι, ακουσανίες την πισίιν ύμων εν Χρισίω Ιπσου, και την αγαπην την εις παν5 τας τους άγιους, δια την εντιόα την αποκειμενην ύμιν εντοις συρανοις, ήν προηκουσατε εν τω λογω της αληθείας του ευαγγελίου, του παρονίος εις ύμας, καθως και εν πανίι τω κοσμω, και εσίι καρποφορουμένον, καθως και εν ύ-

AUL an apostle of Jesus Christ by the divine
appointment, and Timothy our brother, to our
faithful brethren the christian
converts at Coloss. savour and
peace be to you from God our
father, and from the Lord
Jesus Christ.

In our prayers we continually give thanks to the God and father of our Lord Jefus Christ upon your account, having beard of your faith in Christ Jesus, and of the affection you have to all christians; for the sake of that z bappiness, which you hope for, and is referv'd for you in heaven, of which you have already been inform'd by the preaching of the truth, that is, the gospel: which is not only come to you, but to all the world; where it produces its effects, and increases, as it does also

μιν, αφ' ής ήμερας πκουσαίε και επεγνώ Την χαριν Του 7 Θεου εν αληθεια, καθώς εμαθείε απο Επαφρα Του άγα-πηίου συνδουλου ήμων, ός εσίι πισίος ύπερ ύμων διακο-8 νος του Χρισίου, ό και δηλωσας ήμιν την ύμων αγαπην εν πνευμαίι.

Δια τουλο και ήμεις αφ' ής 9 THEPAG THOUGAUST, OU TRADOμεθα ύπερ ύμων προσευχομενοι, και αιδουμένοι ίνα πληρωθηλε την επιγνωσιν του θελημα**λος αυλου εν παση σο**φια και συνέσει πνευμαλικη: 10 περιπαίησαι ύμας αξιως του Κυριου εις πασαν αρεσκειαν, εν πανλι εργω αγαθω καρπο-Φορουνίες και αυξανομένοι εν ΤΙ Τη επιγνωσει Του Θεου, εν παση δυναμει δυναμουμενοι καλα το κοαλος της δοξης αυ-TOU. EIC TAGAY UTOLOVINY KAL 12 μακςοθυμιαν μεία χαρας: ευχαρισδουνες τω παίρι τω iκανωσανλι ήμας εις την μεριδά Του κληρου των αγιων εν τω 13 φωλι: ος ερρυσαλο ήμας εκ της εξουσιας του σκοίους, και μετεσίησεν εις την βασιλειάν του ύιου της αταπης άυλου.

Του ύιου της αταπης αυίου.

14 Εν ώ εχομέν την απολυτρωσιν την αφέσιν των ά15 μαείιων. ός εσίιν εικών του
Θέου του αοραίου, πρωτο16 τοκος πασης κίισεως. ότι εν

among you, ever fince you fincerely embrac'd the divine favour, which you heard was 7 offer'd to you, by the instructions of Epaphras, our dear fellow-servant, who is to you a faithful minister of Christ: who 8 also declared to us the love you hear to us upon a spiritual account.

For this cause, ever since 9 we beard of it, we incessantly pray for you, requesting that you may be endued with respect to the knowledge of bis will, with all wisdom and spiritual discernment: that your conduct may be 10 worthy of the Lord, in every respect agreeable to bim, being friutful in every kind of virtue, and increasing in divine knowledge: being fortifi- 1 1 ed* in so effectual a manner, as to fustain your trials with constancy and joy: giving 12 thanks to the father, who has qualified you to share in that light be affords to bis people: who has deliver'd you from 13 the state of darkness, and bas translated you into the kingdom of his beloved fon.

It is by him, that we have 14 obtain d the redemption, even . the remission of our sins: he 15 is the image of the invisible God, the first-born of the whole creation. for by him 16

A a 2 were

αυλωεκλισθη τα πανλα τα εν TOIS OUDAVOIS KAI TA ETTI THE της, τα οραία και τα αορα-Ta, eile Opovoi, eile kupiolnτες, είλε αρχαι, είλε εξουσιαι, τα πανία δι' αυίου και εις 😘 วลบโอง ะหโเฮโลเ, หลเ ลบโอง ะฮโเ προ πανίων, και τα πανία 18 εν αυίω συνεσίηκε. KAL AUτος εσίω ή κεφαλη του σωualos THS EKKANGIAS, OS EGILV ADXIN, MOW OTOROS EK TWY VEκρων, ίνα γενηλαι εν πασιν 19 αυίος πρωίευων. ότι εν αυίω .ευδοκησε παν το πληρωμα 20 KaloKnoal: Kal bi aulou aποκαλαλλαξαι τα πανλα εις αυίον, ειρηνοποιησας δια του άιμαλος του σλαυρου αυλου; Elle Ta emiths ins, elle Ta en TOIS OUPAVOIS.

21 Και ύμας πο ε ον ας απηλλο ριωμένους και εχθρους
τη διανοια εν τοις εργοις τοις
πονηροις, νυνι δε αποκαθηλ22 λαξέν, εν τω σωμαθι της
σαρκος αυθου, δια του θανατου, παρασθησαι ύμας άγιους
και αμωμους και ανεγκληθους
23 καθενωπιον άυθου, ει γε επιμενεθε τη πισθει τεθεμελιωμενοι και έδραιοι, και μη μεθακινουμένοι απο της ελπιδος
του ευαγγελιου ου ηκουσαθε,
του κηρυχθενθος εν παση τη
κίσει τη ύπο τον ουρανον,

were all things created, that are in beaven, and that are on earth, both visible and invisible, the thrones, and the fovereigntys, the principalitys. and the powers: all were created by bim, and for bim: be is before all things, and 17 by bim all things confift, be 18 bimself is the bead of the church, which is his body. be is the prince, the firstborn from the dead, that in all things be might be chief. for it seemed good to the fa- 19 ther * to inhabit the whole + body of the church by Christ: and baving made peace by 20 the blood of bis cross, to reconcile all things to himself, both those in beaven, and thojè upon earth.

You then that formerly 21 were alienated from God, and were enemies by your imaginations and wicked practices, even you has Jesus Christ now reconciled to the body of bis + church, through bis 22 own death, to present you boly, and unblameable, and unreproveable in his own fight: provided you continue 23 well-grounded and settled in the faith, and do not abandon that hope which has been offer'd to you by the gospel, and is proclaim'd to all

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^{*} See Castellio against Bezz, p. 464. ‡ Eph. v. 23---32.

[†] Ephes. i. 23.

όυ εγενομπν εγω Παυλος δία-

NUV XAICO EV TOIC TAONμασι ύπερ ύμων, και αλαναπληρω τα υσθερημαία των θλιψεών του Χρισίου εν τη σαρκι μου, ύπεο του σωμα-TOC AUTOU. O ECTLY " EKKA"-25 σια: ής εγενομην εγω διακονος καλα την οικονομιαν του Θεου, την δοθεισαν μοι εις ύμας, πληρωσαι τον λογου 26 του Θεου. το μυσηπιού το ATTOKEKCUMUEVOV ATTO TWY AIωνων και απο των Γενεων, νυνι δε εφανερωθη τοις άπιοις 27 aulou: as noennoen o ⊕eos [νωρισαι Τι Το πλουλος The οδοξής του μυστηριού τουτου εν τοις εθνεσιν, " ός εστι εν τοις εθνεσιν, Χρισίος εν υμιν, ή ελπις 28" της δοξης," ον ήμεις κα-Ταττελλομεν, νουθελουνλες παντα ανθρωπον, και διδασκον-Τες εν παση σοφια, ίνα παρασιποωμέν πανία ανθρωπον 20 TENSION EN XCIOTO INGOV. ο και κοπιω, αγωνιζομένος καλα την ενεργειαν αυλου την באים עם נוח בא באים באים באים MEL.

Των γαρ ύμας ειδεναι ήλικον αγωνα εχω περι ύμων, και των εν Δαοδικεια, και όσοι ουχ έωρακασι το προ-2 σωπον μου εν σαρκι: ίνα παρακληθωσιν άι καρδιαι αυτων, συμβιβασθενίες εν αγαall mankind; of which I Paul am made a minister.

Now I rejoice in my fuf-24 ferings for you, and am filling up the measure of those remaining afflictions, which in my turn I am to suffer in this life, in the cause of Christ. for the sake of his body, which is the church: of which 125 bave been established a minister, according to the charge which God has given me to preach his gospel faithfully among you. -that mystery, 26 which has been hid from ages and generations, but is now made * manifest to bis saints: to whom God does disclose 27 the glorious advantages of this mystery to you Gentiles, to wit, " that by Christ you " may bave the expectation " of glory." be it is that we 28 preach, exborting, and instrutting men in every part of divine knowledge, that they may all be perfettly acquainted with the doctrine of Christ Fesus. this is what I earnestly 20 strive to effect, by virtue of that power, which effectually operates in me.

For I wish you knew how a great my concern is for you, and for those of Laodicea, and for such as have nover seen me in person: that their hearts 2 might be comforted, and that being firmly united in love, they

πņ,

πη, και εις πανία πλουίον της πληροφοριας της συνεσεως, εις επιγνωσιν του μυσίηριου του Θεου παίρος και
3 του Χρισίου, εν ώ εισε παντες οι θησαυροι της σοφιας και της γνωσεως αποκρυφοι.

Τουλο δε λεγω ίνα μη τις 4 ύμας παραλογίζηλαι εν πιθα-5 VOLOFIA. EL FAP KALTH GAPκι απειμι, αλλα τω πνευμαλι συν υμιν ειμι, χαιρων και βλεπων ύμων την ταξιν, και το σερεωμα της εις Χρισίον 6 πισθεως ύμων, ώς ουν παρελαβείε του Χρισίου Ιπσουν τον Κυριον, εν αυλώ περιπα-7 TEILE: EPPICOMENOL KALETTOIKOδομουμένοι εν αυίω, και βεβαιουμένοι εν τη πισίει, καθως εδιδαχθηλε, περισσευοντες εν αυλή εν ευχαρισλία. 8 βλεπείε μη τις ύμας εσίαι ο συλατωτων δια της φιλοσοφιας και κενης απαίης, καία Την παραδοσιν των ανθρωπων, καλα τα σλοιχεια του κοσμου, και ου καλα Χρισλον. ο ότι εν αυίω καλοικει παν το **πληρωμα της θεοίηλος σωμα-**TOTIKUS. KAI EOLE EN AULO TEπληρωμενοι, ός εσίιν ή κεφαλη πασης αρχης και εξουσιας, 1 I EV ω και περιεμηθηλε περίλουη αχειροποιήω, εν τη απεκδυσει του σωμαίος της σαρκο:, εν τη περίλομη του Χρισλου,

they might possess the highest and fullest persuasion of the truth of this doctrine, by entring into this mystery, even of God the father, and of Christ, in whom are reserved all the treasures of wisdom and knowledge.

I mention this, left any 4 one should deceive you by specious pretences. for tho' I am 5 absent in person, yet I am prefent with you in my mind. and am glad to perceive the regularity of your affairs, and the stedfastness of your faith inChrist.continuethere- 6 fore to follow the dostrine of our Lord Jesus Christ, as you have receiv'd it : being 7 firmly attach'd to, and founded upon him: establishing yourselves in the faith you bave been taught, and being thankful for the improvement you make therein. be- 8 ware lest any one seduce you by the vain illusions of philesopby, founded upon buman traditions, and meer shadows, and not upon Christ: for in 9 bim all divine plenitude does substantially reside. and ve 10 are filled by him, who is the chief of all principality and power: by whom also ye have II obtain'd the true spiritual circumcision, not effected by men, when you were by a chri-

סטוי-

Eph.iii. 19. iv. 10. i. 23.

12 συνλαφενίει αυίω εν τω βαπτισμάλι, εν ώ και συνηγερ-Onle dia The medieus The EVERTEIAS TOU DEOU TOU ETEL**ςανίος αυίον εκ των νεκρων.**

13 Και ύμας νεκρους ονίας εν τοις παραπίωμασι και τη ακροβυσίια της σαρκος ύμων, συνεζωοποιπσε συν αυίω. χαρισαμένος ήμιν πανία τα 14 παραπίωμαλα: εξαλειψάς το καθ' ήμων χειρογραφού τοις δοςμασιν, ο πν ύπενανλιον ήμιν, και αυλο πρκεν εκ του μεσου, προσπλωσας αυίο τω 15 σίαυρω. απεκδυσαμένος τας αρχας και τας εξουσιας εδειτμαλισεν εν παρφησια, θρίαμβευσας αυλους εν αυλω.

16 Μη ουν Τις ύμας κρινέδω εν βρωσει η εν ποσει, η εν μερει έορΙης, η νουμηνιας, η σαβ-17 βαίων: ά εσίι σκια των μελλονίων, το δε σωμά του Xpiolov.

18 Μπδεις ύμας καλαβραβευελω θελων εν Ταπεινοφροσυνή και θρησκειά των αγγελών, ά μη έωρακεν εμβαλευων, εική φυσιουμένος υπο του νοος της 19 σαρκος αυλου, και ου κραλων Την κεφαλην, εξ ου παν το

christian circumcision divested of all your carnal affections. which were buried (as Christ 12 was) in your baptism, by virtue of which you rife (as be did) to a new life, through a belief of that divine power, which raised him from the dead.

Even you, who were in a13 dying finful state, and were uncircumcised Gentiles, bas God raised to life, as be did Christ, having pardoned all your fins: and cancell'd the 14 obligation of the ceremonial law, which was disadvantageous to us, removing that which divided us, and nailing it to the cross. and bav-15 ing||divested principalitys and powers, be made them an example of obedience, and caus'd them * to triumph in Christ.

Let no man therefore con- 16 demn you for meats or drinks. or in respect of seasts, or new moons, or sabbaths: for these 17 were only the shadows of future things, prefiguring Christ, + who is the substance.

Let no man condemn you, 18 from an affectation of humility, inworshipping of ‡ Angels, boldly prying into matters which he knows nothing of, being vainly puft up with his Jewish conceits: not adbe-19 ring * 1 Cor.il. 14.

† v. g.

Dan. x. 13. 20, 21. Heb. i. 6. # See the note at the end of this epiftle.

σωμα

σωμα δια των άφων και συνδεσμων επιχορητουμενον και συμβιβαζομενον, αυξει την αυξησιν του Θεου.

20 Ει απεθανείε συν τω Χριστω απο των σιοιχειων του κοσμου, τι ώς ζωνίες εν κοσ-2 τ μω δογμαλιζεσθε ? " μη άψη, 22 " μηδε γευση, μηδε θιγης," ά εσλι πανία εις φθοραν τη αποχρησει, καία τα ενίαλματα και διδασκαλιας των αν-23 θρωπων, άτινα εσλι λογον μεν εχονία σοφιας εν εθελοθρησκειά και ταπεινοφροσυνή και αφειδία σωμαίος, ουκ εν τιμη τινι προς πλησμονήν της σαρκος.

Σι ουν συνητερθηθε τω Χρισθω, τα ανω ζηθεθε, δυ ό Χρισθος εσθιν εν δεξια του 2 Θεου καθημενος. τα ανω φρονεθε, μη τα επι της γης. 3 απεθανεθε γαρ, και ή ζωη ύμων κεκρυπθαι συν τω Χρισ-4 τω εν τω Θεω. όταν ό Χρισθος φανερωθη, ή ζωη ύμων, τοθε και ύμεις συν αυτω φανερωθησεσθε εν δοξη.

; Νεκρωσαθε ουν τα μελη ύμων τα επι της Γης, πορνειαν. ring to the bead, from which all the parts of the body derive its nutrition, and being firmly united together by its joints and ligaments, receives a divine increase.

If then you are dead with 20 Christ, in respect of those shadows of the Jewish state; why do ye, as if you were still in that state, submit to tbose ordinances? " don't 2 x " eat this, don't taste that, "nor touch it:" *which yet 22 were all made to be consumed for our use, notwithstanding the injunctions and doctrines of men : by which in- 23 deed they make a pretence to wisdom, || by a worship of their own devising, by an air of bumility, and self-denial, and a difregard to the gratifications of sense.

If then you are risen with a Christ, seek the things, that are above, where Christ sits at the right hand of God. let a the things above, and not such worldly matters be the object of your thoughts. for a you are dead to them, and Christ has secured your life with God. + Christ is your a life, and when he shall appear, then shall you also appear with him in glory.

Mortify therefore your sen- 5.

fual appetites, fornication,

im-

* 1 Tim.iv. 3, 4, 5. || See the note, + Tim.i. 27.

νειαν. ακαθαρσιαν, παθος, επιθυμιαν κακην, και την πλεονεξιαν, ήτις εσίιν ειδω-6 nonalesia. di a sexelai n OPEN TOU GEOÙ ETTE TOUS MOUS ד דחק מדבוטבומק, בע טוק אמו טμεις περιπαίπσαιε ποίε, ότε 8 Elile ev aulois. vuvi de arroθεσθε και ύμεις τα πανία, οςτην, θυμον, κακιαν, βλασφημιαν, αισχρολογιαν εκ του 9 σλομαλος ύμων. μη ψευδέσθε εις αλληλους, απεκδυσαμενοι Τον παλαιον ανθοωπου 10 συν ταις πραξεσιν αυίου, και ενδυσαμενοί τον νεον, τον ανακαινουμένον είς επιγνώσιν κατ' εικονα του κλισανλος αυ-Ι Ι Τον, όπου ουκ ενι Ελλην και Ιουδαιος: περίλομη και ακροβυσλια: Βαρβαρος, και Σκυθης: δουλος, και ελευθέρος. αλλα τα πανία και εν πασι 12 Χρισίος. ενδυσασθε ουν, ώς εκλεκλοι Του Θεου άπιοι και ηγαπημενοι, σπλαγχνα δικλιομου, χρησιοτηία, ταπεινοφροσυνην, πραοίπία, μα-13 κροθυμιαν : ανεχομενοι αλληλων, και χαριζομενοι εαυλοις. εαν τις ποος τινα εχη μομφην, καθως και ο Χρισίος εχαςισαλο ύμιν, όυλω και ύ-14 μεις. επι πασι δε τουλοις την αςαπην, ήτις εσλι συνδεσμος 15 Της Τελειοίπίος, και ή ειρηνη του Χρισίου βραβευείω εν ταις καρδίαις ύμων, εις ήν

impurity, irregular passions, wicked desires, and that licentiousness practised by idolaters. these are vices which draw 6 down the divine vengeance upon unbelieving nations; among 7 wbom you had your conversation, when you followed their practices. but now renounce them all, as well as anger, animosity, malice: let calumny and obscene discourse be banish'd from your lips. let there 9 be no fraud among you, since you have discarded your former babits and practices, and are become new men, im- 10 prov'd by knowledge into a resemblance of bim, who made this change: by which there is I I now neither Greek, or Jew; circumcifed or uncircumcifed: Barbarian, or Scythian; flave, or freeman; but Christ is all, and in all. be you therefore 12 adorn'd with a compassionate temper, with benevolence, humility, meekness, patience as becometh saints and chosen fa_ vourites of God: bearing with 13 one another, and forgiving one another, when one has any cause of complaint against another: as the Lord forgave you, do you likewife forgive. to 14. all this add love, which is the bandof perfect union: may the 15 peace of Christ, to which you are called to be but one body,

και εκληθηίε εν ένι σωμαίι, και ευχαρισίοι γίνεσθε.

κείω εν ύμιν πλουσιως. εν παση σοφια διδασκονίες και νουθείουνίες εαυίους, γαλμοις, και ωδαις πνευμαδικαις εν χαριίι αδονίες εν Ταις καρδιαις ύμων Τω Θεω. 17 παν ο, Τι αν ποιπίε, εν λομαλι Κυριου Ιπσου Χρισίου, ευχαρισίουνίες Τω Θεω παίρι δι αυίου.

Αί τυναικες, ύπολασσεσθε Τοις ανδρασίν, ως ανηκέν εν 19 Κυριω. οι ανδρες, αταπα]ε TAC TUVAIKAC, KAI UN TIKPAL-20 νεσθε προς αυίας. Τα Τεκνα, ύπακουείε τοις γονευσι καία πανία, τουίο ταρ εσίιν ευα-21 ρεσίου εν τω Κυριω. οι πα-Τέρες, μη ερεθιζείε τα τεκνα 22 ύμων, ίνα μη αθυμωσιν. δουλοι, ύπακουείε καία παντα τοις καλα σαρκα κυριοις, μη εν οφθαλμοδουλεια ώς ανθρωπαρεσκοι, αλλ' εν άπλοτηλι καρδιας, φοβουμενοι τον 23 DEOV: O EAV TOINTE, EK WUχης εργαζεσθε, ώς τω Κυριω 24 και ουκ ανθρωποις: ειδοίες ότι απο Κυριου αποληψεσθε την αγλαποδοσιν της κληρονομιας του Κυριου Χρισίου ώ 25 δουλευείε. ο γαρ αδικων κομιείδαι ο πδικήσε, και ουκ

influence your bearts, to be benevolent.

Let the christian doctrine 16 be the familiar subject of your entertainment: in all wisdom instructing and exhorting one another, in psalms and hymns and spiritual songs, melodiously tuning your grateful praises to God. Let your distinct ourse and your actions be all in the name of the Lord Jesus, giving thanks to God the father by him.

Dames, be submissive to 18 your busbands, as becomes christians. bushands, love your 19 wives, and do not exasperate them. children, obey your pa-20 rents upon all occasions, for that is graceful in a christian. fathers, don't treat your chil-21 dren with severity, lest they be discouraged. servants, be 22 entirely obedient to those, whom the laws have made your masters, and not meerly out of regard to their observation, as designing only to please men, but from a principle of integrity, as fearing God: and what-23 ever you do, do it beartily, as ferving the Lord, and not men: knowing that as you are the fer- 24 vants of Christ our Lord, you shall receive from him the inberitance for your reward. but 25 be that does wrong shall be punish'd for bis injustice: for no regard will be shown to the

εσίι προσωποληψια. ὁι κυριοι, το δικαιον και την ισοίπία τοις δουλοις παρεχεσθε, ειδοίες ότι και ύμεις εχείε
Κυριον εν ουρανοις.

2 Τη προσευχη προσκαρίερείλε, Γρηγορουνίες εν αυίη εν
3 ευχαρισίτα, προσευχομενοι άμα και περι ήμων, ίνα ὁ Θεος
ανοιξη ήμιν θυραν του λογου,
λαλησαι το μυσίπριον του
Χρισίου, δι' ὁ και δεδεμαι,
4 ίνα φανερωσω αυίο, ιὸς δει με
λαλησαι.

5 Εν σοφια περιπαλείλε προς τους εξω, τον καιρον εξαγο6 ραζομενοι. ο λογος ύμων παντολε εν καρίλι, άλαλι ηρλυμενος, ειδεναι πως δει ύμας ένι
έκασλω αποκρινεσθαι.

7 Τα κατ' εμε πανία γνωρισει ύμιν Τυχικος ὁ αγαπητος αδελφος, και πισίος διακονος, και συνδουλος εν Κυ8 ριω. ὁν επεμψα προς ύμας εις
αυίο τουίο, ίνα γνω τα περι
ύμων, και παρακαλεση τας
9 καρδιας ύμων: συν Ονησιμώ
τω πισίω και αγαπήω αδελφώ, ός εσίιν εξ ύμων,
πανία ύμιν γνωριουσι τα ώδε.

10 Ασπαζείαι ύμας Αρισίαρχος συναιχμαλωίος μου, και Μαρκος external characters of men. as I for you, masters, give to your servants what is just and suitable: considering that you also have a master in beaven.

Persevere and be vigilant 2 in prayer and inthanksgiving: put up your requests likewise 3 for me, that God would give me an opportunity to declare the mystery of Christ (for which I am even in bonds:) that I may publish it in the 4 manner, it should necessarily be done.

Be prudent in your conduct 5 to those, who are not christians: and make the best of of every opportunity. let an 6 air of modesty appear in all your discourse; and let it be scasoned with discretion, * in making a proper reply, when you are call'd into question.

As to what relates to me, 7 you will be informed of it by Tychicus my dear brother, who is a faithful minister of the Lord, and serves him with me. I sent him on purpose to 8 acquaint you with my circumstances, and give you matter of comfort. I have sent him 9 with Onesimus a faithful and beloved brother, who is of your city: they will inform you of what passes here.

Aristarchus my companion 10 in bonds salutes you, and so does

Bb 2 Mark,

* 1 Pct. iii. 15.

Μαρκος ὁ ανευπος Βαρναβα, περι ου ελαβείε ενίολας, εαν ελθη προς ύμας, δεξασθε αυ-ΙΙΤΟΝ, και Ιπσους ο λεγομένος Iouolog: or ovies ex mepilouns, ουλοι μονοι συνεργοι εις την βασιλειαν του Θεου, διτινες ετενηθησαν μοι παρηγορία. **12** ασπαζείαι ύμας Επαφρας ο εξ ύμων δουλος Χρισίου, πανδοίε ατωνιζομένος ύπερ ύμων εν ταις προσευχαις, ίνα σηθε Τελειοι και πεπληροφοςημένοι εν πανλι θελημαλι του 13 Θεου. μαρίυρω γαρ αυίω ότι εχει ζηλον πολυν ύπερ ύμων, KAI TWY EV AAODIKEIA, KAI TWY 14 εν Ιεραπολει- ασπαζείαι ύμας Λουκας ὁ ιαίρος ὁ αγα-Anios, Kai Anuas.

15 Ασπασασθε τους εν Λαοδικεια αδελφους, και Νυμ-Φαν, και Την κατ' οικαν αυ-16 του εκκλησιαύ. και όταν αναγνωσθη παρ ύμιν ή επισ-Town, mointale iva kai ev τη Λαοδικεων εκκλησια α-ναζνωσθη, και την εκ Λαοδικειας ίνα και ύμεις αναγνω-17 Τε. και ειπαίε Αρχιππω, βλιπε την διακονιαν ήν παρελαβες εν Κυριω, ίνα αυ-18 την πληροις. ο ασπασμος Τη εμη χειρι Παυλου, μνημονευείε μου των δεσμων. χαρις μεθ' ήμων.

AMHN.

Mark, nephew to Barnabas, for whom you have receiv'd recommendations, if he come to you, give bim a kindreception. 11 Jesus, who is called Justus, salutes you: these are the only Jews who by affisting me in preaching the gospel, have cor-12 dially reliev'd me. Epapbras a servant of Christ, and sour countryman, falutes you, who is always very earnest in his prayers, that you may be perfeetly acquainted with, and constantly observe, the whole 13 will of God. for I can witness for bim, that he is ardently concern'd for you, and the christians of Laodicea, and 14 Hierapolis. our dear brother Luke the Physician, and Demas salute you.

Salute our brethren of Laodicea, and Nymphas, and the church which uses to meet in 16 bis bouse. when this cristle has been read among you, take care that it be read likewise in the church of the Landiceans, and that yourcadt the epifile from 17 Laodicea. give Archippus this instruction from me, take care to discharge the function, you have received from the Lord. 18 I Paul salute you, and this salutation I write with my own band. remember my bonds. grace be with you.

AMEN.

† See note on Ephes.i.1.

Chap. I. 2. Kai Kupiou Insou Koissou] this is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Petav. 3. Colbert. 7. the Syriac, Æthiopic, Ambrose, the Scholiast, Chrysostom, Theodoret, Theophylact. no doubt its an interpolation, says Erasimus.

Ver. 3. Kut naips] without nat Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Sy-

riac. Æthiopic, Ambrole, Chrylostom. To zalpi Borner.

Ver. 6. KaproPosouperor] nat autaroperor is added in Steph. 2. 12. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Laud. 2. Roe. 2. Petav. 1. Lincol. Covel. 2. Leicest. Veles. lect. Vien. the edit. of Complut. and Colinzus, the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Chrysostom text and com. Theodoret, Theophylact, Ambrose, the Scholiast, Hilary. Some think it taken from ver. 10.

Ver. 10. Εν τη επίγωσει] Steph. ε. ια. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Borner, Lat. Covel. 2. Roc 2. Barb. 7. Velef. lect. Colinzus's edition, the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Ambrose, the Scholiast, Chrysostom. τη επίγωσει Alexand. Clar. Germ. Borner, Colbert. 7. Clemens Alexandrin.

Ver. 14. Au του μιμαίος αυίου] is not in Steph. 3. 5. 8. 15. 18. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Cantab. 3. Magdal. 1. Lincol. Roc. 2. Hunting. 1. Petav. 3. Covel. 2. 4. Genev. N. Col. 2. Sinali. Velef. lect. Leicest. Baiil. 2. Scidel. the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Ambrose, Athanasus, Chrysostom, the Scholiast, Theophylact, nor the Complutensian edition.

Ver. 20. At auleu] is not in Steph. 8. 10. Chr. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner, Gr. Lat. Roc. 2. Covel. 2. the Vulgate, Æthiopic, Ambrose, the Scholiast, Chrysostom, Theophylact. see Prol. 885.

Ver. 24. Nov] 65 von Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat.

Velef. lect. Wechel. aliq; the Vulgate, Ambrosc, the Scholiast.

Ib. Παθημ. μου] μου is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner, Gr. Lat. Cantab. 3. Baroc. Petav. 3. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. Sinah. N. Col. 2. Baill. 2. Leicest. Lucian, Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Ambrose, Theodoret.

Ver. 27. Τι το πλουίος] Alexand. Ger. Cantab. 3. Magdal. 1. Hunting. 1. Lincol. Collect. 7. Petav. 3. Covel. 3. Sinah, Leicest. Lucianus, Clemens Alex. το πλουίος Borner. τον πλουίον Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. τι το πλούος Cantab. 2. Baroc. Petav. 2.

1b. 6 se's] Alexand. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Velef. lect. the Vulgate,

Syriac, the Scholiaft, Ambrosc.

Ver. 28. Διδασκον[ες] πανία ανθρωτον is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Laud. 2. N. Col. 2. Lincol. Colbert. 7. Velef.

lect. Scidel. the Complut. ed. Arabic, Æthiopic, Ambrose.

Ch. II. 2. Eugsisacteriss] Steph. e. e. ia. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Covel. 3. Barb. 1. Colb. 7. Veles. lect. Basil. 2. Hetychius, Vulgate, Syriac, Clemens Alex. Ambrose, the scholiass, Cyris, Hilary, Pelagius. it was chang'd for the sake of the syntax, says Dr. Mills, Prol. 635.

Ver. 11. Σαμαΐος—της] without αμαζίων Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Barb. 1. Velef. lect. the Vulgate, Athiopic, Coptic, Ambrose, Clemens Alex. the Scholiast, Tertul. Cyprian, Hilary, Augustin, Fulgentius. αμαζίων wasa murgical Schelium. see Prol. 636.

Ca.

. Ch. II. 18. The learned Dr. Aldrich, in a note upon Josephus of the war of the fews, lib. 11. c. . . . Hudson edit. says, " it is not easy " to determine, why the Essens took care to preferve the names of " the Anoels. was it that they us'd them as charms to cure difeases? " or, did they pay them any fuch worship, as the apostle condemns, " Col. ii. 18? the other things there condemn'd were certainly prac-" tis'd by the Essens, and peculiarly agree to their character." the Essens having been so remarkable a sect of the Jews, the learned are at a loss to account for their not being mentioned throughout the whole New Testament. Dr. Pridcaux thinks the most probable reason was, " that being a very honest and fincere fort of people, without " guile or hypocrify, they gave no reason for that reproof and censure, " which the others very justly deserv'd." Philo and Josephus having given a particular account of them, for the lake of those who have not the opportunity of confulting them, it may not be amiss to give the following extract.

There are three fects of philosophers among the Jews, the PHARIsees, the Sadducers, and Essens, who are the most rigorous of the three. They are Fews by nation, and a fociety comented by stricter ties of friendship, than any other people: they avoid pleasure as prejudicial: to be temperate, and bear up against the passions, they count the top of virtue. the most rigid preser the state of Celibacy, without disapproving the different conduct of others; and breed up the children of strangers, as if they were their own, in the institutions of their fect. wealth they look upon with contempt, and what is wonderful, a COMMUNITY of GOODS, TO KUINONHTIKON, is their POLITICAL CONSTITUTION; so that no body possesses more than his neighbour. it is a fundamental Law, that whoever lifts into their fect, must transfer all his goods and chattels into the publick Stock, to prevent the dejectedness of poverty, and the infolence of fortune. thus the property of every individual is funk for a fund, which becomes the patrimony of the whole fraternity. the nie of oils or essences is with them efferninacy; thinking it sufficient nearness to be drest in a white garment.

They chuse officers to have the management of the common Stock, who provide for every one according to his real exigence. they have no particular Corporation, but have their Sodalitys or Ledges in every city, where all travellers of their sect, though never so great strangers, are as free and as welcome, as if they were at home; so that on journeys they carry nothing but arms for their defence against murderers, they never change their clothes or shoes till quite worn out: nor do they buy or sell to one another, but mutually give and take as they

have occasion, without retribution.

They are fingularly religious: never talk of civil affairs till the rifing of the Sun, whom they invoke in their traditionary forms, to dart his Rays: then they are difmis'd by their superiors to their respective trades till eleven in the morning, when they again assemble, wash in cold water, and retire by themselves into a dining-room, with the same solemnity as if to the temple: where seared in silence, the baker and cook distribute to every man his loaf and mess, all alike. both before and after dinner the Patest aiways thy; grace, all joining in these

praises

praises to God, for giving them food. after this they quit the habit they then had, and return to their work till evening, when they go to the same room to supper, which is perform'd with the same solemnity, such guests as happen to arrive being admitted to table: but noise and hurry here find no reception. not more than one is allowed to speak at a time, and that in his tum: so that people without, admire the awful silence within. all this is the effect of their constant sobriety in eating and drinking only to suffice nature.

They never do any thing without leave from their superiors, excepting in the offices of lending their assistance, or giving food to those that deserve it; in which cases they have sul liberty to act at discretion: but they are not permitted to give any thing to their relations without orders from their governors. their releatment is regulated by justice, they master their passions, are guardians of sidelity, and desenders of the publick peace. their Affirmation is more facted with them, than an Oath with other people. they avoid all manner of swearing, and think an oath worse than perjury: "Sentence "has already passed, say they, upon that man, who can't be believed, "without he cass God to witness for him." they are wonderfully studious of the writings of the antients: chiefly selecting what conduces to the improvement of the mind, or the preservation of health: hence they are very industrious to find out specific plants, or drugs for diseases.

The Novices having given sufficient proof of their temperance by a year's probation, are admitted to a greater familiarity with their fuperiors, and parrake of the same sacred ablutions with them; but are excluded from their table, till they have fully provid their temper by two years further discipline, and then they are receiv'd as fellows. however, before they are allowed to eat at the common table, they bind themselves by the most awful Vows, first, " to worship the DIVINE " Being: then, to act justly with regard to men: not to wrong any " man, either from their own motion, or from the awe of any autho-" rity: ever to detelt the vicious, and exert themselves in behalf of "the virtuous: ever to keep inviolable faith with all men, but espe-" cially with those, who are our Rulens; tince no one could obtain " civil Jurisdiction, but by God's own appointment: that in case they " are call'd to any post of government, they will not be injurious in " the exercise of their power: nor affect to be diftinguished by their " drefs or equipage: that they will pathonately espouse the cause of " truth, and resolutely prosecute all false evidence: that they will keep " their hands from actual stealing, and their minds from deswing unlawful " gain: that they will not conceal the fecrets of the fect from any of the " fraternity, nor divulge them to any, who are not fuch, even tho' they " should be torrur'd to the utmost extremity, besides, they vow, they " will not deliver their decrees to any of the brethren, otherwise than " they had received them: that they will avoid all faction, and be equally " careful to preserve the Books of their sect, and the NAMES of the " ANGELS."

Such as are found guilty of any enormous crime, are expelled the fociety, and many under that sentence have frequently pined away by the most deplorable destiny; for they are so bound by the rules of the society,

fociety, and the vows they have taken, that they can't receive any food, but from such as are of their sect; so that being reduc'd to bure berbage, they languish and die wish samine: unless they find compassion, as they often do; when it has been rhought they had suffer'd sufficient penance. however, their deficient are made with the utmost exactness and justice: they never pronounce sentence, unless an handred at least are present, and then the decree is irrevocable. next to the Divine Being, they pay the greatest reverence to their Legislator: whoever speaks evil of him, is punish'd with death.

Above all other Jews they are most strict chservers of the fabbath, not allowing themselves to make a fire, or to remove any utensil our of its place on that day; for which reason, they prepare their meals the evening before. in a word, by the plainness of their diet, and the regularity of their lives, they many of them reach to an hundred years. they are unconcern'd at adversity, and by their fortitude triumphover torments; thinking DEATH, when it comes upon honourable terms, to be preferable to immortality. of this the Romans in their wars had sufficient proof, when by the application of fire, and all the instruments of torture, they could not be forc'd to renounce their Legislator, or to eat what he had disallowed. no, it was impossible to extort a tear, or a relenting expression; on the contrary, they smil'd in their agonies, they rally'd their executioners, and cheerfully surrender'd up their souls to him, who they knew would hereafter restore them.

For it was a prevailing opinion among them, that the their bodies were morial, and the substance of them perishable, their souls remain for ever immertal: that as they came originally from the finest Æther, drawn by some secret attraction of nature into the prison of the body; so when once the chain of its confinement is broke, enlarged from her tedious servirude, the soul will mount with transport to her native skies.

This is the DIVINE PHILOSOPHY, which the Essens deliver concerning the soul, thereby throwing out an alluring bais, that cannot be resided by such as have but once had the least taste of their wisdom, folephus's war of the Jews, Lib. II. c. \$2. \$. 2. Ed. Hud.

Ver. 20. Out is not in Steph. 3. 1. 12. 15. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Roc 2. Petav. 3. Covel. 2, 4. Genev. Æthiopic, Cyprinn, Theophylact.

Ch. III. 11. Kai Enugue. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Petav. 3. the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Ambrofe,

the Scholiast.

15. Και ελευθερος] Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Ambrofe, the Scholiaft.

Ver. 15. X216.00.] Steph. 120. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner Gr. Lat. Roe 2. Barb. 1. Leicest. Vulgate, Coptic, Æthiopic, Ciernens Alexand. the Scholiast.

Ver. 16. Taus marsiaus.] Alexand. Clar. Germ. Borner, and many other MSS.

Ver. 17. Kup. Ing. Xpielov.] Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. (Gr.) Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. the Vulgate, and Coptic.

Ver. 18. Tais-ard.] without iding. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. N. Col. 2. Land. 2. Roc 2. Lincol. Seidel.

3

Genev. Covel. 2. 4. Hunting, 1. Vulgate. Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic. Clemens Alex. Ambrofe, the Scholiast, and the Completentian edition.

Ib. Ανδρασιν] έμων is added in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner

Gr. Lat. Syriac, Æthiopic, the Scholiast.

Ver. 20. Ev To Kupim.] Steph. s. c. 12. f. Alexand. Clar. Germ. Borner. Hunting. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Colbert. 7. N. Col. 2. Covel. 2, 3. Laud. 2. Magdal. 1. Cantab. 2, 3. Sinah, Leicest. Basil. 2. Lucian. Vulgate, Chrysostom, Ambrose, the Scholiast, Theodoret, Theophylact, Euthalius. see Prol. 021.

Ver. 21. Ecsbife'el Happolitele Steph. ia. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner, Coyel. 2. Barb. 1. Colbert, 7. Lincol. Leicest.

Ver. 22. Deov Ruggov Alexand. Clar. Germ. Borner Gr. Lat. Roe 2.

Lincol. Coptic, Clemens Alex. Ambrose, the Scholiast.

Ver. 24. The name or outget to far Kurio, &c.] The nampovoutae Tob Ruciou sittor Indon Xordion, & Sounevels, Borner, Gr. Lat. hareditatis Domini Christi, cui servitis. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Ambrose, Hillary Sap is not in Alexand. Clar. Germ. Roe. 2. Vulgate, Æthiopic, nor the Scholiast,

Ver. 25. O del d fao Alexand, Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. (Gr.) Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. Colinaus, Vulgate, Clemens Alex: Ambrose, Augustin, the Scholiast.

Ch. IV. 12. Петапроформи.] Steph. ит. Alexand. Clar. Borner, Barb. 1.

Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. fee Prol. 1292, 1354.



паткот

THE

TOT

FIRST EPISTLE

ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΟΥ

OF

Η ΠΡΟΣ ΘΕΣΣΑΛΟΝΙΚΕΙΣ

PAUL the Apostle

ЕПІСТОЛН ПРОТН

To the THESSALONIANS.

ΑΥΛΟΣ και Σιλουανος και Τιμοθεος
Τη εκκλησια Θεσσαλονικεων, εν Θεω παίρι, και
Κυριω Ιπσου Χρισίω, χαρις
υμιν και ειρηνη (απο Θεου
παίρος ήμων, και Κυριου Ιησου Χρισίου.)

PAUL, Silvanus, and I Timothy to the church of the Thessalonians, who believe in God the sather, and in our Lord Jesus Christ, grace and peace he with you from Godour sather, and from Jesus Christ our Lord.

Ευχαρισίουμεν τω Θιώ πανλολε περι πανλων ύμων, μνειαν ύμων ποιουμένοι επι 3 των προσευχων ήμων, αδιαλειπίως μνημονευονίες ύμων TOU ECTOU THE TIGTEWS, KOLI Του κοπου της αγαπης, και της ύπομονης της ελπιδος του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου εμπροσθέν του Θέου και πα-4 Τρος ήμων. ειδοίες, αδελφοι ης απημένοι, ύπο Θεου την 5 EKAOPHY UMWY, OTI TO EVATγελιον ήμων ουκ εγενήθη εις ύμας εν λοζω μονον, αλλα KALEN BUVAHEL, KALEN TIVEUμαλι άτιω, και εν πληροφορια

We always mention you in 2 our prayers, and give thanks to God for you all: never 3 forgetting the effects of your faith, your charitable offices, and the constancy of your bope in our Lord Christ , * of which God is our witness. for we are per- 4. fuaded, my bretbren, that you are the peculiar objects of divine favour; since the 5 gospel we preach'd, did not confist only of words, but was + fully confirm'd by miracles and gifts of the boly spirit, you yourselves being wit-

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^{* 2} Theff. 11. 17. + Luke i. 1. 2 Tim. iv. 17.

πολλη, καθως οιδαλε όιοι εγενηθημέν εν ύμιν δι' ύμας. 6 หลา บันยุร นานที่สา ที่นูเอง ยาะงทθηλε και του Κυριου δεξαμενοι TON LOTON EN OLIVET MOLYN, μεία χαρας Πνευμαίος άγιου. 7 ώσλε τενεσθαι ύμας τυπους πασι τοις πισξευουσιν εν τη Μακεδονία και τη Αχαία. αφ' ύμων ταρ εξπχηλαι ό λοτος του Κυριου ου μούον εν τη Μακεδονία και Αχαία, αλλα και εν πανλι τοπω ή πισλις ύμων ή προς τον Θεον εξεληλυθεν, ώσλε μη χρειάν η πμας εχείν λαλείν Τι. γαο περι ήμων απαγγελλουσιν οποιαν εισοδον εσχομέν προς ύμας, και πως επεσιρεικαίε προς τον Θεον απο των ειδωλων, δουλευειν Θεώ ζωνί και 10 αληθινώ, και αναμενείν τον ύιον αυίου εκ των ουρανων, ον ηγειρεν εκ νεκρων, Ιπσουν Τον ευομένον ήμας απο Της orthe the ephonesme.

Αυθοι γαρ οιδαλε, αδελφοι, την εισοδον ήμων την προς ύμας, ότι ου κενη γεγονεν, αλλα προπαθούλες και ύβρισθενλες, καθως οιδαλε, εν Φιλιπποις, επαρρησιασαμεθα εν τω Θεω ήμων λαλησαι προς ύμας το ευαγγελιον του Θεου εν πολλω αγωνι. ή γαρ παρακλησις ήμων ουκ εκ πλανης, ουδε εξ ακαθαρσιας, ουδε εν δολω, αλλα καθως δεξοκιμασμεθα ύπο του Θεου

witnesses, what we did among you and for you. and 6 you imitated us, and were imitators of the Lord, having receiv'd the word, notwithstanding all your afflictions, with that alacrity, which the boly spirit inspires. so that you became examples to all the believers in Macedonia and in Achaia, for the gospel has made 8 so favourable a progress not only in Macedonia and Achaia. but in every other place, where the reputation of your divine faith bas spread, that tis needless to mention any thing of it: fince they all relate of us, how 9 successful our arrival was among you, and bow you renounc'd your idols to ferve the living and true God, and to 10 expelt his fon from beaven, whom he raised from the dead, even Jesus, who delivers us from * impending ruin,

And you are fatisfied, my brethren, that our address to you was not fallacious: on the 2 contrary, notwithstanding the outrages, you know we suffer'd at Philippi, we had still the resolution, by the divine assistance, to preach the gospel of God to you without reserve against all opposition. for our 3 dostrine was free from all impossure, avarice, and sraud. we preach the gospel just as God Cc 2 thought

* Chap. v. 3.

 $\pi \iota \sigma \neg$

πισ ευθηναι το ευα [το τον, ουτω λαλουμεν, ουχ ως ανθρωποις αρεσκον ες, αλλα τω
Θεω τω δοκιμαζον ι τας καρ5 διας ήμων. ου ε ταρ πο ε εν
λογω κολακειας ε τενηθημεν,
καθως οιδα ε, ου ε εν προφασει πλεονεξιας, Θεος μαρ υς,
6 ου ε ζηθουν ες εξ ανθρωπων
δοξαν, ου ε αφ' ύμων, ου ε
απ' αλλων, δυναμενοι εν βαρει ειναι, ως Χρισθου αποσ7 τολοι: αλλ ε τενηθημεν ηπιοι
εν μεσω ύμων, ως αν τροφος
θαλπη τα ξαυθης τεκνα.

Ουλως δμειρομενοι ύμων, ευδοκουμεν μελαδουναι ύμιν ου μονον το ευαγγελιον του Θεου, αλλα και Τας ξαυίων ψυxas, didle agannion num te-9 revnote, unimovenele rap, α δελφοι, τον κοπον ήμων και τον μοχθον, νυκίος γαρ και πμερας εργαζομένοι, προς το μη επιβαρησαι τινα ύμων, εκπρυξαμεν εις ύμας το ευας-10 Γελιον Του Θεου. ύμεις μαρτυρες και ο Θεος, ώς όσιως και δικαιως και αμεμπίως ύ-עוץ דסוב אוסלבטסטסני ברבציח nτι μεν. καθαπερ οιδαίε ως ένα έκασθον ύμων, ώς παθηρ τεκνα έαυλου, παρακαλουνλες ύμας και παραμυθουμενοι, 12 και μαρθυρουμένοι, εις το πεοιπαίπσαι ύμας αξιως του Θεου του κακλουνίος ύμας εις την ξαυίου βασιλειών και 33 δοξαν. δια τουλο και ήμεις

thought fit to intrust it with us, not being studious to please men, but God, who approves our fincerity. our address to you was 5 without any flattery, as you your selves can witness, and God is witness that we had no avarice to disguise. we never court- 6 ed you nor any others, from an affectation of buman applause.instead of making our apostolical character any ways expensive to you, as we might; webehav'din you with a tender 7 regard, even as amother, who nurses ber own children.

Our affection therefore to 8 you being so great, we were as ready to give our lives for you, as we were to communicate the divine gospel to you, so much did you engage our love. for you remember, my bre- 9 thren, our labour and toil: bow weworked day and night, that in preaching the gespel of God, we might not be chargeable to any of you. you are 10 witnesses, and God is so too, bow boly, bow just and irreproachableour behaviour was to you, who believe. you like- 11 wife know, that we exhorted and encouraged every one of you, as a father doth his children, conjuring you to live 12 fuitably to the favour of God, who has called you to his kingdom and glory. nor do we 13 fail of giving thanks to God

ευχαρισίουμεν τω Θεω αδίαλειπίως, ότι παραλαβονίες λοτον ακοής παρ' ήμων, του Θεου, εδεξασθε ου λογον ανθρωπων, αλλα καθως εσίιν αληθως λοτον Θεου, ός και EVERTEILAL EN VILLY TOLS MIGTEU-14 OUTIV. UMEIS FAP MIMITAL Erembile, αδελφοι, των εκκλησιων του Θεου των ουσων εν τη Ιουδαια, εν Χριστω Ιπσου, ότι ταυία επαθείε και ύμεις ύπο των ιδιων συμφυλείων, καθως και αυτε Τοι ύπο των Ιουδαιων, των και του Κυριου αποκλεινανλων Ιπσουν και τους προφηλας, και ύμας εκδιωξανίων, και Θεω μη αρεσκονίων, και πα-36 σιν ανθρωποις ενανλιων, κωλυονίων ήμας τοις εθνεσι λα-΄ λησαι ίν**α σωθωσιν, εις το** αναπληρωσαι άυλων τας άμαρίτας πανίοιε: εφθασε δε $E\pi^{\prime}$ aulous $\dot{\eta}$ open els TE205.

17 Ημεις δε, αδελφοι, απορφανισθεντες αφ' ύμων προς καιρον ώρας, προσωπώ, ου καρδια, περισσολερως εσπουδασαμεν το προσωπον ύμων 18 ιδειν εν πολλη επιθυμια. διο ηθελησαμεν ελθειν προς ύμας ερω μεν Παυλος και απαξκαι δις, και ενεκοψεν ήμας δ 19 σαλανας. Τις γαρ ήμων ελπις, η χαρα, η Στεφανος καυχησεως, η ουχι και ύμεις εμπροσθεν του Κυριου ή-

continually, that, when you received the word of God. which we preach, you did not receive it as the dollrine of men, but as a dostrine that appears to be truly divine. by the influences it displays in you, who believe. for, 14 my brethren, you have followed the example of the christian churches in Judea; by baving suffer'd the same persecutions from your own nation, as the churches have fuffer'd from the Jews, the 15 very men who have perfecuted the Lord Jesus, and the prophets even to death; who have persecuted us; they who are regardless of pleasing the deity, and are enemies to all mankind; who by obstructing our 16 endeavours to save the Gentiles, continue to fill up the measure of their enormities; for which consummate vengeance is falling upon them.

As for me, my brethren, 17 baving been so abruptly separated from you, in person, tho not in affection, I bave the more ardently endeavour'd to see you again. this I Paul 18 bave frequently attempted, but Satan bas been my obstacle. for what can be our 19 bope, or joy, what can crown our pretensions, unless it be you, when we shall ap-

μων Ιπσου (Χρισίου) εν τη 20 αυίου παρουσια? ύμεις γαρ εσίε ή δοξα ήμων και ή χαρα.

DIO MUKELI OPELONIES ENDOκησαμεν καλαλειοθηναι εν Α-2 Onyais movol, Kal ETEMVALET Τιμοθεον τον αδελφού πμων και διακονού του Θεού (και συνεργον ήμων) εν τω ευας-TONY TOU XPIOTOU. EIG TO σπριξαι υμας και παρακαλεσαι ύμας περι της πισίεως 3 ύμων, τω μπδενα σαινεσθαι EV TAIR ONIWEDI TAUTAIL, AUτοι γαρ οιδαλε ότι εις τουλο 4 κειμεθα. και τας ότε προς ύμας πμεν, προελεγομεν ύμιν ότι μελλομεν θλιβεσθαι, καθως και ετενείο, και οιδαίε. 5 δια τουλο κάτω μηκελι σλετων, ETELLY & EIG TO THEY ALL THE πισλιν ύμων, μηπως επειρασεν ύμας ὁ πειραζων, και εις

κενον Γενπίαι ο κοπος ήμων. 6 αρίι δε ελθονίος Τιμοθεου προς ήμας αφ' ύμων, και ευας των και την αιστιν και την αιστην ύμων, και ότι εχείε μνειαν ήμων αγαθην πανίδιε, επιποθουνίες ήμας ιδειν, καθαπερ και ήμεις ύμας.

Δια Τουίο παρεκληθημεν, αδελφοι, εφ' υμιν, επι παση τη θλιψει και αναγκη ήμων, 8 δια της ύμων πισίεως, ότι νυν ζωμεν, εαν ύμεις σίηκεις 9 εν Κυριω. Τινα γαρ ευχαρισίταν δυναμεθα τω Θεω αν-

Ταποδουναι

pear before the Lord Jesus Christ at his coming? for 20 ye are our glory and our joy.

Being therefore impatient to 1 bear of you, we judg'd it proper to stay at Athens alone. and send you our brother Ti- 2 mothy, a minister of God, and our collegue in preaching the gospel of Christ, that by establishing you in the faith, and by his exhortations, none 3 of you might be stagger'd by these persecutions: for you know that we are destin'd to suffer. and even when we 4 were with you, we forctold you, that we should be persecuted, as you know it happen'd. not being able therefore 5 to wait any longer, I sent Timothy to know the state of your faith, for fear the tempter Should have seduc'd you, and all our labour bave prov'd abortive. but Timothy, upon bis 6 arrival here from you, brings us the agreeable news of the perseverance of your faith and charity, that you always make honourable mention of us, and that you desire to see us as ardently as we do to see you.

Thus, my brethren, your 7 conduct has given us great confolation, under all our perfecutions and distress, for now I am 8 revived, since you continue stedsast in the christian profession, how can I be suffice 9

ταποδουναι περι ύμων, επι παση τη χαρα ή χαιρομέν δι' υμας εμποοσθέν του Θέου ι ο ήμων, νυκίος και ήμερας ύπες εκπερισσου δεομένοι εις Το ιδειν ύμων το προσωπον, και καλαολισαι τα ύσλεοπμαλα 11 Τπς πισθεως ύμων ? αυθος δε ο Θεος και παίπο ήμων, και ο Κυριος ήμων Ιπσους Χρισίος καλεύθυναι την όδον ήμων 12 προς ύμας. ύμας δε ό Κυριος πλεονασαι και περισσευσαι Τη αγαπη εις αλληλούς και εις πανίας, καθαπερ και ήτο μεις εις ύμας - εις το σποιξαι ύμων τας καρδιας αμεμπίους εν απωσυνη, εμπροσθεν του Θεου και παίρος ήμων, εν τη παρουσια Του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου (Χρισίου) μεία παντων των άτιων αυίου.

Το λοιπον ουν, αδελφοι, 3 ερωλωμεν ύμας και παρακαλουμέν εν Κυριω Ιπσου, καθως παρελαβείε παρ' ήμων το πως δει ύμας περιπαίειν και αρεσκείν Θεω, ίνα περίσ-2 σευπίε μαλλον οιδαίε γαρ Τινας παραγγελιας εδωκαμεν ύμιν δια του Κυριου Ιπσου. 3 τουλο γαρ εσλι θελημα του Θεου, ὁ ἀξιασμος ύμων απεχεσθαι ύμας απο της πορ-4 νειας: ειδεναι έκασλον ύμων το έαυλου σκευος καλασθαι εν 5 άγιασμώ και τιμή, μη εν παθει επιθυμιας, καθαπερ και

ciently thankful to God upon your account, for all the joy, which by your means we have been affected with whilf 10 night and day we make our ardent requests to bim, that we may once more be present with you, that nothing maybe wanting * to the perfection of your faith? now may God our 11 father, and our Lord Jesus Christ remove all the obstruc-. tions of our journey to you. may 12 the Lord make you increase and abound in mutual love, in love towards all men, as we do towards you: that by the 13 fanctity of your affections, you may stand unreproved in the presence of God our father, when our Lord Jesus Christ shall come with all bis boly angels.

Finally, my brethren, we t intreat and conjure you by the Lord Jesus Christ, to observe the instructions we gave you about your religious conduct, and to make continual progress therein. for you know 2 the precepts we gave you in the name of the Lord Fesus. and such is the will of God, 2 that you should be boly, and avoid licentiousness; that every one of you should take care to preserve the dignity of his person unsullied by the vi- 5 ces of the Gentiles, who know

Ta

τα εθνη τα μη ειδοία τον 6 Θεον: Το μη ύπερβαινειν και πλεονεκίειν εν τω πραγμαίι τον αδελφον άυίου: διοίι εκδικος ό Κυριος περι πανίων τουίων, και διεμαρ-7 Ιυραμεθα. ου γαρ εκαλεσεν ήμας ό Θεος επι ακαθαρσια, 8 αλλ΄ εν άγιασμω. Τοιγαρουν ό αθείων, ουκ ανθρωπον αθείει, αλλα τον Θεον τον και δονία το πνευμα άυίου το άγιον εις ήμας.

Περι δε της οιλαδελοιας ου χρειαν εχομεν Γραφειν ύμιν, αυλοι γαρ ύμεις θεοδιδακλοι EGTE EIG TO AFATAV ANAN-10 λους. και γαρ ποιείλε αυλο εις πανίας τους αδελφους TOUS EV ONT TH MAKEBOVIA ; παρακαλουμεν δε ύμας, αδέλφοι, περισσευείν μαλλον: ΙΙ και φιλολιμεισθαι ήσυχαζειν. και πρασσειν τα ιδια, και εργαζεσθαι ταις χερσιν ύμων, 12 καθως υμιν παρηγειλαμεν: ίνα περιπαθηθε ευσχημονως προς τους εξω, και μηδενος xesiav exnle.

13 Ου θελομεν δε ύμας αςνοειν, αδελφοι, περι των κεκοιμημενων, ίνα μη λυπησθε,
καθως και δι λοιποι δι μη ε14 χονίες ελπιδα. ει ςαρ πιστευομεν ότι Ιπσους απεθανε
και ανεσίη, όυίω και δ Θεος
τους κοιμηθενίας δια του Ιη-

not God: that no man should 6
be exorbitant, and behave
contumeliously to his brother:
because the Lord is the avenger of all such crimes, as we
have formerly remonstrated
to you. for God has not called us to impurity, but to
holiness. he therefore that 8
violates these precepts, does
not despise man, but God,
who has endued me with
his boly spirit.

Astobrotherly love, I have a no occasion to write about it, God himself having instructed you to love one another. this indeed you prac- 10 tise towards all our brethren in Macedonia; and we only exbort you to advance more and more therein: to ftudy 11 your own quiet, to mind your own affairs, and follow some bandicrast trade, as we recommended it to you: fo that 12 your way of life may stand fair to the world, and prevent your being dependent upon any man.

Now I would not have you, 13 my brethren, he mistaken about the state of the dead, lest
you should he as greatly afslicted as those, who have no
hope, for if we believe that 14.
Jesus died and rose again,
we must believe that God
by Jesus will raise the dead,

and

τ σου, αξει συν ανίω. Τουίο γαρ ύμιν λεγομεν εν λογω KUDIOUS OTI THEIR OF LWY-TEC OF MEDIALIMOUSEVOL EIG THY παρουσιαν του Κυριου, ου μη οθασωμέν τους κοιμηθέν-16 τας. ότι αυλος ό Κυριος εν κελευσμαίι, εν φωνη αρχαι-TOLOU, KAI EV GARATITTI GEOU καλαβησελαι απ' ουρανου, και οι νεκροι εν Χρισίω, α-17 भवनीमॅंज ० भीवा महस्रीवम, हमहरीव nuers of Kwyles of membernoμενοι, άμα συν αυλοις άρπαrnoquela ey vedenaig eig aπανλησιν του Κυριου εις αεca, και ουθω πανθολε συν Ku-18 ριω εσομεθα. ώσλε παρακα-TELLE AYYUYON EN LOIC YOLON Toulous.

Περι δε των χρονων και των καιρων, αδέλφοι, ου χρειαν εχείε ύμιν γραφεσθαι: 2 αυλοι γαρ ακριβως οιδαλε ό-Τι ή ήμερα Κυριου ώς κλεπτης εν νυκλι, ουλως ερχελαι. ς όταν γαρ λεγωσιν, ειρηνη και ασφαλεια, τολε αιφνιδιος αυτοις εφισλαλαι ολεθρος, ώσπερ η ωδιν τη εν τασίρι εχουσή, και ου μη εκφυζω-4 σιν. υμεις δε αδελφοι, συκ εσίε εν σκοίει, ίνα ή ήμεςα ύμας ως κλεπίης καίαλαβη. 5 જાલપીદર પંઘાર પાંગ φωીવર દર્જીદ, και υιοι ήμερας, συκ εσμεν 6 γυκλος, ουδε σκολους, αρα ουν μη καθευδωμεν ώς και οι Vol. II. **λο:-**

and assemble them with him. for one thing I have in 15 charge to tell you from the Lord, that we, who shall be found still alive at the coming of the Lord, shall not get the * advance of those that are dead: for the Lord 16 bimself will descend from beaven, and by the voice of the archangel, with the trumpet of God, resound the summons: they who died christians shall rise first: then we, who 17 shall be still alive, shall be convey'd together with them in the clouds, to meet the Lord in the air, and so we shall ever be with the Lord. therefore comfort one another 18 with this information.

It is not necessary, my 1 bretbren, to specify the exact time: for you very well 2 know, that the day of the Lord steals on like a thief in the night. whilft they flatter 3 themselves with peace and safety, destruction shall fall upon them, like the pangs of a woman in travail, and they shall not escape. but you, 4 my bretbren, are too well inform'd to be surprized by that day, as by a thief. you inherit 5 the advantages of meridian light: we are not involved in the obscurity of night. therefore 6 let us not sleep away our time $\mathbf{D}\mathbf{d}$

Heb, zi. 40.

λοιποι, αλλα Γρηγορωμεν και νηφωμεν οι Γαρ καθευδονίες, vuklos kateudovois kai di usθυσκομένοι, νυκλος μεθυουσιν. ήμεις δε ήμερας ονίες, νηφωμεν. ενδυσαμενοι θωρακα πισ-Τεως και αγαπης, και περικεφαλαιαν, ελπιδα σωληριας O OTI OUR EUETO THE O DEOS EIS OPETHY, ANN EIG TEPITOINGIN σω πριας δια του Κυριου ή-10 μων Ιπσου Χρισίου, του αποθανονίος ύπερ ήμων, ίνα ELLE LEWLODOMEN, ELLE KAGENGOμεν, αμα συν αυλω ζησω-ΙΙ μεν. διο παρακαλείδε αλλη-NOUS, KAI OIKODOMENTE EIG TON ένας καθως και ποιείζε.

12 Ερωίωμεν δε ύμας, αδελφοι, ειδεναι τους κοπιωνίας εν ύμιν, και προϊσίαμενους ύμων εν Κυριώ, και νουθε13 τουνίας ύμας, και ήτεισθαι αυίους ύπερ εκπερισσού εν αγαπη, δια το εργον αυίων.
14 ειρηνευείε εν έαυίοις. παρακαλουμεν δε ύμας, αδελφοι, νουθείει τους αλακίους, παραμυθεισθε τους ολιγοψυχους, ανίεκεσθε των ασθενων, μακροθυμείε προς πανίας.

15 Οραίε μη Τις κακον ανΤι κακου τινι αποδφ, αλλα πανίοιε το αγαθον διωκείε και εις αλληλους και
16 εις πανίας. πανίοιε χαιρε17 τε. αδιαλειπίως προσευχεσθε.
18 εν πανίι ευχαρισίειες, τουίο

like others, but be vigilant and temperate. they that are fo- 7 ber take their rest in the night, whilst they that are sots, are drunk in the night: but let us. who enjoy the light, be temperate; let us be arm'd with the breast-plate of faith and charity, and for an belmet, with the bope of salvation. for God did not design to 9 make us the objects of his difpleasure, but to effect our felicity by the Lord Jesus Christ, who died for us, that whe- 10 ther we bappen to be alive or dead, we may be secure of living with him. wherefore II comfort and edify one another, as you have hitberto done.

We entreat you, brethren, 12
to respect those, who labour
in the ministry, who by divine appointment preside over
you, and instruct you maintain 13
an intire affection for them,
upon account of their office,
and don't form any brigues
against them, and we exhort 14
you, brethren, reprove the
disorderly, comfort the pusillanimous, support the weak,
and be patient toward all men.

Don't allow any one to re-15 turn evil for evil, but strive to do all the good you can to one another, and to all the world. be always chearful. 16 pray upon all occasions. 17 be thankful to God for every 18 thing,

Lab

γαρ θελημα Θεου εν Χρισίω
19 Ίπσου εις ύμας. Το πνευμα
20 μη σβεννυίε. προφηίειας μη
21 εξουθενείε. πανία δοκιμαζε22 Τε, Το καλον καίεχειε. απο
πανίος ειδους πονηρου απεχεσθε.

23 Αυίος δε ό Θεος της ειρηνης άτιασαι ύμας όλοιελεις,
και όλοκληρον ύμων το πνευμα, και ή ψυχη, και το
σωμα αμεμπίως εν τη παρουσια του Κυριου ήμων Ιη24 σου Χρισίου τηρηθείη. πιστος ό καλων ύμας, ός και
ποιησει.

ποιπσει.
25 Αδελφοι, προσευχεσθε πε26 ρι ήμων. ασπασασθε τους αδελφους πανίας εν φιλημαίι
27 α΄τιω. ορκιζω ύμας τον Κυριον, αναγνωσθηναι την επισίολην πασι τοις α΄τιοις α28 δελφοις. ή χαρις του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισίου μεθ'
υμων.

AMHN.

jest it.

Now may the God of peace 23 make you intirely boly: may every part of you, * your spirit, soul, and body be preserved irreprovable at the coming of our Lord Fesus Christ. be that has called you, is 24 faithful, and this he will ef-

thing, for so christians are

oblig'd to be. don't abuse the 19

gifts of the spirit. don't despise 20

the prophetic gift. bring every 21

abide by that: if it has the 22

thing to the test: if it be proof,

least appearance of evil. re-

My brethren, pray for us. 25 falute all the brethren with 26 an † boly kifs. I conjure you 27 by the Lord, that this epiftle may be read to all our christian brethren. the favour 28 of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you.

A M E N.

+ Rom. xvi. 16.

Ch. I. 3. Υμων του ερίου της πιδίεως] του ερίου της ύμων. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Ambroic, το ερίου της πιδίεως ύμων, Borner Gr. Lat.

feEt.

Ver. 9. Eszeuss.] Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Laud. 2. N. Col. 2. Roe 2. Lincoln. Covel. 2, 3. Magdal. 1. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Cantab. 2, 3. Hunting. 1. Leicest. Seidel. the Complutensian edit. Vulgate, Ambrose, the Scholiast, Chrysostom, Theodoret.

Ch. II. 8. Ouespousvos.] Alexand. Germ. Borner. Cantab. 3. Baroc. Petav. 2, 3. Covel. 3. Roe 2. Magdal. 1. Lincoln. Hunting. 1. Leicest. Lucian. Erasm. ed. 1^{ma}. Aldus, Hesychius, Euthalius, Theophylact.

see Prol. 990.

Ver. 17. 1800;] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Vulgate, Athiopic, Origen, Dial. contra Marcion. Ambrose, the Scholiast. Tertullian says, it was added by Marcion.

 $\mathbf{D} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{z}$

Ver. 19. Xpio ou] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Magdal. 1. N. Col. 2. Petav. 1. Sinah, Hunting. 1. Cantab. 2. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2, 4. the Syriac. Theodoret.

Ch. III. 2. Ka: suverfor span) is not in the Alexand. Velef. left. Coptic, Vulgate, Æthiopic. Dr. Mills thinks it borrowed from Rom.

XVi. 21.

Ib. Hapel desap Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Col-

bert. 7. Covel. 2. Roe 2. Chryfostom, Vulgate, Ambrose.

Ch. IV. 1. Gso] nabus nat repraleis is added in the Alexand. Clarom. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Lincoln. Leicest. Veles. lcct. Vulgate, Æthiopic, Coptic, Ambrose, the Scholius, Euthalius; Estius and Dr. Mills think it a Scholium. see Prol. 066.

Ver. 8. Ημας] ύμας all Steph. MSS. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner Gr. Lat. Baroc. Roc 2. Magdal. τ. Hunting. τ. Lincoln. Covel. 4. Laud. 2. Leicest. N. Col. 2. Basil. 2. Aldus, Froben, Colingus, Syriac.

Arabic, Ambrose, and the Complutensian edition.

Ver. 9. Exquev.] Steph. 4. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Barb. 1. Roe 2. Covel. 2. Velef. lect. Vulgate, Chrysostom, Text. and Com. it was chang'd to exels upon account of the following sole, &c. see Prol. 885.

Ver. 13. Θελω] θελωμεν Steph. & e. i. ia. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. Magdal. 1. Lincol. Cantab. 2, 3. Laud. 2. Petav. 1. N. Col. 2. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2, 3, 4. Leicest. Basil. 2. Veles. lect. Complutentian edition, Colinzus, Vulgate. Arabic, Æthiopic, Hippolytus, Origen, Cyprian, Ambrose, the Scholiast, Chrysostom, Theodoret, Theophylact, Cyril Hieros. Pelagius. Prol. 683.

Ch. V. 27. Asione is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner

Gr. Lat. N. Col. 2. nor the Æthiopic version.

*This doctrine of a Trinity of principles in human Nature is agreeable to the most antient Philosophy. δυο σαρ εχει ψυχας, ώς ταυλα Φασι τα βραμμάλα, ὁ ανθρωπος: και ἡ μεν εσίν απο του πρόθου νοήθου, με εχουσα και της του δημιουρίου δυναμεις; ἡ δε ενδιδομενη εκ της των ουρανιών περιφορας, εις ἡν επεισερπει ἡ θεοπίκη ψυχη, &c. " the writings of Mericus inform us, that man has two fouls; the one proceeds from the original intelligence, and is endued with active power; the other derived from the celestial spheres, into which the soul that had contemplated the determinantes itself." see Jamblicus p. 162. Ed. Gale. Origen's Philosalia. Porphyty ap. Fo. Phillpon. de mund. creat. lib. iv. ε. 20.. Euseb, Pixpar. Ev. lib. vi. ε. 1, 2, 3.

This opinion is founded too upon the most incontestible principles of REASON: every fensation of the sour, and every motion of the BODY being a proof of a struct superior to both. the mind that does not perceive what is previously necessary to muscular motion, cannot possibly be the estimate cause of muscular motion. for where there is no intelligence, there can be no active power. see Eccles, xii. 7. Eccles. iii. 21. and the learned author of the proceedure, extent, and limits of the understanding, p. 353. of spirit, and soul, and Body. Ch.x. "so that man is an amphibious creature, of a middle order and nature between ANGELS and BRUTES: with these he partakes of a corporeal soul, vital blood, at and a mass of animal spirits; with the former he partakes of an intelligent, immaterial, immortal spirit. pag. 375."

патлот

THE

TOT

SECOND EPISTLE

ΛΠΟΣΤΟΛΟΤ

OF

H II POD GE DE DAAONIKEID

PAUL the Apostle

ENIETOAH DETTEPA.

To the THESSALONIANS.

1 ΠΑΥΛΟΣ και Σιλουανος και Τιμοθεος
Τη εκκλησια Θεσσαλονικεων, εν Θεω παίρι ήμων,
2 και Κυριω Ιπσου Χρισίω. χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο Θεου
παίρος ήμων, και Κυριου Ιησου Χρισίου.

PAUL, Silvanus, and I Timothy, to the church of the Thessalonians, that believe in God our father, and in the Lord Jesus Christ. favour and peace be 2 with you from God our father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ.

Ευχαρισίειν οφειλομεν τω Θεώ πανδοίε περι ύμων, αδέλφοι, καθως αξιον εσίιν. ότι ύπεραυξανει ή πισλις ύμων, και πλεοναζει ή αταπη ένος εκασίου πανίων ύμων εις 4 αλληλους: ώσιε ήμας αυτους εν ύμιν καυχασθαι εν Ταις εκκλησιαις του Θεου. ύπερ της ύπομονης ύμων και πισλεως εν πασι τοις διωςμοις ύμων, και ταις θλι-5 ψεσιν αις avexeous. δειγμα της δικαιας κρισεως του Θεου, εις το καλαξιωθηναι ύμας της βασιλειας Του Θεου, ύπερ ής και πασχιλε.

We are oblig'd, my bre- 3 thren, to render thanks to God continually upon your account, as it is but just; since your faith still improves, and your mutual love is always increasing. so that you are 4 the subject of our glorying in the churches of God, for the constancy of your faith, under all the persecutions and afflictions you endure from men, by which you may be 5 assur'd, that they will be punish'd by the divine justice, and that you shall be rewarded with the kingdom of God, for:

6 χείε. ειπερ δικαιον παρα τω Θεω ανλαποδουναι τοις θλι-7 βούσιν ύμας θλινιν: και ύμιν τοις θλιβομένοις ανεσιν μεθ' ήμων, εν τη αποκαλυψει του Κυριου Ιπσου απ' ουρανου μετ' αγγελων δυνα-8 μεως άυλου, εν φλογι πυρος · διδονίος εκδικησιν τοις μη ειδοσι Θεον, και τοις μη υπακουουσι τω ευαγγελιώ του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου (Χρισ-9 דסט,) פו דושבק פואחי דוססטסוי. ολεθρον αιωνιον, απο προσωπου του Κυριου, και απο της δοξης της ισχυος 10 αυίου, όταν ελθη ενδοξασθηναι εν τοις άτιοις άυλου. και θαυμασθηναι εν πασι τοις สเฮโยบฮผฮเง, อัน เสเฮโยบิท Το μαρίυριον ήμων εφ' ύμας, εν τη ήμερα εκεινή.

11 Εις ο και προσευχομεθα πανίοιε περι ύμων, ίνα ύμας αξίωση της κλησεως ο Θεος ήμων, και πληρωση πασαν ευδοκιαν αγαθωσυνής, και ερ-12 γον πισίεως εν δυναμει: όπως ενδοξασθη το ονομα του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου (Χρισίου) εν ύμιν, και ύμεις εν αυίω, καια την χαριν του Θεου ήμων, και Κυριου Ιπσου Χριστου.

Ερωίωμεν δε ύμας, αδελ φοι, ύπερ Της παρουσιας του
 Κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισίου,
 και ήμων επισυναγωγης επ
 αυίου, εις το μη ταχεως σα λευθηναι

for which you fuffer; fince 6 it is agreeable to bis justice to afflict those in their turn. who affilet you: and that you, 7 who are diftress'd, should obtain your repose, together with us, when the Lord Jesus. with his angels, the ministers of his power, shall descend from beaven, in flaming fire, 8 to take vengeance on those, who know not God, and do not obey the gospel of our Lord Telus Christ: the Lord 9 shall punish them with everlasting destruction, when he shall appear in the glory of bis power, and come to be 10 glorified by bis saints, and to be the object of admiration to all who believed, that the testimony we gave you, would be justified in that day.

Wherefore we continually 11 pray, that our God would by his power effect all the gracious designs of his goodness, and accomplish the work of faith in you; that the name 12 of our Lord Jesus Christ may be glarified by you, and you by him, by the favour of our God, and of our Lord Jesus Christ.

Now we conjure you, brethren, that with respect to the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ, and our being assembled with him, you would 2

210 Š

λευθηναι ύμας απο του νοος. นทโย อิดอยออิสเ นทโย อีเส สงยบμαίος, μπίε δια λογου, μπίε δι' επισίολης ώς δι' ήμων. **พ่**< อ้า ยงะอากหะง ที่ ที่แยงส 3 Tou Kupiou. unlis viuas ekaπαίηση καία μηδενα τροπον. ότι εαν μη ελθη ή αποσίασια πρωίου, και αποκαλυφθη ο ανθρωπος της άμαρλιας, ο ύιος της απωλειας, ο ανίι-KEIMEVOS KAI UTEDAIDOMEVOS Eπι πανία λετομένου Θεου n σεβασμα, ώσιε αυίον εις τον ναον του Θεου καθισαι. αποδεικνύνλα έαυλον ότι εσλι 5 Θεος. ου μνημονευείε ότι είι ων προς ύμας, ταυία ελεγον ל טענע א געו אטע דס Kalexov οιδαίε, εις το αποκαλυφθηναι 7 αυλον εν τω έαυλου καιρω. Το γαρ μυσπριον ηδη ενεργειλαι The avomae, novov o kale-XWY APIL EWC EK MEGOU FEVN-8 ται, και τολε αποκαλυφθησείαι ο ανομος, όν 6 Κυριος ανελει τω πνευμαλι του όλομαλος αυλου, και καλαρτησει τη επιφανεια της παρουσιας ο αύθου, ου εσθιν ή παρουσια κατ' ενεργειαν του Σαλανα εν παση δυναμει,και σημειοις,και

not by any pretended revelation, by any discourse or epistle ascrib'd to us, be immediately perplex'd in your minds, or under any concern for the approach of the day of the Lord. don't be led 2 into any mistake, because the previous * rebellion does not yet appear, nor the + man of fin throw off the disquise. that toffspring of perdition: that adversary that exalts it 4 felf above | the divine authority of majesty: that is seated in the temple of God, pretending to be it self divine. don't youremember, I told you 5 this, when I was with you? and you know what hinders 6 bis throwing off the disquise at. a time which he enjoys for the present. for the secret 7 spirit of misrule is ready to break out as foon as the obstacle is taken away: and 8 then the lawless will be discover'd, whom the Lord will extirpate by the ** Spirit of bis mouth, and at bis glorious ++ advent, will intirely abolish him, who by the in- 9 stigation of satan will make bis

Τερασι

* Josephus's wars of the Jews, l. 2. c. 23. the impostors prevail'd with many to rebel. For sex rollous es aroslass amples.

[†] Ea. xi. 4. he shall smite the land with the rod of his mouth, and with the breath of his lips shall he slay the wicked one. Ea. v.7. the man of Judah.

^{‡ 1} Thei. v. g. Phil. iii. 19. | Pfal. lxxxii. 6. John. x. 34, 35. ** Efa. x. 4. . †† Luke xvii. 24.

10 Τερασι ψευδους, και εν παση απαλη της αδικιας τοις απολλυμενοις, ανθ' ών την αγαπην της αληθειαις ουκ εδεξανίο εις το σωθηναι αυσιτους. και δια τουίο πεμψει αυίοις ό Θεος ενεργειαν πλανης, εις το πισίευσαι αυίους 12 τω ψευδει: ίνα κριθωσι παντες όι μη πισίευσανίες τη αλληθεια, αλλ' ευδοκησανίες εν τη αδικια.

13 Ημεις δε οφειλομεν ευχαρισθειν τω Θεω πανθοίε περι υμων, αδελφοι η απημενοι υπο Κυριου, ότι είλελο ύμας ό Θεος απ' αρχης εις σωληριαν εν άγιασμω πνευμαλος, 14 και πισλει αληθείας. εις ό εκαλεσεν ύμας δια του ευαγρελιου ήμων, εις περιποιησιν δοξης του Κυριου ήμων Ιη-15 σου Χρισλου. αρα ουν, αλοελφοι, σληκείε, και κρατείλε τας παραδοσεις άς εδιδαχθηίε είλε δια λογου, είλε δι επισλολης ήμων.

16 Αυίος δε ο Κυριος ήμων Ιησους Χρισίος, και ο Θεος και
παίπρ ήμων ο αγαπησας ήμας, και δους παρακλησιν
αιωνιαν και ελπιδα αγαθην εν
17 χαρίι, παρακαλεσαι ύμων
τας καρδιας, και σίπριξαι (
μας) εν πανίι λογω και εργω
αγαθω.

bis parade with various arts, with fallacious signs and prodigies, and with all the vile 10 methods of imposture, to the ruin of those, who are averse to the truth, by which they might be saved. wherefore 11 God will suffer a spirit of delusion to work them into the belief of a lye: to the 12 condemnation of all those, who instead of embracing the gospel, had pleasure in iniquity.

As for you, my brethren, 13
the favourites of the Lord,
we are oblig'd to render perpetual thanks to God, for
having chosen you from the
beginning, in purifying you
by his spirit, upon your believing the gospel. to this he 14
bas called you, to a * life
of glory with our Lord Jefus Christ. he stedfast there-15
fore, and sirmly maintain the
dostrine I have delivered to
you, either by word of mouth,
or by my letter.

Now may our Lord Jesus 16 Christ, and God our father, who has loved us, and by his favour given us the advantageous hopes of eternal joys, confolate your souls, and esta-17 hish you in all sound dostrine and virtue.

To

To

^{* 2} Chron. viv. 13. enesor Aibiones side an einai en acteis nepinoinein' LXX. the Athiopians fell down, so that there was no life in them.

Το λοιπον προσευχεσθε, αδελφοι, περι ήμων, ίνα ο λο-**Γος Του Κυριου Τρέχη, και** δοξαζηλαι καθως και προς ύ-2 μας: και ίνα ουσθωμεν απο των αλοπων και πονηρων ανθρωπων, ου ταρ πανίων ή 2 אוסונה אוסוסג לב בסוני ל אניριος, ος σπριξει ύμας και φυ-A λαξει απο του πονηρου. πεποιθαμεν δε εν Κυριω εφ' ύμας, ότι ά παραγγελλομεν ύμινο και ποιείλε και ποιπς σεlε. ο δε Κυριος καθευθυναι ύμων τας καρδίας εις την α-FATTIN TOU DEOU, KAL EIG Uπομονην του Χεισίου.

Παραγγελλομεν δε ύμιν, αδελφοι, εν ονομαίι του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισίου, σ εκκεσθαι ύμας απο πανίος αδελφου αλακλως περιπαλουντος, και μη καλα την παραδοσιν ήν παρελαβον παρ' 7 πμων. αυλοι γαρ οιδαλε πως δει μιμεισθαι ήμας, ότι ουκ η-8 τακΙπσαμεν εν ύμιν : ουδε δωρεαν αρίον εφαζομεν παρα Τι-VOC, AND EV KOTTW KAL HOXθω, νυκία και ήμεραν εργαζομενοι, προς το μη επιβα-9 ρησαι Τινα ύμων. ουκ ότι OUK EXOLEN ECOUGIAN, ANN ίνα ξαυίους τυπον δωμεν υμιν εις το μιμεισθαι ήμας. 10 και ταρ ότε ημεν πρός ύμας, τουίο παρηγγελλομεν ύμιν, " ότι ει τις ου θελει εργα-" Leotai, Vol. II.

To conclude, pray for us, I my brethren, that the doctrine of the Lord may make its progress, and be respected every where as it is among you: and that we may be 2 delivered from vexatious wicked men; for all bave not the faith. but as for you, the 2 Lord, who is faithful, will establish you, and protest you from the malicious one. and A we have this hore in the Lord, that you will still continue to observe the directions we give you. may the Lord '5 qualify your bearts with divine affection, and a patient expectation of Jesus Christ.

We direct you, brethren, 6 in the name of our Lord Jefus Christ, to withdraw from all those of your brethren, whose conduct is irregular, and not agreeable to the instructions they received from us. for you know what an ex- 7 ample we have given for your imitation: that our conduct among you was regular: that 8 we did not eat any man's bread for nothing: but with toil and fatigue work'd night and day to avoid being chargeable to any of you: not, that we had no 9 just claim, but to present ourselves as a pattern, which you should imitate, pursuant to the 10 maxim, which we laid down, when among you, " be that

" ζεσθαι, μηδε εσθιείω."

1 1 ακουομεν γαρ Τινας περιπατουνίας εν ύμιν αίακίως, μηδεν εργαζομενους, αλλα περι12 εργαζομενους. Τοις δε Τοιουτοις παραγγελλομεν, και παρακαλουμεν εν Κυριώ Ιπσου
Χρισίω, ίνα μεία ήσυχιας εργαζομενοι, τον έαυίων αρίον
εσθιωσιν.

13 Τμεις δε, αδελφοι, μη εκ14 κακησηίε καλοποιουνίες. ει
δε τις ουχ ύπακουει τω λοςω
ήμων δια της επισίολης, τουτον σημειουσθε, και μη συναναμιςνυσθε αυίω, ίνα ενίρα15 πη. και μη ώς εχθρον ήτεισθε, αλλα νουθείει ε ώς αδελφον.

16 Αυίος δε ο Κυριος της ειρηνης δωη ύμιν την ειρηνην
δια πανίος εν πανίι τροπω.
ο Κυριος μεία πανίων ύμων.
17 ο ασπασμος τη εμη χειρι
Παυλου, ο εσίι σημειον εν
παση επισίολη, ουίω γρα18 φω. ή χαρις του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισίου μεία παντων ύμων-

AMHN.

"refuses to work should be de"ny'd food." now being in-11
form'd, that there are among
you people of an irregular conduct, who neglect their own
business, and busy themselves
with the affairs of others: we 12
command these persons, and
exhort them by the Lord Jesus Christ, to stay at home,
and earntheir breadby labour.

As for you, my brethren, be 13 not weary of your commendable industry: and if any one 14 should difregard what we have prescrib'd, signify it to us by letter, and don't converse with bim, that he may be put to shame. however, don't treat 15 him as an enemy, but reprove bim as a brother.

Now the Lord of peace 16 grant you continual peace in all respects. the Lord he with you all. I Paul salute you, 17 this salutation being my own hand writing, which is the distinguishing mark of all my letters, so I write. the fa-18 your of our Lord Jesus Christ he with you all.

A M E N.

Ch. I. 8. Adost aupos] Clar. Germ. Borner, Gr. Lat. Roe 2. Barb. 1. Veles. lect. Vulgate, Coptic, Irenxus, Tertullian.

Ib. Xpulov] is not in Clar. Germ. Gr. Cantab. 3. Roe 2. Sinah, Magdal. 1. Petav. 3. Hunting. 1. Colbert. 7. Covel. 3, 4. Arabic, Æthiopic, Coptic, Theophylact, Occumenius.

Ver. 10. Hisisveasis] Steph. 5. 7. 12. 16. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner, Sinah, Genev. Cantab. 2. 3. Magdal. 1. Hunting. 1. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Lincol. Roc 2. Covel. 2, 3, 4. Leicest. Basil. 2. Veles.

leA-

lect. Lucianus, the Complut. edit. Vulgate, Irenzus, Ambrose, the Scholiass. Chrysostom, Theodoret, Theophylact, Occumenius.

Ver. 12. Xpifov] is not in Clar. Gr. Las. Germ. Las. (Gr.) Cantab. 2, 3. N. Col. 2. Hunting. 5. Covel. 3, 4. Roc 2. Magdal. 1. Petav. 2. Leicest. Lucian. Æthiopic, Occumenius.

Ch. II. 2. Noos] show is added in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. N.

Col. 2. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Ambrose, the Scholiast.

Ib. Kpissou Kupissu Alexand. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Roe 2. Covel. 2. Barb. 2. Leicest. Colinzus, Vulgate, Syriac, Origen, Hippolitus, Tertullian, Ambrose, Epiphanius, Augustin, the Scholiast, Theodoret.

Ver. 4. \$\Omega_c\$ October is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Steph. 4. Barb. 3. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic, Hippolitus, Irenzus, Origen, Tertullian, Ambrofe, Cyprian, Cyril Hierof. Theodoret, Com. in Dan. but elsewhere he has it. Dr. Mills makes no doubt it is an interpolation.

Ver. 8. Kupioc Indoue avents Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Roe 2. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Origen, Hippolitus, Irenxus, Tertullian, Cyprian, Ambrofe, Rufinus, conflicut. appofel. the Scholiast, Chrysostom, Theodoret, but sometimes avanuess.

Kup. Ing. avenu Borner. Dominus Fefus interficiet Lat.

Ver. 10. By Tous sy is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner, Gr. Lat. Vulgate, Æthiopic, Irenæus, Tertullian, Origen, Ambrose, the Scholiast.

Ver. 11. Πεμφει] πεμπει Alexand. Clar. Borner, Gr. (mittet Lat.) Irenzus, Origen, Cyril. Hierof. Ambrofe, and the Vulgate, Prol. 682.

Ver. 17. Tuas] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner, Gr. Lat. Roe 2. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. Vulgate, Syriac, Chry-

fostom, the Scholiast.

Ch. III. 6. Παρελαβον] Steph. s. ζ. 6. s. s. s. Cantab. 2, 3. Lincol. Roe 2. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Laud. 2. Covel. 2, 3, 4. Genev. Sinah, Basil. 2. Lucian. Veles. lect. the editions of Complut. Aldus, Erasmus's 1st, Colinxus, the Vulgate, Æthiopic, Chrysostom, Theodoret, Basil, Occumenius, Theophylact, Calaritan, Cyprian, Pelagius, Ambrose, the Scholiast. παρελαβοσαν Alex. Germ. ελαβοσαν Clar. παρελαβος N. Col. 2. Borner, Gr. Lat. παρελαβον was chang'd into παρελαβεν by reason of the preceeding αδελφον. see Prol. 807.

Ver. 12. Ev Kupin Inson Xpielin] Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Colbert, 7. Covel. 2. Vulgate, Æthiopic, Am-

brose, the Scholiast.

Ver. 16. Thorno Torno Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner, Gr. Lat. several of Wechel's MSS. the Vulgate, Ambroic, the Scholiass. Chrysostom explains it by mailaxour. Grotius is for this reading.

патлот

THE

TOT

FIRST EPISTLE

ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΟΤ

O F

Η ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΜΟΘΕΟΝ

PAUL the Apostle

ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ ΠΡΩΤΗ.

To TIMOTHY.

Ι ΑΥΛΟΣ αποσίολος Ιπσου Χρισίου,
κατ' επίλα την Θεου
σωίπρος ήμων και Κυριου Ιπσου Χρισίου, της ελπιδος ήμων, Τιμοθεώ γυπσιώ τεκνώ
εν πισίει χαρις, ελεος, ειρηνη
απο Θεου παίρος ήμων και
Χρισίου Ιπσου του Κυριου
ήμων.

PAUL an apossile of I Jesus Christ by the appointment of God our saviour, and of Jesus Christ our hope, to Timothy my sin-2 cere convert, savour, mercy and peace from God our father, and Jesus Christ our Lord.

3 Καθως παρεκαλεσα σε προσμειναι εν Εφεσω, πορευομενος εις Μακεδονιαν, ίνα παραγγειλης Τισι μη έτεροδιδασκαλειν, μηδε προσεχειν μυθοις, και γενεαλογιαις απερανδοις, άιτινες ζηδησεις παρεχουσι μαλλον η οικονομιαν
δεου την εν πισδει. το δε τελος της παραγγελιας εσδιν
αγαπη εκ καθαρας καρδίας,
και συνειδησεως αγαθης, και
δ πισδεως ανυποκρίδου. ών τινες ασδοχησανδες, εξεδραπησαν εις μαδαιολογιαν, θελον-

At my departure from Ma- 2 cedonia, I advised you to stay at Ephesus in order to charge certain persons not to teach any different doctrine, or 4 trouble their beads with fables and endless* genealogies, which rather promote disputes than the gospel-dispensation: such a 5 charge will produce that charity, which arises from purity, from a good conscience, and a sincere belief: for want of 6 which, some have lost themselves infrivolous disputes, pretending

^{*} See the note at the end of this epifile.

τες ειναι νομοδιδασκαλοι, μη יססטילונג עחלב מ אברסטסו, עחτε περι Τινων διαβεβαιουν-8 ται. οιδαμεν δε ότι καλος δ νομός, εαν τις αυίω νομιμως χρηίαι, ειδως τουίο. ότι δικαιω νομος ου κείλαι. ανομοις δε και ανιπολακλοις. ασεβεσι και άμασωλοις, ανοσιοις και βεβηλοις, παίρα-10 λωαις και μεβραλωαις, ανδροφονοις, ποργοις, αρσενοκοιλαις, ανδραποδίσταις, **ψευσλαις, επιορκοις, και ει Τι** τι έτερον τη ύριαινουση διδασκαλια ανλικείλαι, καλα το EVALLEY THE SOEME TOU HAκαρίου Θεου, ο επισ ευθην εrω.

12 Και χαριν εχω τω ενδυναμωσανίι με Χρισίω Ιπσου τω Κυριω ήμων, ότι πισίον με ήγησαλο, θεμενος εις δια-12 KOVI αy_2 αy_3 αy_4 αy_5 βλασφημον και διωκίπν και ύβρισ Την, αλλ ηλεηθην, ότι αγνοων εποιπσα εν α-14 πισδια. ύπερεπλεοχασε δε ή χαρις Του Κυριου ήμων μεία miolews kai afamns the ev 15 Χρισίω Ιησου. πισίος ό λοτος, και πασης αποδοχης αξιος, ότι Χρισίος Ιπσους πλθεν εις τον κοσμον αμαρίωπους σωσαι, ών πρωίος ειμι 16 εγω. αλλα δια τουίο πλεπθην, ίναι εν εμοι πρωίω ενδειξηλαι Ιπσους Χρισλος την **AAGAY** tending to be doctors of the law. tho' they neither understand what they advance, nor upon what it is founded. I own that 8 the law is good, if a man make a right use of it: it being plain, 9 that the law was not design'd against the just, but against the lawless and refractory, against irreligion and vice, impiety and propbaneness, parricide and man-slaughter, against li- 10 centiousness and unnatural paffion, against * men-stealers, lyars, perjured persons, and every thing that is inconfiftent with the salutary doctrine of 11 the gospel of immortality, which the bleffed God committed to my trust.

I offer thanks to Jesus 12 Christ our Lord, who qualified me for the ministry he has plac'd me in, for baving appointed meto such a trust, who 13 was before a blasphemer, and a violent persecutor; but I obtained mercy, because I acted thro ignorance in incrudelity. but the favour of our Lord dif- 14 play'd itself by that faith and charity, which was wrought in meby Jesus Christ. it is a pro- 15 position worthy to be believ'd, and be embrac'd by all, that Jesus Christ is come into the world to save sinners, of whom I am the greatest. however I 16 obtained mercy, that Jesus Cbrist .

P Deut. xxiv. 7.

πασαν μακροθυμιαν, προς υποΙυπωσιν των μελλονίων πισΙευειν επ' αυίω εις ζωην τη αιωνιον. τω δε βασιλει των αιωνων αφθαρίω, αοραίω, μονώ Θεώ τιμη (και δοξα) εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων αμην.

18 Ταυίην την παραιτελιαν παραιθεμαι σοι, τεκνον Τιμοθεε, καία τας προαιουσας επι σε προφηίειας, ίνα σίρατευη εν αυίαις την καλην 19 σίρα είναν, εχων πισίιν και αιαθην συνειδησιν, ήν τινες απωσαμενοι, περι την πισίιν 20 εναυαιησαν. ών εσίιν Τμεναιος και Αλεξανδρος, όυς παρεδωκα τω σαίανα, ίνα παιδευθωσι μη βλασφημειν.

Παρακαλω ουν πρωίον πανίων ποιεισθαι δεπσεις. 7000EUXAC, EVEUEEC, EUXAρισλιας ύπερ πανλων ανθρω-2 πων: υπερ βασιλεων, και πανίων των εν ύπεροχη ον-Των, ένα πρεμον και πουχιον βιον διαγωμέν εν παση ευ-3 σεβεια και σεμνοίπι. rap kanov kai amodeklov eνωπιον του σωπρος ήμων 4 Θεου, οι πανίαι ανθρωπους BENEL OWONDAI, KAL EIG ETI-5 γιωσιν αληθειας ελθειν. είς *ταρ Θεος, εις και μεσίλης* Θεου και ανθρωπων, ανθοωChrist might demonstrate the greatness of his clemency, by making me an eminent instance of it to those who should hereafter believe in him, in order to eternal life. to the king of the 17 world, the immortal, invisible, and the only God be honour and glory to endless ages. amen.

This charge, my son Timo-18 thy, I recommend to you, a-greeably to the prophetic gifts beretofore conferr'd on you, by virtue of which you might carry on a successful warfare, as-19 sisted by faith and a good conscience: for some having discarded the one, have entirely lost the other. Hymencus and 20 Alexander are of that number, whom I have * deliver'd to Satan, that they may learn not to blaspheme.

I exhort you therefore, a- 1 bove all things, to prefent furplications, prayers, intercefsions and thanksgiving for all men: for kings, and for all that 2 are in authority, that we may lead a quiet and peaceable life in the practice of all piety and virtue; for such offices are commendable, and agreeable to God our saviour, who 4 wills that all men be saved, by embracing the truth. for 5 there is but one God, and but one mediator between God and men, the man Christ Jesus, who

7Tac

6 πος Χρισίος Ιησους, ο δους έαυίου ανίνλυίρου ύπερ παντων, το μαρίυριου καιροις ι-7 διοις. εις ο είεθην ερω κηρυζ και αποσίολος, αληθείαν λερω, ου ψευδομαι, διδασκαλος εθνων εν πισίει και αληθεια.

Βουλομαι ουν προσευχεσθαι Τους ανδρας εν πανίι Τοπω, επαιρονίας όσιους χειρας χωρις οργης και διαλογισμου. 9 ώσανίως και Τας γυναικας εν καίασίολη κοσμιω, μεία αιδους και σωφροσυνης κοσμειν εανίας, μη εν πλεγμασιν, η χρυσω, η μαργαρι-Ταις, η ίμαλισμω πολυίελει, 10 αλλ ό πρεπει γυναιξιν επαγγελλομεναις θεοσεβειαν δί εργων αγαθων.

11 Γυνη εν ήσυχια μανθανε12 Τω εν παση υπολαγη. Γυναικι δε διδασκειν ουκ επιτρεπω, ουδε αυθενλειν ανδροκ,
13 αλλ ειναι εν ήσυχια. Αδαμ γαρ πρωλος επλασθη,
14 ειτα Ευα. και Αδαμ ουκ ηπαληθη, ή δε γυνη απατηθεισα, εν παραβασει γε15 γονε. σωθησελαι δε δια της
τεκνογονίας, εαν μεινωσίν εν
πισλει και αγαπη και άγιασμω μελα σωφροσύνης. πισλος
ό λογος.

Ει Τις επισκοπης ορεγείαι,καλου εργου επιθυμει. δει ουν

who gave himself for the redemption of all mankind: this is what was to be promule'd in due time: for this I was established a herald and an apostle, I speak the truth without disguise, a dostor to instruct the Gentiles in the true faith.

I direct therefore that the 8 men pray in publick and private, lifting up their hands to beaven with innocence, charity, and composure and that the women be decent in their apparel, adorned with modesty and reserve, not with broider'd hair, or gold, or pearls, or costly array; but, as becomes 10 women, who make a profession of religion, to be adorn'd with virtue.

Let the women with fub-11 missive silence attend to instruction. for I don't allow a wo- 12 man to be a teacher, nor to dictate to ber busband; but let ber be silent. for Adam was 12 the first that was form'd, then Eve. Adam was not seduc'd, 14 but the woman, who was the cause of his transgression. how-15 ever the women may be faved by educating their children. and persevering themselves in faith, in charity, in boliness and chastity. this may be depended upon as true.

He that aspires to be a bi- 1
shop, desires an office that is
honourable, a bishop therefore 2

TOV ETICKOTOV AVETINTE OV ELVAL MIAC TUVALKOS AVODA. Vn-Φάλεον, σωφρονά, κοσιμον, 3 Φιλοξενον, διδακζικον, μπ πα-באג' בπιεική, αμάχον, αφιλαρίυ-4 ρου, του ιδιου οικου καλως προϊσίαμενον, τεκνα εχονία εν υποίαςη μεία πασης σεμ-5 volulos, el de Tis Tou idiou oiκου προσίπναι ουκ οιδε, πως ΕΚΚλησιας Θεου επιμελησε-6 ται? μη νεοφυίου, ίνα μη Τυφωθεις εις κοιμα εμπεση του 7 διαβολου. δει δε αυίου και μαριυριαν καλην εχειν απο των εξωθεν, ίνα μη εις ουειδισμον εμπεση και πατιδα του διαβολου.

Διακονούς ώσαυζως σεμ-Я νους, μη διλογους, μη οινω πολλω προσεχονίας, μη αισ-9 Χροκερδεις, εχονίας το μυστηριού της πισίεως έν κα-10 θαρα συνειδησει. και δυλοι δε δοκιμαζεσθωσαν πρωίον, ειτα διακονείδωσαν, ανεγκλη-11 Τοι ονίες. Γυναικας ωσαυτως σεμνας, μη διαβολους, νηφαλεους, πισίας εν πασι. 12 διακονοι εσίωσαν μιας τυναικος ανδρες, Τεκνων καλως προϊσλαμενοι, και των ιδιων 13 οικων. δι ταρ καλως δίακονησανίες, βαθμον ξαυίοις καλον περιποιουνίαι, και πολ-

ought to be of an unspotted character, * to bave but one wife, to be fober, prudent, grave, bospitable, and qualified for teaching: not given to wine or 3 violence, but of a gentle temper, averse to contention and avarice: a master of aconomy, obliging bis children to behave with decorum. for if a man is incapable of governing bisown family, bow can be take care of the church of God? nor must be be a new convert ; for fear be should be elated with pride. and so involve bimself in the sameruin as the devil. befides, 7 be ought to stand fair in the opinion of unbelievers, lest be fall into difgrace, and the ambushes of the accuser.

The deacons too must be 8 grave, not double tongued, not additted to drinking, or fordid gain, but by their integrity 9 maintain the reverence due to the gospel. let them be first exa- 10 min'd, and if they are without reproach, let them enter upon their office. their wives must I i be likewise grave, free from scandal, sober, and always faithful. a deacon must have 12 but one wife, and govern his children, and the rest of the family in a proper manner. for 13 they who duly discharge that office, prepare their way to a bigher degree, and may promote

אלווע

• See the note at the end of this epiftle.

λην παρρησιαν εν πισθει τη εν Χοισθω Ιησου.

14 Ταυία σοι Γραφω, ελπιζων ελθειν προς σε ταχιον.
15 εαν δε βραδυνω, ίνα ειδης
πως δει εν οικώ Θεου αναστρεφεσθαι, ήτις εσίιν εκκλησια Θεου ζωνίος. σίυλος και
16 εδραιωμα της αληθειας, και
ομολογουμενώς μεγα εσίι το
της ευσεβιας μυσίπριον, † Θεος
εφανερωθη εν σαρκι, εδικαιωθη εν πνευμαίι, ωφθη αγγελοις, εκηρυχθη εν εθνεσιν, επισίευθη εν κοσμώ, ανεληφθη εν δοξη.

Το δε πνευμα βηίως λετει, ότι εν ύσλεροις καιροις αποσΙπσοείαι τινες της πισ-Τεως, προσεχονίες πνευμασι πλανοις, και διδασκαλιαις 2 δαιμονιών, εν ύποκρισει ψευδολοςων, κεκαυληριασμενων την ιδιαν συνειδησιν, κολυον ων ταμείν, απέχεσθαι βρωμαθων ά ο Θεος εκθισεν εις. μλαληψιν μελα ευχαρισλίας τοις πισίοις και επεγνωκοσι A την αληθειαν. ότι παν κλισμα Θεου καλον, και ουδεν αποβληλον, μελα ευχαρισλιας λαμβανομένου: αγιαζείαι γαρ

5 λαμβανομενου: αγιαζείαι γαρ δια λογου Θεου και ενίευξεως.

Ταυία ύποιθεμενος τοις αδελφοις, καλος εση διακονος Ιπσου Χρισίου, ενίρεφομενος τοις λογοις της πιστεως,

* The gospel-dispensation. Vol. II. mote the christian faith with the greater freedom.

This I write, tho' I hope to 14 make you a vifit in a little time, that in cafe I am retarded, you 15 may know how to conduct yourfelf in the house of God, that is, in the church of the true God.

* the mystery of piety is the pil-16 lar and basis of truth, and certainly most extraordinary. God has appear'd in the slesh, been justified by the spirit, seen by angels, proclaim'd to the Gentiles, believ'd by the world, and assum'd into glory.

Nowthe spirit Jays expresly, that in the latter times some shall abandon the faith, by giving credit to seducing spirits, and the doctrine concerning + demons, broach'd by bypocriti- 2 tical impostors, whose consciences are cauteriz'd, interdicting 3 marriage, and the use of animal food, which God created for the repast of the faithful, who embrace the truth with thankfulness. for all that God has created is good, and nothing is to be rejected, provided it be recciv'd with thank sgiving: since it is sanctified by the divine permission, and by prayer.

If you represent these things 6
to the brethren, you will appear to be a true minister of
Jesus Christ, brought up in the
in-

+ See the notes to this epiftle.

τεως, και της καλης διδασκαλιας, ή παςηκολουθηκας. 7 τους δε βεβπλους και γραωδεις μυθους παραίλου, τυμναζε δε σεαυλον προς ευσεβειαν. ή γαρ σωμαλική γυμνασια προς ολιγον εσίιν ωφελιμος, τι δε ευσεβεια προς πανία ωφελιμος εσίιν, επαιτελίαν ε-XOUGA CWING THE VUY KAL THE 9 μελλουσης. πισίος ο λοιος και πασης αποδοχης αξιος. 10 εις τουίο γαρ και κοπιωμέν και ονειδίζομεθα, ότι πλπικαμεν επι Θεω ζωνίι, ός εστι σωληρ πανλων ανθρωπων, μαλισία πισίων.

11 Mapairenne Taula Kai di-12 δασκε. μηδεις σου της νεοτηλος καλαφρονείω, αλλα τυπος Γινου Των πισίων εν λοτω, εν ανασΙροφή, εν αγαπή, 13 EV MIOTEL, EV ATVEIA. EWS EPχομαι προσέχε τη αναγνωσει, τη παςακλησει, τη δι-14 δασκαλια. μη αμελει του εν σοι χαρισμαίος, ο εδοθη σοι δια προφηθείας, μεία επιθεσεως των χειρων του πρεσ-15 βυλεριου. Ταυλα μελεία, εν τουλοις ισθι, ίνα σου ή προ-16 κοπη φανέρα η πασιν. πεχε σεαυίω, και τη διδασκαλια. επιμενε αυίοις: τουτο γαρ ποιων, και σεαυλον σωσεις και τους ακουονίας GOU.

Πρεσ-

institutions of faith, and the true dostrine to which you were attach'd. as for prophane and groundless fables, reject them. exercise yourself in piety: for those exercises which relate only to the body are of little confequence, but piety is of absolute use, having the promises buth of the present life, and of the life that is to come. what I tell you is certain, and deserves entire credit. for to that end we ex- 10 poseourselves to trouble and reproach, because we hope in the living God, who is the saviour of all men, especially of believers.

These things recommend and 11 teach. don't give occasion to 12 any to describe your youth: but be a pattern to believers in your discourse, in your behaviour, by your charity, faith and chaftity. while I am absent apply 12 yourself to reading, to exbortation, and instruction. don't 14 neglett the gift you have, which was given you with the minifterial charge, when you receiv'd imposition of bands from the presbytery. meditate upon 15 these things, be wholly employ'd about them, that your proficiency may appear to all. take care bow you behave, and 16 what you teach. persevere in these duties: for by the practice of them, you will save both yourself, and those who hear Don's 304.

Πρεσβυλερω μη επιπληξης αλλα παρακαλει ώς παίερα. νεωλερους, ώς αδελφους: πρεσ-Bulepas, ws unlepas; vewleρας, ως αδελφας, εν παση άγνεια. Χηρας Τιμα Τας ον-A TWG XMPAG. EL DE TIG XMPA TEKYA N EKTOYA EXEL, HAYθανείωσαν πρωίον τον ιδιον οιχον ευσεβείν, και αμοιβας αποδιδοναι τοις προτονοις, τουλο γαρ εσλι αποδεκλου ες νωπιον του Θεου, ή δε ον-Τως χηρα και μεμονωμένη ηλ-TIKEV ETI TOV SEOV. KAL προσμένει ταις δεησεσι και ταις προσευχαις νυκίος και 6 ήμερας, ή δε σπαλαλωσα. 7 ζωσα τεθνηκε και ταυλα παραγγελλε, ίνα ανεπιληπίοι ωσιν. ει δε Τις Των ιδιων και μαλισία των οικειων ου προνοει, την πισίιν ηρνηίαι, και εσίιν απισίου χειρων.

9 Χηςα καταλεγεσθω μη ελαίτον είων έξηχονία, γεγο10 νυια ένος ανδρος γυνη, εν εργοις καλοις μαρίυρουμενη, ει
είεκνοίροφησεν, ει εξενοδοχησεν, ει άγιων ποδας ενιψεν,
ει θλιβομενοις επηρκεσεν, ει
πανίι εργω αγαθώ επηκολου11 θησε. νεωίερας δε χηςας παγαίου, όταν γαρ καίασίρηγιασωσι του Χρισίου, γαμειν.

Don't treat a senior with 1 barsh reproof, but exhort him as a father, and the young men, as bretbren: the elder women 2 as mothers; the younger, as fifters, with all purity. Show 3 regard to widows that are really fuch. if a widow bas chil- A dren or grand-children, let them above all things instruct their ownfamily to be religious, and let them be grateful to their parents, for this is acceptable to God. as for the widow, who is 5 really fuch, and without any assistance, let ber place all ber bopes in God, and be affiduous in supplication and prayer, the 6 widow of pleasure is dead tho' she lives. these things reconimend to them, that they may be without reproach. be that 8 takes no care of his relations, efpecially those of his own family, bas renounc'd the faith and is worse than an infidel,

Let none be put upon the 9 list of widows, but such as are at least threescore years of age, and have been married but once: such as have been re-10 commended by their good actions, by the education of their children, by their hospitality, by their officiousness to the faithful, by relieving the afflisted, and by the practice of every virtue. as for young wi- 1 & dows, don't admit them: for, being impatient of religious re-Ff 2 straint.

12 θελουσιν, εχουσαι κειμα, όΤι Την πρωίην πισίιν ηθείη13 σαν. άμα δε και αργαι μανθανουσι περιερχομεναι Τας
οιχιας, ου μονον δε αργαι,
αλλα και φλυαροι και περιεργοι, λαλουσαι Τα μη δερας γαμειν, Τεκνογονειν, οικοδεσποίειν, μηδεμιαν αφορμην
διδοναι τω ανδικειμενώ λοι15 δοριας χαριν. ηδη γαρ Τινες
εξείραπησαν οπισω Του Σα-

16 Ει τις πιση εχει χηρας, επαρκείω αυλαις, και μη βαρεισθω η εκκλησια, ίνα ταις ονίως χηραις επαρκεση.

17 Οι καλως προεσλωλες πρεσβυλεροι διπλης Τιμης αξιουσθωσαν, μαλισλα οι κοπιων-Τες εν λογω και διδασκαλια. 18 λεγει γαρ ή γραφη, "βουν "αλοωνλα ου φιμωσεις." και, αξιος ο εργαλης του μισ-

19θου άυλου. καλα πρεσβυλερου καληγοριαν μη παραδεχου, εκλος ει μη επι δυο η Τειων μαρλυρων.

20 Τους άμαρλανονλας, ενωπιον πανλων εκεγκε, ίνα και 21 οι κοιποι φοβον εκωσι. δίαμαρλυρομαι ενωπιον Του Θεου, και Κυριου Ιπσου Χρισ-Του,

straint, they will be marry'd: for which they are much to be 12 condemn'd, because they violate the engagements they had before enter'd into: besides, 13 baving nothing to do, they get the babit of rambling from one bouse to another, and are not only idling, but prattle and intermeddle, and utter what is not decent. I enjoin therefore 14 the young women to marry, to detest abortion, to govern their families, and give our enemies no bandle for reproach. for 15 some bave already revolted to paganism.

If any convert has widow-16 relations, let such relieve them, that the church may not be charged, but with the relief of such as are entirely destitute.

Let the presbyters that go-17 vern well receive a double falary, especially those who are employ'd in preaching and instructing, for the scripture 18 says, "thou shalt not muzzle "the ox, when he treads the "corn." and, "the labourer "is worthy of his reward." don't receive any accusation a-19 gainst a pastor, but upon the deposition of two or three witnesses.

Those that transgress re-20 prove in publick, to strike a terror in the rest. I conjure 21 you before God, before our Lord Jesus Christ, and his chosen

του, και των εκλεκίων ας-Γελων, ίνα ταυία φυλαξης χωρις προκριμαίος, μπδεν ποιων καία προσκλισιν.

22 Χειρας Ταχεως μπδενι επιλιθει, μπδε κοινωνει άμαρ-Τιαις αλλολριαις. σεαυλον άς-

עסע דחףבו.

23 Μπκειι υδροποίει, αλλ' οινω ολιζω χρω δια τον σίομαχον σου, και τας πυκνας σου ασθενειας.

24 Τινών ανθρωπων άι άμαρτιαι προδηλοι εισι, προαγουσαι εις κρισιν, Τισι δε 25 και επακολουθουσιν. ώσαυτως και τα καλα εργα προ-

δηλα εσίι, και τα αλλως εχονία κρυβηναι ου δυναίαι.

ΣΟσοι εισιν ύπο ζυτον δουλοι, Τουκιδιουκ δεσπολας πασηκ τιμηκ αξιωκ ήτεισθωσαν,
ίνα μη το ονομα του Θεου
και ή διδασκαλια βλασφη2 μπλαι. ὁι δε πισλους εχονλες
δεσπολας, μη καλαφρονείωσαν, ότι αδελφοι εισιν, αλλα μαλλον δουλευελωσαν, ότι πισλοι εισι και αταπηλοι,
όι της ευερτεσιας ανλιλαμβανομενοι. τανλα διδασκε, και

β Ει Τις έγεγοδιδασκαλει, και μη προσερχέζαι ύγιαινουσι λογοις τοις του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισθου, και τη

παρακαλέι.

chosen angels, to observe these rules without prepossession and partiality.

Don't be basty to ordain a-22 ny man: and be not accessory to the faults of others: preserve your own integrity.

Discontinue the drinking of 23 bare water, take a litle wine out of regard to your weak stomach, and your frequent

indispositions.

The vices of some men are so 24. notorious, they prevent any inquisition: others don't discover themselves till they have been ordain'd. virtue wears 25 no disguise, and vice cannot be long conceal'd.

Let those who are in a state I of servitude, consider the entire respect due to their masters, that the name of God, andthe doctrine of the gospel may not be blasphemed. let them not 2 treat their christian masters, on pretence of being their brethren, with less respect : but be the more obsequious, because they are believers, and deserve to be below'd, for the kind provision they make for them. let this be the subject of your instructions, and exborialion.

If any one deviate from 3 this doctrine, not adhering to the subolesome instructions of our Lord Jesus Christ, the

true

κατ' ευσεβειαν διδασκαλια. 4 Τείυσωλαι, μπόεν επισλαμενος, αλλα νοσων περι [η]ησεις KAL NOTOMAXIAS, EE WY TIVEται οθονος, ερις, βλασφη-5 μιαι, ύπονοιαι πονπραι, διαπαραλοιβαι διεφθαρμενών ανθεωπων τον νουν, και απεσ-TEPHLENWY THE ARMUSIAC. NOμιζονίων πορισμού είναι την ευσ. βειαν.

Εσλι δε πορισμος μεγας ή η ευσεβεια μεία αυίαρκειας. ου-DEV FAP ELOTIVETKALLEY ELG TOV κοσμον, δηλον ότι ουδε εξε-8 VETKELV TI δυναμεθα. EXOVτες δε διαθοφας και σκεπασuala, Toulous apreofinoous-9 θα. ὁι δε βουλομενοι πλουτειν, εμπιπλουσιν εις πειρασμου και παζιδα, και επιθυμιας πολλας ανοπίους και βλαβερας, άιλινες βυθιζουσι τους ανθρωπους εις ολεθρον 10 και απωλειαν, ρίζα γαρ παντων των κακων εσίιν ή φι-Laprupia, it Tives operquevoi απεπλανηθησαν απο της πισίεως, και έαυίους περιεπειραν οδυναις πολλαις.

Συ δε ω ανθιώπε του Θεου, ταυλα φευτε, διωκε δε δικαιοσυνην, ευσεβειαν, πισ-Τιν, αζαπην, ύπομονην, πρα-12 οληλα. αγωνίζου τον καλον αςωνά της πισίως, επιλάβου της αιωνίου ζωής, εις ήν εκληθης, και ώμολος πσας την KŒAIIY ομολογιαν ενωπιον *Έ0*λλων

true doctrine of piety, be is 4 full of pride and ignorance. touch'd with a spirit of chicanery and wrangling, productive of envy, contention, calumny, mischievous opinions, 5 and a familiarity with pernicious ignorant impostors, who consider religion only as it makes for their gain,

Religion indeed with contentment leads to great gain. as we brought nothing into the world, certain it is, we can carry nothing away. having therefore food and raiment, we ought to think that sufficient. but they who will be rich, expose themselves to temptations 9 and snares, and to many foolish noxious passions, which plunge men into ruin and perdition. for the love of money is the root of all evil: which some 10 baving obtain'd, bave revolted from the faith, and brought upon themselves variety of piercing pains.

As for you the minister of 11 God, avoid those things: adbere to justice, piety, faith, charity, patience, and benignity of temper. exert yourself in 12 the glorious cause of faith, and secure the prize of eternal life, to which you were called, when you made that excellent pro-

fe/fron

13 πολλων μαρίυρων. παρας-TEXXW GOI EVWITION TOU GEOU του ζωοποιουνίος τα πανία. και Χρισίου Ιπσου του μαςτυρήσανλος επι Πονλιου Πιλα ου την καλην όμολοςιαν, 14 Τηςησαι σε την ενίολην ασπιλον, ανεπιληπίου, μεχρι της επιφανειας του Κυριου 15 ήμων Ιησου Χρισίου, ήν καιροις ιδιοις δειξει ο μακαριος και μονος δυνασίης, ο βασιπεικ των βασιπευονίων, και 16 Κυριος των κυριευονίων, ο μονος εχων αθανασιαν, φως οικων απροσιλου, όν ειδεν ουδεις ανθρωπων, ουδε ιδειν δυναλαί, ώ τιμη και κραλος αιwyloy. auny.

17 Τοις πλουσιοίς εν τω νυν αιωνι, παραγγέλλε μη ύψηλοφρονείν, μπδε πλπικεναι επι πλουίου αδηλοίη , αλλ' εν τω Θεω τω ζωνίι τω παρεχονίι ήμιν πλουσιως πάν-18 τα εις απολαυσιν; αγαθοερτειν, πλουλειν εν εργοις καλοις, ευμελαζολους ειναι, κοινωνι-10 κους, αποθησαυριζονίας εαυ-Τοις θεμελιον καλον εις Το μελλον, ίνα επιλαβωνίαι της ονίως ζωης.

Ω Τιμοθεε, την παραθηκην φυλαξον, εκζρεπομενος τας βεβηλους κενοφωνίας, και αν-Τιθεσεις της ψευδωνυμου γνω-2 I σεως, πν Τινες επαγγελλομεvoi, reci Thu miolin noloxnή χαβις μεία σου.

AMHN.

feshon of faith before so many witnesses. I enjoin you, before 12 God, who gives life to all, and before Christ Telus, who made a glorious confession before Pontius Pilate; to observe these 14 precepts, to lead an unspotted life without reproof until the appearance of our Lord Jesus Christ, whose advent HE will IS in bis own time display, WHO is + perfectly bappy, who alone is omnipotent, the king of kings. and the lord of all that bear rule; who alone is essentially 16 immortal, dwelling in that inaccessible light, which no mortal ever faw, or can fee: to whom belongs everlasting bonour and empire. amen.

Charge those that are rich in 17 this world, not to be elated, not to depend upon their perishable wealth, but upon the God of life, who furnishes us with every thing in plenty for our enjoyment; to be beneficent, 18 to be rich ingood works, to be liberal to the common fund, fe- 19 curing to themselves a wellgrounded expectation of obtaining bereafter an immortal life.

O Timothy, keep what is de- 20 posited in your care, avoiding the prophane empty declamations and objections of a spurious science, which some have profesid, and thereby deviated 21 from the true principles off aith. grace be with you. AMEN. †Ch.i, 11,

Ch.

Ch. I. 4. Fables and genealogies] The Platonists and cabalistical Jews amus'd themselves is combining a great number of abstract ideas, or rather artificial terms without any ideas, and form'd them into a genealogical table, which a wild imagination might lengthen out to infinity. Hetiod was the first that follow'd this witty passime, as appears from his theogony: the philosophers were pleas'd with the sancy, and the Valentinians improv'd the speculation. they had their profund and silence; the intellect and truth; the word and life; the man and the church; and so on to numberless couples, which they call'd their Zons, all deriv'd from Abrachas, which Severinus the physician, a soilower of Basilides, lengthen'd out to Abrachadabra, his grand specific for the ague. see Irenzus, lib. 1. c. 1. and Epiphanius Heres. xxxi.

Ib. Ourovousavi ourodoussy Irenaus in Gracis Epiphan. adificationemvet. interpr. Borner, Lat. Clar. Lat. the Vulgate, Syriac, Ambroie, the Scholinst, Hilary, Froben, Aldus, Colinaus, perhaps some MSS.

mention'd by Estius, but all the other MSS. reclaim.

Ver. 17. Αφθαρίω] αθαναίμ Clar. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Vulgate,

Æthiopic, Ambrose, the Scholiast.

Ib. Σεφφ is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Veles. lect. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic. Tertullian, Novatian, Ambrosc. Augustin, the Scholiast, Cyril. Alex. Chrysostom, Theodoret, Occumenius. Estius and Dr. Mills think it borrow'd from Rom. xvi. 27.

1b. Και δοξα] και is not in N. Col. 2. Laud. 2. Magdal. 1. Hunting. 1. Cantab. 2, 3. Lucian. lect. Vienna, Covel. 3. nor in the Complutentian edit. Froben's, Colinæus, nor the first of Rob. Stephens. Dr. Mills thinks και δοξα a marginal Scholium. τιμη, δοξα, Hefychius.

Ch. II. 7. Ev X; if a] is not in Steph. 6. 6. 6. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Borner. Gr. Lat. Cantab. 3. Magdal. 1. Roe 2. Baroc. Petav. 2. Covel. 2. Gonvil. Vulgate, Syriae, Arabic, Æthiopic, Coptic, Ambrose, Chryfostom, the Scholiass, Theophylact. 'tis thought to be borrowed from

Rom.ix. 1.

Ch. III. 3. My aurgoneson] is not in Steph. 3. e. 8. C. 15. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Cantab. 3. Petav. 3. Colvert. 7. Covel. 2. 4. Genev. Sinah, Magdal. 1. the Vulgate, Syriac, Athiopic, Arabic, Jerom, Ambrose, the Scholiass, Chrysostom, Pelagius, Antiochus, Euthalius, Theodoret, nor in any of the Greek or Latin interpreters. it was borrowed from the epistle to Titus, c. 1. v. 7. see Prol. 922.

Ver. 16. Oe65] the Greek of the Ciermont MS. has O, but Morinus, Exercitat. p. 59. fays part of the O is ferap'd away, to make it a C, which was the Sigma of the antients; and a O is prefix'd by another hand in different ink, so that the imposture is very conspicuous, in making it CC, which was the usual contraction of OEOC. the Veletian readings have O, the Latin of the Clermont MS. quod. and so it was read by the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic and Armenian transslators: Ambrole, the Scholiass under Jerom's name, Fulgentius, Hilary, L. 11. ue Trin. and other Latin writers have quod.

The Colbertin MS. mark'd 7. and the Greek of Borner have OC, (but the Latin of Borner, quod.) and so has Cyril, c. 12. Scholior. ci-

** N.B. There is an HIATUS in the MSS. of St. Germain from Chap. i. ver. 1. to Chap. vi. ver. 16, but the Latin has been supply'd by a medern hand from the modern Vulgate.

ted by Photius in a MS. comment. upon the epifles. and so had some Greek MSS, mention'd by Liberatus, who, cap. 19. Breviar. says, that Macedonius Bp of Constantinople was banished the realm, for changing OC into ΩC; but Hinematus, Opusc. 33. c. 18.22. says, he was expell'd for changing OC into ΘC, the contraction of Θεος.

But all the other MSS, have Goog, even the Alexandrian MS, probably the most antient of all: which has ΘC , for the some orthodox hand has been tampering with the Θ , by aggravating the dash in the body of the Θ , the sagacious Dr. Mills at last sarcy'd he had some

glimple of the antient ink under the modern varnish.

As for the fathers, excepting perhaps Justin and Athanasius, lib de incarn. verb. Dr. Mills thinks it very marvellous, that not one of the fathers, either Greek or Larin, in all their warm attacks upon the heterodox, ever took it into his head to produce this passage: till Gregory Nyssen, anno 380. arm'd himself with this text, and bravely brandished it against Euromius. see Prol. 489. 1034, 1035.

Ch. IV. The moleces a very old MS. mention's by J. nius. in ed. Wechel. Bib. has this addition, especial sep reaport has provided, de nai ev to Isrand soubastoner, "for they will wo find the dead, as they were "worshipped in Ifrael." and Epiphanius's copy had the same reading, for he quotes there as the very words of the apostle, Haref. 78. see

Prol. 754. 794.

Ib. Πλανοις] πλανης Steph. & ζ. ε. ια. Baroc. Covel. 2. Petay. 1. the Complutentian edition, Origen, the Vulgate, tho Ciar. Lat. Ambrofe, Augustin, Hilary, Novatian favour the common reading; Chrysostom, Theodoret and Theophylact have both readings.

Ver. 10. Overditcuesal asemtomesa Alexand. Borner, Gr. Roc 2. Lin-

col. Covel. 2. non male, tay, Grotius.

Ver. 12. Εν πνευμαίτ] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Roe 2. Covel. 2. Vulgate, Syriac, Ambrose, Augustin, Hesychius, the Scholiass. nor in Chrysostom's commentaries.

Ver. 15. Ev masiv] sv is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Covel. 2. Coincrt. 7. Vulgate, Syriac, Ambrose, the Scholiass, and

others.

Ch. V. 4. Karov rai] is not in Steph. 8. 6. 8. 10 a. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Botner, Gr. Lat. Cantab. 2. 3. Magdal. 1. Lincol. Baroc. Barb. 5. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2. Roc 2. Sinah, Vienna, Lucianus, Colinæus, Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic. Ambrose, the Scholiast, Chrysostom, Theodoret, Theophylact Occumenius. Dr. Mills makes no doubt it was borrowed from Ch. ii. 3.

Ver. 16. Ει τις πιέτη εχει] Alexand. Borner, Gr. Lat. Roe 2. Colbert. 7. two MSS. of Contans mention'd by Erafmus, who thinks this the

true reading, and likewife Dr. Mills. fee Prol. 749.

* Ver. 19. Escos es un em &c.] was not in several Latin MSS, mention'd by Jerom, nor in the Vulgate, Ambrosc, Cyprian, the Scholiast, Occumentus, Primasius. Dr. Mills thinks it an interpolation. see Prol. 491.

Ch. VI. 5. Auxapalpißai] all Stephens's MSS. the Alexand. Clar. Borner, Laud. 2. Cantab. 3. Roe 2. Lincol. Baroc. Magdal. 1. Hunting. 1. Sinah, Colbert. 7. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Genev. Covel. 2, 3. 4. Leicest. Veles. lect. Lucianus, the Complut. edit. Aldus, Erasm. 1^{ma}, and the Vol. II.

Gg two

two first of Rob. Stephens, the Vulgate, Clemens Alex. Basil, Chryfostom, Theodoret, Oecumenius, Hefychius, Suidas, Euthalius. see

Prol. 628. 1040. 1222. 1267.

Ib. ΑΦισίασο απο των τοινθων] is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. nor in the Vulgate, Æthiopic, Coptic. Grotius and Dr. Mills think it was added to make the sense more full. see Prol 1207.

Ver. 12. Kai enambus] new is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Laud. 2. Roe 2. N. Col. 2. Petav. 3. Hunting. 1. Lincol. Covel. 2. Genev. Lucianus, the Complut. ed. the Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic, Athiopic, Chrysostom.

Ver. 17. To twild is not in the Alexand. Borner, Gr. Lat. Roe 2.

Colbert, 7. Æthiopic, Gildas.

Ver. 19. The or we teme! Steph. 9. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Gr. Lat. Covel. 2. Velef. lect. the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic, Ambrole, the Scholiass, Jerom. Basil, Nyilen, Euthalius, Gildas. Ta orla, Tools sile Ta ameria, says Clemens Alex. see Prol. 808.

Ver. 20. Παραθημην] Alexand. Germ. Borner, Roc 2. Baroc. Hunting. 1: Magdal. 1. Cantab. 3. Petav. 1, 2, 3, Covel. 2, 3. Leicest. Lucianus, Clemens Alex. Picudo-Ignat. Theodoret, Occumenius, Heiychius, Euthalius. see Prol. 638.

Ch.IV. 1. Demons.] Demon was a term of honour among the Platonists. Aristotle for his great learning was call'd Demon: and Dionysius Hal. lib. de Element. Stiles Thucydides Augustofalor two suffagadess, the most learned writer. Philon de Gigant. says, Demons and Anuels were different names for the same order of beings, and he that is appriz'd of this truth, is guarded against great superstition.

THE PLATONISTS confidered demons as the mediators between God and men: by conveying their prayers to HIM, and bringing back the divine favours to them. Onigen does not feruple to fay the fame thing of ANGELS; but he denies there should be any invocation or worship paid to them. " for all our supplications, all our prayers, de-" precations and thanksgivings should be directed to God the Lord of " all things, by the living divine logor, a high priest superior to all " angels." Orig. c. Celf. lib. v. befides, the direction of the planets and elements, all mundane affairs, and what related to this life, was afcrib'd by those philosophers to the super-intendancy of angels. whence they concluded they ought to pay honour to them, as the Satrapa of the Pertian monarchs, or the governors of the Roman provinces were honourd. The Jews had the fame notions, but they carry'd their speculations much higher. " the flars (i.e. the angels) were rang'd in battle-array " against Sifera." Jud. v. 20. Lxx. " when the Almighty divided the naet tions, he set their boundaries according to the number of the angels " of God." Deut. xxxii. 8. shat is, he placed seventy angels over the soventy nations, tays R. Menachem. " in the division of the nations of the whole earth, he fet a ruler over every people," says the fon of Syrac. Eccl. xvii. 17. accordingly in Daniel the prines of Perfia, and the prince of Greece are mention'd; that is, the angels, who prefided over those regions. the apparition describ'd in Josh. v. 13. with his drawn

fivord in his hand, and fliled approlpalylog duranews Kupion, the Generalisting of the Lord's army, was, in the opinion of the Jews, the angel MICHAEL, who is call'd their prince, Dan. x. 21. xii. 1. St. Jerom and Theodoret com. in Dan. fay, "MICHAEL is that arch-angel, who was " intrufted with the government of the Jewish nation." the author of the recognitions, lib. 11. §. 42. speaking of God's dividing the nations to angels, adds, " uni vero qui in archangelis erat maximus, forte data " est dispositio corum qui præ ceteris omnibus excelsi Dei cultum & sci-" entiam receperant." the chief of the archangels obtain'd by lot the government of that people, who were distinguish'd above all others by their knowledge and worship of the supreme Being. Eusebius frequently observes, " that all the nations of the earth were formerly, by lot, divided to " feveral angels." Demonst. Evang. lib.iv. c. 10. p. 162, 162. this was the doctrine of Fustin Martyr, Apol.i. p. 44. or rather, Apol.ii. p. 112. ed. Thirl. of Ireneus, lib. iii. c. 12. Athenagoras, legar. p. 27. and Clemens Alex. Strom. vii. p. 701. 832. Oulog eeliv & didoug nas roig Ελλησι την ΦιλοσοΦιαν δια των υποδεεσιερων αβελών. εισι Γαρ συνδιανειμmenor rpoofater bein un apyain, affetor nafa ebry. att if peric Kupiou if 3554 Tow wielevorlow. " he it is who gives the Greeks philosophy by the " intervention of the inferior angels: for the angels were diffributed " among the nations by an antient divine establishment. but the Lord " himself gives science to the believers." and in Strom. lib. vi. p. 415. he favs.

Oli de ou ral' existence isasi TOV OSOV. ALLA KAJA TERIODASIV FARTON & CORILE LOS, Tiles en รณ หตุยาในสโร มะโยร. " โรงพรมชาง " our ole sie Geog edlir, og + Apxnr " TA POP STOINGEY, ZZI TEXSUS SE-ध टावायम इप्रथम: प्रया व व्यव्योज्ड, वेड " Ta Taila ora: axepalos, os " Ta marja yours: aremidens, " ou उर जवशीय इमार्ड होता, प्रमा ही " er soliv: analannolis, asrraos, " aplaples, arosslos és ra rasla " באסוווספף אסןש בינושמעבא מעלפין;" TH [म्थावीरम [म्याम Toules]1, राज्य Trov. sila emiseper. " Tevler Tor " DEON OEBEODE, MI MEJE TOUS EX-

But that the most accomplished Greeks have no direct knowledge of God, but by the way of induction only, is affected by Peter in his Predication. " know therefore, that " there is but one God. who made " the prince of all things, and is the " master of their duration: who " fees all things, 'himfelf invisible: " who contains all things in his im-" menkty: he is felf-fufficient, but " all things stand in need of his in-" fluence, and by him exist incom-" prehenfible, eternal, unchangea-" ble, uncreated: who made all " things by the word of his puif-" fance." which mystically means, of his fon. then he adds, " this is the " God, you should worship, not as Gg 2

" AHTESS

F Exes de in men to aservasion à πανίακραϊωρ Θεος, εν δε και το προσεννηθεν δι δυ τα πανία εξενείο, και χωρις αυθου εξενείο ουδε έν. Σις αρ τω ού ι εσίν ό εδεος, όι αρχην των απανίων ετοιησεν, μηνυων του προζοζονου ύτον, ο Πεθρος βαθει συνεις ακριβως το, Εν αρχη ετοιησεν ό Θεος τον ουρανου και την επν. since there is one unoriginated being, the omnipotent God: there is also one preoriginated being, "by whom all things were made, and without him was nothing "made." (John i. 3.) for there is really but one God, who made the prince of the universe, by which Peter meant the first begotten fon. exactly comprehending that expression, By the ARCHE God created the heaven and the earth, Gen, i. 1. 2. 244 Strom. vi. see Revel. iii. 14.

" Andes" อัง อิทโอะอีโร Top สบโอง, THE TOP THE TOO WE BE OF THE Ελλησι δοκιμών, αλλ' ου παρ' פתון בסוף הבילובאה דחף לו' טוסט mapad ou unwallenday. " דסנשטי סאסנ סינים במשפה" מעא פניהבי, OSCY & & EXAMPS. AXXA. " MI " xal . Tous Ext. nras." Tor Toomer TOP THE SEBRIEWS EPARRATION TOU Θεου ουχε δε αλλον κεβαπελλων. TI OUP ESTI TO UN Kala TOUS Ex-Alleas, aulos Siao anges Melcos STICEOUP: " CTI a Froid Cepoilerol " REI IIN STIGITUSFOI TOF GEOF, ⁴ એંદ મેંઘરાદ સત્રીલ THP [PAGIV THV " TEXELET. WE ESWEET AUSOIS ESCU-" olas els Yenoly, poppwoarles "Euha kai hillous, Xahkop kai " ordnoon, Xpuror nas apsupor, " τας ύλας αυθών και χρησεώς " Ta Soura Ras THE UTAPERUS, " avadingaviss deBovias: प्रमा व " dedwien avlore ere Brower ? ⁶ ⊖६०६, ऋीद्राग्य रहा बहु०६, स्त्रा " THE BALAGONS TO VINTA HAS " राह जिह रव दश्यदीय, अन्य रच छैन-" pia our Anver: respandois " TOU aspou, saxas To Kas Hus, " alkoupeus te nas nupas, nas " TIBEROUS: RAI TA ISIA BONILA-" Ta Bowlois Ounala Ovousir: " nat renda render abordebor er " ώς Θεοις, αχαρισίουσι τφ Θεφ, " Sea Toular approuperou aulor " EIVAI." HAI OTI YE WS TOP AV-Τον Θεον ήμων τε αυζων Ελληλων ETANKEJON DESEJOT AYNA ONX, Qμοιρς, εποισει παλιν ώδεπος. " Must rate loudatous expends es xas yap exervol poros oscueros " THE OSON YINGUESIN, CUK STIG-" raplat, harpevoyles appeadis " και αρχαγγ:λοις."

Ου μονον τοινυν ο πισίος, αλλα και ο εθνικος δικαιοταία κρινείαιεπειδη γαρ μίει ο Θεος, άτο
προγνωσίης εν, μη πισίευσονία
τουίον, ουδεν ήπον όπως την γε
καθ έαυίον αταδεξηίαι τελειωπν,
εδωκεν μεν φιλοσοπιαν αυίφ, αλ-

the Greeks," infinuating that the men of virtue among them worship the fame God as we do, but are unacquainted with that mystical knowledge immediately communicated to us by the fon. don't then. fays he, worthip, he does not fay, the God whom the Greeks worship, but don's worship as the Greeks. thereby changing the form, but not the objest of worship: now what is meant by don't worthit as the Greeks. Pe-TER himself explains in these words: " because they are misted by igno-" rance, and do not know Gon: " (according to that mystical know-" ledge, as we do;) what God gave "them for their use, wood and " stones, copper and iron, gold and " filver, materials which were " made subservient to their use and " enjoyment, these they insolently " erect into objects of worship. " and what God gave them for food, " the birds of the air, the fish of the " fea, the reptiles at land, wild " beafts, and cattle, wheefels and " mice, cats, dogs and monkeys: "and what is proper food for " themselves, they sacrifice to ani-" mais defign'd for food : and by of-" fering dead bodies to the dead, as " if they were Gods, they become " ungrateful to God, and thereby " deny his existence." again, that we and the Greeks are acquainted with the same God, tho' not in the same degree, he thus proceeds to prove. " neither worship as the " Jews: for the they imagine " no body knows God but them-" felves, they little confider that " they worship Angels and Arch-" ANGELS."

Therefore not only the faithful, but the gentile too will be judg'd according to equity. for the God knew by his prescience, that the gentile would not believe; nevertheless, that he might acquire a suitable perfection, he endowed him with

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NA TPO THE WIFEELS . ESTANCE A TOP HAION MAI THY ENAMYST val Ta affoa eic Bononeien; a EXAMPLE & GOOG TOLE EBERTES OF er & Nouse: iva un texeer abeas DEFOREFOR, TEXESC RAI STACBAGE-מיני. בו שב אמו שנוש או שנים בו מונים [XUT OIS TH EVIOLN ALVANCERES TROUTEDY HEORS AVALUATION ELP LIN महीवरकाज्या, xpivoरीवाः है। महर केंग AUVIDENISCO OUR ESEAMORY MOTEU-OUI TO GED: OI de, OTI KEI SE-Anounes, our exemptance replan भूसक्तरीयाः वार्वीवाः स्था समार स्थ-XELVOL LE CETO THE THE CEPON OF-BUDGES THE BELLANDS SEE EM LON שנות או משון אור בין אור בין אור אור אור אור אור אורים אור Soften Tols educate avantal अप्राप्त अध्याप कीय साथ करी Part Sonoxeiac. bi de un emi reoloic Derinaries emirental Lois Potent aulois adleams, axxa kai roules αποπεσονίες εις λιθους και Συλα. t as grous oner, excyloduous nai as clayar ano rascu: nepiggos sis colupiar, di amedialo-MEYOF TOU OWNERTOS.

with philosophy, as an introduction to faith, HE exhibited the fun, moon and stars, for the objects of their worship, which God made for the Gentiles. Says the LAW: lest they should be entirely irreligious, and so perish irrecoverably but they were inattentive even to this precept, and addicted themselves to graven images: so that, unless they repent, they will be condemn'd: fome, because they were averse to divine faith, when they might have had it: others, because they did not use their utmost endeavours, when they were inclin'd, to become incerely religious: neither of them advancing from the worship of the heavenly bodies to that of their creator. for they were put into that way, that by the worship of the stars. their thoughts might afcend to the deity. 2s for those, who would not confine their regard to those obiects, but fell to worthipping stones and blocks, it is faid, + they shall be counted as dust, and as a drop of the bucket: as in lignificant with respect to salvation, being utterly torn off from the church.

That the Jews should have worship'd angels, will not appear very strange, when it is consider'd, how prone they were to superstition and idolatry, notwithstanding all the miraculous interpositions and remonstrances with which they were savour'd: especially since, "the whole "welfare and conduct of the Jewish nation was committed to the immediate administration of angels," as Paulus Fagius observes upon Numb. xx. 16. besides the disadvantages they were under from the Babylonish captivity, by which they lost their || scriptures and their language, may serve to lessen the surprise. but to supply those losses, "they brought from Babylon the names of the angels, as well as "the

il Irenzus, lib. 3. c. 25. Tertullian de Hab. Mulier. c. 3. Clemens Alexand. Strom. 1. Bafil, Ep. ad Chilan. Jerom, c. Helvid. Augustin de Mirat. Sec. Script. lib. 2. Chrylostom, Hon. 8. ep. ad Heb. and II. Eldzas, ch. 14.

Deut. iv. 19. Exx. has an avable dat sig tor ouraver, has some tor Hair has the Deliver has tore assessed, has have tor notices, has to notice the sort our ouraver, had subject here are expected in the subject to the

" the names of the months." Buxtorf, Dist, Rab. accordingly we find in Daniel the names of GABRIEL and MICHAEL; in Eldras, lib. iv. thole of URIEL and IEREMIEL; and in Tobit, that of RAPHAEL, " who was " one of the seven angels, that presented the petitions of the saints, and " had their dispatches from the divine presence." Ch. xii. 17. Revel. i. 4. from Babylon too they prohably brought their whole fiftem of the beavenly hierarchy: their thrones dominations, principalities and powers, which Sr. Augustin was at a loss how to distinguish, dicane, qui possunt. Enchir, ad Laur. but which St. Jerom thought, the apolite might borrow from the Cabala of the Jews : and Gronius fays they were borrow'd from the Perium court. Rom. viii. 28, and observes it was the practice of the oriental nations to use abstract terms for the concrete, and in his note on Rev. xix. 13. he fays, " the faints of antient " times used to worship the angels, that were sent, upon extraordi-"nary occasions, as the nobles of the celestial court, examples of which we have, Gen. xvii. 17. Judges xiii. 20." but whatever indulgence fuch a practice might have under the our Dispensation, it is entirely discountenanced by the NEW.



патаот

THE

TOT

SECOND EPISTLE

TOAOTZONA

OF

Η ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΜΟΘΕΟΝ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΉ ΔΕΤΤΕΡΑ.

PAUL the Apostle
To TIMOTHY.

ΑΥΛΟΣ αποσίοπος Ιπσου Χρισίου,
δια θεπμαίος Θεου,
κατ' επαγγελιαν ζωης της εν
Χρισίω Ιπσου, Τιμοθεώ αγαπηίω τεκνώ, χαρις, ελεος,
ειρηνη απο Θεου παίρος, και
Χρισίου Ιησου του Κυριου ήμων.

PAUL an apostle of Jesus Christ, appointed by
God to declare the promise, which Jesus Christ has
made of eternal life; to Timothy, my dear son, grace,
mercy and peace from God
the sather, and from Jesus
Christ our Lord.

Χαριν εχω τω Θεω, ώ χαίρευω απο προγονών εν καθαρα συνειδησει, ώς αδιαλειπίου εχω την περι σου μνειαν εν Ταις δεπσεσι μου 4 vuklos kai nuecas. ET1770θων σε ιδείν, μεμνημένος σου των δακρυων, ίνα χαρας πλη-5 ρωθω: υπομνησιν καμβανων της εν σοι ανυποκρίλου πισ-TEWS, THIS EVEKNOE TOWNOV εν τη μαμμη σου Λωίδι, και τη μηθρι σου Ευνεική, πεπεισμαι δε ότι και 501.

When I remember you, as I 3 continually do in my prayers night and day, I give thanks to God, whom I serve with a pure conscience, after the example of my fore-fathers. when 4 I call to mind your affliction, it makes me ardently desire the exceeding pleasure I shall have in seeing you: especially when 5 I reflect upon the sincerity of your faith, and the attachment your grand-mother Lois first show'd, and then your mother Eunice, examples which I am persuaded you will follow.

Δι' ήν αιλιαν αναμιμνήσκω σε αναζωπυρείν το χαρίσμα του Θεου, ο εσίω εν σοι δια της επιθεσεως των χειρων μου- ου ταρ εδωκεν ήμιν ό Θεος πνευμα δειλιας, αλλα δυναμεως και αγαπης και 8 σωφρονισμού. μη συν επαισχυνθης το μαρίυριον του Κυ-PLOU MILLON, LENDE ELLE TON DETμιου αυίου, αλλα συγκακοπαθησον τω ευαγγελίω κα-9 τα δυναμιν Θεου, του σωσανίος ήμας, και καλεσαν-Τος κλησει άτια, ου καία τα εργα ήμων, αλλα κατ' ιδιαν προθεσιν και χαριν την δοθεισαν ήμιν εν Χρισίω Ιησου 10 προ χρονων † αιωνιών, φανερωθεισαν δε νυν δια της επιφανειας του σωπρος ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου, καίαρςπσανίος μεν τον θαναίον, φωλισανλος δε ζωην και αφθαρσιαν δια του ευαργελι-Qυ.

11 Εις ο είεθην εςω κηρυξ και αποσίολος και διδασκα12 λος εθνων. δι ήν αιίιαν και ταυία πασχω, αλλ ουκ επαισχυνομαι. οιδα ςαρ ώ πεπισίευκα, και πεπεισμαι ότι δυναίος εσίι την παραθηκην μου φυλαξαι εις εκεινην την ήμεραν.

For which reason I remind 6 you to exert the divine gifts you received, when I gave you the imposition of bands. for the 7 spirit, which God has given us. is not a spirit of timidity, but of fortitude, of benevolence, and of moderation. be not there- 8 fore asbam'd of the testimony of the Lord, nor of me who am a prisoner upon bis account. but share with me in the afflictions, which attend the gospel, supported as you are by the power of God, who has saved us, and 9 by the gospel hath called us to boliness, not in consideration of our works, but in pursuance of his own resolution, and the favour, which having been promised us by Jesus Christ * feveral ages ago, has 10 now been display'd by the coming of Jesus Christ our saviour, who has defeated the power of death, by bringing a life of immortality to light thro' the gospel.

For this I was established the 11 berald, the apostle, and dollor of the Gentiles. this has drawn upon me the evils I suffer. yet 12 I am not ashamed, for I know in whom I have confided, and I am persuaded he is able to keep what I have committed to him against that day.

Keep

† Lxx. Pfal. lxxvii. 5. Prov. xxii. 28.

* Tit.i. 2. See the note at the end of this epiffle.

Τπο-

13 Υποίυπωσιν εχε ύΓιαινουτων λογων, ών παρ' εμου ηκουσας εν πισίει και αγαπη
1.4 Τη εν Χρισίω Ιπσου. Την
καλην παραθηκην φυλαξον
δια πνευμαίος άγιου του ενοικουνίος εν ήμιν.

15 Οιδας Τουίο, ότι απεστραφησαν με παιίες όι εν τη Ασια, ών εσίι Φυρελλος 16 και Ερμοτενής. δώη ελεος ό Κυριος τω Ονησιφορου οικώ, ότι πολλακις με ανεψυζε, και την άλυσιν μου ουκ επήσ-17 χυνθη, αλλα Γενομένος εν Ρωμη, σπουδαιοίερον εζή ησε 18 με, και έυρε. δώη αυίω ό Κυριος έυρειν ελεος παρα Κυριου εν εκείνη τη ήμερα, και όσα εν Εφεσώ δίπκονησε, βελίον συ Γινωσκείς.

Τεκνον μου, ενδυναμου εν Th xaedi Th ev Xeiolw In-2 σου. και α πκουσας παρ' εμου δια πολλων μαρίυρων, ταυλα παραθου πισλοις ανθρωποις, διτινές ίκανοι εσονται και έτερους διδαξαι. 3 συγκακοπαθησού, ώς καλος σλοατιωλης Ιπσου Χρισλου. 4 ουδεις στρατευομένος εμπλεκεται ταις του βιου πραγματειαις, ίνα τω σεραλολος η-5 σανλι αρεση. εαν δε και αθλη τις, ου σλεφανουλαι, εαν 6 μη νομιμως αθληση. Τον κοπιωνία γεωργον δει πρωίον

των καρπων μελαλαμβανειν. 7 νοει ά λεγω, δωσει γαρ σοι Keep that form of sound 13 doctrine you received from me, which confishinchristian saith and charity: that valuable 14 depositum do you preserve by the boly spirit, which resides in us.

You know that I have been 13 abandon'd by all the Afiatics, by Phygellus and Hermogenes among the rest. the Lord be fa-16 vourable to the samily of One-siphorus; for he often reliev'd me, and was not asham'd of my chains: but when he was 17 at Rome, he enquired for me very diligently, and sound me, the Lord grant he may obtain 18 mercy from him in that day, for you know very well what services de did me at Ephesus.

As for you, my fon, strenu- 1 oufly acquit yourfelf of the charge you have receiv'd from Christ Jesus. and what you heard me deliver in the presence of many, intrust to such persons of integrity as are qualified to instruct others.bravely endure bardships, like a soldier of Jesus Christ. he that enters into the service, disengages himself from civil affairs, that be may be acceptable to bis officer. a combatant does not 5 receive the crown, unless he bas observ'd the laws of the games, the labourer must work 6 besore he can obtain his reward. consider what I say, Ηh

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ο Κυριος συνεσιν εν πασι.

8 Μυημούευε Ιησούν Χοισ-TOV EFTEPHENOV EK VEKPWY, EK σπερμαίος Δαβιδ, καία το 9 ευαΓΓελίον μου, εν ώ κακοπαθω μεχρι δεσμων, ως κα-κουργος, αλλ' ο λογος του 10 Θεου ου δεδείαι. δια τουίο πανία ύπομενω δια τους εκλεκλους, ίνα και αυλοι σω-THPIAC TUXWOI THE EV XPIOτω Ιπσου, μελα δοξης αιω-ΙΙ νισυ. πισίος ο λογος, ει γαρ συναπεθανομέν, και συζησο-12 μεν, ει ύπομενομεν, και συμβασιλευσομεν: ει αρνουμεθα, Ι 3 κακεινος αρνησείαι ήμας: ει απισδουμέν, εκεινος πισίος μενει, αρνησασθαι έαυλον ου δυναλαι.

14 Ταυία ύπομιμνησκε, διαμασθυρομένος ενωπιον του Κυριου μη λογομαχείν, εις ουδεν χρησιμού, επικαλασθροφητων 15 ακουοίλων. σπουδασον σεαυίον δοκιμον παρασίησαι τω Θεω, εργαίην ανεπαισχυνίον, ορθοίομουνία τον λο-16 του της απηθειας. τας δε βεβηλους κενοφωνιας περίζοτασο. επι πλειον ταρ προ-17 κοψουσιν ασεβειας, και ο λογος αυίων ώς γαγγραινα νομην έξει: ών εσίιν Υμεναιος 18 και Φιληθος: άτινες περι την αληθειαν ησίοχησαν, λεγον-דבי, " דחי מימסלמסני חלח דבroveval,".

and the Lord will give you understanding in all things.

Remember that Jesus 8 Christ, who is of the posterity of David, is raifed from the dead, according to my gospel, for which I suffer even the 9 chains of a malefactor: but the word of God is not so confined. I therefore bear with every 10 thing for the fake of the converts, that they may obtain that salvation, which Jesus Christ has procur'd us, even eternal glory-it is an undoubted II truth, that if we die for him, we shall live with him: if we 12 suffer, we shall also reign: if we renounce bim, be will re- 13 nounceuslikewise: tho' we are diffident, be is still faithful, and will not retract bis word.

These things represent, conju-14 ring them by the presence of the Lord, to avoid disputes about words, which only ferve to pervert the audience endeavour to 15 approve yourself to God, as an artist that is not asraid of reproach, by rightly explaining the word of truth. discoun- 16 tenance such as hold vain irreligious discourse; for they will grow bold in impiety, and their 17 dostrine will spread like the gangrene. Hymeneus and Philetus are such: they have de-18 ferted the faith themselves, and debauch'd the faith of other

-רסטבשמו," אמו משמוףבידסט-LO OL THU TIVON TIOLIN. O USV-TOI PEOSON BEMEATON TOU GEOU έσληκεν, εχων Την σφραςι-δα ταυλην, "εςνω Κυριος "τους ονλας αυλου." και, "αποσληλω απο αδικιας πας αποσίπιω απο αδικιας πας " ο ονομαζων. Το ονομα Κυ-20" ριου." εν μεγαλή δε οι-KIA OUK EOIL HOVOV OKEUN χρυσα και αργυρα, αλλα και ξυλινα και οσθρακινα, και ά μεν εις Τιμην, à δε εις ali-21 μιαν. εαν ουν Τις εκκαθαεπ έαιλον απο τουλων, εσται σκευος εις τιμην, ήτιασμενον, ευχρησίου τω δισποτη, εις παν εργον αγαθον ή-TOLUZGHEVOY.

22 Τας δε νεωτερικάς επιθυμιας φευγε, δίωκε δε δικαιοσυνην, πισλιν, αγαπην, ειρηνην μελα των επικαλουμενων Του Κυριον εκ καθα-23 ρας καρδιας. Τας δε μωρας και απαιδεύλους ζητησεις παραίδου, ειδως ότι τεν-24 νωσι μαχας. δουλου δε Κυριου ου δει μαχεσθαι, αλλ' ηπιον ειναι προς πανλας, δι-25 Saklikov, avečikakov, ev mpaοી πίι παιδευονία τους ανίιδιαλιθεμενους, μηπολε δώ αυτοις ο Θεος μελανοιαν εις ε-26 πιτυωσιν απηθειας, και ανανηψωσιν εκ της του διαβολου παριδος, εζωρρημενοι ύπ αυίου τις το εκεινου θελ. ηuα. Tov-* See the note. Zech.iii. 9.

thers, by maintaining, * " the " refurrection is already past." however, the foundation of 19 the divine architest is still immoveable, baving this Hinscription. " + the Lord dif-" cerns who are his." and. " ‡ let every one that invokes " the name of the Lord, de-" part from iniquity." in a 20 palace there are vessels not only of gold, and of silver, but of wood and of earth likewise: some are for bonourable uses, and others for meaner purpoles. be that is clear of vice, is 21 aveffel of the first kind, sanctified and fit for the master's use, and qualified for every virtuous action.

Avoid the passions of youth. 22 purfue justice, fidelity, benevolence and concord with all sincere christians. decline all 23 impertinent barren disputes, since they only serve for contention. a christian must not 24 be litigious, but easy to all men, qualify'd to instruct. with great temper and meek-25 ness informing those, who differ in opinion; because he does not know, but God may change their minds, by convincing them of the truth. and so they may rouze out of 26 the snare of the devil, who leads them captive at his difcretion.

H h 2 Take

Τουίο δε Γινωσκε, ότι εν εσχαίαις ήμεραις ενσίπσονίαι 2 καιροι χαλεποι; εσονίαι Γαρ οι ανθρωποι φιλαυίοι, φιλαρισοι, βλασφημοι, Γονευσιν απειθεις, αχαρισίοι, ανοσιοι, 3 ασίοργοι, απονδοι, διαβολοι, ακραίεις, ανημεροι, αφιλαγαθοι, προδοίαι, προπετεις, Τείυφωμενοι, φιληδονοι μαλλου η φιλοθεοι: εχοντες μορφινσιν ευσεβειας, την δε δυναμιν αυίης ηςνημενοι.

και τουλους απολρεπου. Εκ τουίων ταρ εισιν οι ENGUNONIEC EIC TAC OIKIAC. KAI αιχμαλωθευονθες τυναικαρια σεσωρευμενα άμαρλιαις, αγομενα επιθυμιαις ποικιλαις, 7 πανλολε μανθανουλα, και μηδεποίε εις επιγνωσιν αληθειας 8 ελθειν δυναμενα. ον τροπον δε Ιαυνης και Ιαμβρης αντεσΙπσαν Μωϋσει, ούλως και ουλοι ανθισλανλαι τη αληθεια. ανθρωποι καλεφθαρμένοι τον νουν, αδοκιμοι περι την πισ-9 τιν. αλλ' ου προκοψουσιν επι πλειου, ή γαρ ανοια αυτων εκδηλος εσίαι πασιν, ώς KAL EKELYWY EFEYETO.

τη διδασκαλια, τη αςωςη, τη μακροθυμια, τη αςωτη, τη μακροθυμια, τη αςαπη, τη τι πισις, τοις διως μοις, τοις

Take notice that in the latter days difficult incidents will
arife; for men will be felfish, avaricious, vain, proud, slanderers, disobedient to parents,
ungrateful, villainous, unnatural, persidious, defamers,
debauchees, cruel, enemies to
virtue, traitors, insolent, conceited, and more devoted to
pleasure than to siety: of 5
which they wear the appearance, but disclaim its insuence, bave no intercourse
with such.

Of this number are they, 6 who infinuate themselves into families, to make a prey of the weaker sex, who are inveigled by their vitious fuggestions, abetted by their own fubile pafsions, and by lending an assi- 7 duous ear to fuch lessons, render it impossible they should ever be acquainted with the truth. Moses did not meet with 8 greater opposition from Jannes and Jambres, than truth does from men so corrupted in their mind, and so adulterated in their faith. but they will be 9 stop d in their career; for they shall be exposed to the world for impostors, as those magicians were.

As for me, you are perfettly 10 acquainted with my dostrine, my condust, my designs, my temper, my benevolence, my constancy, my persecutions, and 14

ibe

παθημασιν, οια μοι εγενετο εν Ανλιοχεια, εν Ικονιώ, εν Δυσθροις, οιους διωγμους ύπηνεγκα? και εκ πανλών με τ2 ερφυσαλο ό Κυριος. και παντες δε οι θελονθες ευσεβως ζην εν Χρισθώ Ιπσου, διώχ-13 θησονλαι. πονηροι δε ανθρώποι και γοηλές προκοψουσιν επι το χειρον, πλανώνθες και πλανώμενοι.

14 Συ δε μενε εν όις εμαθες και επισίωθης, ειδως παρα 35 Τινος εμαθες, και ότι απο βρεφους τα ίερα Γραμμαία οιδας, τα δυναμενα σε σοφισαι εις σωίπριαν, δια πιστεως της εν Χρισίω Ιπσου. 16 πασα Γραφη θεοπνευσίος, ωφελιμος προς διδασκαλιαν, προς ελε[χον, προς επανορθωσιν, προς παιδειαν την εν 17 δικαιοσυνη, ίνα αρίιος η ό του Θεου ανθρωπος, προς παν εργον αγαθου εξηρίισμενος.

Διαμαρθυρομαι ενωπιον του Θεου, και (του Κυριου) Ιησου Χρισθου, του μελλοντος καλα την επιφανειαν αυθου και την βασιλειαν αυθου, και την βασιλειαν αυθου, κηρυξον τον λογον, επισθηθι ευκαιρως, ακαιρως, ελεγξον, επιθιμησον, παρακαλεσον εν παση μακροθυμια και διδα-

χņ.

the sufferings that befel me at Antioch, at Iconium, at Lystra; what persecutions did I endure? but the Lord deliver'd me out of them all: yes, and those who will live 12 like Christians, shall generally suffer persecution. as for these 13 impious impostors, they will go on from had to worse, seducing others, and deluding themselves.

But be you attach'd to the 14 dostrine you have learnt, with which you are intrusted, considering by whom you have been instructed: and that from 15 your infancy you were acquainted with the sacred writings, which point you the way to salvation, by believing in Christ Jesus: for all di-16 vinely inspired writings are conducive to instruction, to conviction, to reformation, and the practice of virtue; that the minister of God may 17 be persectly accomplished for every office of religion.

I conjure you in the name a of God, and of the Lord Jesus Christ, who is to judge the living and the dead, at his appearance in his kingdom, to preach the word 2 with assistantly upon all occasions: reprove, censure, exhort, with the most tender

per-

χη. εσίαι γαρ καιρος ότε της ύγιαινουσης διδασκαλιας ουκ ανεξονίαι, απλα καία τας επιθυμιας τας ιδιας έαυ-Τοις επισωρευσουσι διδασκαλους, κνηθομένοι την α-4 κοην: και απο μεν της αληθειας την ακοην αποσλοείνουσιν, επι δε τους μυθους εκ-5 Τραπησονίαι, συ δε νηφε εν πασι, κακοπαθησού, ερ-**Γ**ον ποιησον ευαςτελισίου, **την** διακονιαν σου πληροφορησον. 6 ετω ταρ πόπ σπενδουαι, και ο καιρος της εμης αναλυσεως 7 εφεσίηκε. Τον αςωνα τον καλον ηςωνισμαι, τον δρομον T.I. A.SKA. Thy Trolly Teln-8 ρηκα. λοιπον, αποκείζαι μοι ο της δικαιοσυνής σξεφανος. όν αποδωσει μοι ο Κυριος εν εκεινη τη ήμερα, ο δικαιος κρίζης, ου μονον δε εμοι, αλλα και Τοις ηγαπηκοσι Την επιφανειαν αυλου.

9 Σπουδασον ελθειν προς με 10 ταχεως: Δημας γαρ με εγκαλελιπεν, αγαπησας τον νυν αιωνα, και επορευθη Θεσσαλονικήν, Κοησκής εις Γαλαλιαν, Τιτος εις Δαλμα-11 Τιαν. Λουκας εσλι μονος μετ εμου. Μαρκον αναλαβων α-**Γε μελα σεαυλου, εσλι Γαρ μοι** 12 ευχοησίος εις διακονιαν. Τυχικου δε απεσθειλα εις Εφε-13 σον- του φαιλουπε όν απεγιπου εν Τρωαοί παρα Καο-

persuasions, for the time will 2 come, when they will not endure found doctrine, but get teachers of their own corrupt tafte, to footb their ears that itch for flattery : which, while 4 they are deaf to the truth, attentively liften to sables. be 5 you then entirely upon the watch: be insensible to toil: perform the work of an evangelist, and discharge your ministerial function. as for me, 6 my blood will soon be pour'd out, and the time of my departure draws nigh: I have y struggled in a glorious cause: I bave finish'd my career: I bave stood to the faith: I have 8 nothing more to do, but to receive the crown of virtue reserp'd for me, which the Lord, the just judge, will give me in that day: and not only to me, but to those also, who have long'd for his aipearance.

Endeavour to come to me q very soon: for Damas, out of 10 love to this world has abandon'd me, and is gone to Thessalonica: Crescens, to Galatia: and Titus, to Dalmatia. only 11 Luke is with me. take Mark and bring him with you; because he will be useful to me in the ministry. Tychicus I 12 have sent to Ephesus. when 13 you come, bring the cloke and books, but especially the roll, which

πω, ερχομένος Φέρε, και Τα βιβλια, μαλισία τας μεμ-Βρανας.

Ι.Ι. Αλεξανδρος ο χαλκευς πολλα μοι κακα ενεδειξαίο, αποδωη αυίω ὁ Κυριος καία 15 Ta sera aulou. ov kai au φυλασσου, λιαν γαρ ανθε-

olnke Tols nuclepols horois.

16 Εν τη πρώ*λη μου απο*λογια ουδεις μοι συμπαρεrevelo, αλλα πανίες με εrκατελιπον, μη αυίοις λογισθει-17 η. ό δε Κυριος μοι παρεσίη, και ενεδυναμωσε με, ίνα δι' εμου το κηρυγμα πληροφορήθη, και ακουση πανία τα εθνη, και ερρυσθην εκ

18 cloualos reorlos. Kai puo Eται με ο Κυριος απο πανίος EPFOU TONNPOU, KAL OWOEL EIG THY BAGINEIAY AUTOU THY Eπουρανιον, ώ ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. αμην.

19 Ασπασαι Πρισκαν Ακυλαν, και τον Ονησιφο-

20 cou olkov. Esaolos eusivev ev Κορινθω. Τροφιμον δε απελιπον εν Μιληίω ασθενουνία.

21 σπουδασον προ χειμωνος ελθειν. ασπαζείαι σε Ευβουλος, και Πουδης, και Λινος,

και Κλαυδια, και οι αδελφοι 22 πανίες. ὁ Κυριος Ιπσους Χρισ-

τος μέλα του πνευμαλος σου. η χαρις μεθ' υμων.

AMHN.

which I left with Cartus at Troas.

Alexander the copper-smith 14 did me many injuries: the Lord may reward bim according to his actions. beware 15 of him, for he violently opposed our doctrine.

At my first defence, I bad 16 no assistance, for every body deserted me. I wish it may never be laid to their charge. however the Lord assisted and 17 strengthen'd me, that the gospel might be confirm'd by my remonstrance, and all the nations might bear it; so that I was deliver'd out of the mouth * of the lion: and the Lord will de- 18 liver me||from every malicious design, and preserve me for bis beavenly kingdom, to bim be glory to endless ages. amen.

Salute Prisca, and Aqui- 19 la, and the family of Onesiphorus. Erastus staid at Co-20 rinth: but Trophimus I left sick at Miletum. endeavour 21 to come before winter. Eubulus, Prudens, + Linus, Claudia, and all the brethren salute you. the Lord 22 Jesus Christ be with your Spirit. grace be with you.

A M E N

Ch.

^{*} See Ecclesiastic. li. 4. 1 Sam. xvii. 37. Or, from doing any thing unworthy a christian, + See the notes.

Ch. I. o. The Hebrew word Holam fignifies a very long time, with respect either to the past, or to the future. awwing has the same meaning in the Lxx, and other Greek writers, and does not fignify eternity properly speaking, but when the subject necessarily requires it. fee Pfalm lxxvi. 4. Prov. xxii. 28, &c. nothing can precede eternity; therefore before the times, which Sr. Paul stiles accrew, can only mean a long time ago. Mr. Locke in his note upon Rom. xvi. 25. makes this judicious reflexion. " why the times under the Law were cal-" led zpovos assessos, we may find a reason in their Jubilees, which were awres, lacula or ages, by which all the time under the Law " was measured: and so yourse assures is used, 2 Tim. i. 9. Titus i. 2. " and so asover are put for the times of the Law, or the Jubilees, " Luke i. 70. Acts iii. 21. 1 Cor. ii. 7.—x.2. Ephes. iii. 9. Colos. i. 26. " Heb. ix. 26. fo God is call'd the rock Holamin awww, of ages, " Ifa. xxvi. 4. margin. as he is call'd the rock of Ifrael, Ifa. xxx. 29. " margin; that is, the strength and support of the Jewish state. so " Exod. xxi. 6. Leholam sig ton along does not lightly for ever, but * to the Jubilee, &c." and so the mystery xpovois aimvious casisquevous which in the vulgar translation is rendred, kept fecret fince the world began, Mr. Locke more justly renders, kept fecret in the secular

Ch. II. 18. Clemens Alexandr. Strom. Lib. III. p. 446, 463. says, "the Heretics, who condemn'd marriage, urg'd those words, they "who shall be found worthy of that age will not marry, which they "applyed to the present age; and preteuded the resurretion, mention'd by our Lord, is a resurretion to that science, which renders men new creatures." Justin Martyr says, "don't think they are christians, who affirm there will be no resurrection, but as soon as they die, their souls will be taken up into heaven." Dial. p. 312. Just before he had said, τους sap λεδουμενους μεν χρισιωνους, ονως δε αθεους και ασεβεις αιρεσωίας, ότι καθα τανθα βλασφημα και αθεα, και ανοθα διδασκουσιν. "some are stil'd christians, who are atheistical impious heretics; since their whole doctrine is blasphemous impiety and folly." see Ch. iii, s.

Ch. III. 8. Baxtorf in his Dick. Rab. Col. 945. fays Jannes, and Jambres or Jambros, are the same as John and Ambroje. they are mentioned in the Chaldee Paraphrase of Janashan, Exod. vii. 11. Numb. xxii. 22. where it is said, Balaam had two servants with him, which the paraphrase explains of those two magicians. Eusebius Prep. Evang. 1. VIII. 8. quotes a passage from Numenius a Pythagorean philosopher, where those two magicians are still facred Scribes. Origen observes, that those words, as Jannes and Jambres resisted Meses, were in an apocryphal book entituled Jamnes. Hom. XXXV.

on Genesis.

Ver. 13. Impostors or Magicians. The Gnossies made great pretences to Magic. Prodicus, one of their leaders boasted, he had the secret books of Zoroaster. see Clemens Alex. Strom. lib. 1. p. 304.

Ver. 15. Sacred writings, that is of the Old Testament; for those of

the New were not then published.

Ch. IV. 10. Demas. this compar'd with Colof. iv. 13. Philemon, ver. 24. shows, that this epiftle was not writ during St. Paul's first

confinement. ib. Galatia. Theodoret fays, " he went to the "Gauls, for fo they are call'd by fuch as understand Geography."

Ver. 21. Linus. most of the antients say, Linus was the first bishop of Rome. fee Irenzus lib. III. 2. Euseb. Hist. Eccles. lib. III. 2. V. 6. the tradition, that St. Peter and St. Paul were both at Rome at the fame time, and fuffer'd martyrdom together, feems altogether groundless. for can it be reasonably imagin'd, that St. Paul should mention Linus here, nay, take such frequent notice of his footman Tychichus. and his renegado Demas, and never drop one word in any of his epifiles, of St. Peter's being there, or of his being gone from thence. " was he a person, says Dr. Whitby, pref. to r Pet. so incontiderable as " not to be remembred? or was he gone upon a ileeveness errand " not worthy of the notice of St. Paul? is it possible that St. Luke, " in an history design'd especially to record the acts of St. Peter, and " St. Paul. should omit a matter of such moment and importance " to the whole christian world, never so much as mentioning that "St. Peter ever was at Rome, though he mentions his travels to. " his preaching, and abode at several other places?" see Eusebius's Histor, Ecclesiast, lib. II. 25.

Ch. I. 14. Παραθηκην.] Alexand. Clar. Germ. Borner, Cantab. 2, 3. Covel. 2, 3. Sinah, Hunting. 1. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Lincol. Colbert. 7. Baroc. Magdal. 1. Leicest. the two first edit. Rob. Steph. Complut. edition, Chrysostom.

Ch. II. 3. Eu ouv] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Covel. 2. Colbert. 7. nor the Vulgate, the autem, Ambrole, the Scholiast.

Ib. Συ[κακοπαθησον.] Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Covel. 2. Colbert. 7. Coptic. iee Prol. 1202.

Ver. 7. Δοσει.] Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner Gr. Lat. Velef. lect. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Ambrole, the Scholiaft.

Ver. 19. Kupiou.] Sreph. 8. s. c. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Roc 2. Laud. 2. Covel. 2. Sinah, Genev. Baroc. Lincol. N. Col. 2. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Magdal. 1. Leicest. Basil. 2. Lucian. Seidel. the Complutensian edition, Colinaus, the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Arabic, Coptic, Ambrose, Auctor oper. imperf. in Mat. Theodoret, Theophylact, Occumenius. see Numb. XVI. 26.

Ver. 21. Kai sund. 1 mai is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. (Gr.) Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Froben, Aldus, Syriac, Chrysostom, Theodoret.

Ch. III. 6. Αιχμαλω[ενον]ες] αιχμαλο]ιζον[ες. Alexand. Borner, Laud. 2. Covel. 2. Roe 2. Petav. 1, 2. Colbert. 7. Complutentian edition, Erafini 1^{ma} Chryfostom, Theodorot, Theophylact, Occumenius. τα is not in Alexand. Clar. Germ. and many other MSS. nor in the Complutentian edition.

Ver. 8. Iaμβρης] Manageng Borner Gr. Lat. Conflitut. Apoftol. l. 8. c. 1. Cyprian, Antiochus, in homil. Calaritanus, Optatus, and other Latin fathers.

Ver. 14. Twog Tiver Alexand. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Borner Gr.-Lat. Ambroic. Ver. 16. Kat word] was is not in Barb. 1. the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Clemens Alexand. Pelagius, the Scholiast, Theodorus Mopsuest. 20ste Facundo lib. 3. c. 6. Dr. Mills thinks the was a spurious addition. see Prol. 402.

Ch. IV. 1. Our ofw] is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. Lincol. Colineus, the

Vulgate, Syriac, Ambrofe, the Scholiaft.

Ib. Too Kupiou] is not in the Alexand. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Covel.

2. the Vulgate, Æthiopic, Coptic, Ambrofe, aliiq. Lat.

Ib. Rala eur erif. I nas eur seif. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Borner Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Ambrose, Cadarius Arelat. Fulgentius. Prol. 492.

Ver. 8. Mag is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. the Vulgate, Syriac, Ambrofe, the Scholiaft. Estius and Dr. Mills think it adven-

titious. see Prol. 493.

Ver. 10. Γαλάμαν] Γαλλιαν Lincol. Covel. 2. Æthiopic, Jerom, and his Interpr. Eusebius, Epiphanius says, Hares 51. Our en τη Γαλάμας ος τινες πλανηθενίες νομιζουσίν, αλλα εν τη Γαλλια. but almost all the MSS. and all the other Greek and Latin sathers have Γαλάμα, of which Γαλλια is the explication: so Theodoret says, Galatia was antiently

call'd Gallia. (Tac Taldiac.) fee Prol. 705.

Ver. 14. Anothers anothers. Steph. s. Alexand. Clar. Borner Gr. Let. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. Leicest. Veles. lect. Occumenius, Chrysostom, and Theodoret. but seven MSS. of Louvain, Clar. Let. Germ. Let. Augustin, Jerom and Ambrose have reddet, which therefore was the reading of the antient Vulgate. anothers was a Scholium, and slipt from the margin into the text to soften the expression. "anothers for anothers. for it is rather a prophecy, than an imprecation," says Theophylast.

Ver 18. Kai poeffail nai is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ.

Lat. (Gr.) Covel. 2. the Vulgate, Ambrole, the Scholiaft.

Ver. 19. Anuday] Anuday, Andpay the strains actor, nat Estata, nat Lyunna word cloud motor. Petav. 3. Euthalius. see Prol. 966.



ПАТАОТ

THE

TOT

EPISTLE

ΤΟΛΟΤΖΟΠΑ

O P

H HPOE TITON PAUL the Apostle
EHISTOAH. TO TITUS.

ΑΤΛΟΣ δουλος Θεου, αποσίολος δε Ιποτου Χρισίου, καία TIGILY EKZEKIWY OFOU, KAL Eπιτυωσιν αληθείας της κατ' 2 ευσεβειαν, επ' ελπιοι ζωης αιωνιου, ήν επηγειλαλο ο α-**Ψευδης Θεός προ χρονών αι-**3 ωνιών, εφανερώσε δε καιροις ιδιοις τον πορον αυλου, εν κηευτ**ικ**λι ο επισθευθην ετω κατ επιλατην του σωληρος ήμων 1. Θεου, Τιτώ γνησιώ Τεκνώ Kala KOLYNY TIGILY XXDIG. και ειρηνη απο Θεου παίρος, και Κυριου Ιπσου Χοισίου του σωληρος ήμων.

AUL a servant of God. . and an apostle of Jesus Christ, to declare the faith which recommends men to the divine favour, and to convince them of that truth which leads to piety, and gives the ex- 2 pettation of eternal life, which the God of veracity promised . fo many ages ago; and bas in due time manifested by the preaching of his word, which is committed to me according to the commandment of God our saviour: TO Titus my own convert to the common faith: grace and peace from God the father, and the Lord Jesus Christ our saviour.

5 Τουίου χαριν καλελιπον σε εν Κρητη, ίνα τα λειπονία επιδιορθωση, και καλασίησης κατα πολιν πρεσβυίερους, ώς 6 ετω σοι διελαξαμπν, ει τις εσίιν

I left you in Crete, to regulate what was amis, and to
ordain pastors in every city, as
I had appointed you, to chuse 6
such as are without reproach,
I i 2 mar-

* See Lxx. If liii. 12. Ezek. xxxvi. 2. Rom xvi. 25.

בסלנט מטבר ואוחלס, עומג רטטמו-KOC AVTO, TEKVA EXWY TIO-Ta, un er kalnfopia aciolias 7 π ανυποίακία. δει γαρ τον επισκοπον ανεγκληλον ειναι, ώς Θεου οικονομον, μη αυθαδη, μη οργιλον, μη παροινον, μη πληκίην, μη αισχροκερδη, αλλα φιλοξενον, φιλαγαθού, σωφρούα, δικαι-9 ου, όσιου, εγκραίη, ανίεχομενου Του καλα την διδαχην πισίου λοτου, ίνα δυναίος η και παςακαλειν εν τη διδασκαλια τη υγιαινουση, και τους ανλιλεγονίας ελεγχειν. Είσι γαρ πολλοι ανυποτακλοι, μαλαιολογοι και φρεναπαίαι, μαλισία οι εκ πε-11 ριτομπς, ους δει επισλομίζειν, OLTIVES ONOUS OLKOUS avalpeπουσι, διδασκονίες ά μη δει. 12 αισχρου κερδους χαριν. τις εξ αυίων ιδιος αυίων προφηθης, " Κοηθες αει ψευσται, κακα θηρια, γασθερες 13" αργαι." ή μαςθυρια άυθη εσλίν αληθης, δι' ήν αιλιαν ελεγχε αυλους απολομως, ίνα

14 υγιαινωσιν εν τη πισίει, μη

προσεχονίες Ιουδαικοις μυθοις,

και ενλολαις αυθρωπων απο-

σιρεφομενών την αληθείαν.

Τοις δε μεμιασμένοις και α-

πισίοις ουδεν καθαςον, αλλα

μεμιανίαι αυίων και ό τους

16 και ή συνειδησις. Θεον όμο-

15 πανία καθαρα τοις καθαροις,

married to but one wife, whose children ars obedient, not accused of debauchery, nor unruly. for a bishop must be 7 blameless, as the steward of God; not morose, not soon angry, not given to wine, not violent, not desirous of unlawful gain. but a lover of 8 bospitality, bumane, prudent, just, boly, temperate; at- o tach'd to the truth, that has been taught him, that be may be able to teach others found dottrine, and to convince those who oppose it.

For there are many, espe- 10 cially among the Jews, who are obstinate, vain talkers and deceivers; who ought to be II curb'd, who pervert whole families, teaching things which they ought not, for fordid lucre. one of their own 12 * prophets said, "the Cretans " are always liars, evil beafts, " flow bellies." the charge is 12 true: wherefore rebuke them sharply, that they may be sound in the faith; not doating on 14 Jewish Fables, and the tenets of men, that deviate from the truth. to the pure 15 all things are pure: but to corrupt infidels nothing is ture; whose very mind and conscience is polluted. they 16 make a profession of knowing

* EPIMENIDES a Cretan, who writ a Poem entitled. THE ORACLES in which was the verse cited by St. Paul, as Jesum lays.

λογουσιν

πορουσιν ειδιναι, τοις δε εργοις αρνουθαι, βδεπυκίοι οντες και απειθεις, και προς παν εργον αγαθον αδοκιμοι.

Συ δε λαλει ά πρεπει τη ύτιαινουση διδασκαλια. 2 ποςσβυλας νηφαλιούς είναι, σεμυους, σωφρονας, υγιαιvolas in miolei, in arann, 3 Τη ύπομονη, ποεσβυλιδας ώσαυλως εν καλαστημαλι ieροπρεπεις, μη διαβολους, μη οινω πολλω δεδουλωμενας, 4 καλοδιδασκαλους, ίνα σωοτονίζωσι τας νεας, φιλαν-5 δρους ειναι, φιλολεκνους, σωopovas, apvas, olkoupous, aτα ας, ύπολασσομενας τοις ιδιοις ανδεασιν, ίνα μη δ λογος του Θεου βλασφημη-6 ται. τους νεωθερους ώσαυ-Τως παρακαλει σωφρούειν.

7 Περι πανία σεαυίον παρεχομενος τυπον καλων ερρων, εν τη διδασκαλια α8 διαφθοριαν, σεμνοίπια, λορον ύριπ, ακαίαρνωσίον, ίνα
ο εξ ενανίτας ενίραπη, μπόεν
εχων περι ήμων λεγειν φαυλον.

9 Δουλους ιδιοις δεσποίαις υποίασσεσθαι, εν πασιν ευαρεσίους ειναι, μη ανίιλερον-10 τας, μη νοσφιζομενους, αλλα πισίιν πασαν ενδεικνυμενους αραθην, ίνα την διδασκαλιαν την του σωίπρος πμων Θεου κοσμωσιν εν πασιν. God; but in fast they deny him, being execrably incredulous, and utter strangers to all virtue.

As for you, teach nothing 1 but what is agreeable to found dostrine: advise the aged to be prudent, grave, temperate, sound in faith, in charity, in patience: the aged 3 women likewise, to behave with sanctity of manners, not false accusers, not given to tipling, but to lectures on virtue, that they may teach the 4 young women prudence, to love their husbands, to love their children, to be discrect, chaste, 5 good aconomists, beneficent, submissive to their bushands. that the word of God may not be blasphemed. the young men 6 likewise exhort to be modest.

In all things show yourself a 7 pattern of virtue: in teaching showing uncorruptness, gravity; let your dostrine be sound 8 and inosfensive, that your opponents may be ashamed, and have nothing that is ill to say of us.

Exhort fervants to be obe- 9 dient to their masters, to be entirely obsequious without grumbling. not to pilser, but 10 to show the strictest sidelity; that they may do honour to the dostrine of God our saviour in all things.

11 Επεφανη γαρ ή χαρις του Θεου ή σωληριος πασιν 12 ανθρωποις, παιδευουσα ήμας, ίνα αρνησαμενοι την ασεβειαν και τας κοσμικας επιθυμιας, σωφρούως και δικαιως και ευσεβως ζησομεν 12 Εν Τω νυν αιωνι, προσδεχομενοι την μακαριαν ελπιδα. και επιφανειαν της δοξης του μεταλου Θεου και σωτηρος ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου, 14 ος εδωκεν έαυλον ύπερ ήμων, ίνα πυΙρωσηλαι ήμας απο πασης ανομιας, και καθαριση έαυλω λαον περιουσιονς IS LANWING KANWY EPFWY. TAYτα λαλει, και πάρακαλει, και ελεγχε μεία πασης επιτατης. μηδεις σου περιφρο-ນະເໄພ.

Υπομιμνησκε αυλους αρ-XXIC KAL ELOUGIAIC UTTOTAGσεσθαι, πειθαρχείν, προς παν εργον αγαθον έτοιμους ειναι, 2 μηδενα βλασφημειν, αμα-ΧΟυς είναι, επιεικείς, πασαν ενδεικνυμενους πρασίπία προς πανίας ανθρωπους. rap mole kai hueis avonlois απειθεις, πλανωμενοι, δουκευονίες επιθυμιαις και ήδοναις ποικιλαις, εν κακιά και φθονω διατονίες, σίντηδοι, μι-4 σουνίες απληπους. ότε δε ή χρησίολης και ή φιλανθρωπια επεφανή του σωθήρος ή-5 μων Θεου, ουκ έξ εργων των εν δικαιοσυνή ά εποιησαμεν ήμεις, απλα καλα το άυλου

έλεος

For the divine favour has 11 display'd its salutary effects to all mankind: teaching us to 12 renounce impiety and worldly passions, and to practise temperance, justice and viety in this present world; in expectation of that desira- 12 ble bappiness, the glorious appearance of the Supreme God, and of our faviour Jefus Christ, who gave him-14 felf for us, to redeem us from all iniquity; and qualify us to be bis peculiar people, passionately affected to virtue. thefe things remonstrate: 15 recommend and enforce with all your authority: guard yourself against all contempt.

Admonish them to be subject 1 to princes and to magistrates, to obey their orders, and to exert their virtue and loyalty upon all occasions, to speak 2 evil of no man. to avoid contention, to be moderate and entirely inoffensive to all men. sor 3 even we ourselves were once inconsiderate, disobedient, deluded, addicted to variety of passions and pleasures, living in malice and envy, the deferving objects of mutual batred. but A when the kindness and love of God our saviour display ditself to mankind, he saved us not in 5 consideration of any virtuous astions which we had done, but

R

ελεος εσωσεν ήμας, δια λου-TOOU TAXIFFEVEGIAS, KAI Aνακαινωσεως πνευμαίος ά-6 rious ou exexeen em nuas πλουσιως, δία Ιησου Χριση του του σωληρος ήμων, ίνα δικαιωθενίες τη εκεινου χαρίι, KAMPOVOHOL FEVWHERA KAT' EXπιδα ζωπς αιωνιου.

Tholog à noros, kan mepi τουλων βουλομαι σε διαβέβαιουσθαι, ίνα φρονλιζωσι καλων εργων προϊσίασθαι όι πεπισθευκοθες τω Θεω: ταυτα εσίι τα καλα και ωφεο λιμα τοις ανθρωποις. μωρας δε ζηλησεις, και Γενεαλογιας, και ερεις, και μαχας νομικας περιίσίασο, εισι ταρ ανωφε-אבוכ אמו וומלמוסו.

το Αιρελικον ανθρωπον μέλα μιαν και δευλεραν νουθεσιαν τι παραιίου, ειδως ότι εξεσίραπται ο τοιουίος, και άμαρίανει ων αυλοκατακρίλος.

πεμψω Αριεμαν προς σε η Τυχικου, σπουδασον ελθειν TOOK HE ELG Νικοπολιν, EKEL TOP KEτο κρικά παραχειμάσαι. Ζηναν Τον νομικού και Απολλω σπουδαιως προπεμιγον, ίνα μπδεν αυίοις κειπη.

14 Mavdavelwoav de Kai bi nμείεροι καλων εργων προϊσ-Τασθαι εις τας αναγκαιας χρειας, ίνα μπ ωσιν ακαρ-TOI.

out of bis meer mercy, by the baptism of regeneration, be form'd us anew, by the plentiful effusion of the boly spirit. thro Jesus Christ our sa- 6 viour: that being justified by bis favour, we should have the inheritance of eternal life, according to our bopes.

This is a secure rule, and & what I would have you constantly maintain, that they who have believed in God. should take care to be examples of virtue, for that is commendable and useful to mankind. but avoid frivolous enquiries o about genealogies, and vexatious disputes about the law; for they are unprofitable and vain.

A man that is an heretick, 10 after the first and second admonition, avoid: it being plain 11 that such a person is perverted. and knows in bis own conscience that bis tenets are false.

When I shall send you Ar- 12 temas, or Tychicus, endeavour to meet me at Nicopolis: for I bave determined to winter there, dispatch Zenas the 12. lawyer, and Apollos, and take care that nothing be wanting to their journey.

Let our brethren too learn 14 some bonest profession to supply their occasions, that they may not be destitute of an income.

15 Ασπαζονίαι σε ο μετ' εμου πανίες: ασπασαι τους
φιλουνίας ήμας εν πισίει. ή
χαρις μεία πανίων ύμων.

All that are with me fa-15 lute you. falute our christian friends. grace be with you all.

AMHN.

A M E N.

Ch. I. 2. It deserves notice, that in this single verse, the word armos is taken in two different senses; for Zun armos signifies eternal Lise, i.e. which shall never have any end; but are xervar armour can't possibly mean here from eternity, but before the secular times, or many ages age, as in 2 Tim. i. 9. and this turn upon words is usual with St. Paul, as Grotius, Mr. Locke, and others have frequently observed. he must be little versed, says Mr. Locke, in the writings of St. Paul, who does not observe, that when he has us'd a term, he is apt to repeat it in the same discourse, in a way peculiar to himself, and somewhat varied from its ordinary signification, 1 Cor. xiv. 15. Gal. v. 18.

Ver. 5. The author of the Acts mentions but one voyage of St. Paul to Crete, when he was sent prisoner to Rome, Acts xxvii. 8, 12. and then they only came to an harbour, where they could not ride safe, but were forc'd to bear away without landing in the island: it must then have been in the voyage to Macedonia, t Tim. i. 3. though this is not any of the three voyages mentioned in the Acts. Eusebius indeed, lib.ii. 22. almost 300 years after, says, " there "win a report, that the apostle came a second time to Rome, where "he suffer'd martyrdom;" which he does not support by any historical account, but deduces it from that obscure passage, 2 Tim.iv. 16.

Ib. Crete was call'd incloured; an island of an hundred Cities: Titus had no settled character there, but as an evangelist appointed a presbyter, a priest, or passor for every city, and then went to Dalmatia.

see Ch. III, 12.

Ver. 12. Prophet. Epimenides a native of Crete, who was still'd supp series, a divine man, Plato de Leg. Diodorus calls him Epimenides the Divine George. he was accounted one of the feven wise men, and a savourite of the Deity, greatly skill'd in all the Enthusiasm and mystical doctrine of religion. Plut. Solon. after having offer'd certain victims prescrib'd by the Deity, he foretold the disasters of the Persian navy, which had struck the Athenians with terror, and his predictions were verified by the events. Plato de Leg. his prophecies were deliver'd with fanatical agitations, says Cicero. Div. and Maximus Tyrius adds, that though he never had any Preceptor, he was so wonderfully vers'd in the mysteries of religion, that he freed the Athenians from the plague and the seditions they labour'd under, by means of his expiations. Diatrib, XXII.

Ch. III. 10. Applies is properly the same as deplicate, that is one who follows a fest depose, whether its doctrines are true or sale; but the doctrines of the apostles being true, whoever departed from their fest depose, did by consequence maintain sale doctrines: hence persons that unhappily differ'd in opinion from the leading men, however sound they might really be, were afterwards call'd hereies: Or-

thodoxy

thodoxy and Majority being soon made convertible terms. so that when the governors of churches were no longer inspired, and had degenerated from the power of working miracles, and that of discerning spirits, they however assumed the authority adherent to those characters, and at length turn'd religion into a farce, by not only avoiding those, who justly complained of their errors and tyranny but by excommunicating them, and damning them by wholesale for not stooping to their ambition.

Ver. 11. Avjouziantilos, one who has past'd sentence against himself,

by openly renouncing christianity.

Ch. I. 15. Πανία μεν.] μεν is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Petav. 3. Vulgate, Ambrose, the Scholiaft.

Ch. II. 7. Apagrav] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner, Laud. 2. Roe 2. Baroc. several editions, Froben, Aldus, Colinzus, Vulgate and Latin fathers, Æthiopic, Chrysostom, Theo-

phylact, Occumenius.

Ver. 8. Hapi Munu.] Clar. Borner. Gr. Lat. Cantab. 2, 3. Laud. 2° Roe 2. Covel, 2, 3. N. Col. 2. Magdal. 1. Petav. 1. Baroc. Genev. Lincol. Basil, Leicest. Vienna, Aldus, Erasmi ed. 1^{ma}. Colinæus, the Complutensian, Vulgate, Chrysostom, Ambrose, Hilary, Jerom, Calaritan, Occumenius, and others.

Ver. 10. Tou outhpool The rou outhpool Alexand. Clar. Germ. Borner

Gr. Lat. Med. Chrysostom, Theodoret.

Ch. III. 5. 60.] a Alexand. Clar. Borner, Clemens Alex.

Ib. Tov dulou exsoul to dulou exsoc Alex. Clir. Germ. Borner, Roe 2. Cavel. 2. Clemens Alex.



ΠΑΤΛΟΥ

THE

TOT

EPISTLE

ΛΠΟΣΤΟΛΟΥ

OF

Η ΠΡΟΣ ΦΙΛΗΜΟΝΑ

PAUL the Apostle
To PHILEMON

ЕПІБТОЛН.

Τ Α Τ Λ Ο Σ δεσμος Χρισίου Ιπσου, και Τιμοθεος ὁ αδελφος, Φιλημονι τω αγαπηίω και συνεργωήμων, και Απφιατή αδελφή, και Αρχιππω τω συσίρατιωί ή ήμων, και τή κατ οικον σου εκκλησία, χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο Θεου παίρος ήμων, και Κυριου Ιπσου Χρισίου.

4 Ευχαρισίω τω Θεω μου, πανίοιε μνειαν σου ποιουμενος επι των προσευχων μου,
5 ακουων σου την αγαπην, και την πισίιν ήν εχεις προς τον Κυριον Ιπσουν και εις πανίας
6 τους άγιους: όπως ή κοινωνια

νηται εν επιγωσει πανλος αγαθου του εν ήμιν εις Χρισ7 τον Ιπσουν. Χαριν γαρ εσΧομεν πολλην και παρακλησιν επι τη αγαπη σου, ότι τα σπλαγχνα των άγιων αναπεπαυλαι δια σου, αδελφε.

THE TIGIEWE GOD EVERTING TE-

PAUL a prisoner for 1
Jesus Christ, and Timothy our brother, to
Philemon our dearly beloved,
and sellow-labourer, to our 2
beloved Appia, to Archippus
our fellow-soldier, and to the
church in your bouse, savour
and peace be with you, from 3
God our sather, and the Lord
Jesus Christ.

Imention you always in my prayers, and thank my God 5 for the account I have of your faith in the Lord Jesus and the love you hear to all the saints; so that the christian faith, which you have in common with us, displays itself to the observation of all good men about you. for your liberality, my brother, affected us with great joy and comfort, by your having refresh'd the howels of the saints.

Wbere-

Διο πολλην εν Χρισίω παιόησιαν εχων επίλασσειν ο σοι το ανηκον, δια την αγαπηυ μαλλου παρακαλω, Τοιούλος ων ώς Παυλος πρεσβυτης, νυνι δε και δεσμιος Ιη-10 σου Χρισίου. παρακαλω σε TEPL TOU ELLOU TEKNOU, ON EFEXνησα εν τοις δεσμοις μου, ΙΙ Ονησιμού, Τον πολε σοι αχρησίου, νυνι δε σοι και εμοι 12 ευχοησίον, ον ανεπεμιγα. συ δε αυίου, τουίεσι, τα εμα 13 σπλαγχνα, προσλαβου, ον εςω εβουλομπν προς εμαυλον Kalexely, iva vireo σου δία-KOYD HOLEY TOK SEGUOIS TOU 14 ευαγγελιου. Χωρις δε της σης γνωμης ουδεν ηθελησα ποιησαι, ίνα μη ώς καλα αναγκην το αταθον σου π, αλλα κα-15 Τα έκουσιον. Ταχα ταρ δια τουλο εχωρισθη προς ώραν, ίνα αιωνιον αυλον απέχης. 16 OUKEL WE DOUNDY, ANN THED δουλον, αδελφον αγαπηλον, μαλισία εμοι, ποσω δε μαλλον σοι και εν σαρκι και εν Kυριω?

17 Ει ουν εμε εχεις κοινωνον, 18 προσλαβου αυθον ώς εμε. ει δε τι πδικησε σε η οφειλει, 19 Τουθο εμοι ελλογει. εγω Παυλος εγραγια τη εμη χειρι, εγω αποθισω, ίνα μη λεγω σοι ότι και σεαυθον μοι προσοσειλεις. ναι, αδελφε, εγω

Wherefore, the I have a 8 right by virtue of mycharacter, to prescribe what is fit : I a bad rather apply to your benevolent temper, and desire you would regard the years of Paul, who am now also a pri-Soner for Jesus Christ, and in- 10 tercede with you for my son Onesimus, whom I made a convert whilft I was in chains. 'tis II true be was formerly tufeless to you, but now be will be useful to us both: I have fent him back, 12 therefore receive him as one that I tenderly love. I would 12 bave kept bim with me, to affift me in your stead during my confinement for the gospel. but I 14 would not do any thing without your consent; that your benefaction might not appear any ways forc'd, but perfettly voluntary. perbaps be quitted you 15 for a while, to be yours for ever after: not as a slave, but 16 in another quality, as a dear brother whom I particularly value, but much more should you, both as he is your servant, and as be is a christian.

I beg you therefore by the 17 common ties of friendship to receive him as you would myself. if he has wrong'd you, or is in-18 debted to you, place that to my account. I Paul give it under 19 my own hand, I will repay it; not to say, that you owe your very self to me, for the Lord's 20
Kk 2 sake.

+ An allusion to the name Onelimus, which significs useful.

σου οναιμην εν Κυριω, αναπαυσον μου τα σπλαγχνα εν Κυοιω.

21 Πεποιθως τη ύπακοη σου εγραψα σοι, ειδως ότι και 22 ύπερ ό λεγω ποιπσεις. άμα δε και έτοιμαζε μοι ξενιαν, ελπιζω γαρ ότι δια των προσευχων ύμων χαςισθησομαι ύμιν.

23 Ασπαζείαι σε, Επαφρας, ο συναιχμαλωίος μου εν Χρισ24 Τω Ιπσου: Μαρκος, Αρισταρχος, Δημας, Λουκας, οι
25 συνεργοι μου. ή χαρις του
Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου
μεία του πνευμαίος ύμων:

AMHN.

fake, brother, let me have this fatisfaction: refresh my heart for his sake.

I writ this upon the pre-21 fumption of your compliance, being perfuaded that you will even do more than I mention, pray at the same time 22 prepare me a lodging: for I trust that through your prayers I shall be restored to you.

Epaphras my fellow-priso-23 ner in the cause of Christ Jesus; Marcus, Aristarchus, 24 Demas, Luke, my fellow-labourers, salute you. the grace 25 of our Lord Jesus Christ be with your spirit.

A M E N.

Ch. I. 2. Adea On without afarrily] Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Covel: 2. Coptic, Jerom, and the antient Vulgate. iee Prol. 1292.

Ver. 6. Εν θμίν.] εν ἡμίν all Stephens's MSS. the Alexand. Cantab. 3. N. Col. 2. Balil 2. feven Latin MSS. of Lucas Brugenfis, Chryfoftom, Ambrofe, Jerom, Theodoret, Occumenius, and the Complutenfian edition.

Ver. 7. Xapiv | Xapav Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Laud. 2. Petav. 2. Covel. 2. Hunring. 1. Barbar. 1. Baroc. Wechet. al. Velef. lect. fome edit. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Coptic, Chrysoftom, Ambrose, Jerom, the Scholiass. however, this is only a Scholium. xapiv, roofees, xapav, suys Theophylact. xapic, Eugea, xapa, says Hesychius.

Ib. Egypuev.] Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Jerom, eggov Alexand. Borner Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7. Vulgate, Ambrose, the Scholiast, Theodoret

Ver. 12. TheoretaBou] is not in the Alexand. Borner Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7.

Ver. 20. Σπλα[χνα εν Κιτιφ] σπλα[χνα εν Χρισ]ω πεποιθως Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Borner Gr. Lat. Leicell. 4. MSS. Colinxus, Aldus, Syriac, Coptic.

Ver. 23. Acratí zi.] Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Roe 2. Velei. iech. Eraim. ed. 1^{sta.} Aldus, Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Ambrofe.

Н

THE

ΠΡΟΣ EBPAIOTΣ

EPISTLE

ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ

To the HEBREWS.

ΟΛΥΜΕΡΩΣ και πολυλοσως παλαι δ Θεος λαλησας τοις παίρασιν εν τόις προφηίαις, επ' εσχαλου $T\omega v$ ทันรอผง Τουίων ελαλησεν ήμιν εν ύιω, 2 ου εθηκε κληρονομον πανίων, δι' ου και τους αιωνας εποι-3 ησεν. ός ων Ταπαυρασματης δοξης, και χαρακίης της ύποσλασεως αυλου, φερων τε τα πανία τω ρημαίι της δυναμεως αυλου. καθαρισμον ποιπσαμενος των διιαςίιων εκαθισεν εν δεξια της μεγαλωσυνής εν ύπηλοις.

4 Τοσουλώ κρειτλών Γενομενος των αγγελών, όσω δια-Φορωλερον παρ' αυλους κεκληρονομηκεν

OD who at sundry times, and in divers manners, spake in time past to the fathers by the prophets, bath in the felast days speken unto us by bis son, whom be bath constituted beir of all things, by whom also he made the world. who being the radiation of his glory, and the imprest image of his substance, and governing all things by his powerful command, after baving bimself made expiation for our fins, fat down on the right band of the divine majesty in the highest heavens.

HE is so much superiour to the angels, as the authority he possesses is more excellent than theirs.

† Πας ανθρωπος καΐα την διανοιαν φαειοΐαι θειφ Λοίφ, της μακαριας Φυσεως ΕΚΜΑΓΕΙΟΝ, η αποστασμα, η ΑΠΑΤΓΑΟΜΑ βείσως. "every "mm with respect to his Intellect is adied to the divine Reason, being "the IMPRESS'D IMPGE. Or a uraught, or a RAY of that effectially "happy Being." Philo of the creation of the world. See the notes at the end of this epistle.

5 covounker ovoua. Tive pap ειπε ποίε TWV ATTERWY, יי טוסג עסט בו סט, ברש מחעבρου ΓεΓεννηκα σε?" KIL ες ες εσομαι αυζώ Mariy, EIC Talepa, Kai aulos eo-6 " דמו עוסו בוג עוסי ?" סדמי δε παλιν εισατατή τον πρωτολοκον εις την οικουμενην, Σετει, " και προσκυνησαλωσαν αυίω πανίες αργελοι 7 " Θεου." και προς μεν τους arrenous refer, O TOLWY τους αγγελους αυίου πνευuala, kai touk reiloupγους αυλου πυρος φλογα." προς δε του ύιου, " ο θρουος " σου, ο Θεος, εις τον αιωνα του αιωνος, ραβδος ευθυΙπίος ή ραβδος της βασιλεια: σου. ηςαπησας " לוגמוס טיחי, אמן בעוס nσας ανομιαν, δια τουίο EXHOR OF DEOK, O GEOK σου ελαίου αγαλλιασέως παρα τους μελοχους σου." 10και, " συ κατ' αρχα;, Κυ-" ριε, Την Γην εθεμελιωσας, " και εργα Των Χειρων σου " εισιν οι ουρανοι. αυδοι α-"πολουνδαι, συ δε διαμε-" νεις, και πανίες ως ίμα-" Τιου παλαιωθησούλαι. και " ώσει περιβολαιον αλλαξεις " αυλους, και αλλαγησον-" ται, συ δε ο αυλος ει, και " דמ פוח סטט סטוג באאפועיסט-

theirs. for to which of the an- 5 gels did be ever say, " * thou " art my son, this day have I " begotten thee? and again, " I will be bis father, and " be shall be my son? and 6 when he re-introduces the first-begotten into the world. be saith, " + and let all the " angels of God worship bim." and of the angels, he faith, 7 " wbo employs bis angels " like the winds, and flames " of fire as bis ministers." but to the son he saith, 8 "God is thy throne for ever " and ever; the sceptre of " thy kingdom is a sceptre of " equity. thou bast loved 9 " justice and bated iniqui-"ty; therefore God, even " thy God, bath anointed " thee with the oil of glad-" ness above thy peers." a- 10 gain, " thou, Lord, in the " beginning bast laid the " foundation of the earth; " and the beavens are the " works of thy bands. they 11 " shall perish, but thou shalt " remain: and they all shall " come to an end like an " old garment; as a vesture-12 " shalt thou change them, " and they shall be changed: e but thou art the same, " and thy years shall never " end."

13 Τίρος Τινα δε των αγγελων ειρηκε πολε, " καθου εκ δεξι" ων μου, έως αν θω τους " εχθρους σου υποποδιον 14" των ποδων σου?" ουχι πανλες εισι λειλουργικα πνευμαλα, εις διακονιαν αποστελλομενα δια τους μελλοντας κληρονομειν σωληριαν?

Δια τουίο δει περισσοίεοως ήμας προσεχείν Τοις ακουσθεισι, μη πολε παz pappuomen. El rap o di ar-רבאשע אמאחלפוג אסרסג ברבעפוס βεβαιος, και πασα παραβασις και παρακοή ελαβεν ενε δικον μισθαποδοσιαν: πως ήμεις εκφευξομέθα Τηλικαυτης αμελησανίες σωίποιας ? ήτις αρχην λαβουσα λάλεισθαι δια του Κυριου, ύπο των ακουσανίων εις παας εβεβαι-1 ωθη, συνεπιμαρίυρουνίος του **GEOU GRUSSOUS TE KAI TEPAGI.** και ποικιλαις δυναμεσι, και πνευμάλος άγιου μερισμοις, καλα την άυλου θελησιν.

5 Ου Γαρ αΓΓΕΛΟΙς ὑπεἰαξε
Την οικουμενην Την μελλου6 σαν, περι ής λαλουμεν. διεμαρίυραίο δε που Τις, λεΓων,
"Τι εσίιν ανθρωπος, ότι
"μιμνησκή αυίου, η ὑιος αν"θρωπου, ότι επισκεπίη αυ" Τον? ηλατίωσας αυίον
"βραχυ Τι παρ' αΓΓΕΛΟυς,
"δοξη και Τιμή εσίεφανωσας αυίον (και καίεσίη-

But to which of the angels 13 did he ever fay, "fit on my "right hand, until I make "thine enemies thy foot-"ftool?" are not all those 14 spirits dispatched as ministers to take care of those who shall belong to the christian church.

Therefore we ought to give 1 the greater attention to the things we have heard, for fear we should abandon the gospel. for if the law deliver'd by an- 2 gels was put in execution, and every transgression and disobedience was justly punish'd as it deserv'd; bow shall we 3 escape, if we neglect that salutary dostrine? which was first published by the Lord. and was confirmed to us by those that heard bim; God also 4 giving an additional testimony both by signs, by prodigies, by divers miracles, and gifts of the boly spirit, which he distributes as be pleases.

"Tis not therefore to the angels that he has subjected the
gospel state of which we are
treating, and this is attested by 6
a certain writer, who says,
"what is man that thou art
"mindful of him, or the son
"of man that thou visitest
"bim? thou hast made him?"
"for a while lower than the
"angels; thou hast crown'd
"bim

" σας αθού επι τα εργα
" των χειρών σου.) πανία
" υπείαξας υποκαίω των πο" δων αυίου-" εν γαρ τω
υποίαξαι αυίω τα πανία,
ουδεν αφηκεν αυίω ανυποτακίον, νυν δε ουπω ορώμεν
αυίω τα πανία υποίείας μεγα. τον δε βραχυ τι παρ'
αγγελους πλατίωμενον βλεπομεν Ιησουν, δια το πάθημα του θαναίου, δοξη και
τιμη εσίεφανωμενον, όπως
χαριίι Θεου υπερ πανίος γευσπίαι θαναίου.

10 Επρεπε γαρ αυίω, δι' όν τα πανία και δί ου τα πανία, πολλους ύιους εις δοξαν ατατονία, τον αρχητον της σωληριας αυλων δια 11 παθημαίων τελειωσαι. ό, τε ταρ ατιαζων και δι ατιαζομενοι, εξ ένος πανίες, δι' πν ailian ouk Emaioxunelai a-12 δελφους αυλους καλειν. λεζων, " απαγγελω το ονομα " σου Τοις αδελφοις μου, εν μεσω εκκλησιας υμνησω σε." και παλιν, " εςω εσομάι πεποιθως επ' αυ-" τω." και παλιν, " ιδου εςω και τα παιδια ά μοι εδωκεν ο Θεος:

14 Ηπει ουν τα παιδία κεκοινωνηκε σαρκος και άιματος, και αυίος παραπλησιως μείεσχε των αυίων, ίνα δια

" him with glory and honour. " and hast set bim over the " works of thy hands: thou & " bast out all things in subjec-" tion under bis seet." since be bas put all in subjection to him, be left nothing that is not subjected to bim. bowever we do not see as yet that all things are put under him. but Tesus, who was for a while inferior to the angels by his sufferings and death, we see was crown'd with glory and bonour; when by the divine goodness, be bad pass'd thro' death for every man.

For it was agreeable to his 10 wisdom, for whom are all things, and by whom are all things, in bringing many sons unto glory, to confecrate the author of their salvation by his sufferings, for both be that 11 sanctifieth, and they who are santtified, are all deriv'd from one: for which cause he is not asham'd to call them brethren, Saying, " I will declare thy 12 " name unto my brethren, in " the midst of the church will I " fing praise unto thee." and 12 again, " I will put my trust in "bim." and again, "behold, " I, and the children which " God hath given me.

Since then the children 14 were made subject to a state of mortality, so be himself likewise was subject to the same

con-

δια του θαναίου καίαριπση τον το κραίος εχονία του θαναλου, τουλεσλι, τον διαβο-15λου: και απαλλαξη τουίους οσοι φοβω θαναίου δια παν-TOG TOU LAN EVOXOL MORN SOU-16 RELAG. OU FAP ENTOU AFFEλων επιλαμβανείαι, αλλα σπερμαίος Αβρααμ επιλαμ-17 βανείαι. όθεν ωφείλε καία πανία τοις αδελφοις δυοιωθηναι, ίνα εκτημών Γενηλαι και πισίος αρχιερεύς τα προς Τον Θεον, εις το ιλασκεσθαι 18 τας άμαρλιας του λαου. εν ώ γαρ πεπούθεν αυλος πειρασθεις, δυναλαι τοις πειραζομενοις Βοηθησαι.

Οθεν, αδελφοι άτιοι, κλησεως επουρανιου μείοχοι, κατανοησαίε τον αποσίολον και αρχιερεα της ομολογιας 2 ήμων Χρισίον Ιησουν, πισίον ονία τω ποιησανίι αυίον, ώς και Μωσης εν όλω τω οικώ 3 αυίου. πηξιονός γαρ δοξης ουίος παρά Μωσην ηξιωίαι, καθ' όσον πλειονα Τιμην εχει του οικου ο καλασκευασας αυίον: πας γαροικός καίασκευαζελαι ύπο τινος, ο δε τα πανία καίασκευασας. Θεος. 5 και Μωσης μεν πιοίος εν όλω τω οικω αύλου, ώς θεραπων, εις μαρίυριον των κακηθησο-

condition: that through death be might destroy bim that had the power of death, that is, the devil; and deliver them who 15 thro' fear of death were all their life-time in a state of slavery, for be is not the deliverer 16 of angels; but the deliverer of Abraham's posterity. whence 17 it was necessary be should be in all things like his brethren: that be might be a merciful bigb priest, and faithfully difcharge the divine office of expiating the fins of the people. for baving bimself stood the 18 test of sufferings, he is capable of being moved to relieve those who undergo such tryals,

Wherefore, christian bre- 1 thren, you who are called to an beavenly inheritance, consider the apostle and bigh priest of the faith we profess, even Christ Jesus; who was faithful 2 to bim that constituted bim such as Moses likewise was faitbful in all bis administration of God's bouse, but as the architect 3 is of much greater dignity than the bouse he has made; so the glory which Christ received was greater than that of Moses. no bouse is without a builder; 4 now be that built the whole bouse of Israel is God. besides Moses throughout his whole 5 administration afted in quality of a servant, representing to the people what he was order d

6 μενων. Χρισίος δε, ώς ύιος επι Τον οικον αυίου, ου οικος εσμεν ήμεις, εανπερ Την παρρηποίαν και Το καυχημα της ελπιδός μεχρι Τελους βεβαιαν καιασχωμεν.

 Δ 10, K α θ ω C REFEL TO THEUμα το άτιου, " σημερον εαν της φωνης αυλου ακουσητε, μη σκληρυνή τας καρδιας ύμων, ώς εν τω παραπικρασμώ, καλα την ημεραν Του πειρασμου εν Τη ερημώ, ου επειρασαν με οι παλερες ύμων, εδοκιμασαν με, και ειδον τα εργα μου, τεσσαρακονία ι είπ. διο προσωχθισα τη ב רבעבם באבוציין, אמו בנידים, αει πλανωνίαι τη καρδία, αυλοι δε συκ εγνωσαν τας 11 " όδους μου. ως ωμοσα εν " τη οργη μου, ει εισελευσονίαι εις την καταπαυ- σ ν ν ν 0 ν .

12 Βλεπείε, αδελφοι, μη ποτε εσίαι εν τινι ύμων καρδια πονηρα απισίιας, εν τω αποσίηναι απο Θεου ζωνίος.

13 αλλα παρακαλείε εαυίους καθ εκασίην ήμεραν, αχρις όυ το σημερον καλείίαι, ίνα μη σκληρυνθη τις εξ ύμων 4 απαίη της άμαριας. μείοχοι γαρ γεγοναμεν του Χριστου, εανπερ την άρχην της

to say. but Christ govern'd his 6 own house inquality of son and heir, and tis we that are his house, provided we stedfastly persevere unto the end in the publick prosession of that hope, in virtue of which we glory.

Wherefore as the boly spi- 7 rit saith, " since to-day you " bear bis voice, barden not " your hearts, as at * Me-" riba and Massa in the de-" sart: where your fathers o " provoked me to give proofs " of my power forty years, " tho' they saw my works. " wherefore I was displeased 10 " with that generation, and " said, they do alway err in " their hearts; and they " bave not known my ways. " so I swear in my wrath, 11 " that they should not enter " into my rest."

Take beed, bretbren, left 12
there be in any of you such
incredulity as to make you
desert the living God. but ex-13
bort one another daily while
the day lasts, lest any of you
be hardned through the deceitfulness of sin. for we were 14
receiv'd into the communion
of Christ, upon condition of inviolably maintaining the hope

^{*} Meriba and Massa were the places where the events happen'd: the first fignifies contradiction, the last irritation. Exod. xvii. 7. Numb. xx. 13, 24.

υποσίασεως μεχρι τελους βε-15 Baiau Kalaoxwueu, eu Tw λεγεσθαι, " σημερον εαν της " φωνης αυζου ακουσηλε, μη " σκληςυνή τας καρδίας υ" μων, ως εν τω παραπι16" κρασμω." Τινες γαρ ακουσανίες παρεπικρανάν, αλλ. ου πανίει δι εξελθονίες εξ Αι-17 Γυπίου δια Μωσεώς. Τισι δε ποοσωχθισε τεσσαρακονία ετη ? ουχι τοις άμαρλησασιν, WY TA XWAA ETEGEV EV TO E-18 οπμω? Τισι δε ωμοσε μη εισελευσεσθαι εις την καλαπαυσιν άυλου, ει μη τοις α-19 πειθησασι? και βλεπομέν ότι ουκ ηδυνηθησαν εισελθειν δι' απισλιαν.

1 Φοβηθωμεν ουν μη πολε καλειπουενης επαγγελίας εισελθειν εις Την καλαπαυσιν αυλου, δοκη τις εξ ύμων 2 ύσλερηκεναι. και γαρ εσμεν ενηγελισμενοι, καθαπερ κάκεινοι, αλλ' ουκ ωφελησεν ό λογος της ακοης εκεινους, μη συγκεκραμενος τη πισλει τοις ακουσασιν.

Εισερχομεθα γαρ εις την καλαπαυσιν οι πισθευσανθες, καθως ειρηκεν, '' ώς ωμοσα '' εν τη οργη μου, ει εισελευ- '' σονλαι εις την καλαπαυσιν '' μου.'' καιδοι των εργων απο καλαβολης κοσμου γενη-

we had at the beginning even unto the end, which is imply'd 15 by, " to-day since we bear " bis voice, barden rot your " bearts, as at Meriba." for some when they had beard 16 bis voice, did provoke bim: bowever, not all that were brought out of Egypt by Moses did so. but with whom 17 was be displeased forty years? was it not with those that bad sinned, whose carcases fell in the defert? and who 18 were they, who, he fware, should not enter into his rest, but those that did not believe? so we see that they 19 could not enter in, because of their incredulity.

Let us therefore fear, lest any of us by rejecting the promise of entring into his rest, should be excluded from it. for to us was the good promise made, as well as to them: but the word address'd to them was not effectually receiv'd with faith by those that keard it.

Whereas'tis we who have 3 believed that shall enter into rest, as he said, "where-" fore I have sworn in my "wrath, that they shall not "enter into my rest." which is different from that rest, at the beginning of the world, when the work of creation

4 θενίων. ειρηκε γαρ που περι της έβδομης ουίω, "και κα-"τεπαυσεν ο Θεος εν τη ή-"μερα τη έβδομη απο παντων των εργων άυίου."

5 και εν Τουίω παλιν, " ει ει-" σελευσονίαι εις την καία-" παυσιν μου."

Επει ουν απολειπείαι τινας εισελθείν εις αύλην, και οι προίερου ευαγγελισθενίες ουκ 7 εισηλθου δι' απειθειαυ, παλιν Τινα οριζει ήμεραν, σημερον, εν Δαβιδ λειων, μελα τοσουίου χρονου, καθως προ ειρηίαι, THUEDON EAN THE φωνης αυίου ακουσηίε, μη σκληρυνη Ετας καρδίας ύμων." ει ταρ αυλους Ιησους καλεπαυσεν, ουκ αν περι αλλικ ελαλει μεία ταυο τα ήμερας. αρα απολειπείαι σαββαλισμος τω λαφ του 10 Θεου. ό ταρ εισελθων εις την καλαπαυσιν αυίου, και αυτος καλεπαυσεν απο των ερτων άυλου, ώσπερ απο των

11 Σπουδασωμέν ουν εισελθειν εις εκεινην Την καλαπαυσιν, ένα μη εν τω αυλώ τις ύποδειτμαλι πεση της απει12 θειας. Σων ταρ ο λοτος του Θεου, και ενερτης, και τομωτερος ύπερ πασαν μαχαιραν δισλομον, και διέςνουμενος αχρι μερισμού ψυχης τε και πνευμαλος, άγμων τε και μυελων,

ιδιων ο Θεος.

was sinished. of which in a certain place relating to the seventh day, 'tis said, " and "God did rest the seventh day from all his works." but in this place 'tis said, 5 " they shall not enter into " my rest."

Since there remains then a 6 rest which some are still to enter into, for they to whom the promise was first made, did not enter in, because of their incredulity; he pointed out 7 another time in the words, which were spoken by David, a long time after their going into Canaan, in the passage just now quoted, "to-" day fince ye bear his voice, " barden not your hearts." for if Joshuah had given 8 them rest, David would not asterwards have mentioned another day, which shows 9 that the people of God bave a fabbath still to come. then 10 be that enters into divinerest, will indeed rest from bis works, as God did from bis.

Let us labour therefore to 11 enter into that rest, lest any of us by imitating their incredulity, should fall short thereof like them. for the word of 12 God is active and essectious, sharper than any two-edged sword, penetrating even to the division of soul and spirit, to the smallest and most in-

ward

ελων, και κρίτικος ενθυμησεων
13 και εννοιων καρδιας. και ουκ
εστι κτισις αφανης ενωπιον
αυτου, παντα δε τυμνα και
Τετραχηλισμένα Τοις οφθαλμοις αυτου, προς ον ήμιν ο
λογος.

14 Εχουλες συν αρχιερεα με
Γαν, διεληλυθοία τους συρανους, Ιπσουν τον ύιον του
Θεου κραίωμεν της όμολογιας.

15 ου Γαρ εχομεν αρχιερεα μη
δυναμενον συμπαθησαι ταις
ασθενειαις ήμων, πεπειςαμενον δε καξά πανία καθ' ό-

μοιοίπία, χωρις άμαρίτας.

16 προσερχομεθα ουν μεία παρρποτας τω θρονώ της χαρίλος,

να λαβωμεν ελεον, και χαειν έυςωμεν εις ευκαιτον βοπ-

θειαν.

Πας γαρ αρχιερεύς εξ ανθρωπων παμβανομένος, ύπερ αυθρωπων καθισλαλαι τα προς τον Θεον, ίνα προσφερη δωρα τε και θυσιας ύπερ άμαρ-2 Τιων. με ριοπαθείν δυναμενος Τοις αγνοουσι και πλανωμενοις, επι και αυίος περικείλαι 2 ασθενειαν. και δια ταυίην οφειλει, καθως περι του λαου, ούλω και περι έαυλου προσ-4 φερείν ύπερ άμας λιών. ουχ ξαυίω τις λαμβανει την Τιμπν, αλλα ο καλουμένος ύπο του Θεου, καθαπερ και ο Ααρων.

ward parts, distinguishing the thoughts, and intentions of the heart. So that there is 13 not a creature that is concealed from his view: but all is naked and open to the eyes of him of whom we speak.

Having then so great a 14 bigh priest, who is passed into the heavens, Jesus the son of God, let us hold fast our profession. for we have 15 not an high priest who is incapable of compassionating our miseries; since he was exposed to the same trials as we are, sin only excepted, let 16 us therefore approach with considence to the throne of grace, that we may obtain the seasonable assistance of divine mercy and savour.

For every bigh priest is 1 appointed to officiate for men in religious matters, offering gists and sacrifices for their fins: being chosen from among the people, that as he himself 2 is surrounded with infirmities, be might have the greater compassion for those who sin through ignorance or mistake. and for the same rea- 3 son be is obliged to offer sacrifices for bis own fins as well as for those of the people. besides, no man can af- A sume to bimself the bonour of the priest bood: be must be called thereto by God, as Anron was. Where-

ΟυΊω

Ουλω και ο Χρισλος ουχ έ-5 αυλον εδοξασε Γενηθηναι αρχιερεα, αλλ' ο λαλησας προς αυίον, " υιος μου ει συ, εςω " σημερον γεγεννηκα σε." κα-θως και εν έτερω λεγει, " συ εί ερευς εις τον αιωνα καλα την ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ." 7 OCEV TAIS THEORIS THE GAPκος αυίου, δεπσεις τε και iκελποιας προς τον δυναμενον σωζειν αυίον εκθαναίου, με-Τα κραυτης ισχυρας και δακουών προσενεγκας, και εισακουσθεις απο της ευλαβειας. 8 καιπερ ων ύιος, εμαθεν αφ' 9 ών επαθε την υπακοην, και κουουσιν αυλώ πασιν αίλιος 10 σωληριας αιωνιου, προσαγορευθεις ύπο του Θεου αρχιε-CEUS KATA THY TAELY MEAXIσεδεκ.

11 Περι ου πολυς ήμιν ο λογος και ουσερμηνευίος λεγειν, επει υτυθροι γεγοναίε ταις ακοαις.
13 και γαρ οφειλονίες ειναι δισασκαλοι οια τον χρονον, παλιν χρειαν εχείε του διδασκειν ύμας, τινα τα σίοιχεια της αρχης των λογιών του Θεου, και γεγοναίε χρειαν εχοιίες γαλακίος, και ου σίετεχων γαλακίος, απειρος λογου δικαιοσυνής, νηπιος γαρ εσίι.

Wherefore Christ himself 5 did not assume the character of an high priest; but it was confirm'd by bim that faid, + " thou art my fon, to-day bave " I begotten thee." as he saith too in another place, * " thou " art a priest for ever after " the order of Melchisedec." this was fefus, who while he was in a mortal body, baving offered up prayers and supplications, with strong cries, and with tears, to bim that was able to fave bim from that death, was beard so as to be delivered from bis fear; for 8 the be was the son of God, yet be found by his own fufferings what it was to obey, and by a perfett obedience be 9 procured eternal salvation for all that obey him; God bav- 10 ing declared bim an high priest after the order of Melcbisedec.

On this bead we have ma-11
ny things to fay, not casily to
be comprehended, because of
your prejudices. for though 12
by this time you ought to be
capable of teaching others,
you want to be instructed anew in the first principles of
the divine oracles; and are
in such a state as to stand in
need of milk, rather than of
folid nourishment. now be 13
that is disciplined like a child,
is

1.1 દની . TENSION છે દની !! મેં ની !ρεα τροφη, των δια την έξιν τα αισθηθηρια Γεγυμνασμενα εχονίων προς διακρισιν καλου TE KAL KAKOU.

 \triangle 10 aperles tor the apens του Χρισίου λοςον, επι την Τελειοί πία φερωμεθα, μη παλιν θεμελιού καλαβαλλομενοι μελανοιας απο νεκρων εργων, 2 και πισίεως επι Θεον, βαπτισμων διδαχης, επιθεσεως τε χειρων, ανασίασεως τε νεκρων, και κριμαλος αιωνιου. και τουίο ποιησομέν, εανπέρ ะสนิวะสท อ Ѳะอง.

Αδυναίον γαρ τους άπαξ φωλισθενίας, γευσαμένους τε της δωρέας της επουρανιου, και μελοχούς Γενηθενλας πνευ-5 μαλος άγιου, και καλον γευ- spirit, and have known by ex-σαμενούς Θεου ήτημα, δύνα- perience the truth of the divine 6 μεις τε μελλονίος αιώνος, και παραπεσούλας, παλιν αναkaivileiv eic uslavoiav, aνασλαυρουνλας έαυλοις ύιον Του Θεου, και παρα-7 δειτυαλιζονλας. [n ταρ n πιουσα τον επ' αυίης πολλα-KIS EPXOMEYOU VETOV, KOL TIKτουσα βολανην ευθέλον εκεινοις δι' όυς και γεωργείζαι, μεταλαμβανει ευλογιας απο

is not prepared for the doctrine of justification: such so-14 lid nourishment is only fit for such as are arriv'd at their full growth and strength, whose senses have been exercis'd in distinguishing what is good, and what is prejudicial.

Therefore omitting for the I present the principles of the christian doctrine, we shall proceed to something more sublime, without mentioning thofe fundamental articles of repentance from destructive vices, and of divine faith: the doc- 2 trine of baptisms, and laying on of bands, the resurrection of the dead, and ett rnal judyment: of which we shall treat 3 another time, if God permit.

For it is impossible for those 4 who were once enlightned, and bave received the beavenly gifts, communicat ed by the boly spirit, and have known by ex- 5 promises, and the miracles of the age that was to come; it is impossible, if they shall 6 fall away, to re -instate themfelves by repentance: feeing, as far in them lies, they crucify the fon of God afresh, and expose bin to open shame. for the earth which drinks up the frequent show'rs that fall upon it, and produces plants fit sor, the use of him that cultivates it, is stiled

8 Του Θεου : εκφερουσα δε ακανθας και τριβολους, αδοκιμος και καλαρας εγγυς, τίς το τελος εις καυσιν.

Πεπεισμέθα δε περι ύμων, άραπηλοι, τα κρειτλονα και εxouera owindias, el kal ou-10Τω λιτλουμεν. ου γας αδικος ο Θεος επιλαθεσθαι του ερτου ύμεν, και της αταπης ής ενεδείξα σθε εις το ονομα αυ-TOU. DI AKOVNO AVIEC TOIC àτι γιοις και διακονουνίες. θυμουμεν δε έκασΙον ύμων την מנולחי בית לבוגשטשלמו שחים להיו προς την : τληροφοριαν της ελ-12 πιδος αχι Ι Τέλους, ίνα μη νωθροι γει πσθε, μιμπίαι δε των δια πισθεως και μακροθυμιας κλης ιονομουνίων τας ε-TAFFELLAG.

13 Τω Γαρ Α βρααμ επαγειλαμενος ο Θεο :, επει κατ ουδενος ειχε με ιζονος ομοσαι,
14 ωμοσε καθ ε αυίου, λεγων,
" η μην ευλι γων ευλογησω
" σε, και π. ληθυνων πλη15" θυνω σε." και ουίω μακροθυμησας επ. είνχε της επαγ16 γελιας. ανθρι ωποι μεν γαρ

beavenly land: but that 8 which bears thorns and briars, is look'd upon as lying under a curse; whose end will be to be burnt.

But though we speak in 9 this manner, my dear brethren, we expest better things of you, and fuch as are more fuitable to your falvation. for God is too just to bis pro- 10 mife not to regard your piety. and the love which you have shewn to the christian religion by the affiftance ye have given to the faints, and still continue to give. but we desire that eve- 11 ry one of you may shew the fame concern, continuing to discbarge the condition upon wbich your bopes are founded: that ye be not unactive, but i- 12 mitatetheexample of those who by faith and patience bave obtain'd the inheritance that was promis'd to them.

Forwhen God gave his pro-13
mise to Abraham, because he
could swear by no greater, he
sware by himself, saying,
"surely I will heap heessings 14
"upon thee, and will give
"thee anumerous posterity."
and after he had patiently 15
waited, he obtained what was
promised for when men swear 16

καλα

*Opat sap ore ou nat' elspou openess Osoc, outer sap ausou apertsor: al'a nat' sau ou, oc est i variou apissoc. you ice God does not inver by another, for nothin ig has more excellence than he: but by himself, whose excellence is abo ve all. Philo in Allegor. see G.n. xxii. 16.

καλα του μειζονος ομυυουσι. και πασης αυδοις ανδιλοτιας περας εις βεβαιωσιν ο όρκος. 17 εν ώ περισσοίερον βουλομενος ο Θεος επιδειξαι τοις κληρο-VOLUCIO THE EMAFTERIAS TO Aμελαθελου της βουλης αυλου, 18 εμεσιΙευσεν όρκω: ίνα δια δυο πράγμαλων αμελαθείων, εν δις aduvalor weugaglai Geor. ισχυράν παρακλησιν εχωμέν οι καλαφυρονλές κραλησαι της 19 TROKELLEVING ENTITIOGS, THE WIS αγκυράν εχομέν της ψυχης ασφαλή τε και βεβαίαν, και εισερχομενην εις το εσωλερον 20 Του καλαπετασμαλος, όπου ιπροδρομος ύπερ πμων εισπ∧θεν Ιπσους, καλα την ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ αρχιερεύς Γενομένος εις του αιωνα.

Ουλος γαρ ο Μελιχισεδεκ. βασιλευς Σαλημ, ίερευς του Θεου του ύψισλου, δ συναντησας Αβρααμ ύποσθρεφοντι απο της κοπης των βασιλεων, και ευλογησας αυ-2 τον: ώκαι δεκαθην απο παντων εμερισεν Αβρααμ, πρω-Τον μεν εςμηνευομένος βασιπευς δικαιοσυνής, επείλα δε και βασιλευς Σαλημ, δεσλι $\beta \alpha \sigma i \lambda \varepsilon v \varepsilon \varepsilon i \varepsilon n v n \varepsilon : \alpha \pi \alpha l \omega \varepsilon$ αμηλωρ, αςενεαλος πλος, μηλε apxnv nuepwv, unle Conc Teλος εχων, αφωμοιωμένος δε τω διω του Θεου, μενει ίεfeu: eig To dinnekeg.

by a superior, the ratifying what they say with an oath, puts an end to all further debate. wherefore God was wil- 17 ling to give the beirs of promise a stronger proof of the immutability of his counsel, by the intervention of an oath: that by 18 two immutable things in which it was impossible for God to deceive us, we, who have no other refuge to fly to, but to maintain our present bopes, might have strong consolation 19 to serve as a sure and stedfast anchor to the foul: till it arrives within the veil. where 20 Jesus is gone to usher us in, baving been made an high priest for ever, after the order of Melchisedec.

For this Melchisedec was I both king of Salem, and a priest of the most high God; iwas be who met Abraham returning from the slaughter of the kings, and bleffed bim: to whom also Abraham gave 2 a tenth part of the whole booty: first, being by the signification of his name king of justice, and in fast king of Salem, which is, king of peace; without father, with- 3 out mother, without genealogy; bis days bave no beginning, and bis life no end; but like the son of God, he was a perpetual priest,

4. Θεωρείλε δε πηλικός ούλος. ώ και δεκαθην Αβρααμ εδωκευ εκ των ακροθινιών ο πα-5 TOLADAMS. KAL OL HEY EK TWY υιων Δευι Την iepaleian λαμ-Bavovies, בעוסגחע באסטסינע aποδεκαίουν τον λαον καία τον νομον, τουδεσδι, τους αδελφους άυλων, καιπερ εξελπλυθοίας εκ της οσφυος Α-6 βρααμ. ὁ δε μη Γενεαλογουμενος εξ αυίων, δεδεκαίωκε τον Αβρααμ, και τον εχουτα τας επαγγελιας ευλογηκε. 7 χωρις δε πασης ανλιπογιας. το ελατίον ύπο του κρειτίο-8 ของ ยบนอรย์ไสเ. หละ พ่อย แยบ δεκαλας αποθυπσκουλες ανθρωποι λαμβανουσιν, εκει δε. 9 μαριυρουμένος ότι ζη. και, ώς επος ειπειν, δια Αβρααμ και Λευϊ ο δεκαλας καμβα-10 νων δεδεκατωλαι. ελι ταρ εν τη οσφυί του παίρος ην, ότε συνηνίησεν αυίω ο Μελχισεδεκ.

11 Ει μεν ουν τελειωσις δια της Λευιτικης ιερωσυνης ην, ο λαος γαρ επ' αυίη νενομοθείηλο, τις είι χρεια, καντα την ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ εντερον ανισλασθαι ιερεα, και ου καλα την ταξιν Ααρων 12 λεγεσθαι γ μελαλιθεμενης γαρ της ιερωσυνης, εξ αναγκης και νομου μελαθησις γινελαι. 13 εφ' όν γαρ λεγελαι ταυλα, φυλης έτερας μελεσχηκεν, αφ'

Now consider the dignity of A this person, to whom even the patriarch Abraham gave the tenth of the spoils. tis true 5 they of the race of Levi, who assume the office of the priesthood, have a right by law to take tithes of the people, that is, of their brethren, though they all issued from Abraham: but he who 6 was not of their pedigree, received tithes from Abraham. and bleffed bim to whom the promises were made. now tis past dispute, be that is blessed is inferior to bim that bleffes: besides here they that 8 receive tithes are men who die: but there 'twas he of whom it is testisted that be liveth. and even Levi who re- 9 ceived titbes, pay'd titbes, if I may so say, in the person of Abraham. for he was even 10 then in the loins of his father, when Melchisedec met him.

If therefore the Levitical II
priesthood, concerning which
the people received a law,
could have given perfection,
what further need was there
that another priest should rise,
to be named after the order of
Melchisedec, and not after the
order of Aaron? now the 12
priesthood being changed, the
law must necessarily be changed
too. for he who was there 13
mention'd was of another
tribe.

ής ουδεις προσεσχηκε τω θυ-14 σιασθηριώ. προδηλον γαρ δτι εξ Ιουδα αναθεθαλκεν δ Κυριος ήμων, εις ήν φυλην ουδεν περι έερωσυνης Μωσης ελαλησε.

15 Και περισσοίερον εἰι κα-Ταδηλον εσίν, ει καία την ομοιοίη Μελχισεδεκ ανισία-16 Ται ιέρευς εἰερος, ος ου καία νομον ενίολης σαρκικης [ε[ονεν, αλλα καία δυναμιν ζωης 17 ακαίαλυίου. μαρίυρει [αρ, ΄΄ ότι συ ιέρευς εις τον αιω-΄΄ να καία την ταξιν Μελ-18 ΄΄ χισεδεκ.' αθείησις μεν [αρ [ινείαι προα[ουσης ενίολης, δια το αυίης ασθενες και α-19 νωφελες, ουδεν [αρ εἶελειωσεν ο νομος, επεισα[ω[η δε κρεί]τονος ελπιδος, δι ής ε[[ιζομεν τω Θεω.

20 Και καθ' όσον ου χωρις όρκωμοσιας, οι μεν γαρ χωρις ορκωμοσιας εισιν ιερεις γεγο-2 Ι νοίες : ο δε, μεία ορκωμοσιας, δια του λεγονίος προς αυίον, ώμοσε Κυριος, και ου με-" ταμεληθησείαι, συ ίερευς ELS TOV ALWVA KATA THY 22" ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ." κατα τοσουίον κρειτίουος διαθηκης Γεγούεν εγγυος Ιπσούς. 23 KOL OL HEY, TASIOVER ELOI TETOνολες ιερεις, δια το θαναλω 24κωλυεσθαι παραμενείν, ο δε, δια το μενειν αυλον εις τον αιωνα, απαραβαίον εχει την 25 ίερωσυνην, όθεν και σωζειν

tribe, none of whom ever gave attendance at the altar. fince 14 it is evident that our Lord sprangout of the tribe of Juda, to which Moses never ascribed the priesthood.

This appears still more 15 clear from another priest's arising like Melchisedec, who 16 was not establish'd by virtue of a temporary law, but with the power of being a perpetual priest. for it is said, " thou 17 " art a priest for ever after " the order of Melchisedec." wherefore the preceeding law 18 is abolished for its being weak and useless. for the law made 19 no man perfect, but this was effected by introducing a better hope, which brings us nearer to the divine presence.

Besides those priests were 20 establish'd without any oath: but this with an oath, by him 21 that said to bim, " the Lord " bas swore, and will not re-" pent, thou art a priest for " ever after the order of Mel-" chisedec." so that Jesus 22 was made guarantee of an alliance so much the more excellent, as it was not without the 20 solemnity of an oath. besides, 23 the priestbood then devolv'd to many, death depriving them of a lasting possession. but he, 24 by virtue of his immortal state, bath a priesthood that does not pass by succession. so25

ELL TO TAVIENEL BUVATAL TOUS προσερχομενους δί αυλου τω Θεω, πανλολε ζων εις το εν-26 TUCKAVELY WIFEP AND LOV. TOIουίος γαρ ήμιν επρεπεν αρχιερευς, όσιος, ακακος, αμιαν-Τος, Κεχωρισμένος απο των άμαρλων, και ύψηλολερος 27 των ουρανων Γενομενος: ός ουκ εχει καθ' ήμεραν ανα;κην, ώσπερ ὁι αρχιερεις, προτερον υπερ των ιδιων αμαρτιων θυσιας αναφερείν, επείτα των του λαου: τουίο γαρ εποιησεν εφαπαξ, έαυλον α-28 νενετκας. ὁ νομος γαρ ανθρωπους καθισ]πσιν αρχιερεις. εχονίας ασθενειαν, ο λογος δε της ορκωμοσιας της μεία τον νομον, ύιον εις Τον αιωνα Τε-TEXELWHEYOV.

Το Κεφαλαιον δε επι τοις λε
[ομενοις, τοιουθον εχομεν αρ
χιερεα, ος εκαθισεν εν δεξια

του θρονου της μεγαλωσυνης

εν τοις ουρανοις. των άγιων

λειθουργος, και της σκηνης

της αληθινης, ήν επητεν ό

Κυριος, και ουκ ανθρωπος.

πας γαρ αρχιερευς εις το

προσφερειν δωρα τε και θυ
σιας καθισθαθαί, όθεν αναγ
καιον εχειν τι και τουθον ό

προσενεγκή, ει μεν γαρ ην

επι γης, ουδ αν ην ιερευς,

ονθων των προσφερονθων κα-

that be has an uninterrupted power to fave those, that come to God by him, because he ever lives to make intercession for them. and indeed we wanted 26 an bigh priest of such a character, one that is holy, innocent, undefiled, one that is feparated from finful men, and exalted above the beavens: one who was under no necessi- 27 ty, as those bigh priests of the law were, to offer up daily sacrifices, first for his own fins, and then for those of the people: baving done this once for all, by offering up bimself. for the law appointed frail 28 mortals to be high priests, but the oracle pronounc'd with an oath, which was since the law, established the son, who is crown'd with immortal perfections.

What we have said amounts to this; we have an high priest, who sits in heaven on the right hand of the throne of the divine majesty. a priest of the 2 sankluary, and of the true tabernacle which the Lord made, and not man. every 3 high priest being established to offer gifts and sacrifices: it was necessary that he likewise should make a peculiar offering, which office he could not 4 discharge here upon earth, where priests are already established, who offer gifts accorbished, who offer gifts accorbished,

5 Τα Τον νομον τα δωρα: διτινες ύποδει μαλι και σκεια
λαλρευουσι των επουρανιων,
καθως κεχρημαλισλαι Μωσης,
μελλων επιλελειν την σκηνην,
όρα [αρ, φησι, ποιησής
πανλα καλα τον τυπον
τον δειχθενλα σοι εν τω
ορει."

6 Nun de diapopulepas TEτευχε λειδουργιας, όσω και KPEITTOVOS EGTI BIABNKMS MEGI-THIS MILL ETT KPEITTOOIN Eη παιτελιαις νενομοθεληλαι. rap n apwin ekein nu aμεμπίος, ουκ αν δευίερας ε-College Toxos. **hehdoheno**c קמף מטוסוג אברבו, " וספט חμεραι ερχονίαι, πετει Κυριος, και συνλεπεσω επι τον οικον Ισραπλ και επι " τον οικον Ιουδα διαθηκην ι καινην: ου καλα την δια-" θηκην ήν εποιησα τοις πα-" τρασιν αυίων, εν ήμερα ε-" πελαβομενου μου της χειρος αυίων, εξαγαγειν αυίους εκ γης Αιγυπίου, ότι αυ-TOI OUK EVELLELVAN EN TH " διαθηκή μου, κάζω εμε-" παα αυίων, περει Κυριος. " ότι αυλη ή διαθηκη ήν δια-" θησομαι τω οικώ Ισραηλ " μεία τας ήμερας εκεινας, λεγει Κυριος, διδους νομους " μου εις την διανοιαν αυ-" των, και επι καρδιας αυ-" των επιγραψω αυλους, και εσομαι αυλοις εις

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ding to the law: and officiate 5 in the sanctuary, which was a gross representation of that in heaven, agreeable to the order given by God to Moses, when he projected the tabernacle, "be very exact, said he, in sollowing the model which was laid before thee in the mount."

Our bigh priest then bas ob- 6 tained a priest bood so much the more excellent, as he is the mediator of a better alliance. established upon better promises. for if the first alliance bad 7 been without defect, there could bave been no occasion for the second. nor for that re- 8 proach, which was made to our fathers, where 'tis faid, " behold, the days come, faith " the Lord, when I will make " a new alliance with the " bouse of Israel, and with " the house of Juda: not ac- 9 " cording to the alliance that " I made with their sathers, " when I took them by the " band, to lead them out of " the land of Egypt; for they " bave not kept my alliance, " wherefore I have rejected " them, saith the Lord. but 10 " this is the alliance that I " will make with the house " of Ifrael after those days, " saith the Lord: I will " put my laws into their " mind, and write them in " their

και αυίοι εσούλαι μοι εις λαον. και ου μη διδαξωσιν έκασίος τον πολίλην άνλου, και έκασλος τον αδελφον αυλου, λειων, τνωθι τον Κυριον, ότι πανίες ειδησουσι με, απο μικρου έως μεγαλου αυίων, μικρου εως μεγαλου αυίων, 12 " ότι ιλεως εσομαι ταις αδικιακ αυίων (και των άμαριων αυίων) και των ανομιων αυίων ου μπ μνησ-13" ששלנ" בע דש אבן בנע גמוνην, πεπαλαιωκε την πρωτην. Το δε παλαιουμένον και [πρασκον, ε[[υκ αφανισμου.

Ειχε μεν ουν και ή πρωτη δικαιωμαία λαίρειας, το 2 ΤΕ ΆΓΙΟΥ ΚΟΤΙΜΙΚΟΥ. σκηνη Γαρ καλεσκευασθη ή πρωλη, εν ή n Τε λυχνια και ή τραπεζα, και ή προθεσις των αρίων 3 πτις λεγείαι άγια. μεία δε το δευλερου καλαπελασμα σκηνη 4 ή λεγομενη άγια άγιων: Χρυσουν εχουσα θυμια πριον, και την κιβωίου της διαθηκης περικεκαλυμμενην πανλοθεν χρυ- $\sigma_{i\omega}$, ev η $\sigma_{i\omega}$ **πουσα το μαννα, και ή ραβ**δος Ααρων ή βλασΙησασα, και αι πλακες της διαθηκης. 5 ύπερανω δε αυλης Χερουβιμ δοξης, καλασκιαζονία το i**λασ**θηριον, περι ών ουκ εσθι. שטש אברבוע Kala μερος.

" their hearts: I will be their " God, and they shall be " my people. they shall no 11 " longer instruct every man bis neighbour, and every " man bis brother, saying, " know the Lord: for all " shall know me, from the " least to the greatest. for 12 " I will pardon their ini-" quity, and their fins and " their trangressions will I " remember no more." now 13 by stiling the second a new alliance, be bas antiquated the first. but to be antiquated and obsolete is next to being abolished.

The first alliance then had 1 rites of divine service, and a worldly santtuary, for the disposition of the tabernacle was fuch, that in the first part named the santtuary, were placed the candlestick, the table, and the shew-bread; and beyond the veil, was the second part of the tabernacle which is called the boly of bolys; there was the 4 golden censer, and the ark of the covenant gilded 'all over with gold, wherein was the golden urn containing the manna, and Aaron's rod that budded, and the tables of the alliance over the arkwere the che- 5 rubims of glory covering the propitiatory with their wings, of which we cannot now enter into a particular detail.

Τούλων δε ουλω καλεσκευασμενων, εις μεν την πρωλην
σκηνην διαπανλος εισιασιν οι
ιερεις τας λαλρειας επιλελουν7 τες. εις δε την δευλεραν άπαξ
του ενιαυλου μονος ο αρχιερευς, ου χωρις άιμαλος, ο
προσφερει ύπερ εαυλου και
των του λαου αγνοημαλων.
8 τουλο δηλουνλος του πνευμαλος του άγιου, μηπω πεφαιερωσθαι την των άγιων
όδον, ελι της πρωλης σκηνης
εχουσης σλασιν.

Ητις παραβολη εις τον 9 καιρον τον ενεσηποία, καθ' ην δωρά τε και θυσιαι προσφερούλαι, μη ουναμέναι κατα συνειδησιν τελειωσαι τον 10 λα Γευονία, μονον επι βοωμασι, και πομασι και διαφοροις βαπλισμοις, δικαιωμαλα σαρκος, μεχρι καιρου τι διορθωσεως επικειμένα. Χριστος δε παραγενομένος αρχιέρευς των μελλονίων αγαθων, οια της μειζονος και τελειο-Τερας σκηνης, ου χειροποιητου, τουλεσλίν, ου ταυλης 12 Της κλισεως, ουδε δι άιματος τραγων και μοσχων, δια δε του ιδιου άιμαλος εισπλθεν εφαπαξεις τα άγια, αιωνίαν λυζοωσιν έυραμενος.

13 Ει Γαρ το άιμα τραγων και ταυγων, και σποδος δαμαλεως These things being thus disposed, the priests went at all times into the first part of the tabernacle, to officiate the divine service. but into the 7 other part, the high priest only enter'd, and that but once every year, when he carried the blood, which he offered for himself, and for the errors of the people, the boly 8 spirit showing thereby, that the way to the holy of holys, was not yet open, while the first tabernacle was standing.

This type subsists to the q present time, both gifts and sacrifices being still offered, which cannot purify the mind of bim that officiates only in matters relating to 10 meats and drinks, and divers baptisms, meer external rites which were to subsist only till the time of reformation, but 11 Christ, the bigh priest of a better dispensation that was to come, baving appeared, is enter'd into the boly of bolys by a nobler and more perfelt tabernacle, not the effelt of buman art, but of a bigber nature; nor with the blood of 12 goats and calves, but with his own blood he enter'd once for all into the boly of holys, after baving obtained for us an eternal redemption.

For if the blood of 13 goats and of bulls, and the

μαλεως ρανλίζουσα τους κεκοινωμενους, άγιαζει προς την τα της σαρκος καθαροίηλα, ποσω μαλλον το άιμα του Xpiolov, of dia avenualos aτιου έαυλον προσηνετκέν αμωμον τωΘεω,καθαριεί την συνείδησιν ήμων απο νεκοων ερρων. EIC TO RAIDEUEIN GEW [WILL? 15 και δια Τουίο διαθηκης καινης μεσίζης εσζιν, όπως θαναίου Γενομενου, εις απολυτρωσιν των επι τη πρωλη διαθηκη παραβασεων, την επαγγελιαν λαβωσιν δι κε-Κλημενοι Της αιωνίου κληρονομιας.

16 Οπου Γαρ διαθηκη, θανατον αναγκη φερεσθαι του δια-17 BELLEVOU- SLABNKH FAP ETTL VEκροις βεβαια, επει μη πολε ισχυει ότε ζη ο διαθεμενος. 18 οθεν ουδ' ή πρωίη χωρις αι-10 μαΐος εγκεκαινισίαι. λαληbeiong pap maong evloring kaτα νομον ύπο Μωυσεως παντι τω λαω, λαβων το άιμα των μοσχων και τρατων μετα ύδαλος και εριου κοκκινου και υσσωπου, αυλο τε το βιβλιον και πανία τον λαον 10 ερρανλίσε, λεγων, " τουλο το " άιμα της διαθηκης, ής ενε-τειλαίο προς ύμας ο Θεος." 21 Kai Thu OKNUNU DE Kai Taula

ashes of an beifer sprinkled on the unclean, can cleanse them from external impurities; how much more shall the 14 blood of Christ, who through the boly spirit offered bimself a spotless victim to God, purify our souls from deadly fins, to serve the living God? and for this cause he is the 15 mediator of the new testament, that, the transgressions that were unexpiated by the first testament, being expiated by his death, they who are called might receive the eternal inberitance, which was promised.

For where a testament is, 16 there the death of the testator is necessarily pre-suppos d. because a testament 17 bas no effect till after the demise: it not being in force while the testator is alive. whence even the first testa-18 ment was not established without the effusion of blood. for when every precept of 19 the law had been represented by Moses to all the people, he took the blood of calves and of goats, with water, wool of a scarlet dye, and bystop, and sprinkled both the book of the law and all the people, saying, " this is the 20 " blood of the testament which "God has made in your be-" balf." be sprinkled like-21

τα σκευπ της λειδουργιας τω 22 άιμαδι όμοιως ερβανδισε. και σχεδον εν άιμαδι πανδα καθαριζεδαι καδα τον νομον, και χωρις άιμαδεκχυσιας ου γινεδαι αφεσις.

23 Αναγκή ουν τα μεν ύποδειτμαία των εν τοις ουρανοίς, τουλοίς καθαρίζεσθαί, αυία δε τα επουράνια κρεί!τοσι θυσιαις παρα ταυλας. 24 OU TOP EIG XEIPOTOINIA ATIO εισηλθεν ὁ Χρισλος, ανλίλυπα των αληθινών, αλλ' εις αυ-Τον Τον ουρανού, νυν εμφανισθηναι τω προσωπώ του 25 Θεου ύπερ ήμων, ουδ' ίνα πολλακις προσφερη έαυλον, ώσπερ ο αρχιερευς εισερχείαι εις τα άγια κατ ενιαυλον εν 26 άιμαλι απλολοιω. Επει εδει αυίου πολλακις παθείν απο καλαβολης κοσμού, νυν δε άπαξ επι συνίελεια των αιωνων, εις αθελησιν άμαςλιας, δια της θυσιας άυλου πεφανε-27 ρωλαι. και καθ' όσον αποκειλαι τοις ανθρωποις απαξ αποθανειν, μελα δε τουλο 28 κρισις: ούθως και ο Χρισθος άπαξ προσενεχθεις εις το πολλων ανενεγκειν άμαρλιας, εκ δευλερου χωρις άμαρλιας οφθησείαι τοις αυίον απεκδεχομενοις εις σωληριαν.

wife the tabernacle with blood, and all the vessels used in divine service. and indeed ac-22 cording to the law almost every thing is purified with blood, without the effusion of which, there is no remission of sins.

It was therefore necessary 22 that what was only a type of the heavenly fanttuary, should be purified by such sacrifices; but the heavenly sanctuary itself, by a more excellent sacrifice. for Christ is not entred 2 A into a sanctuary made by buman art, such as is only representative of the true one, but into beaven itself, to appear from henceforth in the presence of God on our behalf: nor to 25 make a frequent offering of bimself, as the bigb priest every year enters into the boly of bolies with other blood than bis own. for then must be 26 bave suffered several times since the beginning of the world, when in the confummation of the ages, he has appeared once for all to expiate fin by offering bimself as a sacrifice. as then 27 it is appointed that men should die but once, after which the judgment ensues, so Christ be- 28 ing once offered up to take away the sins of many, he Shall appear the second time, without making any further expiation to save those who expett bim. Nπ

Των μελλονίων αγαθων, ουκ αυίπν την εικονα των πραγμαίων, κατ' ενιαυίον ταις αυίαις θυσιαις, άς προσφερουσιν εις το διηνεκες, ουδεποίε δυναίαι τους προσερχουεναυς τελειωσαι. επει αν επαυσανίο προσφερομεναι: δια το μηδεμιαν εχειν είι συνειδησιν άμαρίων τους λατρευονίας, άπαξ κεκαθαρμεσις άμαρίων κατ' ενιαυίον.

Αδυναίον γαρ άιμα ταυρων και Τραζων αφαιρειν άμαρλιας. διο εισερχομένος εις Τον κοσμού, λεγεί, " θυσιαν και προσφοράν ουκ ηθελησας, σωμα δε καληθισω μοι. ολοκαυίωμαλα και περι άμαρλιας ουκ ευδοκησας. τολε ειπου, ιδου ή-KW, EV KEPANIDI BIBNIOU TE-דרמאו או און באסט, דסט אס:~ πσαι, δ Θεος, το θελπμα σου. α ανωίεςον λεγων, ότι θυσιας και προσφορας και όλοκαυ ωμαία και περι ανασιας ουκ ηθελησας, ουδε ευδοκησας," άι-Τινές καλα τον νομον προσ-9 Φερονίαι, Τοίε ειρηκέν, " ι-

For the law being only an 1 allusion to a suture dispensation that was more excellent, and not an exact imitation of fuch a state, cannot by the anniversary sacrifices, which are offered, entirely purify those that present themselves. for 2 then they would not have been repeated, because they who sacrificed being once purified, would not have been conscious of wanting any further atonement for their fins : whereas 2 their annual sacrifices were accompanied with an anniverfary commemoration of their fins.

And indeed it is not possible 4 that the blood of bulls and of goats, should take away the guilt of sin. wherefore at his 5 appearing in publick, * be faith, " facrifice and offering " thou wouldst not, but a bo-" dy bast thou prepared me: " in burnt-offerings and sa- 6 " crifices for fin thou bast " bad no pleasure: then said 7 " I, lo I come, as in the vo-" lume of the book it is written " of me, to do thy will, O "God." after baving said, " vietims, chlations, bolo-" causts, and sacrifice for sin, " thou wouldst not, neither " badft pleasure therein," the' they are all prescrib'd by the law; be immediately o adds,

" cov

* 2 Sam.ii. 5. Pfal. xl. 6.

" δου ήκω του ποιησαι (ο΄ Θεος) το θελημα σου: αναιρει το πρωίον, ίνα το 10 δευίερον σίεση. εν ώ θελημαλι ήγιασμενοι εσμεν οι δια της προσφοράς του σωμάτος του Ιησου Χρισίου εφάπαξ.

Και πας μεν ίερευς έσληκε καθ' ήμεραν λειδουργων, και τας αυίας πολλακις προσφερων θυσιας, αιτινες ουδεποίε δυνανίαι περιελειν άμαρ-12 Τιας. ουλος δε μιαν ύπερ άμαρλιών προσενετκάς θυσιάν, EIG TO SINVEKEG EKABIGEV EN 12 δεξια του Θεου: το λοιπον εκδεχομενος έως Τεθωσιν όι εχθροι αυίου ύποποδιου των ι 4 ποδων αυίου. μια Γαρ προσφορα Τελειωκέν εις το δίηνε-15 κες Τους άγιαζομενους. μαρτυρει δε ήμιν και το πνευμα το άγιον, μεία γαρ το ειρη-" สบาท ที่ อีเสบาหท ทั้ง 16 KEVAL διαθησομαι προς αυλους " μεία τας ήμερας εκεινας, λεγει Κυριος, διδους νομους " μου επι καρδιας αυίων, και " επι Την διανοιαν αυίων ε-" πιγραψω αυλους: και των αμαρίων και των ανομιων " αປເພນ ວນ ແກ ແນກວຽພ ຄີເ." 18 όπου δε αφεσις τουίων, ουκ ειι προσφορα περι άμαρλιας.

19 Εχονίες συν, αδελφοι, παρρησιαν εις Την εισοδον Των άτιων εν Τω άιμαλι Ιησου, 20 ην ενεκαινισεν ήμιν όδον προσφαλου και ζωσαν, δια Του

KØ-

adds, "lo, I come to do thy "WILL, O God." he abolishes the first to establish the second: in consequence of which WILL 10 we are sanstified by the oblation which Jesus Christ has made once for all of his own body.

While the bigh priest in his 11 daily administrations frequently repeated the same sacrifices which could by no means expiate fin; Christ, after be bad 12 offered one sacrifice for sin, fat down on the right hand of God for ever: expecting the 13 only event still remaining, the entire subjection of his enemies. for by one fingle oblation be 14 bas purified for ever those that are sanctified. and this 15 is what the holy spirit declares, when after baving said, " this is the alliance 16 " that I will make with them " after those days, faith the " Lord; I will put my " laws into their hearts, " and in their mind will I " write them: he adds, 17 " and their sins and iniquities " will I remember no more." now where they are remitted, 18 there is no need of any further oblation for fin.

Wherefore, my brethren, 19 fince by virtue of the blood of Jefus we have the liberty of entring into the holy of holies, by a new and living way which 20

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καίαπετασμαίος, τουίεσι της 2 ι σαρκος άυίου, και έερεα μεγαν επι τον οικον του Θεου, 22 προσερχωμεθα μεία αληθινης καρδίας εν πληροφορια πιστεως, ερρανίσμενοι τας καρδίας απο συνειδησεως πονηρας. και λελουμενοι το σωμα ύδαιι καθαρφ.

23 Καλεχωμεν την ομολογιαν της ελπιδος ακλινή, πισίος γαρ ο επαγγειλαμε-24 VOC. Kai Kalavowyev andnλους εις παροξυσμον ατα-25 πης και καλων εργων, μη εγκαλαλειπούλες την επισυνα-Γως πν έπυλων, καθως εθος τισιν, αλλα παρακαλουνίες, και τοσουίω μαλλον όσω BRETTELE ETTICOUTAN TON THEράν. εκουσιως γαρ άμαρία-26 νονίων ήμων μεία το παβειν την επιγωσιν της αληθείας, ουκ είι περι άμαριων απολειπείαι θυσια. Φοβερα δε τις 27 εκδοχη κρισεώς, και πυρος ζηλος, εσθιείν μελλονίος τους บารยงสมใเดยเ.

28 Αθείπσας τις νομον Μωσεως, χωρις οικίιρμων επι δυσιν η τρισι μαρίυσιν αποθ29 νησκει. ποσω, δοκείε, χειρονος αξιωθησείαι τιμωριας ό
τον ύιον του Θεου καίαπατησας, και το άιμα της διαθηκης κοινον ήγησαμενος, εν
ω ήγιασθη, και το πνευμα της χαρίος ενυβρισας?

be bas first open'd for us, thro' the veil, that is, thro' his sless, and having an high 21 priest, who is established over the house of God, let us draw 22 near with sincerity, in full assurance of saith, having our consciences purished from guilt, and our hodies washed with pure water.

Let us stedfastly maintain the 23 bope which we have avow'd, since be is faithful that has promised: and let us animate 24 one another to the mutual returns of love, and kind offices: not abandoning our affemblies, 25 as some do; but encourage one another: even so much the more, as you see the day approaching. for if we wil- 26 fully apostatize, after baving received the knowledge of the truth, it is as a fin for which there is no facrifice appointed. and nothing is to be expetted 27 but that dreadful judgment, and fiery indignation, which shall devour all such adverfaries.

He that by two or three 28 witnesses was convicted of violating Moses's law, was put to death without mercy. don't 29 youthink then that he deserves a much greater punishment, who hath despised the son of God, and counted the blood of the covenant wherewith he was sanctified, to have been

30 οιδαμεν γαρ τον ειπονία, " ε" μοι εκδικησις, εγω ανία" ποδωσω." και παλιν,
" Κυριος κρινει τον λαον άυ31 " του." φοβερον το εμπεσειν εις χειρας Θεου ζωντος.

32 Αναμμνησκεσθε δε τας moolecov nuevas, ev ais ouτισθενίες, πολλην αθλησιν α ι ύπεμεινα ε παθημαίων, τουτο μεν, ονειδίσμοις τε και θλιψεσι θ: αδριζομενοι, τουδο δε, κοινωνοι των ουδως ανα-34 στρεφομενων γενηθενίες. και ταρ τοις δεσμιοις συνεπαθησαίς, και την άρπαγην των ύπαρχονίων ύμων μεία χαρας προσεδεξασθε, γινωσκονίες ε-XELY EQUIOUS KPEITIONA UTAP-35ξιν και μενουσαν. μη αποβαλη ε ουν την παρρησιαν ύμων, ήτις εχει μισθαποδο-36 σιαν μεταλην. ύπομονης ταρ EXELE XPEIAN, INA TO BEAMLA του Θεου ποιησανίες, κομι-37 σησθε την επαγγελιαν. Είι γαρ μικρου όσου, ο ερχομε-38 vos nee, kai ou xpoviei. o δι δικαιος εκ πισ εως μου ζησε]αι, και εαν ύποσΙει**λείαι,** ουκ ευδοκει ή ψυχη μου εν 39 αυλιο. ήμεις δε ουκ εσμεν VIOGONAL ELS ATTWASIAN, AN-

justly shed, thereby offering an indignity to the spirit of grace? for we know who it is that has 30 said, "vengeance belongeth "unto me, I will repay." and again, "the Lord shall "revenge his people." it is a 31 terrible thing to fall into the hands of the living God.

Call to remembrance the 32 former times, in which after ye were illuminated, you were forc'd to struggle with sufferings, some of you being ex-33 pos'd to publick obloquy and persecution: whilst others had their share of affliction in seeing such treatment. for you 34 were passionately affected for those who were in bonds, and were pleas'd at the seizing of your goods, knowing that you bave what is more excellent and lasting. don't therefore 35 quit that resolution you have, which will be attended with fo great a reward. for it is ne-36 cessary you should persevere, that after having perform'd what God has commanded. you may receive what he has promised. only wait but a lit-37 tle while, and he that is to come, will come without delay. the just shall have life by 38 trusting in me, but if be revolt, be will be the object of my difpleasure. as for us, we are not 39 such as desert to their own de-Struction ;

κα πισίεως εις περιποιποιν ψυχης.

- Εσίι δε πισίις, ελπιζομενων υποσίασις, πραγμαίων
 ελεγχος ου βλεπομενων. εν ταυίη γαρ εμαρίυρηθησαν όι ποεσβυίεροι.
- 3 Πισίει νοουμεν κα πρίσθαι τους αιωνας ρπμαίι Θεου, εις το μπ εκ φαινομενών τα βλεπομενα Γεγονεναι.
- 4 Πισίει πλειονα θυσιαν Αβελ παρα Καϊν προσηνεςκε τω Θεω, δι' τκ εμαρίυρηθη ειναι δικαιος, μαρίυρουνίος επι τοις δωροις αυίου του Θεου, και δι' αυίης αποθανων είι λαλει.
- 5 Πισ]ει Ένωχ με]ε]εθη του μη ιδειν θανα]ον, και ουχ ευρισκε]ο, διο]ι με]εθηκεν αυ]ον ο Θεος, προ [αρ της με]αθεσεως αυ]ου μεμαρ]υρη]αι ευ6 ηρεσ]ηκεναι τω Θεω. χωρις δε πισ]εως αδυνα]ον ευαρεστησαι, πισ]ευσαι [αρ δει τον προσερχομενον τω Θεω, ότι

struction; but such as persevere in the faith, to the saving of our souls.

Now faith is the foundation of our hopes of happiness, and the persuasion we have about things not evident to our senses. and it was for their faith that our fore-fathers acquired so great a reputation.

Tis by faith we learn that 3 the worlds were framed by the word of God, so that the visible world was not made out of any thing that did ap-

pear.

'Twas by faith that Abel 4 offered unto God a more excellent facrifice than Cain, by which be was declared righteous, God himself having testified that he accepted his offering, and after he died for his faith, he was not "stlent.

By faith Enoch was tran-5
flated that he might avoid dying; and he could not he
found, hecause God had tranflated him: for 'tis recorded,
that hefore his translation he
was approved by God. now 6
without faith it is impossible
to be acceptable to him: for
he that presents himself to
God, cannot but helieve he
exists, and that he is a rewarder

* Ecclesiasticus xlviii. 13, 14. no word could overcome him, and after his death his body prophesied. he did wonders in his life, and at his death were his works marvellous. see 2 Kings xiii. 21.

εσlι,

εσίι, και τοις εκζηλουσιν αυτον μισθαποδολης γινελαι.

Πισίει χρημαλίσθεις Νωε περι των μπόεπω βλεπομενων, ευλαβηθεις καλεσκευασε κιβωλον εις σωληριαν του οικου αυλου, δι' ής καλεκρινε τον κοσμον, και της κατα πισίιν δικαιοσυνης εγενελο κληρουομος.

8 Πισίει ο καλουμενος Αβρααμ ύπηκουσεν εξελθειν εις
τον τοπον ον εμελλε λαμβανειν εις κληρονομιαν και
εξηλθε, μη επισταμενος που
9 ερχείαι- πισίει παρώκησεν
εις την Γην της επαγγελιας,
ώς αλλοτριαν, εν σκηναις
καιοικησας μεία Ισαακ και
Ιακώβ των συγκληρονομών
10 της επαγγελιας της αυίης,
εξεδεχείο γαρ την τους θεμελιους εχουσαν πολιν, ής τεχνίης και δημιουργος ο Θεος.

Τι Πισθει και αυθη Σαρρα δυναμιν εις καθαβολην σπερμαθος ελαβε, και παρα καιρον ήλικιας εθεκεν, επει πιστον ήγησαθο τον επαγγειλατον ήγησαθο τον επαγγειλατο ενον. διο και αφ΄ ένος εγουπθησαν, και ταυθα νενεκρωμένου, καθως τα ασθρα του ουρανου τω πληθει, και ώ ή αμμος (ή παρα το χει-

warder of those who make their addresses to bim.

'Twas by faith that Noah 7
being divinely warned of unforeseen events, with a religious concern built an ark to
the preservation of his family; whereby the world became inexcusable, and he obtained the reward of that
righteousness which is by faith.

Twas by faith that he who 8 was named Abrabam, showed bis obedience in travelling to a foreign country, which be was afterwards to inberit: and began his journey without knowing where he was going. 'twas by faith that he q sojourned in a land that was promised, as in a strange country, dwelling in tents with Isaac and Jacob, who were equally entitled to the same promise. for be bad in 10 view the city, whose foundations are sure, the architect and founder being God.

Twas likewise through 11 faith that Sara, though barren, received the power of becoming pregnant, and was delivered of a child when she was past age, because she judged him faithful who had promised so that even a single 12 person whose vigour was gone, gave rise to a softerity as numerous as the stars of the sky,

λος) της θαλασσης ή αναριθμηλος.

Καλα πισλιν απεθανον ουτοι πανίες, μη λαβονίες τας επαιτελιας, αλλα πορρωθεν αυίας ιδονίες, και ασπασαμενοι, και δμολοτησανίες ότι Εενοι και παρεπιδημοι εισιν 14 ETI THE THE OI FAP TOLAULA **λεγονίες, εμφανίζουσιν ότι** 15 παλριδα επιζηλουσι. μεν εκεινης εμνημονευον ασ' ής εξηλθον, ειχον αν καιρον 16 avakauwai. wwi de kosit-TOVOK OPEROVIAL, TOUTEDILY, Eπουρανίου, διο ουκ επαισχυvelai aulous à Geos. Geos eπικαλεισθαι αυίων, ήτοιμασε γαρ αυλοις πολιν.

17 Πισίει προσενπνοχέν Αβρααμ τον Ισαακ πειραζομενος, και τον μονογενη προσεφερεν ο τας επαγγελιας ανα18 δεξαμενος, προς ον ελαληθη,
εν Ισαακ κληθησείαι σοι
19 "σπερμα:" λογισαμενος ότι
και εκ νεκρων εγειρειν δυναίος
ο Θεος, όθεν αυίον και εν παραβολη εκομισαίο.

20 Πισθει περι μελλονθων ευλογησεν Ισαακ τον Ιακωβ 21 και τον Ησαυ. πισθει Ιακωβαποθνησκων έκασθον των

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or the fands on the fea-shore, which cannot be numbred.

Thefe all died in faith, 12 without receiving what was promised, baving only a distant view of what they eagerly expetted, professing to live as strangers and pilgrims in the land. for they that 14 make such a declaration. show plainly that they feek some other country, and tru-15 ly, if that had been in their view, they might have had an opportunity of returning to the place from whence they came, they defired there- 16 fore a better, that is, an beavenly country: so that God is very justly stiled their God: for he had appointed a city for them.

'Iwas by faith that Abra-17 ham, when put to the trial, offered up Isaac: HE offered up his darling son, to whose posterity the promises were to be made good: of whom it 18 was said, "only the descen-"dants of Isaac shall be counted your posterity:" concluding that God was able 19 to raise him up, even from the grave; from whence, in a figurative sense, he may be said to have been recover'd.

By faith Isaac predicted 20 the future fortunes of Jacob and Esau. by faith Jacob 21 when he was a dying, blessed

ho!b

ύιων Ιωσηφ ευλοςπσε, και προσεκυνησεν επι το ακρου 22 της ραβδου αυλου. πισλει Ιωσηφ Τελευίων πεοι Της εξοδου των ύιων Ισραπλ. εμνημονευσε, και πεοι Των οστεων αύθου ενεξειλαθο.

22 Πισίει Μωσης εγεννηθεις εκρύβη τοιμηνον ύπο των πατερων άθου, διοίι ειδον αστειον το παιδιον, και ουκ εφοβηθησαν το διαλαςμα του 24 βασιλεως *. πισίει Μωσης μετας τενομένος πονησαλο λετεσθαί ύιος θυγαλρος Φαραω, 25 μαλλον ελομένος συγκακουχεισθαι τω λαώ του Θεου, η προσκαιζον εχειν άμαρλιας απολαυσιν: μειζονα πλουίον ητησαμένος των εν Αιγυπίω

both the sons of Joseph; and worshipped leaning upon the top of his staff. by faith 70-22 seph when he died, made mention of the departure of the childrenof Ifrael; and gave directions concerning bis burial.

'Twas by faith that the 22 parents of Mofes conceal'd bim for three months after bis birth, because they saw he was a beautiful chi.d; and they were not afraid of the king's edict. by faith Moses 24 when he was grown up, refused to be called the son of Pharaoh's daughter; chu-25 sing rather to suffer affliction with the people of God, than to enjoy the pleasures of sin for a season; esteeming 26 the sufferings of + Israel greaier

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* The MSS, of Clermont and St. Germain have the following clause inferred between the 23d and 24th verses, in the Greek and Latin of both.

Tides helas fevolteros Mausis, ALEIRED TON ALLURION, RALANOMY THE ταπεινώσιν των αδελθών αυζου-

Fide magnus factus Moyles. occidit Ægyptium, confiderans dolorem fratrum suorum.

"By faith Moses, when he was grown up, slew the Egyptian, having observed the distress of his brethren." Zeger mentions two antient MSS, that have the same reading. Erasmus says the Donatian \$188. has it too, but in manu recentiore. upon which Dr. Mills tays, " I " can hardly forbear being of Zeger's mind, in thinking they are the " genuine words of the apostle, though they very early slipt out of " the copys by the negligence of the Scribe, occasion'd by the initial " words being repeated in the verfe immediately following; or elfe " perhaps the paf-sage was made to vanish by the meer Legerdemain of " fome, who could not tell how to reconcile the killing of an Egyp-"tian with their notion of faith; though Stephen sufficiently clears up the matter, Acts vii. 24, &c." see Prol. 496, 497.

The people of Ifrael are call'd Kpierios. Heb. iii. 13. and Kindlet.

Pfal. cv. 15. Vol. II. θησαυρών τον ονειδίσμον του Χρισίου, απεβλεπε Γαρ εις 27 την μισθαποδοσιαν. πιστει καίελιπεν Αιγυπίον, μη φοβηθεις τον θυμον του βασοιλεως, τον Γαρ αοραίον ώς 28 ορών εκαρίερησε. πισίει πεποιπκε το πασχα και την προσχυσιν του αιμαίος, ίνα μη ο ολοθρευών τα πρώτολοκα, θιγη αυίων.

29 Πισθει διεβησαν την ερυθραν θαλασσαν ώς δια ξηρας,
ής πειραν λαβονθες δι Αιτυπ30 τιοι καθεποθησαν πισθει τα
τειχη Ιεριχω επεσε, κυκλω31 θενθα επι έπθα ήμερας πισθει
Ρααβ ή πορνη ου συναπωλεθο τοις απειθησασι, δεξαμενη τους καθασκοπους μετ'
ειρηνης.

32 Και τι είι λεςω? επιλειψει γαρ με διηγουμενον ο χρονος περι Γεδεων, Βαρακ τε και Σαμψων, και Ιεφθαε, Δαβιδ τε και Σαμρυπλ, και των 33 προφήθων: οι δια πισίεως κατηγωνισανίο βασιλειας, ειργασανίο δικαιοσυνην, επείυχον επαγγελιων, εφραξαν σίο-34μαία λεονίων, εσβεσαν δυναμιν πυρος, εφυγον σίομαία μαχαιρας, ενεδυναμωθησαν απο ασθενειας, εγενηθησαν ισχυροι εν πολεμω επαρεμter riches than the treasures of Egypt: for he had an eye to the reward. by faith 27 he left Egypt without being apprehensive of the king's resentment: for he remain'd firm, as if he saw him who is invisible, through faith he 28 celebrated the passover, and sprinkled blood, that the destroying angel might pass by the first-born.

By faith they passed thro 29 the red sea, as by dry land: which the Egyptians attempting to do, were drowned. by faith they made the tour 30 of Fericho for seven days, in consequence of which the walls fell down. by faith Rabab 31 having given the spies a safe reception, escaped being destroyed with unbelievers, tho she had led a disolute life.

And what shall I say 32 more? for the time would fail me to tell of Gedeon, of Barak, of Samson, of Jephthae, of David, of Samuel, and of the prophets: who 33 through faith subdued kingdoms, practis'd justice, obtained what was promised, stopped the mouths of lions, were proof against the vio-34 lence of sire, escaped the edge of the sword, show'd their resolution in distress, and their valour in fight, putting to slight the armies of the aliens.

35 βολας εκλιναν αλλοίριων, ελαβου γυναικες εξ ανασίασεως τους νεκρους άυλων, αλ. DOL DE ETULITAVIOUNGAY, OU ποοσδεξαμενοι την απολυ-Τρωσιν, γα κρειτίονος ανασ-26 Τασεως Τυχωσιν, έτεροι δε εμπαιτμών και μασλιτών πειςαν ελαβον, ελι δε δεσμων 37 και φυλακής. ελιθασθήσαν, επρισθησαν, επειρασθησαν, εν φονώ μαχαιρας απεθανον, περιηλθον εν μηλωλαις, αιγειοις δερμασιν, υσθερουμενοι, Ολιβομενοι, κακουχουμε-38 νοι : ών ουκ πν αξιος ο κοσμος. εν ερημιαις πλανωμένοι και ορεσι και σπηλαιοις και Ταις οπαις της γης.

39 Και ουθοι πανθές μαρθυρηθενθές δια της πισθέως, ουκ εκομισανθο την επαγγελιαν: 40 του Θεου περι ήμων κρειττον τι προβλεψαμενου, ίνα μη χωρις ήμων τελείωθωσι.

1 Τοιγαρουν και ήμεις τοσουλον εχονλες περικειμένον ήμιν νεφος μαρλυρων, ογκον αποθεμένοι πανλα, και Την ευπερισλαλον άμαρλιαν, δι υπομονης τρεχωμέν τον προ-2 κειμένον ήμιν αγωνα, αφορωνλές εις τον της πισλέως αρχηγον και τελειωλην Ιπσουν, ός ανλι της προκειμένης αυτω χαρας, ύπεμεινε σλαυρον,

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women recovered their chil-35 dren, tho' dead, by their being raised to life again: some expired under torments, refusing to be delivered; that they might obtain a better deliverance at the resurrection. others suffer'd cruel in- 26 dignities and scourgings, besides chains and imprisonment. they were stoned, they were 27 fawn afunder, were tempted, were slain with the sword: they wandred about in sheepskins, and goat-skins, being destitute, afflitted, tormented: (of whom the world was 28 not worthy) they wandred in desarts, and in mountains, baving no retreat but the dens and caves of the earth.

The these were all cele-39 brated for their saith, they did not receive the reward that was promised: because 40 God out of his distinguishing kindness to us, would not let them arrive before us to the enjoyment of perfect felicity.

Wherefore, since we are surrounded with so great a cloud of witnesses, let us lay aside every incumbrance, and the sin which does so easily embarrassus, and let us pursue with constancy the course that is proposed to us: have ing fesus in our view, the author and finisher of our faith; who for the joy that was fet

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αισχυνης καλαφρονησας, εν δεξια τε του θρονου του Θεου 3 εκαθισεν. αναλογισασθε γαρ τον τοιαυλην ύπομεμενηκολα ύπο των άμαρλων εις αυτον ανλιλογιαν, ίνα μη καμηλε, ταις ψυχαις ύμων εκλυομενοι.

Ουπω μεχρις άμμαδος αντικα εσίπε προς την άμαςz τιαν ανλατωνίζομενοι. εκλελησθε της παρακλησεως, ήτις ύμιν ώς ύιοις διαλειείαι. υίε μου, μη ολιζωρει παι-" δειας Κυριου, μπδε εκχυου " υπ' αυλου εκεγχομένος. ον γαρ αγαπα Κυριος, παιδευει, μασλιγοι δε πανλα ύιου ου παραδεχείαι." παιδειαν ύπομενείε, ώς τίκοις ύμιν προσφερείαι ο Θεος, τις ταρ εσίιν ύιος ον ου παιδευει malmo? El de xweic egle maiδειας, ής μελοχοι Γεγονασι πανίες, ατα νοθοι εσίε και 9 ουχ ύιοι. είλα τους μεν της σαρκος ήμων παλερας ειχουεν παιδευίας, και ενείρεπομεθα, ου πολλω μαλλον ύπολα [nσομεθα τω παζει των πνευ-10 μαίων, και ζησομέν? εί μεν , γαρ προς ολιγας ήμερας, καλα το δοκουν άυλοις, επαιδευον: ο δε, επι το συμφερον, εις το μείαλαβειν της άγιοίπος αυbefore bim, endured the cross, despising the shame, and is set down on the right hand of the throne of God. for you 3 should consider how be endured such opposition from sinners against himself, lest ye be tired out, and quite despond.

You have not yet refuled 4 unto Heath, striving against fin. have you forgot the ex- 5 bortation which is address'd to you, as to children? * " my " fon, despise not thou the " chastning of the Lord, nor " faint when thou art re-. buked of him. for whom G " the Lord loveth, he chaf-" tifes, and scourgesh every " son whom he receives." if you are to endure chaftile- 7 ment, God treats you as bis children: for where's the son whom his father does not chastise? but if you were 8 exempted from that discipline which others are fubject to, then are you bastards, and not fons. when our natural 9 parents corrected us, we gave them reverence: is it not much more reasonable to be in subjection to the father of spirits, in order to have life? their discipline was tempo-10 rary, and the effect of bumour; whereas God chastises us for our advantage, to make

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11 του. πασα δε παιδεια προς μεν το παρον ου δοκει χαρας ειναι, αλλα λυπης, υσερον δε καρπον ειρηνικον τοις δι' αυθης Γεγυμνασμενοις αποδιδωσι δικαιοσυνης.

" Διο τας παρειμένας χεις ρας και τα παραλελυμένα 13 ζ γουαία ανορθωσαίε, και TPOXIAS OF BAS TOINGALE τοις ποσιν υμων, ίνα μη " το χωλον εκΙραπη, ιαθη 14" δε μαλλον." ειρηνην διωκε ε με α πανίων, και του άγιασμον, ου χωρις ουδεις οψε-15 ται τον Κυριον: επισκοπουντες μηλις ύσλερων απο της χαριίος του Θεου, μηλις ρίζα πικριάς άνω φυούσα εν χολη, και δια ταυίης μιανθωσι πολ-16 λοι. μη τις πορνος, η βε-βηλος, ως Ησαυ, " ος ανλι βρωσεως μιας απεδολο τα 17" προΙοΙοκια αυΙου." ισίε γαρ ότι και με επείλα θελων κληρουομησαι την ευλογιαν, απεδοκιμασθη, μελανοιας γαρ TOTTOV OUX EUDE, KALTED HEτα δακουων εκζηλησας αυ-Tay.

18 Ου γας προσελπλυθαίε ψηλαφωμενώ, και κεκαυμενώ πυρι, και γνοφώ, και σκοίώ, 19 και θυελλη, και σαλπιγγος πχώ, και φωνη ρημαίων, π us partakers of bis boliness.
'tis true, all correction at first 11.
is far from appearing agreeable, yet afterward it produces the agreeable fruits of
virtue in those who are exercised thereby.

Wherefore * " strengthen 12 " your weak bands and your " feeble knees. + clear the 12 " way for your feet, left that " which is lame should be " quite out of joint, instead " of being redress'd." seek 14 peace with all men, and fanctity of life, without which no man shall see the Lord: take 15. care not to deprive yourselves of the divine favour: and that no poisonous root spring up, and spread a general infestion among you. let there 16 be no licentious or profane person, such as Esau, "who " sold bis birth-right, for a " single mess." for you know 17 that afterward, when be would bave inherited the blessing, be was rejected: not being able to make Isaac to retract, though be importun'd bim with tears.

You do not approach to 18 any thing corporeal, to scorck-ing fire, to smoak, darkness, and tempest, nor to the sound 19 of trumpets, and the voice which pronounc'd such words, that

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^{*} Ifa. xxxv. 3. Prov. iv. 26.

⁺ Eccl. ii. 13. xv.15. Ifa. xxxv. 3.

ά ακουσανίει παρηί πσανίο μη 20 προσλεθηναι αυλοις λογον, ουκ εφερου γαρ το διασλελλομενου. Κάν θηριον θιτη του ορους. 21 " λιθοβοληθησέιαι." ουτω φοβερον πν το φανλαζομενον, Μωσπς ειπεν, " εκφοβος ειμι και ενθρομος." 22 αλλα προσελπλυθαίε Σιων ορει, και πολει Θεου ζωνίος, Ιερουσαλημ επουρανιώ, και 23 μυριασίν αγγέλων, πανηγυ-DEL KAL EKKANGLA TOWNOO-KWY EV OUPAVOIC ATTORETPAILLEνων, και κρίζη Θεω παίλων, και πνευμασι δικαιών τείε-24 λειωμενών, και διαθηκής νεας μεσίλη Ιπσου, και άιμαλι ἡαντισμού κρειτίον λαλουνίι πα-CO TOU ABEA.

25 Βλεπείε μη παραίδησησθε Τον λαλουνία. ει γαρ εκεινοι ουκ εφυγον, τον επι της γης παραίδησαμενοι χρημαδιζονία, πολλω μαλλον ήμεις οι τον απ' ουρανων αποσίρεφομενοι, 26ου ή φωνη την γην εσαλευε τοίε, νυν δε επηγελίαι, λεγων, " εδι άπαξ εγω σειω ου " μονον την γην, αλλα και 27" τον ουρανον." το δε, "εΤι άπαξ," δηλοι των σα-

that they who heard, intreated they might hear it no more. nor could they en-20 dure that threat, " if fo much " as a beast touch the moun-" tain, it shall be stoned." and so terrible was the ap-21 pearance, that Moses cry'd out, " I tremble with the " fright." but you are come 22 to mount Sion, to the city of the living God, the heavenly Ferusalem, and to an innumerable congress of angels, to the general affembly, the 23 church of the first-born who are enroll'd in beaven, to God the judge of all, to the spirits of just men made per-· fest, to fesus the mediator of 24 the new covenant, and to the aspersion of that blood which cries for pardon, and not for vengeance as that of Abel.

Take care that you be not 25 deaf to bim that speaketh: for if they did not escape, who disregarded the oracles pronounc'd on earth, much less shall we escape, if we turn away from him that delivered the oracles from heaven: whose voice then shook the 26 earth: but he has promised to do it now, saying, "yet" once more I will shake, not the earth only, but heaven too." and this expression, 27, "yet once more" signifies the

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λ:υ− * Hag.ii. γ. λευομενων την μελαθεσιν, ώς απεποιημενων, ίνα μεινη τα 28 μη σαλευομενα. διο βασιλειαν ασαλειλον παραλαμβανούλες, εχομεν χαριν, δι' ής λαλευωμεν ευαρεσλως τω Θεωμελα αιδους και ευλαβειας. 29 και Γαρ ο Θεος ήμων πυρκαλαναλισκον.

Η φιλαδελφια μενείω. Της φιλοξενιας μη επιλανβανεσθε, δια ταυίης γαρ ελαθον τινες ξενισανίες αγγελους. μιμνησκεσθε των δεσμιων, ώς συνδεδεμενοι, των κακουχουμενων, ώς και αυίοι ονίες εν σωμαίι.

4 Τιμιος ο γαμος εν πασι, και ή κοιλη αμιανλος, πορνους δε και μοιχους κρινει ο Θεος. σφιλαργυρος ο Τροπος, αρκουμενοι Τοις παρουσιν. αυτος γαρ ειρηκεν, " ου μη σε «ανω, ουδ ου μη σε εγκα-6 " ταλιπω." ωσλε θαρρουντας ήμας λεγειν, " Κυριος ε-" μοι βοηθος, και ου φοβη-" θησομαι τι ποιησει μοι ανθρωπος."

7 Μυπμονευείε των ήςουμενων ύμων, οίλινες ελαλπσαν ύμιν τον λοςον του Θεου, ιέν αναθεωρουνίες την εκβαabolition of those changeable things which were only contrived, that what is unalterable might lastingly succeed. since then we are entring into 28 a kingdom which cannot be changed, let us maintain the divine favour, whereby we may serve God acceptably, with reverence and fear. for 29 "our Godis a consuming fire."

Let brotherly love still reign. be not unmindful of 2 hospitality: for thereby some have unknowingly entertained angels. remember those 3 that are in chains, as if you were consin'd with them; and those who suffer adversity, as being your selves of the same body.

Marriage is every where 4-bonourable, and that state is innocent: but the licentious and adulterers God will punish. let your morals be free 5 from avarice, being contented with what you have: for he bath said, "I will never" leave thee, nor forsake thee." so that we may 6 boldly say, "the Lord is my belper, and I will not fear what man shall do unto me."

Remember those who have 7
the rule over you, who have
preach'd to you the word of
God: imitate their faith; consider

σιν της ανασίροφης, μιμεισθε την πισίιν.

8 Ιπσους Χρισίος χθες και σημερον ο αυίος, και εις τους 9 αιωνας. διδαχαις ποικιλαις και ξεναις μη παραφερεσθε. καλον γαρ χαρίλι βεβαιουσθαι την καρδίαν, ου βρωμασιν, εν ός ουκ ωφεληθησαν όι περιπαίησαν ές.

Εχομεν θυσιασίπριον, εξου φαγείν ουκ εχουσίν εξουσίαν 110ι Τη σκηνη λαίρευονίες. ών γαρ εισφερέλαι ζωων το άιμα περι άμαρλιας εις τα άγια δια του αρχιερεως, τουίων τα σωμαία καιακαιθαι έξω της 12 παρεμβολης. δίο και Ιησους. ίνα άτιαση δια του ιδιου άιμαλος τον λαον, εξω της 12 πυλής επαθε. Τοινυν εξερχωμεθα προς αυλου εξω της παρεμβολης, τον ονειδισμον 14 αυλου φερονλες. ου ταρ εχομεν ώδε μενουσαν πολιν, αλλα Την μελλουσαν επίζη-TOUMEY.

15 Δι' αυθου ουν αναφερωμεν θυσιαν αινεσεως διαπανθος τω Θεω, τουθεσθι, καρπον χει- λεων διιολογουνων τω ονο- 16 μαθι αυθου. Της δε ευποιϊας και κοινωνιας μη επιλανθα-νεσθε, τοιαυθαις γαρ θυσιαις ευαρεσθείδαι ὁ Θεος.

fider their conduct, and the exit they made.

Jesus Christ is always the 8 same, yesterday, to-day, and for ever. be not then missed by artful, novel dostrines: for the mind is better im- 9 prov'd by the gospel-dispensation, than by the distinctions about meats, in which some bave been so useless, vers'd.

We have a victim, where 10 of they, who still serve at the tabernacle, have no more right to eat, than * the fa- II crificers bad to eat of the flesh of those beasts, which were burnt without the camp. and whose blood the highpriest carried into the sanctuary, for Jesus likewise 12 Suffered without the gate, to Show he was the expiatory vittim for the people. let 13 us therefore decamp, and bear the reproach of following bis example: for we 1: bave no fettled corporation bere, but are in expectation of that which is approaching,

Let our sacrifice then, 15 which we are to offer to God by Jesus Christ, be that of incessant praises, the offering of our lips, which celebrate his name: but don't forget 16 to be beneficent to the community; for such facrifice is acceptable to God.

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17 Πειθεσθε τοις ήγουμενοις ύμων, και ύπεικελε, αυλοί γαρ αγρυπνουσιν ύπερ των ψυ- χων ύμων, ώς λογον απο- δωσονλες, ίνα μελα χαρας τουλο ποιωσι, και μη σλε-ναζονλες, αλυσιλελες γαρ ύμιν τουλο.

18 Προσευχεσθε περι ήμων, πεποιθαμεν γαρ ότι καλην συνειδησιν εχομεν, εν πασι καλως θελονίες ανασίρεφεσ-

καλω τουίο ποιπσαι, ίνα ταχιον αποκαίασίαθω υμιν.

20 Ο δε Θεος της ειρηνης, ο αναγαγων εκ νεκρων τον ποιμενα των προβαίων τον μεγαν εν άιμαι διαθηκης αιωνιου, τον Κυριον ήμων In-

21 σουν, καλαρλισαι ύμας εν πανλι εργω αγαθω, εις το ποιπσαι το θελημα αυλου, ποιων εν ύμιν το ευαρεσλον ενωπιον αυλου, δια Ιησου Χριστου, ώ ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας (των αιωνων.)

22 Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελφοι, ανεχεσθε του λογου της παρακλησεως, και γαρ δια βραχεων επεσθειλα ύμν.

23 Γινωσκείε τον αδελφον Τιμοθεον απολελυμενον, μεθ' ου, εαν Ταχιον ερχηίαι, οψομαι

24 ύμας ασπασασθε πανίας τους προυμένους ύμων, και πανίας τους αριους. ασπαζονίαι ύ-

25 μας δι απο της Ιταλιας. 1 χαρις μελα πανλων ύμων.

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Confide in your guides, and 17 be respectful: that they who are vigilant, as being accountable for your souls, may discharge themselves with cheerfulness, and not with anxiety, which would be to your prejudice.

Pray for us, for we trust we 18 have a clear conscience, and defire our virtuous conduct may appear to all the world. I con-19 jure you the more earnestly to do this, that I may be restored to you the sooner.

May the God of peace, 20 who has raised from the dead our Lord Jesus (who by the blood of the eternal covenant is become the grand pastor of the sheep) make you persect 21 in every virtue, to the accomplishment of his will: effecting that in you by Jesus Christ, which is agreeable to him: to whom he glory thro all ages.

Pray, my brethren, fa-22 vourably receive this exhortation, which I have writ to you in brief. know, that our 23 brother Timothy is set at liberty. if he comes quickly, I shall make YOU a visit with him. salute those who con-24 dust you, and all the christians. they of Italy salute you. grace he with you 25 all.

AMEN, Pp lreIrenzus and Hippolitus, Bishop of Portua, the scholar of Irenzus, who abridg'd his master's books against heresys, affirm'd, that the episte to the Hebrews was not Paul's the apostle. Phot. Biblioth. C. 121, 222.

CAIUS, a man of great eloquence at Rome in the time of Zephyrinus. writ a disputation, now in my custody, against Proclus, in which he suppresses the temerity and insolence of his adversarys in trumping up new scriptures, and mentions only thirteen epistles of the divine apostle, not reckoning that to the Hebrews among the rest: in fact. several of the Romans to this very day, think the epiftle to the Hebrews was not written by Paul. Eufeb. Hift, Ecclef. lib. VI. c. 21. and ch. 25. he fays, Origen in the fifth book of his expositions upon John, has these words concerning the apostle's epistles. " PAUL being " qualified to be a minister of the New Testament, not of the " letter, but the foiritual meaning, he who fully preach'd the gospel " from Ferusalem all about to Illgricum, did not write to all the " churches, which he instructed, nay, to those, whom he did write "to, he sent but a sew verses: and Peter on whom the church of " Christ was creffed, against which the gates of Hell shall never prevail. " left but one epiftle, that is acknowledged to be his. but grant, that " the second is his too, for whether it be his or no, is a question; " what must we say of John, he who lean'd on Christ's besom? he left " behind him but one gospel, he who professes, he could have written " as many books, as would have overwhelm'd the world. He wrote " the Revelation too, but was enjoined filence with respect to the ora-" cles of the seven thunders. besides, he lest posterity a very short " epiftle: but grant, that the second and third was his (for all men " do not allow them to be genuine) * both of them don't contain above an hundred verses." and in his Homilys upon the epistle to " the Hebrews, Origen says thus:

O recensive the refers the moos EBeatous existorns, our exel 73 εν λογωιδιωλικού του αποσλολου. OKOYONDER OS SENSON 1918 HA EIναι τω λογω, τευθερδι τη φρασει: αλλα εσίν ή επισίολη συνθέσει THE REFERS EXAMPLE CETA, OF THE o smolausvos x firsis opassos diapopas, chokoysant av. TO NOTE AU, OT THE POSIZE OF THE STO OASS **बिद्यास्त्रकाव्य दर्जीः, भवा वर्ण अस्पीद्रव्य** THE EMOSTER SERVED OF SPANSON γραμμαίων, και τούΙο αν συμφησει αληθες, πας ο προσεχών τη αιαγνωσει τη αποσβολική. Ερω નેક લામ ૦૭ લામ ૦૫૬ ૧૦૧ લામ ગામ લા, ઉત્ત TE HET TONHELLE TOU ETTOS DASU કર્ગીiv: મેં તેંદ ભૃલ્લગદ મુન્ના મે નામ્પેલ-DIS. ATOMPHIMATEUTEVILL TIPOS TA αποσίολίχα, και ώσπερει σχολεο-

The stile of the epistle to the Hebrews has nothing of the homefpun language of an apostic, that owns himself to be illiterate with respect to his speech, that is, his diction. but this epistic, with respect to the texture of the stile. has all the air of the Greek cloquence. this every one must allow, that has any tafte to diffinguish the difference of stiles, besides, the fentiments of this epifile are truly marvelous, and not interior to the writings allow'd to be apostolical: and this must be subscrib'd to as truth by every one, that attentively reads the apostles writings. in fhort, my opinion is, that the ientiments are derived from some apostie, but the phrase and composition is the work of some comγραφησανίος τα ειρημενα ύπο του διδαταλου. Ει πις ουν εκκλησια εχει ταυίην την επισίολην ώς Παυλου, άυίη ευσοκιμείω και επι τούιω: ου γαρ εικη όι αρχαιοι ανδρες ώς Παυλου αυίην παραθεδωκασι. τις δε ό γραψας την επισ-Ιολην, το μεν αληθες Θεος οιδεν. ή δε εις ήμας φθασασα έσορια, υπο πνων μεν λεγονίων, όπ Κλημης ό γενομενος επισκοπος Ρωμαιών εγραψε την επισίολην: υπο δε πνων, όπ Λουκας ό γραψας το Ευαγγελιών, και τας Πραξεις. mentator upon the aposse's words, who illustrated his master's dictates with his own Scholia. if then there be any church that look upon this epistle, as Paul's, let no-body blame them upon that account: for those antients who receiv'd it as Paul's, had some ground for it. but who it was that did actually write this epistle, Go n only knows. as to the historical writings now extant, some ascribe the epistle to Clemens, who was bishop of Rome: others, to Luke, who writ the Gofpel, and the Late.

The same Eusebius, chap. 14. speaking of Clemens Alexandriaus, fays, in his institutions he descants upon every part of scripture, not omitting those writings, whose authority is contradicted: I mean, the epiftle of Jude, and the other general epiftles, and that of Barnabas, and that which is faid to be the revelation of Peter, and the epifile to the Hebrews, which he affirms to be Paul's, but was originally writ in the Hebrew tongue, and translated by Luke for the use of the Greeks: the stile of the translation of this epistle, and that of the Acts of the apostics being the same. "but 'twas for a very good rea-" fon, fays Clemens, that the title, Paul the apofile, was not fet before "it; for the Hebrews being so prejudic'd against, and jealous of him, " he very wisely suppress'd his Name, for fear of raising their aversion " to his epiftle." besides, the Lord being the apostle of the Almighty to the Hebrews, Paul, as being sent to the Gentiles, modestly declines " stiling himself the apostle of the Hebrews, both in reverence to the " Lord, and because his writing at all to the Hebrews was a work of " supererogation, he being the preacher and apostle of the Gentiles." but neither Clemens, nor any of the antients pretend to have seen this imaginary epiftle in Hebrew, or to have seen or heard of any one that had feen it: so that it is a meer hypothesis sounded upon his ignorance both of the Hebrew and of the Greek language. for the Greek has all the air of an original: there's nothing of that constraint observable in a translation, nor such Hebraisms as occur so frequently in the verfrom of the Septuagint, and that of Ecclesiafticus. belides the passages of the scripture cited in it are taken from the Septuagint, even where they differ from the Hebrew. chap. i. 6, 7. iii. 8, 9, 10. viii. 8, 9. x. 5. 37,38. in which places, if the Hebrew reading was substituted, the author's argument would be spoil'd. the citation from Pfal.xl.7. where the Hebrew is, you have pierced my EARS, is rendred by the author of the epiffle, you have formed supa a Body for me, which shows the epifile could not be a translation from the Hebrew, nor the writer very well vers'd in that language, and consequently not St. Paul. see note chap. II. 11. in chap. vii. 2. apulou mer epmerevolueros Basideus Bueauseurys. the word Melchisedec and king of Salem being in the first verse, should have been there interpreted, if spolor, &c. had been the addition of an ЪБ З interpreter, interpreter; for throughout the new Testament the interpretation always follows the Hebrew word, as in Mat. xxvii. 46. Mark v. 41. xv. 22.24. John i. 28, 41. ix. 7. xix. 27. Acts iv. 6. ix. 16. xiii. 8. which shows the sense is not here given, but the mystery contained in the words, viz. that Christ was our peace. besides, the playing upon the ambiguiry of the Greek word diathyay, ch. ix. 16. which fignifies both a covenant, and a testimony, shows invincibly both that the epistle was originally writ in Greek, and that the author was not well acquainted with the Hebrew, in which BERITH always fignifies a covenant, and never means a testament. and lerom in Comment, in Epist, ad Gal. cap. III. 16. observes, that if the author of the epistle had writ in Hebrew, there would have been no room for making the reflexions he does upon the nature of a testament. for his reasoning being sounded upon a meer quibble, serv'd rather to set off his wit, than to recommend his benetration.

As for the whole series of ecclesiastical writers that came after, they either copied Clemens Alexandrinus, or are so divided among themsclves, some ascribing the episte to Luke, others to Barnabas, others to Clemens Romanus, another to Apollos, their authority can have no weight. for far from having any historical evidence to support their bare conjectures, some of them thought it necessary to corrupt the text to help out their bypothesis. see note chap. x. 24. to such wretched shifts were the poor fathers reduc'd, to palliate their infincerity or

their ignorance.

However, a very learned writer of our own thinks Heb. xiii. 22. 2 fufficient proof that Paul was the original author. as if no body could be acquainted with Timothy but Paul. which shows, that in order to understand the doctrine of Moral Evidence, that is, the doctrine of Chances, some other discipline and diet is necessary besides that of bearly cheming a few Hebrew roots.

After all, what I erom fays, is just, " nihil interesse ewins sit: cum " ecclesiastici viri iit, & quotidie Ecclesiarum lectione celebretur." Epist.

ad Dardanum.

Chap. I. 4. Wisdom is the breath of the divine power, and an emanation from the glory of the Almighty: the isthe RADIATION of the eternal light A II A T I A C M A Tou Quioc aidiou, the perfect Mirror of the power of God, and the IMAGE (SIXON) of his goodness. Wild, VII. 25. 26. Καθαπερ (αρ του ανθηλιον αυίην, ώς ήλιον, δι μη δυναμενοι του ήλιον αυζον ιδειν, έρωσι, και τας σερι Θεληνην αλλοιωσεις, ώς αυζην εκεινην, όθως και την του Θεου Εικονα, τον αβέλον αυδου λοίον, ώς αυδον καζανοουσιν. " Asthey are capable of contemplating the splendor of a mock-sun, who " can't look at the fun itself, and may view the phasis of the moon, " tho' not her full light: so they may contemplate the IMAGE of God, " his angelic Logos, tho' not God himfelf." Philo of dreams. de soliv EIKON Geou, di'éu συμπας à ποσμος εδημιουρ[εί]ο. " The " Logos is the IMAGE of God, by whom the whole world was fram'd." Philo of the monarchy. as the appearance of the bow, that is in the cloud in the day of rain, so was the appearance of the brightness round about; this was the appearance of the likeness of the glory of the Lord. Ezckiel I. 28.

Ib. Substance] Ausa & Rad' saular viros asir osa exes. splendor in it-

felf is nothing substantial, but a mode. Philo of the world.

Ver. 6. World] encounters is that supreme region, where the angels reside, as this writer shows, Chap. III. 5. where he calls it, the fusure world, that is, with respect to us.

Ib. Pfal. XCVII. 7. Hoosevery sale asles arries affect arion. Worthing HIM all ye angels. LXX. Worthin him all ye gods. in the Hebrew.

Ver. 7. Pial. CIV. 4. O Tours Tous afference assess the winds his mefrespond assess if TP & A O F O N. "who maketh the winds his mefrespond to show by this quotation, that there was nothing extraordinary in the title of angels, and ministers, since those names were apply'd
to winds and fire. Grotius observes further, that as the winds and flame
were denominated angels, so some of the angels were call'd seraphim,
that is slames, and cherubim, which signifies winds. see Psalm xviii. 11.
and liv. 2.

Ver. 8. See Psalm xlv. The Jewish writers explain this of Solomon's marriage with the king of Egypt's daughter. see Calvin upon the place. God is thy throne, that is, he will maintain you in your kingdom: the mystical sense is, Christ shall have an everlasting kingdom. Solomon seems to be rather the occasion than the subject of that

pfalm.

Ver. 9. Peers] this agrees very well with Solomon's brothers, but in the mystical sense it means the faithful or mankind in general. who are his fellows, unless it be men? says Chrysostom, Homil iii. p. 717.

fee Chap. II. 14.

Ib. Thou, Lord, &cc.] fee Pfal. cii. 26. these citations are very surprizing, because 'tis certain what David meant of God, the author of the epistle applies to Jesus Christ. whence some look upon these citations as meer accommodations or allusions, which however are not impertinent to show Christ's superiority to the angels.

Chap. II. 6. certain writer because all the Pialms were not compos'd by one and the same hand; the author of some of them being

intirciy unknown. sce Psal. VIII. 5.

Ib. What is man, &c.] the author, v. f. reassumes the subject of Chap. I. and shows that he, who introduces the faithful into heaven is not an angel, but a man. and what is said of man in general, is apply'd to the Messias in particular, to prove, that as the present world is subject to mankind, the future world will be subject to Jesus Christ.

Ver. 14. Death] the Jews said, that the devil, who held the empire of Death, was named Samael: under whose power God had put all nations except their own. see the Thalmud Baba-Bathra in Maimonides of Moses's death. he is the same with Satan, who is still the prince of this world, John XII. 31. and the God of this world, 2 Cor. IV. 4. see Zech. III. 1.

Chap. III. 3. As he that possesses a domain, is more excellent than the domain, of which he is master, and as the workman is superior to his work, so the faints have a greater superiority, and have more of the king, than the greatest kings upon earth. Philo of Noah's plan-

tation.

Vet. 5. Rabunes Missing desilat niclog ev navit the oute selfengebut, as Moses is said to have been faithful in all the bouse. Philo of allegories.

Ver. 8. Grotius observes that the proper names of men and places used to be render'd into other languages, not by words of the same

found, but of the same signification.

Chap. IV. 2. Reft] Pfal. XCV. 11. The author gives the mystical sense of the word rest, according to the custom of his age, in which all the places of the Old Testament were explain'd in a more sublime sense than what the words literally afforded. the incredulous Israciites under Moses were excluded from entring into the rest of Chanaan, the lews in David's time were threatned with being excluded from reft, even when they were in possession of Chanan; the author therefore concludes, that there is a spiritual and heavenly rest, from which the later Jews would be excluded, if they did not believe; tho' the Pialmist did not expresly mention any future rest. this seems to be bis argument, tho' he is not very clear for want of something to be supply'd. whence a learned critic infers, that the stile of this writer is far from being form'd by such laws as Quintilian prescribes. " no-" bis prima fit virtus perspicuitas, rectus ordo, non in longum dilata " conclusio: nihil neque dest, neque superfluat. Ita sermo & doctis pro-" babilis, & planus imperitis crit." Inflit. Orat. lib. viii. cap. 2. but the stile of the lewish Midraschim is far from coming up to this character, and fuch the writer of this epiftle follows, the' not without great reafon, because he writ to a people accustom'd to such a stile.

Ver. 10. Ka stauses our ty essony huspa are two esson who we stauses; toulo de sell toulo, ta sunda sen tausial that an i Geog, it au appoint the sell the seventh day from the works he had made: the meaning is this, God discontinues the formation of mortal things, when he enters upon the massing such as are divine, and more suitable to the nature of the num-

" ber feven." PHILO.

Vet. 12. Iva του αδιδακίου ευνομέ Θεου τεμνούια τας τε των σωμαίων και των πραβμαίων έξης απασακ ήρμοσθαι και ήνασθαι δοκουσας Φυσεις, τω τομει των συμπαύίων αυίου λείω, ές εις την εξυίκην ακουηθεις αμμην, διαιρων ουδεκοίε λυβει τα αισθή απαύία, επειδαν μεχρι των αίσμων και λείριενων αμερων διεξελθη. " that you may confider the divine being, who is above all information, who diffects all bodies, and every thing, how exact foever the natural cohesion of the parts may seem, by his allividing word; which by the keenness of its edge, makes such an intire dissolution of all sensible objects, it does not stop till they are reduc'd to meer atoms that are void of parts." Philo.

Οπλου τοι λογος ανδρι τιμωθερου εσίι σιδηρου. Νο πεπροπ is fo sharp as humane reason. Phocyllides.

Ib. Two edged Sword.] the same similitude is in Pitto, whom this writer seems to have read, says Grotius. Ουχ' έρας ότι και Αβραμμ έ Coφος ήνικα ηρξαίο καία Θεον μέβρειν πανία, και μηδεν απολειπειν τω βεννήω, λαμβανει της Φλοδινης βομφαιας μιμημα πυρ και μαχαιραν, διελειν και κεξαφλεξαι το δινδου αφ' ξαυζου βλιχομενος, ένα Γιμνη τη διανοικ μεθαρτοις προς τον Θεον αναπίω. "Don't you perceive how the philosopher "Abraham, when he began to measure every thing by the standard

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" of piety, and to get rid of what was mortal, takes fire and fword, as a flaming weapon, eager to clear away and confume all of that anature belonging to him, that with a difincumber'd mind he might mount fublime to heaven." Philo of Cain. μαχαιρα δισίομος, Revel. i. 16. is the same as ρομφαια δισίομος, ch. ii. 12. " thine almighty Lougos leap'd down from heaven, out of thy royal throne, like a fierce warriour into the midst of a land of destruction, and brought your authentic decree like a sharp sword. Wisdom xviii. 15, 16.

Ch. V. 1, 2. Πας fap Apxiepeus et and porton λαμβανομενος, &c.] Βουλελαι fap αυίον δ νομος μειζονας μεμοιρασθαε Φυσεως η κατ' ανθρωπον, ίνα δια μεσου τινος ανθρωπει μεν Ιλασκωνίαι Θεον, Θεος δε τας χαρίμας ορείη και χορηίη. "it is the intention of the law, that the high priest should be of a more refined temper than other men, that the divine Being may be render'd propitious to men, and distribute his favours to them by such a mediator." Philo of Laws. Τέξαξιον δε αρχιερωσυνην δι ής προΦηβαυων επισθημενικώς θεραπευει το ON και τας των υπηκοών κατορθωσει ευχαρισίμας, ει δε διαμαρίανοιεν, ευχας και ίκεσιας ίλασκομενος τοιησέζαι. " the fourth advantage that Moses obtained was the Pontificate, by which, and his prophetic character, he regulated the sy"stem of worship to be paid to the Being, prescrib'd the forms of thanksgiving for the prosperity of his subjects, and offer'd up his prayers and supplications for the pardon of their offences." Philo of rewards and punishments.

Ch. VI. 14. Solid nourishment.] this may signify either something more useful than meer Elements; or doctrines not easy to be comprehended, and fuch as cannot be digested but by persons of penetration and judgment, in the first sense it cannot well be here taken: for though all that is here said be ufeful, yet the doctrines propos'd as principles and foundations, in the beginning of the VIth chapter, are much more useful than the allegorys we find in chap. VII, &c. for these are embellishments of the sewish allegorists; which if we had loft, we should have miss'd nothing necessary. by folid food then is meant some myslical interpretations of the Old Testament, which the Iews fet so great a value upon, they did not use to let Novices into the fecres, such is that representation of Christ, which the author of this epiftle finds in the history of Melchisedek: such is the comparison of Christ's priesthood with that of Aaron. such mystical divinity could not well be proposed to people newly initiated, because fuch representations suppose the dodrine of Christ's priesthood to be very well known. but they are not more sublime than the doctrine of Christ's facrifice, independent of Judaism, at least they are not so useful.

Ver. 14, Teleston.] the perfett, i. c. those who are vers'd in myssical knowledge. as the qualities of bodies are distinguished by the external organs, so the mind has an internal sense, by which it judges of the myssical meaning of the scripture, says Grotius. the constrummate wise-man o telescope sodos in Philo, was one that had tenasomers. A despoyment the sample was the faculty of penetrating into

occuit knowledge, pag. 1092

Elylnous of Modles was spen-THE TO DELOT : ELD OF JOHOUPLE aciela bixombeir. Coame iti a-TO TOU NOTHIOU EGS THE MERCUY בטוסט ובנו השי נוט אבוף ציט משה דים י TOIS SUPALLEWY, AVILAN LIP ETTOINGS usda पण सीराण कंग्यहर प्रका स มะ เจอเ อุสาหาดกอโมกสมมอ อเมาสม ETILLARIS. YES TURASOIS FORIS. ardpoon, juraixwellion, Tois an-NOIS OIKOSOMMAATIV EVVOIAV AVII-AN VETEL TOU TEX PLTOU: OF THE RIVER TEY PHE KALL SHILLIOUPZOU POLICES THE oixsiar amoledeconnas. Tor au. TOP SE TROTTOP YELL EN MODERS RELE MENT HALL MUTTER SYNTHOLOGY HITELCO. ของ สนในสหยงสตนสโอง : อับโด ปห rai Eigel Jup 715 agrain eis Heng hy SIZIAT H TOXIT TOTAL TOT KOS COT. SEAGRILLETOS OUCATOF EF XUXXO TEριπολουνία, হর πανία ενίος συνει-रमाठाव : जर्भवश्मीवर की मुद्रा बस्रेय-प्रदार करीशकर मुकीक म्हणीय स्वा केम्सण-TWE REPOULLEFOUS, SILLENAS TE ROLL erafuorios, sal to marli moshimag: And Is and meanigher Xuber Adyours, volulos To rai aspos Lucere en mezoone tela merar: eli de Cua Ornia Te au rai ada-क्वीत. रदा एगीभा रदा रदा माम वीतpopac, Aoneilas dunou, oti our ATEU TEXTHS MUT SLOUS SESTEMOUP-मिदा, क्रियेस प्रवा गए प्रवा हरी।ए ठे Toude Tou marlos dumouppes o Osos. 61 A OUJUS EMAON COLLEYS!, Sa oxeias tor Geor to taxxxxxx-XATELYOOUTTEG. COTT SE TIS TEAL. ALEBOC Mer manyor xxxx Japusros rous, ta enjada hustria hu. ners, dothe our and two yegoth नक्षा ना बामाना प्रथमित्रा है।, केंद्र बार बन्न THEIRS TO MAYOU, AND STREET LOS αγεννητου λαμβανειν, ώς απ' αυ-TOU AUTOF ZOTANAUBAVEIT, ZOI TEP TRUE AUTO, OTHE HE TOP TO A:you, rat me de not ros mor. Outes eon Meous o rejar, " emogricor ει μοι σταυτον, γνωστως ιδω στ.

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It was an enquiry among the antients, what fort of knowledge men have of the Deity. the best of their philosophers faid, that from the contemplation of the feveral parts of the world, and their inherent qualities, we deduce the notion of a cause. for if any one fees an edifice exquisitely well built, with its vestibules, portico's, the proper halls, and apartments for men and women, he will form an idea of the architect: and conclude, such a house could not be rais'd without the contrivance of an artist, the same notion will arise from the view of a city, or a ship, or any such lesfer or greater fabrick: so if he turn his thoughts to a nobler structure, that of the world, and contemplates the revolution of the all-circumferibing heavens, the planets and fix'd stars, that move with fuch univerfal harmony and advantage: the earth fituated in the middle, the water and air widely diffus'd and confin'd to its proper bounds: together with the animals of a trantient or more lasting duration, and all the different species of vegetables and fruits; he will certainly infer, that all this is the effect of exquisite art, the very workmanship of the Deity. they who reason thus, discover the fludow of the divine Being. and fee the artist by his works but there are some of a more PERFECT and refined intellect, who don't judge of the cause by its esfests, as they do of a body by its shadow, but being initiated in the fublimest mysterys, they toar above the creation, and take a direct view of the uncreated Being; they see him intuitively, as he is, they behold his shadow, that is, his Logos, and the whole world. fuch was Moles, who faid, " show " me your felf, let me see you in-" tuitively. "

oupavou η γης, η υδάζος η αξ
pos. η πινος άπλως των εν γε
vεσει, μικθε κατιπήρισαιμικν εν

αλλω πινι την σην ιθεαν, η εν

στι τω Θεω."

Outers jap meet me oumes Office das parties and a parties and outer and a parties and outer and a parties and a pa

Ο γας Νους—επ μαλλον επανιων ερευνα το Θειον και την τουτιυ φυσιν, δ' έρωτα επιστιμης αληκίου, μενειν επι των εξ αρχης εσιμαίων ου δυναίαι, αλλα μετεικιαν ζηθει βελίτουμενος αμει-

Aia ter kadaporen teketais Noor kadepderla, kat under yegrofa ten deten teketor-tegaiper d Geog nontage. "tuitively. don't let me see you by the representations of the heaven, the earth, or water, or air, nor by the reflexion of any created object as from a mirror, but let me contemplate thy times only in thy divine essence."

No one can comprehend the divine Nature: it is well if we are acquainted with his Name, that is, the Logos his messenger: who is the God of such impersed creatures as we are; but to the wise, and to the PERFECT, the supreme Being alone is God.

The mind from an infatiable thirst of science, rises again above the world to contemplate the Deity himself: impatient of being confin'd to antique maxims, it goes in search of more substantial Rest.

The mind, when purified by facred exercises, and become a Mystic, is rewarded by the divine

Being with perfect Reft.

See Philio of Allegorys, lib.ii. pag. 79,99,76,929. of Rewards and Punilhments.

Ib. Τα ασθήμητα [στυμνασμενα, their senses exercis'd.] this expression feems to be borrowed from the Stgicks, who defin'd αματαιομαία the absence of folly, έξιν αναφερουσαν τας Φανίασιας επι τον ορθον λος the habit of reducing a visionary brain to the prescripts of Region. Diogenes Lastt. lib. III. §. 47.

Stultitia caruisse.——Sapientia prima est,

HORACE.

In Wisdom's School, The first advance is,—not to be a Fool.

"Twas a Maxim with the Stoicks, that people, whose imaginations were not kept under due discipline, naturally funk into Enthusiasia, and Folly. Philo, speaking of Abraham, stiles him, The Paulasiae à acrass, one of a disciplin'd imagination, that is, as appears by the context. A MYSTIC. pag. 389.

Dr. Hammond observes, that tho' it seems strange, that the author after having told the Hebrews, they were too meak to digest such solid food as the mystical explications of the types or figures of the Old Testament, should yet proceed, chap, vii, to give it them, by entring there into this mystical divinity concerning Melchisedee's priesthood:

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but the reason, he says, is clear; first, because the caution here given might be sufficient to avert the danger; and secondly, because of the generality of them, he was persuaded better things, Ch.VI. 9. tho

of some he had reason to pais a severer consure.

Chap. VI. 4. Advadov] svlavba do choi Bioi memorio die, draz and pamerlas mosses coliv anssespar. "but in this sort of exercise life itself is in anger, for if once they fall, it is very difficult to recover." Philo. Toug do buodos nai eastwolas tollow eival to precover. Philo. Toug do buodos nai eastwolas tollow eival to priodox, as atwown asia private and the anger the end of priodox, and appropriate of the priodox, as appropriate of the priodox, as they who have own'd their conviction that he is the Messah, if upon any account they afterwards return to the observances of the legal polity, and renaunce his being the Messah, and never retract till they die, will never obtain salvation, in my opinion." Justin Martyr, against Tryphon.

Ver. 13. 2 greater] Eu nai to open befainesae the strongesois, nai orne beotheres: bear sap ott ou nab' e spou opens Deoc: ouder sap aulou upertion, alla nab' expouse parties. he graciously confirm'd his promise by an oath, such as is suitable to the deity; for you see, God did not swear by another, nothing being so excellent; but by himself, the best of beings. Philo of allegories, lib. ii. p. 93. in Gen. xxii. 16.

O Mapluear, map boor o mapluest acetador east ton mas obonns. vou: à mer jap dessat, à de aps NEL: TO SE WORKOUP EET TO OFFICE EST TEU SEOUSPOU. QUEIVOY SE VU-Les someonducelles Tou affice ביד מעל וסטי, באל מעל מאולש ratesotipop. all' ole thei удлавевихос алар то мета Осов QUESTRETUS. TOU TE MESCUSHIAI - apiy, amo tougeror ratapeurouny to cexor arframes: o de Ozos vas ASTON MOTES SOTIVE OSTE KALL TOUS гозрис аврои вевалотитьс вина MISTER COROR STAPEPER. YET OUM-Begine the use nutterer frounds όρκω: πν de opror aclor Θεω πou sale di sexer mir-जारीक्ष**ेदा** TOG & OROS, ANNA di aufor eti ò boxes hebatos. To our ed is to LEGOSSETTE TELPSION (APPROCESS) purfat iva the atteriar diensi-EN THE TENENTOUS MULL STEAS ELS died mapagethem. or jup duranted a fir negros to aktor tou affice more-ACTOR OF TUXH TRUISURAL THE S-

A witness, consider'd as giving information, is superior to the perion, who receives the information; for the one needs, what the other gives. but that which gives afliftance is more to be trusted than that which wants it. now we know nothing more excellent than the supreme cause, nor is there any thing equal to him, or that is not vastly, nay infinitely below him: fo that men have recourse to an oath, in order to gain credit; whereas the deity deferves to be believ'd, when he only gives his bare word, which is as secure as any oath can be. Our affirmation gains credit upon account of the oath, and the oath upon account of the deity. for what he tays is not the more credible by the oath, but it is so, because he says it, and the oath is only a confirmation. what then did our PROPHET mean by introducing him in this manner? 'twas to flow his creatures their frailty, and at the lame time to give them comfort. for we cannot have that ides, to worthy of the first cause,

αυίων, το, ουγ' ώς ανθοωπος δ Эсы, iva दी म्यानिक एवं वारी क्यान λογουμενα ύπερχυψωμεν, αλλα TREESTON METERONIES TOU ONNIOU. אבו שבון מושף בשושחשו עושלים Surausvois unie exBuvas ras idias xapas ioxuorles, ass eis to fra-TOV E. o Douevol ra Samp & Kox-मात्रा, प्रदा जन्दा संगीवगढ कंत्रजन दूरहा POL COALENSE EINGULEPOL RAL MEL TOU MARGEIOU RAI COSCESSOU PAL mere dulou doza couer, mr use αθοπαν του λογου ότι ανθρωπο. MORDON TO SELON, ATTEST & AT KON-TES: THY LE EN TOIS EPOOLS ATTESEIdi. en averano reste, enavorsouusvoi: क्षेत्र पण्णीव प्रहादयहः गाउनिकहः esordous, egodous, extipas, amos-Τοοσας, αλλοβριωστις, οργας προσ-दरमारेमरेन्स्री व्याप्त दर्गारक्षम प्रदेश हुन। कारित του αίζιου, ών εσίι και όρ-. xos tes hullegas ao Develas emxou-6100

Chap. VII. 1, 2, 3, 4. Med yscedek Bandea te the eighthe Cadhu. Tollo jap equipevelat, iefea éaviou mentinker à Geos, ouder espor aviou reodialumumes.
adda totollor espamueros Basidea kat etenrator, rat ispamurus
after the éaviou resion.

Αρίους γαρ και δινίν προσφερει, άπες Αμμανίζαι και Μωαβίζαι το βλεπονίι παςασχειν ουκ ηθελησαν : δυ χαριν. εκκληπας ειργονικι και συλλογου θείου. Αμμανίζαι γαρ δι εκ της Μήξος αισθησεως, και Μωαβίζαι δι εκ του Παίρος Νου φυνίες, τροποι δυο:

--- Ιερευς γας εσίι Λογρ:

O de xensuos à usta tas emvizious euxas avalpantis, as à the aulouan rai aulodidaclor da xer Isponent titellai Mede tre les esure jas, onore autre seralur ant rartur. Pui-

always present to our minds; viz. that the divine being is nothing like humane nature: which would make us avoid all the common forms of speech. but because we are chiefly allied to mortal things. can think of nothing but them, and are not masters of our destiny: but invested with mortality, we are involv'd in our selves, like fnails in their shells, and form the same notions of the immortal beatific being, as we do of ourselves. in words declining the absurdity of ascribing a humane form to the deisy: but in fast improve the impiety of attributing humane paffions to him: hence I fay, it is, that we disfigure the deity with hands, feet, local motion, hatred, difaffection. aversencis, resentment, qualities and passions incompatible to the supreme being, and among the rest. that of swearing, as a salve to our imbecility. Philo, pag. 146.

Melchifedec king of peace, for that is the meaning of Salem, was conflicted a priest by God himfelf, there being no account of his preceeding actions: he himself made him such a pacific king, the first that was worthy of his priest-hood.

For such a one offers bread and wine, which the Ammanites and Moabites resus'd him when he was present: for which reason they are excluded from the divine assembly: for sense was the mother of the Ammanites, and phancy the FATHER of the Meabites; they are two types—but the priest is the type of the divine REASON.

The facred writings, which mention the religious addresses that were presented for the victory, by Melchisedec, who obtain'd the priesshood, by a spontaneous infitution and instruction, says, he gave him tythes of all.

Analog, apolog, assumanos neither his father, nor his mother were in the genealogical records, agreeable to the Syriac version. Scheca, Epist. CVIII. after having said, that there had been two of their kings, the one had no father, the other had no mother, explains it by saying, de Servii matre dubitari: Anci pathem nullum dici. in Ion, a tragedy of Euripides.

Ion. v. 109, —— as yat aun pop
And we to gegus tous beelartus
Doi fou vaous depareuw.
Doi fos use gevelog naling.
Ins ap entrouse unless.
Ifp. Kat two de anul ov et yalov
yaxov
Aun for, avapibualer, en doudis
tures
Turaixos, eis our doud det to-

without mether
And without father born, brought
up
In Phebus temple, him I ferve.
Phebus was my real father. v. 136.
I am a very terra filius. v. 541.
And to compleat the curfe, you'll bring
A motherless, an unrecorded flave,

PHILO fays. Surra was faid to be without a mother, auntwo, being fifter to Abraham by a different venter, p.248.

A learned critic applies the following lines of Horace upon this occasion.

persuades hoc tibi vere, Ante potestatem Tulli, atque ignobile regnum, Multos supe viros, nullis majoribus ortos

Et vixisse probos, amplis & honoribus auctos. Lib. I. Sat. VI.

Where nulli Majores are such whose names and exploits thro' length of time are loft. Such were the parents of Melchifedee; for which reafon he is said to have been without father, and without mother, &c. this confider'd, we may cally perceive that before the time of Christ no man could, without a revelation, have imagin'd from the flory of Melchisedec, that there would in after times come an eternal priest, who was to be fucceffor to none, nor have any to fucceed him. nor could any man after the coming of Christ, gather by mere reasoning founded on the rules of criticism, that Melchisedec's parents, and his death, were omitted in the scripture with this design, that by such a filence he might be represented as a type of Christ, whoever should have pretended this, might have been confuted by a bare negation. why therefore, you will fay, did the apostolical writer insist to much upon that story with the Jews? for it's plain he does not here say he had any revelation made to him of that matter, nor require to be credited upon his bare affirmation. I answer, the allegorical Jewish writers of that time accommodated innumerable passages of the Old Testament to the Messas, not countenanc'd by any grammatical construction, but by a certain old exflor of explaining away the scripture in that manner. so because they interpreted the CXth Pfalm of the Messias, the writer of the epistle adapts their comments to his purpole; and because they own'd the Messias ought to be like Melchisedes, he reasons against them from their own principles; not against other men, who might have denied the assumption, and he gave into this method method of disputing with the Jews so much the more readily, as there was no consequence to be drawn from such an interpretation, inconsistent with what he knew to be true concerning Christ; nay he might, according to the Jewish custom, compare Christ to Melchisedee. otherwise, if the thing be considered in itself, no grammatical argument of any force could be drawn against others from that history; and therefore such things are not to be too much urged now, since that way of explaining the scripture is now grown obsolete.

Δια πυίο Μοσυν αναχεκληκεν, και ελαλησεν αυτφ ὁ Θεος: και Βετελεηλ ανακεκληκεν, αλλ ου χ όμοιως; αλλα τον μεν την εμφασην του Θεου λαμβανοί α απο αυίου που αιτιου: πον δε ώσπες απο σκειας πων γειομενων, πον τεχνί ην εξ ε-πλομσμου χαι ανοουί α. δια πυθ ευρησεις την σκηνην και τα σκευη παν α αυίης προίερον μεν ύπο Μωσις, αυδις δε ύπο Βετελεηλ κα τασκευαζομενα Μωσης μεν γαρ τα αυγετυπα τεκνιτευει, Βετελειλ δε τα τουτών μιμηματα.

Ereifos pap tas suelas कार्यास, स्यायमार् के दिक्किक्ट्रण्डान्ड, केंद्र का प्रधाद कार्या कार्यायमार्थ ज्याः Besedend jagen ज्याबाद मका-का स्थामण्डण्डात्या. p.218.

CINTIN Ο Ο Υ ΕΡΟΥ ΕΕΡΘΙΑΙΟΥ ΕΝ
μιουργων εδοξεν, ης την κατασκευπν Βεσφαίοις λοροις επι του οξους Μωυσις ανεδιδαστίο, των

μελλονίων αποτελεισθαι τωματα
ασαματους ιδεας τη ψυχη θεωρων, προς ας εδει, καθαπερ απ'
αξχετυπου Γραθης και νοντων πα
ραλιίματων αισθητα μιμηματα
απεικονισθηναι. ρ.665.

Ο μεν ουν τυπος του παραθείςματος ενεσφραμίζετο τη διανοιά
του προφητου. διαζωγραφουμενος,
και προδίαπλαποιενος αραγως ανευ ύλης αρρατοις ειδεσι ib.

Ел цертог инте окпупу инте Зиопастиров итклави по кезесбиг та брошера ек пис афихои раг орагия бишоирундерта илис. алла та аррапа кал та попти дефримать, бу алодиты паита емпрес, капитларуютия

Chap. VIII. 1, 2, &c. fanctuary] Wherefore God called Moies and spoke to him: he called Beselect too, but not in the same manner; the one had an idea of God from God himself: theother had an obscure notion of the creator from his reasoning about the creatures, so that you will find 'twas Moses who prepar'd the tabernacic and all its vessels, for Beselect to work upon. for Moses made the original models, which Beselect copied. p. 80.

For he only sketch'd out the plans, like limners, who have not the art of producing any thing that is animated: a meer sketcher, as his name fignifies.

He therefore thought fit to make that most facred fabrick, the tabernacle, the apparatus of which he had learnt from the oracle in the mountain; where his foul furvey'd the incorporeal ideas of the sture corporeal edifice, the sensible objects being to be copy'd from the ideal models, as from their original.

Thus the original form was impress'd upon the prophet's mind, being internally delineated and defign'd, by the intervention only of incorporcal ideas.

Now if it be consider'd, that it is not the visible tabernacle and altar, which are made of inanimate perishing matter, that are here meant, but the invisible intellectual ideas, of which they are only the sensible images, the rela-

LLATHOUTHY UPHYMOU. ETTELD JAP
THATTOS TO LEY MAPAJESYLLA, TO LE
LLILINILA O MOINV ETTOLES, MAI APETHE THY LEV APXETUTOV COPAHOL
ESPJAJESO, TOU DE AND TAUSHES EVEONLIAIVESO ELLESFEDILSON XAFANINPA: H LIEV OUV APXETUTOS ODPAHE
ADDILATOS ETTEV ISEA: H SE XALEX DESTA ESKON ONLIA HIM, QUIES
LEY ALO DATON. OU LIEV ELE ALO DATON
ESPALICOS. PHILO OF SIPLING.

Chap. IX. 11. Χειροποιητου] ην γαρ αναξιαιον ίτρον καταστευαζοντας χειροποιητον τφ πατζι, και ήγειωνι του παντος, τας όμωιας λαβειν ουπας. αις το όλον εδημιευργει. Philo, of Moles's life, p. 667.

Ta adura the orners est our-Boderas vonta. Ta de extreeste asoura. ib. 666. See Wifdom ix. 8. tion will be the more surprizing, for as the creator made the archesypes of every thing, so he made their sensible images distinct from them: for instance he made the archetypal signature of virtue sirst; and then from that he made the express resemblance of it. which archetypal signature is an incorporeal idea: but the express image commences a body, in its own nature really sensible, tho' not as yet the object of sense.

For it was necessary that they who were constructing a temple made by human art, should use such materials resembling the elements of which the world was form'd.

The interior parts of the tabernacle represent the ideal, as the external do the fensible world.

Chap. X. 7. a body hast thou prepar'd] Jerom in his version of the Lxx. has aures autem perfecisis mihi, which shows that they writ with ears, as it is in the Hebrew; so Cyril and Arnobius read it. the Hebrew word cherith answering to realize signifies show hast bored, and some of the antients render'd the passage with as someway us, thou hast bored my ears, alluding to the custom that was observed when servants voluntarily made themselves perpetual slaves. Exod. xxi. 6. Deut.xv. 17. so that David's meaning was, I will be perpetually devoted to your service. Pial. xl. 7. but the author of this epistle frequently consults the anystical some body instead of with ears, as best answering his views: and afterwards some of the fathers corrupted the Lxx. to make it agree with a suppositious apostle.

Ver. 28. The verb abeless does not barely fignify to violate, but by words and deeds to declare a man will not observe the law, and does not think it ought to be observed, or scornfully to reject it. for such impiety among the Jews, there was no sacrifice of expiation. see Numb.xv. 20. Deut.xxvii. 26. xxix. 19. abeless fignifies to reject, Luke vii. 30. x. 16. John xii. 48. Jude 8. see the antient glossaries. and Hesychius abeles alsuates, periation. abeles is βρικείαι μαστεί.

Tateoveilai.

Ib. 28. Tess desquire severalmedis you sympathiz'd with those who were in bonds. this is undoubtedly the true reading, which was fraudulently chang'd to favour the bypothesis that St. Paul was the author of this epistle. see the various readings on this place.

Chap. XI. 1, &c. Faith.]

Eighai sap, "ou de auscu of noi
"uet" emou", iva evolutaquov xe.i
emaupolepioquov abebaiou funes diabereis anodromuevos rev oxupolaliv eu bebaiosalny diabere reu moliv erdurilui. Philo of the
confus. of Babel, p. 324.

Mores our aniculie ras bebaser ayabor. Midlis in moss tor Osor TIGILS. TUPHYPPHUA BIOU. TAMPAua yendlor extidur, acora use Yaxar, analar de pooa, raxedas-Heriae emofessors, evosiberas frasors. פעלתונגטיומג אלאפאל, בד ב שמח שבאלוword emponesioning To me lot alle. 728 Supapero per maria. Boudouera de ra apiola. zabamo sae or her of oviabuter Bay orler ofou. υποπελι(crial και πιπίουσι. or de dia Engas nas heucopou, a-र्रीबार्जीक प्रकारीया मार्शिय : क्वींबर केर UST SIR TON GOLLA ITON YOU TON פא בין דאף שעיץ או מין פון בין מעלים מאלי n maleir aulny elicovoir: oxio-Inca sap ravia se nati mailup a-Beauolala: oi de dia मध्य प्रवीध Tas applas bewennales em Geor σπευθυνίες, ασφαλη και ακιαθαίζου เปลา เบยบางบอาย, อร สาเมอเอโลโส earms ou o men excepts memoleu-KUS बातावीहा छिड्छ ; ं o o amolar धχειτοις, πεπισθευκε θεφ. αλλ' ου Mores the near tor ON meller சபில புடிபெயோர வே ஒள்கும், 1947 Sanlida των αρέων, αλλα και Trailor autor amegurar apsobutepov, &cc. PHILO of Abraham, pag. 387.

Ver. 3. My ex pair a etwos Textor, arabas arla es tos oupavos vas the sur. ras ta es ausois tabla idesa, sevas ots our exorlar excinore ausa o Osos kas to two as pomer ausa o Osos kas to two as power also a power arsoner

1b. Λαλείζαι] Ζη ων γαρ, ώς και πεοτερον εφην, ό τεθναιαι Φ- For 'tis faid," frand thou there "by me." meaning, that he should lay aside all dubiousness and hesitation; qualities of an unsteady mind: and invest himself with faith, the impenetrable temper of the soul.

The only good, that is never fallacious, and never fails, is FAITH; that faith, which has the deity for its object, and is the cordial of our life, the grandressorative of our hopes, the bane of miffortunes, the fource of felicity, the antidete of superstition, the arcanum of piety, and the title to happiness: it is a tanacea, by the affistance of the universal cause. who tho' he can do every thing. wills only what is best. when the way is flippery, the traveller foon loses his feet; but if the road be dry, he walks fecure: so when the foul is convey'd out of the way, into the dangerous and uncertain paths of a fenfual life, it gets a habit of stumbling. whereas they who fet out for heaven, in the plain paths of virtue, purfue a fafe uninterrupted course: so that nothing can be pronounc'd more true than this, he that trusts in those external things, distrusts the deity; but he that renounces them, does truly confide in him. nor do the oracles celebrate this hero only for his faith, the aueen of all the virtues, but stile him the oldest chief, tho', &c.

Pray look, my son, upon the heaven, and the earth, and all that is therein; and contider that God did not make them nor mankind of anything pre-existing. 2 Macchivii, 28.——he produc'd things out of nothing that existed. Philo.

For he is alive, as I faid before, who is looked upon as dead, fince REF, ESA RAI IRANS ET DEOU RAI GENT RESILETAI VOLUZOMETOS TO LUXI-REF ESTADOT, APPINS, REG. NY AETOS LOYNY ESTI ZNY, ANDOZOMIOGES.

Dec nat To emospoussor." avsoln " Kar em Aben Tor adinour du-" lou, zas anexleres aulor," rala HET THE THEO THEO CAN A LIAN UTO-BANLEI OTI ABEN armonlai: rala SE THE αχριβεσία πε εξέίασε, όπ aulos à Kair úo' éaulou : éo 6' èv-Two ara Towolson ras arresteren हें वर्गी ον. αλλα ουχ ही ερογο επώθας Je roulo exalter. in sap et aulis arehouse Jux n to dirapelor has DENOBED OF FLICK, TOP THE OPE HE TEB. PHYLA BLOW: WOB' & ABEA, TO THEpadozoldlov, avnenlas Te nas (#: menonial par ex tes tou appores Siavolac, Cy de THP EF DEO COMP En gaitraka: trab nouast ge 10 X baa. BET LOYOF, ST & OUT Y POLLETOS, γαι βρων ά πεπορθεν ύπο χακου שנישל שואמעושו בייףופתבושו אשו TOD & LLHKET BY STANGEREDAL SUPA-Tos? & wer to Copos Tegrneral ADEMP TOP CHAPTON BION, IN TOP Aplastor. & de paulos (MY TOP EP MURIC TEBRIAL TOV EUGLELOVA. I'HI-Lo of the plots of the wicked against the virtuous.

Vet. 8. As sign want delt ment to malpida rai oulserear rai met the adopted rai oulserear rai metated and sign and the here east the circum emarine, aska our and the circum emarine, aska our and the circum estation, aska our and the circum, estated our estated our estimation estated our estated our estated our, to take our at the take our, to take our estated our, to take our estated our, to take our estated our.

— Γ. πισίευσεν Θεώ, ευκ εκ των αποίεκεσμαίων επιδεικνυμένη το ευχαρισίος, αλλα εκ προσθέκειας των μελλονίων, αρίπθεισα και εκπρεμισθέκου εκτών εκτών εκτών εκτών εκτών εκτών εκτών πισει εκτάνιαση και παρειταί τα μια παροντα, δια τις του

ú-

he lifts up his voice in prayer to the deity. but he that feems to be alive, is extinct by the death of the foul, being deslitute of virtue, which alone can render one worthy of life.

Therefore what follows, "Cain " role up against his brother, and " flew him," at first view insinuates as if Abel was kill'd : whereas if the matter be nicely consider'd, the meaning is, and so it is to be read. Cain kill'd him felf, and not another: a misfortune which he deserv'd. for the soul that deprives itself of virtue and piety, is dead to all the purpoles of virtue. fo that Abel, tho' it be a strange paradox, was taken off, and yet was alive. for being taken off from a vicious temper of mind. he enjoy'd a state of happiness in the deity. this the divine oracle arrests, which expressly says, that with vocal noise he complain'd of the injuries he had fuffer'd from his evil companion. but if he was actually dead, how could hespeak? the truth is, the wife, who feem to be lost with respect to this world, are in a happy state of life;

of felicity.

Struck with the oracle, he left his country, kindred, and family, and posted to foreign regions with the same alacrity, as if he was returning home from thence, looking upon the voyage as at an end, if he was but expeditious in complying with his orders. Philo of Abraham.

whereas he that leads a vicious

life, is dead to all the enjoyments

He believ'd God, not only out of gratitude for past benefits, but from the hopes of future advantages, upon which he depended, undoubtingly concluding the noble reward was as good as present; fince he that had premised it could Ver. 13. Magainess, ou reforment

nd Somes. The page out matter mess

fund support malified mess ouperor,

par de kerns edance: rest mess pour

ket tos mes supper ounce sitos, tos

de soundlos obsesses, of rest mage
monumes. Philo of agriculture.

△ia rov]o ôi ra]a Meusus oo-POI MUTTES ELEMINATION MELEGINAUN. דונ. מנו שב שנו שו שנו שונה שנו מדואhoride the anoixed on note the the oughtou: simble of the transmit CIAOSTALLOPOS NOS GIAOLASOUS SIS THE TEPTYLION OUTER ATOMILLES. 4-व्यक्ति ००० हर्नायीम क्वार क्लाम्बीर गत बार मिनि हुन किसीब में बर्गीकर न्दर्भ व रही १४० वर ६ अवर ६० २०० वर ६४४० वर & TOATTEVON at; ESTOP of TOP TO eineior er a macananar, romicou-Cui. PHILO of the confusion of Babel

Λαβαν μεν μας, ουκ ειδες, ου μενος, ουκ ιδεαν, ουκ εννοημα, ουκ αλλο των νοητει μονη κοίαλαμβανομενων, ουδεν άπλως ειδως, ηρημικνος δε των εμφανων, άπες εις οξεις και ακοας και τας συγμενεις δυναμεις ερχίαι, και πατριδες ηξιωίαι Χαρράν, ήν ώς ξενην ὁ φιλαςείος Ιακωβ πεος ολιμον οικι χεονον, της οικαδε επανοδυ διαμεμνημένος. ὁ δε μάκεος αιων αυίφ και βιος εν τη νοή η πολει ταμιευθαι.

Παγαλως δε ειρήαι ται το,
" αποσθρεψω σε εις την γεν ταυ" την:" καλον μεν μαρ ανε τον
λομσμον ερ' έαυτου μειναντα και
αποδημησαι προς αισθησην δευτερος δε πλους, εφ' έαυξην ύποστρεψαι παλίν. ισως δε και το περι
αφθαρσιας ψυχις ύπαινιπείαι δο
τον ουρανιον τοπον, ώς και μικρον
προτερον ελεχθη, κα ταπες εις ξεγην χωςαν ηλθε το σωμα φνω δε
Vol. II.

could never fail. PRILO of Abra-

We went into Egypt, as travellers, not to make our abode there, for to the wife, heaven is his native country: on earth he is a pilgrim: where wifdom dwells, there's his boms; the body is his inn, where he's only a guest.

Therefore, all the wife are represented by Moses as fojourners. for their fouls are fent as a colony from heaven: it being their cuftom to make a trip to this lower world, to fatisfy their curiofity, and their love of information: after they have, for a while, refided in the body, and furvey'd this sensible transitory scene, they return to the place, from whence they first set out, reflecting that beaven is their native country. and corporation; but that what belongs to this earth, where they fojourn'd, is wholly fereign to them.

Laban knows nothing of the ideal world: nothing of the proper objects of the intellect, nothing scientifically; attach'd to the bare phanomena of fight, of hearing, and to such like fensations: he is a meer citizen of Charrha, where the virtuous facob resides, like a stranger, for a while, never losing the thoughts of his returning home, where a more lasting scene of life is prepar'd for him in the intellectual system.

Most beautiful is that expression, "I will bring you back to this land." it had been better, for reason to have staid at bame, without roving to the regions of sense, but the next voyage it takes, is to return to itself, perhaps too the dollrine of the immortality of the soul is here hinted at. for having left the realins of heaven, as I taid but now, it arriv'd in the body, as in a foreign Rr place:

ου μεχρι πυ παν]ος καθεις [μενην αυ]ην ο γεννησας περιο Δεσθαι παπης, αλλ' οικ]ον λαβων λυσειν πα δεσμα, και ελευθεραν αχρι της μιοβροπολεως ασφαλως παραπεμΔειν. Philo of dreams.

Vet. 17. προσένηνο χεν] τω δε ή πραξίς ει και και το τέλος επικολουθησέν, όλοκληρος και πανίελης, ου μονον εν ταις ίεραις βιβλοις, αλλα και εν ταις διανοιαις ανα-

γραπίος εσίκλιτευίαι.

Τό. μονογηνη ύτος εχ της γαμετις χνεθαι τω σεφω (γησιος, αγαπός και τωνος, το, τε σωμα καλλισίος, και την ψυχην αρισίος. ηση χαρ τελειοίερας της ηλικιας εξεραινών αρείας, ώς τον πατερα μη παθει μονον ευνοίας ουσικές, αλλα και (γωμης καθαπερ ηθων δικασίην ισχυρα τηνι καχρησθαι φιλοσίορμα. ib. pag. 373.

place: but its parent assures her, he will not suffer her to be always confin'd a prisoner, but will take pity on her, release her from her chains, and convey her safe to her native city.

Offer'd up. This action, tho' it had not its full effect, is reprefented in the facred records as abfolutely finish'd, and consider'd by every reader as such. Philo of

Abraham, p. 374.

His darling Son.] This fage had by his wife a legitimate, only-be-loved son, comely in his person, and a sine genius. for even then his parts appear'd as bright as it he had been at full age: so that his father was fond of him, not so much out of natural affection, as from a stronger inflint, his love to those virtues, he distinguish'd in his child.

Ver. 21. To export the passon aulou.] Upon the top of his staff.] the Hebrew is Vajischthabhou hal tosch hammittah, he lean'd back upon the bed's-head; in the posture of one that had been tired with sitting upright. so in the 1 Kings i. 47. after David had receiv'd the congratulatory addresses of his nobles, he lean'd back upon his bed, having given audience in a sitting posture, as Jacob receiv'd Joseph, Gen. xlviii. 2. the Vulgate has adoravis Deum conversus ad leituli caput. Aquila, apportunement em xapann the xasuns. Jonathan, he worshipp'd Israel at the bed's-head. all of them agreeing in the signification of the Hebrew world Mittah. which makes it probable the Lxx originally had tou apasituo or apassatuo, which signifies a centh or sophi. otherwise the Lxx were certainly in a mistake, which the author of this epistle follow'd for want of being acquainted with the Hebrew. see M. Le Clerc's learned commentary upon the place.

Ver. 23, 24. Tennatis our of this evitus of the specimen action tean new tolling, we ran tow tou the announcement, en' of our old the new tous popels adorned

Tensiotes de the haireire control of the tensiotes of the the haireire control of the tension of tension of the tension of the tension of tension o

The child from his birth show'd fomething extraordinary in his mein; so that his parents try'd all they could to elude the king's edict. Philo's life of Mojes.

His afpect was beautifully noble: and Pharaolt's daughter feeing him thrive to extraordinarily, was the more taken with his comelinets, and made him pais for her fon, having artfully beforeζατίρος τεχνασασα προτερον, ένα Ινηπος, αλλα ων ύποβολιμαίος νομιτθη. 1b. pag. 605.

Ο δε επ' αυδον εθασας πεν όρον της αρθρωπινης ευδυχας, και δυγαβριόνους μεν που ποσυδου βασιλεως νομισθείς της δε παρβριάς αρχις όσον ευδεπιο γερονως ελ ποι παις α πίδον διαδόχος, και τι γαραλλ' η νεος βασιλευς προπαγορευσμένος, την συβμικήν και προγονικήν εξηλωσε παιδείαν, πα μεν που ειτποιηπαμένων αγαδα, και ει λαμπροδερα καιροίς, νοδα είκαι υπόλαβων τα δε συστι γονεων, ει και προς ολιγον αρανεσθεία, οικια γουν και βνησια. ib. p. 607.

Kai jae n paeis n mulboun, TEXAN AGY GROUPS LEGI GOLON OR-ण्य रहीस प्रकारण है देखारी बड़. अपीय की eulov miouler i Gequousis meidominelai, young yonnat ou utmolegness: Nat unge somenou des Μωυσην προς συν πεθέρα, επε-LEIKPUE TOUJOV KAI WG OFFISTIE бабоже, е кал вочинам Овои MH TO SEL THE LOGS SYTHE HOU! THESE AUarales Lauren THE TE EXECUTE. " प्रवादीय प्रावश्चम प्रद्र विद्रावर प्रवाद क्रेडव-" । भवावी द्वाप्रदारा, जैवण्यवताका वि " वर्णीवर एका जवादक कार परण करीब-" แอบ วุสภูริเวร. ธ์แสบใหร และ ที่ๆก-वदायम् मदानेत् मनामन्द्रप्रदेशः साई θε συς βασιλείας διαθόχου." ταυξα λερουσα, ταις του παζρος ्रहरूताए इसीरजेमला या द्विष्डदेवर : व दि ALBOY 241 TPOTTERVITALLETOS XAπα φιλοφρονησιν χαζιν της δυζα-१९२८, इलागीमवार क्याप् ए ठीकीमүла. хатафереі в в Мынтия вів THY JAY, TERIBLOURYOS QUTO NATO intiother ducky, enterine te auτο τοις ποσι. και τουτο εδοξες οιырор ет ту вальна фесегу.

hand put on the appearance of a big-belly, that he might be thought her gennine, and not a supposititions child.

Tho' he was arrived at the top of human grandeur, accounted the grandfon of a king, voted to succeed to the throne by the univerfal wishes of the people, and had no other title than that of the young king; yet he followed the hereditary customs of his ancestors, looking upon the enjoyments of his adoptive parents, how splendid soever they were, as spurious: and the fortunes of his natural parents, tho' so low at present, as whit was more proper and genuine.

An immense variety of infant charms attracted the eye of the spectator, thus adorn'd, Thermetis adopts him for her fon, not having any of her own. in process of time, the carries Moles to her father, prefents him to him as one defign'd for a successor, in case providence did not blefs her with a boy of her own: and thus address'd him. " this child, divincly fair without. " and nobly form'd within, I have " miraculously receiv'd from the " courtefy of the river, with the " defign of adopting him for my " fon, and your fuccesfor," this faid, the deliver'd the infant to her father's arms. he takes the boy, grasps it to his breast. and out of complacency to his daughter, puts his own diadem upon the child's head. but Mofes threw it to the ground, then roll'd it about with childish sport, and kick'd' it with his feet. which was look'd upon as ominous to the Fof. lib. ii. c. 7. §. 7. kingdom.

Vcr. 29. —They passed through the red sea as by dry land, which the Egyptians attempting to do, were drowned. Philo and Josephus describe this passage with pompous circumstances, not to be found in the Hebrew copys now extant. and both agree, the catastrophe of the Rr 2 Egyptians

Egyptians was univerfal, not so much as a link-man having escaped, to carry home the news of the disaster. but fosephus endeavours to soften the colouring, or rather to touch the piece in Chiaro-oscuro.

Egro mer wis Eupor er tale lepals BIBLOIS OUTES EXACTOR TEUTOR mapedone. Janua (et de unders ידע אפשטע אם אינובלשלפטים בו מסי raisis and portois sal monnois a-Arteoic fueedu amuriac ogoc kat dia banacons, site katabounn-OF OFOU, ETE MAT CUTOMATON : όποτε και τοις πιεί του Αλεξαν-Spor 700 Benista THE Maridarias YSES KALTEWAY PROPERTY UTTO YOU PHIT TO MALIZUATOR MILESOS. ROLL όժŝν αλλην ουχ ε<u>ρ</u>ουσι παρεσ<u>ρ</u>φ אין או מעדטע, אפרעאעטענ דאי חבףвые прешивая то Эгон Эгон-SHATES . XCH TRUTO TREPTES OLIONOμυσιν οι τας Αλεξανδοου πραξεις ou la vauevoi. Repluev our rou-TOUT LES SHOUSTED SOXEL STORAKBE-Parc. Josephus's Antiquities, lib. ii. near the end.

Thus I have deliver'd every circumstance as I found it in the facred books. nor let any one look upon the relation, as incredible, that our ancestors, who were men of virtue, should find a wav to escape thro' the sea, whether it was effected by the divine interpolition, or the spontaneous operation of nature. especially, considering how the Pamphylian fea, not long ago, retreated before the army of Alexander King of Macedon, and left them the only way they had to march, providence having design'd to make him the instrument of overthrowing the Pertian empire: an event which all his historians have recorded. but every one is at liberty to follow his own opinion.

However, by Plutarch's account of this expedition, it appears, there's no comparison to be made between Alexander's passage, and that of Moses. his words are these:

H THE Happuniae mapadeaum mondois papers two isoppiece ino-Desis yeapien mpos extinting sels office, of Beig the two two, mapagagnouse Antardop the Bedatsel, adder asi transist extedayous prosperopermy, stanios of het out the individual mai maperphysic into the execution tai maperphysic the offithe to jour diagonumes. Out the preter to jour diagonumes. Out the transist of the transisting of the tra The Pamphylian expedition has prov'd a fine sheme for historians to flourish, and make Fools stare with their bombast: as if the sea had miraculously pav'd the way for Alexander: which always came rowling in upon the craggy cliffs, and seldom let the breakers show their heads above water. Menander in his Comedy snears at this paradoxical event,

Ως Αλεανί φωθες ηθη του]ο! καν ζη]» πνα

Aυ] अध्या : १६०० ज्या १६० विकास अध्या है। -

Δια δαλασσης δεη παον πν', δυτος ες αι μοι βείος. How Alexandriac this! I want a

He's here spontaneous.—I must pass thro' fea.—

No sooner said than done,—the way is clear.

Aulos de Adekardios en teis emolodais ouder tocollor teraleuculievos, odonomou guent tur depouteur Kainaus, nui deadeir
oemous en daonaldes

But Alexander in his epifiles, does not rattle with any fuch prodigy: all he fays is, he left Phafelis, and march'd by mount Climax. Plutarch's life of Alexander.

See the learned Differtation of M. Le Clerc de Maris Idumei trajectione, at the end of his commentary upon the Pentateuch; and Philo

of Mefes's Life, book ii. and iii.

What is quoted above from Philo, is fufficient to give a talte of the myflical divinity, which was so much in vogue in his time, that the apostles thought it proper to accommodate themselves to the genius of the age. and probably the author of the epiftie to the Hebrews. whoever he was, gave into the allegorical way with less reluctance for having read Phile's writings, which were all publish'd before any part of the new testament appear'd. for Puito was an elderly man, when he was sent to Rome on an embally to Caligula, from the Alexandrian Jews, which happen'd A. D. 39. about fix years after the death of Christ. a few years after he went upon a like commission to Claudius, when his reputation was so great, and his reception so honourable, his works were thought worthy of being lodg'd in the public library. the purity of his diction, the dignity of his fentiments, the refin'd vein of his merality, and the compais of his learning, were for diffinguished, he pass'd for another PLATO: so that it is no great wonder, that a primitive writer should borrow from such a master: it is rather a pity, he did not borrow more, and equally marvellous that none of the apostles should take any notice of Philo, nor Philo ever so much as mention either the Messas, or any of his apostles.

Chap. I. 1. Esyalur] soxalur Steph. 5.6. \$. 2. Alexand. Clar. Lincol. Sinah, Laud. 2. Cantab. 3. Magdal. 1. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2, 4. Velef. left. Barbar. 7. Bafil. 2. Leiceft. Seidel. the Complut. ed. Rob. Steph. 12. Origen. Athanafus, Theodoret.

Ver. 3. Δι' [αν' ov] is not in the Alexand. Petav. 3. Roe 2. Colbert. 7.

Vulgate, Æthiopie, Cyril, Euthalius. fee Prol. 991.

Ib. Huer is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic, Cyril. Hierofol.

Ver. 13. Editeig.] Addateig Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) N. Col. 2.

Velef. lect. Tertullian, and the Vulgate. ice Grotius.

Ch. II. 7. Kat nalad -- cov] is not in Cantab. 2, 3. Sinah, Magdal. 1. Lincol. N. Col. 2. Baroc, Barb. 7. Roe 2. Hunting, Covel. 3, 4. Genev.

Ch. III. 6. Μεχρι τελους βεβαιαν] is not in Calaritan, nor the Æthiopic, nor in the old Latin version. Dr. Mills thinks it a marginal Scholium to την παρβησιαν. fee Prol. 1208.

Ch. VI. 10. Tou x0200] is not in Steph. 6. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Roe 2. Velef. lect. Covel. 2. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Chrysostom, nor any of the Greek commentators.

Ch. VIII. 4. Two seesaw] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Colbert. 7.

nor the Vulgare.

Ver. 11. Пацеюч.] толііць Steph. 2. 12. Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Genev. Colbert. 7. Cantab. 2., 3. Lincol. Laud. 2. Baroc. Roe 2. Magdal. 2. Petav. 2., 3. Hunting. 1. Covel. 3., 4. N. Col. Sinah, Leiceft. Bafil.

Bafil. 2. Seidel, the Complutenf. ed. and two first of Rob. Steph. the Vulgate, Coptic, Syriac, Arabic, Augustin, Theodoret, and some MSS. copys of Chrysostom.

Ib. As(ws) is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Coyel. 2. Laud. 2. Colbert. 7. Cantab. 2. Vulgate, Cyprian, Chryfoftom.

Ch. IX. 9. Kab' \$v.] Alexand. Clar. Colbert. 7. fome old MSS. mention'd by Beza, the Vulgate, Occumentus. fee Prol. 1046.

Ver. 9. O Θεος] is not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Colbert. 7. Lincoln. Æthiopic, Coptic. 6 Θεος μου N. Col. 2. Laud. 2.

Complut. cd.

Ver. 10. Ka:] is not in Alexand. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. and Steph. 6. Alexand. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Covel. 2. the Syriac, and the old Latin version read δικαιωμαΐα for δικαιωμασι. see Prol. 1355.

Ver. 12. Oulos.] Alexand. Clar. Germ. Syriac, Arabic, Chrysostom. Ver. 14. Aιωνίου.] άξιου Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Lincol. Baroc. Veles. Icet. Barb. 4. Roe 2. Petav. 1, 2. Covel. 2. the Vulgate, Coptic, Chrysostom, Idacius. αιωνίου is not render'd by the Æthiopic.

Ver. 15. Hossiphusvai.] siphusvai Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Roc 2. N. Col. 2. Hunting. 1. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. Vulgate,

Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Chrysostom, Theophylact.

Ver. 16. Την διανοιάν.] Alexand. Clar. Colbert. 7. Roc 2. Covel. 2. Ver. 17. Δυΐων] is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Baroc. Barb. 3. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2. Colinzus, Froben, Aldus, Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic.

Ver. 30. Asses Kupsos] is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Col-

bert. 7. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic.

Ib. Πισίωσε μου.] Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic, Cyprian, Eusebius, Theodoret. Comment. in Hab. μου is trans-

pos'd in the Alexand. Sixaios mov. see Prol. 932.

Ver. 34. Δεσμοις μου.] δεσμιοις Steph. ε.τ. Alexand. Clar. Gr. (vineulis corum Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat.) Roe 2. Veles. lect. Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic, Chrysostom, Theophylact. Estius, Grotius and others think this the true reading, as agreeable to ch. xiii. ver. 3. μομνησκεσθε των δεσμιου. δεσμιους was easily chang'd to δεσμους, says Estius; and μου was added, no doubt, by one that had a mind to father the epistle upon Paul, says Dr. Mills. see Prol. 646.

Ih. 120/1006.] Steph. S. c. Alexand. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Hunting. 1. Vulgate, Syriac, 'Arabic, Æthiopic, Clemens Alex. fee Dr. Mills.

Ib. Ev oupgroos] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Colbert. 7. Velef. lect. Vulgate, Æthiopic, Coptic, Clemens Alexand. Dr. Mills thinks it crept from the margin.

Ch. XI. 3. Ta Bretomera] to Bretomeror Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat.

Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Colbett. 7. Clemens Alexand. p. 364.

Ver. 4. Aassilau.] Aassi Steph. 5. 8. Alexand. Covel. 2, 4. Baroc, Barb. 1. Roe 2. Petav. 2. Genev. Lincoln. Aldus, Froben, Vulgaic, Syriac, Clemens Alexand. Epiphan. Chrysostom, Theodoret, Theophylact. see Gen. iv. 12. Heb. xii. 24. and Prol. 629.

Ver. 8. & nahoumevos.] Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) the

Vulgate, Theodorer. see Dr. Mills a. l.

Ver. 11. Elexev] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.) Colbert. 7. Vulgate, Æthiopic, 'tis best omitted, tays Grotius.

Ver.

Ver. 12. 66 3 ap.] Alexand. Roe 2. Baroc. Magda 1. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Hunting. 1. Leiceft. Cantab. 2. Complutentian edition.

1b. if Rupe To XBIAGE] is not in Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Tat. nor the

Æthiopic.

Ver. 13. Και πεισθενίες] is not in Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Gen. Gr. Lat. Sinah, Magdal. 1. Covel. 3, 4. Cantab. 2, 3. Lincol. N. Co. 2. Baroc. Laud. 2. Roe 2. Petav. 1, 2. Hunting. 1. Colbert. 7. Leicen. Baill. 2. Velef. lect. Complutentian ed. Colinæus, the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Arabic, Coptic, Jerom, Chrysostom, Theodoret, Theophylact, Occumenius, who cites Photius, as using και πεισθ. by way of explication to ασπασαμενοι.

Ver. 18. 67:] is not in Clar. Germ. Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Chry-

foftom.

Ver. 20. Hep.] nat rep: Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat. (Gr.)

Colbert. 7. Vulgate, Theodoret.

Ver. 37. Επειρασθησαν] is not in N. Col. 2. Basil. 2. Syriac, Æthiopic, Eusebius Prap. Evang. I. 12. c. 10. Chrysostom, Theophylact, nor in Origen Ep. ad African. and Comment. on Mat. but it is in Homil. 14. on Jerem. and in lib. 7. contr. Celfum. Erasmus, Beza, and Grotius think it adventitious. Fr. Junius thinks it should be επυρασθησαν, they were burnt. Tan. Faber επηρωθησαν, they suffer'd the loss of their limbs. Gataker επρησθησαν, they were burnt. but almost all the MSS. agree in the common reading.

Ch. XII. 10. Evoxyay.] this is a quotation from the Lxx, which runs thus, my tic solw to thus hita and Quousa so xony nat timple, left there should spring up among you a root as bitter as GALL. this is undoubtedly the true reading there, but possibly the author of the epistle thought fit to substitute suoxyay for xony, as hedd some for with, ch. x. s. for all the MSS, both Greek and Latin, unanimously read suoxyay, tho' Dr. Mills thinks they have all copied the mistake of some very antient

transcriber. see Prol. 495.

Ver. 18. Opsi is not in the Alexand. Clar. Lat. Germ. Lat. Roe 2. nor in many MSS. mention'd by Erasmus, nor in the Syriac, Æthio.

pic, Coptic, Chrysostom, Theophylact. see Prol. 1071.

Ver. 20. H Bodie unla establistic lis not in the Alexand. Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Gr. Lat. Lincol. N. Col. 2. Baroc. Laud. 2. Cantab. 2, Roe 2. Magdal. 1. Colbert. 7. Petav. 1, 2. Covel. 2, 3, 4. Genev. Hunting. 1. Sinah, Leicest. Gonvil. Vienna, Seidel, the Complut. ed. the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Coptic, Chrysostom, Euthalius, Theodoret, Theophylact, nor Occumenius. 'twas a Scholium from Exod. xix. 13. see Prol. 991.

Ver. 24. Kestelovi Steph. 5. 2. 6.16. the Alexand. Baroc. Laud. 2. Hunting. 1. Genev. Lincol. Covel. 2. Leiceft. N. Col. 2. the Complut. ed. Aldus, Velef. lect. Vulgate, Syriac, Chrysostom, Chronic. Alexand.

Ver. 26. Com.) seison Steph. e. Alexand. Roe 2. Velef. lect. Vulgate, Syriae, Arabic, Æthiopic, and Lxx. seiso, Aefet, Clar. Gr. Lat. Germ. Lat.

Ch. XIII. 21. Tow answer] is not in Clar. Gr. Laud. 2. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2. Leicest. Scidel, Complut. Ed. Colinaus, Clemens Alex. Theodoret.

N. B. The Bornerian MS. not being mention'd among the various lections of this pittle, the reader might conclude, there is a different reading in the matter of the reader might conclude, there is a different reading in the state of the state of the epittle to the Hebrews is not contained therein; not only its authority, but its author, being looked spon as uncertain by the antient church, especially the Western nurch. certain it is, no one Fasher of the two first centuries ever quoted any part of this epittle, except Clemens Alexandrinus, who indiscriminately quotes the suppositious, as well as the genuine writings of those ages, and was so little vers'd in critical literature, he imagin'd the epittle was originally writ in Hobres. Augustin, An.412. says, its authority was still question'd. however, the Monks of the fifth century admitted it as canonical; but by what motives is still a fecret.



THE

τ Α Κ Ω Β Ο Υ

GENERAL EPISTLE

O P

EHIETOAH KAOOAIKH.

T A M E

ΑΚΩΒΟΣ Θεου και Χασίου Κυριου Ιπσου δουλος. Ταις δωδεκα ουλαις ταις εν τη διασπορα. xalpelv.

Πασαν χαραν ήγησασθε, αδελφοι μου, όταν πειρασ-3 HOIC REPLIEGINE TOLKINDIC: [1νωσκονίες, ότι το δοκιμιον ύμων της πισίεως καιερραζε-4 ται ύπομονην, ή δε ύπομονη ECTOV TEXELOV EXERCY, iva nis TEXELOL KAL OXOKXMPOL, EV HMδενι λειπομενοι.

Ει δε τις ύμων λειπείαι σοφιας, αθείω παρα του διδονίος Θεου πασιν άπλως και μη ονειδίζονλος, και δο-6 θησείαι αυίω. વ્યાદાયા છે. દમ πισθει, μπδεν διακρινομενος, ο γαρ διακοινομένος ερίκε κλυδωνι θαπασσης ανεμιζομενω 7 και ρίπιζομενώ. μη γαρ οιεσθω ο ανθρωπος εκεινος ότι ληψείαι τι παρα του Kuριου. ανηρ διψυχος, Vol II. Tag-

AMES a servant of 1 God and of the Lord Jesus Christ, to the TWELVE TRIBES dispers'd thro' the world, sends greeting.

Consider the various tryals 2 that surround you, my brethren, as matter of great joy; knowing this, that the bringing your faith to the test, produces constancy. but constancy 4. should be brought to its perfection, that you may be entirely accomplished, without any defeEt.

If any of you is deficient in 5 prudence, let bim ask it of God, who liberally gives to all without upbraiding: and be will give it. but let bim 6 be fully perfuaded of the lawfulness of what he asks: for be that is diffident about that, is like the waves that fluttuate with the wind. Such a man 7 must not expect any answer from the Lord. a diffident

Τασίαλος εν πασαις ταις ό-

9 Καυχασθω δε ό αδελφος ό Ταπεινος εν τω ύψει αυ10 Του, ό δε πλουσιος, εν τη Ταπεινωσει αυίου, ότι ως ανθος χορίου παρελευσείαι.
11 ανείειλε γαρ ό πλιος συν τω καυσωνι, και εξπρανε τον χορτον, και το ανθος αυίου εξεπεσε, και ή ευπρεπεια του προσωπου αυίου απωλείο, όυλω και ό πλουσιος εν ταις πορειαις αυίου μαρανθησείαι.
12 μακαριος ανηρ ός ύπομενει πειρασμον, ότι δοκιμος γενομενος ληψείαι τον σίεφανον

της ζωπς, όν επηγειλαίο ό Κυριος τοις αγαπωσιν αυίον. 13 Μηδεις πειραζομένος λέγετω, ότι απο του Θεου πει-

ραζομαι, ο γαρ Θεος απειρασίος εσίι κακων, πειραζει 14δε αυίος ουδενα. έκασίος δε

πειραζείαι, ύπο της ιδιας επιθυμιας εξελκομενος και δε-

15 λεαζομενος. είλα ή επιθυμια συλλαβουσα Τικλει άμαρλιαν, ή δε άμαρλια απολελεσθεισα

αποκυεί θαναίον.

16 Μη πλανασθε αδέλφοι μου

17 αγαπηίοι. πασα δοσις αγαθη, και παν δωρημα Τελείον αναθεν εσίι, καίαβαινον απο του παίρος των φωίων, παρώ ουκ ενι παραλλαγη, η τροθεις απεκυησεν ήμας λογω αθεις απεκυησεν ήμας λογω α-

ληθειας, εις το ειναι ήμας α-

man is inconstant in all his actions.

Let bim that is poor triumph 9 in the advantages of being a christian. let the rich be bum- 10 bled by bis inflability: for be is as transitory us a flower in the field. the sun is un and II darts its rays, the grass is wither'd, its flowers droop, and all their beautiful appearance vanishes away, just so the rich man fades with all bis projects. bappy is be that 12 can stand the tryal: for when be bas undergone the wit, be shall receive that crown of life which the Lord has promifed to those that love him.

Let no man under tempta-13
tion, fax, it is God that tempts
bim; for as he is incapable of
moral evil, he can't influence
any one thereto. a man is in-14
fligated and drawn into the
fnare by his own vicious paffions, which once induly'd,
are productive of fin, and the 15
genuine offspring of fin is
death.

Don't be deluded, my bre-16 thren; wery thing that is 17 valuable, every gift that leads to perfection is deriv'd from beaven, it descends from that original light, which knows no change, no shadow, or decline: 'tis be that has volun-18 tarily renew'd us by the oracles of truth, that we might

παν**χην Τινά των άυδου κδισ**μα**δον.**

γ Ωσίε, αδελφοι μου αγαπηίοι, εσίω πας ανθρωπος
Ταχυς εις το ακουσαι, βραδυς εις το λαλησαι, βραδυς
20 εις οργην. οργη γαρ ανδρος,
δικαιοσυνην Θεσυ ου καίσοτα-

δικαιοσυνην Θεού ου καθεργα-21 ζείαι. διο αποθεμενοι πασαν ρυπαριαν και περισσειαν κακιας, εν πραϋτηλι δεξασθε τον εμφυλον λογον, τον δυναμενον σωσαι τας ψυχας ύμων.

22 Γινεσθε δε ποιπίαι πογου, και μη μονον ακροαίαι, πα23 ραπογιζομενοι έαυίους. ότι ει τις ακροαίας πογου εσίι και ου ποιπίας, όυίος εοικεν ανδρι καίανοουλίι το προσωπον της γενεσεως άυίου εν εσοπίρω:
24 καίενοπσε γαρ έαυίου, και α-

πελπλυθε, και ευθεως επελα25 θε ο όποιος ην. ο δε παρακυψας εις νομον τελειον τον
της ελευθεριας, και παραμεινας (ουθος) ουκ ακροαθης
επιλησμονης γενομένος, αλλα
ποιηθης εργου, ουθος μακαριος
εν τη ποιησει άυθου εσθαι.

26 Ει τις δοκει θεπσκος ειναι, μη χαλιναρωρων ρλωσσαν αυθου, αλλ απαθων καρδιαν αυθου, τουθου μαλαιος ή θεπαλος παρα τιο Θεω και παθοι, αυθη εσθεν, επισκεπτεσθαι ορφανους και χηρας εν τη θλιψει αυθων, ασπιλον εχυθον τηρειν απο του κοσμου. Α-

be the first converts of the new creation.

Wherefore, my dear bre-19 thren, let every one be eager to hear, averse to contradiction, and deaf to passion. for 20 he that is not dispassionate is a stranger to the practice of true virtue. throw off then your 21 vices as dregs and scum: and receive with docility that genuine doctrine, which is effectual to your salvation.

Don't delufively content 22 your selves with being of the audience, but put what you bear in practice: for a bare 23 auditor without practice is like one who sees his image form'd by a mirror: be takes 24 a view, turns away, and instantly loses his appearance. whereas, be that attentively 25 considers the perfect law of liberty, and is attach'd thereto, he is not a forgetful bearer, but reduces it to practice. and his conduct is crown'd with bapiness.

If a person of an ungo-26 vernable tongue pretends to religion, he abuses himself: for his religion is meer illusion, pure and unadulterated 27 religion, in the eye of God our father, consists in taking care of orphans and widows in their distress: and in keeping clear of the vices of the age.

Si 2 My

Αδελφοι μου, μη εν προσωποληψιαις εχ: ! ε την πιστιν του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου 2 Χοισίου της δοξης. εαν ταρ εισελθη εις την συναγωτην ύμων ανηρ χρυσοδακίυλιος εν εσθηλι λαμπρα, εισελθη δε και πίωχος εν ρυπαρα εσθη-2 TI, KAI ETIBLEWATE ETI TON Φορουνία την εσθηία την λαμπραν, και ειπηλε αυλω. συ καθου ώδε καλως, και τω જો ωχω ειπηλε, συ σληθι εκει, η καθου ώδε ύπο το ύποπο-4. διον μου. και ου διεκριθήλε εν Eavlois, Kai ereveous Keilai diαλογισμών πονηρών ? άκουσαλε, αδελφοι μου αγαπηλοι, ουχ ο Θεος εξελιξαίο τους πλωχους του κοσμου πλουσιους εν πισίει, και κληρονομους της βασιλειας ής επηςτειλαίο τοις αταπωσιν αυ-TOV ? ULEIS OF MILLAGAIS TOV πίωχον. ουχ όι πλουσιοι καλαδυνασλευουσιν ύμων, και αυδοι έλκουσιν ύμας εις κριη τηςια? ουκ αυίοι βλασφη-

κληθεν εφ' ύμας ?

8 Ει μενίοι νομον Τελεί ε βασιλικόν, καία την γραφην,
αγαπησεις τον πλησιον σου
ώς σεαυίον, καλως ποιεί ε.
9 ει δε προσωποληπίει ε. ά-

μουσι το καλου ουομα το επι-

9 ει σε προσωποληπιείε, αμαρίιαν εργαζεσθε, ελεγχομενοι ύπο του νομου ώς παρα10 βαίαι οσίκ γαρ όλον τον
νομον τηρησεί, πίαισει δε εν

My bretbren, let not your christian profession be accompanied with partiality. when 2 any one, adorn'd with a gold ring, and a splendid dress, enters into your affembly; and a poor man comes in mean's babited: if you should re- 3 spectfully say to the suit of fine cloths, fit you there, that's for quality; and to the poor man, sland thou there, or place your felf at my feet: bave not you made 4 an arbitrary diffinition, don't your judgments flow from a vicious principle? confider, 5 my dear bretbren, bas not God chose the poor of this world to be rich by faith, and to inherit the kingdom he bas promised to those who love bim? but you, who de- 6 spise the poor, are not you oppress d by the rich? is it not they who drag you to their tribunals? they who 7 blaspheme that sacred name by which you are distinguisb'd?

If, agreeably to the scrip- 8 tures, you observe that royal law, "thou shalt love thy "neighbour as thy self;" you do well, but partiality 9 is iniquity; and the lawwill convict the offender of transgression, for he that violates 10 but one precept of the whole law, is as obnoxious to punish-

11 ένι, Γερονε πανίων ενοχος. ὁ ραρ είπων, μη μοιχευσης, ειπε και, μη φονευσης. ει δε ου μοιχευσεις, φονευσεις δε, 12 ρετονας παραβαίης νομου. ὁυΤω λαλείξε, και όυλω ποιειΤ, ώς δια νομου ελευθεριας 13 μ. λλονίς κρινισθαι. ή ραρ κισις ανιλεως τω μη ποιησανίι ελεος, καίακαυχαίαι ελος κρισεως.

14 Τι το οφελος, αδελφοι μου, εαν πισλιν λεγή Τις εxelv, eppa de un exp? un Suvalat in Tiolic owoat au-15 TOV? EAV DE ADERDOS NAδέλφη γυμνοι ύπαρχωσι, και λειπομένοι ωσι της εφημέρου 16 TOOMIC, ELAN DE TIC AUTOIC EE ύμων, ύπας είε εν ειρηνη, θερμαινεσθε και χορλαζεσθε, μπ δω δε αυδοις τα επιδηθεία του σωμαίος, τι το οφελος? 17 ουλω και ή πισλις, εαν μη εργα εχη, νεκρα εσλι καθ εαυλην. 18 αλλ' ερει Τις, "συ πισλιν εχεις, κατω ερτα εχω, " δειξον μοι την πισλιν σου εκ των εργων σου, κατω " δειξω σοι εκ των εργων " Τι,καλως ποιεις,και τα δαιment, as if he had broke thro' all the reft. he that II faid, "do not commit adul-"tery," faid too, "do not "kill." though you should not commit adultery, yet if you kill, you are a transgressor of the law. speak and act as 12 those, who are to be judged by the law of liberty. for 13 he that has not shewed mercy, shall be condemn'd without mercy: while the merciful shall triumph at his trial.

What advantage is it, my 14 bretbren, for a man to fay be bas faith, if he bas no beneficence? can such a faith save bim? suppose one of 15 your brethren should be destitute of cloths, and of his daily nourishment, and one of 16 you should thus address him; " go and prosper, I wish you " a warm fire, and a full " meal:" without relieving bis wants, would be be the better for your wish? just so 17 faith, if it be not operative, is intirely liseless. it will be 18 faid, " you have a specula-" tive faith, but mine is " practical. where is your " saith, if no effects appear? " as for me, my actions will " youch for my faith. you 19 " believe there is but one " God, very well: the de-" inons

" μονια

* That is, the gospel, which was delign'd to deliver men from all their prejudices, and vicious passions,

" μονια πισθευουσι, και φρισ-"σουσι."

20 Θελεις δε γνωναι, ω αν-ODENTE KEVE, OTI IN TIGTIC XWριά των εργων νεκρα εσίιν? 21 Αβρααμ ο παίπο ήμων ουκ εξεριων εδικαιωθη, ανενεικας Ισαακ τον ύιον αύλου επι το 22 θυσιασθηριου? βλεπεις ότι ή πισλις συνηργεί τοις εργοις αυλου, και εκ των εργων ή 22 πισδις εδελειωθη? και επληρωθη ή γραφη ή κεγουσα, επισίευσε δε Αβρααμ τω " Θεω, και ελογισθή αυλώ " εις δικαιοσυνην, και φιλος 24" SEOU EKAMON." OPATE TOIνυν ότι εξ εργων δικαιουλαι ανθρωπος, και ουκ εκ πισίεως 2 5 MOVOV. όμοιως δε και Ρααβ ή πορνη ουκ εξ εργων εδικαιωθη, υποδεξαμενή τους αγγελους, και έτερα οδω εκβα-26 λουσα? ώσπερ γαρ το σωμα χωρις πνευμαλος νεκρον εσίω, όυλω και πισλις χωρις

 Μη πολλοι διδασκαλοι [ινεσθε, αδελφοι μου, ειδοίες ότι μιζον κριμα ληγομέθα.
 πολλα [αρ πίαιομεν απαν-

των εργων νεκρα εσίι.

" mons believe as much, and tremble."

Vain man, must I show you 20 bow lifeless a thing faith is, without its effects? was not 21 our father * Abraham treated as just, in consequence of bis actions, when he had attempted to sacrifice his son upon the altar? don't you see bis actions 22 and his faith conspir'd, and that his faith had its perfect effect in bis conduct? it was 23 then, that those words of scripture were accomplished. " Abrabam believed God, " and he was regarded for " it as a man of virtue, and " | was the + favourite of " God." you see then, that 24 a man is accounted just for bis actions, and not for his bare faith. was it not likewise 2.5 for ber actions, that Rabab, formerly a loofe liver, was accounted as just, for having entertain'd the messengers of Joshuab, and dismis'd them the securest way? as the 26 body then without the foul is a meer carcase, so faith without its effeils is lifelefs.

My brethren, don't affect 1 many of you to be doctors, confidering, that those of us who are such, shall be tried with the greater severity. for we 2

TEC.

* Gen. xxii. 16, 17, 18. see Grotius.

cvi. 31. Maccab. ii. 52. see Grotius.

Hebraism, meaning no more than was. see Isa.i. 26. ix. 5. xlviii. 8.

kii. 4. Jer. xxxiii. 16. Ezech. xlviii. 35.

‡ Gen. xxii. 12.

EL TICEN NOTO OU MICHEL ουίος τελειος ανηρ, δυναίος χαλιναςως πσαι και όλου το ειδε, των ίππων 3 σωμα. τους χαλινους εις τα σίουατα βαλλομέν προς το πειθεσθαι αυλους ήμιν, και όλον το σωμα αυλων μελαγομεν. 4 ιδου, και τα πλοια τηλικαυία ονία, και ύπο σκληρων ανεμων ελαυνομένα, μετατείαι ύπο ελαχισίου πηδαλιου, όπου αν ή ορμη του 5 ευθυνονίος βουληίαι. και ή Γλωσσα μικρου μελος εσλι, και μεταλαυχει. ιδου, סאורטי שטף אואואחט טאחט מ-6 ναπίει. και ή γλωσσα πυρ, ο κοσμος της αδικιας, ούδως ή γλωσσα καθισίαίαι εν τοις μελεσιν ήμων, ή σπιλουσα όλον το σωμά, και φλοτιζουσα τον τροχον της Γενεσεως, και φλογιζομενη ύπο 7 The reevune. Taga rap quσις θηριών τε και πελεινών, ερπείων Τε και εναλιων, δαμαζείαι και δεδαμασίαι τη φυσει τη ανθρωπινη. Την δε γλωσσαν ουδεις δυναλαι ανθρωπων δαμασαι, ακαλασ-

are all liable to frequent miftakes. he that does not give loo great a loose to bis tongue, is an accomplish'd person and fit to moderate the whole church. you see how manage- 3 able borses are made by the application of a bit, which makes them take what motion we please. a ship too of 4 the greatest burthen, tho' the wind bears bard, by means of an inconsiderable belm. veers about as the hand of the pilot directs her. so the 5 tongue is but a small part of the body, yet bow grand are its pretensions. a spark of fire! what quantities of timber will it blow into a flame? the tongue is a brand that sets 6 the world in a combustion: it is but one of the numerous organs of the body, yet it can blast whole assemblies: tipp'd with infernal sulpbur it sets the whole train of life in a blaze. * creatures of every 7 kind, beasts, birds, reptiles, and sea-monsters, are frequently tamed by buman industry, but who could ever 8 tame the + tongue? arm'd wilb

XElov

* Βραχυ τοι σθενος ανερος Αλλα ποικιλιαις πραπιδων Δαμα Φυλα πονίου, Χθονιων τ' αεριων τε παιδευμαία.

Euripides Æol. 1.

Weak man by subtle arts extends his rule: Sca-monsters, beasts, and birds, are brought to school.

† Pfal. cxl. 4. Ecclef. x. 14. Cleanthes. Kanoupfoispou ouder diastans

χείον κακον, μεσίη ιου θανατηφορου.

9 Εν αυίη ευλογουμεν τον Θεον και παίερα, και εν αυτη καίαρωμεθα τους ανθρωπους τους καθ όμοιωσιν Θεου
10 σερονοίας. εκ του αυίου σίομαίος εξερχείαι ευλογια και
καίαρα ε ου χρη, αδελφοι
μου, ταυία ουίω γινεσθαι.
11 μηίι ή πηγη εκ της αυίης οπης βρυει το γλυκυ και το
12 πικρον ε μη δυναίαι, αδελφοι
φοι μου, συκη ελαιας ποιησαι, η αμπελος συκα ε ουτως ουδε άλυκον γλυκυ ποιησαι υδωρ.

Τις σοφος και επισίπμων EV UMUY? BELEATOS EK TING KAλης ανασΙροφηςτα εργα άυ-14 του εν πραθτηλι σοφιας. ει DE EMILON TIKDON EXELE KALI Eριβειαν εν τη καρδια ύμων, un kalakauxaole kai weuδεσθε καλα της αληθειας. 15 OUK เอาไม ส่นไท ที่ ฮออุเล สมผ-BEN KATEPXOHENT, ANN ETIL-**Γειος, Ψυχικη, δαιμονιωδης.** 16οπου γαρ ζηλος και εριθεια, εκει ακαλασλασια και παν 17 φαυλον πραςμα. η δε ανωθεν σοφια πρώδου μεν άγνη eoliv, exeila eipnvikn, exi-ELKAK, EUTELONK, MEGITI ENEOUK και καρπων αςαθων, αδία-18 κρίλος και ανυποκρίλος. TOS DE TINS DIKALIOTUVINS EN ELοπνη σπειρέλαι τοις ποιουσιν ELPHYMY.

with deadly poison, the mischief scorns restraint.

By that we give profe to 9
God the father: and that
pronounces curfes even againft men, who are formed
after the divine refemblance.
from the fame mouth shall 10
blessing and cursing proceed?
this ought not to be practised,
my brethren; does a foun-11
tain throw up salt water and
fresh, by the same conveyance? can a sig-tree, my 12
brethren, produce olives, or
a vine sigs? no more can the
sea yield water that is fresh.

Whoever is a skilful mora-12 list, let bim show by bis virtuous conduct, that he prac-. tises the bumble precepts of wisdom. but if envy and con- 14 tention imbitter your minds, don't think your false pretences can stand against the truth: such wisdom is not 15 derived from beaven; but is terrestrial, sensual, demoniacal. where false zeal, and 16 a spirit of contention reign, there consuston and every vice prevail. but wisdom 17 deriv'd from beaven is first dispassionate, then pacific, equitable, and obsequious: sull of beneficence, and all social virtue, free from partiality, and bypocrify they who cul-18 tivate peace, enjoy the reward of their virtue.

τ Ποθεν πολεμοι και μαχαι εν ύμιν ? ουκ ενίευθεν, εκ των πόδονων ύμων των σίρα ευομενων εν τοις μελεσιν ύμων ? επιθυμείλε, και ουκ εχείε, φονυθε και ζηλούλε, και ου δυνασθε επιθυχείν, μαχεσθε και πολεμιλέ, ουκ εχείε δε, δια το μη αιλεσθαί ύμας. αίλειτε, και ου λαμβανείε, διοίλ κακως αίλεισθς, ίνα εν ταις ήδοναις ύμων δαπανησηίε.

4 Μοιχοι, ουκ οιδαλε ότι ή φιλια του κοσμου, εχθρα του Θεου εσλιν εός αν ουν βουληθή φιλος ειναι του κοσμου, εχθρος του Θεου καμου, εχθρος του Θεου καμου, εχθρος του Θεου καμος ή γραφη λεγει, "προς φθονον επιποθει το πνευμα ό καλωκησεν εν ήμιν ?" 6 μειζονα δε διδωσι χαριν, διο λεγει, "ο Θεος υπερηφανοις ανλιτασσελαι, ταπεινοις δε διδωσι χαριν."

7 Υπολαγηλε ουν τω Θεω, ανλιστηλε τω διαβολω, και 8 φευξελαι αφ' ύμων. εγγισατε τω Θεω, και εγγιει ύμιν, καθαρισαλε χειρας, άμαρλωλοι, και αγνισαλε καρδίας, 9 διψυχοι. ταλαιπωρησαλε, ό

battles, but from the struggle of your sensual passions? you desire, and are disappointed. you breathe slaughter and re- venge for what you cannot obtain. you quarrel and go to war, but without success, because you don't petition for it: and if you did, you would not 3 obtain it, because you wickedly request to have your passions gratified.

Degenerate race, don't you know that friendship with vice is bostility against beaven. be that is a friend to the vicious world, is an enemy to God. or 5 do you imagine that passage of scripture to be insignificant, + "does the spirit that dwells "in you, incite you to vice?" on the contrary, be heaps his favours upon you. wherefore "tis said, + "God defeats the "proud, but is gracious to "the bumble."

Surrender therefore to God, 7 resist the devil, and he will slee from you. address your 8 selves to God, and you will sind him present with you: cleanse your hands, ye sinners; and purify your hearts, you that are distident. he as 9 slitted, he mournful, and weep:

Γελως

* Ex eupiditatibus, odia, dissidia, discordia, seditiones, bella. Ci-

eero de finibus, 1^{ma}. see Josephus lib. xx. † Numb.xi. 29. Gen. vi. 3, 5. ‡ Prov.iii.4. Vol. II. γελως ύμων εις πενθος μείαστραφηίω, και ή χαρα εις κα-10 τηφειαν. ταπεινωθηίε ενωπιον του Κυριου, και ύψωσει ύμας.

11 Μη καίαλαλεί ε αλληλων, αδελφοι, ο καίαλαλων αδελφου άυθου, και κρινών Τον αδελφον άυθου, καίαλαλει νομου, και κρινει νομον, ει δε νομον κρινεις, ουκ ει ποιήθης νομου, 12 αλλα κρίθης. είς εσθιν ο νομοθεθης και κρίθης ο δυναμενος σωσαι και απολεσαι, συ τις ει ος κρινεις τον έτεραν?

13 .. ארב שטע בו אברסטלבה, " סחω μερον τι αυριον πορευσωμεθα εις τηνδε την πολίν. και ποιπσωμέν εκει ενιαυ-Τον ένα, και εμπορευσω-" μεθα, και κερδησωμεν." I 4 OLTIVES OUR ETIGTATO TO THE αυριον, ποια ταρ η ζωη υμων ? aluis rap εσίιν ή προς ολιγον φαινομένη, επείλα δε 15 αφανίζομενη, α:Τι του λεγειν ύμας, εαν ο Κυριος θελη-« ση, και ζησωμεν, και ποιησωμεν Τουίο η εκεινυν δε καυχασθε εν ταις αλαζονειαις ύμων, πασα καυχησις τοιαύλη, πονη-17 ρα εσίιν. ειδοίι ουν καλου ποιειν και μη ποιουνλι, άμαςτια αυίω εσίιν.

weep: let your mirth be converted to sadness, and your joy to vexation. humble 10 your selves before the Lord, and he will raise you up.

Don't, my brethren, treat 11 one another with detraction. be that reflects upon his brother, and censures his brother, reflects upon the law, and censures the law: if you censure the law, instead of obeying it, you set up for a judge, there is but one legis-12 lator, and judge, he that has the power of life and death: who art thou, to pass sentence upon another?

As for you, who affirm, 12 " to-day, or, to-morrow we " will go to such a city, we "will stay there a whole " year, there we will traffic, " and find our account." * bow do you know, what will 14 beppen to-morrow? for, " what is your life?" a vapour that just appears, and then vanishes. your language 15 ought to be this, " if the "Lord pleases to give us " life, we shall do this, or " that." you triumph in your 16 vain projects, but your prefumption is vicious, be then 17 that knows what is virtuous, and does not practife it, is a criminal.

Αγε νυν δι πλουσιοι, κλαυσαλε ολολυζονλες επι ταις Ταλαιπωριαις ύμων Ταις ε-2 περχομεναις. ὁ πλουίος ύμων σεσηπε, και τα ίμαλια ύμων σηλοβρωλα γεγονέν. ό χουσος ύμων και ὁ αργυρος Kaliwlai, Kai o ios aulwy eis μας ου ούμιν εσίαι, και φαγείαι τας σαρκας ύμων ώς πυρ, ο εθησαυρισαίε εν εσχα-4 ταις ήμεραις. ιδου, ό μισθος των εργαίων των αμπσανίων τας χωρας ύμων, ό απεσίερημενος αφ' ύμων, κραζει, και αι βοαι των θερισανλων εις τα ωλα Κυριου 5 σαβαωθ εισεληλυθασιν. ετρυφησαίε επι της της, και εσπαίαλησαίε, εθρεψαίε τας καρδιας ύμων ώς εν ήμερα 6 σφαρης, καλεδικασαλε, εφο-VENTALE TON DIKALON, OUK ANτι]ασσελαι ύμιν.

Μακροθυμπσαλε ουν, αδελφοι, έως της παρουσιας rgon' o LEMELOR Του Κυριου. εκδεχείαι τον τιμιον καρπον της γης, μακροθυμων επ' αυτω, έως αν λαβη ύειον πρω-8 έμον και οψιμον. μακροθυμησαίε και ύμεις, σίπριξαίε τας καρδιας ύμων, ότι ή πα-9 ρουσια του Κυριου ηγτικε. μη σ εναζείε κατ' αλληλων, αδελφοι, ίνα μη κριθηίε, ιδου, κρίθης προ των θυρων έσθη-10 κεν. υποδειζμα λαβείε της κακοπαθείας, αδέλφοι, και

THE

As for you that are rich: 1 weep, and lament the miferys that are falling upon you. your wealth is wasted, your 2 wardrobe is devour'd by the worm, and your gold and 3 filver by ruft: that ruft shall convict you: that rust shall corrode your slesh like a cauflic, which you have treasur'd up against the last days. bark! what a noise there is 4 of bire, of which you cheated the labourers, who gather'd in your burvest! the cries of the reapers have reach'd even the Lord of the celestial militia. you have liv'd on the 5 earth in voluptuousness, and luxury: you bave indulg'd your selves as in a day of sacrifice: you have condemn'd 6 the just, you have put him to death, though he did not oppose you.

As for you, my brethren, 7 bear your sufferings with constancy, till the advent of the Lord. the farmer, from the prospect of a golden crop, patiently expetts the showers of the spring and the autumn. be you equally patient, and 8 exercise your fortitude, for the advent of the Lord is nigh. don't repine, my bre- q thren, against one another, for fear you should be condemn'd. behold, the judg: is at the gate. let the prophets, 10'

της μακροθυμιας, τους προφηλας οι ελαλησαν τω ονο11 μαλι Κυριου. ιδου, μακαριΚομεν τους ύπομεινονλας. την
ύπομονην Ιωβ πκουσαλε, και
το τελος Κυριου ειδελε, ότι
πολυευσπλαγχνος εσλιν (ό
Κυριος) και οικλιρμών.

12 Προ πανίων δε, αδελφοι μου, μη ομνυείε μη τον ουρανον, μη την ήνν, μη ε την ήνν, μη δε ύαλλον τινα όρκον, η ω δε ύμων το ναι, ναι, και το ου, ου, ίνα μη ύπο κρισιν πεση ε.

13 Κακοπαθει τις εν ύμιν ? προσευχεσθω. ευθυμει τις ? Ψαλλείω.

14 Ασθενει τις εν ύμιν ? προσκαλεσασθω τους πρεσβυθερους της εκκλησιας, και προσευξασθωσαν επ' αυθον, αλειψανθες αυθον ελαιώ εν τω
15 ονομαθι του Κυριου. και ή
ευχη της πισθεως σωσει τον
καμνονθα, και εγερει αυθον ό
Κυριος, καν άμαρθιας η πεΣομολογεισθε αλληλοις τα
παραπθωμαθα, και ευχεσθε
υπερ αλληλων, όπως ιαθηθε;
πολυ ισχυει δεησις δικαιου ενεργουμενη.

my brethren, who were commission'd by the Lord, he
your examples; suffer persecution with constancy like
them. we pronounce those it
happy, who have so endur'd,
you have heard of the constancy of Joh, you know with
what success he was crown'd
by the Lord, who is all mercy and compassion.

Above all things, my bre-12 thren, don't swear, neither by the beaven, nor by the earth, nor use any other oath; but let your affirmation, or negation, be sincere, lest you fall under condemnation.

Is any among you afflitted? 13 let bim pray. is bis mind ferene? let bim sing psalms.

rene? let bim sing psalms.
Is any of you sick? let 14 bim send for the pastors of the church, to pray for him, and after giving him the * unction, in the name of the Lord, the prayer that pro- 15 ceeds from faith, shall save the sick; the Lord will raise bim up, and bis sins that may bave been the occasion, shall be forgiven. confession 16 to one another the offences you have committed, and pray for one another, that you may be bealed; the fervent prayer of a virtuous man bas great influence.

Ηλιας

Elias

17 Ηλιας ανθρωπος πν όμοιοπαθης ήμιν, και προσευχη
προσπυξαλο του μη βρεξαί,
και ουκ εβρεξεν επι της γης
ενιαυλους τρεις και μπνας έξ.
18 και παλιν προσπυξαλο, και ό
ουρανος ύελον εδωκε, και ή γη
εβλαστησε τον καρπον άυλης.

19 Αδελφοι, εαν Τις εν ύμιν πλανηθη απο Της αληθειας, και επισθρεψη Τις αυθον, [-20 νωσκείω ότι ο επισθρεψας ά-μαρίωλον εκ πλανης όδου αυ-λου, σωσει ψυχην εκ θανα-λου, και καλυψει πληθος ά-μαρίων.

Elias was only a man, as 17 we are; bowever, baving ardently prayed, that it might not rain, it did not rain in that country for \$\pm\$ three years and a half: then he pray'd 18 again: the heavens fent its showers, and the earth push'd out its fruit.

My brethren, when any of 19 you deviates from the truth, who ever sets him right, may be assured, that the retriev-20 ing of a sinner from his erroneous habits, is saving a soul from ruin, and cancels † a multitude of sins.

* The mystical sense of the precept, Deut.xxii.1. ‡ 1 Kings xvii, xviii.45. † Psal.xxxii.1. Prov.x.12.

The author of this epifile does not assume the title of an apostle, yet some of the modern critics are very consident it was writ by some apossile: tho' it is far from being certain who was the James, whose name is inscrib'd to this episile, or whether the episile was really writ by any James whatsoever. for Euszaius, in hist seeles. b.ii. cb. 23. after having given from Hegespopus's Commentaries, an account of James the Just, bishop of Jerusalem, that has all the air of a romance, says,

Iaxωβου ή πρώη των ονομαζομενεν χαθολικών επσίολεν ενται
λεγείαι. ισίτον δε ώς * νοθευεται μεν. ου πολλοι ρουν των παλαιών αυίης εμνημονευσαν, ώς
ουδε της λεγριμένης Ιουδα, μιας \
και αυίης ουσης των έπία λεγριμεναν καθολικών. όμως δίσμεν και
ταυίας εν πλεισίαις δεδημοσιευμενα εκκλησιαις.

The first of those call'd general epistles is said to be James's. but you must know it is sparious. for which reason few of the antients have mention'd it: as neither that which is said to be Jude's. however we know that these as well as the rest of those epistles have been publickly read in most churches.

Upon which, * Valefus makes this observation. Rushus and Christophorson gave such a turn to this passage, as if this was only the opinion of some: and I follow'd their sense in my version: but having now consider'd the matter more maturely, I have alter'd my opinion, and think, that Eusebius did absolutely pronounce this epistle to be spurious. Jerom, de Jacobo, has these words, "unam scripsit epistolam,

" quæ & ipsa ab alio quodam sub nomine ejus afferitur, licet paulatim " tempore procedente, obtinuerit autoritatem." he writ one epissle, and even that is afferted to have been published by another under his

name; tho' in process of time it insensibly gain'd authority.

Terom writthis A.D. 202, and in the year 405 Innocent the first made it canonical, which had been admitted as such by the Council of Laodicea, an. 365. for the Apoflelical Canon, Lxxxv. where this and the other general epiftles are mention'd as canonical, is a plain forgery, as the learned are agreed. If the epiftle was genuine, how comes it that neither Clemens Romanus, nor Telycarp, nor Ignatius, nor Justin Martyr, nor Hippolitus, &c. in an age that fwarm'd with apochryphal gospels, &c. should take no notice of it? Clemens Alexandrinus descants indeed upon some part of the epistle, and so he does upon the revelations of Peter, univerfally allow'd to be spurious. Origen too quotes it, in his commentary upon John, but as a writing of doubtful authority. but not one of the Latin fathers ever so much as mention it, till Hilary of Poitiers, about the year 365, cited it as apostolical; nor did any of the African writers before Augustin, ever quote this as the epistle of Fames. presently after, an. 418. it was received by the council of Carthage as canonical, and then made use of as an instrument to attack the Pelagians. see Prol. 200, 201, &c. if the councils that voted the epistle to be canonical, had given any account of the learned arguments upon which they grounded their decisions, posterity perhaps could have had no presence to have call'd their integrity or their judgment into question. *Constantine indeed spoke like himself, when he said, " what was approved of by 300 bishops, can be nothing less than the "determination of God himself; since the holy spirit, residing in such " great and worthy fouls, has unfolded to them the divine will." which sufficiently obviates the censure pass'd by Sabinus bishop of Heracles on the council of Nice, who in his collection of the Synodical Acts, fays, " + that excepting the emperor, and Eufebius Pamphilus, "they were a fet of illiterate simple creatures, that understood no-"thing." upon this Socrates observes, " I but Sabinus does not at all " consider, that the the members of that fynod were illiterate, yet " as they were illuminated by God, and the grace of the holy ipirit, "they could not possibly be mistaken." than which nothing in the world could be more pertinent, provided the matter of fact were true: a fail, of which there would be little room to doubt, provided what Pappus, in his Synodicon to the council of Nice, afferts, was bona fide, TRUE.

Ev yap οικό πυ Θεου να παξα τη Σεία τραπέζη αυθας παραΣειιενη, προσευξαθο ώς έυρεθηναι
τας θεοπνευθούς επανώ, του Κυξιον εξαθησαμένη, και τας ειβεπλους, ο και γεγρνέν, υποκάθωδεν.

Having promifcuously put all the books under the communiontable in a church, they belought the Lord, that the inspired records might ger upon the table, while the spurious ones remain'd underneath, which accordingly happen'd.

Such a phenomenon as this must have irrefragably convinced all the heathen philosophers and heretics without the pale of the church, provided they had happily been within-doors. it must have struck them for ever dumb, to see the parchment nolls spontaneously heave, and disengaging themselves from the spurious lumber, rise like Ezechiel's dry bones, and mount in harmony upon the table. at such a sight as this, they would have swallow'd the canon, with less reluctance, than the propher did + his noll. yet nothing less than such a sight as this could sanitify that siery zeal, which breaths in letters of blood throughout the edict publish'd by the suffice Christian emperor.

NIKHTHC KONCTANTINOC, METICTOE, CEBACTOE,

Едискотые наз Ламе.

TOTO TOURSOUS HAS AGRESS in mannesoe Vesice grance seg! THE AUTHOR EXCEPTED OF YEAR ATTHE SE TOLYUN HORGUPECE O THE Beroeseias exteos, civiasuala TO DOUGLE ME ATHE BONTHELES OUG-गाज्यतारा ८६० वर्ट १०४ है एहं ही व सामीन , yai reiseren, bis re empreisboren עבר פעובי שרסה דשר פבאה אייפה לשו χρονος द्रश πλεισίας αναπλασ-Inpairanosogias ageriosniai de รฉ สรริธิท สบิวย อยโโรสนุนสโส : อัย-TO PAL PUY EDEEN ACEION TE MAL TOUS ARRIOU OMOYPOMOTAS Hog-Outlavous her kayelagar, it, ob प्रापट पर्वतारण्ड महामाना विद्या, प्राप्तीका exwa tal the afterence tal. Apos LE TOUGHT KEEL IT TOTY YEARLIE ino Accion our clayuever incie-Keile, wolo Hope zapadiebebat: אינו עון עוס אינו של שבעא און על דער און אינו ठीरीवज्ञात्रभावद वक्षमाङ्गीहाण μη Α ύπομνημα αυθου έλως ύπο-মহাল্কাতি, হুমহাতে এরাতির সংগ্রহতুল εινώ, ώς ει τις συγγραμμα ύπο Aperou ourlafer oweatern xeu has, net the engene aboutelnes andi ralavaswon, roulu @avolos er-Гаг й Спига. паражения упр άλους επε Τούίο. Κεραλεκου ύ-To Charlas TILLWEIZY. & Osos Uμας διασυλαξοι. Socrates Hift. Ecclef.b. 1. ch. ix.

VICTOR CONSTANTINUS, MAXIMUS, AUGUSTUS,

To the Bishops and People. Whereas Arius has followed the example of the wicked and irreligious, 'tis but just that he should fuffer the fame ignominy as they. therefore as PORPHYRY, that enemy of piety, for the impious writings he compos'd against religion, was justly rewarded with lafting infamy, and buried under a load of reproaches, and his prophane writings have been entirely destroy'd: so it is now our pleafure that Arius and his followers be branded with the name of Porphyrians, that as they have copied his morals, they may derive their denomination too from him. moreover, if any of Arius's writings shall be found extant, we order it to be burnt. that not only his wicked doctrine may be utterly abolish'd, but that there may not be the least monument of him convey'd to posterity. this likewise we declare, that if any person shall be found to have concealed any writing composed by Arius, by not immediately producing the faid book, and committing it to the flames, he shall be punified with death, for as from as he is convicted of the fact. he shall fuffer capital punishment, God preferve you.

Chap. I. 26. Ev Jun] is not in the Alexand. Barb. 2. Covel. 4. Genev. Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic, Athiopic. Estius and Dr. Mills think it a School lium. fee Prol. 1208.

Ch. II. 5. Koopou roujou j roujou is not in Alexand. Sinah, Magdal. t. N. Col. 1, 2. Laud. 2. Petav. 1, 3. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2, 3, 4. Cantab. 2.

Lucianus, Complutent. ed. Syriac, Arabic.

Ver. 13. Elsec nai] nas is not in Alexand. Laud. 2. Colbert. 7. Cantab. 2. Covel. 2. 3, 4. Petav. 1, 3. Genev. Magdal. N. Col. 1, 2. Seidel.

Lincol. Leicest. Lucianus, Complut. ed. Vulgate, Syriac.

Ver. 18. En Two open.] the Alexand. Steph. 12. Covel. 2. Barb. 1. Colbert. 7. Leicest. Colinzus, and other editors, the Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic, Æthiopic; and Faustus Regionsis have groups instead of su, by way of explication, says Dr. Mills.

Ch. III. 3. Idou.] etde Alexand. Petav. 3. Lincoln. et de. Steph. 3. es. sf. Magdal. 1. Covel. 2. N. Col. 1. Bafil. 2. Lucianus, Velef. lect. the

antient Vulgate, Coptic, Occumenius.

Ver. 7. Evenuev.] the Vulgate has caterorum, as if his copy had

«Alow or symbles. See Prol. 498.

Ver. 12. Ouluc, &c. νδωρ.] Colbert. 7. Covel. 4. Genev. Vulgate, Syriac, Ethiopic, Coptic. Lucas Brugenf. Effius, Grotius, &c. approve of this reading. ουίε αλυκου Γλυκο ποιησαι ύδωρ. Alexand. see Prol. 1208.

Ch. IV. Our exels, omitting & Alexand. Colbert. 7. Basil. 2. Licianus, N. Col. 1. Froben, Aldus, mas our exels. N. Col. 1. Lincol. Laud. 2. Cantab. 2. Covel. 2, 3, 4. Genev. 5 MSS. of Beza, Complut. ed. Colinzus, Magdal. 1. Hunting. 1. Petav. 1, 3. Vulgare, Syriac, Arabic.

Ver. 4. Marxations.] is not in the Veles. lect. nor in the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic. Estius and Dr. Mills think it adventitious.

Ver. 12. Nouvosing) nan noing is added in Steph. 3-7. 1.12. Alexand. Barb. 4. N. Col. 1. Lincol. Perav. Colbert. 7. Covel. 3, 4. Genev. Leicest. Veles. lect. Lucian, Colinzus, Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic.

Ib. 6¢ upweig tov sispor?] & upivour tov thyonov. Steph. & m. Alexand. Covel. 2. 4. Genev. Colbert. 7. Barb. 2. Petav. 1. Velef. lect. Vulgare, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic. Dr. Mills observes and at are frequently confounded. some scribe had negligently writ slaupev, which was explained in the margin by thyonor, from whence, he thinks, it crept into the text.

Ver. 13. Kat august] a august Steph. & s. Barb. 2. Veles. lect. the Vul-

gate, Syriac, Æthiopic, and some editions.

Ver. 14. Edis. J edis. Alexand. Baroc. Laud. 2. Hunting. 1. Lincol. Seidel. N. Col. 1, 2. Basil. 2. Lucianus, Complut. ed. Erasin. two first edit. Colinzus, Euthalius, Occumenins. Dr. Mills thinks this the true reading. see Prol. 982.

Ch. V. 7. selov.] is not in Steph. of Veles. lect. Vulgate, Æthiopic.

Dr. Mills thinks it adventitious. see Prol. 1208.

Ver. 9. Kalangibila.] aphila all Steph. MSS. Alexand. Lincol. Baroc. Magdal. 1. Petav. 1. 3. Hunting. 1. N. Col. 1. 2. Balil. 2. Lucianus, Vien. Veles. lect. Complut. ed. Erasm. 12. Rob. Steph. 1, 22. Aldus, Vulgate, Syriac.

Ver. 11. Holosus magrees.] so Steph. 8. Lincol. N. Col. 2. Laud. 2. Perav. 3. Coyel, 2, 3. Complut. ed. Dr. Mills makes no doubt this is

the true reading. see Prol. 1108.

Ver. 12. My sic viroupism.) us viro upisio Steph. ia. Alexand. Covel. 2. Velef. lect. Colinaus, and other editions, the Vulgate, Syriac, Arthiopic, Arabic. Estius thinks this the true reading, and so does Dr. Mills. Prol. 1208.

Ver. 19. Adea Con.] adea Con mou Steph. d. u. ia. Alexand. Baroc. Barb.

2. N. Col. 2. Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic.

Ver. 20. Yuxuv.] Juxuv avlou Steph. 8. 4. 12. Alexand. Barb. 2. Colbert. 7. N. Col. 1. Colinaus, Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic. Edda fays, some of the Latin MSS. have ejus, others suam.



H

THE FIRST

HETPOT

EPISTLE GENERAL

ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ ΚΑΤΗΟΛΙΚΗ

OF

HPOTE.

PETER.

ΕΤΡΟΣ αποσίολος Ιπσου Χρισίου, εκλεκ-Ιοις παρεπιόπμοις διασπορας Πονίου, Γαλαίιας, Καππαδοκιας, Ασιας, και Βιθυνιας, καία προγνωσιν Θεου παίρος εν άγιασμώ πνευμαίος, εις ύπακοην και ραν-Ιισμον άιμαίος Ιπσου Χρισίου. χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη πληθυνθειη. PETER an apostle of Jesus Christ, to the soriegners dispers'd thro' Pontus, Galatia, Cappadecia, Asia, and Bithynia, whom God the sather has chosen in pursuance of his decree, 2 to santify them by his spirit, that by their obedience they might be sprinkled with the blood of Jesus Christ, may the divine savour make you continually prosper.

3 Ευλογήος ο Θεος και πα
Ιπρ του Κυριου ήμων Ιπσου Χρισίου, ο καία το πολυ αυίου ελεος αναγεννησας ή
μας εις ελπιδα ζωσαν δι α
νασίασεως Ιπσου Χρισίου εκ

4 νεκρων, εις κληρονομιαν αφθαρίον και αμιανίον και α
μαρανίον, τείπρημενην εν ου
5 ρανοις εις ήμας, τους εν δυ
ναμει Θεου φρουρουμενους δια πισίεως, εις σωίηριαν είοιμην αποκαλυφθηναι εν καιρώ εσ
χαίω.

Bleffed be the God and father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who according to his great mercy has regenerated us, and given us by the resurrection of Jesus Christ, the expectation of immortal life, in the enjoyment of a state, that can never change or decay, a state rejerved in heaven for us, whom the divine power preserves through saith for that salvation, which is going to be made manifest in the latter time.

Εν ώ αταλλιασθε, ολιτον act, (El Eson Eot) humnbentec 7 Εν ποικίλοις πειρασμοίς, ίνα το δοκιμιον ύμων της πισ-Τιως πολυ τιμιωθερον χρυσιου. Του απολλυμένου δια πυρος δε δοκιμαζομενου, έυρεθη εις επαινου και τιμην και δοξαν. εν αποκαλυψει Ιπσου Χρισ-S Tou. ON OUR ELDOTES AFATTALE, EIG ON ACT UM OPWITES, TIGTEUολες δε, αγαλλιασθε χαρα ανεκλαληθω και δεδοξασμένη: 9 κομιζομένοι το τέλος της πισ-Τεως υμων, σωπριαν wu-Z617.

10 Περι ής σωθηριας εξεζήθησαν και εξηρευνήσαν προφηλαι δι περι της έις ύμας κα-11 pilos apopalisuravies: epeuνωνίες εις τινα η ποιον καιρον εδηλου το εν αυθοις πνευμα Χρισίου, προμαρίυρομενον τα εις Χεισίου παθημαία, και 12 Τας μεία ταυία δοξάς: άς απεκαλυφθη ότι ουχ έαυλοις, ημιν δε διηκουούν αυλα, ά νυν ανης τελη ύμιν δια των ευας-דיבאוסמובינטי טעמל בי חיבטμαλι άτιω αποσλαλενλι απ' ουρανου, εις ά επιθυμουσιν εττελοι παρακυψαι.

This it is that fills you with 6 joy, notwithstanding the various tryals, which still necessarily afflict you, that your faith 7 being put to a more advantageous proof, than that of gold, which loses by the effay, may redound to your praise and bigbest bonour at the appearance of Jejus Christ: whom though you have not 8 feen, you love: and though be is not now the object of your view, yet you believe in bim, and triumth with such a laudable transport, as cannot be express'd: fince the salva- 9 tion of your fouls is the reward you receive for your faitb.

'Twas this falvation, that 10 employ'd the most profound enquiries of those, who predisted the dispensation that was to be in your behalf: when the spirit of Christ in- 11 form'd the minds of the prophets of his future fufferings, and of the glorious consequences, they were folicitous to know the circumstances of the times pointed at: and were 12 answer'd, that it was not they, but we, who were concern'd in the events which they predicted, events which have been now represented to you by those, whom the boly fairlt from beaven inspired to preach the gefpel to you: a secret which the angels defire to penetrate into.

12 Διο αναξωσαμένοι τας οσφυας της διανοιας ύμων, νηφονίες, τελειως ελπισαίε επι Την Φερομενην ύμιν χαριν εν αποκαλυψει Ιησου Χιισίου. 14 ώς Τεκνα ύπακοης, μη συσχημαλιζομενοι ταίς προλερον εν τη αγνοια ύμων επιθυμιαις. 15 anna kala tov kanegavla ύμας άγιον, και αυίοι άγιοι εν παση ανασίροφη Γενηθήλε. 16 διολι Γεγραπλαι, arioi re-" νεσθε, ότι εςω άςιος ειμι." 17 και ει παθερα επικαλεισθε τον απροσωποληπίως κρινον-Τα καία το έκασιου ερεου, εν φοβώ τον της παροικίας ύμων χρονου ανασλραφηλε: 18 ειδοίες ότι ου φθαρίοις, αργυριω η χρυσιώ, ελυλρωθήλε εκ της μαλαιας ύμων ανασίςο-19 φης παίροπαραδοίου, αλλα τιμιω αιμαλι ώς αμνου αμωμου και ασπιλου Χρισίου: 20 προεγνωσμένου μεν προ καλαβολης κοσμού, φανερωθενίος δε επ' εσχαθών των χρονών 2 ι δι ύμας, τους δι αυλού πισ-*]ευονὶα*ς εις Θεον τον εγειραν-Τα αύτου εκ νεκρών, και δοξαν αυίφ δονία, ώσιε την πιστιν ύμων και ελπιδα ειναι EIG OEOV.

L't your minds then be 12 duely prepared, be vigilant, and constantly expect the favour you will meet with at the appearance of Jesus Christ. as obedient children be no lon- 14 ger influenc'd by those passions, which were the effects of your former ignorance. but as be, 15 who has called you, is boly: let your whole conduct be an imitation of his boliness. for 16 it is written, * " be ye boly, because I am boly." and 17 since you invoke him as your father, who without respect of persons judges every one according to his actions; while you are passing thro' this world, be fearful of offending bim: considering, that 18 it was not by such perishable things as filver or gold, that you were releas'd from thoje vain rites and customs impos'd upon youby your fathers, but by the precious blood of 19 Christ, who is the lamb without spot, and without blemish: who was destin'd before the 20 creation of the world, the' 'tis of late only that he has appear'd, upon your account: it is by him that you believe 21 in God, who has raised him from the dead, and invested bim with glory, that your faith and your hope might be in God.

22 Τας ψυχας ύμων ήγνικοίες εν τη ύπακοη της αληθειας (δια πνευμαίος.) εις φιλαδέλφιαν ανυποκρίλου, εκ καθαρας καιδίας αλληλους αγαπησαλε 23 EKTEVOK: AVATETETVINUEVOL OUK εκ σπορας φθαρίης, αλλα αφθαείου, δια λοτου ζωνίος GEOU KAI MEYONOCEIC TOV RIW-24 να. διοίι πασα σαρξ ώς χορίος, και πασα δοξα αυ-Της ως ανθος χορίου. εξηρανθη ο χορίος, και το ανθος 25 (αυίου) εξεπεσε, το δε ρημα Kupiou menei eic ton aiwna: τουίο δε εσίι το ρημα το ευαγγελισθεν εις ύμας.

 Αποθεμενοι ουν πασαν κακιαν και πανία δολου και ύποκρισεις και φθονους και (πα-2 σας) καίαλαλιας, ώς αρίις εννπία βρεφη, το λοςικον αδολου γαλα επιποθησαίε, ίνα εν αυίω αυξηθηίε.

Υπερ εγευσασθε ότι χρησ
1 ος ό Κυριος. προς όν προσερχομενοι, λιθον ζωνία, ὑπο ανθρωπων μεν αποδεδοκιμασμενον, παρα δε Θεω εκ
5 λεκίον, ενίιμον: και αυίοι ως
λιθοι ζωνίες οικοδομεισθε, οικος πνευμαλικος, ιεραλευμα
άγιον, ανενεγκαι πνευμαλικας
θυσιας, ευπροσδεκίους τω

You that have purified 22 your fouls by the holy spirit, in obeying the gospel, which obliges you to an undisquised benevolence, let your bearts be mutually affected with the most disinterested ardour; since your regeneration is not 22 owing to any corruptible principles, but to the unchangeable word of the immortal God. for buman nature is like grass, 24 and all their glory like the flower of the berb, the berb withers, the flower droops, but the word of the Lord re- 25 mains for ever: and that is the gospel, which has been preached to you.

Renouncing therefore every kind of malice, and knavery, bypocrify, envy, and detraction, as new-born infants defire that mystical milk, which is without any mixture, and will make you thrive.

Since you have tasted *
bow good the Lord is, adhere
to him as to a living † stone,
which however rejected it is
by men, is the precious stone,
which God has chosen: and
you your selves are as so many
living ‡ stones, you are the
edifice, the spiritual house, a
holy priesthood, to offer up
spiritual sacrifices, agreeable

Θεω
* Pfal.xxxiv.9. † Mat.xxi.42. Acts iv. 11.
‡ The Jews call'd the Levites, the flones of the temple.

Et saxo quod adhuc vivum radice tenetur. Ovid M.

to

Θεω δια Ιησου Χρισίου. διο και περιεχει εν τη γραφη, ιδου τιθημι εν Σιων λιθον ακρογωνιαιου, εκλεκίου, ενίι-ים עסט גמו ל אופלפטשע בא מטτω, ου μη καλαισκυνθη. ענים סטים חו דוגוח דסוכ חופונטουσιν, απειθουσι δε. λιθου 🕆 ον απεδοκιμασαν οι οικοδοmouvies, oulos erevnon eis keφαλην Γωνιας, και λίθος 8 προσκομμάλος, πญืοα KŒL σκανδαλου, δι προσκοπίουσι 9 τω λογω, απειθουνίες, εις ο και ελεθησαν. υμεις δε γενος εκλεκίου, βασιλειου ιεραίευμα, εθνος άγιον, λαος εις περιποιπσιν, όπως τας αρείας EEATTEINNIE TOU EK OKOTOUC Ú-10 μας καλεσανίος εις το θαυμασίου αύθου φως, οι ποίε OU LAUS, VUY DE LAOS GEOU. לו סטו או חאבחונביסו, איני לב באבmarylec.

11 Αγαπηδοί, παρακάλω ώς παροικούς και παρεπιδημούς, απεχεσθαί των σαρκικών επίθυμιών, άιτινες σθρατευονίαι καία της ψύχης.

Την ανασίροφην ύμων εν τοις εθνεσιν εχονίες καλην, ινα εν ώ καίαλαλουσιν ύμων ώς κακοποιων, εκ των καλων εργων εποπίευσανίες, δο-13 ξασωσι τον Θεον εν ήμερα επισκοπης.

to God by Jesus Christ. wherefore it is faid in the scripture, I lay in Sion the principal Stone of the angle, a choice one of great value : be that trusts thereon shall not be confounded. it will prove an honour to you, who believe ; but to the incredulous, the fame stone, which is the chief of the angle, and subject the ai- 8 chitests rejected, will be an occasion to the incredulous of their stumbling, and bruising themselves thereby: and this 9 they were destin'd to. but you are * the chosen race, you are + kings and priests, the boly nation, the peculiar people, that you might display bis glory, who called you out of darkness into bis marvellous 10 light: you, who formerly were || not a people, but are now the people of God. wbo bad not obtained merey, but at present bave obtain'd it. 11

I exhort you, my dear hrethren, as strangers and travellers to avoid all sensual passions, as destructive to your souls.

Let your behaviour among the Gentiles be virtuous, that instead of inveighing against you as vicious, they may observe your bonest behaviour, and glorify God in the times of 13 distress.

* Ifa. xliii. 20. piditati. Cicero.

† Exod. xix. 6. Regium oft nulli fervire cu ‡ Exod. xix. 5. Hof. ii. 23. πισκοπης, υπολατηλε ουν παση ανθρωπινη κλισει, δια τον
14 Κυριον, είλε βασιλει, ώς υπερεχονλι, είλε ήτεμοσιν, ώς
δι αυλου πεμπομενοις εις
15 εκδικησιν κακοποιών, επαινον δε αγαθοποιών, ότι
ουλως εσλι το θελημα του
Θεου, αγαθοποιουνλας φιμουν
την των αφρονών ανθρωπών
αγνωσιαν.

Ως ελευθεροι, και μη ώς επικαλυμμα εχούλες της κακιας την ελευθεριαν, αλλ' ώς τη συλοι Θεου.

Τιανίας τιμησαίε. την αδελφοίηία ας απαίε, τον Θεον Φοβεισθε, τον βασιλεα τι-

Οί οικείαι, ύπολασσομενοι εν πανλι φοβώ τοις δεσποταις, ου μονού τοις αταθοίς 19 και επιεικεσιν, αλλα και Τοις σκολιοις. τουίο γαρ χαρις, ει δια συνειδησιν Θεου ύπο-20 Φερεί Τις λυπας, πασχων αδίκως. ποιον γαρ κλεος, ει άμα ε Τανονίες και κολαφιζομενοι ύπομενείζε ε αλλ' ει αςαθοποιουνίες και πασχονίες υ-21 πομενείλε, τουλο χαρις παρα Θεώ. εις τουλο γαρ εκληθητε, ότι και Χρισίος επαθεν ύπερ ήμων, ήμιν ύπολιμπανων υπογραμμον, ίνα επακο-227 DU Ononie Tois ixveous aulou, ός άμαιλιαν ουκ εποιπσεν, ουδε έυρεθη δολος εν τω σλομαdistress. be subject therefore, for the Lord's sake to every human establishment: whether it be to the king, as su-14 preme; or to governors, as being deputed by him to punish those who do ill, and to encou-15 rage those who do well. for such is the divine pleasure, that by your good conduct you obviate the cavils of inconsiderate men.

You are free, don't let your liberty serve as a pretext for vice: but att as the servants of God.

Be respectful to all. love your brethren, sear God, and bonour the king.

You that are servants, be subject to your masters with all reverence: not only to such as are kind and gentle, but e- 19 ven to the morose. for it is a recommendation to the divine favour, to suffer unjust persecution from a principle of con- 20 science. what glory is there in fuffering corporal punishment for real offences? but if you meet with ill usage for doing your duty, and bear it with constancy, this will conciliate 21 the divine favour. and this is the condition of your vocation, since Christ bimself bas susfer'd for us, leaving an exam- 22 ple for your exact imitation, he who never offended, and from

23 Τι ανίου, ος λοιδορουμενος ουκ ανίελοιδορει, πασχων ουκ ηπειλει, παρεδίδου δε Τω κρι24 νονίι δικαιως. ος τας άμαρΤιας ήμων αυίος ανηνεγκεν εν
Τω σωμαίι άνίου επι Το ξυλον, ίνα ταις άμαριαις απογενομενοι, τη δικαιοσυνή ζησωμεν, ου τω μωλωπι ανίου
25 ιαθηίε. ηίε γαρ ώς προβαία
πλανωμενα, αλλ' επεσίραφηίε νυν επι τον ποιμενα
και επισκοπον των ψυχων ύμων.

Ομοιως αι τυναικες, ύπο-Τασσομεναι Τοις ιδιοις ανδοασιν, ίνα και ει Τινες απειθουσι τφ λοςω, δια της των τυναικων ανασΙροφης ανευ λο-2 γου κερδηθησωνίαι, εποπίευσανίες την εν φοβω άςνην αο ναστροφην ύμων, ών εσίω ουχ ο εξωθεν εμπλοκης Τριχων, και περιθεσεως χρυσιών, η ενδυσεως ίμαλιων κοσμος. 4 αλλ' ο κρυπίος της καρδίας ανθρωποι, εν τω αφθαρίω Του πραεος και ήσυχιου πνευμαίος, ο εσίιν ενωπιον του 5 Θεου πολυλελες, ουλω γαρ אסוב אמו מו מרומו רטשמואבל, αι ελπιζουσαι επι τον Θεον, εκοσμουν έαυλας, ύπολασσομεναι τοις ιδιοις ανδρασιν, 6 ώς Σαρρα υπηκουσε τω Α-

whose * lips no fallacy was ever utter'd, who, when be 22 was reviled, did not revile again: when he was in his sufferings, be did not threat, but referr'd bis cause to the righteous judge. be bimself cancel'd 24 our fins by the crucifixion of bis body, that we being + fet free from fin, might live in the service of virtue. it is by his bruises that you were bealed: for you were as sheep going 25 astray, but now you are brought back to the pastor and overseer of your souls.

Let the married women be 1 subservient to their husbands, that if they happen to dishelieve the gospel, they may be gain'd + by the instructive condust of their wives, by obser- 2 ving the religious chastity of their manners. let their or- 2 nament confist, not in what is external, in curling the hair, in appendages of gold, or finery of drefs; but in the inter- A nal qualities of the mind, in that purity, in that mild and dispassionate temper, which is so acceptable to the divine being, the boly religious wo- 5 men of former times were thus adorned, and were submissive to their bushands. fuch was Sarah, who show d 6

* Isa. liii. 9. † It is an allusion to slaves, who became free by the death of their masters. ‡ Proh quales seminas habent christiani! said Libanius. Oh! what excellent Wives the Christians have!

βρααμ,

β_τα αμ, κυριον αυδον καλουσα, ής εγενηθηδε Τεκνα αγαθο ποιουσαι, και μη φοβουμεναι μηδεμιαν πδοησιν.

7 Οι ανδρες ὁμοιως, συνοικουνίες καία Γνωσιν, ὡς ασθενεσίερω σκευει τω Γυναικειω απονεμονίες τιμην, ὡς και συγκληρονομοις χαριίος Κωης, εις το μη εγκοπίεσθαι τας προσευχας ύμων.

3 Το δε τελος, πανίας όμοφρονες, συμπαθεις, φιλαδελφοι, ευσπλαγχνοι, φιλοφρο-9 νες, μη αποδιδονίες κακον ανίι κακου, η λοιδοριαν ανίι λοιδοριας, τουνανίιον δε, ευλογουνίες (ειδοίες) ότι εις τουτο εκληθηίε, ένα ευλογιαν κληρονομησηίε.

10 "Ο Γαρ θελων ζωπν α
" Γαπαν, και ιδειν ήμερας
" αςαθας, παυσαίω Την
" Γλωσσαν αυίου απο κα" κου, και χειλη αυίου Του
11" μη λαλησαι δολον. εκ" κλιναίω απο κακου, και
" ποιησαίω αςαθον, ζηίη" σαίω ειρηνην, και διωξα12" Τω αυίην. ότι οι οφθαλ" μοι Κυριου επι δικαιους,
" και ωία αυίου εις δεησιν
Vol. II. " αυ" Gen. xyiii.12. † Gen. xx.

her obeysance to Abraham, by stiling him * her Lord: and you will be stiled her children, if you imitate her conduct, and are not † to be terrified out of your virtue.

You husbands, do you on 7 your part behave with prudence towards your wives: who being of a more delicate make, ought to betreated with the greater tenderness: and consider they are equally intitled to the evangelical gifts, that your prayers may not be frustrated.

In award, live all of you in 8 perfect agreement and sympathy, be full of fraternal love, compassion, and affability. don't return evil for evil, nor 9 calumny for calumny; on the contrary, bestow your benedictions, considering that your vocation obliges you thereto, as a means to obtain the divine blessing.

"in prosperity, must restrain
bis tongue from detraction,
and bis lips from uttering
falsebood: be must avoid 11
vice, practise virtue, seek
peace, and persevere in
the enquiry. for the eyes 12

" # He that desires to live 10

" of the Lord are upon the virtuous, and his ears at-

" tend to their prayers, but

X x " the
‡ Pfal.xxxiv.11.

αυίων, προσωπον δε Κυριου επι ποιουνίας κακα." 12 και Τις ο κακωσων ύμας, εαν του αταθου μιμηλαι τενποθε ? 14 Αλλ' ει κάι πασχοίζε δια δικαιοσυνην, μακαριοι: Τον δε φοβον αυλων μη φοβηθηλε. 15 μηδε ταραχθηλε: Κυριον δε TOV GEOV ASIAONIE EV TAIS καρδιαις ύμων. έτοιμοι δε αει προς απολογιαν πανίι τω αιίουνιι ύμας λογον περι της εν ύμιν ελπιδος, μεία πραϋ-16 τη Τος και φοβου: συνειδησιν exortes arathry, iva ev & kaταλαλωσιν ύμων (ώς κακοποιων) καλαισχυνθωσιν δι επηρεαζονίες ύμων την αςαθην εν Χρισίω ανασίροφην. 17 κρειτίου γαρ αγαθοποιουνίας, ει θελοι το θελημά του Θεου, πασχειν, η κακοποιουνίας. 18 ότι και Χρισ**ο**ος άπαξ περι απαρίων επαθε, δικαιος υπερ αδικων, ινα ήμας προσα-[α;η τω Θεω, θαναλωθεις μεν σαρκι, ζωοποιηθεις δε τω 10 Treomali, En la Kai Tois En φυλακη πνευμασι πορευθεις 20 εκπρυζεν, απειθησασι πολε, OTE απεξεδεχείο ή του Θεου μακροθυμια εν ημεραις Νωε, καλασκευαζομενης κιβωλου, εις ην ολιγαι, τουλεσλιν, οκλω ψυκαι διεσώθησαν δι' ύδα-21 Τος. ιὸ και ήμας ανλίνυπον

" the wicked be discounte"nances." for || who can 13
burt you, if you strive to excel in virtue.

However, if you fuffer in 14 the cause of virtue, it is your bappiness: and instead of beincover-awed by their threats, and struck wish concern, adore 1 5 the Lord God in your hearts, and be ready to show with modesty and respect to every one that asks it, what ground there is for the expectations you bave: always maintaining a 16 good conscience, that instead of inveighing against you as evildoers, they may be cover'd with confusion, who traduce your virtuous behaviour as Christians. for since it is the 17 will of beaven you should suffer, it is better you should suffer for your virtue, than for any crimes. for Jesus Christ bimself 18 has already suffer'd for our sins, the innocent for the quilty, to bring us to God: who, the' be died with respect to his body, was rais'd to life by that Spirit, by which he went with 10 guardian spirits to preach to those antient rebels in the time 20 of Noah, when the divine forbearance waited, till the ark was quite finish'd, in which' only eight persons were saved by means of the water. thus 21

νυν σωζει βαπλισμα, ου σαρκος αποθεσις ρύπου, αλλα συνειδησεως αγαθης επερω-Τημα εις Θεον, δί ανασλα-22 σεως Ιησου Χρισλου, ός εσλιν εν δέξια του Θεου, πορευθεις εις ουρανον, ύπολαγενλων αυτω αγγελων και εξουσιων και δυναμεων.

Χρισίου ουν παθονίος ύπερ ήμων σαρκι, και ύμεις την αυίην εννοιαν όπλισασθε, ότι ό παθων εν σαρκι, πε-2 παυίαι άμαρίιας, εις το μηκείι ανθρωπων επιθυμμαις, αλλα θελημαίι Θεου τον επιλοιπον εν σαρκι βιωσαι χρολοπον αρκείος γαρ ό παρεληλυθώς χρονος του βιου το θελημα των εθνών καιεργασασθαι, πεπορευμενους εν ασελητιαίς, επιθυμιαίς, οινοφλυγιαίς, κωμοίς, ποίοις, και αθειμίοις ειδωλολαίρειας.

4 Εν ώ ξενιζονλαι, μη συν-Τρεχονλων ύμων εις την αυτην της ασωλιας αναχυσιν, 5 βλασφημουνλες, οι αποδωσουσι λογον τω έτοιμως εχονλι κοιναι ζωνλας και νεκρους. εις τουλο γαρ και νεκροις ευηγελισθη, ίνα κριθωσιν μεν καλα ανθρωπους σαρbaptism, which corresponds to the deluge, does now save us, not as it is a cleansing from external filth, but as it is an engagement to lead a divine life, from the belief of the resurrestion of Jesus Christ, who being ascended 22 into heaven, is seated at the right hand of God, where angels, dominations, and sotentales have been subjected to him.

Since then Christ bas * with 1 respett to bis mortal nature died for us, arm yourselves with this reflection, that be, who is dead with respect to senfuality, has renounced fin; so that for the future he does 2 not pass the rest of this life in gratifying his sensual passions, but in conformity to the divine precepts. for the time past of 3 your lives may suffice, to have liv'd in conformity to the Gentile customs, in impurity, licentiousness, sottishness, in dissolute sestivals, and the criminal rites of idolaters.

As they think it strange, 4 that you don't concur in the same profusion of luxury, they traduce you. but they will be 5 call'd to account by him, who is ready to judge both the living and the dead. for to this end 6 was the gospel preach'd to those, who are now dead, that after having suffer'd the loss X x 2

KI,

sape. The flesh, in the beginning of the verse signifies frail, more nature; in the latter part, it signifies corrupted, finful nature.

κι, ζωσι δε καλα Θεον πνευμαλι.

Πανίων δε το τελος ηεγικε. σωφωνησαλε ουν και νηνιαλε 8 εις τας προσευχας. πανίων δε την εις έαυλους αταπην εκλενη exovles, ότι ή αςαπη καλυπίει πληθος ά-9 μας Ιων. Φιλοξενοι εις αλλη-10 λους, ανευ τοςτυσμου. κασίος καθως επαβε χαρισμα, εις εαυίους αυίο διακονουνίες, ώς καποι οικόνομοι 1 Ι πο:κιλης χαρί**λος Θεου.** λαλει, ώς λογια Θεου, ει τις diakovei, we et ioxuos ne xoρηγει ο Θεος, ίνα εν πασι δοξαζηλαι ο Θεος δια Ιπσου Χρισίου, ώ εσίιν ή δοξα και το κράλος εις τους αιώνας των αιωνων: αμην.

12 Αγαπηοι, μη ξενιζεσθε τη εν ύμιν πυρωσει προς πειρασμον ύμιν γινομενη, ώς ξε13 νου ύμιν συμβαι-ονλός, αλλα καθο κοινωνεί ε Τοις Του ΧρισΤου παθημασι, χαιρελε: ίνα και εν τη αποκαλυψει της δοξης αυλου χαρηλε αγαλιω14 μενοι. ει ονειδίζεσθε εν ονομαλι Χρισλου, μακαριοι: ότι το της δοξης και το του Θεου πνευμα εφ ύμας ανα15 παυελαι. μη γαρ τις ύμων πασχελω ώς φονευς, η κλεπτης, η κακοποιος, η ώς

of this frail life from men, they might enjoy an immortal life with God.

The confummation of all 7 things draws nigh. be temperate, be vigilant in prayer. but above all, let your mu- 8 tual benevolence be intense, for benevience concels a multitude of offences. be mutually 9 bospitable, without repining. as good aconomists of the dif- 10 ferent dispensations of God, communicate to one another the gifts you have received. let 11 a speaker deliver nothing but what is agreeable to the divine oracles: and let bim that attends the poor, be active in proportion to the strength God bas given him. amen.

My dear brethren, don't 12 be furprized at your being brought as it were to the * test of fire; as if some strange thing had happen'd to you. on 13 the contrary, rejoice at the share you have of sufferings, as well as Christ: that you may likewise triumph, when be shall appear in his glory. if 14 you suffer indignities in the cause of Christ, you are bappy: for the glorious spirit of God rests upon you. take care 15 therefore not to suffer upon the account of bomicide, or thicvery, or for any criminal, or

frag.

16 αλλοθοιοεπισκοπος, ει δε ώς Χρισλιανός, μη αισχυνεσθω, δοξαζείω δε τον Θεον εν τω 17 μερει τουίω. ότι ό καιρός του εξασθαι το κριμα απο TOU O'KOU TOU DEOU. EL DE πεωίου αφ' ήμων, τι το τελος των απειθουνίων τω του 18 GEOU EUATTENIO ? KAL EL Ó δικαιος μόλις σωζείαι, ό ασεβης και άμαριωλος που φα-19 νείδαι? ώσε και οι πασxoviec kala to beanua tou GEOU, WE TIGTO KILOTO TROPEτιθεσθωσαν τας ψυχας έαιλων εν αταθοπομα.

Πρεσβυλερους τους εν υμιν 1 παρακαλω ο συμπρεσβυλερος και μαρίυς των του Χρισίου παθημάζων, ὁ και της μελλουσης αποκαλυπλεσθαιδοξης 2 Κοινωνος, ποιμαναίε το εν υμιν ποιμνιον του Θεου, επισκοπουνίες μη αναγκασίως, αλλ' έκουσιως, μηδε αισχροκερδως, αλλα προθυμως, 3 mind we kalakupieuovlee Twy κληρων, αλλα Τυποι Γινο-4 μενοι Του ποιμνίου. και Φανερωθενίος του αρχιποιμένος, κομιεισθε Τον αμαρανλινον Της δοξης σλεφανου.

Ομοιως νεωθεροι ύποθας ητε πρεσβυθεροις. πανθες δε αλληλοις ύποθασσομενοι, την pragmatical practices. but 16 ruboever suffers as a christian, let him not be asham'd, but rather give thanks to God upon that account. for now is 17 the time when God will begin his judgments with his own church.now * if be begins with us, what will the conclusion be to those who do not obey the divine gospel? if the virtuous 18 escape with difficulty, what will become of impious transgreffors? let those then, whom 10 God calls to sufferings, by virtue recommend their fouls to bim, as to a creator, who will make good bis promise.

I address myself to you pas- I tors, as being a pastor myself, and a witness of the sufferings of Christ, and as one who is to partake of the glory, that shall bereafter be made manifest; to 2 exbort you to feed the flock of God, which is among you: to take care of it, voluntarily. without reluctance, not from any view to fordid gain, but out of real affection; not to 3 domineer over the laity, but to be examples for their imitation; that when the sovereign pastor shall appear, you may carry off a glorious crown, that will never sade.

As for you that are young, 5 be you submissive to those of a more advanced age: and

Ta-

ταπεινοφροσυνην εγκομβω" σασθε, ότι ό Θεος ύ" περηφανοις αντιτασσεται,
" ταπεινοις δε διδωσι χα6" ριν." ταπεινωθητε ουν ύπο την κραταιαν χειρα του
Θεου, ίνα ύμας ύψωση εν
γ καιρώ. πασαν την μεριμναν ύμων επιρέςψαντες επ'
αυτον, ότι αυτώ μελει περι
ύμων.

Nnwale, [pnfopnoales, oτι ο ανλιδικος υμων διαβολος, ως λεων ωρυομένος, πεpinalsi, Lillwo Tiva kalaο πιη. ω ανιστηλε σλερεοι τη πισίει, ειδοίες τα αυία των παθημαίων τη εν κοσμώ ύμων αδιλφοίπι επιιελεισθαι. 100 δε Θεος πασης χαρίλος, δ καλεσας ήμας εις την αιωνιον αυλου δοξαν εν Χρισλω Ιπσου, ολιγον παθονίας, αυτος καλαρλισαι ύμας, σληριξαι, θενωσαι, θεμελιωσαι. τι αυίω ή δοξα, και το κραίος εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. aunv.

12 Δια Σιλουανου ύμιν του πισίου αδελφου, ώς λογιζομαις δι' ολιγων εγραψα, παρακαλων και επιμαρίυρων ταυίπν ειναι αληθη χαριν του
13 Θεου, εις ήν έσηκαλε. ασπαζείαι ύμας ή εν Βαβυλωνι

do you all of you pay a becoming deference to one another:
be * cloak'd with bumility,
for "† God opposes the proud,
" and shows savour to the
" bumble." submit yourselves 6
therefore to the divine jurisdiction, that he may exalt you
in due time. refer all your
disquietudes to him, for you
are the objects of his carc.

Be temperate, be vigilant: 8 for your adversary the Devil Il goes about like a roaring lion, feeking whom he may devour. refift bim by the stea- 9 diness of your faith, considering that your brethren among the Gentiles, suffer the same persecutions as you do. but 10 may the all-gracious God, who has called us to eternal glory, perfect, confirm, fortify, and fettle you, during the Short interval of your Jufferings. to bim belongs eler-11 nal glory and empire. men.

I formerly writ to you a 12
fbort epiftle, by Silvanus, I
tbink, a faithful brother, to declare and testify to you, that the
true dispensation of God is that
to which you are attach'd, the 13
‡church at** Babylon, who are
like-

E μεμβωμα was the short white cloak wore by slaves. see Pollux, lib. iv. + Prov. iii. 34. | Job i. 7.

[‡] Clemens Alexandrinus thinks Ecletia a Lady at Babylon, to whom St. John's Second Epiftle is inscrib'd, was here meant. Dr. Mills thinks Peter's wife is here shill Ecletia, or else some lady residing at Babylon ** Babylon a city in Egypt, not far from where Cairo now stands.

ουνεκλεκίπ, και Μαρκος δ 14 διος μου. ασπασασθε αλληλους εν φιλημαίι αγαπης. ειρηνη διων πασι Τοις εν Χρισ-Τω Ιησου. Αμην. likewise Christians, and Mark my son salute you. Salute one 14 another with social assection. peace be with every christian among you. Amen.

Chap. 1. 4. Huas. Vaas Alexand. Baroc. Laud. 2. Magdal. 1. Colb. 7. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Hunting. 1. Covel. 3, 4. N. Col. 1, 2. Lincoln. Trin. Genev. Leicest. Aldus, Froben, the two first of Rob. Steph. Colineus, the Vulgate, Syriac, Jerom. Augustin. Occumenius, Gildas.

Ver. 8. E. 50, 15.] 1500/165 Steph. 1. Covel. 4. Genev. Vulgate, Syriac, Polycarp. epift. 9. 1. Irenaus. Polycarp added midsvels midsvole 56, and fo the Vulgate read it. Which Dr. Mills thinks is the genuine read-

ing. see Prol. 285.

Ver. 12. Huev.] "un Steph. 8. 1. Alexand. Colbert. 7. Genev. Magdal. 1. N. Col. 1, 2. Laud. 2. Petav. 1, 3. Covel. 4. Velef. lect. Leiceft. Lucianus, Complut. ed. Colinzus, Valgare, Æthiopic, Arabic, Coptic, Occumenius, and all the Latin MSS.

Ver. 16. Egsobs.] Steph. 3. Alexand. N. Col. 1, 2. Colbert. 7. Barb. 1. Velef. lect. Aldus, Colinæus, the Vulgate, Clemens Alex. Optatus 1. 2.

p. 51. and the Lxx. Lev. ii. 14. xix. 1.

Ver. 20. Esgalov.] sonationed Alexand. N. Col. 1, 2. Colbert. 7. Covel. 4. several MSS. mentioned by Curcellaus, the Syriac, Cyril, Alexand. see Prol. 922.

Ver. 24. 25 x000000] 25 is not in the Alexand. N. Col. 1. Genev. Syr.

Origen, nor the Lxx. Ifa. xl. 6.

Ib. Ανθρωπου.] is not in Covel. 4. αύμις (instead of ανθρωπου) in Steph. 5. μ. Γ. Alexand. N. Col. 1. Barb. 2. Velei. left. Colinæus, Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Origen. ανθρωπου is a Scholium. see Prol. 1209.

Ib. Avioc aviou.] aviou is not in Alexand. Covel. 3. Perav. 3. Hunting. 1. Balil. 2. Aldus, Froben, Colineus, the Syriac, Occumentus, nor the

Lxx. Ifa.xl.7.

Chap. II. 2. Authoris.] sig company is added in Steph. 5. 1. 12. 1]. the Alexand. N. Col. 1. & 2. Text and Comment. Genev. Barb. 7. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Lincol. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2, 4. Sinah, (but in this MS. it seems to be added by a different hand) Leicest. Veles. Colinzus, Vulgate, Syriac, Athiopic, Coptic, Clemens Alexand. Padag. 1. 1. Origen. Com. in Roman. Cyril, Glaphyr. in Num. Gildas. Dr. Mills thinks it an interpolation. See Prol. 647.

Ver. δ. Διο και.] διο τι Alexand. Genev. Magdal. 1. N. Col. 1, 2. Petay. 1, 2. Hunting. 1. Lincol. Covel. 3, 4. Cantab. 2. Wechel. al. Laud. 2. Baill. 2. Leiceft. Vienna, Lucianus, Complut. cd. διο Γαρ cdit. 12

Erafmi, Aldus.

Ver. 7. All from A.920 dv, &cc. to was 2.905, is omitted by the Syriac interpreter. Grotius thinks it is borrow'd from Mat. xxi. 42. and foreign to this place.

Ver. 13. Kupiov.] Oese Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic.

Ver. 14. Επδαίηση μεν.] μεν is not in the Alexand. Magdal. 1. Petav. 3. Lincoln; Colbert. 7. Sinah, Leicest. N. Col. 2. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic,

Æthiopic.

Ver. 18. Σκολους.] Dyscolis in the Vulgate. δυσκολους και σκολους, according to the Syriac. but all the MSS. have σκολους, yet Dr. Mills thinks this is only an explication of δυσκολους. fee Prol. 499. "but who would ever explain a word, whose meaning was very clear, by a term that is ambiguous? for δυσκολος when apply'd to a man, "can only mean morose: whereas σκολους has various significations. Hesychius among the several senses of σκαλου explains it by δυσκολα." Kuster's Preface.

Ver. 19. Χαρις.] χαρις θεου. Steph. δ. χαρις θεω Steph. ια. χαρις παρα τω θεω Steph. ι. Covel. 4. N. Col. 1. Laud. 2. Barb. 1. Colbert. 7.

Lucianus, and the Syriac.

Ver. 24. Manage autou.] autou is not in Steph. & .. Alexand. N. Col. 1, 2. Covel. 4. Genev. Baroc. Barb. 2. Petav. 2. nor the Vulgate. but Dr. Mills thinks it should be retained. because the Hebrew is frequent-

ly redundant.

Ch. III. 5. &: ATICOURAL STATE TOV OSON] is not in the Æthiopic version. Dr. Mills suspects it may be an interpolation. what interpreter, says he, would have dropt such an expression? besides. Peter would not have made use of the present, but either of the arrist, or else of the present-perfect tense. Prol. 1217.

Ver. 7. Σηγκληρονομοι.] συγκληρονομοις Steph. 1.12. Covel. 3. Leicest. Veles. lect. Colinæus, the Vulgate, Syriae, Æthiopic, Arabic, Ambrose,

Jerom, Oecumenius. see Prol. 822, 1209.

Ib. E[now]soras.] Steph. 3. s. 6. ia. Alexand. Veles. lect. Barb. 5. Petav. 1. Cantab. 2. Covel. 2, 4. Sinah. N. Col. 1. Lincol. Laud. 2. Lucian. lect. Seidel. the Complut. ed. Colinzus, the Vulgate, Syriac, E-

thiopic, Arabic, Occumenius. sce Prol. 1209.

Ver. 8, Φιλοφρονες.] ταπεινοφρονες Steph. 3. .. ια. ι. Alexand. Lincol. Petav. 2. (manu recentiori) Colbert. 7. Covel. 2, 4. Genev. MS. Catena in Collegio Novo, Colinzus. the Vulgate has modefti, humiles. but humiles not being in the most antient Latin MSS. particularly the two Donatian MSS. Erasmus thinks it is a Scholium: and so Dr. Mills. Prol. 958.

Ver. 13. Μιμη αι.) Ζηλόλαι Steph δ. Alexand. Covel. 4. Genev. Petav. 3. Velef. leet. Colinzus, Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Arabic, Coptic, Clemens Alexand. it is in the margin of Lincol. Dr. Mills thinks

'tis borrow'd from Titus ii. 14. fee Prol. 647.

Ver. 15. Tow 800v.] this is not in the Æthiopic. Tov xprofov in Steph. 10. Alexand. the Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic, Clemens Alexand. and so Lincol. in the margin.

Ver. 16. Mela pparl.] adda mela pp. Steph. 8.1. Alexand. Barb. 1.

Covel. 4. Genev. Colb. 7. Vien. Vulgate, Clem. Alex.

Ver. 17. Osher] is not in Cantab. 2. Covel. 3. Seher Alexand. Sinah, Magdal. 1. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Genev. Bafil. 2. Laud. 2. Lincol. N. Col. 1, 2. Lucian. lect. fome MSS. mentioned by Colinæus, (i.e. the Complut.) Erafmus's first ed. Clemens Alex. Occumenius.

Ver. 18. Rrebt.] arshave Steph. 8. 4. Alexand. Genev. Covel. 4. Velcf. left. the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Clemens Alex. ap. Caffedor. Cyril. Alex. Dr. Mills thinks this a Scholium. Prol. 924.

Ib. Το πνευμαμ.] the article το is not in the Alexand. Sinah, and

feveral MSS, nor in the Complut, ed.

Ver. 20. Azatedextio.] Steph. 3. 5. 6. 10. Alexand. N. Col. 1, 2. Covel. 2, 4. Laud. 2. Petav. 1, 2. Cantab. 2. Vien. Lucian. left. Scidel. the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Euthalius. the antient Latin writers have not femal. 16ee Prol. 058.

Ver. 21. ψ και ήμας, δες.] ψ ανίζιστον νων και ήμας σωζει Petav. 1. Cantab. 2. N. Col. 2. the Complut. edition. which is something clearer, but perhaps not the truer, so many MSS. reclaiming, says Estius. the Alexandrian, and several of our best MSS. have δ νων, εςς. and they who chang'd it to ψ νων (tho' it had been better to have made it δυ νων) did so for the sake of perspicuity, says Dr. Mills. instead of ήμας the Alexand. Barb. 1. Covel. 2. Leicest. Basil. 2. Vienna, the Vulgare, and Syriac have ψμας, δυ αντίμυσων νων και ήμας σωζει. Seidel.

Chap, IV. 3. hun] is not in Alexand. Barb. 3. Genev. Magdal. 1. Velef. lect. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Clemen. Alex. Augustin. ium

Laud. 2. Covel. 2, 3, 4. the Complut. ed. Colinæus.

Ib. Too βιου] is not in Alexand. Petav. 1. Genev. Velef. left. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic, Clemens Alexand. Pædag. l. 3. c. 12. Augustin.

Ib. Kalessatastas adesfactas Alexand. Genev. Covel. 4. Vulgate,

Syriac, Æthiopic, Clemens Alex. Augustin.

Ver. 8. Kanules | ranufes Steph. 8. 1. 12. sf. Alexand. Barb. 8. Petav. 1, 2. Lincol. N. Col. 1, 2. Sinah, Genev. Covel. 2, 4. Velef. lect. Colinaus, the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Clemens Alex. Facundius.

Ver. 9. Fossware. To Justion Steph, S., Alexand. Covel. 4. Colbert, 7.

Velef. lect. Vulgate, Syriac, Arab.

Ver. 11. φ edir.] edir is not in the Alexand. Colbert. 7. Cantab. 2. nor the Arabic. β δοξα και is not in the Æthiopic. των αιωνων is not in N. Col. 2. Petav. 1. Leicest. Coptic.

Ver. 14 The daine. The daine was dovanessed Steph. 3. 1. 12. Alexand. N. Col. 1. Barb. 2. Colbert. 7. Covel. 4. Genev. Vien. Vulgate, Arabic, Æthiopic, Coptic, Cyprian. Dr. Mills thinks it crept from the margin. See Isa. ii. 2.

Ver. 16. Magail ovoqual Step. 5. Alexand. Barb. 2. Colbert. 7. Covel. 4. Genev. Velef. lect. the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic, Tertullian, Cyril, Alexand. Occumenius, a Scholion borrowed from the

14th verse of this chap. see Prol. 924.

Ch. V. 2. Exercises.] Rala Biov is added in Steph. 3. 1. 12. Alexand. Genev. Covel. 2, 4. Petav. 3. Colbett. 7. Lincoln. (in the margin) Velef. lect. Leiceit. Vulgate, Æthiopic, Jerom, Augustin, Euthalius, Beda. itis a marginal Scholion, says Dr. Mills. Prol. 958.

Ver. 3. Two MANGEW.] TOO MANGOV Lincol. and Jerom, Epift. ad Nepot. the fingular was chang'd to the plural, because they thought it re-

spected the clergy.

Ver. 6. Канра.] едискодис is added in Steph. 5. 12. Alexand. Covel. 2. Petav. 2. Lincol. Colbert. 7. Velet. lect. Colingus, Vulgate, Vol. II. Yy Æthiopic.

Athiopic, Coptie, Jerom, Euthalius, borrowed from chap. ii. 12. see Prol. 801.

Ver. 11. ή δοξα και] is not in Alexand. Baroc. nor Æthiopic. των αιωνων is not in N. Col. 1. nor the Coptic.

Ver. 13. Ev Βαβυλανε.] Georgius Syncellus. feveral MSS, had εν Ιοππη. fee Prol. 1027.



H

THE SECOND

TETPOT

GENERAL EPISTLE

ENISTOAH KAOOAIKE

Q F

ABTTEPA.

PETER.

Τ Μ Ε Ω Ν Πείρος, δουλος και αποσίολος Ιπσου Χρισίου, Τοις ισοίιμον ήμιν λαχουσι πισίιν εν δικαιοσυνή Τόθ. Θεου ήμων και σωίπρος Ιήσου Χρισίου. Χάρις ύμιν και ειρηνή πληθυνθείη εν επιγνωσει Του Θεου, και Ιπσου Του Κυριου ήμων.

SIMON Peter the fervant and apostle of Jesus Christ, to those who
equally share with us in the
advantages of saith, thro' the
veracity of our God, and of
Jesus Christ. may the divine
favour and felicity be poured
upon you, by the knowledge
of God, and of our Lord Jesus Christ.

3 Ως πανία ήμιν Της θειας δυναμεως αυίου τα προς ζωην και ευσεβειαν δεδωρημενης, δια της επιγνωσεως του καλεσανίος ήμας δια δοξης και αρείης, δι ών τα μεγιστα ήμιν και τιμια επαγγελμαία δεδωρηίαι, ίνα δια τουτων γενησθε θειας κοινωνοι φυσεως αποφυγονίες της εν κοσμώ εν επιθυμια φθορας.

It is thus his divine power 3 bas given us every thing conducive to life and piety, by making us acquainted with him, who has called us by his illustrious power; by which we 4 have receiv'd the most inestimable promises, that thereby you might become partakers of the divine perfectious, after having escap'd from the corruption of a sensual world.

Και αυθο τουθο δε σπουδην πασαν παρεισενεγκανθες,
επιχορηγησαθε εν τη πισθει
υμών την αρεθην, εν δε τη
ε αρεθη την γνωσιν, εν δε τη
ε του εγκραθειαν, εν δε

Do you on your part employ all your care in adding to your faith, fortitude: to fortitude, knowledge: to knowledge, temperance: to temperance, patience: to pa-

Yy 2 tience,

Τη εγκραίεια την ύπομονην, εν δε τη ύπομονη την ευσε7 βειαν, εν δε τη ευσεβεια την φιλαδελφιαν, εν δε τη φιλα8 δελφια την αγαπην. ταυτα γαο ύμιν ύπαρχονία, και πλεοναζονία, ουκ αργους ουδε ακαγπους καθισίπουν εις την του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου
9 Χρισίου επιγνωσιν. ώ γαρ μη παρεσίι ταυία, τυφλος εσίι, μυωπαζων, ληθην λαβων του καθαρισμου των παλαι άυλου άμαρλιων.

10 Διο μαλλου, αδελφοι, σπουδασαλε ίνα δια των καλων εργων βεβαιαν υμώνί. Την κλησιν και εκλογην ποιησθε: ταυία ταρ ποιουθές ου μη ໜ້ໄພ II Alaconle Aole. πλουσιως «Επιχορη ηθησείαι ύμιν ή εισοδος εις την αιωνιον βασιλειαν του Κυριου ήμων και σωληρος Ιπσου 12 Χρισίου. δια ιουκ αυσιπσω υμας αει υπομιμνησκειν περι Τουίων, καιπερ ειδοίας, και εσπριτμένους εν τη παρουση 13 αληθεία. δικαιον δε ήγουμαι, εφ' όσον ειμι εν τουίω τω σκηνωμαίι, διεγειρειν ύ-34 μας εν ύπομνησει, ειδως ότι ταχινη εσλιν ή αποθεσις του σκηνωμαίος μου, καθως και ο Κυριος ήμων Ιπσους Χρισίος

εδηλωσε μοι.

15 Σπουδασω δε και έκασΤοιε εχειν ύμας μεία Την εμην εξοδον, Την Τουίων μνη16 μην ποιεισθαι. ου γαρ σεσοφισμενοις

tience, piety: to piety, fraternal affection: and to fraternal affection, universal benevolence. for if you are possels'd of these virtues and imprope therein, they will prevent the knowledge you have of our Lord sesus Christ from being useless to others, and unprositable to yourselves. but 9 be that is destitute of them is blind or short-sighted, having forgot be was purified from his past sins.

Wherefore be-the more dili- 10 gent, my bretbren, to secure your vocation and election by your virtuous actions, for by so doing, you will never relapse: and thus you will have II a free admittance into the eternal kingdom of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. for 12 this reason I shall never omit to put you in mind of thefe things, however knowing you are already, and fettled in the truth. whilft I am alive, 13 I think it my duty to awaken you by my administions: knowing that I must from 12. leave this tabernacle, as our Lord Jesus Christ bas signi_ fy'd to me.

However, I shall inculcate 15 these things so as to make you continually remember them, even after my departure. for 16 the

σοφισμένοις μυθοις εξακολοιθησανίες εγνωρισαμεν ύμιν την Του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισ-Του δυναμιν και παρουσιαν, αλλ' εποπίαι Γενηθενίες της ε-17 κεινου μεγαλειοίπλος. λαβων γαρ παρά Θεου παίρος Τιμην και δοξαν, φωνης ενεχθεισης ανίω τοιασδε ύπο της μεγαλοπρεπους δοξης. " εσλιν ο ύιος μου ο αςαπη-" τος, εις ου ετω ευδοκη-εδ" σα." και ταυί ην την φωυπν πμεις πκουσαμέν εξ ουρανου ενεχθεισαν, συν αυτω ονίες εν τω ορει τω ά-Tto.

19 Και εχομεν βεβαιοίερον τον προφηλικον λογον, ώ καλως πειείε προσεχονίες, ώς λυχνώ φαινολίε εν αυχμηρώ τοπώ, έως ου ημερα διαυγαση, και φωσφορος αναίειλη εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων.

20 Τουίο πρωίον τινωσκονίες, οτι πασα προφηίεια τραφης, ιδιας επιλυσεως ου τινείαι. 21 ου ταρ θελημαίι ανθρωπου ηνεχθη ποίε προφηίεια, αλλι υπο πνευμαίος άτιου φερομετοι ελαλησαν οι άτιοι (Θεου) ανθρωποι.

the information we gave you of the powerful advent of our Lord Fefus Christ, did not proceed from any artfully contrivid fables, we our selves baving been spectators of bis majesty. for he received this 17 bonourable and glorious testimony from his father, when the voice broke out from the magnificent splendor, in these words, " this is my beloved " fon in whom I am well " pleased." we our selves 18 beard this voice, that came from beaven, when we were with him upon the boly mountain.

Besides, we have the more 19 authentic accounts of the prophets, to which you do well in giving your attention, as to a lamp shining in an obscure place, till the day dawn, and the morning-star arises in your hearts.

But you must above all 20 consider, that no prophecy of the scripture did proceed from the prophet's OWN MO-21 TION; but the holy men of God spoke-by the IMPULSE of the holy spirit.

As there were false prophets among the people of Israel, there will likewish he false doctors among you, who by introducing pernicious sects, and by renouncing the Lord,

την αρυουμένοι, επατονίες έαυλοις ταχινην απωλειαν. 2 και πολλοι εξακολουθησουσιν αυλων ταις απωλειαις, δι' όυς ή όδος της αληθειας βλασφημηθησέζα!.

Kal ev Treovetia Trago-ΤΟΙς λογοις ύμας εμπορευσον-Tal, OIS TO KOIHA EKTANAL OUK APPEL, KAL TI ATTURELA A aulwy ou vuolatei. Ei rap ό Θεος απελων άμαρ πσαν-TWY OUR EDELOTATO, AND TELραις ζοφού ταρλαρωσας, πα-CEDWKEN EIL KOLOIN TEINPHILE-5 νους, και αρχαιού κοσμού συκ εφεισάλο, αλλ' οςδοον NWE DIKALOGUYNG KNOUKA Eφυλάξε, καλακλυσμόν κοσ-6 μω ασεβων επαξας, και πολεις Σοδομων και Γομορράς Τεφρωσας καλασλροφη κα-TEKCIVEY, UTOČEKKUK KENDOV-7 Των ασεβείν Τεθείκως: και DIKAIOV AWT KATATOYOULEνον ύπο της των αθεσμων εν ασελτεια ανασΙροφής, ερ-8 ρυσαβο. βλεμμαλι ταρ και akan o dikalos erkaloikiov en. for examples to future imαυλοις, ήμεραν εξ ήμερας ψυ-XIIV OLKALAV. AVOPOLS EPFORS E-5 βασανίζεν. οιδε Κυρίος ευσεβεις εκ πειρασμού ουεσθαι.

who bought them, will bring upon themselves swift destruction. many will follow their 2 destructive maxims, and by their means christianity will be traduc'd.

By their artful discourses 3 they will make you the tools of their avarice; but their condemnation has been a long time advancing, and their ruin is far from lingring. for 4. fince God did not spare the angels, who had finned, but baving precipitated them to bell, confind them to chains of darkness, where they are referved for judgment : fince z be did not spare the old world, baving preserved only eight persons, including Noah, that preacher of virtue, when be brought the deluge upon the impious world: since be con- 6 denn'd the cities of Sodom and Gomorrha to an entire subversion, and reduc'd them to aspes, to make them serve piety: since be delivered that 7 just man Lot, who was grieved 44 the enormous practices of the licentious; for whilft 8 this good man was among them, it daily piere'd his virtuous foul, to fee and bear of their detestable behaviour: this confider'd, I say, the q Lord will deliver thofe, who fear him, from their allhotions

αδικους δε εις πμεραν κριστως 10 κολαζομενους τηρειν, μαλίστα δε τους οπισω σαρκος εν
επιθυμια μιασμου πορευσμενους, και κυριοθήδος καθαφρονουνθας; τολμηθαι, αυθαδεις, δοξας ου τρεμουσι βλασ11 Φημουθες: όπου αργελοι ισχυί και δυναμει μειζονες συτες, ου φερουσι καθ' άυθων
βλασφημον κρισιν.

Oulor de, we anota loa φυσικά, γεγεννημένα εις άλωσιν και φθοραν, ενδικ αρνοουσι βλασφημου: Τες, εν τη φθορα αυλων καλαφθαρησουες Ται, κομιουμένοι μισθού αδικιας, ήδονην ήγουμενοι Την εν πμερά Τρυφην, σπιλοί και μωμοι, ενίσυοωνίες εν τακάπαλαις άυλων, συνευωχουμε-14 νοι ύμιν, οφθακμούς εχονίες μεσίους μοιχαλιδος, και ακαταπαυσίου αμαςίιας, δέλεα-**C**ονίες ψυχας ασίπρικίους. καρδιαν Γεγυμνασμένην πλέοvekias exovles, kalapas Tek-1 5 va: Kalaninovies Thy Euderay ύδου, επλανηθησαν, εξακολουθησανίες τη όδω του Βαλααμ του Βοσορ, ος μισθον 16 adikias nyannoev, exertiv de εσχεν ιδιας παρανομίας, υποζυτιον αφωνον, εν ανθρωπου φωνη φθεςξαμενού, εand reserve the wicked to be punished at the day of judgment. especially those, 10 who prostitute themselves to sensual infamous passions: who desire magistrates, who being audacious, and insolent, intrepidly calumniate the higher powers; whereas the 11 angels, who are of superiour power and dignity, don't inveigh against one another.

But as for thefe, they have 12 no more reason than brute beasts that are naturally made for bunting, and slaughter: so these who calumniate what they do not understand, shall receive the reward of their iniquity by perishing in their own corruption. they 12 place their felicity in doily pleasure: they are a vile scandal to religion: when they are present at your lovefeasts they indulge their luxury: their eyes are inflam'd 14 with adultery, and unextinquishable vice : they infnare the fouls of the inconstant. their minds are practis'd in the arts of avarice: an execrable race, who have deserted the right way, and 15 are gone astray to follow the practices of Balann of Bofor, who loved the wages of iniquity; but he was rebu-16 ked for bis transgression: for

Κωλυσε

an

κωλυσε την του προφηίου παραφρονιαν.

17 Ουλοι εισι πηται ανυδροι, και ομιχλαι ύπο λαιλαπος ελαυνομεναι, οις ο ζοφος του σκολους (εις αιωνα) τεληρη-18 ται. ύπερογκα γαρ μαλαιο-τηλος φθεγγομενοι δελεαζουσιν εν επιθυμιαις σαρκος, ασελ-γειαις, τους σλιγως αποφυγονλας τους εν πλανη ανασ-19 τρεφομενους: ελευθεριαν αυτοίς επαγγελλομενοι, αυλοι δουλοι ύπαρχονλες της φθορας, ώ γαρ τις ήτληλαι, τουτώ και δεδουλωλαι.

20 Ει γαρ αποφυγονίες τα μιασμαία του κοσμού εν επιςνωσει του Κυριου και σω-THOOK INGOU XOLGTOU, TOU-TOIS DE TANIN EUTRACKENTES TT-TWITAL, PETOVEN AUTOLS TA EOχαία χειρονα των πρωίων. 21 KPEITTON FOR THE AUTOIC IN Eπεγνωκεναι την όδου της δικαιοσυνής, η επιγνουσιν επισθρεψαι εκ της παραδοθεισης αυλοις άτιας ενλολης. 22 συμβεβηκε δε αυλοις το της αληθους παροιμιας, επισθεψας επι το ιδίον εξεραμα, και, υς λουσαι μενη, εις κυλισμα βορβοpov."

an ass, as dumb as it was, fpoke with an articulate voice, and reprimanded the extravagance of the prophet.

These are wells without 1 water; clouds agitated with a tempest, who are consigned to the obscurity of eternal darkness. when their lan-1: guage swells with vanity, by applying to the sensual pasfions of the licentious, they allure those who were escap'd for a while, from such deceivers: whilft they promise o- 1: thers liberty, they themselves are flaves to their corrupt passions. for he that is vanquished, is a slave to the conqueror.

As for those who have 20 renounc'd the pollutions of the world, by their owning Jesus Christ for their Lord and faviour, if they are prevail d upon to be entangled therein again, their last state is worse than the first. for it? had been better for them, not to bave made any profession of the gospel, than after they bave embraced it, to abandon the boly injunction, that was delivered to them. but the pro- 2: verb is exactly verified in them, "the dog is return'd " to bis own vomit : the fow " that was wash'd, is wal-" lowing in the mire."

Ταυίην ηδη, αγαπηίοι, δευίεραν ύμιν γραφω επισίολην, εν αις διεγειρω ύμων εν ύπομνησει την ειλικρινη δια-2 νοιαν, μνησθηναι των προειρημενων ρημαίων ύπο των αγιων προφηίων, και της των αποσίολων ήμων ενίολης, του Κυριου και σωίπρος.

Τουλο πρωλου Γινωσκουλες, ότι ελευσονίαι επ' εσχαίου των πμερων εμπαικίαι, καία τας ιδιας άυλων επιθυμιας 4 TOPEUOLLEVOL, אברסטונים KÆl " που εσλιν ή επαιτεκία της παρουσιας αυλου? αφ' ής « γαρουσίας αυτους αφ τκ « γαρ οι παθερες εκοιμεπθησαν, πανία όυλω διαμενει " απ' αρχης κλισεως." λανθανει γαρ αυλουκ τουλο θελοντας, ότι ουρανοι πσαν εκ-TALAI, KAI IN EL VOATOS KAI δι ύδαλος συνεσλωσα, τω του 6 Θεου Λογω. δι ών δ τολε κοσμος υδαλι καλακλυσθεις απωλείο. όι δε νυν συρανοι και ή γη αυλου Δογω τεθησαυρισμένοι εισι, πυρι τηρουμένοι εις ήμεραν κρισεως και απωλειας των ασεβων ανθρωπων.

Εν δε τουίο μη κανθανείω ύμας, αγαπηίοι, "ότι μια ήμερα παρα Κυριώ ώς χικιά This is the second letter I now write to you, my brethren, by which I would awaken your sincere attention, by admonishing you to be 2 mindful of the predictions of the boly prophets, and of the directions of the apostles of our Lord and Saviour.

Above all things you are 3 to know, that in these list times, impostors will appear. who will abandon themselves to their own sensual passions, whose cry will be, " where A " is the promise of his com-" ing? for since our fathers " are dead, the state of things " is the same it has ever been " since the beginning of the " world." but they are wilfully ignorant, that the beavens were originally form'd by the divine Logos, and likewise the earth, which was separated from the water, and still subststs upon it. whence the former world was destroyed by an inundation. but the beavens and the earth now existing are kept in store by bis Logos, referv'd for the conflagration of doomsday, when the impious shall be involved in perdition.

But there is one thing, my 8 brethren, you ought to be apprized of, which is this, that with the Lord one day

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* Phl.xc.4. Ecclus. xviii. 9, to.

9 " εΊπ ω πίμετα μια." ου βραδυνει ο Κυςιος της επαγγελιας, ως τινες βραδυίπία ήγουνίαι, αλλα μακροθυμει εις πίμας, μη βουλομένος τινας απολεσθαι, αλλα παιίας εις μεΐαγοιαν χωρησαι.

10 Ηξει δε ή ήμερα Κυριου ώς κλεπίπς εν ή οι ουρανοι ροιζπόον παρελευσούλαι, σίοιχεια δε καυσουμενα λυθησονίαι, και τη και τα εν αυτη εργα καίακαησείαι.

11 Τουλων ουν πανλων λυομενων, πολαπους δει ύπαρχειν ύμας εν άγιαις ανασλρο12 φαις και ευσεβειαις, προσδοκωνλας και σπευδουλας την
παρουσιαν της του Θεου ήμερας, δι' ήν ουρανοι πυρουμενοι λυθησονλαι, και σλοιχεια καυσουμενα τηκησελαι?

13 Καινους δε ουςανους και Γην καινην καία το επας-Γελμα αυίου προσδοκωμεν, εν ός δικαιοσυνη καίοικει. 14 διο, αγαπηίοι, ταυία προσδοκωνίες, σπουδασαίε ασπιλοι και αμωμηίοι αυίω ευ-15 ρεθηναι εν εισηνη, και την του Κυριου ήμων μακροθυμιαν, σωίηριαν ήγεισθε, καθως " is as a thousand years, and
" a thousand years as one
" day." the Lord does not g
delay the accomplishment of
his promise, as some do imagine. but he waits with patience upon our account, as being unwilling that any should
perish, but that all should
come to repentance.

As for that day of the 10-Lord, it will advance like a thief: then the heavens will rush with violence, the hoiling elements will be dissolved, and the earth with all its contents, shall be burnt away.

Since then this whole sy-11

frem is to be destroyed, how

boly should your conduct be,

and how ardent your piety?

expecting, and vehemently 12

desiring the day of the Lord

would come, when the hea
vens all on fire shall be dis
folv'd, and the elements

shall melt with intense heat.

As for us, in consequence 13 of his promise, we expect a new heaven, and a new earth, where justice shall reside. since then, my dear brethren, 14 your expectations are such, take care to appear before him, without any desect or blemish, in order to be happy; and he persuaded, that 15 the

. * Eloizata frequently fignifies the planets, and the figns of the Zodiac, as M. Menage proves in his notes on Diogenes Laertius, B. vi. §. 102.

και ὁ αγαππιος ήμων αδελφος Παυλος κλία Την αυθώ
δοθεισαν σοφιαν εγραψεν υεδ μιν, ώς και εν πασαις ταις
επισίολαις, λαλων εν αυταις περι τουθων, εν όις εστι δυσνοηθα τινα, ά ὁι αμαθεις και ασθηρικίοι σθρεβλουσιν, ώς και τας λοιπας γραφας, προς την ιδιαν άυθων
απωλειαν.

17 Υμεις ουν, αγαπηδοι, προγινωσκονίες, φυλασσεοθε ίνα μη τη των αθεσμων πλανη συναπαχθενίες εκπεσηίε του 18 ιδιου σίπριγμου. αυξανείε δε εν κατιίι και γνωσει του Κυριου ήμων και σωίπρος Ιπσου Χρισίου. αυίω ή δοξα και γυν και εις ήμεραν αιωνος.

AMHN.

the patience of our Lord is for your advantage: as our dear brother Paul, according to the information he received, † has writ to you, as it were 16 in all his epiftles, where he takes notice of these things: in which there are some passinges that are difficult to understand, which the illiterate, and unstable wrest, as they do the rest of the scriptures, to their own ruin.

Do you then, my dear bre-17 thren, being thus forewarn'd, take care not to be feduc'd by those prophancimpostors, and so lose the reward of your constancy. on the contrary, 18 may you increase in the favour, and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ! to him be glory both now and for ever.

AMEN.

+ Rom. ii. 4.

As to the genuineness of this epistle, it deserves to be considered, that not one writer of the two first centurys ever made use of its

authority. fee Dr. Mills, Prol. 213.

Eusebius hist. Eccles. B. iii. c. 3 says, "one epistle of Peter, that call'd his First, has been own'd. for some of the antients (Paplas and Polycarpus) have formerly quoted it, without calling it into question. but as for that called his second Epistle, we have it by the tradition of our predecessors, that it was never acknowledged as part of the New Testament: yet because it seem'd useful to the "multitude, it was usually read (in the churches) with the other scriptures. but the book call'd the acts of Peter, and the gospel, that goes under his name, and the book entituded his preaching, and that still'd his revelation, they are not accounted genuine, because no ecclesiastical writer has made use of their authority."

And B. vi. ch. 25. he gives these words of Origen, now extant in his Philocalia. "Peter, on whom the church of Christ was ere ted, "which the powers of Hell shall never demolish, left but one epitle,

" acknowledged to be his. but grant that the fecond is his too, for

" whether it be his or no is a question, &c."

This fecond Epifle is indeed frequently quoted in a treatile of antiebrift, published under the name of Hippolitus, but that is a suppositi-

tious piece, as Grotius proves. Op. Tom. III. p. 481.

Didymus, who died at the latter end of the fourth century, An. 202. Ta man of univerfal learning, according to Socrates,) in his commentary on this second epistic, says, " Non est ignorandum pratentem er epistolam esse falfatam: que licet publicetur, non tamen in canone " est. you ought to know that this epittie is a forgery: for though " it be read in the churches, it is not however in the CANON." which is a proof that the canons of the Laodicean council, at least the LXth canon, where this epiftle is mention'd, is a mere forgery. for Dionyfius Exiguus, and Ilidorus Mercator have but LIX in their translations of those canons. nor is there any historical evidence, that there ever was a council of Laodicea: the later writers being divided about the place, there being two Landicea's, and as much at a loss about the time when it was held: some imagining it was in being, before the council of Nice; and others, that it appear'd, they don't know how long after. certainly, an affembly of such dubious existence should never be appealed to, in order to establish the authority of a dublous writing.

However, as the age grew darker, the Monks began to see clearer, the nocturnal bird will stoop to a monse at mid-night, though it can't distinguish a rat at mid-day. canonical things are canonically discerned, the antient fathers were like the fathers of Trens, who did not make so many fine discoveries by their critical, but by their canonical taste: in both of which Jerom excell'd;

Nihil interest cujus sit: cum Ecclesiassici viri sit, & quotidie Ecclesiarum lectione celebretur. Epist. ad Dardanum.

As for the moderns, Scaliger ventur'd to affirm, "the second copiste was a forgery of some primitive christian, who made but an ill use of his time." Commentum veteris christiani otio suo abuzentis. Salmasius was of the same opinion. Grotius thinks it might be writ by Simeon bishop of Jerusalem, after the destruction of that city; and that it had been interpolated, to make it believed, that Peter was the author of it. Grotius, Salmasius, Scaliger were but a Triumvirate, the fathers were a Diumvirate.

Chap. I. r. Coment.] Coment Steph. 3. 12. 15. Velef. left. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Coptic, Complut. ed. Occumenius.

Ver. 10. Crovdatele Bes. &c.] Alexand. Barb. 1. Covel. 2. N. Col.

Velei, lect. Colinzus, Vulgare, Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic, Beda.

Ch. II. 2. Απωλειαις.] ασελίταις Steph. 3. a. ζ. 1. 1α. if. Alexand. Mag-dal. 1. Colbert. 7. Cantab. 2. Lincol. N. Col. 1, 2. Baroc. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Sinah, Covel. 2, 3. 4. Laud. 2. Leicest. Veles. lect. Lucian. lect. MS. Rhodiens. Complut. ed. Colinzus, Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Euthalius. Esius approves of this reading, but Dr. Mills thinks it a Scholium. see Prol. 959.

Ver. 11. Kat' avievel xat' ixviev Steph. 4. Vulgate, Arabic. the an-

tient MSS, had no asperates, nor accents.

Ib. Hara Kupiw] is not in Steph. if. Alexand. Veles. lect. Vulgate, Syriac. Athiopic, Copric. a Scholium. see Prol. 801.

Ver. 13. Analais 1 afanais Alexand. Barb. 1. Velec. lect. Æthiopic,

Auctor Tract. de singul. Clerle. sec Jude 12.

Ver. 14. Analaravojove.] analaravojov Barb. 1. Petav. 3. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2, 4. Batil, 2. Veief. lect. Colinæus, Vulgate, Æthiopic, Occumenius. Euthalius.

Ib. HASOVEÇIALG.] TASOVEÇIAG all Stephen's MSS. the Alexand. Lincol. Covel. 4. Genev. N. Col. 1, 2. Cantab. 3. Laud. 2. Lucian. lect. Complut. ed. Aldus, first of Rob. Steph. the Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Euthalius. see Prol. 984.

Ver. 17. Avudor nau oumant. Steph. & 1. 12. 1. Alexand. Barb. 2. Petav. 3. Covel. 3.4. N. Col. 1. Genev. Leiceft. Vulgate, Æthiopic, Cop-

tic, Jerom, Euthalius. fee Prol. 985.

Ib. Εις αιωνα] is not in Barb. 1. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Jerom. Ch. III. 3. Εμπαικίαι] εν εμπαιβμονη εμπαικίαι Steph, δ. ια. ε[- Alex. Covel. 4. Perav. 3. Barb. 2. Genev. N. Col. 1. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Arabic, Augustin, Jerom. Estius thinks this the true reading, Dr. Mills this, or εν εμπαιβμονη simply, see Prol. 925.

Ver. 10. Es vesci] is not in Alexand. Colbert. 7. Petav. 3. Covel. 2, 4. Genev. Velei lect. Vulgate. Syriac, Æthiopic, Coptic, Didymus, Au-

gustin, Colineus. 'ris borrow'd from 1 Thel. v. 2.

Ver. 12. The lat. The notice Steph. 1. N. Col. 1. Petav. 2. Covel. 2, 3. Velef. left. Scidel. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Arabic, Augustin.



H

THE FIRST

IQANNOT

EPISTLE GENERAL

RHICTOAH KATHOAIKH

o f

II P O T H

јон N.

Hy $\alpha\pi^2$ α pxns, δ α κηκοαμεν, ὁ έωρακαμεν τοις οφθαλμοις ήμων, ο εθεασαμεθα, και αι ΧΕΙΡΕς ήμων εψηλαφησαν πε-2 PL TOU ROPOU THE CHIER KAL ή ζωη εφανερώθη, και έωρακαμεν, και μαρθυρουμεν, και απαιτέλλομεν ύμιν την ζωην την αιωνίον, ήτις ην προς τον παίερα, και εφανερώθη 3 ήμιν. ο έωρακαμεν και ακηκοαμεν, απαγγελλομεν ύμεν, iva kai vusis kolvwylav exnle μεθ' ήμων, και ή κοινωνια δε ή ήμείερα μεία του παίρος και μέλα του ύιου αυλου Ι-4 noou Xuolov. ĸαι ταυτα γραφομέν ύμιν, iva n χαρα ήμων η πεπληρωμε-שמו.

Oncerning the Logos, $oldsymbol{1}$ the author of Life, we declare what was from the beginning, what we bave beard, what we have feen with our eyes, what we bave considered, and what bas been the object of our touch. for the * life was 2 manifested, we have seen it, we testify of it, and denounce unto you, that eternal life which was with the father, and was manifested unto us. what we have seen and beard, we declare unto you, that ye also may be of the same | society with us: and truly affociated with the father, and with his son Jesus Christ. and these things write we unto you, that our joy may be perfett.

5 Και άθη εσίν ή επαςςελια ήν ακηκοαμέν απ' αυτου.

This then is the commission 3 we have from him, to declare

+ The Jews would not affociate with other nations.

^{*} Irenzus observes, that the Gnostics maintain'd, the Locos and the Zoe (Life) were two different persons. St. John afferts, that they are the same, and no other than Jesus Civilt.

του, και αναγελλομεν ύμιν, ότι ό Θεος φως εσλι, και σκολια εν αυλώ ουκ εσλιν ου- δεμια. εαν ειπωμεν ότι κοι- νωνιαν εχομεν μετ' αυλου, και εν τώ σκολει περιπαλώμεν, ψευδομεθα, και ου ποιουμεν την αληθειαν: εαν δε εν τώ φωλι πεςιπαλώμεν, ώς αυ- τος εσλιν εν τώ φωλι, κοι- νωνιαν εχομεν μετ' αλληλών, και το άιμα Ιησου Χρισλου του ύιου αυλου καθαριζει ήμας απο πασης άμαςλιας.

8 Εαν ειπωμεν ότι άμαριαν ουκ εχομεν, έαυθους πλανωμεν, και ή αληθεια ουκ εσ-9 τιν εν ήμιν. εαν όμολογωμεν τας άμαριας ήμων, πισθος εσι και δικαιος, ίνα αφη ήμιν τας άμαρλας, και καθαριση ήμας απο πασης α-10 δικιας. εαν ειπωμεν ότι ουχ ήμας πκαμεν, ψευσθην ποισυμεν αυθον, και ό λογος αυτου ουκ εσθιν εν ήμιν.

Τεκνία μου, Ταυία Γραφω υμιν, ίνα μη άμαριπε, και εαν τις αμαρίη, παρακλητον εχομεν προς τον παίερα,
2 Ιπσουν Χρισίον δικαιον. και αυίος ίλασμος εσίι περι των άμαριων ήμων, ου περι των ήμειερων δε μονον, αλλα και τερι όλου του κοσμου. και εν τουίω γινωσκομεν ότι εγνωκαμεν αυίον, εαν τας εντολας αυίου τηρωμεν. όλεγων, εγνωκα αυίον, και τας

clare unto you, that God is light, and in him there is no darkness. if we say that we have communion with him, and walk in darkness, we lye, and do not all sincerely: but if we walk in the light, 7 as he is in the light, we have society one with another, and the blood of his son Jesus Christ cleanseth us from all sin.

If we say that we are 8 without sin, we deceive ourselves, and have no regard
to truth. if we confess our 9
sins, as he is faithful and
just, he will forgive us our
sin, and cleanse us from all
iniquity. if we say that we 10
have not sinned, we impeach
his veracity, and discredit
his word.

My dear children, these things I write unto you, that ye may avoid sin. but if any man has failed, we have an advocate with the father, fesus Christ the just. he is the the victim that has expiated our sins: and not ours only, but likewise the sins of the whole world. if we keep his commandments, that is a proof that we know him. he that says, he knows 4 him.

ενίολας αυίου μη Τηρων, ψευσίας εσίι, και εν τουίω 5 ή αλάθεια συκ εσίτι ος δ'αν τηρη αυίου τον λογον, αληθως εν τουίω ή αγαπη του Θεού τειενείωτει εν τουίω γινωσκομεν ότι εν αυίω εσμεν. ὁ κεγων εν αυίω μενειν, οφειλεί, καθως εκείνος περιεπαίπσε, και αυίος ουίως περιπαίειν.

Αδέλφοι, ουκ ενίολην καινην γραφω ύμιν, απλ' ενίο-Any makalay, ny elxele (an' αόχης) ή ενίολη ή παλαια eoliv o horos on mouvale 8 απ' αρχηκ. παλιν ενίολην καινην γραφω ύμιν, ο εσίιν αλήθες εν άυλω, και εν ύμιν, ori n' okolia naparelai, kai το φως το αληθινον ηδη φαι-ם שבו. ל אבדעש בי דעי סטובו ELVAL, KAL TOV ADENDOV AUτου μισων, εν τη σκολια εσ-10 τιν έως αβι. δ αγαπων τον αδελφον άυλου, εν τω φωλι μένει, και σκανδαλον εν αυτιτω ουκ εσίν. ὁ δε μισων τον αδελφον αύδου, εν τη σκολια εσλι, και εν τη σκο-Για περιπαίει, και ουκ οιδε που ύπαγει, ότι ή σκολια είυφλωσι τους οφθαλμους αυ-TOU.

12 Γραφω ύμιν, τεκνια, ότι αφεωνίαι ύμιν αι αμαρίται 13 δια το ονομα αυίου. Γραφω ύμιν, παίερες, ότι εγνωκαίε bim, and does not keep his commandments, is a lyar, and an enemy to the truth: but 5 be that observes his precepts, loves God with a true and perfect love: 'tis by this we know that we are truly christians. be that says he is at-6 tach'd to Christ, ought to regulate his conduct by his example.

My bretbren, I don't pre- 7 scribe you any new commandment, but the antient precept which you had from the beginning: and that is no other than the word which was * originally delivered. bowever, & it is really, in effect, a new commandment I write unto you, with respect to you: because the darkness is past, and things now appear in their true light. he that says o be is in the light, and yet bates bis brother, is still in darkness, he that loves his 10 brother, abides in the light, and will be secure from stumbling, but be that bates bis 11 brother, is in darkness, he walks in darkness, and knows not whither he is going, hecause the darkness bath blinded bis eyes.

I write to you, dear chil- 12 dren, because your sins are forgiven you upon the account of Christ. I write to you, fa-13 thers,

* Ley, xix. 13.

TOY

τον απ' αρχης. Γραφω ύμιν, νεανισκοι, ότι νενικηκατε τον πονηρον. Γραφω ύμιν, παιδια, ότι εγνωκαλε
14 τον παλερα. εγραψα ύμν,
παλερες, ότι εγνωκαλε τον απ'
αρχης. εγραψα ύμιν, νεανισκοι, ότι ισχυροι εσλε, και
ό λογος του Θεου εν ύμιν
μενει, και νενικηκαλε τον πονηρον.

15 Μη αγαπαίε τον κοσμον, μηδε τα εν τω κοσμω. εαν τις αγαπα τον κοσμω, ουκ εσίιν ή αγαπη του παίρος εν 16 αυίω. ότι παν το εν τω κοσμω, ή επιθυμια της σαρκος, και ή επιθυμια των οφθαλμων, και ή αλαζονεία του βιου, ουκ εσίιν εκ του πατρος, αλλ εκ του κοσμου εστος, αλλ εκ του κοσμου εστος τι. και ό κοσμος παραγείαι, και ή επιθυμια αυίου, ό δε ποιων το θελημα του Θεουν μενει εις τον αιωνα.

18 Παιδία, εσχαίπ ώρα εσίι, και καθως πκουσαίε ότι ό ανίιχρισίος ερχείαι, και νυν ανίιχρισίοι πολλοι γεγονασιν, όθεν γινωσκομεν ότι εσχαίπ 19 ώρα εσίιν. εξ ήμων εξπλθον, αλλ' ουκ πσαν εξ ήμων, ει γαρ πσαν εξ ήμων, μεμενηκει-

thers, because ye have known bim that is from the beginning. I write to you, tyoung men, because you have overcome the wicked spirit. I write to you, little children, because ye have known the father. I14 write to you, fathers, because you have known him that is from the beginning. I write to you, young men, because ye are strong, and the word of God abidethinyou, and ye have overcome the wicked spirit.

Love not the world, nor 15 let worldly things engage your affections. be that is worldly affected is a stranger to divine love, for what the world 16 is so sull of, sensuality, avarice, and pride, is not deriv'd from the creator, but is the offspring of a vicious world, and the world is passing a-17 way, with all its vices: but be that obeys the divine will, shall enjoy a life of immortantity.

Dear children, the last 18 time is come: as ye have beard that antichrist was to come, accordingly many antichrists have already appeared; whereby we know that we are now in the last times, they went out from us, but 19 they were not of us: for if

σαν

Pfal. cxix. 165. Lxx. Dan. vii. 9. the antient of days. † Nearmose is one that is of age to bear arms.
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σαν αν μεθ' ήμων, αλλ' ίνα φανερωθωσιν ότι ουκ εισι πανίες εξ ήμων.

20 Και ύμεις χεισμα έχελε απο του άτιου, και οιδαίε 21 πανία. ουκ εγναινα ύμιν ο-TI OUK OIDATE THY ANDELAY, and oti oidale auling, kai ότι παν ψευδος εκ της αλη-22 שבומר בסער בסלו. דור בסלוע ס ψευσίπς, ει μη ο αρνουμενος ότι Ιησους ουκ εσίιν ό Χοιστος ? ούδος εσίω ο ανίιχοιστος, ο αργουμένος τον πα-23 Τερα και Τον υίον. πας ο αρνουμένος τον ύιον, ου-24 δε τον παλερα εχει. ύμεις our o nkougale an' aoxns. εν ύμιν μενέίω, εαν εν ύμιν μεινη ὁ απ' αρχης ηκουσα-TE, KALI DUEIS EN TW DIW KAL \$5 EV TW πάθρι μενείλε. και άυ-דח בסלני ח בחמרך באומ, חי מט-Τος επης ειλαίο ήμιν, την LWNV THY a:WYIOY.

26 Ταθία εγραγγα ύμιν περι
27 Των πλανωνίων ύμας. και
ύμεις το χρισμα ό ελαβείε
απ' αθίου, εν ύμιν μενει, και
ου χρειαν εχείε ίνα τις διδασχη ύμας, αλλ' ώς το αθίο
χρισμα διδασκει ύμας περι
πανίων, και αλπθες εσίι, και
ουκ εσίι ψευδος, και καθως
εδιδαζεν ύμας, μενείε εν αυ-

Τφ,

they bad been of us, they would no doubt bave continued with us: but they went out, that it might be manifest, that they were not all of us.

As for you who have re-20 ceiv'd the unstion of the boly spirit, you know the whole affair. I bave not written 21 to you, as to people unacquainted with the truth of the gospel: but as to such who know it, and know that it cannot give rife to any imposture. who is so great an 22 impostor as be, who denies that Jesus is the Christ? he is antichrist, that denies the father and the son, whoso-23 ever denieth the son, disowns the father: adhere there_24 fore to what ye have learnt from the beginning. if you adhere to what ye have beard from the beginning, you will still persist to own both the son and the father. and this is the reward that 25 be bath promised us, even eternal life.

These things have I writ- 26
ten to you concerning those
that would seduce you. but 27
as the unstion which ye have
received from him, abides in
you, you don't need any instruction: being then sully instructed by his unstion, which
is true and not sallacious, adbere to what that has taught

28 τω. και νυν, τεκνια, μενετε εν αυίω, ίνα όταν φανερωθη, εχωμεν παρόποιαν,
και μη αισχυνθωμεν απ' αυτου, εν τη παρουσια αυίου.
29 εαν ειδη ότι δικαιος εσίι,
Γινωσκείε ότι πας ό ποιων
την δικαιοσυνην, εξ αυίου
ΓεΓεννηαι.

ςεςεννηζαι. Ιδείε ποίαπην αςαπην δεδωκεν ήμιν ο παίηρ, ίνα τεκνα Θεου κληθωμεν. δια του-TO O KOOHOS OU SIVWOKEL 15-2 μας, ότι ουκ είνω αυίον. α*ταπηλοι, νυν Τεκνα Θεου εσ*μεν, και ουπω εφανερώθη τι εσομεθα. οιδαμεν δε ότι εαν φανερωθη, όμοιοι αυίω έσομεθα, ότι οψομεθα αυλον κα-3 θως εσίι. και πας ὁ εχων Την ελπιδα ταυίην επ' αυτω, άγνιζει έαυλον, καθως A EKELVOS A VOS EOIL. TRAS O ποιων την αμαρλιαν, και την avojuav Tolel, kal n auap-ק דום בסווי ה מיסועם. גמו סוbale oti ekeivos epavepwon, ίνα τας άμας Ιως ήμων αρη. και άμαρια εν αυίω ουκ εσ-6 Τι. πας ο εν αυίω μενων, ουχ άμαρλανει, πας ό άμαρτανων, ουχ έωρακεν αυλου, 7 OUDE ETYWKEY AUTOV. TEKYLA, μηδεις πλαναίω ύμας, ο ποιων την δικαιοσυνήν, δικαιος εσλι, καθως εκεινος δικαιος 8 εσίν. ο ποιων την άμαρ-Τιαν, εκ του διαβολου εστιν, ότι απ' αρχης ο διαβοyou. adhere to that, my dear 28 children, that when he shall appear, we may have confidence, and not be ashamed before him at his coming. since you know that God is 29 the source of virtue, you know that every one who has virtue, derives it from him.

Consider what proof the t father has given us of his love in allowing us to be called the sons of God: there-. fore the world does not know us, because it knew bim not. beloved, we are now the 2 sons of God, the it does not yet appear what we shall: be: but we know, that when this change shall be, his immediate presence will give us a divine resemblance. be 3 that bath fuch an expectation sould purify bimfelf, even as be is pure. be that is A vitious, is lawless: for sin is the transgression of the law. and you know that he ap- 5 pear'd to abolish our sins; and that he was himself without sin. whosever ad- 6 beres to bim, sinnetb not: subosoever sinneth, bath not feen bim, be does not know bim. dear children, let no 7 man deceive you: only be that acts justly is just, as he is just, be that lives in sin, 8 imitates the devil; for the devil was a sinner from the Aaa 2 begin-,

λος αμαρίανει. εις τουίο εφανερώθη ο ύιος του Θεου,
ίνα λυση τα εργα του δια9 βολου. πας ο γεγεννημενος
εκ του Θεου, αμαρίιαν ου
ποιει, ότι σπερμα αυίου εν
αυίω μενει, και ου δυναίαι
αμαρίανειν, ότι εκ του Θεου
γεγεννηίαι.

Το Εν Τουίω φανερα εσίι τα τεκνα του Θεου και τα τεκνα του Θεου και τα τεκνα του διαβολου. πας ό μη ποιων δικαιοσυνην, ουκ εσίιν εκ του Θεου, και ό μη αγαπων τον αδελφον άυίου. 11 ότι άυίη εσίιν η αγγελια ήν ηκουσαίε απ' αρχης, ίνα α-γαπωμεν αλληλους. ου κα-12 θως Καϊν εκ του πονηρου ήν, και εσφαξε τον αδελφον άυτου. και χαριν τινος εσφαξεν αυίον ? ότι τα εργα αυίου πονηρα ην, τα δε του αδελφου αυίου, δικαια.

13 Μη θαυμαζείε, αδελφοι μου, ει μισει ύμας ο κοσμος. 14 ήμεις οιδαμεν ότι μελαβεβηκαμεν εκ του θανάλου εις την ζωην, ότι αγαπωμέν τους αδελφους, ο μη αςαπων τον αδέλφον, μενει εν τω θανα-15 Τω. πας ό μισων τον αδέλφον άυλου, ανθρωποκλονος εσ-TI, KAI OIDATE OTI TAG AVθρωποκλουος ουκ εχει ζωπν αι**ε** 6 ωνιον εν αυλω μενουσαν. τουίω εγνωκαμεν την α;α-TINY, OTI EKELVOS UTED TIKOV Thy woxny aulou enke, kai THEIR OPEINOMEN UTTED TWY A-

3

ΘΈΧΦΩ» .

beginning. for this purpose the son of God appeared, that he might destroy the works of the devil. whosoever is 9 born of God, does not commit sin; for the divine principle remaineth in him: he will not sin, because he is born of God.

In this the children of God 10 are distinguished from the children of the devil: be that does not practise virtue, and fraternal benevolence, is not of God. for this is the doctrine 11 that you have beard from the beginning, that we should love one another. not acting 12 like Cain, who was of that wicked one, and slew his brother: but why did he slay him? because his own actions were evil, and his brother's were virtuous.

Marvel not, my brethren, 12 if the world bate you. as for 14 us, we know, that we have passed from a state of death to that of life, because we love our brethren: be that does not love bis brother, is in a destructive state. whosever 15 bateth bis brother, bas the disposition of a murderer: and you know that no murderer bas any title to eternal life. this is the proof of the di-16 vine love, Christ expos'd his life for us: and we ought to expose our lives for the bretbren.

δελφων Τας ψυχας τιθεναι.

17 ος δ΄ αν εχη Τον βιον Του κοσμου, και θεωρη Τον αδελφον αυίου χρειαν εχονία, και κλειση Τα σπλαγχνα αυΤου απ' αυίου, πως ή αγαπη Του Θεου μενει εν αυίω ?

18 Τεκνια μου, μη αγαπωμεν λογω μηδε γλωσση, αλλ' ερ-

rw kai annosia. 19 Και εν τουίω Γινωσκομεν ότι εκ της αληθείας εσμέν. και εμπροσθεν αυλου πεισο-20 μεν τας καρδίας ήμων. ότι εαν καλαςινωσκη ήμων ή καρδια, ότι μειζων εσλιν ό Θεος της καρδίας ήμων, και τι-21 νωσκει πανία. αγαπηίοι, εαν ή καςδια ήμων μη καίαγινωσκη ήμων, παρρησιαν ε-22 XOUEY TOOS TOV SEOV. KOL O εαν αίωμεν, λαμβανομεν παρ' αυίου, ότι τας ενίσλας αυίου τπρουμέν, και τα αρεσία ενωπιον αυίου ποιου-23 MEV. KAI AUIN EOIIV n EV-Τολη αυίου, ίνα πισίευσωμεν Τω ονομαλι Του ύιου αυλου Ιησου Χρισίου, και αγαπωμεν αλληλους, καθως εδωκεν 24 ενλολην ήμιν. και ο Τήρων τας ενίολας αυίου, εν αυίω μενει, και αύλος εν αύλω, και εν τουλώ Γινωσκομέν ότι μένει

πμιν εδωκεν.
Αγαπηλοι, μπ πανλι πνευμαλι πισθευείε, αλλα δοκιμα-Εείε τα πνευμαλα, ει εκ του

EN THEP, EK TOU TIVEULATION CU

thren. be that possesses the 17 enjoyments of life, and seeing his brother in want, has no compassion for him, how can be be said to have any divine love? my dear children, 18 let not our love be only in the language of our lips, but in the real effects of the heart.

Hereby we shall know that 10 we are true professors, and set our consciences securely at rest. for if our conscience con- 20 demn us, God knows us better than we do our selves. be knoweth all things. be-21 loved, if our heart condemn us not, we may securely confide in God. whatever we 22 ask, we shall receive it of bim, because we keep bis commandments, and do what is agreeable to bim. now this 22 is his commandment, that we believe in bis son Jesus Christ, and that we love one another, as be commanded us. be that observes his com- 24 mandments, * dwelleth in God, and God in him: and bereby we know that he abideth in us, by the spirit which be hath given us.

Beloved, believe not every spirit, but try the spirits whether they are of God: because

^{*} There is an intimate union between God and him.

Θεου εσίν, ότι πολλοι ψευδοπροφηλαι εξεληλυθασιν εις 2 Τον κοσμον. εν τοιλω τινωσκείε το πνευμα του Θεου, " παν πνευμα ὁ ὁμολοει Ιπσουν Χρισίον εν σαρκι ελπλυθοία, εκ του Θεου εσ]ι. και παν πνευμα ο μη ομολογει τον Ιησουν Χρισίον εν σαρκι ελπλυθο-" τα, εκ του Θεου ουκ εσίι." KAITOURO EGILTO TOU AVILXXIG-TOU. OAKTKOAle OTI EPXELAI, KAI νυν εν τω κοσμω εσίιν ηδη. A VILLES EK TOU GEOU EOTE, TEKvia, kai vėviknkale aulous, ότι μειζων εσίιν ό εν ύμιν η ο εν τω κοσμω. αυλοι εκ του κοσμου εισι, δια τουίο ΕΚ ΤΟυ ΚΟσμου λαλουσι, και 6 ο κοσμος αυίων ακουει. EK TOU ⊖EOU EGILEY, Ó JIVWG-KWY TOY ⊖SOY, AKOUSI HUWY, ός ουκ εσίιν εκ του Θεου, ουκ ακουει ήμων. εκ τουίου Γι-VWOKOMEN TO TVEUMA THE Aληθειας και το πνευμα της TAXVIIC.

Α Γαπη οι, α Γαπωμεν αλληλους, ότι ή α Γαπη εκ του Θεου εσ οι, και πας ό α Γαπων, εκ του Θεου Γε Γεννη οι, εκ αι Γινωσκει τον Θεον. ό μη α Γαπων, ουκ ε Γνω τον Θεον, ο ότι ό Θεος α Γαπη εσ οιν. εν του Θεου εν ήμιν, ότι τον υίον α υίου τον Μονο Γενη απεσ οι Θεος εις τον κοσ μον, ίνα ζησωμεν δι αυ-

cause many false prophets are gone out into the world. by this you may distinguish the 2 spirit of God: " every spi-" rit that confesseth that Je-" sus Christ is come in the "flesh,is fromGod.and every 3 "spirit that does not own " that Jesus Christ is come " in the flesh, is not from God." this is that antichristian spirit which you bave beard was to come, and even now it appears in the world. ye are of God, my 4 dear children, and you have overcome them : because be that is in you, is superior to bim that is in the world. they are of the world: there- 5 fore their dostrine is worldly, and the world are their difciples. we are of God: be 6 that knoweth God, beareth us; he that is not of God, beareth not us. by this we distinguish the spirit of truth from the spirit of imposture.

Beloved, let us love one 7 another: for love is of God; and every one that loveth, is born of God, and knoweth God. be that has not focial 8 affection, does not know God; for God is love. by this was 9 the love of God displayed towards us, in that God fent his only begotten fon into the world, that we might live

10 Του. εν τουίω εσίιν ή αγαπη, ουχ ότι ήμεις ηγαπησαμεν τον Θεον, αλλ. ότι αυτος ηγαπησεν ήμας, και απεσίειλε τον ύιον άυίου ίλασμον περι των άμαριων ήμων.

11 αγαπηλοι, ει ουλώς ο Θεος ηγαπησεν ήμας, και ήμεις οφειλομεν αλληλούς αγαπαν.

12 Θεον ουδεις πωποθε τέθεα αι.
εαν αγαπωμεν αλληλους, ό
Θεος εν ήμιν μενει, και ή αγαπη αυθου τεθελειωμενη εστιν εν ήμιν.

12 Εν τουλώ Γινωσκομέν ότι εν αυίω μενομέν, και αυίος εν ήμιν, ότι εκ του πνευμαλος 1 4 άνλου δεδωκεν ήμιν. και ήμεις τεθεαμεθα, και μας νρουμεν ότι ό παίπρ απεσίαλκε τον ύιον σωθηρα του κοσ-15 μου. ός αν όμολος πση ότι Ιπσους εσλιν ο ύιος του Θεου. ο Θεος εν αυίω μενει, και 16 αυλος εν τω Θεω. και ήμεις ETYWKAHEY KAI TETIOTEUKAHEY THE AFAMEN THE EXSL O SEOS EN ήμιν ο Θεος αταπη εσίι. και ο μενων εν τη αγαπη, εν TW. GEW HEVEL, KAL O GEOG EV 17 αυίω. Εν Τουίω Τείελειωίαι ή αγαπη μεθ' ήμων, ίνα παςεπαιαν εχωμεν εν τη ήμεςα της κρισεως, ότι καθως εκειvoc eoli, kai nuesceauev ev To κοσμώ τουίω.

18 Φοβος ουκ εσλιν εν τη α-Γαπη, αλλ' ή Τελεια αγαthro' bim. and what heigh-10 tens his love, was this, that it was not we who first loved God, but it was he that first loved us, and sent his son to expiate our fins. be-11 loved, if God so loved us, we ought to love one another. no man hath ever seen God. 12 if we love one another, God dwelleth in us, and our love for him is then * sincere.

Hereby we know that we 13 dwell in bim, and be in us, because he hath given us of bis spirit. and we have seen, 14 and do testify, that the father bath sent the son to be the faviour of the world. whosoever shall confess that 15 Jefus is the fon of God, God dwelleth in him, and he in God. and we bave known, 16 and are convinced that God bath loved us. God is love : and be that cultivates social affection, dwelletb in God, and God in bim. the divine 17 love to us will be in the bighest degree, if our condition in this world be the same as was that of Christ Jesus; so that we may appear with confidence in the day of judgment.

Fear is a stranger to love; 18 for perfect loves excludes all fear:

^{*} Ifa. xxviii. 3. With a perfect beart, ev uapdia adubing, Lxx. with a fincers beart.

πη εξω βαλλει τον φοβον, OTI O ΦΟβΟς ΚΟλΑσΙΝ ΕΧΕΙ, O δε φοβουμένος ου τελεκειώλαι IQEV TO AFAMO. THEIR ATAπωμεν αυίον, ότι αυίος ποω-ZOTOS NEATHOEN NUAS. EAN TIC ειπη, ότι αγαπω τον Θεον. και τον αδελφον άυλου μιση. wevolne eolis, o rap un aγαπων τον αδελφον άυλου όν EWOAKE, TOV ΘΕΟΝ ΟΝ Ουχ έω-DAKE, TWE SUNATAL AFATTAN? 2 I KAI TAUINY THY EVIONNY EXOLEY απ' αυίου, ίνα ό αςαπων τον Θεον, αγαπα και τον αδέλφον άυλου.

Πας ο πισθευων ότι Ιησους εσίιν ὁ Χρισίος, εκ του Θεου Γεγεννηλαί, και πας δ αγαπων τον γεννησανία, αγαπά και τον Γεγεννημένον εξ 2 αυίου. εν τουίω Γινωσκομεν ότι αγαπωμέν τα τέκνα του SEOU, OTAY TOY SEON AFAπωμεν, και τας ενλολας αυ-3 Του Τπρωμεν. άυλη Γαρ εσ-TIV nagath tou Geou, iva τας ενίολας αυίου τηρωμεν, και αι ενίολαι αυίου βαρειαι A OUK ELGIV. OTL TAY TO TE-ΓΕΝΥΠμένον ΕΚ ΤΟυ Θέου, νικα τον κοσμον, και άυλη εσλίν יו אוגח אי אוגחסמסמ TOV KOGμον, ή πισλις ήμων.

Τις εσλιν ο νικων τον κοσμον, ει μη ο πισ ευων ότι Ιπσους εσίιν ο ύιος του Θεου ? 6 ουλος εσλιν ο ελθων δι' ύδατος και άιμαλος, Ιπσους ό Χριοίος, ουκ εν τω υδαίι μοfear: since pain is the object of fear. be that is affected with fear, cannot be sincere in bis love. let us love bim; 19 fince be first loved us. if a 20 man fays be loves God, and yet bates his brother, he is a lyar: for be that does not love his brother, who is before bis eyes, bow can be love God who is invisible? be-21 fides, 'tis a commandment we bave receiv'd from bim, that be who would love God. must love his brother also.

Whofoever believeth that ! Jesus is the Messiab, is born of God: and every one that loves the father, will likewife be affected with love to bis son. by this we may know 2 that we love the children of God, if we love God, and keep bis commandments. for 3 our love of God confifts in the observation of his precepts: precepts that are far from being grievous, for be 4 that is a true christian overcomes the world: by obtaining faith, we have gain'd a victory over the world.

Who is it that overcomes 5 the world, but he that believes that Jesus is the son of God? it appear'd by the wa- 6 ter, and by the blood, who be was, even Jesus the Mesfiab 3

νον; άλλ' εν τω ύδαλι και τω αιμαίι, και το πνευμα εσίι το μαρίυρουν ότι το πνευμα εσλιν ή αληθεια. ότι τρεις εισιν όι μαρλυρουνίες, το πνευμα, και το ύδωρ, και TO ALUA, KAL OL TPEK EK TO 8 EV EIGIV. EL THY MAGIUGIAV των ανθρωπων λαμβανομέν. ή μαρίνεια του Θεου μείζων ะอีเบา อับ ลับโท เอโเบ ที่ แลงτυρια του Θεου, ἡν μεμαρίυ-9 อทหะ พะอเ ซอบ บเอบ ส่บใจบ. πισλευων εις τον υίον του GEOU. EXEL THY MADJUDIAN EY αυίω, ο μη πισίουων Θεω; ψευσην πεποιηκεν αυ-דסי, סדו סט אבאוסלפטאבי בוכ την μαρίσειαν ήν μεμαρίσρη-KEY O GEOS TECH TOU VIOU AU-TOUL

του.

10 Και αύθη εσθιν ή μαρθυρια, ότι ζωην αιωνιον εδωκεν ήμιν ό Θεος, και αύθη ή ζωη
11 εν τω ύιω αύθου εσθιν. ό εχων τον ύιον, εχει την ζωην, ό μη εχων τον ύιον του Θεου,
12 την ζωην ουκ εχει. ταυθα
εγραγια ύμιν, ίνα ειδηθε ότι
ζωην εχεθε αιωνιον, όι πιστευονθες εις το ονομα του ύιου
του Θεου.

13 Και άθη εσθιν ή παρόησια ήν εχομεν προς αθον,
ότι εαν τι αθωμεθα καθα
το θελημα αθου, ακουει ή14 μων. και εαν οιδαμεν ότι
ακουει ήμων, ό αν αθωμεθα,
οιδαμεν ότι εχομεν τα αιΥοι. Η. Τημαθα

fiab , not by the water only. but by the water and by the blood: besides, the spirit is a witness too, now the spirit is truth itself. so that there are 7 three witnesses, the spirit, the water, and the blood: and these three testify the same thing, if we receive the testi- 8 mony of men, the testimony of God is greater: now this is the testimony, which God has given us of bis son. be that be- a lieveth on the son of God; bath the testimony of God thereto: be that does not believe God, impeaches his veracity, because be does not believe the testimony that Ged gave of his fon.

Now what is testissed, is 10 this, that God has given to us eternal life: and this life is by his son. he that receives II the son, is intitled to life; and he that does not receive the son of God, has no title to life, these things have I written to 12 you, that you may know that you have eternal life, by your helieving on the name of the son of God.

Besides, we have this con-13 fidence in him, that if we ask any thing according to his will, he will hear us. and 14 fince we are sure that he hears all our prayers, we

Выь

Inuala a filnkauer rap au-

15 Ear TIS ION TOV aGENDOV άυλου άμαρλατούλα άμαρλαν μη προς θαναίον, αιδησει, και δωσει αυίω ζωην, τοις αμαρίανουσι μη προς θανα-Tov. Estiv auastia mos $\theta \alpha$ valor, ou med exerns herw 16 ίνα εςωθηση. πασα αδικια $\dot{\alpha}$ μαρλια εσλιν, και εσλιν $\dot{\alpha}$ -17 marlia ou troc bavalov. oidaner ot mas o references EK TOU DEOU, OUX auaplaνει, αλλ' ο Γεννηθεις εκ του Seou, Those Eaulov, Kai o πονηρος ουχ άπλελαι αυλου. 18 οιδαμεν ότι εκ του Θεου εσμεν, και ο κοσμος όλος εν τω πονηρω κείλαι.

19 Οιδαμεν δε ότι ό ύιος του Θεου πκει, και δεδωκεν πμιν διανοιαν ίνα γινωσκομεν τον απηθινον, και εσμεν εν τω απουνώ, εν τω ύιω αυθου Ιπσου Χρισίω. " όυθος εσθιν ό " απηθινος Θεος, και ή ζωη 20" αίωνιος." τεκνια, φυλαξαθε έαυθους απο των ειδωπων.

AMHN.

are fure that the petitions we presented to him, will be answered.

If any man see bis brother 15 commit a fin, which is not a mortal sin, let bim pray to God, who will grant him life, for such as do not commit a mortal fin. there is a fin unto death: in which case I do not enjoin any prayer to be made. every thing that is contrary to 16 virtue, is a fin: but every fin is not a mortal fin: we know 17 that a true christian will not commit such a sin, for he that is the child of God keeps upon bis guard, so that the wicked spirit does not approach bim. we know that we are the 18 children of God, and the rest of the world are subject to the evil spirit.

We know that the son of 19 God is come, and hath given us an understanding to know him that is true: and we are with him that is true, by his son Jesus Christ, "he is the "true God, who is the author of eternal life." dear 20 children, keep yourselves from idols.

AMEN.

Eusebius says, John lest Parmos, after the death of the tyrant Domitian. this happen'd An.96. about which time 'tis generally believed he writ this epistle.

It appears from Ecclefiaftical history, that the first and second Centurys swarm'd with enthusiasts of all kinds, the chief of which were

Judas Galilaus, Theudas, mention'd in the Acts, and by Josephus; the Egyptian impostor, mention'd there too; another, during Festus's administration: Simon Maous: Dofitheus: and Menander, who were all antichrifts, or falle christs: but the most remarkable impostor was Barchochebas, which fignifies, the flar: by whose impious extravagance above eighty thousand lost their lives in Adrian's time, almost all the Jews in the Roman empire having adher'd to him as their Meffish. in St. John's time, Cerinthus, and many others denied that lefus was the Christ, pretending that Christ descended upon Jesus after his baptism, and retired from him at his sufferings, Irenzus, lib.iii. 18. there were certain heretics afterwards, call'd Doceta, who denied that Jesus Christ had a real body, or that he had a real human nature. maintaining, that his fufferings were only in appearance. some asferted, that Jefus was one perfen, Christ another, and the Monogenes (only begotten) was different from them both. Ireneus lib.iii. 11. fays, it was the common opinion of all the heretics, that the divine Logos never was incarnate: in short, though they all profess'd to be christians, their maxims were inconsistent with christianity, and common fenic.

Chap. I. 4. 14001.] Same Alexand. Covel. 2. N. Col. 1. the Vulgate,

Æthiopic, Arabic, and some editions.

Ver. 5. Επα[[ελια.] α[[ελια Steph. & 6. L. Alexand. Cantab. 2, 3. Velef. lect. Lucian. lect. Vienna, Lincoln. Magdal. 1. N. Col. 1, 2. Baroc. Barbar. 7. Perav. 1, 2. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2, 3. Colinæus, Vulgate, Æthiopic, Arabic, Occumenius. fee Prol. 960. H. Stephens thinks it should be απα[[ελια.]

Ch. II. 6. dujue] is not in the Alexand. Barb. 2. nor the Vulgate.

Ver. 7. Αδελφοι.) αταπήθα Steph. δ. ε. ι. α. Alexand. N. Col. 2. Barb.
2. Petav. 3. Covel. 2, 4. Genev. Lincol. (in marg.) Velef. lect. Colinæus, Vulgate, Syriac, Coptic, Augustin, Beda, and other Latin writers.

Ib. Ax' apxis.] is not in Alexand. Petav. 1, 2, 3. Barb. 2. Covel. 4. Genev. Vulgare, Syriac, Æthiopic, Arabic, Clemens Alexand. ap. Caffiodor.

Ver. 23. Exe. I & bushofer to view, new tow tales a exe. is added in Steph. 3. a. in. if. Alexand. Barb. 2. N. Col. 1. Lincol. Colbert. 7. Covel. 2, 3, 4. Velef. lect. Genev. Colinzus, and other edit. Vulgare, Syriac. Æthiopic, Captic, Cyril, Cyprian, Hilary, Augustin, Beda. Estius thinks this the true reading, but Dr. Mills thinks it a Scholium. see Prol. 703.

Ver. 27. Av.o.] av.o. Steph. & 1. 12. If. N. Col. 2. Barb. 1. Covel. 2, 4. Genev. Colinzus, Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Augustin. fee Prol. 601.

Ib. Meveile.] mevele Steph. & to ta. Alexand. Barb. 2. Petav. 3. Co.

vel. 4. Genev. Colinzus, Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic.

Ch. III. 1. Kansburger.] nate source is added in Steph. S. s. L. ca. of. Alexand. Barb. 2. Covel. 2, 3, 4. N. Col. 1. Genev. Vulgate, Syriac, Ethiopic, Occumenius. its an explication borrow'd from the next verse, says Dr. Mills.

Ver. 12. Kai xapir rives espater avor is not in the Æthiopic. Dr.

Mills thinks it an interpolation of a Scholiast. see Prol. 1218.

Ver. 14. Tov adea@ov] is not in the Alexand. Barb. 1. Covel. 4. Genev. Vulgate. Cootic. Calaritan.

Ver. 17. An' aviou] is not in Magdal. 1. N. Col. 1. Laud. 2. Seidel.

nor the Complutentian edition.

Ver. 19. Israesuptiv.) fracqueta: Steph. e. s. Alexand. Petav. 3. Co-wel. 4. Genev. N. Col. 1. Lincol. Arabic, Clemens Alex. Dr. Mills thinks this the true reading. fee Prol. 639.

Ch. IV. 2. Troususse] from sude: Steph. in Magdal. 1. Sinah, Laud. 2. Petav. 2, 3. Covel. 4. Genev. Leicest. Basil, 2. Veles. lect. Lucian. lect.

Lincol. Complut. ed. Vulgate, Syriac.

Ver. 3. Xpieler su gapui sanaisola] is not in the Alexand. Covel. 4. Geneva, Æthiopic, nor the Vatican MSS, which is very antient. So-CRATES hist. eccles. b. vii. ch. 32. says, that in the antient copys the reading was any avenue & dust ton Indoor, and ton bear our sell: whoever separates Jesus, is not of God. so the Vulgate read it, Cyril, Prosper, Cassianus, Terrullian, Ambrose, Augustin, Irenzus, Calaritanus, Beda, Fulbert Carnotens. the Veles, lect. has nalaxuss for Auss. but fince all the Greek MSS, besides the Syriac, Arabic, and Æthiopic versions, Polycarp, and Cyprian agree in the common reading, and Tertullian, Augustin, and Fulgentius have both readings; Dr. Mills concludes, that & aust you Incour was so far from being eras'd by the heretics, as Socrates faid, that, on the contrary, it was fraudulently inferted by the orthodox, in opposition to the disciples of Cerinthus, and Ebion, who made a diffunction between Iclus and Christ, affirming, that Christ enter'd into Jesus at his baptism in the form of a dove, and fled away from him at his suffering. scc Prol. 286,501,615,846, 927, 928, 1320.

> Ch. V. 6. Kas denalos.] nas resonales is added in Steph. 8. s. s. Alex. Covel. 2. N. Col. 1. Æthiopic, Coptic, Cyril, Occumenius. borrow-

ed from veriè 8...

Ver. 7. Ev. Tw outawn, &c.] he the next page. *

Ver. 9. Marlugian.] rou Ocev is added in the Alex. Steph. 3. c. iz.

Lincol, Colinxus, Vulgate.

1b. To Osm. I row down Steph. S. 14. Alexand. Covel. 4. Genev. Velef. left. the Vulgate, Æthiopic, Arabic, Coptic. Grotius thinks this the true reading.

Ib. Aujp. J. Alexand. Laud. 2. Magdal. 1. MS. Vatican, Lincol. Covel.

2. Luc. N. Gol, 1,2. Complut. ed.

Ver. 12. plus was signed for, &c.] Steph. 3. 4. Alexand. Genev. Barb. 2. Velef. left. the Vulgate. Syriac, Æthiopic, Arabic, Coptic. Grotius thinks this the true reading.

Ver. 16., ou] is not in the Vulgate, Æthiopic, nor Tertullian do

Pud. c. 19. Dr. Mills says, 'tis adventitious. sec Proi. 502, 647.

Ver. 19. Tov annervor! Tov annervo Osov Steph. 5. 6. 1.12. Alexand. Lincol. Colbert. 7. Covel. 4. Barb. 1. Petav. 3. Velef. lect. MS. Rhodienf. in Bib. Complia. the Complutentian edition, Colinzus, the Vulgate, Ethiopic, Arabic, Bafil, Cyril, Ambrofe, Beda.

Ib. Ev region I se rea is not in Lincol. Velef. lect. Vulgate, Cyril, Basil. Ambrose, scrom, Augustin, Faustinus, Facundus, Fulgentius, Beda.

Ver. 20. Augy] is not in Alexand, Calbert, J. Covel. 4. Geney, Syriar, Arabic, Æthiopie, Coptic.

I:

* In the I. John, chap. V. and ver. 7 & 8. these words.

— Ev τφ ουρανφ, δ Παξερ, δ Λοβος, και το Αβον Πνευμία: και ουβος δι τρεις εν εισι. και τρεις εισιν δι μαβυρουθες εν τη β ——In heaven, the Father, the Logos, and the Holy Spirit: and these three are one. and there are three witnessing on earth:

Are not to be found in the following GREEK MSS.

Years old.

Yes 13	oid.
The Vatican, from which	
the Roman edition of	
the Lxx was made, rec-	200
kon'd to be about	•
The Alexand. about 800, or 1	
	000
The Sammoglorian MS.	
about 800, according to	500
Amelot, but father Simon	,
not much above	
Huntington 1. ap. Mills.	700
Petave 1. ib.	700
Petave 2. ib.	700
Petaye 3. ib. uncertain.	•
Magdalen 1. ib.	700
Vienna, numb. 28. ib. 7 or	800
Ibid, another. ap. Roger.	
very old.	
Seidel: ap. Kufter.	700
Coibert. 7. numb. 2844. ap. 3	700
4141144	
n. 5199. P. Simon.	800
Cantab. 1.2p. Mills. 5 or	600
Baroccian. ib. one of the abeth.	-
beit, S	500
Laud. 2. ib.	400
Covel. 2. writ. An. 1087.	641
Covel. 3.	500
Covel. 4. is modern.	,
Genera, which agrees very	
much with Covel.4.	
- MC is a Mossificant at T	
MS. in a Monaftery at 2	
Basil. ap. Mills, us'd by	500
Erafinus.	
a MSS. in the Library of	
Bafil, mention'd by Bp.	500
purner.	
1 At Venice.—by the same.	500
1 At Venice.—by the same. Barbarini 8. New College 1	, 2,

Sinah, and Leicester, which is

modern, see Dr. Mill-

MS. Rhodienf. in the Complutenfian library.

MS. of Florence, mention'd by

Dr. Roger.

4 MSS. in the Colbertin library, numb. 871, 4785, 6123, 6584. one of these is in 16°. fairly writ, fince the invention of printing, as father Simon thinks.

8 MSS. in the librarys of Rome, in 1632. see P. Le Long. J. des

Scavans.

11 MSS. in the King's library at Paris, viz. n. 2247. which Mr. Boiving the librarian judg'd to be 700 years old.

n. 1885, 2248, 2869, 2872.

2. 2871. which was Stephens's 2.

ni 3425. ib. e.

п. 2242. ib. ζ. п. 1870. ib. *с*.

n. 1861. at least 800 years old, fays P. Simon, Dif. Crit. sur les MSS. du N. T.

3 MSS. which R. Stephens borrowed elsewhere, see his preface, viz. 8. 12. 17. had not this passage.

N.B. The other MSS. perus'd by R. Stephens, did not contain the epifiles, viz. B. [5, 4, 18, 18

4. 15.

The Antiquum Bibliorum Correflorium (the author of which was very conversant with Hebrew, Greek, and Latin MSS. fays Lucas Brugens.) observes, that this passage was not in any of the antient Greek MSS. This Passage is not in any of the antient VERSIONS.

It is not in the Latin or old Italic version made long before Je-

rom's time.

It is not in the Syriac version, which D. Walton judg'd was made in the second Century: among other arguments for this reason; because that version did not take in the second epistle of Peter, the second and third of John, that of Jude, nor the Revelations, which makes it probable that version was made before the Canon of the New Testament was settled. Dr. Mills thinks it was made in that age. see Prol. 1277, &c. 1472.

It is not in the ÆTHIOPIC VERSION, when this was made, is uncertain. Dr. Mills thinks it might be in the fourth Century: and observes a great agreement between that and the Alexandrian MS. see Prol.

1189, 1190.

It is not in the Arabic version, when this was made, is uncertain. It is not in the Coptic version, which was made from very good MSS. fays Dr. Mills. and is judged to be a work of the fifth Century, by D. L. Pickius. fee Prol. 1407, 1708.

Nor is it in the Russic version.

N.B. The Perfic version was made from the Syriae.

The LATIN MSS, which have not this passage. Years old.

MS. Lectionary publish'd by 21000 Mabillian, at least MS. in Biblioth. Carolin. 900 writ in Charlemain's time. ap. P. Le Long. MS. Bib. Colbert. writ in 900 Ludovicus Pins's time. MS: S. Albini Andegavenf. ap. P. Le Long. Bib. 900 Sac. c. g. MS. S. Sergii. ib. 900 M.S. of Bail. ap. Bp. Burnet. 800 – Bern, ib. 800 Two of Strasbourg. ib. 800 One, ib. ďop Two Donatian MSS, which Erafmus faid were very old. MS. S. Martini writ in the time of Charlesthe Bald. ap. P.Simon. f MSS. of Lovain.

1 MS. Bodleian, very old.

3 MSS. of St. Germain, very old.

3 MSS. Sangermanenf. each above 500 years old.

The Colbertine MSS. have it not. P. Le Long. Journ. des Sçav.

MS. Orator. Rom. Mabillion Itis.

MS. Minorit. Antwerp.

MSS. numb. 3565. which is modern, and 3584. Paris.

Many antient Latin MS. copys of Jerom's edition, some of which are in the King's library at Paris, have it not.

The Antiquum Bibliorum Correctorium, takes notice, that this passage was not in the antient Latin MSS, then extant.

GREEK FATHERS.

This verse is not mention'd by any Greek father.

IRENAUS lib. III. cap. $\frac{16}{23}$ in order to prove the divinity of Christ, quotes the fifth chapter of this first epistle of John, without taking the hast notice of the seventh verse, the it would have been more pertinent to his argument if it had been in his MSS.

CLEMENS Alexandr, takes no notice of it, nor Origan.

DIONYSIUS Alexand. in his epiftle to Paul Samosat. frequently quotes the 8th verse, but never the 7th, though the whole epiftle treats of the divinity of Christ, and the Trinity.

ATHANASIUS in all his writings against the Arians, though he musters up arguments of all fizes, and from all quarters, never quotes

this verse.

The Author Synopleos facta Scriptura, does not mention it.

The FATHERS of the Synod of Saedle quote John x. 30. and other texts, to prove the unity of the three perions in the Trinity, without

mentioning this text, though more to their purpole.

EPIPHANIUS HETEL. 57, 62, 64, 65, 74. and in Haref. Assemacorum, where he treats at large of the Trinity, urges several texts of scripture against the Arians, &c. without producing this verse. the same may be said of

ALEXANDER Alexandriques, who ranfacks all the scripture for pas-

fages to prove the confubitantiality.

DIDYMUS Alexandrinus, who writ at large of the unity of the Tri-

nity, and made a commentary upon this very epiftle of John.

BASILIUS Magnus, who writ several treatises relating to the Trinity. Gregorius Nazianz. who writ a discourse against the Arians, a book of the Nicene faith, and a treatise of Theology, in which, to prove the holy spirit is God, and ought to be worshipped, he urges these words the source in massive to the print, the blood, and the water: which he would never have quoted, if the seventh verse had been in his copy of the Greek testament.

GREGORY Nyslen, neither in his thirteen books against Eunomius, nor in his book of the Trinity, nor in that entituled, the holy spirit is

God, has the least glance to this text.

Chrysostom, who quotes almost the whole New Testament, in one place or other of his voluminous works, yet never mentions this verse, though he treats at large of the divinity of Christ, and of the

equality of the holy spirit.

CYRIL of Alexandria, in Capitule argumenter. relating to the holy spirit, does not mention this verse; but in lib. 14. The sauri, quotes the words of the 6th, 8th, and 9th verses of 1 John, chap. v. without taking notice of the words of the 7th verse; and at length concludes, that the spirit is God from these words, at The Massimplan Tow authority and Language, if Massimplan Tow Deep Massimplan if we admit the testimony of men, the testimony of God is greater." which he refers to the spirit, mention'd in the 8th verse.

The Author of the exposition of Faith, writ about the year 470, proves from Mat. xxviii. 19. and other places, that the fon and holy spirit are rank'd in the same order: and because the son and boly spirit are mention'd together with the father, he infers, that the essence of the father, son, and holy spirit is the same: yet he does not mention this 7th verse, where they are not only rank'd together, but are said

to be *oze.*

The Author of the dialogue concerning the Trinity, afcrib'd to CESARIUS,

PROCLUS Epiff. ad Armenos, of the true Faith, which treats almost

wholly of the Trinity, take no notice of this verse.

The Fathers of the Nicene Council, according to Gelasius Cyricen's history, knew nothing of this text. for in that synod Leontius bishop of Casaria in Cappadocia, when, in the name of the Nicene fathers, he answer'd the arguments of a certain philosopher, who attack'd the divinity of the holy spirit, urg'd, among other texts of scripture, the words of 1 John v.6. To Troma selle to massive v. ft. To Troma selle in anything v. ft. to Troma selle in anything v. ft. the struct is a witness: now the spirit is truth: as a proof of the divinity of the holy spirit. but how was it possible for him to lay so much stress upon an obscure passage, if the next verse sollowing, which was so expressly to his purpose, had been extant in his time? now whether this history be true or no, it's plain this text was not in the MSS. of Gelasius's time, at the latter end of the sisting century.

OECUMENIUS writ a commentary upon this repiftle of John, with-

out taking any notice of this text.

In the Greek Casena, published under his name, comprehending the acts, St. Paul's epistles, and the general epistles, there is not so much as a Scholium relating to this verse.

Father Simon says, he had consulted fix MS. Catena's, which greatly differ'd from one another in other respects, but all agreed in their

not having this text.

Nor does it appear in any of the writings of the Eastern churches, in those of the Jacobites, Nestorians, and others, no more than it does in the Syriac, Æthiopic, Arabic, and Coptic versions.

In the Latin writers of the five first centuries, there is no mention of this passage.

The Author of tractatus de baptismo hareticorum, judg'd to be of the same age with Cyprian, and extant among his works, quotes the words of the 6th and 8th verses immediately together, without taking any notice of the 7th.

Novatian writ a book de Trinitate, and cites abundance of texts of scripture to prove that Christ, and the holy spirit are God; but

fays nothing of this passage.

HILARY of Poidiers writ twelve books de Trinisate, besides several treatises against the Arians, in which he musters up abundance of scripture-passages, a great many of them very little to the purpose of his argument, yet he has not said one word of this text.

CALARITANUS Writ a book de non conveniendo cum hareticis, and feveral tracts, where he had fair opportunity of introducing this text,

if it had been in the Latin MSS. of his time.

The same may be said of Phoenadius, who writ a book against the Arians.

Ambrosz writ several books de Fide, where he maintains the inseparable unity of the three persons against the Arians; and in his books de spiritu sancto, he heaps up all the passages of scripture that can any ways make for the divinity of the holy spirit, nay, he unites the words of the 6th and 8th verses of this 5th chapter of St. John's epistle, as

rhe

the ftrongest arrow in his whole quiver, not having the least notion

of the words in the 7th verfe-

1. In lib. 1. de spiritu sancto, cap. 6. he cites the words of the 8th verse, of the spirit, the water and blood; where by spirit, he understands the holy spirit: which, Dr. Roger observes, he could not confisently have done, if he had known any thing of the 7th verse; there being so plain an opposition between the witnesses in heaven, and the witnesses on earth; that it is very difficult to reconcile the 7th with the 8th, if by spirit in the 8th verse, be understood the holy spirit.

2. In cap. 5. of the same book, he labours to prove, that the spirit, and the water are not one substantially, but mystically, " cam unitatem " non in natura, fed in mysterio intelligendam." and then concludes, " quis igitur audeat dicere discretum à Deo Patre & Christo esse Spiri-" tum Sanctum? who then dares deny that the holy spirit is distinct from "God the father, and from Christ?" now if Ambrose had known any thing of this controverted text, fays Dr. Roger, how could be have omitted it, when it made so directly to his point? how could he have gone fuch a round-about way in quest of proof, when fuch a glaring text stood staring in his face?

In lib. 3. de spiritu sancto, cap. 10. he endeavours to prove, that the holy spirit is God, where having quoted those words of the gospel of St. John, what is born of the flesh, is flesh, because it is born of the flesh: and what is born of the spirit, is spirit, because God is a spirit : (for so was the reading of his copy, and the words quia Deus spiritus est, he says, were cras'd by the Arians) he adds, "that the said "evangelist might show what he had writ was of this spirit, " per " aquam, inquit, & spiritum venit Christus Jesus, non solum in a-" quam, fed per aquam & fanguinem; & spiritus testimonium, quo-" niam spiritus est veritatis. quia tres sunt testes, spiritus, aqua, & " languis, & hi tres unum funt in Christo Jesu. Jesus Christ, says " Fohn, came by water, and by the spirit. not only into the water, " but by water, and blood; and it is the testimony of the spirit. for " there are three wimesses, the spirit, the water, and blood, and these " three are one in Christ Fesus."

JEROM, who gave a new edition of the old Latin version, corrected from the Greek MSS. does not mention this text in any of his works, fays Dr. Mils. Nor

FAUSTINUS in his book de Trinitate, though a bitter enemy to the Arians.

Augustinus in his books against Maximinus, leaves no stone unturn'd, to prove from icriprure, that the holy spirit is God, and that the three persons are consubstantial: yet he never appeal'd to this text. however, lib. 2. cap. 22. in answer to the objection, " that the spirit, " the water, and blood, which are three different substances, are faid " to be one, I John v." he pleads, " that those three things are " only a figure, or type of the three persons of the facred Trinity, " and that by the spirit there is meant the father; by blood, the fon is " meant; and by water, the holy spirit. and thus those things " are truly one."

But for fear this typical argument should be thought inconclusive, Augustin endeavours from other places of scripture to prove, that the father, fon, and holy spirit are really witnesses: and having alledged a passage in the 8th chapter of St. John's gotpel, in which the holy spirit is not mentioned, (though neither is he excluded, says Augustin) he therefore brings another passage, from the 15th chapter, where the testimony of the holy spirit is mention'd: and then adds, " who " that believes the goinel can doubt, that the father, ion, and holy " spirit are witnesses, when the son himself says, I bear witness of " my felf, and the father, who fent me, bears witness of me? where, " although the holy spirit is not mention'd, he is not to be considered as separate: but eliewhere he is more express, and very plainly shows " the spirit is a witness. for when he promifed to fend him, he says; " he will bear witness of me: these are three witnesses, and the three " are one. because they are of one substance." what pity 'tis St. Augustin knew nothing of this controverted text, which would have so leasonably extricated the poor father from all his puzzle and embarassiment!

Leo Magnus in Ep. 10. ad Flavianum, cap. 5. quotes the words of the 4th, 5th, 6th, and what is now reckon'd the 8th verse, all successively, taking no notice of the words of the controverted 7th verse of 1 John v. and in citing the 8th verse he has not the words in terra, in the earth, which occur but in sew of the MSS, that have not the 7th verse.

EUCHERIUS in Quest. N. Testam. having cited these words, there are three, which bear testimony, the mater, the blood, and the spirit, says, if it be ask'd, what is the meaning of these words? I answer, many think the Trinity is here meant; by water, they understand the Father; by blood, Jesus Christ; by the spirit, the Holy Spirit."

CEREALIS lib. contra Maximinum, Junilius lib. de partibus Divia. leg. & FACUNDUS lib. de trib. capitulis, who flourished in the fixth century, knew nothing of this text. yet Facundus takes notice of the three witnesses mention'd in what is reckon'd the 8th verse, and gives the same allegorical interpretation as St. Augustin, which he confirms by the testimony of Cyprian.

The venerable Bene, who flourish'd in the eighth century, writ an accurate commentary upon St. John's 1st epistle, where he explains the meaning of the spirit, the water, and blood at large, without ta-

king the least notice of the witnesses in heaven.

These authorities of the fathers show, that, not only they, but that the most celebrated churches in their age had no notion of this text. that it was not known to the African churches, appears from the authorities of Augustin, Cerealis, Junilius, and Facundus. Ambrose vouches for Milan; Novatian, and Leo magnus, for the church of Rome; Lucifer Calaritanus, for that of Sardinia; Hilary, Phoebadius, Encherius, and the Lectionary of Mabillion, for the churches of France; the venerable Bede for those of Great-Britain; and the Oriental versions, for the Eastern churches.

Printed Editions, that have not this Passage.

The first Edition of Erasinus. ______ Anno 1516
Second Edition of Erasinus. _____ 1518
Aldes

Aldus. ————————————————————————————————————	8
Haguenaw 152	Ţ
Strasburg 152	4
Colinxus. — Paris 153	4
Luther's version, and the edition of Zuinglius.	•
Besides several editions in Holland, copied from the preceding	5-

GREEK authorities in favour of the controverted Passage.

I. HE ONLY MS. of the Greek Testament, that has this passage, is the Rritannic MS. mention'd by Erasmus, which since belonged to Dr. Montfort; but was transported to Ireland, and is now in the College of Dublin. Dr. Mills says, 'tis the work of some blundering modern hand. perhaps it was writ since the invention of printing. however, it can hardly be rank'd in the list of Greek MSS. because Erasinus himself own'd, it was reform'd from the Latin of the Vulgate. and Dr. Mills says, several places have been erased, and others interlin'd.

N. B. Dr. Mills, and several learned gentlemen imagin'd, that all Stephens's MSS. which contain'd the 1st epistic of John, had the whole of this controverted passage, excepting the words 'er to our avo', to which Stephens's semicircle by a tripo-graphical legerdemain was annex'd. But P. Le Long having carefully examin'd the MSS. in the King's library, shows, that the semicircle should have been annex'd to so to so to so to so to so.

A TABLE of the MSS. which R. Stephens made use of in his edition of the New Testament in Greek, in folio. Anno 1550.

- 4. The Complutentian edition, containing the whole New Teframent.
- B. The four gospels, and the Acts of the Apossels. The four gospels. the King's MS. numb. 2867.

The New Testament, all but the Revelations. the King's MS. numb. 1871.

5. The New Testament, all but the Revelations. the King's MS. numb. 3425.

5. The four gospels.

7. The four gospels, the epiflies of St. Paul, of St. James, of St. Peter, and the first of St. John. the King's MS. numb. 2242.

u. The four gospels. the King's MS. numb. 2361.

The New Testament, all but the Revelations.
 The acts, and the epistles of the apostles. the King's MS.

numb. 2878. 42. The acts, and the epiftles of the apostles.

.6. The four gospels.

The acts, and the epiflies of the aposties, excepting the third of St. John, and that of Jude.

48. The gospels of St. Matthew, of St. Luke, and of St. John.
46. Seven epiftles of St. Paul, which begin with the first to the
Corinthians. King's MS.

Ccc 2

15. The gospels of St. Luke, and of St. John.

The feven MSS, which contain the ist epistle of St. John, viz. 3. 6. 7. 6. 6. 12. 4: are the same as are mark'd in the margin, against this samous verse, in R. Stephens's Greek edition, but not so much as one of them does contain this controverted passage. see P. Le Long's Letter to the Rev. Mr. Martin, Minister at Utrecht, Jour. des Sçav. p. 643.

N.B. There are indeed several Greek MSS. of the New Testament, which have the substance of this controverted passage in the margin, as an explication of the spirit, the water, and the blood. for instance, in the King's MS. n. 2247. over-against these words our trains and in the substance of this remark, tooledle to trains at a place of allow man of allow man our allow sailow, "that is, the boly spirit, and the father, and "the som witnessing for himself." by which we may perceive, that the author of the said remark was of opinion, that by the spirit, the water, and the blood, were meant the father, the word, and the boly spirit. and in some of the Colbertin MSS, there are the like marginal notes. see Hist Critique, chap, xviii.

II. In Labbe's Collection of Councils there is the following fragment taken from a MS. in the King's library, relating to the acts of the council of Lateran, under Pope Innocent the IIId. Anno 1215.

Quemadmodum in canonica Joannis apostoli epistola legitur, quia tres sunt qui testimonium dant in Coelo, Pater, Verbum & Spiritus Sanctus, & hi tres unum sunt; staring; subjungitur, sicut in quibusdam codicibus invenitur.

Or tromor er to karoriko en troloko arayirrar elais éti treis eloir él maringourles er ouparos é Halos Aoyos kai lireuma ayion: kai éuloi él treis en eloir, endus te trologions, kabes en tot kadokir énickélai.

In English it runs thus, "as it is read in the canonical epitle of the "apostle John, for there are three who give testimony in heaven, the father, word, and holy spirit, and these three are one, and immediately it is subjoin'd, as it is found in some copys."

The Latin is the original, of which the Greek is a translation, made about the fame time as the acts of the council, according to P. Simon, who concluded, that the passage in Erasmus's Britannic MS.

was borrow'd from these acts. Diss. Crit. fur les MSS.

III. The Complutensian edition of the Greek testament, An. 1525. has this controverted passage. this noble edition was obtained by the direction of Cardinal Kimenes, assisted by the learned professors of Complutum, all animated by the influences of Pope Leo the Xth, who sent them the MSS. that were at Rome, among which was that called the Vasican, and another, which the Pope highly valued, esteeming it tanguam Archetypum, next to an original. and Dr. Mills says, there's so great an agreement between this and Laud. 2. they seem to be twins. but the passage of St. John is not in either of these two MSS. nor indeed was it in any of the MSS. sent from Rome. for Erasinus having challeng'd Studies, who had collated the MSS, both of Spain and of Rome, to name but one that had this

controverted verse, Stunics * could only refer him to the Prologue, which Cardinal Kimenes had prefix'd to the canonical epistles, imagining it was really St. Ferom's. this answer fully justified Erasmus's conduct in leaving out the 7th verse of the I John, chap. v. in his editions of the New Testament. An. 1516, & 1518. the first of which he had dedicated to Leo the Xth, who was to far from shewing any displeasure, that he honour'd Erasmus with the highest applause, in an epistle, dated Sept. 10th, 1518. which Erasmus prefix'd to his edition of that year. and deserves to be subjoin'd, that the reader may see, what an infinite disparity there was between the spirit of Constantine, and the temper of Leo. compare pag. 875, and 934.

* Sciendum est hoc loco Gracorum codices apertissime este corruptos; nostros vero venicatem iplane ut a prima origine tradusti sunt continere: quod ex Procaco Beati Hieronymi super Epistolas Canonicas maniseste apparet. Jac. Lop. Stan. Annot. in Ecalm.

LATIN Authorities for the TEXT.

The Prologue ascrib'd to Jerom has this controverted passage.

I. But Dr. Mills fays, to establish the text by such an authority, would he no better than to support the cause by the meer forgery of an author, who was a stranger to critical literature, and afferts things so void of the least appearance of truth, they should be ascrib'd to any pretender, rather than to that learned father. 1° what does he mean by faying, the text was in the writings of the Greek fathers? when all the world know, who know any thing of this matter, above all Jerom, who had perus'd them all, and translated several of them, could not but know, that not so much as one Greek writer from the very beginning of christianity, to his time, had ever quoted this passage. strange! that it should be in all the Greek MSS. as this Prologue-monger afferts, and yet none of the antients hear one tittle of it. he that can digest such trompery, may, if he pleases, swallow the Prologue. 20, what this impostor tays of the Latin interpreters, is equally shocking, and stupid. his afferting, that this text was fraudulently left out by the heretical author of the Italic vertion, which is the most antient version of the New Testament, shows, that he was as little acquainted with that version, as he was with the Greek. if that interpreter had play'd the part of a heretic upon this occasion, how comes it, that Jerom never took notice of the fraud in any part of his works, where he frequently inveighs against that version, and brands those with the character of two-legged affes, who were so weak as to adhere to it? how would the splenetic father have triumph'd if he had smelt out the cheat, and damn'd the poor interpreter for an heretical, illiterate, sacrilegious blockhead? 3°. Dr. Mills further observes, that it is equally false, what this Prologue-monger afferts, that Jerom was the first who restor'd this seventh verse, by placing it in his edition. if this was fact, how comes it, that this verie is not to be found in the most antient, and by far the most valuable copys of Jerem's edition? why did Jerom never cite it in

any of his works, where he vents his zeal against the Arians, and other heretics? Strange! that in his polemical writings, where he urges several less important places of scripture to establish the doctrine of the Trinity, he should never once produce this testimony of John, which he himself, forsooth, had recover'd from the Greek MSS. "whereby the Catholic faith is greatly corroborated, and the divine substance of Father, Son, and Holy Spirit are prov'd to be the same." In quo maxime on sides Catholica roboratur, of Patris ac Filii, ac Spiritus Sancti una Divinitatis substantia comprobatur, says the supposititious Jerom. in a word, my opinion, says Dr. Mills, is this; these prefaces, some of which are ridiculously sabulous, were the work of some silly Rhapfodish, who liv'd long after Jerom's time, and this prologue in particular must have been writ after Bede's time; for it appears by his com-

mentary, that he knew nothing of this verse.

II. Martianay, the learned editor of Jerom's works, proves the prologue to be spurious, by the following arguments. 10. in the prologue the general epiftles are stil'd Epistole Canonica, a term utterly unknown to Ferom, who in his real works perpetually calls them Epistolæ Cartiolicae, and so does Athanasius, and the author of the Synopsis aicrib'd to him. 20, the prologue says, " non cundem esse or-" DINEM Epistolarum, quæ Canonica nuncupantur qui in Latinis codi-" cibus invenitur." now Ferom was too well acquainted with the Greek and Latin writers to be guilty of fuch a senseless blunder. for the author of the 60th canon of the council of Laodicea, whoever he was, has plac'd the feven epiffles in this very order, one of James, swe of Peter, three of John, one of Jude. Eusebius lib. 3. Hift. Eccles. c. 25. Cyril Hierosol, catcchest 4. Athanasius in his festal epistle; the author of the Synopsis; Gregory Nazianz, carm, de genuinis scripturis, Johannes Damascenus; Nicephorus Patriarch of Constantiople; and all the Greek MSS, place the epiffles in the fame order. 30, the author of the prologue values himself as much upon his restoring the epittles to their proper order, as upon his restoring the evangelists to their original purity, which shows the extreme vanity, and impertinence of the author. for of what consequence is it to religion, whether Fames be plac'd first or last? 40. Martianay's last argument is drawn from the barbarous stile of the prologue. Which he proves to be very unlike that of ferom. fee Hieron, Op. Vol. 1. edit. D. J. Martianay.

III. P. Simon, after an indefatigable fearch into antient and modern MSS, concludes, the prologue is fpurious, because, the' it is to be found in most of the Latin MSS, writ within these 600 years, it is not in

the most antient, which are by far the best.

Neither the prologue, nor the controverted text are to be found in the Teutonic-french version of St. Jerom's Bible, which is at least one thousand years old.

They are not to be found in MSS. Bib. Reg. n. 3584. writ above

700 years ago, nor in MSS. B.R. n. 1568. writ not long ago.

Nor in 2 MSS, of St. Germain, one of them 800 years old; tho' the accurate transcriber says, he had diligently scarch'd out the most correct copys of St. Jerom's Bible.

The prologue indeed is prefix'd to Charles the Bald's fair Bible in the King's library; but St. ferom's name is not there, nor the controver-

ted rext in St. John. yet there is another preface in this Bible, before the acts of the apostles, with this title, Prasatio Hieronymi, of which, 'tis very certain Ferom was not the author, but it is taken out of Jerom's large presace, entituled, Prologus Galeatus. P. Mabil. Mus. Ital. p. 67. mentions an antient MS. he saw at Rome, with the prologue, but without either Jerom's name, or the controverted text.

The prologue is in one of the King's MSS, though the text is not

there.

It is likewise in the Colbertine MS. n. 158. under the bare title of Prologus; but some later hand has added these words, B. Hieronymg Presbyteri. and the controverted text not being in this MS. the same

hand has added it in the margin.

What a strange incongruity is this! says P. Simon, to see a preface at the beginning of the Canonical epistles, where Jerom complains of the unfaithfulness of the ancient Latin translators, incastrating a whole verse of 1 John v. which he restores to the Greek; and yet, if you turn to the place of St. John, you will not find it in that very copy. there can be no other reason given for this inconsistency, in my opinion, than this, that the transcribers, who writ out the preface, made use of such Latin copys as had not the verse, because neither St. Jerom, nor the antient Latin version had any thing of it. if that father had been the author of the prologue, and of the additional text, that text would have appear'd in all St. Jerom's Latin bibles. this disagreement is an evident proof, in my judgment, that St. Jerom was not the author of the prologue.

And that which makes it still more plain, that St. Jerom was not the real author either of the prologue, or the additional text, is this, that the additional text is placed in the margin of most of the antient MSS, which have it not in the body of the page. for instance,

In the MS. Bib. Reg. n. 3584. in the margin, over-against these words, "tres sunt qui testimonium dant," there are three which bear witness; these other words are added in the margin, "in coelo, Pater, "Verbum, & Spiritus: & tres sunt qui testimonium dant in terra, "& hi tres unum sunt." in beaven, the Father, the Word, and the Spirit: and there are three which bear witness on earth, and these three are one, the writing of which addition seems to be as antient as the text.

The like addition is in the Colbertine MS. n. 158. where over-against the same words, "tres sunt qui testimonium dant," are added in the margin, "in coelo, Pater, Veibum, & Spiritus, & tres sunt qui testimonium dant in terra, sanguis, aqua, & caro." and to make the text and addition agree the better, some of the words of the text are mended, or struck out. there is nothing of this additional text to be sound in the three antient copys in the library belonging to the Benedictines of the Abby of St. Germain: only it is placed in the margin of one of those MSS. and the marginal addition seems to be as old as the body of the text it self.

Tis true, this additional passage is extant in a copy writ in the time of Lotharius II. between the year 1125, and 1130, but it is strangely dissigured in that place, the reading in that MS, was formerly thus, " sunt tres qui testimonium dant (the words in terra be-

" ing interlin'd) spiritus, aqua & sanguis; & tres unum sunt: & tres " sunt qui de cœlo testificantur, Pater, Verbum, & Spiritus, & tres " unum sun:" but some time after, the words " de cœlo testificantur," i. e. restify concerning heaven, were desac'd to make room for these, " testimonium dicunt in cœlo," i. e. bear mitness in heaven.

And it mail be observed, that althought almost all the Latin MSS, writ within these 600 years, agree in retaining this controverted passage, yet they differ not only in the order of placing, but also in the manner of reading it. for whereas the testimony of the Father, the Word, and the Holy Spirit, precedes that of the Spirit, Water, and Blood, in all the Greek MSS, and in the Vulgate; this order is quite inverted in many of those Latin MSS.

All which variations and additions evidently prove, that the controverted passage was not in the first copys of St. Icrom's bible, and con-

fequently he could not be the author of the prologue.

Who this impostor was, is not very easy to determine, nor is it at all necessary. to what purpose is it to pursue a knave, that skulks among a thousand, so like in feature and complexion, it would puzzle the eye to discriminate them? for which reason it would be idle to unkennels a writer of the same stamp, the same geniss, and perhaps the same age, Victor Uticensis, or Vitensis, for his title is uncertain, the certain mark of a spurious character, his history has all the air of a legend; his afferting that the Arians us'd to scalp several women, and then make them dance about the streets as a public spectacle; his story of S. Eugenius's curing the blind by the sign of the cross, and other miraculous sables, sufficiently prove the writer was equally a stranger to humanity and good sense, they that have an appetite to such trompery, may regale themselves at discretion; but they would do well to consider the consequences of involving themselves in such wretched company.

The Prologue therefore, and the marginal Epilogue, are both spurious. nor let the reader startle at the thought of a single interpolation, in an age when forgery was a trade. far from being a novel practice, ferom complains of great corruptions in the MSS. of the Greek Testament in his time; nay, he says, in one of his letters, that an explanatory note, which he himself had made in the margin of his Psalter, had been incorporated by some transcriber into the text. and long before ferom, Origen in his commentary on Matthew, speaking of that expression, "thou shalt love thy neighbour as thy self," which some thought was adventitious, says, was as many maps added, &c. "if indeed there was no disagreement in other copys, it would be irre"ligious to suspect that expression was interpolated, and not pronounc'd

" by our Saviour."

Νυτι δε διλιινοίι πολλι γεγονεν η των ανίιγραφων διαφορα, είθε απο ραθυμιας πνων γραφεων, είθε απο τολμικ πνων μοχθηρας τις διοβωσεως των γραφιμένων, είθε και απο των τα έαυ οις δικουνία εν τη διορθωσει προσδίθεντων η αγαιρουνίων.

But now, alas! what with the blunders of transcribers; what with the impious temerity of correcting the text; what with the licentiousness of others, who interpolate or expunge just what they please, 'tis plain the copies do strangely difagree.

Origen

ORIGEN in one of his epiftles still complains, that his own works Were adulterated, as it were before his own eyes. See Ruffin's Apology. they did not spare him, it seems, whilst he was alive; no wonder * Ruffinus gave him no quarter, when he was dead, arbitrarily changing, adding, and castrating the father without mercy. but what was all this to that general confingration of whole EDITIONS enacted by those Grand Incendiaries Constantine + and Theoposius? what is the running of a tham-note to that general inundation of counterfeit marterologies, decretals, legends, councils and therters, which overwhelm'd the world for feveral centuries, particularly in the age of CHARLES the Great: " | an AGE, one of the most favourable for impostors that ever was " known, by reason of that stupendous ignorance, which had sein'd " the bishops, as well as the inferior clergy." then it was that the epifile of Pope John II. and that of Hyginus, both vouchers for the suppositious text, and a whole cargo of such wares, were manufactur'd and vended by the Pseudo-Isidorus allas # Riculphus Bishop of Mayence, then it was, that Idatius Clarus alias Vigilius Tapfenfis. Victor Uticensis alias Vitensis, and the Pseudo-Hieronymus with his prologue and epilogue, were all brought into play: and for any thing that appears, the very merchandize of the same forge. Forgeny was then grown to fuch a head, even the vigorous ** laws of CHARLEMAGNE and Отно were but a shees of parchment to dam a spring-tide. truth and honour, and virtue were fled! the times were to deplorable-even Monks bemail the knavery of Monks!

How extravagantly abfurd then and inconfiftent is the charge which the Orthodox have ventur'd to urge, some, that the Arians had expunged the text, others, that they had interpolated the text? little confidering, that the' it be indeed incontestibly true, that ++ an innumerable multitude of spurious books were actually forg'd in the first and second centuries, yet this was infinitely more practicable, than it was to expunge a fingle verse out of all the copies in the 4th and 5th centuries. When there were no archives, nor probats; when a fingle manuscript was a whole edition, stealing its way without sitle, and without date for fear of a discovery; when christians divided among themselves were persecuted by Jews and Gentiles; then it was easy to forge sham gospels, of which several did appear in the earliest times. as III St. Lake and the primitive fathers have averr'd. in that general consusion, which attended the estastrophe of the Jewish nation, what could not have been done? but in after-ages, when churches were built and largely endow'd, when copies were greatly multiplied, and safely lodg'd in publick as well as private libraries in distant parts, how was it possible that all those MSS. should be uniformly interpolated or

^{*}Hieron. Apolog. adv. Ruffin. Ep. 2. † Theodofian Cole, Law 3d de Trinitate. !! Balufius de Gratiani emendatione. pref. ‡ Hinemari Rhemenfis Op. V. II. p. 476. * Mabillon de Re Diplomatică, p. 23. †! Irensus lib. 1. cap. 17. * they call'd these officious lyes, contrived for a pisus end. shis produc'd innumerable books in those ages, wrote by men who were not NAD, under the name of our Saviour, his Apostics, and Followers. The Reverend Mr. Jones's naw and pult method of setting the Canon. pag. 48. †!! Loke I. 1. Pseudopostolos & Pseudoscriptores his suggislatos verbis a Luca tirma est Paraum sententia, Baron. an. 58. a. 21.

castrated? if herefy was so industriously bold, and orthodoxy so lesthargic and blind, where would not corruption have begun, where could it end!

IN A WORD, if this EVIDENCE is not sufficient to prove, that the controverted text in St. John is fourious; by what evidence can it be proved, that any text in St. John is genuine? the authority upon which any Greek text is founded, is only the authority of the Greek fathers, and their authority is founded upon that of the antient Greek Manuscripts. now, all the Greek fathers, not one excepted; all the Greek MSS. the Irish one only excepted; all the antient versions, the old Italic and St. Jerom's, the Syriac, the Æthiopic, the Arabic, and the Coptic; all the antient Latin fathers, and the most antient Latin MSS. of the New Testament, do unanimously exclaim against the controverted Text.

To conclude, Zeger, who was very conversant with MSS. and Ecclesiastical writers, ingenuously owns, there is no proof for the genuineness of the passage in St. John, but only St. Jerom's prologue, and the antient usage of the church of Rome; and

Father Simon as frankly declares, it is the bare authority of the church of Rome, that does at prefent oblige us to receive that passage

as authentick; and

The Inquisition itself, who did not spare the other works of E-rasmus, were so far from censuring him for having excluded that passage in his editions of the New Testament an. 1516 and 1518, that Leo the Xth authoriz'd Erasmus's conduct by the following Encomium.

DILECTO FILIO
Erasmo Roterod. Sacræ Theologiæ
Professori.

A S Leo PP X

Dilecte fili falutem, & apostolicam benedictionem, valde nos delectarunt lucubrationes tuze in Testamentum Novum jampridem editz, non tam quia nostro nomini dicatæ fuerant, quàm quòd non vulgari, fed nova & infignt quâdam cruditione præstabant, omniumque doctorum calculo plurimum laudabantur. quas nuper a te recognitas, & pluribus additis annotationibus locupletaras illustratalque fuille, certiores facti non mediocriter gavisi fuimus, ex prima ilia editione, quæ abfolutiffima videbatur, conjecturam facientes, qualis hæc futura, quantum veboni facrætheologiæstudiosis ac orthodoxæ fidei nostræ sit allatura, macte igitur isti animi tui esto, ac

To our Beloved Son

Erasmus of Roterdam, Professor of

Sacred Theology.

A Leo PP the Xth

Beloved fon we greet you with our apostolical benediction. have been greatly pleafed with your lucubrations upon the New Testament, not so much for your having dedicated them to us, as upon account of that uncommon and furprizing vein of crudition by which they were distinguish'd, and have gain'd the applauses of all the learned world. the information we had of your having revis'd and enrich'd the work with many additional notes and illustrations, gave us no inconfiderable entertainment: drawing from that first edition a fure presage of the great advantages that will accrue from the fecond to the fludents in divinity, and to our orthodox faith. bravely then

pub-

publicæ utilitati studens operi tam sancto, ut in lucem exeat, sedulo invigila, dignam quidem tot laborum mercedem ab ipso Deo relaturus, a nobis meritam commendationem, & cunctis Christi sidelibus perpetuam laudem consequuturus.

Datum Romæ apud Sanctum Petrum, fub annulo pifcatoris. die x. Septemb, M.D.xviji. Pontificatus noftri anno fexto. then pursue your noble ardour, and in regard to the public-weal affiduously endeavour that so pious a work may see the light: secure of your obtaining the just reward of your labours from heaven, deserved commendation from us, and perpetual praises from all the faithful.

Given at St. Peter's at Rome, under the fisherman's-seal, the xth day of September 1518. in the fixth year of our Pontificate.



Ħ.

TOANNOT

ENITTOAH AETTEPA.

THE

SECOND EPISTLE

O F

H N. 1

ΠΡΕΣΒΥΤΈΡΟΣ EKZEKTO KUDIAS TOIS TEXPOIS AUTHS. OUS ετω ατατω εν αληθεια, και ουκ ετω μονος, αλλα και TAVIES OF ETYWKOIES THY ANH-2 BELOW SIG THE GANGELOV THE μενουσαν εν ήμιν, και μεθ' ήμων εσίαι εις τον αιωνα.

Εσίαι μεθ' ύμων χαρις, ελέος, εισηνή παρα Θεού πατρος, και παρα Κυριου Ιπσου Χρισίου του ύιου του παίρος, εν αληθεία και αγα-

Εχαρην λιαν ότι έυρηκα EK TWY TEKYWY GOU TEPITALτουνίας εν αληθεία, καθως ενλολην ελαβομεν παρα του παίρος. και νυν ερωίω σε, κυρια, ουχ ώς ενίολην γραφω σοι καινην, αλλα ην ειχομεν απ' αρχης, ίνα αςαπωμεν αλληλους. και αυθη εσθιν ή αγαπης ίνα περιπαλωμεν κατα τας ενιολας αυίου. αυίπ εσίν ή ενίολη, καθως ηκουcale and apone, iva ev auτη περιπαληλε.

HE PRESBYTER to 1 the lady ECLECTA and ber children. whom I fincerely love, and not only I, but all true christians, in consideration of the 2 true dostrine, we all profess, and in which we shall for ever persevere.

Grace, mercy, and peace 3 be with you from God the father, and from the Lord 7efus Christ the son of the father, in consequence of your sincere piety, and social virtue.

It was a great fatisfaction 4 to me, to fee the conduct of your children, was so agreeable to the directions, we received from the father, and now, my 5 lady, I beg our love may be mutual, since what I write, is no new prescription, but what was originally enjoin'd. now love consists in practice of the divine precepts. this is the precept you bave originally receiv'd, as the rule of your conduct.

For

Οτι πολλοι πλανοι ειστιλθον εις τον κοσμον, δι μπ δμολογουνίες Ιπσουν Χρισίου ερχομενον εν σαρκι, ουίος εσ-TIN O TRAVOC KAL O ANIxpiolog. Breatle Exployer ina μη απολεσωμεν ά ειργασάμεθα, ακλα μισθον πληρη αο πολαβωμεν. πας ό παραβαινων, και μη μενων εν τη διδαχη του Χρισίου, Θεον OUK EXEL, O LEVWY EN TH OLδαχη του Χρισίου, ουίος και TOV Walepa Kai Tov biov exel. ιοει τις ερχείαι προς ύμας, και ταυλην την διδαχην ου φερει, un λαμβανείε αυίον εις οικιαν, και καιρειν αυλώ μη I refele. o rap refur aulu xaipelv, KOLVEVEL TOIC EPPOIC AUτου τοις πογηροις.

12 Πολλα εχων ύμιν Γραφειν, ουκ ηβουλπθην δια χαρίου και μελανος, αλλα ελπίζω ελθειν προς ύμας, και σίομα προς σίομα λαλησαι, ίνα ή χαρα ήμων η πεπληρωμενη.

13 Ασπαζείαι σε τα τεκνα Της αδελφης σου της Εκλεκίης.

For there are many im- 7 postors flartedup in the world, who will not own that Jesus Christ was incarnate. such a one is animpostor and an antichrist.beupon your guard, that 8 we may not toje the fruit of our labours, but that we may recelut our full reward. no o renegado that deferts the doctrine of Christ, bas any interest in the deity: be that adheres to the dottrine of Christ, bas an interest both in the father, and in the fon. whoever comes to 10 you unaccompanied with this dostrine, don't admit bim to your bouse, nor treat bim with the common term of civility. for he who shows that respect 11 to fuch a man, is accessary to bis wicked actions.

I had many things to write 12 to you, but I don't think it proper to commit them to paper and ink, because I hope to make you a visit, and deliver them by word of mouth; that so our joy may be compleat.

The children of your fifter 13

ECLECTA falute you.

AMHN.

AMEN.

* See page 919 of the doctrine of Cerbithus and the Doceta.



H

EDIETOAH TRITH

THE

THIRD EPISTLE

O F

јон N.

ΠΡΕ ΣΒΤΤΕΡΟΣ Γαϊώ τω αγαπηλώ, ον εγω αγαπω εν αληθεια. αγαπηλε, περι παν- my

των ευχομαι σε ευοδουσθαι και υΓιαινειν, καθως ευοδουται σου ή ψυχη.

3 Εχαρην γαρ λιαν ερχομενων αδελφων, και μαρίυρουνίων σου τη αληθεια, καθως συ εν αληθεια περιπα4 Τεις. μειζοίεραν τουίων ουκ
εχω χαραν, ίνα ακουω τα
εμα τεκνα εν αληθεια περιπατουνία.

5 Αραπηξ, πιστον ποιεις ο εαν εργαση εις τους αδελφους 6 και εις τους ξενους, οι εμαρτυρησαν σου τη αγαπη ενωπιον εκκλησιας, ους καλώς ποιησεις προπεμψας αξιώς 7 του Οεου. ύπερ γαρ του ονομαίος εξηλθον, μηδεν λαμ-8 βανονίες απο των εθνων. ήμεις ουν οφειλομεν απολαμ-

βανειν τους τοιουλους, ίνα

THE PRESBYTER to
my dear Gaius, whom
I truly love. I wish,
my beloved, you may be as
prosperous with regard to your
bealth and other circumstances, as in what concerns your
soul.

For I was greatly pleased 3 when the brethren came and assured me of your sidelity and religious conduct, greater 4 joy I cannot have, than to hear that my children are attached to the truth.

My dear child, whatever you do in behalf of the brethren, and of those who are strangers, is commendable, they have made a publick declaration of your charity, and you will do well to accompany them in the most effectual manner, for they set out upon account of the gospel, and refus d to take any thing of the Gentiles, it behoves us to give a kind reception to such, that

συνεργοι γινωμεθα τη αληθεια.

Erpawa Th EKKAnola, 9 αλλ ο φιλοπρωλευων αυλων ΔιοΙρεφης ουκ επιδεχείαι ήτο μας. δια τουίο, εαν ελθω. ύπομνησω αυίου τα εργα ά TOISI, LOFOIC TOURPOIC PAUXοων ήμας, και μη αρκουμένος επι τουίοις, ουίε αυίος επιδεχείαι τους αδελφους, και τους βουλομένους κωλυεί, και EK THE EKKANGIAS EKBANDEL. 1 1 αγαπηλε, μη μιμου το κακον, αλλα το αγαθον. ὁ αγαθοποιων, εκ του Θεου εσίιν, ο δε κακοποιων, ουχ έωρακε TOU OFOU.

12 Δημηριω μεμαρυορήαι ύπο πανίων, και ύπ αυίης της αληθειας, και ήμεις δε μαρτυρουμεν, και οιδαίε ότι ή μαρυρια ήμων αληθης εσίι. 13 πολλα ειχον γραφειν, αλλου θελω δια μελανος και και 14 λαμου σοι γραψαι. ελπίζω δε ευθεως ιδειν σε, και σίομα 15 προς σίομα λαλησομεν. ειρηνη σοι. ασπαζονίαι σε διφιλοι. ασπαζου τους φιλους κατ' ονομα.

we may be affiftant in promoting the truth.

I bave writ to the church: q but Diotrephes, who affests the superiority, has no regard to our representations. for 10 which reason, when I come. I shall animadvert upon bis conduct, and the malicious afpersions be casts upon us: not contented with this, he will neither receive the brethren bimself, nor suffer those who are better inclin'd, to do it: but drives them out of the church. my beloved, don't 11 imitate vice, but virtue. that does good, is a child of God: he that does evil is not acquainted with God.

Demetrius bas the applauses 12 of all men, and the testimony of his own virtue: we like-wise certify in his hebalf, and you know that our testimonial deserves credit. I have many 13 things to write, which I don't think fit to commit to paper and ink: hoping I shall shortly 14 see you, and then communicate them in person. peace he with 15 you. your friends here salute you. salute all our friends, in particular.



QTAA

THE

TOT

GENERAL EPISTLE

RHIETOAH KAGOAIRE

OF

T D 1 F.

ΟΤΔΑΣ Ιησου Χριστου δουλος, αδελφος δε Ιακωβου, τοκ εν Θεω παζοι πιασμενοις, και Ιπσου Xpiolio Telnonuevois inflois. 2 ENEOK UMIY KAL ELPMUM KAL AFA-An Andungein

Αταπηίοι, πασαν σπου-3 Aun Motenhenoe Loadein nitth TEN THE KOLVING OWITHDIAG, aναςκην εσχον γραψαι ύμιν, παρακαλων επαγονίζεσθαι τη άπαζ παραδοθειση τοις લ્ફાાંગ ત્રાનીશ.

Παρεισεδυσαν γαρτινες ανθρωποι οι παλαι προγεγραμμενοι εις τουίο το κριμα, ασεβεις, την του Θεου ήμων χαριν μελαλιθενλες εις ασελιτειαν, και τον μονον δεσπολην Θεον και Κυριον ήμων Ιπσουν Χρισίου αρνουμενοι.

Υπομνησαι δε ύμας βουλομαι, ειδοίας ύμας άπαξ TOUTO, OTI O KUDIOC LAON EK γης Αιγυπίου σω σας, το δευ-

TEPOV

UDE the servant of Je- 1 fus Christ, and brother of Tames, to those that are fantified by God the father, and by their vocation are reserved for Jesus Christ. mercy, 2 peace and love be multiplied to you.

My beloved, as I was 2 strongly bent upon writing to you of our common salvation, I thought it necessary to write to you at present, and exbort you to contend earnestly for the faith, which was once delivered to the faints.

For certain men bave infi- 4 nuated themselves among you, wbo were formerly profcrib'd to be punisb'd; impious men, who pervert the divine favour to licentiousness, and renounce their only master, and Jesus Christ our Lord.

Now I would call to your 5 remembrance what you once were inform'd of, that when the Lord had delivered the

peaple

τερον τους μη πισθευσανθας 6 απωλεσεν. **α**ΓΓΕλους ΤΕ Τους μη τηρησανίας την έαυίων αρχην, αλλα απολιπονίας TO IDION OIKMINDIAN, EIC KOLOIN μεγαλης ημερας, δεσμοις αί-7 διοις ύπο ζοφον τεληρηκεν. ώς Σοδομα και Γομορβα, και άι περι αυλας πολεις τον όногой тоилок тротой екторνευσασαι, και απελθουσαι οπισω σαρκος έτερας, προκεινίαι δειτμα, πυρος αιωνιου 8 δικην ύπεχουσαι. όμοιως μεν-Τοι και ουίοι ενυπνιαζομένοι. σαρκα μεν μιαινουσι, κυριοτηλα δε αθείουσι, δοξας δε βλασφημουσιν. ό δε Μιχαπλ ο αρχατιελος, ότε τω διαβολω διακρινομένος διέλετελο περι του Μωσεως σωμαίος, ουκ είσλμησε κρισιν επενεγκειν βλασφημιας, αλλ' είπεν, επιλιμησαι σοι Κυριος."

10 Ουθοι δε όσα μεν ουκ οιδασι, βλασφημουσιν: όσα δε φυσικως, ώ τα αλογα ζωα, επισθανθαι, εν τουθοις φθειρον-11 θαι. ουαι αυθοις, ότι τη όδω του Καϊν επορευθησαν, και τη πλανη του Βαλααμ μισθου εξεχυθησαν, και τη ανλιλογια του Κορε απωλονθο.

people from the land of Egypt. be afterward destroyed those that were disobedient, and 6 the angels which kept not their original dignity, but deserted their proper abode, he hath reserved in everlasting chains under darkness, to the judgment of the great day. so it 7 was with Sodom, Gomorrha, and the neighbouring cities, who abandoning themselves to the same licentiousness and abominable passions, were made examples by fuffering the punishment of eternal fire. yet 8 these visionary debauchees despife princes, and traduce dig-. nitys. whereas * Michael the o archangel, when contending with the devil, he disputed about the body of Moses, did not take the liberty to inveigh a_ gainst bim, but saids " the " Lord rebuke thee."

As for these, they inveigh 10 against what they do not understand: and abuse those natural instincts which regulate brute animals, unhappy creatures! they have followed the practices of Cain, they have addicted themselves to the mercenary illusions of Balaam, and perish in their rebellion

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* Among other Apocryphal writings of the Jews, there was a book entitled, the assumption of Moses, where Michael and the Devil were introduc'd disputing about the body of Moses, and where the archangel delivered the answer here mention'd.

Vol. II.

12 ουθοι εισιν εν ταις αγαπαις ύμων σπιλαδες, συνευωχουμενοι, αφοβως έαυθους ποιμαινονθες: νεφελαι ανυδροι, ύπο ανεμων παραφερομεναι, δενδρα φθινοπωρινα, ακαρπα, δις αποθανονθα εκριζωθενθα: 13 κυμαθα αγρια θαλασσης, επαφριζονθα τας έαυθων αισχυνας: ασθερες πλανηθαι, οις ο ζοφος του σκοθους εις τον αιωνα τεθηρηθαι.

14 Προεφηίευσε δε και τουίοις εβδομος απο Αδαμ Ενωχ, λεγων, ιδου, ηλθε Κυριος εν μυριασιν αγιαις αυίου, 15 ποιησαι κρισιν καία πανίων, και εξελεγξαι πανίας τους ασεβεις αυίων περι πανίων των εργων ασεβειας αυίων ών ησεβησαν, και περιπανίων των σκληρων ων ελαλησαν κατ' αυίου άμαρίωλοι ασεβεις."

16 Ούδοι εισι Γοργυσδαι, μεμ-Ψιμοιροι, καθα τας επιθυμιας άύδων πορευομένοι: και το σδομα αυδών λαλει ύπερογκα, θαυμαζονδες προσωπα, ωφελειας χαριν.

17 Υμεις δε, αςαπηλοι, μνησθηλε των βημαλων των προειρημενων ύπο των αποσλολων του Κυριου ήμων Ιησου 18 Χρισλου, ότι ελεγον ύμιν, ότι εν εσχαλώ χρονώ εσολλαι εμπαικλαι, rebellion like Gore. they are a 12 disgrace to your love-feasts, they indulge themselves at your festivals without reserve: clouds without water, transported with every wind: trees whose fruit soon withers and is useless, * twice dead and rooted up: raging waves of 13 the sea, soaming out their own shame: wandering lights, to whom is reserved the thickest darkness for ever.

Of these did Enoch, the 14
seventh from Adam, prophesy
in these words, "see! the Lord
" is coming with ten thousand
" of his saints, to execute judg-15
" ment upon all, and to con" vist all the impious among
" them, of all the impious ac" tions they have committed,
" and of all the injurious ex" pressions, which impious
" sinners kaveutter'd against
" him."

These are murmurers, 16 complainers, who pursue their own passions: their language swells with slattery, which they offer to the personages of men from a prospect of gain.

As for you, my beloved, 17 remember what the apostles of our Lord Jesus Christ have formerly told you. for they 18 assured you, there would be impostors in the last days, who

Unprofitable both as Jews, and as Christians.

παικίαι, καία τας ἐαυίων επιθυμιας πορευομενοι των α19 σεβειων. ουίοι εισιν οι αποδιοριζονίες, ψυχικοι, πνευμα
20 μη εχονίες. ύμεις δε, αγαπηίοι, τη άγιωλαίη ύμων πιστει εποικοδομουνίες ἐαυίους, εν
πνευμαίι άγιω προσευχομενοι,
21 ἐαυίους εν αγαπη Θεου τηρησαίε, προσδεχομενοι το ελεος του Κυςιου ήμων Ιησου Χρισίου εις ζωην αιωνιον.

22 Και δυς μεν ελεγχείε δια-23 κρινομενοι ε δυς δε εν φοβώ ελεείε, εκ του πυρος άρπαζονίες, μισουνίες και τον απο της σαρκος εσπιλωμενον χιτωνα.

24 Τω δε δυναμενώ φυλαξαι αυίους απίαισίους, και σίπσαι καίενωπιον της δοξης άυτου αμωμους (εν αγαλλια25 σει): μονώ (σοφώ) Θεώ σωτηςι ήμων δοξα και μεγαλωσυνη, κραίος και εξουσια,
και νυν και εις πανίας τους αιωνας.

who would follow their own impious passions. these are 19 they who distinguish them-selves, though they are sensual, and have nothing that is spiritual. but you, my bre-20 thren, improve yourselves in your most holy faith, present your addresses by the holy spirit, and thereby cultivate 21 the divine favour, in the expessation of eternal life by the mercy of Jesus Christ our Lord.

Make use of your discern-22 ment; some reprove: of o-23 thers be compassionately tender, snatching them, as it were, out of the sire: and avoid even the garment of the infected.

Now to bim that is able to 24 keep you from falling, and make you appear in his glorious presence, without defect, and full of joy: to God 25 only wife, our saviour, he glory, magnificence, power, and empire, both now and for

ORIGEN Comm. in Mat. p. 488. Euseb. lib. VI. 14. mention Jude as a writing whose authority was not own'd. Sophronius says, that it was rejected by many, because the author had us'd the authority of a spurious book of Enoch. see Jerom Ep. 103. ad Paulinum.

GROTIUS observes, that Jude does not stile himself an apostle, as the apostles us'd to do, even in their epistles to private persons: besides, if the epistle had been apostolical, it would have been translated into the other languages, and received by all the churches, which it was not, wherefore Grotius thinks it was writ by Jude the bishop of Jerusalem, in Adrian's time, about the year 130. See Euseb. b. 14.5. the epistle is writ chiefly against the Carpocratians, of whose enormous behaviour, in putting out the candles, &c. at the love-feasts, see Clemens Alexand, Strom. III. pag. 430.

Eçe 2

ΑΠΟΚΑΛΤΨΙΣ

THE

IQANNOT

REVELATION

TOT GEOLOFOT.

O F

JOHN the Divine.

ΠΟΚΑΛΥΨΙΣ Ιπσου Χρισίου, ήν εδωκεν αυίω ο Θεος,
δειξαι τοις δουλοις αυίου α
δει γενεσθαι εν ταχει, και εσημανεν αποσίειλας δια του
αγγελου αυίου τω δουλω αυ2 του Ιωαννη: ός εμαρίυρησε
τον λογον του Θεου, και την
μαρίυριαν Ιπσου Χρισίου, όσα ειδε.

of Jesus Christ, which God gave him, to shew to his servants things which must shortly come to pass, this he signified by his angel whom he dispatch d to his servant John: who published the divine message, and gave his attestation to every thing that he saw concerning Jesus Christ.

Μακαριος ο αναγινωσκων, και οι ακουονίες τους λογους της προφηίειας, και τηρουντες τα εν αυίη γεγραμμενα, ο γαρ καιρος εγγυς.

Happy is be that reads, 3 and attends to the words of this prophecy, and observes the matter therein contain d: for the time draws nigh.

4 ΙΩΑΝΝΗΣ ταις έπλα εκκλησιαις ταις εν τη Ασια, κάρις υμιν και ειρηνη απο του Ο ΩΝ και Ο ΗΝ και Ο ΕΡΧΟΜΕΝΟΣ, και απο των έπλα πνευμαλων, ά εσλιν ενωπιον του θρονου αυλου, και απο Ιησου Χρισλου, ό μαρτικ ό πισλος, ό πρωλολοκος εκ των νεκρων, και ό αρχων των βα-

JOHN to the seven 4 churches which are in ASIA: favour and peace be with you from him who is, who was, who will be; and from the seven spirits who are before his throne; and from Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, the sirst-born of the dead, and the prince

βασιλεων της της, τω αταπησανλι ήμας, και λουσανλι
ήμας απο των άμαρλιων ή6 μων εν τω άιμαλι άυλου, και
εποιησεν ήμας βασιλεις και
ιερεις τω Θεω και παλρι άυτου, αυλω ή δοξα και το κρατος εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. αμην.

7 Ιδου, ερχείαι μεία των νεφελων, και οψείαι αυίον πας οφθαλμος, και οιτινες αυίον εξεκενίπσαν, και κοψονίαι επαυίον πασαι άι φυλαι της βης. ναι, αμην. εγω ειμιτο Ακαι το Ω, αρχη και τελος, λεγει ό Κυριος, ό ων και ό ην και ό ερχομενος, ό πανίσκρατωρ.

ΕΓΩ ΙΩΑΝΝΗΣ ο αδελ-ΦΟς ύμων, και συγκοινώνος εν τη θλιψει και βασιλεια και υπομονή Ιησου Χρισίου, εγενομην εν τη νησω τη καλουμενη Παλμώ, δια τον λογον Του Θεου, και δια την μας-10 τυριαν Ιπσου Χρισίου. εΓΕvound en mueumali en un kuριακή ήμερα, και πκουσα οπισω μου φωνην μεταλην ώς II $\sigma \alpha \lambda \pi i \Gamma \Gamma \rho \sigma$, $\lambda \Gamma \rho \nu \sigma \sigma \sigma$, (" $\epsilon \Gamma \omega$ " ειμι το Α και το Ω, ό " πρωδος και ο εσχαδος, και) ό βλεπεις, γραψον εις βιβλιου, και πεμψου Ταις εκκλησιαις (Ταις εν Ασια) εις Εφεσού, και εις Σμυρprince of the kings of the earth: unto him that loved us, and washed us from our sins by his own blood, who 6 hathmade us kings and priests to his God and father; to him be glory and dominion for ever and ever. Amen.

See! be is coming on the 7 clouds; and every eye shall fee him, even they who tierced him: then all the tribes of the earth will smite their breasts at the sight: even so it will be. I am ALPHA and O-8 MEGA, the beginning and the end, saith the Lord, who is, and who was, and who will be, the almighty.

IJOHN, who am your o brother, and partake in the tribulation, in the reign, and in the patience of Jesus Christ, was in the isle called PAT-MOS, for the word of God, and for the testimony I gave of Jesus Christ. there I was 10 in an exstacy on the Lord's day, and beard behind me a loud voice, like the sound of a " I am II trumpet, saying, " Alpha and Omega, the " first and the last: and, what " you shall see, write in a book, " and send it to the seven " churches which are in A-" fia; to Ephesus, to Smyrna, ic to

vay, kal els Medrahov, kal " εις Θυαλειρα, και εις Σαρ-" δεις, και εις Φιλαδελφειαν, *2 " KAL EIS AAOOKELAV." επεσίρεψα βλεπειν την φω-VIIV TITIS ENANEL HET' EHOU. και επισθρεψας ειδον έπλα 12 λυχνιας χρυσας, και εν μεσω των (έπλα) λυχνιων όμοιον ύιω ανθρωπου, ενδεδυμενον ποδηση, και περιεζωσμένον προς τοις μασίοις ζωνην χρυ-1 4 σην. τι δε κεφαλη αυίου και άι Τριχες λευκαι ώσει εριον λευκον, ώς χιων, και δι οφθαλμοι αύδου ώς φλοξ πυρος, 15 και οι ποδες αυθου όμοιοι χαλκολιβανώ, ώς εν καμινώ πεπυρωμενω, και ή φωνη αυτου ώς φωνη ύδαλων πολλων. 16 και εχων εν τη δεξια αυλου χειρι ασθερας έπλα, και εκ του σιομαίος αυίου ρομφαια δισλομος οξεια εκπορευομένη, και ή οψις αυθου ώς ο ήλιος φαινει εν τη δυναμει αυίου. 17 και ότε ειδον αυλον, επεσα προς τους ποδας αυλου ώς νεκρος, και επεθηκε την δεξιαν αυίου (χειρα) επ' εμε, λεγων

" ΜΗ φοβου. εςω ειμι ό τρωλος και ό εσχαλος. και ό ζων, και εςενομην νεκρος, και ιδου ζων ειμι εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων (αμην) και εχω τας κλεις του θαναλου, και του ά-

" to Pergamos, to Thyatira, " to Sardis, to Philadelphia, " and to Laodicea." and I 12 turned to see from whence the voice came that spake to me. and turning about, I face feven golden candlesticks; and 13 in the midst of the seven candlesticks, one who resembled the son of man, cloathed with a garment down to the foot, and girt below the breast with a girdle of gold. bis head 14 and bis bairs were white like wool, as white as snow; and bis eyes were as a flame of fire; bis feet were like fine brass, 15 whenglowing in a furnace; and bis voice as the found of many waters. in his right hand be 16 beld seven stars: out of bis mouth went a sharp two-edged fword, and his countenance was as the fun shining in his full glory. as foon as I faw 17 bim, I fell at bis feet as dead: but he laid his right band upon me, and faid,

"FEAR not; I am the
"first and the last: I am he 18
"that liveth; I was dead;
but now you see I am alive
"for all eternity, amen;
and I have the keys of
the grave, and of death."
write

Letters to the seven churches of Asia, the seven golden candleflicks. ver. 13. The son of Man describ'd, ib. 19 " δου." Γραψον συν ά ειδες, και ά εισι, και μελλει Γινεσ20 θαι μελα ταυλα. Το μυσληριον των έπλα ασλερων ών ειδες επι της δεξιας μου, και τας έπλα λυχνιας τας χρυσας: ὁι ἐπλα ασλερες, αγγελοι των έπλα εκκλησιων εισι, και ἀι ἐπλα λυχνιαι (ἀς ειδες) ἐπλα εκκλησιαι εισι.

Τω αγελώ της Εφεσινής I εκκλησιας γραψον, "ΤΑΔΕ RETEL O KDATOUS ETTA ασθερας εν τη δεξια άυθου. ο περιπαίων εν μεσώ των ζεπία λυχνιων των χρυσων, οιδα τα εργα σου, και τον κοπον σου, και την ύποζ μονην σου, και ότι ου δυνη Baolaoai kakous: kai Eπειρασω τους φασκονίας ειναι αποσίολους, και ουκ εισι, και έυρες αυίους ψευδεις: και ύπομονην εχεις, και εβασίασας δια το ονο-, μα μου, και ουκ εκοπιασας. αλλ εχω καία σου, ζ ότι την αγαπην σου την πρωίπν αφτικας. -סאותעא 5 ις νευε ουν ποθεν εκπεπίωκας, και μελανοπσον, και τα πρωλα εργα ποιπσον, ει δε μη, ερχομαι σοι ταχει, και κινησω Την Άυχνιαν σου εκ του τοπου αυίης,

write what you have seen, the 19
things which are, and the
things which shall be bereaster.
the conceal d meaning of the 20
seven stars which you saw in
my right hand, and of the seven golden candlesticks, is this:
the seven stars signify the
angels of the seven churches:
and the seven candlesticks
which you saw, signify the
seven churches.

To the angel of the church 1 of Ephesus, write, " HE " that holds the seven stars in " bis right band, who walks " in the midst of the seven « golden candlesticks, says " thus, I know thy works, thy 2 " labour, and thy patience, " and that thou canst not bear " those who are evil: thou " bast tried those who say " they are apostles, but are " not; and hast found them " lyars: thou hast suffer'd, " bast patience, for my name's " sake thou hast laboured, and " bast not fainted. neverthe-" less, I bave somewhat a-" gainst thee, because thou " bast left thy first love. " remember therefore from " whence thou art fallen, and " repent, and do the first " works; or elfe I will come " unto thee quickly, and will " remove thy candlestick out " of bis place except thou re-" pent.

ECTV

^{*} The Bishops or Presidents of the churches.

6 εαν μη μελανοποπε. αλλα τουλο εχεις, ότι μισεις τα εργα των Νικολαίτων, ά κα ω μισω. ὁ εχων ύνε, ακουσαλω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις, τω νικωνλι δωσω αυλω φαγειν εκ του ξυλου της ζωης, ὁ εσλιν εν τω παραδισω του Θεου μου."

Και τω αγγελώ της εκκηποιας Σμυρναιών γραψον,
 ΤΑΔΕ λεγει ο πρωίος και ο εσχαίος, ος εγενείο νεκρος,
 και είπσεν.

9 "Οιδα σου (Τα εργα και)
" Την θλιψιν και Την η ω" Χειαν, πλουσιος δε ει, και
" Την βλασφημιαν εκ Των
" λεγονίων Ιουδαιους ειναι έ" αύλους, και ουκ εισιν, αλ" λα συναγωγη του σαλατο" να. μηδεν φοβου ά μελ" λεις πασχειν, ιδου, μελλει
" βαλειν εξ ύμων ὁ διαβολος

εις φυλακην, ίνα πειρασ" θηλε, και έξελε θλιγιν ήμε" ρων δεκα: Γινου πισλος α" χρι θαναλου, και δωσω
" σοι τον σλεφανον της ζωης.

11 " ο εχων ους, ακουσαίω τι
" το πνευμα λεγει ταις εκ" κλησιαις, ο νικων ου μη
" αδικηθη εκ του θαναίου
" του δευίερου."

12 Και τω αΓΓελώ της εν Περγαμώ εκκλησιας Γραψον, "ΤΑΔΕ λεγει ο εχών την ρομφαιαν την δισίομον την

0821-

"pent. but in this thou art 6
"right, that thou hatest the
"deeds of the Nicolaitans,
"which I also hate. he that 7
"bath an ear, let him hear
"what the spirit saith to
"the churches, to him that
"overcometh will I give to
"eat of the tree of life, which
is in the paradise of my
"God."

And to the angel of the 8 church in SMYRNA, write, "THESE things faith the first and last, who was dead, and is alive."

"I know thy works, thy 9 "tribulation and poverty "(tho' thou art rich) and I "know the blasphemy of thosewho say they are fews, "and are not, but are the "synagogue of satan. fear 10 "none of those things which

"thou shalt suffer: behold,
the devil shall cast some of
you into prison, that ye may
be tried; and ye shall have
tribulation ten days: be
thou saithful unto death,

" and Iwillgive thee a crown
of life. he that hath an ear, 11
let him hear what the spi-

"rit saith to the churches, he that overcometh, shall not be hurt by the second death."

And to the angel of the 12 church in Pergamos, write, "These things, faith be, who hath the sharp "sword

οξειαν, οιδα (τα εργα σου, και) που καθοικεις, όπου ό θρονος του σαλανα, και κεαλεις το ονομα μου, και ουκ ηρνησω την πισ]ιν HOU. KAL EV TAIS THEDAIS EV αις Αθιπας ο μαρίυς μου ο πισίος, ός απεκίανθη παρ' ύμιν, όπου καθοικει ό σαίανας. αλλ' εχω καία σου ολίτα, ότι εχεις εκει κραλουνίας την διδαχην Βα-RACH, OS EDIDAGKEN EN TW Βαλακ βαλειν σκανδαλον ενωπιον των ύιων Ισραηλ, φαγείν (ειδιολοβυλα) και πορνευσαι. ουλως εχεις και συ κραλουνλας την διδαχην " των Νικολαϊτων, ο μισω. μείανοπσον, ει δε μη, ερ-XOUAL GOLTAXU, KAL TOλεμησω μετ' αυίων εν τη ρομφαιά Του σλομάλος μου. ό εχων ους, ακουσαίω τι TO TVEUME REFEL TOIC EKκλησιαις: Τω νικωνλι δωσω αυίω (φαγειν απο) του

" fword with two edges, I13 "know thy works, and where "thou dwellest, even where "the throne of " satan is: " thou maintainest my name; " and bast not renounced your " faith in me, even at a time " when Antipas my faithful " martyr was slain among " you, where Salan + dwells. " but I have a few things a- 14 " gainst thee, because thou " bast there those that bold the " dostrine of + Balaam, who " counselled Balac to ensnare " the children of Israel, to eat " things facrificed to idols, and " to commit fornication. you 15 " havelikewise those that hold " the doctrine of the | Nico-" laitans, which I hate. re- 16 " pent; or else I will come " unto thee quickly, and will " fight against them with the " fword of my ** mouth. be 17 " that bath an ear, let bim · bear what the spirit saith " unto the churches: to him that

" LAYVA

* The idol of Æsculapius, which was worshipped at Pergamos.

+ The martyrologys, which are too fabulous to deserve any credit, say, that Antipas was roasted in a brazen-bull. but the Romans had more humanity than such legendary writers, and were utter strangers to that kind of punishment.

Balaamite and Nicolaite both fignify conqueror of the people, a pro-

per title for impostors.

[I Irenzus fays, their doctrine was, that women should be in common: Nicolaus was one of the seven Deacons, who being blamed by the apostles for his jealous, fell into the other extreme, and like Caro, indulged his wife to live at her discretion: a precedent that was soon abused to great licentiousness, see Eusebius Eccles. Hist. b. 3. c. 29. and Irenzus, b. 1. c. 27.

** See chap. i. 16.

μαννα του κεκρυμμενου, και δωσω αυίω γιηφον λευκην, και επι Την ψηφον ονομα καινου τεγραμμενου, ο ουδεις εινω ει μη ο λαμβα-

18 Kai TW afferw The ev Ouατειροίς εκκλησίας γραψον, TADE REFER O VIOS TOU " Θεου, ό εχων τους οφθαλμους άυλου ώς φλογα πυ-" ρος, και οι ποδες αυδου ομοιοι χάλκολιβανω: οιδα " σου τα εργα, και την αγαπην, και την διακονιαν, και την πισίιν, και την ύπομονην σου, και τα ερ-" Γα σου, τα εσχαία πλειχω καία σου (ολιγα) ότι εας την γυναικά σου Ιεζαβηλ, ή λεγει έ αυλην προφητιν, και διδασκει και . πλανα εμους δουλους, πορνευσαι και ειδωλοθυλα φαreiv. Kai edwka avln xpoνου ίνα μελανοπση και ου θελει με ενοπσαι εκ της τορνειας αυίπς. ιδου, εγω βαλλω αυλην εις κλινην, KAI TOUC HOIXEUOLTAC HET' αυίπς, εις θλιψιν μεγαλην, εαν μη μείανοησωσιν εκ των εργων αυίων. και τα τεκνα αυίης αποκίενω εν

" to eat of the bidden manna. " and will give bim a white " stone, and in the stone * a " new name written, which " no man understands, ex-" cept be that receives it." And unto the angel of the 18 church in THYATIRA, write, " THESE things " faith the fon of God, whose " eyes are like a flame of fire, " and bis feet like fine bras ; " I know thy works, your 19 " charitable offices, your " faith, and your patience, " and that your last works " exceed the first. notwith-20 "standing, I have a few " things against thee, because " thou sufferest that woman " + Jezabel, who stiles her-" self a prophetes, and teaches " and seduces my servants to " commit fornication, and to " eat things sacrificed to i-" dols. I gave ber space to 21 " repent of ber fornication,

" that overcometh, will I give

" but she repented not. be-21 " bold, I will confine her to " ber bed, and those that " commit adultery with ber " I will severely afflist, ex-

" cept they repent of their " actions. I will strike 23 "ber shildren dead; and " all

The conqueror in the Grecian games us'd to receive a white stone with his name, and the value of his prize, writ thereon. The antient Fathers say, that by Jezabel was meant the Bishop's

wife.

θαναίω, και γνωσονίαι πασαι αι εκκλησιαι ότι ELM ETHT O ELERAMA AEDDORC και καρδιας, και δωσω ύμιν έκασιω καία τα εργα 24 " υμων. υμιν δε λεγω Τοις λοιποις Τοις εν Θυαλειροις, όσοι ουκ εχουσι την δίδαχην Ταυίην, και διλινες ουκ εγνωσαν τα βαθη του σα-" τανα, ώς λεγουσιν, ου βα" λω εφ' ύμας αλλο βαρος,
25" πλην ο εχείε: κραίησαίε " αχεις ου αν ήξω. και ό " νικων, και ό Τηςων αχει " Τελους τα εργα μου, δω-" σω αυίω εξουσιαν επι των 27 εθνων, και ποιποληρα, ως τους εν ραβδώ σιδηρα, ως εθνων, και ποιμανει αυ-" TA OKSUN TA KEPAHIKA OUV-" τριβείαι, ως κά[ω ειλη-" φα παρα του παίρος μου, και δωσω αυίω τον ασ-29 " Τέρα Τον πρωίνον. ο εχων ους, ακουσαίω τι το TVEULA ASTEL TAIS EKKANσιαις.

Και τω αηγελώ της εν Σαρδεσιν εκκλησιαις γραψον, "ΤΑΔΕ λεγει ο εχων τα "πνευμαία του Θεου, και τους έπία ασίερας: οιδα "σου τα εργα, ότι το ονο-

" all the churches shall know " that I am be who fearchet b the reins and the heart: " and I will give to every " one of you according to " your works. but I say to 24 " the rest that are in Thya-"tira, who do not follow "this dostrine, and * bave "not been initiated in the " depths, as they are called, " of satan, I will put upon " you + no other burden. " but what you have: hold 25 that fast till I come. he 26 " that overcometh, and keep-" etb my works unto the end, " to bim will I give power " over the nations: he shall 27 " rule them with a rod of "iron: as the vessels of a " potter shall they be broken " to shivers, according to the " power I have received of " my father. I will even give 28 " bim the lustre of the morn-" ing-star. he that bath an 29 " ear, let bim hear what the " fpirit saith to the churches."

And unto the angel of the 1 church in Sardis, write, "These things faith he that hath the seven spirits of God and the seven stars; I know thy works, that thou hast the reputation of height

* The Gnosticks, who were a branch of the Nicolaitans, pretended their doctrine was so secret and profound, that the apostics thenselves were strangers to it. Iron. lib. 1. c. 1. + See Acts xv. 28, 29.

" μα εχεις ότι ζης, και νε-" ing alive, but art dead, be 2 " watchful, and fortify the κρος ει. Γινου Γρηγορων, " rest that are ready to die: και σηριξον τα λοιπα ά " for I have not found thy μελλει αποθανείν, ου γαρ "works perfett before God. έυρπκα σου τα εργαπε-΄ πληρωμενα ενωπιον του " remember therefore what 3 ε Θεου μου. μνημονευε ουν "thou bast received and " אשנ פואחסמל אמו אואסטסמל, " beard: observe it and re-" pent. if therefore thou art kai Thei, kai uslavonoov. "not vigilant, I will come εαν ουν μη Γρηγορησης, ή-" ξω επι σε ως κλεπ]ης, και " upon thee as a thicf, thou " shalt not know what bour ου μη γνως ποιαν ώραν ήξω επι σε. εχεις ολιγα ονο-" I will come upon thee. " μαλα εν Σαρδεσιν, ά ουκ ε-"thou hast a sew persons in 4 "Sardis who have not deμολυναν τα ίμαλια αυλων. και περιπαλησουσι μετ' ε-"filed their garments; they " shall walk with me in μου εν λευκοις, ότι αξιοι " white: for they are worεισιν. ο νικων, ουίος περιβαλείζαι εν ίμαζιοις λευ-" tby, he that overcometh, 5 " the same shall be cloathed κοις, και ου μπ εξαλειψω " in white raiment; I will το ονομα αυίου εκ της βι-BROUTHS LWHS, KAI EEO-" not efface bis name out of " the book of life, but I will μολογησομαι το ονομα αυ-" own him before my sather, TOU ETWITION TOU TARCOS " and before his angels. he 6 HOU, KAL EVWITION TWY AT-" that bath an ear, let him **Γελων αυ**ίου. ό ε×ων ους, ι ακουσαίω τι το πνευμα " bear what the spirit saith λεγει Ταις εκκλησιαις." " unto the churches." Και τω αγγελώ της εν And to the angel of the 7 church in PHILADELPHIA, Φιλαδελφεια εκκλησιας γραψον, "ΤΑΔΕ λεγει δάwrite, "THESE things faith τιος, ο αληθινος, ο εχων " He that is boly, He that is Την κλειδα του Δαβιδ, δ " true, He that bath the ανοιρων, και ουδεις κλειει, " key of David, He that o-KAI KAEIEI, KAI OUÔEIC AVOI-" peneth what no man can ες Γει: οιδα σου τα εργα: " shut; and shutteth what ιδου, δεδωκα ενωπιον σου " no man can oven: I know · θυραν ανεωημενην, και ου-"thy works: behold, I have

" อัยเร อิบะลโลเ หมะเธลเ av-

" Την: ότι μικραν εχεις δυ-

ναμιν,

"and no man can shut it:

" set before thee an open door,

ναμιν, και εΙποπσας μου TOV DOFOV, KAL OUK novnσω το ονομα μου. ιδου, διδωμι εκ της συνατωτης του σαλανα των λεγονλων ξαυίους Ιουδαιους ειναι, και ουκ εισίν, απλα ψευδον-" Ται: ιδου, ποιπσω αυλουκ ίνα ήξωσι και προσκυνησωσιν ενωπιον των ποδων σου, και γωσιν ότι εγω ηςαπησα σε. ότι είπρησας Του λογου της ύπομονης μου, καιω σε τηρησω εκ της ώρας του πειρασμού Της μελλουσης ερχεσθαι επι TTIS O!KOUμενης όλης, πειρασαι τους Kaloikouvlas eni The The. EPXOHAL TAXU: KPATEL O exeis, iva unders habn tov σιεφανον σου. ο νικων. ποιησω αυλον σλυλον εν τω ναω του Θεου μου, και εξω ου μη εξελθη ετι: και γραψω επ' αυίον το ονομα του Θεου μου, και " Το ονομα της πολεως του " Deou mon the kairne Is-" ρουσαλημ, η καλαβαινουσα εκ του ουρανου απο " Του Θεου μου, και το ο-« νομα μου το καινον. εχων ους, ακουσαίω τι το εε πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις.

" for the few in number, you " bave kept my word, and " bave not renounced my " name. you shall see I wilt 9 " make those of the synagogue " of satan, who say they are "Tews, and are not, but do "lye: you shall see I will " make them come, and throw "themselves at your feet, " and they shall know that " you are the objects of my "love. because you have 10 " kept my ‡ precept about " patience, I also will keep " you in the time of + perse-" cution, which shall happen " to all the world, to try the "inhabitants of the earth. " behold, I come quickly: bold I I " that fast which you have, " let no man take your crown. " bim that overcomes, will 12 " I make a pillar in the tem-" ple of my God, and be shall ego out no more: I will " write upon bim the name " of my God, and the name " of the city of my God, " which is new ferusalem, " which descends from beaven " from my God: even my " new name * will I write. " be that hath an ear, let 12 " bim bear what the spirit " saith unto the churches."

Kαι

And

[‡] Luke xxi. 19. * Rev. xix. 16.

⁺ Under Nero. fee chap. xii.

And unto the angel of the 14

14 Kai TW ASTENW THE EKKNHσιας Δαοδικεων γραψον, τΑΔΕ λεγει ο Αμπν, ο μαθυς ό πισθος και αληθινος, ή αρχη της κλισεως του Θεου: οιδα σου τα era, oti oule wuxpos ei, OUTE CEOTOS: ODERON WUχρος ειπς, η ζεσίος, ουίως OTI XXIAPOCEIC, KAI OUTE WUχρος ουλε ζεσλος, μελλω σε εμεσαιεκ του σλομαλος μου. סדו אנדבונ, סדו אאסטסוסג בוμι, και πεπλουληκα, και ου-SEVOS XPELOCY EXIO. KOZI OUK οιδας ότι συ ει ό ταλαιπωρος, και ελεείνος, και πίωχος, και τυφλος, και ε Γυμνος συμβουλευω σοι ατοράσαι παρ' εμου χρυσιον πεπυρωμένον εκ πυρος, ίνα πλουλησης; και ίματια λευκα, ίνα περιβαλή, και μη φανερωθη ή αισχυνη της τυμνοίπιος σου 3 και κολλούριον εςχρισον Τους οφθαλμους σού, ίνα βλεπης. εςω όσους εαν φιλώ, ελεγχω και παιδεύω: ζηλωσον ουν, και μελανοπσον. ιδου, έσληκα επι την θυραν, και κρουω: εαν τις ακουση της φωνης μου, και ανοιξη την θυραν, εισελευσομαι προς αυλου, και δειπνησω μετ' αυλου, και αυίος μετ' εμου. ο νικων δωσω αυίω καθισαι μετ' εμου εν τω βρουφ μου, οκ

KK W

church of the LAODICE-ANS, write, " thefe things " faith the AMEN, the faith-" ful and true witness, the " beginning of the creation " of God : I know thy works, 15 " that thou art neither cold "nor bot: I would thou " wert cold or bot. but fince 16 thou art lukewarm, and " neither cold nor bot, I " will spue thee out of my "mouth. you say you are 17 "rich, and bave increased "your gain, and have need " of nothing; but you do " not consider that you are " wretched, miserable, poor, " blind, and naked. I coun-18 " sel thee to purchase of me e gold tried in the fire, that " thou mayst be rich; and " white raiment, that thou s mayst be cloathed, and " that the shame of thy na-"kedness may not appear; " and an ointment for thine " eyes to make you see clear. " as many as I love, I re-19 " buke and chastise: be warm "therefore with zeal, and " repent. behold, I stand at 20 "the door, and knock: if " any man bear my voice, " and open the door, I will " come in to bim, I will sup " with bim, and be shall as-" terwards be enter; ain'd by " me. to him that overcom- 21 " e:4

κάςω ενικησα, και εκα" θισα μεία του παίρος μου
22" εν τω θρονω αυίου. ο
" εχων ους, ακουσαίω τι
" το πνευμα λεςει ταις εκκλησιαις."

ΜΕΤΑ ΤΑΥΤΑ ειδον, και ιδου θυρα ηνεωρμενη εν τω ουρανώ, και ή φωνη ή πρω
Ιη ήν ηκουσα ώς σαλπιρρος λαλουσης μετ εμου, λερουσα, " αναβα ώδε, και δει
Έω σοι ά δει ρενεσθαι μελα " ταυλα."

Και ευθεως εγενομην εν Trevuali: kai IAOT, OPO-ΝΟΣ εκείλο εν τω ουρανώ, και επι του θρονου καθημένος. 3 (και ο καθημένος ην) ομοιος ος ασει λιθω ιασπιδι, και σαςδινω: και ιρις κυκλοθεν του θρονου όμοιος όρασει σμαρας-4 οίνω. και κυκλοθεν του θρονου θρονοι εικοσι και Τεσσαρες: και επι τους θρονους ELOOP TOUS ELKOOL KAL TEGOA-CAC TIPENBYTEPOYS KAθημενους, περιβεβλημενους εν inaliois reukois; kai eaxov επιτας κεφαλας άυλων σθε-5 PAYOUS XOUGOUS. KALEK TOUθρονου εκποςευονίαι ασίραπαι και βρο: Ται και φωναι: και έπλα λαμπαδες πυρος

" eth will I grant to fit with
" me in my throne, even as I
" also overcame, and am set
" down with my father in his
" throne, he that hath an ear, 22

" let him bear what the spi-"rit saith unto the churches."

AT ANOTHER TIME I had a vision, when I saw a door was opened in heaven: and the first voice which I heard talking to me, was like the sound of a trumpet; which said, "come up hither, "and I will shew thee things "which must be hereafter."

Immediately I was in an 2 exialy: and I saw a throne placed in beaven, and one sitting on the throne. he that 2 sat, appear'd to the fight, like a jasper, and a sardine stone: and there was an arch like a rain-bow, round about the throne, which hadthe appearance of an emerald. round about the throne were 4 four and twenty seats: and upon the seats I saw four and twenty + Elders sitting, cloathed in white raiment: and they bad on their beads crowns of gold. out of the 5 throne proceeded lightnings, * and thundrings, and voices: and there were seven lamps

Chap. IV. The second vision of the throne, xxxiv elbers, and the iv animals.

† t Chron. xxiv. 4. Acrs xv.

Kallo-

^{*} Lightnings and thunders, fignify the divine threatnings,

καιομεναι ενωπιον του θρονου, άι εισι τα έπλα πνευμαλα του Θεου.

Και ενωπιον του θρονού θαλασσα ύαλινη, όμοια κρυσ-**Γαλλω: και εν μεσώ του** θρονου και κυκλώ του θρονου τεσσαρα ΖΩΑ Γεμονία οφθαλμων εμπροσθέν και ο-7 πισθεν. και το ζώον το πεωλον όμοιον λεονλι, και το δευλερον ζωον όμοιον μοσχώ, KAL TO TOLON LWON EXON TO προσωπον ώς ανθρωπος, και το τελαρλον ζωον ομοιον 8 વદીબ જાદીબાદગબ્ર. પ્રવા TEGσαρα ζωα, εν καθ' έσυλο. - ειχον ανα περυτας έξ κυκλοθεν, και εσωθεν τεμονία οφθαλιών; και αναπαυσιν OUK EXOUGIN THEPAS KAI NUK**λεγονία, άγιος, άγιος,** άγιος Κυριος ο Θεος ο παν-Τοκράλωρ, όπν και όων και 9 ο ερχομενος. και όταν δωσουσι τα ζωα δοξαν και Τιμην και ευχαρισλιαν τω καθημενώ επι του θρονου, τω ζωνλι εις τους αιωνας των το αιωνων, πεσουνίαι οι εικοσι KAI TESTAPES APEOBUTEPOI Eνωπιον του καθημένου επι του βρονου, και προσκυνου-סו דש לשילו בור דסנג מושימנ Των αιωνων, και βαλλουσι

of fire burning before the throne, which are the seven spirits of God.

Before the throne there 6 was * a sea of glass like unto crystal: and towards the throne, and round about the throne + were four ANI-MALS full of eyes before and behind. the first animal was like a lion, the second animal like a calf, the third animal appear'd like a man. and the fourth animal was like a flying eagle. the four animals bad each of them fix wings about him, and they were full of eyes within; and they never ceas'd day and night, crying, HO_ LY, HOLY, HOLY, LORD GOD ALMIGHTY, WHO WAS, WHO IS, AND WHO WILL BE. and when those animals gave glory, and bonour, and thanks to bim that fat on the throne, who liveth for ever and ever, the 10 four and twenty elders fell down before bim that fat on the throne, and worshipped kim that liveth for ever and ever, and cast their crowns before the throne.

say-

TOUS

^{*} In the temple was the brazen-sea: Exod. xxx. 18. by the sea is meant the christian people at Jerusalem. Rev. xvii. 15. Hab.ii. 14. ‡ See 1 Kings x. 19. by the tv animals are meant tv apostolical men.
1. Peter. 2. James the brother of Jesus. 3. Matthew. 4. Paul.

τους σίεφανους άυίων ενωπιον 11 του θρονου, λεγονίες, " αξιος " ει Κυριε λαβειν την δοξαν " אמו דחי דונוחי אמו דחי לט-" ναμιν, ότι συ εκλισας τα " πανλα. και δια το θελημα σου εισι, και εκλισθησαν." Και ειδου επι την δεξιαν του καθημένου έπι του θρογου ΒΙΒΛΙΟΝ Γεγραμμενον εσωθεν και οπισθεν, καλεσφρα+ Γισμένον ΣΦΡΑΓΙΣΙΝ έπλα. 2 KAI ELDOV AFFENOV LOXUPOV KMευσσονία φωνη μεταλη, " τις " εσλιν αξιος ανοιξαι το βιβ-" λιου, και λυσαι τας σφραγιδας άυλου?" και ουδιις πουναίο εν τω ουρανω, ουδε επι της γης, ουδε ύποκαλω της της, ανοιξαι το βιβ-4 λιου, ουδε βλεπειν αυλο. και ετω εκλαιον πολλα, ότι ουδεις αξιος έυρεθη ανοιξαι και ανατνωναι το βιβλιον, ουλε 5 βλεπειν αυίο. και είς εκ των πρεσβυζερων λεγει μοι, μπ κλαιε. ιδου ενικησεν ο λεων ο

σφραςιδας αυίου.
Και ειδον, και ιδου εν μεσω του θρονου και των τεσσαςων ζωων, και εν μεσω
των πρεσβυίερων, αςνιον έστηκος ώς εσφαςμενον, εχον
κεραία έπία, και οφθαλμους
έπία, δι εισι τα έπία του
Θεου πνευμαία τα απεσίαλ-

ων εκ της φυλης Ιουδα, ή ρί-

ζα Δαβιδ, ανοιξαι το βιβ-

λιον, και λυσαι τας έπλα

θεου πνευμαία τα απεσίαλ-Vo.i. II. μενα faying, "thou art worthy, 11
"O Lord, to receive glory,
"and honour, and power:
"for thou hast created all
things, by thy WILL they
"fubsist, and were created."

And I saw in the right I band of him that sate on the throne, A BOOK written within and on the backfide. sealed with seven seals. and I saw a powerful angel 2 proclaiming with a loud voice. " who is worthy to " open the book, and to " loose the seals thereof." and no one in beaven, nor .3 in earth, nor under the earth, was able to open the book, or to look therein. and I wept much, because no 4 man was found worthy to open and read the book, nor to look therein. and one of the 5 elders said to me, weep not: behold, the lion of the tribe of Juda, the offspring of David, bath prevailed to open the book, and to loofe the feven seals thereof.

And I beheld, and saw before the throne, in the midst
of the four animals, and in the
midst of the elders, a lamb
which seem'd to have been
slain, having seven horns, and
seven eyes, which are the seven
spirits of God sent forth into

Chap. V. The Book and the vii Seals.

7 HEVA EIG TAGAV THY THY. KAI πλθε. και ειληφε το βιβλιου EK THE DELIAC TOU KARNUEVOU 8 ETTI TOU POOYOU. KAI ÔTE Eλαβε το βιβλιού, τα τέσσαρα ζωα και όι εικοσίζεσσαρες πρεσβυλεροι επεσον ενωπιον του αρνιου, εχούδες έκασίος κιθαρας και φιαπας χρυσας Γεμουσας θυμιαμα-Των. άι εισιν άι προσευχαι των άτιων. και αδουσιν ωδην καινην, πεγονίες, " αξιος ε ει λαβειν το βιβλιον, και « ανοιξαι τας σφραγιδας αυ-Του, ότι εσφαιτικ, και η-Γορασας τω Θεω ήμας εν τω αιμαλι σου, εκ πασης « סטאח אמו דאשססח אמו 10 " Naou Kai EBrous. Kai E-" ποιπσας ήμας τω Θεω ή-HWY BAGINEIC KAI iEPEIC, και βασιλευσομέν επί της 775.

Της.

11 Και ειδον, και πκουσα φωνην αγγελων πολλων κυκλοθεν Του θρονου και των μυριαδες μυριαδων, και χιλι12 αδες χιλιαδων, λεγονθες φωνη μεγαλη, " αξιον εσθι το αρνιον το εσφαγμενον λαβειν " την δυναμιν και πλουθον " και σοφιαν και ισχυν και " τιμην και δοξαν και ευλο13 γιαν." και παν κλισμα, ο εσθιν εν τω ουρανω, και εν τη γη, και ύποκαλω της γης, και επι της θαλασσης ά εσθι, και τα εν αυθοις πανθα, η-

Κουσα

all the earth. and he came 7 and took the book out of the right hand of him that sate upon the throne. when he had 8 taken the book, the four animals, and the four and twenty elders fell down before the lamb, every one of them baving barps, and golden vials full of odours, which are the prayers of the faints. and they fung a new fong, 9 faying, "thou art worthy " to take the book, and to " open the feals thereof: " for thou wast slain, and " bast redeemed us to God by " thy blood, out of every " tribe, and language, and " people, and nation; and 10 " bast made us kings and " priests unto our God: and " we shall reign on the " earth."

Then in my vision I beard 11 the voice of many angels which surrounded the throne, the animals, and the elders: to the number of ten thousand times ten thousand, and thousands of thousands; saying with a loud 12 voice, " worthy is the lamb " that was stain to receive " power, and riches, and " wisdom, and strength, and " bonour, and glory, and " blessing." and every crea- 13 ture which is in beaven, on the earth, under the earth, and such as are in the sea, and all tbat

κουσα λεγονίας, "Τω καθη" μενώ επι του θρονου και
" τω αρνιώ ή ευλογια και ή
" τιμη και ή δοξα και το
" κραίος εις τους αιωνας των
14" αιωνων." και τα τεσσαρα ζωα ελεγον, αμην. και
οι εικοσίζεσσαρες πρεσβυίζεροι
επεσαν, και προσεκυνησαν
ζωνίι εις τους αιωνας των
αιωνων.

Και ειδον ότε πνοιξε το αρνιον μιαν εκ των σφραγιδων,
και πκουσα ένος εκ των τεσσαρων ζωων λεγονίος, ώς
φωνης βρονίης, ερχου και
βλεπε. και ειδον, και ιδου ίππος λευκος, και ό καθημενος επ' αυίω εχων τοξον,
και εδοθη αυίω σίεφανος, και
εξηλθε νικων, και ίνα νικηση.

Και ότε ηνοιξε την δευτεραν σφραγιδα, ηκουσα του
δευλερου ζωου πεγονλος, ερ4 και και βπεπε. και εξηπθεν αππος πυρρος,
και τω καθημενώ επ' αυλώ εδοθη αυλώ παβειν την ειρηνην
απο της γις, και ένα αππηπους σφαξωσι, και εδοθη αυτω μαχαιρα μεγαπη.

Και ότε ηνοίξε την τριτην σφραγιδα, ηκούσα του τρίδου ζωού λεγονδος, "ερ-"χου και βλεπε." και ειδον, και ιδού ίππος μελας, that are in them, heard I, faying, "blessing, and honour,
"and glory, and power he
"unto him that sitteth upon
the throne, and unto the
"lamb for ever and ever."
and the four animals said, a-14
men. and the four and twenty elders fell down and worshipped him that liveth for
ever and ever.

Then I saw the lamb open one of the seals, when I heard one of the sour animals with a voice like thunder, say, come, and see." I look'd, and there was a white borse; and be that sat on him had a how, and a crown was given unto him, and he went forth like a conqueror, to gain conquests.

When he had opened the second seal, I heard the second animal say, "come and see." and there went out another 4 horsethat was red: and power was given to him that sat thereon, to * hanish peace from the land, and to make men kill one another: and there was given unto him a great second.

When he had opened the 6 third feal, I heard the third animal fay, "come and fee." and I hebeld, and he that Ggg 2 fat

* See Josephus's wars of the Jews. B. iv, v, vi

και ο καθημενος επ' αυίω, εχων ζυγον εν τη χειρει άυίου.
6 και ηκουσα φωνην εν μεσω
των τεσσαρων ζωων λεγουσαν, "χοινιξ σίλου δηναριου,
"και τρεις χοινικες κριθης δηναριου, και το ελαιον και
τον οινον μη αδικησης."

Και ότε πνοιξε την σφραγιδα την τείαρην, ηκουσα φωνην του τείαριου ζωου λεγουσαν, ερχου και βλεπε. και ειδον, και ιδου ίππος χλωρος, και ο καθημενος επανω αυίου, ονομα αυίω ο Θαναίος, και ο Αδης ακολουθει μετ' αυίου, και εδοθη αυίοις εξουσια αποκίειναι επι το τείαριον της γης, εν ρομφαια και εν λιμώ και εν θαναίω, και ύπο των θηριων της γης.

9 Και ότε πνοιζε την πεμπτην σφραριδα, ειδον ύποκατω του θυσιασθηριου τας
ψυχας των εσφαρμενων δια
τον λορον του Θεου, και δια
10 την μαρθυριαν ήν ειχον, και
εκραζον φωνη μεραλη, λεροντες, εως πολε ο δεσπολης
ό άριος και ο αληθινος, ου
κρινεις και εκδικεις το άιμα
ήμων απο των καλοικουν-

fat on bim bad a balance in bis band. and I beard a 6 voice from amidst the four animals say, "* a measure of "wheat for a penny, and "three measures of barley for a penny; but don't touch "the oil and the wine."

When he had opened the 7 fourth feal, I heard the voice of the fourth animal fay, "come and fee." and 8 I looked, and there was a pale horse; the name of him that fat thereon was † DEATH, and the Grave followed with him: and power was given to them, over the fourth part of the land to kill with sword, with samme, with pestilence, and with will beasts.

When he had opened the 9 fifth seal, I saw under the altar the souls of these that were slain for the word of God, and for the testimony which they maintain'd, and 10 they cried with a loud voice, saying, "how long, O Lord, boly and true, dest thou defer that

* Acts xi. 18. A great famine happen'd in the 1d year of Claudius: and another in the 9th and 10th years of that emperor.

+ The pestilence. see Grotius. Mat. xxiv. 7.

Chap. VI. 6. The scarcity was to affect the necessarys of Life, but

not the superfluirys.

Chap. VI. 8. Josephus says, eleven hundred thousand Jews were kill'd by famine and the sword, and ninety thousand sold for slaves. lib. VI. c. 44.

ει " των επι της της?" και εδοθησαν έκασλοις σλολαι λευκαι, και ερρέθη αυλοις ίνα αναπαυσωνλαι ει χρονον μικρον, έως ου πληρωσονλαι και οι συνδουλοι αυλων και οι αδελφοι αυλων, οι μελλοντες αποκλεινεσθαι ώς και αυτοι.

Kal eldov ote nvoite thy σφραγιδα την έκλην, και ιδου σεισμος μετας εγενείο, και ο ήλιος εγενείο μελας ώς σακ-KOC TPIXIVOC, KAI N GENNYM τα όλη εγενείο ώς άμα, και όι ασθερες του ουρανου επεσαν εις την την, ώς συκη βαλλει τους ολυνθους άθλης, ύπο με-14 Γάλου ανέμου σειομένη. και ουρανος απεχωρισθη ώς βιβλιον ειλισσομένου, και παν ορος και νησος εκ Των Τοπων 15 αυλων εκινηθησαν, και δι βασιλεις της της, και οι μετιστανες, και οι πλουσιοι, και δι χιλιαρχοι, και δι δυναζοι, και πας δουλος και πας ελευθερος εκρυψαν εαυίους εις τα σπηλαία και είς τας πείρας 15 των ορεων, και λεγουσι τοις ο εσι και ταις πείραις, " πε-" σείε εφ' ήμας, και κρυψα-" τε ήμας απο προσωπου ι του καθημενού επι του " θρονου, και απο της οργης ים דים מפטוסט, בדו חד שני חים מסף הים דים דים דים

"that dwell on the earth?"
and white robes were given II
to every one of them, and it
was said unto them, that
they should have patience yet
for a little while, till the
number of their fellow-fervants, and their brethren,
that should be killed, as they
were, should be complete.

And when I beheld the 12 opening of the fixth feal, there was a great earthquake: the fun * became black as sackcloth of bair, and the moon became as blood; the stars 12 of beaven fell down to the earth, even as a fig-tree castctb its untimely figs when it is shaken by a mighty wind: the beaven disappeared as a 14. book when it is rolled up: every mountain and island were moved out of their places: the kings of the earth, 15 the great men, the rich men. the chief captains, and the mighty men, every bond-man, and every free-man, bid themselves in the caverns, and in the rocks of the mountains; and said to the moun-, 16 tains, and to the rocks, " fall " on us, and bide us from " the face of bim that fitteth " on the throne, and from the " wrath of the lamb : for the 17 " great

*Dion Lx. mentions a folar eclipse, in the vth year of Claudius, and in his viith year there was a total eclipse of the meon. and August 1st, A. D. 64. at 11 in the morning, an eclipse of the sun was accompany'd with claps of thunder. Philost. Vii. Apol. Tyan.

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1

LEPA N LEGARN THE OPING " αυλου, και τις δυναλαι " olathyai?"

Και μεία ταυία ειδον τεσσαρας απελους έσιωλας επι τας τεσσαρας Γωνιας της Γης, κρα ουνίας τους τεσσαρας ανεμούς της γης, ίνα μη πνεη ανεμος επι της της, μηζε επι της θαλασσικ, μηλε επι παν 2 δενδρου. και ειδον αλλον αττελον αναβανία απο αναίοκης ήλιου, εχονία σφρατιδα Θεου ζωνίος, και εκράξε Φωνη μεγαλη Τοις Τεσσαρσιν αιrenois, ois edoun autois adiκησαι την την και την θα-אמססמי, אבן שיי, " עח מלו-" נחסולב דחי ן חיי, עחלב דחי " θαλασσαν, μηλε τα δεν-" δρα, αχρις ου σφραγιζωμεν Τους δουλους Του Θεου ημων επι των μείωπων αυ-« των.»

Και πκουσα τον αριθμον των εσφρατισμένων, χαλιαδες εσφραγισμένοι, πασης φυλης ύιων Ισραηλ. 5 εκ φυλης Ιουδα, ιβ' χιλιαδες εσφραγισμένοι, εκ φυλης Ρουβην, ιβ' χιλιαδές εσφραγισ-MENOI, EK DUNNS TAB, IB' XI-

" great day of his wrath is " come; and who shall be " able to subfift?"

AFTER thefe things, I 1 faw FOUR ANGELS standing on the four corners of the land, bolding the four winds of the land, that the wind Should not blow on the land, nor on the sea, nor on any and I saw another 2 angel ascending from the east, baving the feal of the living God: and be cried with a loud vioce to the four angels, to whom it was given to hurt the earth and the sea, say- 3 ing, " burt not the earth, " nor the sea, nor the trees, " till we have sealed the " servants of our God in " their foreneads."

And I beard the number & of those who were scaled: and there were sealed an bundred forty and four thousand, of all the tribes of the children of Israel. tribe of Juda were sealed twelve thousand. of the tribe of Reuben were sealed twelve

λιαδες

thou-

Chap. VII. 1. Under king Agrippa's administration, Judea enjoy'd a profound peace. Josep. II. 17.

Ib. By trees are meant citys or temples. the temple of Jerusalem

was called Libanus, being built of that wood. Jer. xxii. 7.

Chap. VII. 3. Don't lay walte the land, nor the people, nor their citys or temple. it was an eastern custom for slaves to have their master's name mark'd upon their foreheads. Eufebius says, the christians by a diving warning retired from Jerusalem some time before the fiège, to a city call'd Pella. Hift. Eccles. b. iii. c. f.

6 λιαδες εσφρατισμένοι, εκ φυλης Ασηρ, ιβ' χιλιαδές εσ-Φρατισμένοι, εκ Φυλης ΝέΦθαλειμ, ιβ' χιλιαδές εσφρα-**Γισμένοι, εκ φυλης Μανασ**ση, ιβ' χιλιαδές εσφρατισμενοι, εκ φυλης Συμεων, ιβ' χιλιαδές εσφραγισμένοι, εκ ουλης Λουί, ιβ' χιλιαδές εσ-Φραγισμένοι, εκ Φυλής Ισαχαρ, ιβ' χιλιαδές εσφρατισμενοι, εκ φυλης Ζαβουλων, ιβ΄ χιλιαδές εσφραγισμένοι, εκ φυλης Ιωσηφ, ιβ' χιλιαδες ETOPATIOHEVOL, EK QUANG BEνιαμιν, ιβ' χιλιαδές εσφρα-FITHEVOL.

Μεία Ταυία ειδον, και ιδου οχλος πολυς, όν αριθμησαι αυίον ουδεις ηδυναίο, εκ παντος εθνους και φυλων και λαων και γλωσσων, έσίωτες ενωπιον του θρονου και ενωπιον του αρνου, περιβεβλημενοι σίολας λευκας, και φοινικες εν ταις χερσιν αυίων-

και κραζονίες φωνη μεγαλη, λεγονίες, " ή σωίπρια τω κα-" θημενώ επι του θρονου του Θεου ήμων, και τω αρνιώ."

11 και πανίες δι αργελοι έσληκεσαν κυκλώ του θρονου και των
πρεσβυίερων και των τεσσαρων ζωων, και επεσον ενωπιον του θρονου επι προσωπον
αυίων, και προσεκυνησαν τω
12 Θεω, λεγονίες, αμην, ή ευ-

 $\lambda o \Gamma i \alpha$

thousand. of the tribe of Gad were sealed twelve thousand. of the tribe of Afer were feal- 6 ed twelve thousand, of the tribe of Nephthalim were fealed twelve thousand, of the tribe of Manasses were fealed twelve thousand. of 7 the tribe of Simeon were sealed twelve thousand. of the tribe of Levi were sealed twelve thousand, of the tribe of Isachar were sealed twelve thousand. of the tribe 8 of Zabulon were sealed twelve thousand. of the tribe of Joseph were sealed twelve thousand. of the tribe of Benjamin were sealed twelve thousand.

After this I beheld, and g there was a great multitude, which no man could number, of every nation, tribe, people, and language, who stood before the throne, and before the lamb cloathed in white robes, having palms in their bands.

They cried with a loud 10 voice, "falvation from our "God who fits upon the "throne, and unto the lamb." and all the angels who stood 11 round about the throne, and about the elders, and the four animals fell before the throne on their faces, and worshipped God, saying, amen: 12 praise, and glory, and wif-

I

dom,

ποςια, και ή δοξα, και ή σοτρια, και ή ευχαριστία, και ή τιμη, και ή δυναμις, και ή ισχυς τω Θεω ήμων εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων- αμην.

13 Και απεκριθη έις εκ των πρεσβυλερων, λετων μοι, ουτοι α περιβεβλημενοι τας σιολας τας λευκας, τινες εισι. 14 και ποθεν πλθον ε και ειρηκα αυλώ, Κυριε μου, συ οιδας. και ειπε μοι, ουίοι εισιν όι ερχομενοι εκ της θλι-WEWS THE HEFARMS, KALETRUναν τας σίολας αυίων, και ελευκαναν αυίας εν τω άιμα-15TI TOU ADVIOU. SIA TOUTO EIσιν ενωπιον του θρονου του Θεου, και λαθρευουσιν αυθω πιμερας και νυκλος εν τω ναω ε αυίου, και ο καθημένος επι του θρονου, σκηνωσει επ' αυ-16 τους. ου πεινασουσιν είι, ουδε διντησουσιν είι, ουδε μη πεση επ' αυίους ο ήλιος, ουδε παν 17 KATUHA. OTI TO APPIOP TO Aναμεσον του θρονου ποιμανει αυλους, και όδηγησει αυλους επι ζωσας πητας υδαίων, (KAI EEALEIVEI O DEOS TAV δακρυον απο των οφθαλμων *ຂ*ບໄພນ.)

Και ότι πνοιξε την σφραγιδα την έβδομην, εγενείο σιγη εν τω ουρανώ ως ημιωγιον. dom, and thanksgiving, and bonour, and power, and might be to our God for ever and ever. amen.

Then one of the elders 12 spake, and said to me, who are those that are arrayed in white robes? and whence do they come? my Lord, 14 answer'd I, you can tell. and be faid to me, these are they who came out of great tribulation, and bave washed their robes, and made them white in the blood of the lamb. therefore are they 15 before the throne of God. and serve bim day and night in his temple: and he that sitteth on the throne shall cover them, as a pavillion. they shall no more suffer hun- 16 ger or thirst, neither shall the fun dart on them, nor any heat molest them. for the 17 lamb who is in the midst before the throne, shall feed them, and shall lead them to living fountains of waters: and * God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes.

At the opening of the † 1 SEVENTH SEAL, there was filence in heaven about the space of half an hour.

Then

* IG. xxv. 8.

Και

[†] The viith seal opened. the vii TRUMPETS, relating to the fiege of Jerusalem. trumpets are the fignals of battles. Jerem. xlii. 14. Hof. v. 8.

* ΚΑΙ ειδον τους έπλα αι-LEYOR' OF ENMATION LOR OFOR έσληκασι, και εδοθησαν αυ-3 TOIL ETT & GANTIFFEL KALANnot affenot nibe, kai eola-On eni to Oudiadincion Eχων λιβανωίον χρυσουν, και εδοθη αυίω θυμιαμαία πολλα, ίνα δωση ταις προσευχαις των άγιων πανίων, επι το θυσιασίπειον το χρυσουν **4** Το ενωπιον Του θρονου. ανεβη ὁ καπνος των θυμιαμαλων ταις προσευχαις των ATIWY, EK XEIPOS TOU AFFEROU, 5 EVWTION TOU ΘΕΟυ. KAI EIληφεν ο αργελος το λιβανω-TOY, KAL EFEHLOEY AUTO EK TOU πυρος του θυσιασθηριου, και spaner en tor for, kal efeνονίο φωναι και βρονίαι και ασζαπαι και σεισμος.

Και οι έπλα αγγελοι εχουτες τας έπλα σαλπιγγας, ήτοιμασαν έαυλους ένα σαλπισωσι. και ο πρωλος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και εγενελο
χαλαζα και πυρ μεμιγμενα

Then I faw the feven an- 2 gels who attend in the presence of God; and to them were given seven trumpets. and an- 2 other angel came and stood at the altar, baving a golden censer; and there was given to bim much incense, that be should offer it with the prayers of all the saints upon the golden altar, which was before the throne. and the smoke 4 of the incense together with the prayers of the faints, afcended up before God, out of the angel's hand, and the 5 angel took the censer, and baving filled it with the fire of the altar, he cast it upon the land: and there was a noise of thunders, and lightnings, and an earthquake.

Then the seven angels who 6 had the seven trumpets, prepared themselves to sound. the first angel sounded, and 7 there sollowed hail and sire mingled with blood, which fell

* The ind vision.

Chap. VIII. 5. By land is generally meant the land of Judea. Josephus says, a comer appeard for a whole year.—that on the 8th of April, between the hours of twelve and three in the morning, it was as light as day, and he relates it as a prodigy almost incredible, that there was an appearance of armys running up and down in the clouds, which our Astronomers call Aurora Boreales.—that a Cow led to be facrificed by the high-priest, brought forth a lamb in the midst of the temple, the eastern gate of which, made all of brass, and so massy, it required twenty men to shut it, opened of its own accord. see Joseph. b. VI. and Taciti Histor. l. V.

Ver. 7. The hail and fire mingled with blood, fignify that obdurate temper, and fanguinary zeal which diffinguish'd the Jews from all

other nations in the world.

Hhh

You, II.

8 Και ὁ δευθερος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και ως ορος μεγα
πυρι καιομενον εβληθη εις την
θαλασσαν, και εγενεθο το
τρίθον της θαλασσης, άιμα.
9 και απεθανε το τρίθον των
κλισμαθων των εν τη θαλασση, τα εχονθα ψυχας, και
το τρίθον των πλοιων διεφθαρη.

10 Και ό τρίδος αρτέλος εσαλπίσε, και επέσεν εκ του
ουρανου ασίπρ μερας καιομενος ώς λαμπας, και επέσεν
επι το τρίδον των ποίαμων,
και επι τας πηρας ύδαίων.
11 και το ονομα του ασίερος λερείαι ό αψινθος, και ρινείαι
το τρίδον εις αψινθον, και
πολλοι ανθρωπων απέθανον
εκ των ύδαίων, ότι επικρανθπσαν.

fell upon the earth: and a third part of the earth, and a third part of the trees was burnt up, and all the green orass.

And the second angel sound- 8 ed, and a great mountain as it were all on sire was cast into the sea; and the third part of the sea became blood: and the third part of the 9 creatures which were in the sea, and had life, died; and the third part of the ships were destroyed.

And the third angel found-10 ed, and there fell a great star from heaven, burning like a slambeau, and it fell upon the third part of the rivers, and upon the fountains of waters. the name of the star was 11 wormwood: and the third part of the waters became wormwood; and many men died of the waters, because they were made bitter.

 $K\alpha\iota$

And

Ib. The green grass signifys the priests. see Luke xxiii. 31. Exod.ix.

Ver. 8. In the prophetic stile, a mountain is a tower. see Isiah. xiii. 2. Ezek. xxxviii. 20. Mich. i. 4. iii. 12. iv. 1. Amos vi. 1. Obed. 8, 9. The tower of Antonia is here meant, which the Romans batter'd and took by storm: when twenty or thirty thousand Jews were destroy'd, either by the fall of the tower, or by the sword.

1b. As the people are represented by the fea, so the moveables, the

plunder of the temple, is fignified by the ships.

Ver. 10, 11. By falling stars are frequently meant corrupt leaders. the Egyptian impostor seems here pointed at: who being excluded the city, invaded the rivers and fountains, that is, the lesser towns and villages. he was followed as a prophet by a great part of the Jews; Josephus says, these Banditti ravag'd the whole country in separate bodys: they plunder'd the houses of the wealthy, whom they put to the sword, and laid the villages in ashes. Wars of the Jews, 11.23.

Kai o Telaplos afteros eσαλπισε, και επληγη το Τρι-דטע דטע אונטע, אמן דס דטן-TOV THE GENTINES, KALTO TOLτου των ασλερων, ίνα σκοτισθη το τρίλον αυλων, και ή ήμερα μη φαινη το τρίδου 12 αυλης, και ή νυξ όμοιως. και ειδον, και πκουσα ένος αετου πειωμένου εν μεσουράνημαίι, λεγονίος φωνή μεγαλη, ουαι ουαι ουαι Τοις κα-TOLKOUGLY ETL THE FRE, EK TWY λοιπων φωνων της σαλπιγγος των τριων αγγελων των μελλονίων σαλπίζειν.

> Και ὁ πεμπίος αργελος εσαλπισε, και ειδον ασίερα

And the fourth angel 12 founded, and the third part of the sun was smitten, and the third part of the moon, and the third part of the stars; so as the third part of them was darkned, and the day lost a third part of its light, and the night likewife. then I beheld, and 13 heard an eagle flying thro' the midst of beaven, saying with a lend voice, wo, wo, wo to the inhabitants of the earth, by reason of the sound of the trumpets which the other three angels are yet to sound.

And the fifth angel found- 1 ed, and I faw a star fall from

Ver. 12. The obscurity of the sun, moon, and stars signifies great calamities. see Isa. xiii. 10. Jerem. xv. 9. Grotius on Matth. xxiv. 29. here it may denote the distresses of the Jews at the loss of so many towns, and so many lives, by Vespasian's march, the third part of Judea were involved in this calamity: they could not follow their

employments by day, nor purfue their journeys by night.

Ver. 13. The Eagle presages slaughter, the three Wo's relate to what pass'd before the siege, at the siege, and after the siege. Josephus in his vith book of the wars of the sews, says, that one Jesus the son of Ananus, an ordinary country-fellow, coming to the feast of the tabernacies, set up a cry, "a voice from the East, a voice from the West, "a voice from the four winds, a voice against Jerusalem, and the temple, a voice against the bridegrooms, and the brides, a voice against all the people;" for which he was lassi'd to the very bones, but instead of shedding any tears, at every stripe with a mournful tone he cry'd, Wo, Wo to Jerusalem, for several years he never was heard to pronounce any other words: but at the time of the siege, he went about the ramparts, crying, Wo, Wo to the city, and to the temple, and to the people; and upon his adding Wo to me too, a stone from the besiegers seasonably came, and put an end to his lamentable life. Hudson, pag. 1282, 3.

Chap. IX. 1, y. He that broaches feditious doctrine, which is called the depths of fatan, is faid to have the keys of the pie. that maxim, that no obedience was due to the Romans, spread like sinoke, and in-

Hhh 2 volve

εκ του ουρανου πεπίωκοία εις την την και εδοθη αυλω ή KLEIS TOU DOEATOS THE ABUT-2 σου. και πνοίξε το φοεαρ της αβυσσού, και καπνος εκ του Φρεαίος ώς καπνος καμινου μεταλης, και εσκοιισθη ο ήλιος και ο απο εκ του καπνου του φρεαζος. 3 και εκ του καπνου εξηλθον ακριδές εις την την, και εδοθη αυλαις εξουσια, ώς εχουσιν εξουσιαν οι σκορπίοι της της. 4 Kai sposon aulaic iva un adi-KNOWOI TON XOOLON THE ME. ουδε παν χλωρον, ουδε παν δενδρον, ει μη τους ανθρω-TOUS OITINES OUK EXOUGI THY σφραγιδα του Θεου επι των 5 μείωπων αύιων. και εδοθη αυλαις ίνα μη αποκλεινωσιν αυλουκ, αλλ' ίνα βασανισθωσι μηνας πενίε, και ο βασανισμος αυλων ώς βασανισμος σκορπιου, όταν παιση 6 ανθρωπου. KAL EV TAIC NUEκαις εκειναις ζήλησουσιν οι ανθοωποι τον θαναλον, και ουχ ευρησουσιν αυλον, και επιθυμησουσιν αποθανείν, και φευξείαι ο θαναίος απ³ αυτων. και τα δμοιωμαζα των axpı-

from beaven unto the earth: and to him was given the key of the bottomless pit. and he 2 opened the bottomless pit, and there arose a smoke out of the pit, as the smoke of a great furnace; and the sun and the air were darkned by rea-Son of the smoke of the pit. and there came out of the 3 smoke locusts upon the land: and to them was given power, as the scorpions of the earth bave power. and they were A commanded not to burt the fruits of the earth, nor any green thing, nor any tree; but those men who have not the seal of God in their forebeads. and to them was 5 power given, not to kill them, but to torment them five months: and their pain was like the pain which a scorpion produces when it strikes a man. in those days shall men 6 seek for death, but shall not find it; they will desire to die, and death will shun them. the figure of the lo- 7 custs were like that of borses prepared to battle; but on their

yolv'd the Jews in utter ruin. ELEAZAR the fon of Ananias was the patron of this doctrine, which gave rife to that pernicious faction, the ZEALOTS, those locusts, as Josephus calls them, who fill'd the city with rapine, misery, and blood, for several months, till Titus came.

Ver. 6. "In the famine, people desir'd the plunderers to dispatch them out of the way; but were loaded with insults, and left to starve." Joseph. pag. 1252.

ακριδων ομοια ίπποις ήτοι-HATHEVOIC EIG MONEHOV, KAI επι τας κεφαλας αυίων ώς σλεφανοι όμοιοι χρυσώ, και τα προσωπα αυίων ώς προ-8 σωπα ανθοωπων. και ειχον Τριχας ως Τριχας Γυναικών, KAL OL OBOVIEC AVILOV WE TEON-9 των πσαν. και ειχον θωρακας ώς θωρακας σιδηρους, και ή φωνη των περυτων αυίων ώς φωνη άρμαζων ίππων πολ-THE TREXOVIEW ELS TOXEHOV. 1 Ο και εχουσιν ουρας ομοιας σκορπιοις, και κενίρα, και εν ταις ουραις αυίων ή εξουσια αυίων ανθρωπους αδικησαι τους τι μηνας πενίε. και εχουσιν εφ' άυλων βασιλέα τον αγγέλον της αβυσσου, ονομα αυίω Εβραισλι Αβαδδων, και εν τη Ελληνική ονομά έχει Απολλυων.

their heads they had, as is were, crowns like gold, and their faces were as the faces of men. their bair was like 8 that of women, and their teeth like the teeth of lions. they were vested with breastplates, as it were of iron; and the found of their wings was like the found of chariots and many borfes running to battle, they had stings to in their tails like scorpions; and they had leave to molest men for five months with their stings. they had for II their king the angel of the bottomless pit, whose name in the Hebrew tongue is A-BADDON, but in the Greek bis name is APOLLYON.

One

Ib. They had crowns like GOLD, but were fubficuital BRASS. their heads were so giddy with an imaginary sovereignty, their priests affected to be kings, nay, to have more of the king than the greatest monarchs upon earth. see Philo Noah's plantation.

Ib. "They called themselves zealots, pretending to have a zeal for religion, when, at the same time, they were guilty of the most extravagant villanys. they disguised themselves in women's habits, effenc'd and curl'd their hair, touch'd their faces with white and red, affected an effeminate air and gait, and abandon'd themselves to the vilest enormitys. under this vizard of a woman they conceal'd the heart of an assassing in the size of an assassing on with a janty step, on a sudden their ponyards were drawn, and buried in the first man they met: he that escap'd John, sell a prey to the more savage Simon. Josephus pag. 1171, 1201." see Joel i. 6.

Ver. 11. The tutelary deity of the Caefars was Avolto, i. e. the

destroyer;

Et cum Cafarea tu, Phabe domestice, Vesta. Ovid.

for which the zealots hated the Casars, and yet they themselves were the most diabolical destroyers, and massacred 12000 men of the best quality in one single action. Joseph. ib. 12 Η ουαι ή μια απηλθεν, ιδου ερχονίαι είι δυο ουαι μεία 13 Taula. Kai o Eklos arrenos EGANTIGE, KAI TKOUGA DOνην μιαν εκ των τεσσαρων κεραίων του θυσιασίπριου του XDUTOU TOU EVWTION TOU GEOUS 14 λειουσαν τω έκλω αιτέλω, ο έχων την σαλπιγία. σον τους τεσσαρας αττελους τους δεδεμενους επι τω " πολαμώ τω μεγαλώ Ευκαι ελυθησαν οι $\Phi c \alpha l n$." τεσσαρες αγγελοι α ήτοιμασμενοι εις Τπν ώραν και ήμεραν και μηνα και ενιαυδου, ίνα αποκλεινώσι το τρίλου των 16 ανθρωπων. και ο αριθμος offateumalwy tou intikou, δυο μυριαδες μυριαδών, και ηκουσα του αριθμού αυλων. 17 και ουίως ειδον τους ίππους εν Tn

One wo is past, and now 12 two woes are to follow. then the fixth angel founded, 13 and I beard a voice from the four borns of the golden altar, which is before God, faving to the fixth angel who 14 bad the trumpet, " loose the " four angels which are " bound in the great river " EUPHRATES." and the 15 four angels were loosed, who were prepared for an bour, and a day, and a month, and a year, to flay the third part of men. and the number 16 of the borse of that army were two bundred millions: for I beard them number d. the 17 borses I saw in my vision

fire,

Ver. 13. The golden altar is the altar of incense, by which is meant

the prayers of the faints.

Ver. 14. The four angels or generals were Vespasian, Titus, Mucianus, and Tiberius Alexander, whose numerous forces reach'd to Euphrates. three of them march'd with their forces to join Titus, in order to besige Jerusalem.

- Ver. 15. A third part of the inhabitants of Jerusalem were destroy-

ed by famine, and the fword, before the city was taken.

Ver. 16. A certain number for an uncertain one; to lignify the numerous horse and foot of the main army, in conjunction with the auxiliarys sent from the states of Syria, from Sohemus, and other Arabians, from Agrippa, and other nations, who rivall'd one another in making their court to the new Emperor, and his son Titus. see Joseph. lib. V.

Ver. 17. Their breast-plates, according to the several nations, were of different colours, red, violet, and yellow.—the war horses are compared to lions: and their military fire-works are poetically described: they were a case silled with a composition of sulphur, resin, bitumen, oil, and tow, which were called incendiarys: with these the horsemen bombarded the towers of the city. Valerius Flaceus speaking of this

fiege, thus describes Tirus;

τη δρασει, και τους καθημενους επ' αυλων, εχονλας θωρακας πυρινους και ὑακινθινους και θειωδεις, και αι κεφαλαι των ίππων ώς κεφαλαι λεον-TWY. KAL EK TWY OTOHATWY αυλών εκπορευελαι πυρ και ε 8 καπνος και θείον. απο των τριων τουίων απεκίανθησαν το Τρίλον των ανθρωπων, εκ TOU TUPOS KALEK TOU KATVOU KAL EK TOU DELOU TOU EKTOρευομένου εκ των σλομαλων 19 αυίων. ή γαρ εξουσια των ιππων εν τω σλομαλι αυλων EOI, KAI EV TAIS OUDAIS AUτων: άι ταρ ουραι αυίων όμοιαι οφεσιν, εχουσαι κεφαπας, και εν αυλαις αδικουσι.

0 Και οι ποιποι των ανθρωπων οι ουκ απεκλανθησαν εν τακ

bad this appearance: the riders bad breast-plates of fire, of jacinth, and brimstone: the heads of the borses were like the heads of lions: and out of their mouths if fued fire, smoke, and brimstone. by these three the third . 2 part of men were killed, by the fire, by the smoke, and by the brimstone, which iffued out of their mouths. for 10 the power of these borses is in their mouths, and in their tails: for their tails were like serpents, and bad beads. with which they do mifchief.

As for the rest of the men 20 who were not killed by these plagues,

Spargentemq; faces, & in omni turre furentem.

Cover'd with smoke the HERO's rage o'er-powers, With missionary stames, proud SALEM's towers.

Ib. These bombs or grenadoes, if I may so say, were fir'd so near the horses heads, they seem'd to be projected from their mouths.

Ver. 19. It was usual for the Roman Troopers to carry a Grenadier behind him, who was to dismount upon occasion: such are here pertinently still the sail of the horse, and they did more execution at 2 siege than the horsemen.

Ver. 20. Josephus in his vith book breaks out into this pathetic

exclamation:

Τι τηλικουδου, ω τλημορεσ
Ταξή πολίς, πεπουβας ύπο Poμπιων, δι στυ τα εμφυλία μυση
πεςικαθαγουνξες εισηλθου. Θεου
μεν γας ουξε ης εξι χωρος, ουξε
μενειν εσυνασο, ταφος οικειων
γενομενη σωμαθων, και πολειωου

Ah, miserable city! must the Romans come to purge your hereditary abominations by flames? but what is that to your present diffress? you are now but a tepulchre for your own children, and your civil discords have turn'd

the

Ταις πληγαις ταυλαις, ουλε μελενοποαν εκ των εργων των χειρων άυλων, ίνα μη προσεπυνησωσι τα δαιμονια, και ειδωλα τα χρυσα και τα αργυρα (και τα χαλκα) και τα λιβινα και τα ξυλινα, ά ουλε βλεπειν δυναλαι, ουλε α-21 κουειν, ουλε περιπαλειν. και ου μελενοποαν εκ των φωνων άυλων, ουλε εκ των φαρμακειων άυλων, ουλε εκ των κλεμμαλων αυλων. Και

plagues, they did not repent of their evil actions, so as to forbear worshipping demons, and idols of gold and silver, and brass, and stone, and of wood: which can neither see, nor hear, nor walk: nor did they repent of their 21 murders, of their poisoning, of their brutality, nor of their robberys.

Then

τον ναον εμφυλιου ποινοποπ πολυπεδριον. δυναιο δ'αν γενεσθαι
παλιν αμενεν, εγγε πόζε τον πεζθποανία Θεον εξελασμ.—Οι σίαοιασίαι δε και βλεπονίες ου μεζενον, ο τήζε πολει και αυζοις
κδη παρμν. ib. pag. 1256.

the temple to a charnel-house: the deity has forsaken you, and now you must fink. perhaps you might recover, if you could appease his vindictive hand by repentance. — but nothing could make the seditious repent, blinded as they were by their impending sate.

pillage even the dead, and those that were half dead, they would strip, and then cover them with wounds and indignitys. even their priests were defrauded of their food by their chief-priests. mammon was their God, and to him they facrificed the nearest in blood. " many " hunt after gold and filver, as thinking that Happiness is chiefly to " be attain'd by those gifts of blind PLUTUS. these are those inous, " which like shadows and spectres, have nothing substantial and last-" ing." Philo de Monarchia. Sirach xxxi. 7. Ver. 23. " The rich were murder'd for their wealth, but under " pretence of preventing their desertion.—those that Simon had " pillag'd were carried to John, and John's prey were fent to Simon: "thus they pledg'd one another in the blood of their citizens. it is " impossible to enumerate all their enormitys. in a word, never was " city reduc'd to such misery, never did the earth groan with such " a load of villainy .-- when the pillage fail'd, John fell to sacrilege: " making body of the facred vessels, and the other furniture, not ab-" staining from those rich Ewers, which Augustus, and the Empress, " had dedicated to the temple. I can't suppress the swellings of my " grief. had the Romans been dilatory in their vengeance, fure I " am, the city would have been swallowed up by some earthquake " or deluge: or by thunder and lightning have felt the catastrophe of "Souds; the Jews being by far a more asheistical race, than the people of Sodom were." Josephus B. v1. pag. 1246, 1256.

Ib. Before, and during the siege, there was but one continued scene of rapine and murder. Josephus says, it was a common practice to

Και ειδον αλλον αγγελον ισχυρον καλαβαινονλα εκ του ουράνου, περιβεβλημένον νε-DEATIV, KEL I LOLG ETTL THE KE-Φάλης, και το προσωπου αυίου ώς ο ήλιος, και οι ποδει αυίου ώς σίσλοι πυρος. KAI EIXEV EN TH XEIDI ÀUTOU βιβλαριδίον ανεωρμένου, και εθηκε Του ποδα άυλου του δεξιον επι την θαλασσαν. τον δε ευωνυμον επι την την. και εκράξε φωνή μεγάλη ώσπερ λεων μυκαλαι, και ότε εκοαξεν. ελαλησαν αι έπλα βρούλαι τας έαυλων φωνάς. **μ** και ότε ελαλησαν αι έπία βρουλαι (τας φωνας έαυλων) εμελλον Γραφείν, και πκουσα Φωνπν εκ Του συράνου, λε-" σφρατισον α *Γουσαν* μοι, ελαλησαν αι έπλα βρον-Tai, kai un Taula roaψης.

5 Και ὁ αγελος ὁν ειδον εσθωία επι της θαλασσης και επι της ηρε την χει6 ρα αύδου εις τον ουρανον, και ωμοσεν εν τω ζωνδι εις τους αιω-

Then I saw another mighty 1 angel come down from beaven, invelled with a cloud, a rainbow was upon his bead, his face was like the sun, and bis feet like.pillars of fire. be beld in bis band 2 a little * book open: bis right foot was upon the fea, and his left foot on the land. bis voice was as loud as the 3 roaring of a lion: when be bad cried, seven thunders uttered their voices. and when the seven thun- 4 ders bad uttered their voices, I was about to write: but I heard a voice saying me, " seal up those " things which the seven "thunders uttered, " write them not."

Then the angel which I saw 5 standing upon the sea, and upon the land, listed up his hand to heaven, and sware 6 by him that liveth for ever and

Chap. X. 1. By the angel is meant Christ; by the rainbow, the covenant; by the sun, majesty; by feet, actions. see i. 15. by pillars stability; by fire, efficacy.

* The fentence ready to be pronounc'd. the fen is the people in the city; the land, Judea then cover'd with the Roman armys.

Ver. 3. See chap. v. 5. Ifa. xxxi. 4. Amos iii. 8.

Ver. 4. Scal up. to fignify that no body could fully conceive the miferys that would attend the fiege, but only the Jews, who were to fuffer them.

Ver. 6. The oath is the same, as to the farm, as the angel's in Dan.

αιωνας των αιωνων, ός εκΤισε τον ουρανον και τα εν
αυίω, και την ηπν και τα εν
αυίη, και την θαλασσαν και
τα εν αυίη, 'ότι χρονος
' ουκ εσίαι είι.' αλλα εν
ταις ήμεραις της φωνής του
εβδομου αργελου, όταν μελλη
σαλπίζειν, τελεσθη το μυστηριον του Θεου, ώς ευηγελισε τοις έαυίου δουλοις τοις
προφηλαις.

Και ή φωνη ήν ηκουσα εκ Του ουρανου, παλιν λαλουσα μετ' εμου, και λεγουσα, " ύπαςε, λαβε το βιβλα-בי אנוסו אינים χειρι αγγελου του εσίωλος επι της θαλασσης και επι " The pre." Kal atmadov TOOK TOV AFFEROY, REFEWY AUτω, " δος μοι το Βιβλαριdioy." Kai refei moi, " raße, " και καλαφαςε αυλο, και " TIKEAVEL GOU THE KOLLIAV, αλλ' εν τω σλομαλι σου 10" בסלמו ראטאט של עבאבו." אמו ελαβον το βιβλαριδίον εκ της χειρος του αττέλου, και κα-Τεφατου αυίο, και πν εν τω שלטעולו עוסט של עברנו, דאטאט.

and ever, who created the beaven and all that is therein, the earth and all that is therein, the fea and all that is therein, "that the time should "be no longer defer'd." but when the seventh angel 7 should speak, and the trumpet should sound, the mystery of God should be accomplished, as he hath declared to his servants the prophets.

And the voice which I 8 beard from beaven, spake to me again, and said, " go, " take the little book that is " open, from the hand of the " angel who stands upon the " sea, and upon the land." so I went to the angel, and q said to bim, " give me the " little book." and be said to me, " take it, and eat it " up; it shall prove bitter " in thy bowels, but in thy " mouth it shall be as sweet ee as boney." immediately 10 baving took the little book out of the angel's hand, I swallowed it down: and in my mouth it was as fiveet as boney:

I'. Time, &c. see Isa. xiii. 12. Hab. ii. 3. Eccles. vii. 16. xiv. 12. Ver. 7. Angel sound. see chap. xi. 15. mystery, i. e. what was hitherto unknown. see Rom. xi. 25. xvi. 25. 1 Cor. ii. 7. iv. 1. xiii. 2. xiv. 2. xv. 51.

KÆŁ

Ver. 9. Ezek. iii. 3. Philo fays, esting, mystically fignifys, that comprehension of things which is subsequent to mediation. Jerem. xv. 16.

Ib. Bitter. it was impossible to reflect upon that scene of misery, without being affected with great companition; though they could not but be sensible, the judgments were just.

Ver 10. Quis talia fando

Temperet a lachrymis?

και ότε εφαιον αυλο. τι κρανθη ή κοιλια μου. KÆL λεγει μοι, " δει σε παλιν προφηλευσαι επι λαοις και εθνεσι και γλωσσαις και " βασιλευσι πολλοις."

Και εδοθη μοι καπαμος οκοιος ραβδω, λεγων, pai, kai uelonoov Tov vaον του Θεου, και το θυσιασθηριού, και τους προσκυνουνίας εν αυίω. αυλην Την εξωθέν του ναου εκβαλε εξω, και μη αυτην μείρησης, ότι εδοθη τοις εθνεσι. και την πολιν την άτιαν παλησουσι μηνας τεσσαρακονία δυο. και δωσω τοις δυσι μαρίυσι μου, και προφηλευσουσιν ήμερας χιλιας διακοσιας έξηκονία, περιβε-4 βλημενοι σακκους. ουλοι εισιν άι δυο ελαιαι, και δυο λυx-

ney: but as foon as I bad. swallowed it, it was bitter within me. then he said to me, It " thou must prophesy again of " many people, nations, provinces, and kings."

Then there was given me a 1 reed like a rod: with this direstion, rife and measure the temple of God, with the altar, and those that worship therein. but don't m asure 2 the court which is without; for it is given to the Gentiles: and the boly city shall they trample under foot two and forty months. by virtue of 2 my power, my two witnesses shall prophesy a thousand two bundred and threescore days cloathed in sackcloth. these are the two olive-trees, and the two candlesticks standing

Ver. 11. i. e. you have not heard the whole of their calamitys. Ezek. ii. 3. - Erunt etiam altera bella.

Chap. XI. 2. The emperor Ælius Adrianus, on the ground without the area of the temple, built a new city, call'd from his own name Ælia, peopled chiefly with foreigners, and built a temple in mount Sion, which he dedicated to Jupiter Capitolinus: from which time, to the infurrection of the impostor Barchochebas, were forty two months, or three years and a half.

Ver. 3. In this new city Alia were two forts of christian churches, the one confifted of converts of Jewish extraction, the other of foreigners: the first are compar'd to Moses, because they attack'd the vices of the Jews, as Moles did; the other, to Elias, because they attack'd idolatry as he did. these are call'd the swo witnesses, collective numbers being frequently represented as one mystical body. see Hos. Jerem. xxxi. 20.

Ver. 4. They are call'd two Olive-trees, as Joshuah the priest, and Zerobabel the prince, are still'd Zechar.iv. 3, 11. so christians are here stil'd kings and priests, chap. i. 6. v. 10. and two candlesticks, as in

chap.i. 10. - flanding, &c. see Zech.iv. 14.

λυχνιαι αι ενωπιού Του Κυριού 5 THE THE EOTWIES. KAL ELTIC αυλους θελη αδικησαι, πυρ EKTOPEUELAL EK TOU OloHAlos αυίων και καίεσθιει τους εxθρους αυίων, και ει τις αυίους θελη αδικησαι, ουλω δει αυλον 6 αποκλανθηναι. ουλοι εχουσιν εξουσιαν κλεισαι Τον ουρανον, ίνα μη βρεχη ύελος εν ήμεραις αυίων της προφηίειας, και εξ-OUTION EXOUTIN ETT TWY 15- $\delta \alpha l \omega v$, $\sigma l \rho \epsilon \phi \epsilon i v$ $\alpha v l \alpha \epsilon i \varsigma \dot{\alpha} i$ μα, και παλαξαι την την παση πληγη, οσακις εαν θεληη σωσι. και όταν τελεσωσι την μαριυριαν άυιων, το θη-DION TO AVABALYON EK THE Aβυσσου ποιησει πολεμον μετ' aulwy. Kai viknosi aulous. **Χ** και αποκλενει αυλους. πλωμαλα αυλων επι της πλα-Τείας πολεως της μεγαλης, ήτις καλείδαι πυευμαλικώς Σοδομα και Αιγυπίος, όπου δ 9 Κυριος αυλων εσλαυρωθη. και βλεπουσιν εκ των λαων και OU-

ing before the Lord of the earth. if any man should z offer to burt them, fire will proceed out of their mouth, and destroy their enemies: whoever should burt them, would by this means perish. during their prophecy they 6 bave power to prevent any rain descending from beaven: their power extends over waters to turn them to blood, and to smite the earth with what plagues they please. when they shall have 7 finished their testimony, the beast that ascends out of the bottomless pit, will make war against them, overcome them, and kill them, their 8 dead bodies shall lie in the street of the great city, which in the mustical stile is called Sodom and Egypt, where our Lord was crucified. the o people of different tribes,

lan-

Ver. 5. Fire. see chap. viii. 4, 5. Rom. xii. 20. it is a mystical application of 1 Kings i. 10, 12.

Ver. 6. i.e. there is nothing fo stupendous but what may be effected

by prayer, if beaven think fit.

Ver. 7. Beaft. this was BARCHOCHEBAS, whose name signifys a star, but he was a murderer and robber by profession; by virtue of his name he monstrously seduc'd his followers, by telling them they were staves, and that he was a star descended from heaven to enlighten them who were now oppress'd with slavery. but at length he was destroyed, together with myriads of men, women, and children: from that time the whole nation were banish'd, and not allow'd to come within sight of their native soil. Euseb. Hist. Eccief. B. 1v. ch. 6. the same author in his chronicon says, this impostor butcher'd the christians with the cruellest tortures, because they would not join with him in the rebellion.

שעשעע אמו דאשססשע אמו בל-. νων τα πίωμαια αυίων ήμερας Τρεις και ήμισυ, και τα πίωμαία αυίων ουκ αφησουσι 10 Τεθηναι εις μνημα. και οι kaloikouvies etti The The xacovoiv en' avlois, kai euφρανθησονίαι, και δωρα πεμ-Ψουσιν αλληλοις, ότι δυλοι δι δυο προφηλαι εβασανισαν TOUG KAlOKOUVIAS ETT THE THE I I KAI HELA TAG TOEIG HHEDAG KAI ήμισυ, πνευμά ζωπι εκ του Θεου εισηλθεν επ'αυλους, και εσησαν επι τους ποδας άυτων, και φοβος μετας επεσεν επι τους θεωρουνίας αυίους. 12 και ηκουσαν φωνην μεγαλην EK TOU OUPAVOU, REFOUTAV AU-TOIC, " avabile woe." ανεβησαν εις Τον ουρανον εν τη νεφελη, και εθεωρησαν 13 αυλους οι εχθροι αυλων. EN EKELVIT THE WOR EFEVERO GELGμος μετας, και το δεκαλον της πολεως επέσε, και απέκλανθησαν εν τω σεισμώ ονομαία ανθρωπων χιλιαδες έπλα, και οι λοιποι εμφοβοι εγενονίο, και εδωκαν δύξαν τω Θεω 14 του ουρανου. ή ουαι ή δευτερα απηλθεν, ιδου ή ουαι ή Tpiln epxelai Taxu.

15 Και ο έβδομος αξτελος εσαλπισε, και εξενονίο φωναι μεταλαι εν Τώ ουρανώ, λετουσαι.

languages, and nations shall fee their dead bodies three days and an balf, and not fuffer them to be buried in the grave. the inhabitants 10 of the land will rejoice, and triumph over them, they will send presents to one another; because the two prophets had gall'd the inhabitants of the land. but after 11 three days and an half, the spirit of life from God enter'd into them: they stood upon their feet, and great fear fell upon those who saw them. then they heard a12 great voice from beaven, faying to them, " come up bi-"ther." and they ascended up to beaven in a cloud. and their enemies beheld them. at the same time 12 tbere was a great eartbquake; the tenth part of the city fell, and in the earthquake seven thousand men were slain: and the remnant were frighted, and gave glory to the God of beaven. the second wo is past, and 14 behold, the third wo foon follows.

The seventh angel sounded, 15 and there were great voices in heaven, crying, "the king-

Ver. 9. Three days and a half, that is, as long as Barchochebas's faction prevailed in Ælia.

Ver. 13. The tenth part of the fattion, and their followers. the rest fled from Alia.

" εγενείο ή βασιλεια " του κοσμου, του Κυριου ήμων, και του Χρισίου αυ-" Του, και βασιλευσι εις " Τους αιωνας των αιωνων." 16 KAI OI EIKOOI KAI TEOOADEK ποεσβυλεροι οι ενωπιον του Θεου καθημενοι επι τους θρονους αυίων, επεσαν επι τα πεοσωπα άυλων, και προσε-17 κυνησαν τω Θεω, λεγονίες, ευχαρισίουμεν σοι, Κυριε ο Θεος ο πανλοκραλως, ο ων " και ὁ ην, ότι ειληφας την « δυναμιν σου την μεςαλην, 18" και εβασίλευσας. και τα εθνη ωργισθησαν, και ηλ-" θεν ή οργη σου, και ό και-« ρος των νεκρων, κριθηναι, και δουναι τον μισθον τοις " δουλοις σου τοις προφη-" Ταις, και Τοις άγιοις και " Τοις φοβουμενοις το ονομα τοις μικροις και τοις " μεγαλοις, και διαφθειραι Τους διαφθειρονίας την την."

19 ΚΑΙ πνοιτη ὁ ναος του Θεου εν τω ουρανω, και ωφθη ή κιβωίος της διαθηκης αυτου εν τω ναω αυίου, και εγενονίο ασίραπαι και φωναι και βρονίαι (και σεισμος) και

"kingdom of * this world is become the kingdom of our Lord, and of his Christ, and he shall reign for ever and ever." then the four 16 and twenty elders, who sat before God on their thrones, fell upon their faces, and worshipped God, saying, "we 17 give thee thanks, O Lord God almights asks ant

"God almighty, who art, and who wast; because

" thou hast assum'd thy
great power, and hast

" reigned. the + nations 18

" were enrag'd, but the time of thy vengeance is come,

" and the time when the

" dead are to be judged, when thou wilt reward

" thy fervants the prophets,

" the faints, and those that

" fear thy name, finall and great, and exterminate

" those who have corrupted

" the land."

THEN the temple of God 19 was opened in heaven, and there was feen in his temple the ark of his testament: and there were lightnings, voices, and thunders, and an earth-

Ver. 15. The with TRUMPET.

* Judea was frequently stil'd the world by the Jews. see chap. iii. 10. Luke ii. 1. when the Jews were banished from Judea, the Christians were allowed to stay there unmolested.

† The nations, that is, the jews, who were now no longer worthy of that name. εξωμολογισαείο δ', όπερ ησαν, ειναι δουλοι, συγκλυδες, και νοθα του εθνους Φέαρμαία. " they own'd themselves to be, as indeed they were, a profligate company of slaves and bastards." Josephus c. 10. pag. 1246.

ι χαλαζα μεγαλπ. και ση-. μειον μεγα ωφθη εν τω συρανω, τυνη περιβεβλημενή τον ήλιον, και ή σεληνη ύποκα]ω των ποδων αυίπς, και επι της κεφαλης αυίης σίεφανος 2 ασίερων δωδεκα, και εν γαστρι εχουσα, κράζει ωδινουσα, και βασανιζομένη τε-KFLY.

Και ωφθη αλλο σημειον εν τω ουρανώ, και ιδου δρακών μετας πυρόος, εχων κεφαλας επία και κεραία δεκα, και επι τας κεφαλας άυλου διαδημαλα 4 επία. και ή ουρα αυίου συρει το τρίλον των ασλερων Του ουράνου, και εβάλεν αυ-Τους εις την την, και ο δρα-KWY EGINKEY EYWILOV THE TU-VAIKOG THE MEADOUGHS TEKELY, ίνα όταν τεκή, το τεκνον 5 αυλης καλαφαζή. και ελεκεν ύιου αρρενα, οι μελλει ποιμανειν πανία τα εθνη εν ραβδω σιδηρα, και ήρπασθη το τεκνον αυίπο προς τον Θεον 6 και τον θρονον αυλου. και ή

earthquake, and great bail. and there appeared a great 1 wonder in beaven, a wo-MAN invested with glory like the fun: the moon was under ber feet, and upon ber bead a crown of twelve stars: The was with child. 2 and cried in ber labour with the pangs of her delivery.

And there appeared an- 9 other wonder in beaven, it was a great red dragon, haying seven beads, and ten borns, and seven crowns upon his beads. his tail swept 4 the third part of the stars of beaven; and cast them to the earth: and the dragon stood before the woman who was ready to be delivered, in order to devour ber child as soon as it was born. and she 5 brought forth a man-child, who was to rule all nations with a rod of iron: and ber child was caught up to be with God, and about his throne, but the woman fled 6 into

מעטק

Chap. XII. The 19th vision of the Woman and the Dragon, MI-CHAEL and the DEVIL.

Chap. XII. 1. Christ is compar'd to the fun, Ephes.v. 14. the moon fignifys the Mosaic law. the xII stars, the xII apostles. the heaven, the air. the woman is the church.

Ver. 3. Rome stood upon vir hills. the ver crowns were the vie emperors that distress'd the christians; the borns were the tributary kings.

Ver. 4. His tail, i. e. his instrument Simon Magus, who in the very infancy of christianity seduced so great a number of christians, there Was no appearance of them at Rome; and what does not appear to men, is ver. 5. faid to be with God. fee Grotius on John. i. 1. and lfa. lxvi. 7.

τυνη εφυτεν εις την ερημον, όπου εχει τοπον ήτοιμασμενον απο του Θεου, ίνα εκει τρεφωσιν αυίην ήμερας χιλιας διακοσιας έξηκονία.

Και εγενείο πολεμος εν τω ουρανω, ο Μιχαπλ και α α -τελοι αυίου επολεμησαν καία του δρακονίος, και ό δρακων ETTONEUMOE, KAI CI AFTENOI 8 aulou, Kai ouk ioxuo av, oule τοπος έυρεθη αυλών ελι εν τω ο ουρανω. και εβληθη ό δρα-KWY O HEFAS, O OPIS O APXAIOS, ο καλουμένος διαβολος, και ο σαλανας, ο πλανων την οικουμενην όλην, εβληθη εις Την [πν, και οι αςςελοι αυλου μετ' το αυλου εβληθησαν. κουσα φωνην μεγαλην λεγουσαν εντω ουρανω, " adı E-" τενείο ή σωληρια και ή δυ-" ναμις και ή βασιλεία του " Θεου ήμων, και ή εξουσια " του Χρισίου αυίου, ότι " καλεβληθη ο καληγορος των " αδιλφων ήμων, ο καθηγο-των αυθων ενώπιον του " Θεου ήμων ήμερας και νυκ-" τος. και αυδοι ενικησαν αυίον δια το άιμα του αςνιου, και δια τον λογον της μαρθυριας άυθων, και " ουκ *ηγαπησαν την* ψυχην αυλων αχρι θαναλου. τουλο ευφραινεσθε δι ουρανοι και δι εν αυίοις σκηνουν-" דבן. סטמו דיף דיף אמן דיף

into the wilderness, where God had prepared a place for her maintenance, during a thousand two hundred and threescore days.

Then there was war in 7 heaven; Michael and his angels fought against the dragon; on the other fide fought the dragon with his angels: but thele were defeated, they & lost their place in beaven: the great dragon was cast 9 out, that old serpent, call'd the devil or fatan, which deceiveth the whole world: be was cast down to the earth. and bis angels were precipitated with bim, then I10 heard a loud voice, which cry'd in the beaven, " the "time of falvation, and " power, the kingdom of " our God, and the autho-" rity of his Christ are now " come: for the accuser of cour brethren, who ac-" cufed them before our God " day and night, is cast " down. they overcame bim 11 " by the blood of the lamb, " and by the word to which " they gave testimony; for " their lives they exposed " to the last. Therefore re- 12 " joice, ye beavens, and ye "that dwell in them. wo " to the land, and to the

Ver. 6. Wilderness, i. e. less frequented towns and places. Ifa. xxxv. 1. xli. 19.

" θαλασση, ότι καλεβη δ
" διαβολος προς ύμας εχων
" θυμον μεγαν, ειδως ότι ο" λιγον καιρον εχει."

13 Και ότι ειδεν ό δεαχων ότι εβληθη εις την την, εδιωξε Την Γυγαικα ήτις έτεκε τον 14 appeva. Kai edobnoav Th Tuναικι δυο περυγες του αείου του μεγαλου, ίνα πείπιαι εις די עודד ער צוג די און ארק ער ער ארק ארק ער ארך ארדי ער ארך ארדי ער ארדי ארדי ארדי אין ארקי ארדי ארדי אין ארדי The, onou Trepelai ekei kai-POV KAI KAISOUS, KAI TIMOU καιρού, απο προσωπού του 15 οφεως. και εβαλέν ο οφις οπισω της Γυναικός εκ Του σλομαλος άυλου ύδωρ ώς ποταμον, ίνα ταυλην πολαμο-16 φορηλον ποιηση. και εβοη-פחסבע ח דח די בטעמונו, אמו חνοιξεν ή τη το σλομα άθλης, KAL KALETIS TOV TOLAHOV OV E-Βαλεν ο δρακων εκ του σίο-17 μαζος άυλου. και ωρτισθη ό δρακών επι τη Γυναικι, και απηλθε ποιησαι πολεμον μετα των λοιπων του σπερματος αυίης, των τηρουνίων τας ερίολας του Θεου, και εχονίων την μαρίυριαν του Ι-18 ησου. και εσίαθη επι την αμμον της θαλασσης.

" fea: for the devil is come
down unto you, in great
rage, because he knows
that his time is but short."

The dragon then finding 13 that be was precipitated to the earth, persecuted the woman, who brought forth the man-child. but to the woman 14 were given two wings of a great engle, that she might fly from the serpent into the wilderness, to ber place, where she is to be maintain'd for a time, and times, and balf a time: and the fernent spouted 15 from his throat a flood of water, after the woman, in order to drown ber with the flood, but the earth helped the 16 woman, for the earth opened its jaws, and fivallowed up the flood which the dragon threw out of his throat. which 17 so enrag'd the dragon against the woman, that he went to make war with the rest of ber race, who keep the commandments of God, and bear testimony to Jesus. and he 18 stood upon the sea-share.

Και

Then

Ver. 15. Rivers or floods fignify adversitys. see Grotius on Mat. vii. 27. Plaim exxiv. 4. Isa. viii. 7. lix. 19. Jer. xlvi. 8.

Ver. 16. The Romans were so taken up with their own missortunes, they had not time, for a while, to think of the christians.

Kai eldov ek The Oxnagane 1 θποιον αναβαινου, εχον κεφαλας έπλα και κεραλα δεκα, και επι των κεραίων αυίου δεκα διαδημαία. και επι τας κεφαλας αυίου ονομα βλασ-2 Φημιας, και το θης ιον ο ειδον ην όμοιον παρδαλει, και ά ποξε αυλου ώς αρκλου, και το σθομα αιθου ώς σθομα λεονθος. και εδωκεν αυθω ό δρακων την δυναμιν αυλου, και τον θροvou aulou, kai ekouoiau usra-ATIV. KAL ELOOV MIAV TWV KEφαλων αυλου ώς εσφαιμενην εις θαναίον. και ή πλητη του θαναίου αυίου εθεραπευθη, και εθαυμασεν όλη ή τη οπισω του θηριου.

Then I saw a beast rise up 1 out of the sea, having seven beads, and ten borns; upon bis borns were ten crowns. and upon his beads the name of blasphemy. and the beast which I saw was like a leopard, his feet were as the feet of a bear, and bis mouth as the mouth of a lion: and the dragon gave bim his power, and bis throne, and great authority. and I faw one of 2 bis beads, as it were wounded to death; and bis deadly wound was bealed: and all the world went wondring after the beaft.

Kat

They

The BEAST with VII heads and x horns.

Ch. XIII. 1. By the feathere is meant the Roman empire; by the beaft, idolatry. by the vir beads, the vir Cefars, Claudius, Nero, Galba, Otho, Vitellius, Veipasianus, and Titus. Rome was still The ETERNAL CITY, which is the name of blassberry.

Ver. 2. By the month of a lion, Domittan is supposed to be meant,

ver. 15.

·Ver. 3. Some of the antients thought Nero was here pointed at; others think it describes the fall of the capital, which was situated upon one of the chief bills of Rome, and in the civil wars under Vitellius, was taken by storm, when the temple was plunder'd and then reduc'd to asses. Tacitus observes, that many nations were of opinion, the fall of the capital was to usher in the catastrophe of the Roman empire; Histor, lib. IV. because the face of the city was believ'd to reside in that temple. Livij lib. v. Virgil says;

Dum Domus Enew CAPITOLI immobile saxum Incolet, imperiumq; Pater Romanus habebit.

-dum CAPITOLIUM
Scandet cum racita virgine Pontifex. Hor. lib. nr.

but notwithstanding the general despair, the mortal wound was healed by VESPASIAN, who restor'd the city, the empire, and the caps of 5 for which his coin had this legend, ROMA RESURGES. See Taciti Histor. lib. 1v.

Και προσεκυνησαν τω δρα-KOVIL OTI EDWKEY EKOUGIAN TW θησιω, και ποσσεκυνήσαν το Oncion, reporter, " Tic outlos τω θηριω ? Τις δυναλαι πο-" λεμπσαι μετ' αυλου?" και εδοθη αυλώ σλομα λαλούν μεταλα και β**λασφημιαν,** και εδοθη αυίω εξουσια ποιησαι 6 μηνας Τεσσαρακούλα δυο. και πνοιξε το σίομα άυίου εις βλασφημιαν προς του Θεον, βλασφημησαι το ονομα αυ-Του, και την σκηνην αυλου. KAL TOUS EN TW OUDANW OKN-7 νουνίας, και εδοθη αυίω πολεμον ποιησαι μέλα των άειων, και νικησαι αυλους, και εδοθη αυίω εξουσια επι πασαν φυλην και γλωσσαν και 8 εθνος. και προσκυνησουσιν αυίω πανίες δι καιοικουνίες επι דחל נחל, שש סט נבנף בחלם דם OVOUCE

They worshipped the dragon A which had given his power to the beaft: and they worshiped the heaft, saying, " subo is " like unto the beast? who is " able to make war with " bim?" there was given to bim a mouth speaking great things, and blassbemy; and power was given to bim for two and forty months, and 6 be opened his mouth in blafphemy against God, to blaspheme bis name, and bis tabernacle, and * those that dwell in beaven, he was permitted to make war with the saints, and to overcome them: and power was given bim over all the tribes, and provinces, and nations, all R that dwell upon the earth will worship bim, whose names are not

Ver. 5. See Dan. viii. 4. 7. Rev. xvii. Domitian was the first who assumed the title of DOMINUS and DEUS, which was never given before to any till they were dead, and supposed to be desired, idolatrous practices are frequently called blashberry. 2 Macc. viii. 4. Ezek. xxxv. 12. Domitian began to perfective the christians in the xiiith year of his reign, and was killed in the xvith year, the perfection having lasted in years and 2 half, or forty two months. iee Augustin de Civitate Dei, xviii 52.

Ver. 6. When it thunder'd, Domit'an was us'd to Gy, FERIAT

QUEM VOLET, " let it strike whom it will."

* Those that dwell in heaven; that is, the christians, who are still the citizens of heaven, Philip. iii. 20. so here chap. iv. 1,4. the xxiv elders signify the presbyters of the church of Jerusalem. see Acts xv. 2,4,6,23. xvi. 4.

Ver. 7. Roman idolatry was greatly propagated by the conquests

Domitian made of the Daci, Catti and Sarmatæ.

Ver. 8. The earth, that is, the Roman empire.

ονομα-εν τω βιβλιω της ζωης του αργιου εσφαγμενου, απο 9 καλαβολης κοσμου. Ει τις ε10 χει ους, ακουσάλω. Ει τις αιχμαλωσιαν συναγει, εις αιχμαλωσιαν ύπαγει, ει τις εν μαχαιρά αποκλενει, δει αυτον εν μαχαιρά αποκλανθηναι, ώδε εσλιν ή υπομονη και ή πισλις των άγιων.

11 Και είδον αππο θηριον αναβαινον εκ της γης, και είχε
κεραία δυο όμοια αρνίω, και
12 επαπεί ως όρακων· και την
εξουσίαν του πρωίου θηριου
πασαν ποιεί ενωπιον αυίου,
και ποιεί την γην και τους
καιοικουνίας εν αυίη ίνα προσκυνησωσι το θηριον το πρωτον, ου εθεραπευθη ή ππηγη

not written from the foundation of the world in the book of life of the lamb, that was flain. if any man have an ear, 9 let him bear. he that leadeth 10 into captivity, shall be led into captivity: he that killeth with the fword, shall perish by the fword. here is the patience and the faith of the faints.

Then I beheld another 11
beaft coming out of the earth,
it had two borns like a lamb,
but it spake like a dragon. he 12
exercised all the power of the
first beast by his authority,
and caused the earth, and
those who dwell therein,
to worship the first beast,
whose deadly wound was
bealed.

Ib. The book of life of the lamb. this is an allusion to the practice of feveral states at that time, who kept a register of the names of all the citizens, and their familys.

Ver. 10. Domitian was flain by his own domestics.

Ver. 11. The BEAST with two horns.

Ver. 11. Grotius thinks, that by this other beaft is meant the doctrine of the Magi, who endeavoured to render christianity contemptible, by pretending they were masters of a more exalted system. their fundamental article confifted in a rigid abstinence from wine, from animal food, and from venery; so that temperance, and chastity were the swo borns, with which they attack'd those innocent gratifications, that were allow'd by the apostolical canon, Acts xv. 20, the Pythagorean Magi gave this definition of their philosophy, " it is that doctrine by " which human nature is purified and brought to its utmost perfec-"tion." Hierocles Comment. on Pythag. by this plaufible balfam they heal'd the mound idolatry had receiv'd, ver. 12. and by this refin'd morality, affifted by the mathematical sciences, and a diligent study of nature, they were capable of performing feveral furprizing Phanomena, which eafily pais'd for real miracles, especially with the credulous. for as Apollonius obierv'd, " when people labour under a distemper, that " makes them an easy prey to the impossures even of old women; no " wonder they part with their gold for a pebble, which beyond all " doubt was transported from the moon." Philostr. lib. vit. c.39.

13 Του θαναθου αυθου- και ποιει σπιεια μεταλα, ίνα και
πυρ ποιή καθαβαινειν εκ του
ουρανου εις την την, ενωπιον
14 των ανθρωπων. και πλανά
τους καθοικουνθας επι της
ης, δια τα σημεια ά εδοθη
αυθώ ποιησαι ενωπιον του
θηριου, λεγων τοις καθοικουσιν επιτης της, ποιησαι εικονα τω θηριώ ο εχει την
πλητην της μαχαιρας, και
15 εζησε. και εδοθη αυθώ δου-

bealed. be perform'd great 13 wonders, so as to make fire come down from beaven on the earth, in the sight of men. and be deceived the 14 inhabitants of the earth, by the prodigys which he had power to effect by the influence of the heast, by telling the inhabitants of the earth, that he had made an image to the heast, which had the wound by a sword, but yet did revive. he had power 15 like-

V/ZL

Ver. 13. What then could not Apollonius effect by virtue of bit skill in the fecres propertys of FIRE, which he learn'd from the Philosophers of Indus, who were able to destroy a whole army by means of their artificial lightning and thunder? fee Philost. lib. v. 25. & lib. 11. 22. where Phrastes the Indian king gives Apollonius this account of the Brachmans. " those philosophers have their residence between " Hyphasis and the Ganges, where Alexander never advanced; and the " he should have conquer'd Hyphasis, and the adjacent territory, yet, " with an army of forty thousand men, all like Achilles and Ajax, " he would not have been able to have master'd the lodge of the Sophi; " for instead of engaging their invaders with military arms, they rout-" ed them by hurling lightnings and thunder-bolts, for they are the " facred favourites of heaven. thus it was with the Ægyptian Her-" cules and Bacchus, who made an excursion to India, and with uni-" ted forces endeavour'd to storm the place. the Sophi did not inter-" rupt their works, and, to appearance, did nothing. but as foon as " the beliegers began the attack, explohons of FIRE, and a fform of " thunder-holts over-whelm'd the army." and in lib. 111. 14. 15. it appears, the Brachmans were not strangers to Barometers, and the preparation of Phosphorus. See H. Maccab. I. 19. Paufan, Eliac. 1.

Ver. 14. Apollonius is faid to have perform'd several prodigys, and predicted the deaths of Galba, Otho, Vitellius, and that of Domitian, the very hour it was effected, Apollonius being then at Ephesius: and that he raised the ghost of Achilles, and order'd his statues to be erected and worshipped. Eusebius in his answer to Hierocles owns the tast, but ascribes it to diabolical arts. and Vopiscus says, he raised

the dead to life.

It refer to the flatue erected to Apollonius, by which oracles were delivered, as the author of Responsiones ad Orthodoxas, which is ascribid to Justin Martyr, askerts. Vopiscus says expressly, that he was desired; and Lastanius declares, his slatue remained at Ephelus in his time.

WAL TIVELILLE TH ELKOVI TOU ON-DIOU. IVA KAI NANDON TI EL-KWY TOU ONDIOU. KAI TOINON. όσοι αν μη προσκυνησωσι THE ELKOVA TOU OMOLOU. LYA 16 αποκλανθωσι. KAI TOISI TAY-TAC, TOUR MIKEOUR KAL TOUR μεταλούς, και Τους πλουσιούς και τους πίωχους, και τους ελευθερους και τους δουλους. ίνα δωση αίλοις χαραγμα επι THE XEIDOG AUTOU THE S. E. AC. η επι των μείωπων αυίων. 17 και ίνα μη Τις δυνήδαι ατορασαι η πωλησαι, ει μη ο εχων το χαραζμα, η το ονομα του θηριου, η τον αριθ-18 nov Tou ovoualos aulou. ή σοφια εσίιν. ὁ εχων τον νουν, ψηφισάλω τον αειθμον του θηριου, αριθμος γαρ ανθρωπου εσίι, και ο αριθμος aulou xte. Kαι

likewise to animate the image made for the beaft. so that the image was made to speak, and as many as would not worship the image were order'd to be killed. be likewise 16 obliged all, both small and great, rich and poor, the freeman and the flave, to recewe a mark in their right band, or in their foreheads: and order'd, that no body 17 should buy or sell unless be bad the mark, or the name of the beaft, or the number of bis name. bere is wif-18 dom, let bim that bath understanding count the number of the beast: for it is the number of a man; and bis number is fix bundred fixty fix.

THEN

Ver. 16. The Magi prevail'd upon Trajan to suppress all the solalitys or companys at Rome, who did not conform to the established religion. every member of the several companys were mark'd with the symbolical character, or name of some deity, or with the number contain'd in the letters of that name. with a red-hot needle they punctur'd the hand, or wrist, or forehead. christians, who would not take the test, were disqualished for all effices of honour and trust, and stript of the common privileges of citizens, by an edict of Trajan.

Ver. 18. It being generally agreed, that by the beaft is meant the idolatry of Rome; the very learned critic M. Le Clerc conjecturing, that the mark of the name, or the number of the beaft must contain the number made by the letters of the names of Jupiter and Juno, and the letters that signify, the bearer of that mark was a worshipper of those deitys, found the number of the beast xxx, 666. in these words,

ΔΙΟΣ ΕΙΜΙ Η ΗΡΑΣ, viz.

Δ I O Σ. Ε I M I. H. H P Λ Σ. 4,10,70,200. 5,10.40,10. 8. 8,100,1,200. = 666.

fo that if these letters χές which made 666, were written on the wrist, it was the same as if these words had been written, Διος ειμι η Ηρας. I belong to JUPITER OF JUNO, the principal deities of the capitol.

Και ειδον, και ιδου αργιου EGINKOS ETTI TO OCOS SIEDV. KAI LET' AUTOU EKATOV TEGGADA-KOVIAIEGGAPES XIZIAGES, Eχουσαι το ονομα αυλου, και το ονομα του παίρος αυίου τεγραμμενον επι των μελωπων 2 αυίων. και πκουσα φωνην εκ Του ουρανου, ώς φωνην ύδα-Των πολλων, και ώς φωνην βρούλης μετάλης, και φωνήν ηκουσα ώς κιθαρωδων κιθα-CICONOV EV TAIC KIBADAIC AUτων. και αδουσιν ωδην καινην ενωπιον του θρονου, και ενωπιον των τεσσαρων ζωων, και των πρεσβυζερων. και ουδεις ηδυναλο μαθειν την wonv. El un al Ekalov Teoraρακουλαλεσσαρες χιλιαδές, δι пгосатиеном апо ти гис. 4 סטלסו בו מולם דעים ואנטי סטוג בעםλυνθησαν, παρθενοι γαρ εισιν. ουλοι εισιν οι ακολουθουνίκτω αρκω όπου αν ύπατη. ουλοι ητορασθησαν απο των ανθρωπων, απαρχη 5 ты Өгы кап ты асыш. кап εν τω σλομαλι αυλων ουχ έυρεθη ψευδος: αμωμοι γαρ εισιν. Kai Eldov (annov) afte-

Και ειδον (αλλον) αγγελον πελωμενον εν μεσουρανημαλι, εχονλα ευαγγελιον αιωγιον, ευαγγελισαι τους καθη-

THEN I looked, and I 1 saw a lamb on mount Sion, and with him an hundred forty and four thousand, baving his name and his father's name writ on their forebeads. and I beard a voice from 2 beaven, which was like the noise of many waters, or like a great thunder-clap: I beard too a found like that of a barp, when touch'd by the band of a musician. and 3 a new fong was sung before the throne, and before the four animals, and the elders: and no one could learn that fong, but the bundred forty four thousand, who were ransom'd from the earth. these a are they who were not defiled with women: for they are virgins: these are they who follow the lamb wherever he goes: these were + ransom'd from among men, being the first fruits unto God, and to the lamb. in their mouth 5 was found no quile: for they are without defect.

Then I saw another angel 6 fly in the mid-heaven, having the everlasting gospel to preach to those that dwell on the

Chap. XIV. 1. The LAMB on mount Sion.

Ver. 4. They were not tainted with idolatry. Zech. iv. 2. Jer. iii. 6. Philo says, " the soul is like a virgin, when it is holy, dispassionate, and free from scalar affections." lib. de Legib. special.

† They were delivered from vice, as ver. 3.

Ver. 5. Idolarry and imposture are nearly ally d. see chap. xxi. 8. Rom. i. 25. Ifa. xxviii. 15. Jer. xvi. 19. Pial. xxxii. 2.

μενους επι της της, και επι παν εθνος και φυλην και TAWGGAY KAL ZAOV, ZETOVIA εν φωνή μεγαλή, " φοβηθητε τον Κυριον, και δολε αυλω δοξαν, ότι πλθεν π ώρα της κρισεως αυλου, και ποοσκυνησαίε τω ποιησανλι τον ουρανον και την γην, και θαλασσαν και สทรสะ บ่อิสโผน."

Και αγγελος δευλερος ηκολουθησε, λεγων, " επεσεν. επεσε Βαβυλων ή μεγαλή,

" ότι εκ του οινου του θυμου της πορνειας άυλης πεπο-

" TIKE TAVIA TA EOM."

Και τρίλος αγγελος ηκολουθησεν αυλοις, λεγών εν φωνη μετάλη, " ει Τις το θηριον προσκυνει και την εικονα αυίου, και παμβανει χαρα μα επι του με ωπου αύλου, η επι την χειρα αυ-10" דסט, אמו מטוסה חופומו בא του οινού του θυμού του « Θεου, του κεκερασμενου ακραίου εν τω ποίηριω της οργης αυλου, και βασα-" νισθησελαι εν πυρι και θειώ ενωπιον των άγιων αγγε-NOW KAI EVERTION TOU AP-11" μου. και ο καπνος του

" βασανισμου αυίων ανα-

βαίνει εις αιώνας αιώνων, KAI OUK EXOUTE AVATAU-

σιν ημερας και χυκίος δι

the earth, to every nation, tribe, province, and people, crying with a loud voice, 7 "fear the Lord, and give "glory to bim, for the bour " of his judgment is come: " adore therefore bim that " made the heaven, the earth, " the fea, and the foun-" tains."

And a second angel follow- 8 ed, saying, "BABYLON the " great is fallen, is fallen, " because she bas made all " nations drink of the dead-" ly wine of her fornication."

And a third argel follow- 9 ed them, crying with a loud voice, " if any man worship " the beaft, or his image, or " receive bis mark on bis " forebead, or in his band, " be shall drink of the wine 10 " of the divine vengeance, " the strongest wine that can " be poured out of the cup of " bis indignation; He shall " be tormented with fire and " brimstone, in the presence " of the boly angels, and in "the presence of the lamb:

" the smoke of their torment I I " shall ascend for ever and

"ever: they who worship

ec :10e

Ver. 8. BABYLON falls.

Ib. BABYLON, 1. c. idolurous Rome, as Jerufalem is still mystical Egypt and Sodons, chap. x1. 8.

"προσκυνουνθες το θηριον "και την εικογα αυθου» και "ει τις παμβανει το χα- "ραμα του ονομαθος αυθου."
το ευπομονη των απιων εσθιν, όι τηρουνθες τας ενθοπας του Θεου, και την πισθιν Ιη- σου.

Kai nkouga ownk ek tou 13 ουρανου, λεγουσης, " γραψον, " μακαριοι οι νεκροι οι εν " Κυριώ αποθνησκονίες: απαρίι, ναι, λεγει το πνευ-μα, ινα αναπαυσωνίαι εκ " των κοπων αὐίων, τα " δε εργα αυλων ακολουθει 14" μετ' αυίων." και ειδον, και ιδου νεφελη λευκη, και επι την νεφελην καθημενος όμοιος ύιω ανθρωπου, εχων επι της κεφαλης άυλου σεφανου χρυσουν, και εν τη 15 χειρι αυθου δρεπανον οξυ. και αλλος αγγελος εξηλθεν εκ του ναου, κραζων εν μεγαλή φωνη τω καθημένω επι της νεφελης: "πεμιγον το δρεπανον σου, και θερισον: " ότι πλθε ή ώρα του θερι-" σαι, ότι εξπρανθη ό θερισ-16" μος της [ης." και εβαλεν ο καθημενος επι την νεφελην το δρεπανον άυλου επι την ς ην, και εθερισθη ή ςn.

17 Και αλλος αςτελος εξηλθεν εκ του ναου του εν τω ουρανιο, εχων και αυλος δρεπα18 νον οξυ. και αλλος αςτελος εξηλθεν εκ του θυσιασληριου,
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"the beast or bis image, they who receive the mark of bis name, shall have "no rest either day or night." here is the patience of the 12 saints, who keep the commandments of God, and the faith of Jesus.

Then I heard a voice from 13 beaven, faying to me, "write, " bleffed are the dead who " die in the Lord; yes, " from benceforth, faith the " spirit, they shall rest from " Ibeir labours; and the re-" compence of their labours " shall follow them." again 14 I looked, and I face a white cloud, and there was fitting upon the cloud one like the fon of man, baving a crown of gold upon his bead, and a sharp sickle in his hand, and 15 another angel came out of the temple, crying with a loud voice to bim that fat on the cloud, " thrust in thy sickle, " and reap: for the reap-" ing time is come; for the " barvest of the earth is "ripe." so be that sat on 16 the cloud, stretch'd out his fickle to the carth; and the earth was reaped.

Then another augel came 17 out of the temple which is in beaven, he also having a fbarp fickle, and another an-18 gel came out from the alter,

εχων έξουσιαν επι του πυρος, και εφωνήσε κράυτη μετάλη τω εχούι τω δρεπανού το οξυ, λεγων, "πεμψού σου το δεεπανού το οξυ, και " τρυγησον τους βοίρυας της " αμπελου της της, ότι ηκ-" μασαν άι σλαφυλαι αυ-" της." και εβαλεν ό αγγεπος το δρεπανον άυλου εις την την, και είρυς πσε την αμπε-NOV THE FIRE, KAL EBANEV ELC την ληνον του θυμου του 20 Θεου την μεγαλην. και επαίηθη ή ληνος εξωθεν της Πολεως. και εξηλθεν άιμα εκ της ληνου αχει των χαλινών των ιππων. απο σλαδιων χιλιων εξακοσιών.

Τω ουρανω μεγα και θαυμαστου, αγγελους έπλα, εχουλας πληγας έπλα τας εσχαλας, ότι εν αυλαις ελεκοθη ο θυ-2 μος του Θεου. και ειδου ώς θαλασσαν υάλινην μεμιγμενην πυρι, και τους νικωντας εκ του θηριου, και εκ της εικονος αυλου, και εκ του αριθμου

who presided over the fire : and cried with a loud cry to bim that had the sharp sickle, " fretch out thy sharp sickle, " and eather the clusters of " the vine of the earth; for " ber grapes are full ripe." so the angel stretch'd out his 19 fickle to the earth, and gathered the vintage of the earth, and cast it into the great wine-press of the divine vengeance. and the grapes 20 were pres'd without the City, and blood came out of the wine-press, even to the borse-bridles: for the space of sixteen bundred furlongs.

I saw another prodigy in a heaven, great and marvellous, seven angels, having the seven last plagues, for by them the divine vengeance is consummated. and a law as it were a sea of glass, mingled with sire; and those that had been victorious over the heast, and over his

Ver. 18. Over the fire. see chap. viii. 5, 7. ix. 17. xi. 5.

1b. The Jewish nation were still the divine vineyard, 1sa. v. Jer. xii. 10. but now by their rebellion and cruelty they are ripe for vengeance.

Ver. 20. Of ninety thousand captive Jews, the greatest part were fold for slaves to work in the mines of Egypt, and other places; several thousand were destroy'd in the public shows, in combats with beasts, and one another; the rest were carried to Rome, to adorn the triumph; after this, about 5000 were kill'd at Macharus and Jardes, besides the slaughters of Massada, Alexandria, and Cyrene: and all the lands of the Jews order'd to be sold; Judea being reckon'd 1600 furlongs in length.

Chap. XV. 1. The vth vision of the vir angels, with the vir plagues.

ριθμου του ονομαίος αυίου, έσθωλας επι την θαπασσαν 🕆 την ύαλινην, εχονίας κιθαρας του Θεου. και αδουσι την ωδην Μωσεως δουλου του Θεου, και την ώδην του αςνιου, λεγονίες, " μεγαλα και " θαυμασία τα εργα σου, " Κυριε ο Θεος ο πανλοκρατωρ, δικαιαι και αληθιναι " αι οδοι σου, ο βασιλευς " των αιωνων. τις ου μη " φοβηθη σε, Κυριε, και " δοξασή το ονομά σου? δ-" τι μονος όσιος, ότι πανία " τα εθνη ήξουσι, και προσ-" κυνησουσιν ενωπιον σου, ότι τα δικαιωμαία σου εφανερωθησαν."

Και μεία ταυία ειδου, και ιδου πνοιςη ό ναος της σκηνης Του μαρίυριου εν τω ουρανω. 6 και εξηλθον οι έπλα αγγελοι εχονίες τας έπλα πληγας (εκ Του ναου) ενδεδυμενοι λινον καθαρον λαμπρον, και περιεζωσμενοι περι τα σίηθη η ζωνας χρυσας, και έν εκ των τεσσαρων ζωων εδωκε τοις έπλα αςτελοις έπλα φιαλας χρυσας, Γεμουσας του θυμου του Θεου του ζωνίος εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. και ετεμισθη ο ναος καπνου εκ της δοξης του Θεου, και εκ της δυναμεως αυλου, και ουδεις πδυναλο εισελθειν εις Τον υαον, αχρι τελεσθωσιν άι

his image, and over the number of bis name, standing on the sea of glass, with their divine barps in their bands. and they sung the song of 3 Moses, the servant of God. and the fong of the lamb. saying, " great and marvel-"lous are thy works, Lord "God almighty; just and " true are thy ways, thou "king of ages. who will 4 " not fear thee, O Lord, " and glorify thy name? ee for thou only art holy: " and all nations shall come " to adore thee; because thy " judgments have been dif-" play'd."

After that I looked, and 5 the tabernacle of the testimony in the heavenly temple was opened: then the 6 seven angels, who held the seven plagues, came out of the temple, cloathed in pure white linen, wearing upon their breasts girdles of gold. and one of the four animals 7 gave to the seven angels, seven golden vials full of the wrath of God, who liveth for ever and ever. the tem- 8 ple was filled with sinoke from the emanations of divine power; and no one could enter into the temple, till the seven plagues were

Ver. S To enter into the temple, is to penetrate into the divine feceus.

έπλα πληγαι των έπλα αγγελων.

 Και πκουσα φωνης μεγαλης εκ του ναου, λεγουσης τοις επία αγγελοις, " υπαγείε " και εκχεαίε τας φιαλας " του θυμου του Θεου εις " την γην."

Και απηλθεν ο πρωίος, και εξεχεε την φιαλην άυλου επι την γην, και εγενείο έλκος κακον και πονηρον εις τους ανθρωπους τους εχονίας το χαραγμα του θηριου, και τους τη εικονι αυλου προσκυνουντας.

Και ὁ δευΙερος αργελος εξε-ΧΕΕ Την φιαλην άυθου εις Την θαλασσαν, και εγενεθο άιμα ώς νεκρου, και πασα ψυχη ζωσα απεθανεν εν τη θαλασση. executed by the seven angels.

THEN I heard a terri- 1
ble voice from the temple,
crying to the seven angels,
"go pour out the VIALS of
divine vengeance upon the
earth."

Immediately the FIRST 2 went, and poured out his vial upon the earth; and there fell a noisom and grievous ulcer upon the men who had the mark of the heast, and upon those who worshipped his image.

The SECOND angel poured 3 out his vial upon the fea; and it became as the blood of a dead man: and every living foul died in the fea.

Και

 Tb_{e}

Chap. XVI. r. Grotius thinks what follows, is a more particular account of what has been already delivered in general, as is usual with the prophets, who frequently mingle past events, with such as are future. De Antichristo, pag. 499.

Ver. 2. The VII VIALS poured out.

1b. Ulcer signifies the postilence, or any epidemic disease. PLINY observes, that new distempers appear'd at Rome, and other parts, in Tiberius's time, the patient was infected with strange ulcers, that eat away the part, unless it was cauteriz'd to the bone, they were call'd the carbancle, the mentagrum, and colum. cond had its name from mentum, the chin: " the dileafe was so not-" fome, any death was preferable to fuch a flate." Plin. lib. xxvi. 1. Manilius Cornutus gave above a thousand pound sterling to an Egyptian doctor for his cure. Tiberius was the first that had the celum: the novelty of the name rais'd abundance of speculations. ib. 6. magna civitatis ambage, cum edicto ejus excufantis valetudinem legeretur nomen incognitum. but the case was too plain to be conceal'd by an ambiguity. " nudus capillo vertex, ulcerola facies, ac plerumque medi-" caminibus' interstincta." Tacit. lib.iv. in this patch'd condition he retired for several years to Campania, and Caprea, to hide, if possible, his deformity and his debaucheries; but they were too flagrant to admir of any concealment, or any cure.

Ver. 3. Every living, &c. i. c. a prodigious flaughter,

Kai o Trilos (ATTEXOS) EEE-4 XEE THY GIANNY AUTOU EIG TOUG πολαμούς και εις τας πηγας Two voalwo, kat efevelo at-HA. KAI MKOUTA TOU ATTEλου των ύδαλων, λεγονίος: δικαιος ει, ο ων, και ο ην όσιος, ότι ταυλα εκρινας, ότι αιμα άτιων και προζ φηίων εξεχεαν, και αιμα " αυλοις εδωκας πιειν, αξιοι ταρ εισι." και ηκουσα εκ του θυσιασίπριου, λεγονίος, ναι Κυριε, ὁ Θεος ὁ παν-" Τοκραίως, αληθιναι και " δικαιαι αι κρισεις σου."

Και ὁ Τελαρλος αγγελος εξεχεε Την Οιαλην αυλου επι Τον ήλιον, και εδοθη αυλώ καυμαλισαι Τους ανθρωπους εν πυρι. και εκαυμαλισθησαν

The THIRD angel poured 4 out his vial upon the rivers and fountains; and they bez came blood. and I beard the 5 angel of the waters fay, "thou art just, who art. " and bast always been boly, " because thou bast judged "thus: for they have shed 6 " the blood of faints and pro-" phets: thou hast given them " blood to drink; for they " bave " deserv'd it." and I 7 beard another from the altar fay, "ob! Lord God almighty. " true and just are thy judg-" ments."

The fourth angel poured 8 out his vial upon the sun; and power was given to him to scorch mankind with its sire. and men were 9 scorched

Ver. 4. Rivers, &c. the leffer towns and villages.

Ver. 5. Angel of the waters. See chap.i. 8. iv. 8. xi. 17.

Ver. 3, 4, 5, 6. Tacitus's history may serve as a commentary upon this place. "what prodigies, warnings, and presages! the sea was of the colour of blood, on the shore was an appearance of human bo-dies and colonies destroy'd. never such terrible lightnings and thunders: the alarms of a comet, monsters of various shapes, and an u-niversal Panic." Annal. xiv, xv. "three civil wars, and Galba, Otho, and Vitellius kill'd in the compass of a sew months. what seditions, revolts, and foreign invasions! the slaughters were so sure rious, and the divine judgements so just, never did the Gods give so signal a proof, that the Roman people were not the object of their protection, but of their vengeance." Tacit. Hist. 1, 2.

* Chap. zix. 8.

Ver. 8. Sun—with its fire. Nero affected the habit and attributes of Apollo: Annal.xiv. and so his coins represent him. who could so justly merit the name of Apollo or the Sun, as that mon-stroug lucendiagy, who was at the same time the instrument and the object of vindictive justice? the pride of the empire, the envy of the world is now all in slames! the most direful disafter that Rome ever feit, sais the people with despair, but the tyrant with mirch. while the

prince

σαν δι ανθρωποι καυμα μετα, και εβλασφημησαν το ονομα του Θεου του εχονίος εξουσιαν επι τας πλητας ταυίας, και ου μείενοησαν δουναι αυτω δοξαν.

fcorched with great heat, and blasphemed the name of God, who hath sower over these plagues: and they repented not, to give him glory.

Kal

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Prince raves the people rage, and every quarter rings with diffress and distraction: numbers are pres'd to death, some fly into the fields, others throw themselves into the flames out of meer despondency. See Tacit. Annal. xv. but Rome was reftored, that is, new fewel was prepared for another conflagration, which happen'd foon after. in the mean time, the CAPITOL, the feat of the Gods, the pledge of the empire, the bulwark of Rome, is all in a BLAZE. "an event the most shameful, and " the most calamitous that ever befel the Roman People: and this " without the intervention of a foreign enemy, and when the Gods " were as propitious as they could be, confidering our vices, the feat " of Jupiter supremely great and good, founded by our ancestors, and " made by divine prefages the pledge of a lafting compire: this temple, " which neither Porfenna, when the city was furrender'd, nor the " Gauls when they took it by fform, this temple, which they durft not " prophane, is laid waste by the fury of our princes!" Taciti Histor. lib. iii. and lib.iv. the historian speaking of the commotions in Gaul, and other places, fays, " it was the burning of the CAPITOL, that fill'd " their minds with so strong a persuasion, that the catastrophe of the "Roman empire was now to be unravell'd: the city had been formerly " taken by the Gauls, but because the feat of Jupiter stood untouch'd, " they imputed the duration of the empire entirely to that: whereas " the vial of divine displeasure was now poured out in a fatal conflagration: and the Dauros pronounc'd in their enthuliastical marnings, " that the empire of the world was now to be transplanted into to-" reign nations." but however superstitious this permasion might be in the opinion of the historian, when once the belief of such an evenhad generally obtain'd, it effectually contributed to the producing of that evens.

Ver. 9. Blashemed. The books of the Sibyls were consulted: processions and prayers were made to Vulcan, Geres, and Proserpine: the ladies offer facrifices in the capitol, and sprinkle the statue of Juno with boly-water: the matrons celebrate solemn vigils and scalts, all this to appeale the incensed Gods: but all their offerings, ceremonies, and facrifices were not able to purge the emperor from the imputation of being the author of this tragedy, the accusation was so strong, he could not clear himself of that villany, even by blashemy: he charged the christians with the fact, and order'd numbers of them to be executed, as incendiaries, tired with such scenes of cruelty, the people revolt, his creatures abandon him: remorse without repentance, rage without power, and delpair without plty are his only retinue where can he sty! conscience pursues, arms him with a dagger, directs his own hand to give the blow, and dispatch the lovereign Monster. Tacit, Annal xv. & Histor. 1.

10 Και ο πεμπίος αγγελος εξε
Χεε την φιαλην άυδου επι

Τον θρονον του θηριου, και
εγενείο ή βασιλεια αυδου εσκοίωμενη, και εμασσωνδο τας
γλωσσας άυδων εκ του πο
11 νου, και εβλασφημησαν τον
Θεον του ουρανου εκ των
πονων άυδων, και εκ των έλκων, άυδων, και ου μεδενοησαν εκ των εργων άυδων.

Και ό εκλος αγγελος εξεχεε

12 Την φιαλην αυλου επι τον
πολαμον τον μεγαν τον Ευφραλην, και εξηρανθη το υφραλην, και εξηρανθη το υφοδωρ αυλου, ωα ελοιμασθη η οδος των βασιλεων των απο
13 αναλολων ήλιου. και ειδον εκ
του σλομαλος του δρακονλος,

And the FIFTH angel 10 poured out his vial upon the feat of the beast; and his kingdom was full of darkness, and they gnawed their tongues for pain. and blas-11 phemed the God of beaven, because of their pains and their sores, and repented not of their deeds.

And the SIXTH angel 12 poured out his vial upon the great river Euphrates; and the water thereof was dried up, that the way of the kings of the east might be prepared. and I saw three 13 unclean spirits like frogs come

Ver. 10. his kingdom was full of darknefs. this GLOOMY state is drawn by Tacitus and Dion with all the accompagnements of horror. a comet appears, and presently an eclipse of the moon distinct with the most statal colours: during which, the Roman soldiers of the different sactions alternately riot with drinking together like friends, and then sail to shughter, to the number of sifty thousand kill'd that night and the next day; as many were slain in the action at Rome. Sava ac deformis urbe total sacies: alibi proclia & vulnera, alibi balneæ popinæque. Simul cruot * * * Tacit. Hist. lib. iii.

Ver. 12. Euphrates, &cc. By the death of Vitellius, the flatheating state of the civil broils of Rome subsided to a profound calm: the temple is to be rebuilt: the Vestal virgins consecrate the ground by the waters of the Tyber. Summer winds, and a pacific sea prepare the way for the princes of the East. The historian speaking of the slege of Jerusalem, says, "the gates of the temple on a sudden slew open, and a divine voice broke out in these words, the gods are departed "from you. immediately a rushing noise was heard, which struck some with terror, but the most with this ressection, that there was prophecy in their facred records, that about this time the East was to prevail: and that some persons were to march out of Judea to possess the empire of the world: which predictions were unraveled in the persons of Vespasian and Titus." Tacit. Hist. lib. v. Josephus, lib. vii.

Ver. 13. The capitol is rebuilt, idolatry revives for a while: the augurs, the aruspices, and their missionary diviners rear up their heads. Application is upon his peregrination, is courted by princes, performs

ièveral

KAL EK TOU oloualos TOU Onοιου, και εκ του σλομαλος του ψευδοπροφηίου, πνευματα τρια ακαθαρία ώς βαίρα-14 χοι. εισι ταρ πνευμαλα δαιμονιων ποιουνία σπιμεια εκ-TODEVEOUR ETI TOUS BAGINEIS (THE FIRE KAI) THE OIKOUMENTS όλης, συναγαγείν αυλους είς πολεμον Της ήμερας εκεινής της μεγαληκ του Θεου του 15 πανλοκραλορος. " ιδου, εp-" χομαι ώς κλεπίπς. μακαριος ο Γρηγορων, και Τηρων τα ίμαλια άυλου, ίνα μπ τυμνος περιπαλή, και βλε-" πωσι Την αισχημοσυνην 16" αυλου." και συνητατεν αυ-Τους εις Του Τοπον Του Καλουμενου Εβραισλι Αρματεδδων.

17 Και ο έβδομος (αΓΓΕΛΟς)
εξεχεε Την φιαλην άυλου εις
Τον αερα, και εξηλθε φωνη
(μεγαλη) απο του ναου (του
ουρανου) απο του θρονου,
18 λεγουσα, Γεγονε. και ε-

come out of the mouth of the dragon, and out of the mouth of the beast, and out of the mouth of the false prophet.
for they are the spirits of 14 demons working iniracles, which make a progress to the kings of the whole world, to gather them to the battle of that great day of God almighty. " I shall come 15 " with surprize, happy he " that is upon the watch, " and keepeth bis * gar-" ments pure, that his vices " may not put bim to " shame." and be gathe- 16 red them together into a place called in the Hebrew tongue, Armageddon.

And the SEVENTH angel 17
poured out his vial into the
air; and there a loud voice
iffued from the temple of heaven, from the throne, faying,
it is done." and there 18
were

feveral wonderful actions, and thereby raises the credit of the established worship. "he was so celebrated for his magical arts, that the Pagans, and particularly Hierocles, set him upon the level with Christ. did not then so remarkable an adversary to christianity deserve to be mark'd out? to doubt of his having executed some things really marvellous, whereby he did great service to the cause of idolatry, is a mark of the most shameful obstinacy." Grotius, de Antichristo, pag. 497. 2.

Ver. 16. Armagennon, i. e. the mountain of the congress.

Ver. 17. the temple, which corresponds to the temple of Jerufalem, Chap. xi. 19.

Ib. it is done, see Chap. x, 6, 7. "at the feast of Pentecost, as the priests were entring by night into the inner-temple to officiate as "usual, they heard a noise in the air, and then an articulate voice cry, "LET US BE GONE," Josephus makes this restection.

" this

τενονίο φωναι, και βρονίαι, και ασδραπαι, και σεισμος EFEVELO METAS, OLOS OUK EFEVELO αφ' ου οι ανθρωποι εγενονίο επι της της, τηλικουλος σεισ-19 μος ουθω μετας. και ετενείο ή πολις ή μεταλη εις Τρια μερη, και αι πολεκ των εθνων επεσον, και Βαβυλων ή μεταλη εμνησθη ενωπιον του Θεου, δουναι αυλη το ποληςιον του οινου του θυμου της οργης άυ-20 TOU. KAI TAGA MOOS EQUIE, 2 Ι και ορη ουχευρεθησαν. και χαλαία μεγαλη ώς ταλαν-Τιαια καλαβαινει εκ του ουρανου επι τους ανθρωπους,

were voices, thunders, and lightnings; and there was a great earinquake, such as was not since men were upon the earth, fo mighty an * earthquake and so great. and 19 the great city was divided into three parts, and the cities of the nations fell: and great Babylon came in remembrance before God, to give unto ber the cup of the wine of the fierceness of his wrath. and 20 every island fled away, and the mountains were not found. and there felluponmen a great 2 L hail out of beaven, every stone about the weight of a TA-

KOZZ

LENT :

" this miserable people were the dupes of impostors and false prophets: " but when real prodigies denounc'd their approaching ruin, they gave " no attention : but as if they were thunder-struck, and had lost their " eyes and their understanding, they were insensible to the divine " warnings." and just before the historian observes, that " fix thou-" fand persons, who had fled to the temple by the persuasion of an en-" thusiast, were burnt to death, or otherwise destroy'd." Ver. 18. Lightnings-earthquake. See note on Chap.viii, 5.

* The final catastrophe of the Jewish nation.

Ver. 19. the great city, i.e. JERUSALEM. fee Chap. xi. 8.

Ib. three parts. the three factions headed by ELEAZAR, JOHN and SIMON, the chief instruments of the city's ruin. see Josephus, lib. vi, vii.

Ib. the nations, i.e. the JEWS. see note on Chap. xi. 18.

Ver. 20. Isles, ranges of buildings surrounded by streets, were by the

Romans call'd isles.

Ver. 21. great hail from the air: every stone about the weight of a TALENT. Josephus, pag. 1232. says, " every Roman legion was fur-" nish'd with wonderful engines, especially the tenth legion, which " were for larger shot, and of a greater random: by which they swept " the befieged in their fallies, and gall'd them upon the ramparts. they " projected stones of a TALENT weight each, above two furlongs dif-" tance-the shocks of their artillery rung thro' the city, which was . " fill'd with terror, and eccho'd with their outcries. at length a breach " was made by Nicon, i.e. the conqueror, a name the Jews gave to one " of the largest RAMS." pag. 1233, 4. a talent is 60 lb. weight.

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και εβλασφημησαν δι ανθρωποι την θέον, εκ της πλητης της χαλαζης, ότι μεταλη εσλιν ή πλητη αυλης σφοδρα.

Και ηλθεν έις κ των έπλα αττελων των εχούων τας έπ-Τα φιαλας, και ελαλησε μετ' εμου, λειων, " δευρο, δειξω σοι το κοιμα της ποριης The miganne, The Kalnus-" ทุกร ยาเ พพา บ่อลในทุ พพา " πολλιων, μεθ' ής επορνευ-" σαν οι βασιλεις της Γης,
" και ενεθυσθησαν εκ του
" οινου της πορνειας αυθης " o': หล่ไง:หอบพี่ธุร Tmv [mv." 2 και απηνεγκε με εις ερημον εν συευμαλι, και ειδον τυναικα καθημένην επι θησιον κοκκίνου, γεμον ονομαίων βλασωπμιας. EXOU KEPANAS ETTA KAI KELA-4 τα δέκα. και ή τυνη ην περιβεβλημενη πορφυρά και κοκκινώ, και κεχευσωμένη χρυσω και λιθω Τιμιω και μαςταριταις, εχουσα χρυσουν ποίηριον εν τη χειρι άυλης, γεμον βδελυγμαίων και ακαθαρτηλος πορυειας αυλης.

5 Και επι το μείωπον άυλης ονομα: Γεγραμμενον, μυσληLENT: and men blasphemed God because of the plague of the hail, for the plague thereof was exceeding great.

Then there came one of the 1 seven angels that had the seven via's, and talked with me, faying " come bither, I " will explain to you the " judgment of the great " whore, that sitteth upon " many waters: by whom 2 " the kings of the earth be-" came idolaters, and the in-" babiters of the earth bave " been made drunk with the " wine of idelatry." fo be 2 carried me away in the spirit into the wilderness: and I saw a woman sit upon a scarletcoloured beagl, full of names of blafabemy, baving seven beads, and ten borns. and the A woman was arrayed in furple, and scarlet colour, and decked with gold and precious stone and pearls, baving a golden cut in ber band, full of the abominable impurities of ide-

Upon ber forebead this 5 mystical title was written, Ra-

Ib. blashbemed God. "there was not a Roman soldier, that did not look upon the temple with a religious veneration, and carnestly wish the faction (τους λησίους) would repent before their sufferings were past all remedy. Titus compassionated their case, and sent Josephus to entreat them to take pity of their native country, to sorbear prophaning the sacred place, to preserve the temple from the approaching stames (μηδε εις του Θευν παμμελείν) and cense to affront the divine Being. but John, after loading Josephus with reproaches and curses, blashemously reply'd, the city of God—could be in no danger of perishing." Joseph. p. 1267, 1268.

latry.

ριου, Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη, ή μήλης των ποινών και των 6 Brenorualwy The The Kal ειδον Την Γυναικα μεθυουσαν εκ του αίμαλος των άπων. KALEK TOU ALWATOS TWY HADτυρων Ιπσου, και εθαυμασα, 7 ιδων αθην, θαυμα μετα. και ειπε μοι ό απελος, διαλι εθαυμασας? ετω σοι ερω το moducion the furnikas, kai του Οπριου του βασλαζονλος αυλην. Του εχονλος τας έπλα κεφαλας και τα δεκα κεραία. ο θηριον ο ειδές, πη και ουκ εσλι, και μέλλει αναβαινειν εκ της αβυσσου, και εις απωλειαν ύπαγειν, και θαυμπζονλαι οι καλοικουνλες επι της της, ών ου τεγραπίαι τα ουρμαία επι το βιβλιον της ζωης απο καλαβολης κοσμου. βρεπονίων το θηριου, ό, τι ήν και ουκ εσίι, και παρεση ται. ώδε ό νους ό εχων σοφιαν.

Babylon the great, the mother of barlots, and abominations of the earth. and I faw the 6 woman drunken with the blood of the faints, and with the blood of the martyrs of Jesus: and when I saw her, I wondred with great admiration. and the angel faid to 7 me, wherefore didit theu marvel? I will tell thee the my/tical meaning of the 200man, and of the beaft that carrieth ber, which bath the seven beads and ten borns. the beaft that thou faweft, was, and is not; and skall ascend out of the bottomicis pit, and go into perdition: and they that dwell on the earth, * whose names were not written in the book of life from the foundation of the world, shall wonder when they behold the beaft that was, and is not, but shall be. the meaning is very comprehen-AI five.

Chap. xvii. ver. 8. was, and is not. see Chap. xiii. 2. Domitian was regent during his father's absence, but went beyond his commissions says Tacitus, and then retired to a private studious life. Dion says, Vespalian writ to him, "I thank you, son, for not usurping the emmission but after he had been in alsitudinem conditus, buried in the abysis for some time, his savage disposition broke out, the monster raged, embrew'd his hands in the blood of his brother Titus, and rais'd a dreadful persecution, but at length was stab'd by his own domestics.

That is, they who were conversant in the scriptures, would not wonder to see Domitian at Rome involved in ruin, as Balthazar was at Babylon, neither being able to avoid the satal prediction. Daniel v. 30.

Ver. 9. Wifdom. In the prophetical writings past and future events are frequently represented together, because of their connection or refemblance, as in Ezekiel xvii, xix, xxiii, xxxi. Zach. v, vi, xi.

Mmm 2

ΑΙ ΕΠΤΑ κεφαλαι, ορη εισιν επία, όπου ή τυνή κα-10 θη αι επ' αυλών. και βασι-REICETTA ELOUS DE TENTE ETEσαν, και ο έις εσίν, ο αλλος ουπω ηλθε, και όταν ελθη, ΙΙ ολιγον αυθον δει μειναι. και το θηριον ό ην, και ουκ εσλι. και αυλος οτδοος εσλι, και εκ των έπλα εσλι, και εις απω-12 λειαν ύπαςει. και τα δεκα κεραλα ά ειδες, δεκα βασιλεις εισιν, οιτίνες βασιλείαν ουπω ελαβον. αλλ' εξουσιαν ώς βασιλεις μιαν ώταν λαμβα-VOUGE

THE SEVEN beads are feven mountains, on which the woman sitteth. they likewise 10 signify seven kings: five are fallen, and one is, and the other is not yet come; when be comes, be will continue but a short space. the beast that 11 was, and is not, is himself the eighth: be is of the seven, and shall be destroy'd. the ten 12 borns which you faw, are ten kings, who have received no kingdom as yet; but receive power as kings for a while with

VCT. 10. Five are fallen by a violent death; viz. CLAUDIUS, NERO, GALBA, OTHO. VITELLIUS. Claudius was the first emperor that molested the christians.

Ib. One now exists, Vespasian, who was favourable to the christians. Ib. The other is not yet come to the government, Titus, who reign'd but two years and two months.

Ver. 11. The beaft, &c. Domitian, still by Tertullian, "Nero the bald, a limb of Nero's crucity;" as Nero was still a lyon by Paul and Seneca: so he is call'd the mouth of the beast. Chap, xiii. 2.

Ib. is of the feven. su των for su τινος των, is the son of one of the feven, i. e. of Vespassan. so Chap. ii. 10. st ύμων for τινας εξ ύμων. fee Matt. xxiii. 34. Luke xxi. 16. for the like Ellipsis.

Ver. 12: Ten, a perfect number, denoting universality. Horns, see

Dan. vii. 7. Ib. Kings. Tacitus observes, " it was the antient policy of the Ro-" mans to make kings the instruments of the peoples slavery. but " now they faw the Roman grandeur upon the decline: that an army " rais'd from foreign nations, though flush'd with success, adversity " would foon disband: enemys and flaves are fecur'd but by a flen-" der tye: the terror once remov'd, hatred succeeds to dread .-" accordingly, what armys were lost in Masia, in Dacia, in Germany, " and Pannonia, by the temerity or supineness of the generals! so many " horse and foot descated and taken! 'tis not the bank of a river, or " the boundarys of our empire, but our very quarters and possessions " now lie at stake! misfortunes croud so thick, every new year is " checquer'd with variety of destruction! O! happy Agricolal in so " scasonable an exit, not to be a spectator of the last scene of time, "when Domitian dispatch'd the common-wealth, not allowing any bird intervals or respite, but by one continued blow!" Tacitus de Inl. Agricolæ Vita.

13 νουσι μελα του θηριου. όυΤοι μιαν γνωμην εχουσι, και
την δυναμιν και την εξουσιαν έαυλων τω θηριω δια14 διδωσουσιν. όυλοι μελα του
αρνιου πολεμησουσι, και το
αρνιον νικησει αυλους, ότι
Κυριος κυριων εσλι και βασιλευς βασιλεων, και όι μετ'
αυλου, κληλοι και εκλεκλοι
και πισλοι.

15 Και λεγει μοι, τα υδαλα ά ειδες, ου ή πορνη καθηλαι, λαοι και οχλοιείσι, και εθνη 16 και γλωσσαι· και τα δεκα κεραία ά ειδες επι το θηριον. ουλοι μισησουσι την πορνην. και ηρημωμενην ποιησουσιν αυλην και τυμνην, και τας σαρκας αυίπς φατονίαι, και αυλην καλακαυσουσιν εν πυρι. 17 ο Γαρ Θεος εδωκεν εις Τας καρδιας αυίων ποιησαι την τνωμην άυλου, και ποιησαι μιαν τνωμην, και δουναι την βασιλειαν άυλων τω θηριω. αχρι τελεσθη τα βημαία του ις Θεου. και ή τυνη πν ειδες, εσίω ή πολις ή μεγαλη, ή εχουσα βασιλειάν επι των BAGINEWY THE EM.

1 Και μεία ταυία ειδον αλλον αγγελον καίαβαινονία εκ του ουρανου, εχονία εξουσιαν μεγαλην, και ή γη εφωλισθη 2 εκ της δοξης αυίου. και εκοαξεν ισχυρι φωνη, λεγων, with the beast. they all a-13 gree in this, to give their power and strength to the beast. they will make war 14 with the lamb, but the lamb, who is lord of lords, and king of kings, together with those that are called, chosen, and faithful, shall overcome them.

Then he faid to me, the 15 waters which you faw, where the prostitute has ber feat, are the people, the multitude, nations, and provinces. the ten 16 borns which you faw upon the beast, they shall hate the whore, they shall plunder. and strip ber, eat ber flesh, and burn ber with fire. for 17 God bath put it in their bearts to execute bis designs, in agreeing to give their kingdom to the beast, until the divine oracles shall be accomplished. and the woman 18 which you faw, is that great city, which reigns the empress of the kings of the earth.

AFTER this I saw another angel come down from heaven, having great power; and the earth was lightned with his glory. and he cried with a strong voice, Baby-

LON

επεσεν, επεσε Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη, και εγενείο καλοικη/ηριον δαιμονων, και φυλακη
πανίος πνευμαίος ακαθαρίου,
και φυλακη πανίος ορνεου
ακαθαρίου και μεμισημενου.
3 ότι εκ του οινου του θυμου
της πορνειας αυίης πεπωκε
πανία τα εθνη, και οι βασιλεις της γης μετ' αυίης επορνευσαν, και οι εμποροι
της γης εκ της δυναμεως
του σίρηνους αυίης επλουίησαν.

Και πκουσα αλλην φωνην EK TOU OUPAYOU, ASTOUTAY, εξελθείε εξ αυίπς ο λαος μου. ίνα μη συγκοινωνησηλε ταις αμαθιαις αυδης, και ίνα μη λαβηλε εκ των πλητων αυ-5 της: ότι εκολληθησαν αυλης άι άμαθιαι αχρι του ουρα-YOU. KALEMYTHOYEUGEN O DEOC 6 τα αδικημαία αυίης, αποδοίε αυλη ως και αυλη απεδωκεν. και διπλωσαλε αυλη διπλα καία τα εργα αυίπς, εν τω ποίπριω ώ εκερασε, κερασαίε η αυίη διπλουν. όσα εδοξασεν έαυλην, και εσίρηνιασε, τοσούλον δολε αυλη βασανισμον και πενθος, ότι εν τη καςδια άυλης λεγει, " καθη-" μαι βασιλισσα, και χηρα ουκ ειμι, και πενθος ου μπ ιδω." δια τουλο εν μια πμερα ήξουσιν άι πληγαι αυτης, θαναίος και πενθος και

LON the great is fallen, is fallen, and is become the a-bode of demons, the dungeon of every foul spirit, and a cage of every impure ill-boding bird. for all nations have drunk of the poisonous wine of her idolatry, the kings of the earth have submitted to her idolatrics, and the merchants of the earth are grown rich through the abundance of her delicacies.

And I beard another voice A from beaven, saying, come out of ber, my people, that ye may not be partakers of ber sins, nor share in ber 1-lagues: for her fins have reached unto beaven, and God bath remembred her iniquities. reward ber according to ber dealings, and repay ber double, according to ber works: give ber twice as much in the same cup which she gave you to drink. give ber torment and pain in proportion to ber pride and luxury; for she said in her beart, " I am entbron'd " like a queen, I am no wi-" dow, and shall see no for-" row." therefore shall her & plagues come, mortality, mourning, and famine all at once: and she shall be

λιμος, και εν πυρι καλακαυθησελαι, ότι ισχυρος Κυριος
ο ό Θεος ό κρινας αυλην. και
κλαυσονλαι αυλην, και κοψονλαι επ' αυλη όι βασιλεις
της γης, όι μετ' αυλης πορνευσανλες και σληηνιασανλες,
όταν βλεπωσι τον καπνον της

consumed with fire: for the Lord God, who condemns ber, is almighty. the kings 9 of the earth, the accomplices of ker licentiousness and luxury, shall bewait her, and lament for her, when they shall see the smoke of her con-

777.

Ch. xviii. 8, o. Confumed with FIRE. a little before the imaginary date of these Visions, there happen'd events as astonishing, and more certain than some of those sewish traditions, which the author of the Revelations alludes to chap. xx. " in autumn mount Vesuvius by " Naples broke out into a dreadful conflagration: formerly the top " of it was a plane, in the middle of which some fire was emitted: "but by being undermin'd, it is reduc'd to the form of an amphi-" theatre .- it smokes by day, and flames by night: sometimes pro-" jecting after and stones by the explosion of winds, accompany'd with " a rumbling noise. these phanomena strike terror, though they are "almost anniversary: but if they were all thrown together, they " would vanish in comparison of this FIRST eruption, which was at-" tended with several prodigys, an army of men of a gigantic stature " were feen night and day on the mountain, and in the adjacent parts. st then a great drought, dreadful carthquakes, the tops of mountains " subside, and the planes reek with heat. the sca roars, the atmo-" sphere rumbles, and a sudden crush like that of falling mountains: " pieces of rock were hurl'd to a prodigious height: spouts of fire, " and fuch thick smoke as buried the sun in an eclipse: day was " converted into night, and night into day. it was thought the giants " were renewing their uproar, enormous shapes being seen in the " fmoke, and the found of trumpets heard in the air: others imagin'd " the whole system would be resolved into a chaes, or be reduc'd to a " coal. some fly from sea to land, others from land to sea for secu-"rity, all concluding the present scene to be the most calamitous. " carth, sea, and air were cover'd so thick with ashes, that not only " men, but beafts, birds, and fish were all stifled : the citys Hercula-" nium and Pompeis were entirely over-whelm'd with their inhabitants. " lo great a quantity of ashes floated to Africa, Syria, and Egypt, that "they darkned the fun. when the like happen'd at Rome, the peo-" ple, unacquainted with the accident in Campania, and unable to ac-" count for the cause, concluded, that the general catastrophe of na-" ture was come, and now the earth would be absorb'd in the body " of the Sun.

" The ashes at first had no very remarkable ill effect, but soon af-

" ter they produc'd a most grievous pesitience.

"The next year, when Tirus was gone to Campania to survey "the liavock of that dreadful conflagration, a fire broke out in Rome, which, though not subterraneous, made great devastation. the tem-

" ples

10 πυρωσεως αυλης, απο μακροθεν έσληκολες, δια τον φοβον του βασανισμού αυίης, λε-בסילבי, " סטמו, סטמו ח מסאונ η μεγαλη Βαβυλων, ή ποτις ή ισχυρα, ότι εν μια " ώρα πλθεν ή κρισις σου." II KALI OL EMTOPOL THE THE KNALουσι και πενθουσιν επ' αυίη, στι τον τομον αυίων ουδεις α-12 τοράζει ουκ είι, τομον χρυσου, και αργυρου, και λιθου Τιμιου, και μαργαρίζου, και Βυσσου, και πορφυρας, και σπρικου, και κοκκιύου, και παν ξυλον θυϊνου, και παν σκευος ελεφανλίνου, και παν TKEUOK EK EUNOU TIMIWIATOU, και χαλκου, και σιδηρου, 13 και μαρμαρού, και κιναμωμον, και θυμιαμαία, και μυρον, και λιβανον, και οινον, και ελαιου, και σεμιδαλιυ, και σιλον, και κληνη, και προβάλα, και ίππων, και ρεδων, και σωμαίων, και ψυ-14 χας ανθρωπων. και ή οπωρα της επιθυμιας της ψυχης σου απηλθεν απο σου, και παν-Τα Τα λιπαρα και Τα λαμποα απηλθεν απο σου, και 15 ουκ είι ου μη έυρησης αυία. οι εμποροί τουθων δι πλουθησανίες

conflagration. frightned at 10 ber torments they will stand afar off, and cry, " alas, " alas, that great city Ba-" bylon, that mighty city! " what! is thy condemna-"tion fo fuddenly come?" the merchants of the earth 11 shall bewail and mourn over ber, because there are none to purchase their cargo: their 12 gold, and silver, precious stones, and pearls, fine linnen, and purple, their filk. scarlet, and all fort of + citron wood, their various vessels of ivory, and of precious wood, of brass, iron, and marble: nor their cin-13 namon, perfumes, essences, and frankincense; nor their wine, oil, fine flour, and wheat; their cattle. sheep, borses, and chariots; nor the servile * souls of men. the fruits, the object 14 of your delight, are departed from thee, all your delicacy and magnificence are lost, beyond the possibility of a recovery! the merchants of these wares who were 15

enrich'd

[&]quot;ples of Serapis, and Isis, the Septa, the temple of Neptune, the baths of Agrippa, the Pantheon, the theatres of Balbus, and Pompey, the library of Octavia, the temple of Jupiter Capitalinus, and the adjacent temples were all reduced to assess. So that this disaster was the result, not of human contrivance, but of divine vengeance: for from this sketch it is easy to judge of the universal Ruin." Dion Cassus's History, lib. lxvi. Titus, p. 755, 756.

† Plin. xiii. 15.

* Ezek. xxvii. 13.

σανλει απ' αυλης, απο μακροθεν σηπονίαι, δια τον φοβον του βασανισμου αυλης, κλαι-TE OVIES KAL TEXBOUVISS, KAL DErosio, ovai, ovai, n modic η μεταλη, ή περιβεβλημενη βυσσινον και πορφυρουν και KOKKIYOV. KAI KEXOUTWUEVN EV χρυσω και λιθω Τιμιώ και μαργαρίζαις, ότι μια ώρα ηεπιωθη ο τοσουίος πλουίος. 17 και πας κυβερνηλης, και πας επι των πλοιων ο όμιλος, και ναυλαι, και όσοι την θαλασσαν εργαζονίαι, απο μαις κροθεν εσίησαν, και εκράζου, ορωνίες τον καπνον της πυεωσεως αυίπς, πεγονίες, τις ομοια τη πολει τη μεγαλη? ιο και εβαλον χουν επιτας κεφαλας άυλων, και εκραζον κλαιονίες και πενθουνίες, λεγονίες, " ουαι, ουαι ή πολις ή μεγαλη, εν ή επλουίηη μεταλη, εν η επισοι... σαν πανθες δι εχονθες πλοια εν τη θαλασση, εκ της Τιμιοθηθος αυθης, ότι μια ο " ωρα ηρημωθη." ευφραινου επ' αυίην ουρανε, και δι άποι αποσίολοι και οι προ- $\varphi nl\alpha i$, $\delta \tau i$ explues $\delta \Theta \epsilon o \epsilon \tau o$ κειμα ύμων εξ αυίης.

Και ήτεν εις αςτελος ισχυτος λίθον ώς μυλον μεταν, και εβαελν εις την θαλασσαν, λετων, " ούθως ορμημαθι βλε-" θησεθαι Βαβυλων ή μεταλη πολις, και ου μη έυρεθη

enrich'd by ber, shall stand afar off, under the dread of ber torments, with tears and lamentations, crying, a. 16 las, alas, that great city. that was cloathed in fine linnen, purple, and scarlet: decked with gold, precious stones and pearls: ber wealth 17 is all sunk in a moment! the pilots and the passengers: the ships-crew, and the super-cargo's shall stand afar off, and cry out, when 18 they see the smoke of her burning, what city could be compar'd to this great city? they will scatter dust on their 19 beads, and cry with tears, and bemoaning, " alas, a-" las, that great city, which " enrich'd all the traders by es sea, by the consumption she "made: bow is she re-" duc'd to a defert, in an " instant!" O beaven, and 20 ye boly apostles and prophets, triumph at ber ruin, since God bath avenged you on her.

Then a mighty angel took 21 up a stone like a great milstone, and threw it into the
sea, saying, "thus with
violence shall that great
city Babylon be thrown
down,

Ver. 21. Jer. ii. 63. Vol. II.

REVELATION. CHAP. XIX.

22 " είι. και φωνη κιθαρφδων, KAL HOUGIKWY, KAL AUNIIτων, και σαλπισίων ου μη ακουσθη εν σοι είι, και TAC TEXHING TAONS TEXvns ou un éupnan ev ooi eli. και φωνη μύλου ου μη ακουσθη εν σοι είτ: και φως λυχνού ου μπ φανή εν σοι eli, kai owyn vuholou kai νυμφης ου μη ακουσθη εν σοι είι, ότι δι εμποροί σου noav & meriolaves The ine, ότι εν τη φαρμακεια σου επλανηθησαν πανία τα εθνη. και εν αύλη άιμα προφηίων και άξιων έυρεθη, και πανίων των εσφαγμε-אשע באנ דווג רווג."

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Και μεία ταυία ηκουσα 1 φωνην οχλου πολλου μεταλην τω ουρανω, λεγονίων, αλληλουία, ή σωληρια και " ή δοξα και ή Τιμη και ή δυναμις Κυριώ τω Θεώ ήμων: ότι αληθιναι και δικαιαι αι κρισεικ αυλου, ότι εκρινε την πορνην την μετα-Any, ntic embeine thy inv ev " τη πορνεια άυδης, και εξεδικησε το άιμα των δου-" λων άυλου εκ της χειρος " αυλης." και δευλερον ειρηκαν, " αλληλουία." καπνος αυίπς αναβαινει εις Τους αίωνας Των αίωνων.

" down, never to be sound "any more, the musick of 22 " the barp, of the flute, " and of the trumpet, shall "never be beard again in " thee: no artist of any kind " shall be found again in " thee; the found of a mil-" stone shall never be beard " again in thee; the lamp 23 " shall no more be lighted " in thee; the bridal-song " shall be beard there no "more: for thy merchants " were the great men of the " earth; all nations were fe-" duc'd by thy enchantments. " bere it was, that the blood 2. " of the prophets, of the faints, " and of all that were flain up-" on the earth, was found." And after these things I ; beard a great voice of a numerous multitude in beaven, faying, " alleluia; falva-"tion, glory, bonour, and " power unto the Lord our "God: for just and right: " are bis judgments; for be " bath condemned the grand " prositute, who corrupted " the earth with ber licen-" tiousness, and bath aven-" ged the blood of his fer-"vants that were shed by "ber band." again they faid, " alleluia." and ber smoke rose up sor ever and ever.

Then

4 Και επεσον οι πρεσβυλεροι οι εικοσι και τεσσαρες, και τα τεσσαρά ζωά, και προσεκυνησαν Τω Θεω τω καθη-MENO ETI TOU POOVOU, REFOR-" αμην, αλληλουΐα." και φωνη εκ του θρονου εξηλ-" aiveils Tov θ_{E} , λ_{E} F $OU \sigma \alpha$, "Θεον ήμων πανίες όι δου-" λοι αυίου, και οι φοβου-" μενοι αυθον και όι μικροι και οι μεγαλοι." και nκουσα ώς φωνην οχλου πολλου, και ώς φωνην ύδαλων πολλων, και ώς φωνην βροντων ισχυρων, περονίας, "αλ-" ππλουία, ότι εβασιλευσε " Κυριος ό Θεος ό πανλοκρα-" τωρ. χαιρωμέν και αγαλ-" λιωμεθα, και δωμεν την δοξαν αυίω, ότι πλθεν ό " נמויסג דסט מסטוסט, גמו ה ຼີ γυνη αυλου ήτοιμασενέαυτην. και εδοθη αυλη ίνα " περιβαλπίαι βυσσινον κα-" θαρον και λαμπρον, το " γαρ βυσσινον, τα δικαιωμαλα των άγιων εσλιν. και λε[ει μοι, Γραψον, μακα-CIOI OI EIC TO DELTIVON TOU **Γαμου Του αρνιου ΚΕΚλημε**νοι. και λεγει μοι, ουλοι οι " λογοι αλπθινοι εισι του 10" Θεου." και επεσον εμπροσθεν των ποδων αυλου προσκυνησαι αυίω. και λε-[ει μοι, " ορα μπ, συνδουλος σου ειμι και των αδελφων σου των εχονίων την μαρ-" τυριαν του Ιnσου, τω Θεω $\pi po\sigma -$

Then the four and iwenty A elders, and the four animals fell down and worshipped God that fat on the throne. faying, " amen; alleluia." and a voice came out of 5 the throne, saying, " praise " our God, all ye his fer-"vants, and ye that fear " bim, both small and great." and I beard as it were the 6 voice of a great multitude, which was like the found of many waters, or like a volley of thunder, saying, " al-" leluia: for the Lord God " omnipotent does reign." "let us rejoyce, and tri- 7 " umph, and give honour to " bim: for the marriage of " the lamb is come, and his " spouse is already adorn'd. "for she was permitted to 8 " be arrayed in fine linnen, "clean and white: for the "fine linnen represents the "virtues of the saints." and 9 be faid unto me, " write, " happy are they who are "invited to the marriage-" fupper of the lamb." and be said to me, " thus I have " delivered the real oracles " of God." then I fell at 10 bis feet to worship bim: but he faid to me, " forbear: " I am the servant of God, " as you and your brethren " are, that bear testimony to Jesus: worship God: Nnn 2

" προσκυνησον. ή ταρ μαρ" Τυρια Του Ιπσου εσίι το
" πνευμα την προσηγιας"

" πνευμα της προφηλειας." Και ειδον Τον ουρανου α-İΙ νεωημένου, και ιδου ίππος REUKOC. KAL O KABNUSYOK FAT αυίον, καλουμένος πισίος και απηθινος, και εν δικαιοσυνη 12 KPIVEL KALL TONEHEL. OL DE OOθαλμοι αυλου ώς φλοξ πυρος. και επι την κεφαλην αυλου διαδημαία πολλα, εχων ονομα Γεγραμμενον, ο ουδει: οιδεν 13 ει μη αυίος: και περιβεβλημενος ίμαλιον βεβαμμενον άιμαλι, και καλειλαι το ονομα αύλου, ο λογος του Θεου. 14 και τα σιραιευμαία τα εν τω ουρανω ηκολουθει αυίω εφ' ιπποις λευκοις, ενδεδυμενοι Βυσσινον λευκον και καθαρον. 15 KAI EK TOU Gloualos aulou EKπορευείαι ρομφαια οξεια, ίνα εν αυλη παλασση τα εθνη, και αυίος ποιμανει αυίους εν ραβδω σιδηρα, και αυλος πα-TEL THY ANYOU TOU OLVOU TOU θυμου και της οργης του Θεου -16 του πανδοκραδορος. και εχει επι το ίμαλιον και επι τον μπρον άυλου το ονομα Γεγγαμμενον, βασιλευς βασιλεών και Κυριος κυριών.

17 Και ειδον ένα αργελον έστωία εν τω ήλιω, και εκραξε
φωνη μεραλή, λερων πασι
τοις ορνεοις τοις πείωμενοις εν
μεσουρανημαίι, "δευίε συναχθήε

Ver. 13. Ifa. lxiii. 2.

Ver. 17. Ezek. xxxix. 17. Jer. xii. 9. Ifa. xviii. 6. xxv. 6.

"for to give testimony to "Jesus, is the very design of prophecy."

Then I faw heaven open-11 ed, and a white borfe appear'd; and be that fat upon him was called the faithful and the true: in righteousness he judges and makes war: bis eyes were 12 as a flame of fire, on his bead were many crowns: and a name inscrib'd which no one comprehended, but bimself: be bad a vesture 13 dipt in blood: and his name is called, THE LOGOS OF God. and the armies of 14 beaven followed bim upon white borses, cloathed in fine linnen, white and clean, out 15 of his mouth went a sharp sword, in order to smite the nations: for he shall rule them with an iron sceptre: and tread the wine-press of the fierce vengeance of almighty God. on the mantle 16 about his thigh was this inscription, KING OF KINGS, AND LORD OF LORDS.

I saw likewise an angel 17 standing upon the sun; and he cryed with a loud voice, saying to all the sowls that sly in the midst of heaven,

" ναχθη ε εις το δειπνον το
18" με του Θεου: ίνα φα τη ε
σαρκας βασιλεων, και
σαρκας χιλιαρχων, και
σαρκας ισχυρων, και σαρκας ίππων και των καθημενων επ' αυθων, και σαρκας πανθων, ελευθερων και
δουλων, και μικρων και
με ταλων."

το Και ειδου το θηριου, και τους βασιλεις της γης, και τα σις αι ευμαία αυίων συνης μενα ποιησαι πολεμον μεία του καθημενού επι του ίππου, και μεία του σιραίευμαίος αυίου. 20 και επιασθη το θηριον, και μεία τουίου ο ψευδοπροφηίης δ ποιησας τα σημεία ενωπίον αυλου, εν οις επλανησε τους λαβονίας το χαραγμα του θηριού, και τους προσκυνούντας τη οικονι αυλου, ζωνλες εβληθησαν οι δυο εις την λιμ-VIIV TOU TUCOS TIV KALOUEVIIV 2 ι εν τω θειω. και δι λοιποι απεκλαυθησαν εν τη ρομφαια του καθημένου επι του ίππου, TH EKTOPEUOLEVH EK TOU oloμαίος αυίου, και πανία τα ορνεα εχορίασθησαν εκ των σαρκων αυίων.

Και ειδον αςτελον καλαβαινονλα εκ του ουρανου, εχονλα "come and gather your

felves together to the sup
per of the great God;

that ye may eat the sless 18

of kings, the sless of cap
tains, the sless of mighty

men, the sless of horses,

and of those that ride on

them, the sless of all that

are free, and all that are

slaves, both small and great."

Then I faw the beaft, 19 and the kings of the earth, with their armies affembled, to make war against him that sat on the borse, and against bis army. and the beast 20 was taken, and with him the false prophet that wrought miracles in bis favour, by which he seduc'd those that bad received the mark of the beast, and those that worshipped his image. were both cast alive into a lake of fire burning with brimstone. all the rest were 21 slain with the fword of him that sat upon the borse, which fword proceeded out of bis mouth: and all the fowls were satiated with their fielb.

Afterwards I saw an angel come down from beaven, bav-

Chap. XX. Grottus observes, that almost this whole chapter was borrowed from the traditionary doctrine of the Jews, relating to the two resurrections, the Millennium, the war of Gog and Magog. see the Targum Megilla ii, 12. Abenessa and Saadia on Daniel. Vajiera Rab. c. xxviii. Jerom lib. v, xv, xviii. on Isaiah. Onkelos, Deut. xxxiii. 16. and Jonathan, Isaiah xxii. 14.

CHAP. XX.

την κλειδα της αβυσσου, και άλυστιν μεγαλην επι την χειρα 2 άυλου. και εκραλησε τον δρακουλα, τον οφιν τον αρχαιον, ός εσλι διαβολος και σαλανας, και εδησεν αυλον εις την αβυσσον, και εκλεισεν, και εσφραγισεν επανω αυλου, ίνα μη πλανηση ελι τα εθνη, αχρι τελεσθη τα χιλια ελη, και μελα ταυλα δει αυλον λυθηναι μικρον χρονον.

Και ειδον θρονους, και εκαθισαν επ' αυλους, και κριμα εδοθη αυδοις, και τας ψυχας των πεπελεκισμένων δια την μαρίυριαν Ιπσου, και δια τον AOTOV TOU OSOU, KAI OITIVES OU προσεκυνησαν τω θηριω, ουλε TH EIKOVI AUTOU, KAI OUK ENAβον το χαρατμα επι το μετωπον, και επι την χειρα άυλων, και εξησαν, καιεβασιλευσαν μεία του Χρισίου 5 τα χιλια είπ. (οι δε λοιποι των νεκρων ουκ ανεζησαν έως τελεσθή τα χιλια είη) άθη 6 ή ανασίασις ή πρωίη. μακαριος και άγιος ό εχων μέρος εν τη ανασίασει τη πρωίη, επι τουλων ο θανάλος ο δευλε-POS OUK EXEL EKOUGIAY, ANN εσονίαι ίερεις του Θεου και του Χρισίου, και βασιλευσουσι μετ' αυλου χιλια ελη.

, baving the key of the battomless pit, with a great chain in his band, and he z laid bold on the dragon. that old serpent, which is the devil and fatan, and bound bim for a thousand years, then cast him into the 3 bottomless pit, there shut bim up, and fet a feal upon bim, that be should seduce the nations no more, till the thousand years should be fulfilled: and after that, be was to be loofed for a short time.

I saw likewise thrones, 4 where persons were feated, to whom the power of judging was given: and I faw the fouls of those that were beheaded for the testimony they bad given to Jejus, and for the word of God, who had not worshipped the beast, nor bis image, nor badreceived bis mark upon their forebeads, or in their hands; and they lived and reigned with Christ a thousand years, but the rest of 5 the dead shall not live again until the thousand years are finished, this is the first resurrection. bappy and boly are 6 they that have part in the first refurrection: on fuch the fecond death bath no power, but they shall be priests of God, and of Christ, and shall reign with him a thoufand years.

Και όταν τελεσθη τα χιnia eln. nueno elai o o alavac 8 εκ της Φυλακης άθου, και FENERALIZATANOAL TA EBνη Τα εν Ταις Τεσσαςσι τωνιας της της, τον Γως και τον Μαζως, συναγαγείν αυλούς είςπολεμον, ών ὁ αριθμος ώς ή ο αμμος της θαλασσης. ανεβπσαν επιτο πλαίος της THE KAL EKUKAWOAV THY HAεεμβολην των άριων, και την TOLLY THY HEATHMENNY, KALL καλεβη πυρ απο του Θεου εκ του ουρανου, και καλεφαγεν τραυλους και ο διαβολος δ πλανων αυλους εβληθη εις την λιμνην του πυρος και θειου. όπου το θηριον και ό ψευδοπροφηίης, και βασανισθησονίαι ήμερας και νυκίος εις Τους αιωνας των αιωνων.

τους αιώνας των αιώνων.

11 Και ειδου θρουου λευκου με
Γαυ, και του καθημευου επ'

αυίου, ου απο προσωπου ε
φυγεν ή γη και ο ουρανος,

και τοπος ουχ έυρεθη αυ
12 τοις. και ειδου τους υεκρους,

τους μικρους, και τους μεγαλους, έσίωλας ευωπιου του

θρουου, και βιβλια ηυεφχθησαν, και βιβλιου αλλο η
νεφχθη, ο εσίι της ζω
ης, και εκριθησαν οι νεκροι

εκ των γεγραμμευων εν τοις
βιβλιοις, καία τα εργα αυ
13 των. και εδωκεν ή θαλασ-

When the thousand years 7 are expired, Satan Sall be loofed out of bis prison, and & shall go out to seduce the nations. which are in the four quarters of the earth, * Gog and Magog, to assemble them . to battle: they will be as numerous as the sand of the sea. they will spread on the surface of the earth, and encompass the camp of the faints, and the beloved city: and fire shall descend from God out of beaven, and devour them. the devil that 10 seduced them, shall be cast into the lake of fire and brimstone, where the beast and the false prophet are, and shall be tormented day and night for ever and ever.

Then I saw a great white 11 throne, and him that fat on it, from whose presence the. earth and the beaven fled away, so that they disappear'd. and I faw the dead, 12 small and great, stand before the throne; the books were opened: and another book was opened, which is the book of life: and the dead were judged out of those things which were written in the books, according to their works. the sea gave up the 12 dead

Ver. 8. Gog. from Gyger the king of Lydia. Josephus says, the Scythians were called Magogæ from Magoges their prince.

* Ezek, xxxviii, xxxix.

σα Τους εν αυίη νεκρους, και ο θαναίος και ο άδης εδωκαν Τους εν αυίοις νεκρους, και εκριθησαν έκασίος καία Τα εριθησαν έκασίος καία Τα εριθησαν έκασίος καία Τα εριθησαν εις Την λιμνην Του πυρος, όυίος εσίιν του έυρεθη εν Τη βιβλω Της Κωης Γεγραμμένος, εβληθη εις Την λιμνην Του πυρος.

Και ειδου ουρανου καινου και την καινην, δ ταρ πρωίος συράνος και ή πρώλη τη παρπλθε, και ή θαλασσα ουκ 2. בסלוש בלנ. אמו דחש מסאוש דחש άτιαν, Ιερουσαλημ καινην ειδον καλαβαινουσαν απο του Θεου εκ του ουρανου, πτοιμασμενην ώς νυμφην κεκοσμημενην τω ανδω άυλης. ηκουσα φωνης μεγαλης εκ του ουρανου, λεγουσης, " ιδου ή σκηνη του Θεου μελα των ανθρωπων, και σκηνωσει , שבד' מטושי, גמו מטוסו אמοι αυλου εσονλαι, και αυ-TOS Ó ΘΞOS Eσίαι μετ' αυ-" των, Θεος αυλων, και εξα-Assures $\delta \Theta \cos \pi \alpha v \delta \alpha \kappa \rho \nu \rho \nu$ απο των οφθαλιών αυ-" των, και ο θαναίος ουκ ", ะฮโสเ ะโเ, อบโะ พะหชอง, อบโะ κραυγη, ουλε πονος ουκ εσται είι, ότι τα πρωία απηλθου." και είπεν ὁ καθημενος επι του θρονου, ' ι-δου,

dead which were in it; death and the grave delivered up the dead which were in them: and they were judged every one according to their works. and † death and the 14 grave were cast into the lake of fire: this is the second death, and who so ever was not 15 found written in the book of life, was cast into the lake of fire.

AFTERWARDS I faw a 1 new beaven, and a new earth: for the first beaven and the first earth were vanished; and there was no more fea *. and I faw the boly city, the 2 new Jerusalem, descend from God out of beaven, prepared as a bride adorned for ber busband. then I beard a 3 great voice out of beaven, faying, " behold, the tabernacle of God is with men: " be will dwell with them, " ibey shall be bis people. " God bimfelf shall be with " them, as their God. God 4 " shall wipe away all tears " from their eyes; there " shall be no more death, " sorrow, or crying, neither " shall there be any more " pain: for the former state " of things is passed away." be that sat upon the throne, 5 faid, " behold, I make all

+ Isa. xiv. 29. xxviii. 15, 18. xxxviii. 18. Psal, vi. 5. after the judgment there will be no more dying and burying. 1 Cor. xv. 54. Gen. i. 14, 16.

Ver. 1. Ifa. lxv. 17. lxvi. 22.

Ver. 4. Ifa. xxv. 8.

" δου, καινα πανλα ποιω." και λεγει, " γρατιου, οτιου-" Τοι οι πογοι αππθινοι και मानीश हानाः" KAI हामह प्रश्ना " TEFOVE. EFW EIM TO A KAI το Ω, η αρχη και το τελος: ετω τω διψωνλι " δωσω εκ της πητης του ζε υδαίος της ζωπε δωρεαν. ο γικων κλπρουομπσει Ταυ-. la, και εσομαι αυίω Θεos, kai avlos eolai poi ò ... υιος. δειλοις δε και αι πισίοις και εβδελυγμενοις KAL POVEUGI KAL TOPVOLS και φαρμακοισι και ειδωλολαίραις, και πασι τοις ψευδεσι, το μερος αυλων ς εν τη λιμνή τη καιομένη πυρι και θειώ, ο εσλι δευ-" Tepos bavalos.

9 Kai nade eig ek Twy enla ALLEY TON EXONOR TAC έπλα φιαλας τας γεμουσας των έπλα πληςων των εσχαίων, και ελαλησε μετ' εμου, λειων, " δευρο, δειξω σοι την νυμφην του αρ-וס" עוסט דחש דעשמוגמ." Kal annuerke he en unenhali en ορος μετα και ύψηλου, και εδειζε μοι Την πολιν την αγιαν Ιερουσαλημ, καλαβαινουσαν εκ του ουρανου απο 11 του Θεου. εχουσαν την δοξαν του Θεου, και * ο φωσ-Inp αυίπς δμοιος λιθώ Τιμιω-Τατώ, ώς λιθώ ιασπιδί κρυσ-VOL. II.

" things new." and he faid write: " for these words " are true and authentic." and be faid to me, " it is 6 done. I am Alpha and " Omega, the beginning and " the end: to bim that is " a-thirst I will freely give " of the fountain of living " water. he that overcomes, ? " shall inkerit these things: " I will be his God, and " be shall be my fon. but 8 " the fearful, and increduso lous, the abominable, the " murderer, the licentious, " the poisoner, the idolater, " and every lyar shall bave " their part in the lake " which burns with fire " and brimstone: this is

" the second death." Then there came to me q one of the seven angels, who had the seven vials full of the seven last plagues, and talked with me, saying, " come bither, I will shew " thee the bride, the lamb's " wife." and be carried 10 me away in an extacy to a great and bigh mountain, and shewed me the city, the boly Jerusalem, descending out of beaven from God. it 11 blaz'd with the glory of God: ber * luminary was like that of a brilliant, even like a jasper, as transparent $\mathbf{O} \circ \mathbf{o}$

12 TANNICOVIL: EXOUTAV TE TEIχος μετα και ύννηλον, εχουσαν πυλωνας δωδεκα, και επι τοις πυλωσιν αιτελους δωδεκα, και ονομαία επιτε-Γραμμενα, ά εσίι των δωδέκα Φυλων των ύιων Ισραπλ. 12 απ' αναλολης, πυλωνές τρεις; απο βορρά, πυλωνές τρεις; απο νοτου, πυλωνές τρεις; απο δυσμων, πυλωνες τρεις. Ι 4 Και Το Τειχος Της πολεως εχου θεμελιους δωδεκα, και εν αυλοις ονομαλα των δωδεκα αποσίολων του αςνιου. 15 KAI O NANWY HET EHOU, EIXE καλαμον χρυσουν, ίνα μείρη-ON THY HOLLY, KAL TOLK HUλωνας αυλης, (και το τειχος 16 αυλης.) και ή πολις τέλρατωνος κείδαι, και το μηκος αυίης τοσούλου εσλιυ όσου και το πλαίος: και εμείσησε την πολιν τω καλαμω επι σλαδιων δωδεκα χιλιαδων: Το μπκος και το πλα-Τος και το ύψος αυτης ίσα 17 Eoli. Kai Euelphoe To Teiχος αυίης εκαίον τεσσαρακονία τεσσαρων πηχων, μερον ανθρωπου, ο εσίιν αγγελου. 18 και πν ή ενδομήσις του τειxous aulns, lagais kal n πολις χρυσιου καθαρου, ό-19 μοιον ύαλω καθαρω. και οι θεμελιοι του τειχούς της πολεως πανλι λιθω τιμιω κεκοσμημενοι ο θεμελιος ο πρω-7os,

as crystal. ber walls were 12 large and bigb; the gates were twelve; and at the gates twelve angels, with the names of the twelve tribes of the children of Israel inscrib'd thereon. on the east 13 were three gates; on the north, three gates; on the fouth, three gates; and three gates on the west. the wall 14 of the city had twelve foundations, and on them the names of the twelve aposlles of the lamb. be that talked 15 with me, had a golden reed to measure the city, its gates, and its walls. the city was 16 a fquare, the length being as large as the breadth: be measured the city with the reed, and found it twelve thousand furlongs: the length, the breadth, and the height of it were equal. be mea- 17 fured the wall, and it was an bundred and forty four cubits, according to the common meajure, which was what the angel employed. the wall was built of jaf- 19 per; and the city was of pure gold, as pure as glafs. the foundations of the city-19 wall were embellished with all manner of precious stones. the first foundation was of

jaffer

Ver. 16. Ezek. lxviii. 16. Ver. 19. Ita. xxviii. 16. liv. 11. Tobit xiii. 16 _____21.

Τος, ιασπις ; ο δευτερος, σαπφειρος : ο τείλος, χαλκηδων: 20 ο τελαρίος, σμαραγδος 5 ο πεμπίος, σαρδονύξι ο έκλος. σαρδίος ; ο εβδομος, χουσολιθος; ο ορδοος, βπουλλος; ο εναίος, τοπαζιον: ο δεκα*λος, χρυσοπρασος; ὁ ένδεκα*⊷ Τος, ύακινθος 3 ο δωδεκαΤος, 2 I au fluotoc. Kai or Swoteka πυλωνες, δωδεκα μαργαρίλαι. ανα έις έκασζος των πυλωνων ην εξ ένος μαργαρίλου: και ή πλαίεια της πολεως, χρυσιον καθαρον, ώς ύαλος διαυτης.

22 Και ναον ουκ ειδον εν αυτη: ο γαρ Κυριος ο Θεος ο πανδοκραθωρ, ναος αυδης 23 ETI., KAI TO APVIOV. KAI n TOXIC OU XDELCEY EXEL TOU ήλιου ουδε της σεληνης, ίνα φαινωσιν εν αυτη: ή γαρ δοξα του Θεου εφωλισεν αυ-]ην. και ο λυχνος αυ]ης το 24 αρνίου. και περιπαλησουσι τα εθνη δια του φωίος αυ-Tης, και οι βασιλείς της γης φερουσι την δοξαν και την 25 Tiuny ablov sic aulny. οι πυλωνες αυίπς ου μπ κλεισθωσιν ήμερας: νυξ γαρ 26 OUK EOTAL EKEL. και οισούσι την δοξαν και την τιμην 27 των εθνων εις αυλην. και jasper; the second, of sapphire; the third, of chalcedony; the fourth, of an emerald; the fifth, of far- 20 donyx; the fixth, of fardius; the seventh, of chryfolite; the eighth, of beryl; the ninth, of a topaz; the tenth, of a chrysoprasus; the elventh, of a jacinth; the twelfth, of an amethyst. the twelve gates were twelve 2 I pearls; each fingle gate was of one pearl: and the street of the city was pure gold; as splendid as glass.

I did not see any temple 22 there: for the Lord God almighty, and the lamb are its temple, the city bad no 22 need either of the sun, or of the moon to shine in it: for the glory of God did lighten it, and the lamb is the luminary thereof. the 24 nations shall walk by its light, and the kings of the earth bring all their glory and magnificence into it. the 25 gates of it shall never be shut by day: for no night shall be there. the glory 26 and magnificence of the nations shall be brought into it. and nothing that is 27 im-

Chap. XXI. 25. "Heaven is one everlasting day, void of shade "and night, being illuminated with the most pure inextinguishable "splendors." Philo, Joseph's life.

Ver. 26. Ifa. ix. 5, 18.

ου μπ εισελθή εις αυίπν παν κοινον, και ποιων βδελυγμα, και ποιών βιξελυγμα, και ψευδος: ει μπ οι γεγραμμενοι εν τω βιβλιώ της ζωπς του αρνιου.

Και παν καλαναθεμα ουκ EGTAL ETI: KAL O OPOVOS TOU SEOU KAL TOU APPLOU EV AUτη εσίαι ; και οι δουλοι αυ-4 Του λαΓρευσουσιν αυτώ. και οψονίαι το προσωπον άυ-Του, και το ονομα ຂນີວນ επι των μείωπων 5 KAI VUE OUK EOTAI EKEI: KAI ΧΡΕΙΦΎ ΟυΚ ΕΧΟυσι λυχνου και φωλος ήλιου, ότι Κυριος ό Θεος φωλίζει αυλους: και βασιλευσουσιν εις Τους αιω-6 νας των αιωνων. και είπε μοι, " όυλοι οι λοτοι πισλοι και αληθινοι, και Κυριος " ὁ Θεος των αγιων προφη-" Ιων απεσίειλε τον αςτελον αυλου δειξαι τοις δουλοις άθου ά δει γενεσθαι εν ταχει. ιδού, ερχομαι

impure, no one that is guilty of any abomination, or a lye, shall ever enter there: but they alone who are written in the lamb's book of life.

Then he shewed me a pure river of living water, clear as crystal, proceeding out of the throne of God, and of the lamb. in the 2 midst of the area, surrounded by the river, was the tree of life, which had twelve fruit-seasons, yielding its fruit every month: and the leaves of the tree were for the healing of the nations.

There shall be nothing ob- 2 noxious to a curse: but the throne of God and of the lamb shall be in it; and his servants shall serve bim. they 4 shall see bis face; and bis name shall be in their forebeads. no night shall be there, 5 nor any need of a lamp, or of the light of the sun; for the Lord God will give them light: and they shall reign for ever and ever. the an- 6 gel then said, " these say-" ings are certain and true. " the Lord God of the boly " prophets has fent his an-gel to shew his servants " what must shortly bap-" pen. I shall soon come: 7

" варру

" ταχυ: μακαριος ο Τηρων " Τους λογους της προφη-

" Τειας του βιβλιου τουΤου."

Kai ETW IWAYYNG & BAE- . πων ταυία και ακουων, και OTE MKOUO α και εβλεψα, επεσα προσκυνήσαι εμπροσθεν των ποδων του αττελου του δεικνυονίος μοι ταυία. και λεγει μοι, " ορα μη, 9 KAL REFEL HOL,

συνδουλος σου ειμι, και " των αδελφων σου των

" προφηίων, και των τη-" ρουνίων τους λογους του

βιβλιου τουλου: τω Θεω

" προσκυνησον."

10 και λεγει μοι, " μη σφρα-**Γισης Τους λογους Της προ**φηλειας του βιβλιου του-" Tou: oti o kaipos effus

εσίιν. ὁ αδικων, αδικησαλω ελι: και ο ρυπων, ຼີ ρυπωσαίω είι : και ο δικαι-

ος, δικαιωθήλω ελι: και ό

12 άριος, άριασθήθω εθι. ιδου, ερχομαι ταχυ, και δ

" μισθος μου μετ' εμου, α-" ποδουναι έκασ]ώ ώς το ερ-

13" for aulou colai. Efw Eimi το A και το Ω , αρχη και

" τελος, ο πρωίος και ο εσ-

" χαίος. μακαριοι οι πλυ-" νουθες τας σίολας αυίων ί-

να εσίαι ή εξουσια αυίων επι το ξυλον της ζωης, και

τοις πυλωσιν εισελθωσιν

15" εις την πολιν. εξω οι

" happy is be that attends " to the prophecies of this " book "

I John saw these things, 8 and heard them. and when I bad beard and seen, I fell down to worship at the feet of the angel, who shewed me these things. but he q said to me, " forbear, I am " the servant of God, as

" you are, and your bre-" thren the prophets, and

" those who observe the

" words of this book : wor-

" Ship God."

He subjoin'd, " don't 10

" seal the prophetic dis-" courses of this book: for

" the time draws nigh. be II

" that is unjust, let him be

" unjust still: he that is " filtby, let bim be filtby

" still: be that is righteous,

" let bim be righteous still:

" and he that is holy, let

" bim be boly still. behold, 12

" I come quickly; and my " reward is with me, to

" give every man according

" as his work shall be. I13

" am Alpha and Omega,

" the beginning and the

" end, the first and the last. " bleffed are they who wash 14

" their robes, that they

" may bave right to the

" tree of life, and may en-

" ter in through the gates " into the city." "but with- 15

E KUPEG

TOTS REVELATION. CHAP. XXII.

" κυνες, και όι φαρμακοι, και όι πορνοι, και οι φονεις, και όι φονεις, και τος ό φιλων και ποιων ψευ- δος."

** ΕΓω Ιπσους επεμψα Τον αργελον μου μαρθυρπσαι ύμιν Ταυθα επι Ταις εκκλησιας. ερω ειμι ή ρίζα και Το Γενος Του Δαβιδ, ὁ αστηρος και πρωιτηρος και πρωιτηρος και πουμφη λερουσιν, ελθε. και ὁ ακουων ειπαθω, ελθε. ὁ διψων ελθεθω, και ὁ θελων λαμβανεθω Το υδωρ ζωπς δωρεαν.

18 Συμμαρίνρω εςω πανίι ακουονίι τους λοςους της προφηθειαςτου βιβλιου του-του, εαν τις επίθη επ' αυία, επιθησει ό Θεος επ' αυίαν τας πληγας τας τε-τραμμενας εν βιβλιώ του-τος και εαν τις αφελή απο των λοςων του βιβλιου της προφηθείας ταυίης, αμαρησει ό Θεος το μερος αυίου απο του ξυλου της ζωης, και εκ της πολεως της άγιας, των τεγραμμενων εν βιβλιω τουίω." λε-

" out are the execrable, the poisoners, the licentious, the murderers, the idolaters, and all who are pleas'd with, or practife deceit.

"I Jesus have sent my 16
angel to testify these things
to the churches. I am
the shoot, the offspring
of David, the splendid
morning star. the spirit 17
and the bride say, come.
tet him that heareth, say,
come. let him that is

" a-thirst, come: and whofoever will, let him take

"the water of life freely.
"I declare to every one 18
"that hears the words of
"the prophecy of this book,
"if any one shall add to
these things, God shall

" strike bim with the plagues that are written in this

" book: and if any one 19
" shall take away from the

" words of the book of this prophecy, God shall ex-

" clude bim from any in-" terest in the tree of life,

" and in the boly city, and

" in the things which are written in this book." he 20

who

Chap. XXII. 18. IRENEUS, at the end of his works, has this adjuvation. "I adjuve thee, transcriber, whoever you are, by our Lord "Jesus Christ, and his glorious advent, when he will judge the living and the dead, carefully to compare your copy with, and correct it by this original; and likewise to transcribe this adjuration in your copy. Eusebius, Jerom, Russiaus, and Valens Antiochen. made use of the same form."

LEC

Γει ὁ μαρθυρων ταυθα, " ερ-" χομαι ταχυ."

Αμην. ναι ερχου, Κυριε Ι-21 πσου. ή χαρις του Κυριου Ιπσου Χρισίου μεία πανίων. who testifieth these things, saith, "I come quickly."
Amen. even so, come, Lord Jesus Christ he with you all.

Chap. III. 3. Ou MEMMUNAS] is not in Steph. 11. 15. Alexand. Baroc. Leicest. Petav. 2, 3. Hunting. 1. Sinah, Seidel. Veles. lect. More, the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Acthiopic, the Complut. ed. Arethras.

Ver. 21. Melavoyon, &c.] Steph. 11. 15. Alexand. Baroc. &cc.

Ch. V. 11. Musicates, &c.] Steph. 10. 15. Alexand. Baroc. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2. Sinah, More, Leicest. Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Arethras, Complut.

Ch. VI. 12. 6An J Steph. 15-15. Alexand. Baroc. Petav. 2. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2. Sinah, Seidel, Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Arethrae.

Ch. VIII. 7. Teller the fife, &c.] Steph. 4. Alexand. Baroc. Barb.4. Petav. 2. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2. Sinah, Seidel. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Tichonius, Beda. fee Prol. 1258.

Ver. 13. A[[ελου] αθου Alexand. Baroc. Hunting. 1. Sinah, More, Leicest. Velet. left. Vulgate, Syriac, Æthiopic, Arethras, Victorine,

Ambrosc, Tychonius, Beda, Complut. see Prol. 4.

Ch. IX. 19. Etousia Tow 12700, &c.] Steph. 16. 15. Alexand. Baroc. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2. Sinah, More, Leicest. Veles. lect. Seidel. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Arethras, and the Complutens. ed.

Ch. XI. 17. Kai & epzoperos] is not in Steph. 18. 15. Alexand. Baroc. Petav. 2, 3. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2. Sinah, Leicest. Seidel. Syriac, Are-

thras, Complut. ed.

Chap. XIV. 1. Kai to ovojua tou.] Steph. 12. Alexand. More, Baroc. Petav. 2, 3. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2. Seidel. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic. Æthiopie, Origen, Arethras, Cyprian, Jerom, and the Complutent. edit.

Ver. 5. Everton rou spavou rou Ocou] is not in Alexand. Sinah, More, Baroc. Petay. 2, 3. Hunting. 1. Covel. 2. Seidel. Several Latin MSS.

Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Arethras, nor the Complut. ed.

Ch. XV. 2. Ex του χαραζμά]ος αυ]ov] is not in the Alexand. More, Petav. Sinah, Hunting. 1. Covel. 2. Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic.

Ver. 3. Ampuv.] the Velef. lect. the Vulgate, Syriac, and Boda.

fee Prol. 509.

Ch. XX, 12, Opovou.] Steph. st. Alexand. Petrov. 2, 3. Hunting. t. Covel. 2. Sinah, More, Leicester. Veles. lect. the Vulgate, Syriac, Arabic, Æthiopic, Arethras, and the Complut. edition.

Ch. XXII. 14. Hauvorles, &c.] Alexand. Velef. lect. Covcl. 2. Atha-

natius, the Vulgate, Æthiopic. see Prol. 755, 1212.

THE learned have been greatly divided about the author of this book; his name, he says himselt, was John; some think that sufficient, he could not be mutaken in what he saw, says Grotius: but could not

Gro-

Grorius be mistaken in what he never saw? a book with an ambiguous title was a mark of imposture in those early times. forgery was then fo common, that St. Paul thought it a necessary precaption to describe himself, and subscribe his letters in a particular manner, to prevent, for the future, those frauds, which some had practis'd against himself. 1 Thessal, ii. of all the books of the new Testament, this is the only one, the matter of which is represented as dictated by an angel, the evidence then of its being genuine ought to have been answerable to the solemnity of the delivery, and the dignity of the argument. there's an infinite difference between matters of falt, and matters of vision. historical narration is an appeal to present records, or to the present sense of mankind; where no external characters appear, the visions of an unknown writer can't be diftinguished from mere enthusiastical Reveries. but this is not exactly the case here: the question is, whether the greatest part of this book be a prophetical vision of future events, or an artful relation of pass facts? if the reader will candidly compare the notes with the text, it will be difficult for him to deliberate long for an answer: at least he will have no occasion to consult either the Goths or the Vandais.

Catus, an ecclesiastical writer, who flourish'd about the year 201, says, "Cerinthus writ a book of Revelations, under the name of a great apostle, where he fraudulently introduces monstrous visions, which he says were represented to him by angels, and asserts, that after the resurrection, the kingdom of Christ will be terrestrial, that men shall live again at Jerusalem, and enjoy corporeal plea-

" fure." Eusebius's Eccles. Hift. b. 111. ch. 28.

Dionysius, bishop of Alexandria, a learned writer, who flourished in the middle of the third century, gives the following critic upon the revelations. " some of our predecessors confuted, and entirely " demolished this book, bringing all its parts to the test, and demon-" firating the whole to be an incomprehensible senseless piece of " work, and the title of it to be a mere forgery; for they affert, " it is not John's: nor is it a Revelation, because it is involved in " fuch a thick impenetrable cloud of ignorance; that not only no " apostle, but no honest clergyman could have a hand in such a com-"position. that Cerinthus was the man, the founder of the Cerin-" thian feet, who borrow'd John's name as a vehicle to make the for-" gery go down." then after an interpolation of Eusebius, or some other, Dionysius says, " I don't deny the book was writ by John.** " but I shall not easily allow, that this was John the apostle, the son " of Zebedee, the brother of James, the author of the gofpel accord-" ing to John, and of the Catholic Epifile.

"For from the different manner, flile, and firuiture of the two works, I conclude, they are not the same writer. for the evangeissued is the other john did not think it sufficient to ame himself once, you hear of him in the beginning, middle, and end. therefore that one John wrote this book, may be allowed, because he asserts it: but what John it was, is uncertain; for he does not say, he was that John, who is still the favorite disciple

" of the Lord, in many places of the gospel; or that it was he who
" fat next to the Lord; or that he was the brother of James; or that
" he himself saw and heard the Lord; circumstances which he would
" have mention'd, but that he had a mind to be in the dark. instead
of such characters," he stiles himself indeed a member of our fra" ternity, and a witness for Jesus, and blesses himself for having had
such Revelations. no doubt John had abundance of Name-sakes,
who out of pure love to the man, were fond of his name, and
borrowed it in hopes of being favourites themselves: as a great
many christian children now-a-days bear the name of Peter and
Paul: so in the Acts of the Apostles, there is mention of one John
Mark. but I am of opinion, the author of the Revelations was
some other John, one of those who liv'd in Asia. for as the story
goes, there are two tombs at Ephesus, and both called by the name

" of John's Tomb. " Besides, the fentiments, the diction, and the construction, plainly " distinguish the two writers. the gospel and the epistle perfectly " correspond, and both have the same introduction. the gospel begins "thus, " in the Arche was the Logos." the epiffle thus, " that " which was from the ARCHE." the gospel says, the Logos was in-" carnate, and dwelt among us; and we beheld his glory, a glory like " that of the Monogenes from the father. the fame with little variation " occurs in the epistle, " that which we have heard, which we have " feen with our eyes, which we have surveyed, and our hands have di-" stinguished to be the living Locos; for it is manifest, he had real "Life," by fuch a prelude he begins his charge, as the sequel shows, " against those who denied, that Christ had any real body. for which " reason, he studiously subjoins, what we have seen, we testify, and de-" clare to you that eternal Zoe, who was with the FATHER, and appear'd " amongs us. so confishently uniform is he, never losing sight of his " subject, but pursues it every where with the same topics and turn " of expressions: some of which we shall just touch upon. the at-" tentive reader, both in the gospel and in the epiftle, will frequent-" ly meet with life, and light, and darkness to be avoided; very often " with truth, favour, joy, the flesh and blood of the Lord, judgment, re-" mission of sins, the divine love to us, the precept of our mutual love, " and our obligation to perform all the commandments; the condem-" nation of the world, the devil, and antichrift, the promise of the holy " fpirit, the adoption of the sons of God, faith continually required, and " the father, and the for mention'd in both throughout. in a word, " a critical eye will differn the same genius every where, both in the " gospel and in the epiffle. but the Revelation is of a quite different " call : it has no alfinity with these things, nor, if I may so say, any " manner of correspondence with them; nor has it so much as one " fyllable in common with them. nor does the epiffle (to pais by the " go(pci) make the least mention of the Revelation, or the Revelation " of the epifle: yet Paul in his epiffles takes notice of his Revelations. " tho' he had not digested them into a distinct volume. besides, the "diction of the gospel and the epiftle is manifestly different from that " of the Revelation. in the former the Greek is correct, and an air of elegancy appears in the didion, in the arguments, and in the Ppp Vol. II. " structure

" firucture of his discourse: so impossible is it to find any harbarous so solucisims, or improprietys in them. for the evangelist, it seems,

" had both the facultys: the Lord having endued him with the gifts of fcience and eloquence. as for the other John, I won't oppose his having had a Revelation, and prophetic knowledge; but this I per-

" ceive, that his diction is not pure Greek, that his stile is barbarous,

" and not free from soloecisms: of which it is not necessary at pre-

" fent to give the detail."

These are arguments drawn from the nature of things, which are infinitely of greater weight than the assertion of an unknown, or at least of a very weak credulous writer, such as Justin Martyr most certainly was: nor were Irenzus and Tertullian less weak in copying his blunders. what could be more hardy than his charging the Romans, even in an apology, with having erected a statue to Simon Magus, which he ignorantly consounded with Semon Sangus? a mistake which could be only equal'd by his making Herod contemporary with Ptolemzus Philadelphus, which alone is sufficient to ruin his credit as an historian. Justin was remarkable for his illiterateness. Irenzus for his credulity, and Tertullian for his asbeistical philosophy. the credibility therefore of a fast founded upon such evidence, is less than nothing.

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Prologue to the Catholic Epistles afcrib'd to Jerom, writ by an unknown impostor.

The I. Epistle of John, chap. v. ver. 7. proved to be an interpolation. 921

1. The passage is not in any Greek MS. the Irish one, which is very modern, only excepted. 921

2. It is not in any of the antient vertions. 922

- 3. It is not in any Greek father.
- 4. It is not in the most antient Latin MSS. ib.
- 5. It is not in any Latin writer of the first five centurys. 924
- 6. It is not in several printed editions. 926

Authorities for the passage.

1. One Greek MS. in Ireland, of a wretched character. 927

- A Greek fragment, being a tranfiation of the Latin acts of the council of Lateran, held An. 1215.
- 3. It is in the margin of some Greek MSS. 928
- 4. The Complutenfian edition. An.

II. The Latin authoritys.

1. The supposititions prologue of lenom.

2. Several Latin MSS. of the N. Testament, tho' not the most antient.

3. It is in the margin of some Latin MSS, the not in the body of the text.

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